FLORA

Jand Cistor 9

NORTH AMERICA.

EXOGENOUS OR DICOTYLEDONOUS PLANTS

SECTION II. MONOPETALOUS EXOGENOUS PLANTS.

Floral envelopes consisting of both calyx and corolla; the latter composed of united petals* (monopetalous or gamopetalous).

I. Calyz adherent to the ovary (ovary inferior).+

CONSPECTUS OF THE ORDERS IN THIS DIVISION.

 Overy with 2 or more cells, and 1-many ovules in each, or by abortion 1-celled. Stamens inserted upon the corolla. Seeds albuminous. Leaves opposite.

Stipules none. Stipules insurption, or simulating the lawyes. Stipules 1 to 3 on each side, entirely similar to the lawyes and forming with them a verticit. Stipules between the petioles.

Ovary nearly free from the calvx

- 72. CAPRIFOLIACEE. 73. RUBIACEE.
- 75. RUBIACE.M.

Sabord, STELLATE.

Subord. CINCHONER. Subord. LOGANIER.

 A few Ericacese, a portion of Plumbaginacese, some Aquifoliacese, &c., are polypetalous, or nearly so.

¹ In a few Rubiaces the ovary is partly, and in the suborder Leganises completely, free from the catyra in some Dipasses the aper of the ovary is cohere is with the catyra, while the lower portion is free. On the other hand, one or two geners with an adherent eatyra, such as Vaccinium, Hopen, and Halesia, belong to one ders which have for the more and a free ovary.

CAPRIFOLIACE.E.

Ovary with a single cell and a solitary orde, or rarely with 3 cells, two
of which are empty. Seeds with little or no albumen. Fruit indehiscent.

Stamens distinct. Seed suspended. Flowers not in involuentae heads. Albumen none. 74. VALSHIANACE, Heads demas, involuentae. Seeds albuminous. 75. DIPSACES. Stamens syngethesious. Heads involuentae. 76. COMPOSITE.

 Overy with one or several cells, and numerous ownles. Stammas inserted with the corolla. Fruit capsular. Seeds mostly albuminous.

Corolla irregular. Stamens united. Corolla regular. Stamens mostly distinct. Corolla regular. 5-parted. Anthers sensile. LOBELIACEE.
 CAMPANUACEE.
 Subord. PONGATIEE.

ORDER LXXII. CAPRIFOLIACE ... Juss.; DC.

This of the eally a ablenta to the every the limb 5. (randy 4.) effect to totals, Could building or concinnes rotate in the blow imbritest in mutvations. Startines equal in number and alternate with holes of the could for rardy one of them deficient. An animeted into the thies: andress pircose, versatilis. Ovary 5. (rardy 4.-5.) effects, with 1-avania pendidso ourseling in each cell is register that the start of the start of the start of the start of the start -10^{-10} for the start of the start of the start operation, build find the start of the start of the start operation of the field with 1-avant of the start operation of the start operation, build find the start of the start of the start operation of the start operation of field with 1-avant of the start operation of the start operation of the start operation of the field with 1-avant operation of the start operation of the start operation of the field with 1-avant operation of the start op

TRIBE L. LONICERE.E. R. Br.

Corolla tubular; the limb sometimes irregular. Style filiform. Raphe on the outer side of the ovule !

Subtribe 1. CARRIPOLLE .- Fruit baccates or sometimes nearly dry. Testa of the seed crustaceous or connecous.

1. LINN. EA. Gronov. in Linn. gen. no. 774 ; DC. prodr. 4. p. 340.

Caly-real events, the segments of the 5-partel limb hencedare-mobilized exclusion. Cognitive heads recommon (graphic)-bolds. Sixmens 4, difynamos, incibioli, listened torrand to ghase of the could corray 3-dellot (record head section and the section of the could an single further order torgeted from the strangle. Style slightly exceeds sigma engines. Print could be a strangle and following a science of the same for simularity. I seekeda-, x reasing or tailing everymen heat (indisons to the correlation parts of the odd and new work), sourceasing heat (indisons to the correlation parts of the odd and new work), sourceasing heat (indisons to the correlation parts of the odd and new work), sourceasing heat (indi-

2

LINN.EA.

CAPRIFOLIACEÆ

LINNEA.

with broadly aval sparingly crenate-toothed leaves, abruptly narrowed into a petiole. Poluncles fillform, terminating the ascending branches, bearing two pedicellate (minutely bibracteolate) nodding flowers. Corolla purplishrose-color on nearly white.

Le beroilig (Granov) – Linnel & Lapp, p. 214, 112, 1, 4, f. Suece ed. 2, p. 216 (c), 67 perc. 2 p. 631; J. P. Dars, 53; 65 köhner, handb a Lifter J. Lam, 216, 65 Ser Engl, bet & 1297; Micher / A, 1 p. 67; Wald, A. Lapp, p. 120, 0. 67, 53; Percel & B. 2, p. 413; Twer f, 1, p. 175; Micel f, f. Bost ed. 2, p. 231; Richards, appr. Frankl. journ: ed. 2, p. 25; D.C. I. c.; Hack. I (d. Lond. n. etc. 1190); B. Borcalm. 1, p. 255.

More move works, density ander the shade of everyment, from the Aretic Critics too, five- Regions Marsi N- Works, Voc V- areas of the avoid to Critics too, five- Regions Marsi N- Works, Voc V- areas were shared to the state of the state of the state of the state regions and from N-we found rate Landsche 1 to the Resky Marsinical - Oregot U-marks and (Kargerow, Scored 1)-areaslike the state of the state of the state of the state of the state Resky Marsi-Resky Marsi-Resky Marsi-Resky Marsitaneous and the approved the state of the st

SYMPHORICARPUS. Dill. Elds. p. 371. 1.278; DC. prodr. 4. p. 338. Symphorys, Pers.

Cally-the globox: the limb 4-5-could-persister. Confin infinitiontism or campoints, sourchar regimpt 4-6-bolox. Branne 4-5, interned inits the those of the coulds. Grazy 4-seliult view of the cells with well period segments of the senior of the cells with the velocity period segments the immunit. Signature application regimpt brazy, 4-cellst; two opposite cells i-workly, its places graved brazy, 4-cells; two opposite cells i-workly, its places graved period segments of the senior of the second segment of the second set of the second second second second second second second second regimpt second seco

1. S. rememors (Micks): spikes terminal, losse, interrupted, often somewhat lossy; conclusion and numera includes... Affords..., for the second bound of index', spike (fightension) and turners includes... <math>Affords..., for the second secon

Redy busis of firsts (mostly on linesmost), I pper Canada I Wenters gust of New York, final Wenters Smarts to Oregoni and the North-Wenter gust of New York, final Wenters Smarts to Oregoni and the North-Wenter Virsiton. July-Anga-An gastry failows whus, S-3-6 thigh, often aurilows. Leaves could no boling. Let include long investimets a little public structions, and the structure of the structure of the structure of the structure beneficial and the structure of the structure of the structure of wenters. The structure of the structure structure of the struct S. occidentalis (R. Brown): spikes dense, terminal and axillary, nodding; corolla infundibuliform-campanulate, densely bearded within: stamens and (somewhat bearded) style exserted—R. Br. in Richards.! appz. Frankl, journ. ed. 2, p. 6; Hook. ! 1. c.

Woody control of Britha America (*Richardson f*) and Saskatchawan (Dramond f) to the sources of the Minisolphy, *Dr. Haughan* 1 and bara Fort Grandson f) to the sources of the Minisolphy, *Dr. Haughan* 1 and bara Fort Grandson f) to the bar high Larger source is a binary barawal hairy above, publicated in the source of the Minisolphy (*Dr. Haughan*) and bar hairy above, publicated in the probability and the source of the Minisol of an incide larger than in the proceeding, and the borier mean winter". *Dr. Physica of the Canadians*.

3. S. mulgarie (Minos): galos avillary, almost sensile, capitar-glo-metrate tolos efficient for ampartial coordina sensibar jatarismo indej statismo and (barded) style include-a-Mickef f. 1. p. 106; DG./ 1. c. 8. parvis form, Dof, et al. ket. Parv, Long Symphosis couglonement, Pere, syn. 1, p. 214. S. glomeratu, Parv, t. et al. Mickel, Parvis, L. et al. 1, p. 191; The T. L. 1, p. 46. Banks of crivers, Pennyviania (Makelowy) Virginia 1 and mountains of the Southern States to the Upper Mission Review. 1000 June 2000.

Banks of rivers, Pennsylvania (MaRabary) Virginia 1 and mountains of the Sundern States' to the Upper Missori (Valitit') Zr. Janas I) and the Sundern States' to the Upper Missori (Valitit') Zr. Janas I) puberscent humches. Leaves about an lish and half long recellsh-rell. Splike much shafter than the leaves. Could all lines long, greetish-rell. Splike much shafter than the leaves. Could all lines long, greetish-rell.

4. S. mollis (Nutt.! mas.): 9 mecences very short, towards the summit of the branches, nearly sessile; corolla glabrous inside; calyx conspicuous; leaves oval or ovate, obtuse, pabescent, almost hoary and softly villous undement.

¹⁰ St. Barbara, California; common.—Nearly allied to the preceding; but with smaller leaves, larger flowers and a conspicious calyx. Flowers reddish-white," Nutall.

5. S. ciliatus (Nutt. mas.): "spikes very short, towards the summit of the branchiets; the terminal one pedunculate; corolla glabrous; leaves roundish-owate, obtuse, pubcecent underneath, ciliate.

"St. Barbara, California.-Flowers very small, reddish.-Considerably allied to S. vulgaris; but differs in the leaves being rounded at the base and elliste." Nattall.

3. LONICERA. Linn.; Desf. R. All. 1. p. 183 ; DC. prodr. 4. p. 330.

Xylosteon, Caprifolium, Chamacemans, & Perielymenum, Thurn.

Calyschlo ender zwalpdobes i the lineb alext, 5-toothed. Corillä tubulan infumbilitätion or componinter, often gibbon at the base i the limb 5cleft, neurly regular, or ringent. Stanton 5. Oversy 3-betello, with several pendulous overlies in each cell. Stigma capitate. Berry 2-b-cellod, or by oldination 1-cellif, feweweidel. Scelet cender component for hardws. Lawve entity, for constate. Flowern axillary and polanezable, or in soully whydin or heads, doing furgrant_lowedel.

CAPRIFOLIACE Æ.

LONICERA.

§ 1. Stem elimbing : leaves often connut: flowers sessile, in verticillatecapitate clusters: berries never commate, often 1-celled when mature, eronened with the persistent limb of the calay...-CAPRIFOLIUM, JUSS.

* Corolla nearly regular. (Periclymenum, Thurn.)

 L_s comparison (Air): 1 investe obtain and narrowly elliptical, glabrand particular distribution of the second material and the second source petition of the upper commate periodizet; there were in somewhat idean whether comfar transport periods, with about no about on only equal blocks—diff. Kee, 666 Trape, J. 1, p. 304 (2017), provided and the second source of the trape of the second source of the second source of the second resonance of the second source of the second s

Business of swarps, bland of New Yark I in Gongiel [Parini], and advantumal April-Cie, the Newdorn Neuron-20-8000 primotogover alrands, advantumal April-Cie, the Newdorn Neuron-20-8000 primotogover alrands, and the Neuron-Schwarz (Neuron-2000), and the Neuroning wheth is charborner. Physics endowy, incolutors it primotile 1-24 liness in which is charborner. Physics endowy, incolutors it primotile 1-24 liness in which is charborner. Physics endowy, incolutors it primotile 1-24 liness warder strengthy, yelfneisch weißen. Statemen a Intel veneral Harsenstein statement of the strength of the strength of the strength decisions, but its gardens, it houseness nearby throughout the same and the decisions, but its gardens. The strength of the system Meth.

L. cilian (Poir): I layre orate, placeous heready, complymously ciliary, or wealls and sources has charging a structure of the subsentile spike a purcuinate copitate; cocolla (deep yellow) sources and the hirans, eventscent in the sublish. Perski [lowfl of points spike] the time hirans, eventscent in the sublish. Perski [lowfl of points spike] the time hirans, eventscent in the sublish. Perski [lowfl of pointscent] the subsection of the subsecti

Orcgon; on the Konskonsky, Let(si) and along the Oregon from the Falls to the see, Nutlall—We have seen the original specimens in Mr. Lamberts herbarium, but have not the means of completing the diagnosis between this and the following species. The flowers are bright yellow, according to Mr. Nuttall who alone seems to have met with the plant, subsequently to Lewis.

3: Lo coddentalis (Hock): training: Leaves ord: nearly sensite, pharmos, clinate, functions undernearly tapper ones considered failure of the order in vertical inflated above the heave into nearly sensite faitness entropy inflated above. In the heave into nearly sensite faitness entropy in included. Heave, & Ber.-Am. 1, p. 282. Captionium occidentale, Lindli bot. reg. t. 1457.

About Fort Vancouver on the Oregon, Douglan,--This species is considered a great acquisition to the English gardens; the flowers are said to be full orange-red, and longer than in L. parvillora, hissan, &c. We do not find thus Mr. Nuttall met with it, so as to compare it with the true L. ciliosa, to which it is doubletes allied.

* * Corolla ringent , the upper lip 4-lebed or 4-loothed. (Caprifolium, Tourn.)

† Natives of the United States and Canada,

4. L. grata (Ait.): atem twining; leaves obwate, glabrous, glabrous, glabrous, beneath; the lower ones: contracted at the base; the two or three upper pairs connate-perfolinte; flowers'(large) verticillate in the axils of the upper leaves or lead-like connate brazes; tube of the corolla loog and slender, not zibbous;

LONICERA.

filaments glabrous.—Ait. l. c.; Willd. spec. 1. p. 984; DC. prodr. 4. p. 332; Darlingt. J. Cest. p. 159. Caprifolium gratum, Parek, fi. 1. p. 161; Ell. et. 1. p. 152.

Most graby woollands, Pennsylvania (Derington') to Weeter Louisiano, Dr. Hald': Woontains, New York to Carolina', Parh. Nay-"Steen 10 to 15 or 20 fort long, twining, or trailing unless supported; the young branches doin rapike pilose". Definington, Leaves shout 2 linches bong, very obtase, or with a short blant point. Flowers about 6 linches wird, very fragment the smooth contain a nich and a half long, externally red for pargials; the limb linch point an inder and a half long, externally red or pargials; the limb linch point emerge-eight very use the cultivalue L. Cantoldium. Berto support of the start of

5. L. albifora: twining or trailing; leaves (small and rather crowded) ovate, glabrous, glaucous beneath; the upper pair connate-perioliste; the others distinct, scalic; flowers in small sessile heads; tube of the glabrous concla dender not sibboas; filarments rainbrous.

Prairies near Fort Towon, on the Arkannas, Dr. Larowsorth :--Climbing over busies and small trees. Larves less than an inch non, amber rigid. Coralla "white," about three-fourths of an inch long it the lower lipshblog, scarely half the learght of the sidner tube. Stramers somewhat exerted.— Apparently a very distinct species: the borolla_c in shape, resembles that of L₀ erata.

6. L. Afera (Sim): Inhrows and somewhat glaucons; stem secretly twining; leave sous, abovace, or owl, with a nervou cardinginous margin; the upper pairs connet-septidiate; the lowest distinct; flowers in small inselver approximate wishelds; their or the glaudiness could standard, not disbuffer the could be added to the standard sta

 more glaucous; the lower leaves abruptly narrowed at the base; tube of the corolla rather shorter and stouter.

Body mains of rivers, Cattaill Monatain, New York, Paraly and Perif-Montains, S., Conting, Farser, Theyr directions of Groups, D., Baylout, P., Baulis of IndeCourt show Columbus, Ohio, Mr. Sullimit, Miliwania, W., Baulis of IndeCourt Show, Columbus, Chio, Mr. Sullimit, Miliwania, Paraly S., Barlow, C., Barlow, B., Show, S., Sharing, C., Sharing, Sh

 L. Barrada (Essan)² is start messly verificit; Larses (rade group, and binding bench provide very very verificit; Larses (rade group, and binding bench provide very very verificit; Larses (rade group, and binding bench provide very verificit; Larses (rade group), and also for provide large verificit; Larses (rade group), and binding bench provide large verificit; Larses (rade group), and binding bench provide large verificit; Larses (rade group), and binding bench provide large verificities (rade group), and binding bench provide large verificities (rade group), and also for provide large verificities (rade group), and also for the

LONICERA.

CAPRIFOLIACE Æ.

Body banks and margin of thickens, in damp and, Canada I and Migingar. [Lowing Like Horon and Lake Supported J and in the combine particle $d_{\rm eff}$ (Lowing Like J) and the start of the start of

b. L. poregions (Long.), z phasons; norm trailing, or twining: leaves etc. Highest or foldows: norm, alming above, we're glimoso steadau, with a first phase of the star o

 β .7 leaves publicent or even sumewhat villous-tomentose beneath: the lower ones distinct, sossile or slightly petioled; corolls publicent—L. parvillora β . Hook, Le. L. Douglassi, DC. Le. Capitolium Douglasii, Lindl: in kort. trans. 7, p. 244. C. parvillorum, Richards. appx. Frankl. journ. ed. 2, p. 6, ex. Hook.

Body havins of ierers, 6x: Canada (from Balows) Buy, to the Body density of the star of the star of the star of the star of the dimension for Density of the star of the star of the star of the dimension for Density of the star of the

+ + Natives of Oregon and California,

 L. Californica: twining: branches glabrous, or sometimes hairy along one side; leaves ovate-oblong, glabrous, glaucous beneath, not ciliate; the uppermost connate-ornblate; the others distinct, often slichtly neitibled;

CAPRIFOLIACE E.

LONICERA.

flowers in rather distant whorls ; the peduncle and rachis clothed with glandular and hispid hairs intermixed; tube of the corolla conspicuously mbbous, sparsely hairy, not longer than the deeply bilabiate limb; filaments somewhat hairy towards the base, exserted .- L. ciliosa, Hook. & Arn. bot. Beechey, p. 143, & suppl. ! p. 349; not of Poir. (Caprifol. ciliosum, Pursh.) Monterey, California, Capt. Beechey ; and at St. Francisco ? Douglas !-Leaves somewhat coriaceous, very pale or glaucous beneath, about 2 inches long ; the lower ones obtuse at the base ; the slight petioles furnished with stipuliform appendages. Corolla (including the limb) scarcely more than half an inch long, apparently pale yellow; the short tube with a prominent gibbosity on one side ; lower lip linear, the upper with 4 very short rounded lobes. Ovaries glandular; the calvx-teeth inconspicuous .- We have not which the younger branches are said to be hairy along one side : in our specimen from Douglas's Californian collection, the branches are glabrous; but the peduncies, &c. densely glandular and somewhat hirsate. It is certainly quite different from the Caprifolium ciliosum of Pursh, and from any other North American species.

10. L. Atapickais (Dong), musc) is stem stender, twining or training, hirate or pilose-highly (heaves nuther right), ovane or versation, obtains, glass-ous be-further constants performed on the stema steps of the stema stema steps of the stema st

Works and nexty places, Oraga ; on Monz Hoft, and at the Grand Bars place of the Organ is of Na Fords. & Ossignaris - Osa Parino, in the Oregon neutron bess, Notal [-s-A small resulty galaring places of the obperturbation of the Ossignaria strain of the Ossignaria strain regarding the operation of the Ossignaria strain of the Ossignaria Regarding the operation of the Ossignaria strain of the Ossignaria Regarding the Ossignaria strain of the Ossignaria strain of the Ossignaria Regarding the Ossignaria strain of the Ossignaria strain of the Ossignaria Regarding the Ossignaria Regarding the Ossignaria strain of the Ossignaria Regarding the Ossignaria Science Science of the Ossignaria strain of the Ossignaria Regarding the Ossignaria Regarding the Ossignaria strain of the Ossignaria strain regarding the Ossignaria Regarding the Ossignaria strain of the Ossignaria strain regarding the Ossignaria Regarding the Ossignaria strain of the Ossignaria strain regarding the Ossignaria Regarding the Ossignaria strain of the Ossignaria strain regarding the Ossignaria Regarding the Ossignaria strain of the Ossignaria strain regarding the Ossignaria Regarding the Ossignaria strain strain strain of the Ossignaria strain regarding the Ossignaria Regarding the Ossignaria strain strain strain strain strain regarding the Ossignaria Regarding the Ossignaria strain strain

11. Le subspicata (Hoch, & Arn.), terest and much branched; the branches, lower surface of the leaves, and corolla pubsecont; Leaves (small) all distinct, elliptical crobing, obtanes, contineous, chiraing above, pater branch, on very short publicate; spikes (inversion-end, brances); condita bilate; 'one lip 2-, the other 3-cleft.'-Hawk & Arn. bot. Beckey, suppl. 9, 349.

California, Doselas. Bashy hills near St. Bachora, Natali...." An erect bush, about 5 feet high; with ingunolarity palescent (arcos, and) nele pink flowers, and a mimite calys." Nate mes...-Leaves about an inch long, passing into opposite remote pairs of bracts, hiving in their axis lesser bracteas, which bear the flowers solitary or in pairs. Corolla not half an inch long. The mapped different from any other Lonicera. Hook, & Arn.

 Leaves never connats: peduncles axillary, 2-4-braetente and 2-(rarely
 Howered at the summit: berries geminate, distinct or often united, 2-3celled; the limb of the calyz deciduous.—XXLOSTEON, Juss.

CAPRIFOLIACE ...

· Pedumele 4-bracteate at the mount ; the bracks foliaceous and dilated.

12. L. involucrata (Herb. Banks.): stem erect or reclined; branches prominently 4-angled ; leaves ovate-oblong or oval, petioled, obtuse or acuminate, hirsute-nubescent bencath; peduncles shorter than the leaves, 2-3flowered ; exterior bracts ovate or subcordate ; the interior broadly obovate or obcordate, at first very small, at length many times larger than the distinct ovaries and enclosing the fruit ; corolla pubescent, gibbous at the base on the Outside.—Spreng, syst. 1, p. 759; JCC proof. 4, p. 336; Lindl. dot. reg. L. 1379; Hok. ', M. Bor.-Am. 1, p. 284. L. Ledebouri, Eschs. in mem. acad. SL. Petersh. 10, p. 284; JCC. L. c., Chan. & Schlecht. in Linnara, 3, p. 138; Hook. & Arn. ! bot. Beechey, p. 143, & suppl. p. 349, Xylosteon involucratum, Richards.! appr. Frankl. journ. ed. 2. p. 6.

Saskatchawan! (and woody country from lat. 54° to 64°) and Rocky Mountains, to the North West Coast between lat. 54° & 56°. Also in Callfornia, Eschecholtz, Douglas ! Nuttall !- Stem 2-10 feet long, " often sunported by other plants." (Nutt.) Leaves 2-3 inches long, on petioles 2-4 lines in length, usually with a short acuminate point. Corolla yellowish, 6-7 lines long, pubescent and glandular, cylindraceous; the lobes short. Stamens included. Stigma mostly somewhat exserted. Bracts somewhat pubescent and glandular; the exterior often nearly half an inch in length : the interior at first very small, but becoming large and conspicuous in fruit, each consisting of two partially united and overlapping bracts.

. . Pedunele minutely 2-bracteolate at the summit.

13. L. ciliata (Muhl.) : stem erect; leaves ovate-oblong, often cordate, pilose-ciliate, the younger ones villous beneath ; peduncles shorter than the leaves ; bracts shorter than the ovaries; teeth of the calvx very obtuse; corolla obtusely saccate at the base; the lobes short and somewhat equal; style exserted; berries distinct, diverging .- Muhl. cat. p. 22; DC. ! prodr. 4. p. 335 ; Hook.! A. Bor.- Am. 1. p. 283. L. Canadensis, Ram. & Schult, syst. 345; Hook, J. Bor, Am. I. p. 285. L. Canadenas, Rom. & Scinit, syst. 5, p. 260. Xylosteum Tartaricum, Mickel, J. A. 1, p. 104. (aoi L. Tartari-ca, Linn.) X. ciliatum, Parak', B. I. p. 161 (excl.), album, which is Symphorizatrus racemous, file Muth.); Torr. B. I. p. 245; Bigel, J. B. Bost, ed. 2, p. 88.

Rocky woods and hill-sides, throughout Canada (from the Saskatchawan), and the northern portions of the New England States! New York ! Pennsylvania and Ohio! May-Shruh 3-5 feet high, with aparing strangling branches. Leaves membranaceous, light green, 1-2 or more inches long. rather acute : petioles short, beset with a few bristly hairs. Corolla pale Filaments glabrous, Berries ovoid, red, about one-fourth of an inch long, 3-

14. L. carulea (Linn.): stem erect; leaves oval or oval-oblong, hirsute on both surfaces, nearly or quite glabrous above when old ; peduncles very short, reflexed in fruit; bracts subulate, longer than the ovaries; corolla gibcous) globose, formed by the union of 2 ovaries .- Linn. spec. 1. p. 174; Pall, f. Ross, t. 37; Bot, mag. t. 1965; DC. prodr. 4. p. 337; Hook.! A. Bor. Am. 1. p. 283. L. carulen Canadensis, Lam. diet. 1. p. 731, ex DC. Li, villosa, D.C. I. L. Cerclayn. Goldie, Thre. dy.); Hook. & Am. ! bol. Beechey, p. 115. Xyloscum Solonis, Eaton! unn. bot. p. 518. X villo-sum, Bigel. H. Badt. ed. 2, p. 987, Thr. J. P. 45 (excl. syn. Gold. & Muhl.); Richards. ! appr. Frankl. journ. ed. 2, p. 6.

B. villoua: branches and both surfaces of the leaves densely villous-tomen-

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CAPRIFOLIACE Æ.

LONICERA-

tose; limb of the calvx mostly cillate.—L. velutina, DC.! l.c. Xylosteum villoum, Mickx.! f. 1, p. 106. Woods and on rocks, Labrador! and Newfoundland! to the Rocky

Woods and on reeds, Labendori and Newrinnallandi to the Recky Mommains in European and the state of the state of the state of the state Hadaware Ray, Michaez Newronalland, Pylater May,—Shirab 1-4, feet highly the younger branches modely Wilson. Leaves an incle of less in length. Corolla yellow, about half an inch long, either glabrous or halry, Bonger than the polarized state of the state of the state of the state Names energy excerted r Illiances benched—We fully space with Storetis energy excerted r Illiances benched—We fully space with Storetis energy excerted r Illiances benched—We fully space with Storetis energy excerted r Wilson. Leaves of Longo and the storetis of Longo and the Storetis.

15. L. oblang/folie (Hock) is stem erect, much branched; levera oblang or val, volvsky zubescent three young, at length hance thickness i pedaracies filtering, creect, much longer than the flowers, brack oblate; corollar blanc at the start start of the start start start of the start start start of the start start

The rate of the start of the st

DIERVILLA. Town. in act. acad. Par. (1706) t. 7. f. 1. ; Linn. hort. Cliff. t. 7 ; Lam. ill. t. 105 ; Sieb. & Zuce. R. Japon. p. 68, t. 29-52.

Weigela, Thuab .-- Calysphryum, Bunge .-- Distvilla & Weigela, Alph. DC.

Caly-tende ablang or cylinkined, often attenuated at the samuli 1 the segment of the hydrox limb laster or submits. Cardia infantification; in the limb stelfst, neurally regular or digitaly bilakits. Somena 5. Oraya 2cillad, envorved with an obbay regizing song last a singua patient-spinsa. Frait singular, mentaganeous or crusterescentescene, 3-colled, 3-aviety. Frait singular, mentaganeous or crusterescentescene, 3-colled, 3-aviety. In the singular mentaganeous or crusterescentescene, 3-colled, 3-aviety. In the singular mentaganeous or crusterescentescene, 3-colled, 3-aviety. In the singular mentaganeous or crusterescentescene, 3-colled, 3-aviety. Method 1 or cristene=Situation (gainess of Kard, with a sendicidation tota, maked or cristene=Situation, gaines of Kard, and a sendicidation decidance. Perimetes at the situation of the sender of the sender of the method of the sender of the situation of the sender of the sender decidance. Perimetes at the situation of the sender of the sender of the sender decidance at the sender of the sender of the sender of the sender decidance at the sender of the sender of the sender of the sender decidance at the sender of the sender of the sender of the sender of the sender decidance at the sender of the sender of the sender of the sender of the sender decidance at the sender of the sender of the sender of the sender of the sender decidance at the sender of the sender

The Attain prefix have been adminishly illustrated by Jaccenial, in the work ddo above. These all have a source-hardness design of an except () rest a combrane start of the second start of the second start of the second start and the second start of the second start of the second start of the Boown (with fluctuations) and the start of the second start of the Boown (with fluctuations) are start of the second start of the second Boown (with fluctuations) are start of the second start of the Boown (with fluctuations) and the start of the second start of the Boown (with fluctuations) are start of the second start of the second start is a start of the second start of the start of the second start of the second start of the second start of the start of the second start of the second start of the second start of the start of the second start of the second start of the second start of the second start of the start of the second start of the second start of the second start of the start of the second start of the second start of the second start of the start of the second start of the second start of the second start of the start of the second start of the second start of the second start of the start of the second start of the second start of the second start of the start of the second start of the second start of the second start of the start of the second start of the second start of the second start of the start of the second start of the second start of the second start of the start of the second start of the second start of the second start of the start of the second start of t

DIERVILLA.

incidents. We know not whether Mr. Brown was acquainted with these differences when he united Weighs to Directile, or whether he would candide them of gravity importance. It must be granzated that both the elfer and the younger De Candelle have, by some misaperbanaion, described the capital of Directil as some-celled or half 3-celled; while Jussieu and some other bothniss consider it 4-celled, an easy misatok, since the placening often reach neutror quite to the back of each cell.

§ Flowers yellowish: capsule membranaceous: seeds not furnished with a crest or wing: the testa crustaceous.—DikavitLa proper.

 D. Frijda (M'nerd): Issues ablance-source, communet, on short periodes physical set of the set of set of the set of set of the set of Set of the set of Set of the set of Set of the set of

To have again sensity, miner observing sermine. The Hell's of the Rocky works for main 1 and from Newsmann at a Mellow Bay to the Rocky Mountains. Nothire and Mallo Shawi and Mong the higher that the sensitive series of the sensitive series and the sensitive series of the sensitive series and the sensitive series of the sensitive series of

Subtribe 2. TRIOTTER .- Fruit drupaceous; the endocarp bony. Testa of the seed membranaceous.

5. TRIOSTEUM. Linn.; Gartn. fr. t. 26; Lam. ill. t. 150.

Caly-real ordal in the segment of the 5-partel limb limit-danceolate, for likenous, provision: Combin taching: fullowing the basis on worker equily 5-biols, a fittle longer than the entyr. Strements & includies). Owny 3transition of the second second second second second second second mild of each cell is split included a segment angulate, somewhat 3-blood. First for generative second Middle Assist in the second second second second second second second Middle Assist in the second seco

CAPRIFULIACEE.

clustered or rure 7 (by the reduction of the leaves

Darlingt, R. Cest, p. 159, mum, Dill. Elth. I. 293, J call business of the first Rills-stream, reg. and, mode to a part length of the rest of th val, acuminate, abruptly narrowed at the base somewhat hairy above; flowers (dull brownis) clustered in the axis, --Linn, apr. 1, p. 176; J clustered in the axis, --Linn, apr. 1, p. 176; J (Linn.): stem hirsute with rat h-purple) aca-b-yurple) aca-wrah, R. 1. p. cr. 2) 1. 40 ; Ell

Warm stury i un banch south of the South Solar. Show the South of the South South Solar Solar, Solar Solar South South South South Solar Solar, South South South South South South South Solar Solar South Shady neky places Western States ! and in rich soil, throughout the Northern , Middle, and

3. Transportfolium (Linka), term, heipkil, havves havesalas or oblego remnans, mercing, or the basis, publication of anisotral policy in the star metal star of the basis of the star of the star of the star of the star memory is bluerations. *Linka*, 1965, 19, 1976 (Linka, Sasad), or summerican policy and a star of the star of the star of the star metals in policy in the star of the star of the star of the star policy of a star of the star of the star of the star of the star policy of a star of the star of the star of the star of the star policy of a star of the star of the star of the star of the star policy of a star of the star of the star of the star of the star policy of a star of the star of the star of the star of the star policy of the star policy of the star policy of the star policy of the star policy of the star policy of the star policy of the star of the

at the base, &c. It probably ha bears the same popular names. Dr. Tinker's-need. 5.0. Study places, Virginia! and North Carolina! to Louisiana i Arkanaal and Missuari! May-June.—A smaller species than the preceding, with the Babe of the orthologous concilt deeper in propertion, the tude less globus links of the orthologous concilt deeper in propertion. It probably has the same properties as T. perfoliatum, and popular names. Plukenet received it under the name of

TRIBE II. SAMBUCE E. Kund

Corolla regular, rotate, or rarely somewhat tubular. Stigmas 3-5, nearly sessile. Endocarp of the fruit crustaceous or coriaccous-Testa of the seed membranaccous; the raphe occupying the inner

6. SAMBUCUS. Tourn.; Linn.; Gartn. fr. t. 27; Lam. ill. t. 211.

globase: meules 3 (arely 5), crustaeeous, obicag, rugulose, obtaeely angled an the back, nearly plane on the face, each containing a suspended meed-Strubs or percential herbs, with a heavy oder. Leaves pinnate or 1-2-plan peolate, 5-cleft ; the lobes obtuse. Limb of the enlyx small, 5-cleft, at length obsolete. Stamens 5. Fruit baccate, pulpy, sub-

Cymes compound, thyrnately divided ; the leaflets or divisions serrate or incised, often pa pellare, or with 2 glands at the base of each pair. Cymes comp oid or fastigizate. Flowers while, or sometimes reddlah.-Elder. have described the fruit Gartner, and most subsequent botanists, except Kunth, have 4 of this genus as a proper berry ; the nucules being taken for seeds.

1. Super-Order to analyst: heat mouth of effective decomposition of the state of the state of the state state of the state of the state of the state of the state state of the state of the state of the state of the state state of the sta

8. Scienced (Eds.): The information provides the provide 12-by the function of the provides of the provides the provides of the description of the provides of the description of the provides of the description of the provides of the provides of the description of the provides of the provides of the description of the provides of the provides of the provides of the description of the provides of the provides of the provides of the description of the provides of the provid

See Advances (1994). In much 1: conservable information and discretional herein primaries 1 and a set of pattern intervalence measuring a method, much set of the Original field (1994). See Advances and the analy-tication of the Original field (1994). See Advances and the "Plattars of the Original field in Normalities Communication and the Advances of Sec Constraints to which there are a set and "-We can see only distributed the species form S. Constraints."

Seed conformed to the cavi- VIBURNUM. Linu.; Gerth. fs. t. 27; D.C. prods. 4. p. 323. Limb of the callys 5-toothed. Corolla rotate, sometimes somewhat tubula or campanulate, 5-lobed. Stamens 5. Ovary 1-3-celled; one of the cell containing a single suspended ovule, the others abortive : signns 3, sessile Fruit drupaceous, 1-celled, 1-seeded, with a thin pulp; the endocarp (seed o it the ex-Embry y of the endocur

CAPRIFOLIACEÆ.

VIBURNUM.

tremity of the fleshy albumen.—Shrubs or small trees, with petioled undivided or lobed leaves. Petioles sometimes furnished with appendages exactly similar to stipules. Flowers white, in terminal cymes; the marginal ones sometimes sterils and radiant.

§ 1. Flowers all similar and fertile : corolla rotate.- LENTAGO, DC.

* Leaves entire, servate, toothed.

 V. nudum (Linn.): leaves somewhat coriaceous, oval, oblong, or lanceolate, dotted beneath with brownish scales, glabroas above; the margin crenulate or entire; petiole somewhat margined; cymes pedunculate; fruit ovaid.

a. Clayton i: leaves bocally oval, oblang-obcrate, or oblang, obtuse or slightly accumates, emiter or obscury formulater, the veins multiper prominent beneath-w-V, nuturn, Limn, t spece. 1, p. 966 (pl. Gromor, J; "Mill, ico 414" Wildle, i spec. 1 p. 1619 i Milexi, f. 1, p. 1719, Bb, ange, L. 2981 j Edi, sh. 1, p. 375 i Diver, f. f. 1, p. 119, Piled, A. Data ed. 3, p. 116; D GZ Beit, 63, 1 p. 5075 i Diver, f. f. 1, p. 119, Piled, A. Data ed. 3, p. 116; D GZ Beit, 63, 1 p. 5075 i Diver, f. f. 1, p. 119, Piled, P. Data ed. 3, p. 116; D GZ

B. anguitfolium: leaves lanceolate and oblong-lanceolate, often acute, entire or obscurely crenulate-denticulate, the veins slightly prominent heavath --V. nitidum, Ait. Kaw. (cd. 1) 1. p. 3717 V. pyracanthifolia, Scheedes. ! herb.

j. consisted as 2 leaves over, slightly obsyste, or oblog, often sbriptly commines, the margine consistences or unitalist in the version son prominent beneath—V. versionides, *J. Lins. J. proc. ed.*, *y. p.*, 368 (sect. any frequency *J. Dokum*, *J. P. Post. J. C. J. prod. et a.*, *p. 2007 rate of Alexa. V.*, *J. Dokum*, *J. P. Post. J. C. J. Post. J. P. Soft rate of Alexa. V.*, *M. L. p.*, 1049, *D. J. C. J. Dokum. J. P. J. Soft rate of Alexa. V.*, *M. L. p.*, 319; *Bigd. I. e. v. rat. of Poirs. Mark. M. Doc. Versionmentum*, *Will. J. conv. J. p.*, 327; *J. Wat. Lond. The I. O. Soft.*

Hwenney, A. Massachauser, and Scothern part of New York 10 Flatedat Bennian, a New Chernoliti, 20 Green's and New York 10 Flatedat Jone Scott, 20 New Chernoliti, 20 Green's Land New York Wenney Chernolitik, 10 Ernig and Scott Bennie and Holland, anaxily provide the Scott Scott Scott Scott Scott Scott Scott Scott Holland, 20 New York 20 New Scott Sco

b. Γ. ρυσιβάδια (Lámz): Lerver multi-ers), headly even a the rest content-memory means more with a sight abray point, first write with a sight abray is point of the signal abray and a signal abray and a signal abray ab

14

β. ferraginessa: lower surface of the peticle and midrib when young covered with reddish-brown wool.

Dry words and thickers, Canada'l and Southern gart $d_s Nev York'$ and permovement to Groups, is h. N Control in and Georgie the Londmant and Arkanasi' May—Sheaheure the 3-20 for help, with numerous alority performance information of the structure of the structure of the structure performance information of the structure of the structure of the structure performance information of the structure of the structure of the structure performance information of the structure of the structure of the structure of the label on the structure of the structure of the structure of the structure of the performance outperformation of the structure outperformation in the left label performance outperformance of the information compresence -Hander Hans. Stock andperformance outperformance of the information more compresence <math>-Hander Hans. Stock and the structure outperformance <math>-Hander Hander Stock and the structure outperformance <math>-Hander Hander Stock and the structure outperformance <math>-Hander Hander Hander

3. V. Lorizogo (Lim.): levere costs, complemently semiinter, finely source with observationally unchanged and the semi-sense share mechanisms and particularly the mildia and (northalten) margingle pelicide outwork with minute scales when yange; tyrue scale); furth with a distribution of the semi-sense state of the semi-sense is presented with minute scales. Just 1999, 199

Woods and banks of areanas, Canada I (from the Saskalehawan) and Honogloon the Northern States it to Kennicky's and the monomians of Genmetry and the states of the states of the states of the states about 3 incluses long, sometimes alightly seedate ; the petide feel lines long sometimes correspondence on the state of the state of the state area about the states of the state of the state of the states area about the states of the states of the state of the states area about the states of the states of the states of the states area about the states of the states of the states of the states bandly work, negative that one of the states of the states of the states area about the states of the states of the states of the states of the states area about the states of the states of

4. F. Johenton (Wala): I serves obverse or contrast-obverse, (small) glabrana, somewhat environments, altimized assessments of the transfer of the avoidy densicillation allows the middle : cyness sensite; first orwing/shores, millionized Wald, Ging at 10: p prov. (did, S.g., 658); Partol, H. 20, 2019; Elfasta, L. p. 2019; Lodd, John and V. 14709; DiC2; models v. J. verses, L. p. 4009; Cords verse, Averaging 2017; D Mark and Chamber 1990; V. Verses, L. p. 4009; Cords verse, Averaging 2017; D Mark and Chamber 2019; Arens, (ed.), M. Leg. 2017; D Wald, space, L. p. 1309; Agrama, Leo v. Partol, field, 2019; Elfasta, L. and D'D Mark and Stransferred and Stransferred avoid avoi

Shudy burks of vivers & Re. Virginia to Georgia 1 and Flendar April May—Shudy Lee Kaigh, with numerous branches, which are defined when Werr protons, often minutely derest lationality, those of the flow-reing branches mostly entire, those of the series branches for georgia waters and analysis deticulated on toolhood. Cymas smalls, Frent sheart one-third of an inch long iteration of the series branches for georgia waters and analysis of series and the series and the series of the flow rest. The series of the serie

 V. ellipticum (Hook.); leaves elliptical, with 3-5 parallel veins, obtuse, counsely sermite, chiefly towards the sammit; the lower surface, particularly the veins, very hisnite; peicle short; cyrmes peducucilise, dense; ovary cither very hairy or glabrons; fruit oval-globose (black). Hook, fl. Bordon, 1.o., 200.

Shady woods of the Oregon, Douglas, Nattoll !- A low shrub. Leaves about 2 inches long, having from 3 to 5 principal nerves springing from the base. Ovary clothed with long hairs; in one specimen quite glabrous. *Hook*.

6. V. dentatum (Linn.): leaves roundish-ovate, often slightly condate, coarsely and sharply toothed, acute or somewhat acuminate, appearing pli-

cate from the strong and nearly simple straight veins, globures and along above, pub hearts, with traffect vision hairs to be still of the veins, slightby plot-elister systems performables, nearly globures i first small. Most of the other—Line is the straight straight straight straight straight to other—Line is the straight straight straight straight straight straight in the other—Line is the straight straight straight straight straight straight is the straight (c_{1}) 1 p. 2023. Y derivation very globules, globules, globules, globules, plotter, straight stra

3.1 scabrellum: young branchlets and peduncles scabrous and often hairy; leaves (often large) roundish-conduct or ovate, coarsely and rather obtuely toothed, pubescent beneath; petioles and peduncles shorter.—V. dentstum (α, β, β , chiefly), $M(iok, \gamma, \beta, 1, \phi, 179)$; $Ell, ak, 1, \phi, 365$.

Swamps and low grounds; a. Canada! and Northern States! to Virginia. 3. S. Carolina and Georgia ! to Florida ! and Louisiana ! June. 3. March-May .- Shrub 8-15 feet high (the wood hard), with obtusely angular gray branches; the young vigorous shoots straight and slender. Fruit deep blue, or bluish-black when fully ripe, with very little pulp : nucleus with a deep longitudinal groove on one side, and the edges incurved, so that the transverse section is somewhat reniform; but sometimes there are two shallow grooves, and the edges scarcely incurved .- The northern plant is very common, and uniform in appearance ; the leaves are 2-3 inches long and often of nearly the same width, with strong simply-forked veins, and quite glabrous, except the tufts in the axils of the veins, and a few scattered hairs on the young petioles and veins beneath; the peduncle is 2 or 3 inches in length; and the drupes about 3 lines long. But in Pennsylvania this same plant becomes more pubescent; a few scattered bairs often appearing on the upper surface of the leaves, while the young petioles and peduncles are clothed with separate or fasciculate hairs. A still more pubescent plant abounds in the Southern States; the leaves of which (sometimes 4 inches in breadth, but usually scarcely half that size,) are almost villous or velvety when young with somewhat fasciculate hairs, in part only deciduous : the peduncles are about an inch long, and the drupes 4 lines in length. This may very probably be a distinct species, but we are unable to distinguish it satisfactorily as such .- Arrow-wood.

7. V. pubescens (Pursh): leaves ovate or oval-oblong, acuminate, coarsely toothed, often somewhat cordate, appearing slightly plicate from the straight sparingly branched veins, somewhat hairy above; the lower surface, with the very short petioles, villous-tomentose or velvety; cyme pedunculate, nearly glabrous; fruit (small) oblong; the much compressed nucleus slightly 2-grooved on one side and obtusely ridged on the other .- Parch, f. 1. p. 202 2 growth of the face and context inored on the onter - t provide a provide of the second s jour. bot. 1. p. 228; not of Swartz. V. tomentasup, Raf. L c. (1809) p. 354. (without descr.) V. Rafinesquianum, Ram. & Schult. syst. 6. p. 630. Dry rocky banks, Canada (from Lake Winipeg) and northern part of New York ! also near West Point ! New Jersey, Beck ! and the mountainous when old. Peduncle at first shorter than the cyme, but mostly elongated in fruit. Flowers fewer and larger than in V. dentatum. Fruit 3 lines long ; the nucleus nearly flat .- Perhaps the plant which Pursh, and even Aiton, had in view, may have been our V. dentatum 3. scabrellum. The present apecies extends into the Southern States along the mountains ; but certainly does not grow "in the lower parts of Virginia and Carolina." The plant of the Hortus Kewensis came from Peter Collinson's garden.

* * Leaves labed or incised.

A F. correlation (Lion.): Inverse routable or beauty cents, model public contents, orthold frame the sace, 3-bold, covery and unreplant product of vety-public schemestic production of the schemestic product schemestic production of the schemestic

Words, particularly in nexisy standows. Conside 1 and strengt three-three three standows and the standows of the standows and the standows and the standows and the standows of the standows and the standows tables and in a low stepse, the primary versus or the of the leaves) multiple constant binner three primary versus or the standows and the binners of the standows and the binners of the standows and the standows and the standows being the standows and the sta

9. V. puezifierom (Pyliai: herb.): braches and peindes glatous or nearly soi; leaves condition, ieldom subcordant, slightly 2-boldor of nicelar of the summit, mostly 5-nerves (from the base, unequally serrates parsety puebecent on the vision beneath; peindex destinue of subjustion appendingers cyrmes (unual and simple) pedanculars, terminating the very short lateral biothests; illuments much shorter than the contilan–V. scientifilium, Bangerd? view, Sticho, L.e., p. 144, partly? Newfordiant, Dataier, M. White Monstains of New Hamphires, and

on Mansfield Mountain, Vermont, Mr. Tuckerman ! & Mr. W. F. Macrae! Probably also in Oregon and in Sitcha! June .- Shrub 2-3 feet high. Leaves 1-2 inches in diameter, nearly glabrous, or more or less pubescent on the veins of the lower surface (the hairs not stellare); the lobes often obscure. Cymes seldom an inch in diameter. Anthers on very short filaments, not exserted beyond the tube of the corolla. Fruit unknown .- For specimens of this plant, we are indebted to the promising botanists who first discovered it within the United States (Mr. Macrae of Montreal and Mr. Tuckerman of Boston), who also directed our notice to the characters which clearly distinguish them. We find from our notes upon La Pylaie's collection in Newfoundland, that he had given to the same plant the appropriate name which we have adopted. De Candolle, it will be seen, has referred Py-laie's plant to V. acerifolium. We have another Newfoundland specimen in a small collection made by a British land-surveyor, and given to us by A. B. Lambert, Esu, of London. The V. acerifolium of Bongard, ves. Sitcha, 4r. appears to belong to, or include this species : but if we mistake not, we have a fragment of the true V, acerifolium from Oregon .- The leaves usually turn blackish in drying-

§ 2. Cymes radiant; the marginal flowers much larger than the others, and neutral.—OPULUS, Tourn., DC.

 V. Opulus (Linn.): nearly glabrous; leaves 3-lobed; the lobes acuminate, toothed; petioles glandular; cymes pedunculate; fruit ovate-globose,

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red.-Linn. spec. 1. p. 268 ; Fl. Dan. t. 661 ; Engl. bot. t. 322 ; DC. prodr. 4, p. 328, Opulus glandulosus, Manch, meth. p. 505.

5. Americanum (Mo): leaves remacky and rather obtasely toothed—dik Kene (ed. 1): p. 573. V. titlobum, March, erbart, p. 162. V. Opulus B. Pimina & y. edule, Micharl, B. 1.p. 180. V. opuloide, Muhl, est. p. 532. V. Oxyoccens V. edule, Purch, B. 1.p. 203. Twor, J. 1. p. 309; D.C. grader, i. p. 328; Hook, B. Bor.-Am. 1. p. 281; Auduban, birds of Amer. L 148.

7. subintegrifolium (Hook.): leaves somewhat incised, very pubescent beneath. Hook. I. c. under V. Oxycoccus.

Secures and along streams, from the northern part of Pennsylvania, New-Port 1 and the New England Natset 1 whe Averic Circle and the Rocky Mannahus J. Origon, Dr. Nouler, Donglan, Myez-Janos-Shith 3-bol (Mannahus), Streams, St

11. F. Lastansider (Mickay): I aware ovate-orbitality, contant, alterpty seminate, finely and unequality of online) seriars, methydramacousi 100 lower aurhers, and sepscrility the prominent wirin and the pacificits, nontrative within patientical methydroxidions are specifically patients of the second second second second second second second second second with a functional grover on each side—Mickay (5, 1, p. 1797; Pouch, F. 1999). There, f. J. p. 2019. Bigle, Baster of 2, p. 2117; P. Dersche & S. 2019. Holes, f. Bare, Am. J. p. 2006. V. Lastansi, g. randollaum, Mickay Baster, Second Sec

Deep needy woods, Canada i the northern part of the New Erightad Samuel and New York is all sing the Allephany Wonstine to Yargina Mayyi Jane-A for very straight which, with the branches dress presented in the newly developed branches correct strained branches and the newly developed branches correct with the newly partners where the interior is strained branches the ready partners where it the presented branches and the same branches of the partner from the interior is strained branches and the newly developed works where the many partner is the same strained branches the from the interior is strained branches and the same strained branches and from the interior is strained branches and the same strained branches from the interior is strained branches and the same strained branches from the interior is strained by the same strained branches from the interior is strained branches and the same strained branches from the interior is strained branches and the same strained branches from the interior is strained branches and the same strained branches from the interior is strained branches and the same strained branches from the interior is strained branches and the same strained branches from the interior is strained branches and the same strained branches from the interior is strained branches and the same strained branches from the interior is strained branches and the same strained branches from the interior is strained branches and the same strained branches from the interior is strained branches and the same strained branches and the same strained branches from the interior is strained branches and the same strained branches and the same strained branches from the interior is strained branches and the same strained branches from the interior is strained branches and the same strained branches an

 V. molle (Michx.): leaves somewhat orbicular-cordate, plicate-sulcate, toothed, nearly togeneous with a very soft pubescence underneath; petioles somewhat glandlus; (cymes radinte 1) fruit oblong-ovate. Michx.! ft. 1. p. 180; Pursh.ft. 1. p. 203. V. alnifolium, Marsh. arbust. p. 162.

² Remain work, the separation of the termination of the second and the secon

RUBIACEÆ

shall's account entire, and commend this obscure species to the loganize of Kornely's, Toensee, Ke. "This growmentantily in Contains and other parts of Aneretisa; rising with a shrubly stable to the height offs or 16 fort of the transmission of the stable of the stable of the stable of the stars are based on the stable of the stable of the stable of the stars are based on the stable of the stable of the transfers; these many do n its bodiet are made, but the events of field with hermaphors them provide the bodiet are made, but the events of field with hermaphors when pieces direct orders, does not be events of field with hermaphors when pieces direct orders, but the events of field with hermaphors when pieces direct orders, pieces."

ORDER LXXIII. RUBIACE Æ. Juss.

Table of the calyx adherent to the overy, or rarely partly or almost completely free; it is inits noted y-1-cleff or totohics, mentimes obsolide. Corolla, inserted upon the samulat of the caly-table, compool of as many united petiha at there are block of the calyy, valvati, induction, or surgestat control in maintains. Stammen and the block of over year model of the state of the state of the disease of the state of the state of the state of the disease of the state of the state of the state of the state block of the state of the state of the state of the state block of the state of the state of the state of the state block of the state of the state of the state of the state block of the state of the state of the state of the state of the block of the state of the state of the state of the state of the block of the state of the positive of rarely vertexilities, ensire leaves. However, early, is block or the state of the stat

SUBORDER I. STELLATE. R. Br.

Leaves apparently (perhaps really 7) verticillate; but the wherh generally supposed to consist of a pair of leaves and 10 & 9 lac4banged stipules on each ade, which however are only to be distinguished from the leaves by their avere barring hads in their axial. Edivation of the corolla valvate. Orary entirely coherent with the tube of the calys. Fruit consisting of 2 united indebiasent (day or bacceto): 1 seeded carpels.—Harbs, or rarely suffruitcese plants, chiefly natives of temperate or color encions.

 GALIUM. Linn.; Lam. ill. t. 60; Gartn. fr. t. 24; A. Rich. Rubiac. in mem. soc. hist. nat. Par. 5. p. 133; Endl. gen. p. 522.

Calyx-tube ovate-globose or oblong; the limb obsolete. Corolla rotate, 4-(rarely 3-) parted. Stamens as many as the lobes of the corolla, short.

RUBIACE E.

Styles 4, united at the base : sigmas globose. Fruit dilymous, dry or sometions flowly, separable when rips into 2 includingent 1-assded carpels. Aburnen henry.—Herbaccous or very rarely suffratesent plants, with tetragonal stens; it hero flowgently containing a ref conting matter. Flowers (rarely polygamona) small, axillary or terminal, cynulose, or rarely solitary'i the cynules often painclauker -Clearers. Bedvirrens.

§ 1. Root annual.- Aparine, DC.

1. G. Aparica (Linn.): team weak, branching, retrorely a colloidath-bisphi high short modes. I leaves mouth § in a whork bilancolute-linear, apicular i the margin and teel architecture with head bilancolute-linear, 22-diwared [i that large, very high with head bilancolute-linear, Distribu-109; Eagle bot. 1. 816; Parth, f. 1. p. 103; Bigel, R. Bot. ed. 5, p. 05; David, E. C. 1996; P. C. 1996; A. 1996; Hook, R. Bot. - Al. 5, p. 050; David Edge, I. S. C. 1996; A. 1996; Hook, R. Bot. - Al. 5, p. 051; David Helsen and margin of weeks, Causida and Northern States! Allo

Shady thickets and margin of woods, Canada and Northern States! Also in Oregon, Douglat, Dr. Noouler, May-June—Stein 4-68 feet long-Leaves in remose whork, t-2 inches in length, and 2-3 lines with a tapering because and the states of the states of the state of the states of the feetback of the United States. Hooker describes a very small variety from Oregon.

2. G. Californicum (Hook, & Arn.): small, very hairy throughout: stems slender, diffuse, branched from the base; lenxes 4 in a whord, wave, scure or uncroante; peduales is early terminal, 1-3-flowered, much longer than the lenxes; lobes of the corolla orate, very acute; ovary glabrous.—Hook: & Arn./ bat. Beckers, search p. 349.

B. crebrifolium (Nutt. # miss.) : leaves reflexed ; ovary hairy.

y. Texanum : very hirsute throughout.

California, Maniza, Diocitari Vandiri (e. §. 5), y. Texas, Deremand, — Data aluma a parability. Levers at the high much theorem than the intermeters of their states of the production as generating reflection velocity of the difference of the states of the states of the states of the states of the difference of the states of the states of the states of the states the plant is for each value wave. The states during a states of the states which is considered and the states of the states of the states of the states which is considered and the states of the states which is considered and the states of the states of

3. G. erggatum (Nutt.! mus.): stems erect, simple or branched from the base, hispid or almost glabrous; leaves 4 in a whorl, oblog-lanceolate, hispidly cillate, rather obtase, much shorter than the internoles; pedundes aslitery, very short, bibracteolate, 1-flowered; fruit deflexed, hispid with uncimate brieflex.

β. leiocarpum : fruit glabrous; stem almost glabrous.—G. nutans, Nutt. ! mas.

Dry prairies of Arkanasa, Wentern Louisiana, and Teress, Notalil Dry Larenswork! Dry Elskor! Dr. Szerkennar Dr. Hale: Dramsond i-Stem 640 inches high, simple, or throwing up milvided ascending branches form one to the same. Leaves about one-third of an inche long, thickish, rather for the same transmission of the same same same same same Pedunches to 9, or rarely 3 from and morgins, with scattered right larger Pedunches to 9, or rarely 3 from and morgins, with scattered right larger with 3 or rarely 3 toronselute of an indicate become nearly as

GALIUM.

RUBIACE Æ.

large as those of the whorl, and give the latter the appearance of being 6-8leaved, or fasciculate. Flowers minute, white, nearly sessile within the bracts: coolide white it the lobes ovate, rather obtuse. Fruit rather large,— This plant has a different habit from any other species of the United States; but it resembles some species of the following section.

§ 2. Root perennial: fruit fleshy or baccate: peduaeles axillary, bearing usually 4 involucrate bracts, one-(rarely 2-3-) flowered.—Relbuium, Endl. (Species of Rubia, DC. &c.)

4. G. Akipidalan (Micka): stem mach kanched, diffuas, minnerly hairy or dirady, the angles somewhat jabapasi leaves 4 in a wheel, avate-böles or oval, macronulase, minnetly hispid, especially on the middle and margines peducels 1-3-forecred (): the pedices (if the very short) esolgand in futur vary senturas-pubsecent; rulu baccata.—G. hispidulum & R. taki Brownel (excl. syn. Browsel, Mickz, 4 I. s. p. 50 §eft. G. akiba persegtion, Watt. Car., p. 86, R. Watter), D.C. Jenofe, 49, 490.

Dry andry sol, S. Camina i Georgia i and Farida, particularly nor the norm. May-One-Flox non-relation limits, suffice-cloved: Edl. Stora about a foot long. Leaves -64 lines long, rather right, shining above, approximation of the storage starting above, and the storage starting above, a

5. G. wijforus (Michx.): glapmas: atoms branched at the base, namegent, shedre : leaves usually 4 in a whork, linear, rather curie, with seabrows moulty revolute margins; polymeters, solitory or opposite, atillary, shorter than the leaves, 1-5-10 overed f fruit periodilate, radiolog, glabrowa, flexity.—Michx. J. ft. 1, p. 79; EU, 4k, 1, p. 95; DC, prodr. 4; p. 611; Hook; common to hot, marg. 1, p. 49.

Shuiy rich toni, S. Carolina, 'In Pitothal and Louisianat J. April-Jatyz-Bott simoler, reddish. Jesuma 6-12 ionches long. Leaves about an inchlong and a line wide, shiring above, obscurely purctate, 1-served. Lobes of the (wilking cools) arominans. Polandel, compositionnyl involutente at in fruity sometimes 3-diversel, the interal peddels 1-20-introduce, marky forkel. Frait large, fields, fit doceare whom manuer, purplet

§ 3. Root perennial : fruit dry : peduncles 3-many-flowered .- Eugalium, DC.

 Flowers while or sometimes greenish: peduncles axillary or terminal, few-flowered, occasionally somewhat clustered at the extermity of the branchlets.

+ Suffrutescent : Californian.

6. G. suffraticosus (Nutt. 1 mas): "prostrute or climbing, often suffrations towards the base of the stem, which is acutely quadrangular and minutely aculcoitate; leaves 4 in a whord, very short, ovate-oblong, acute, scabous on the margin; flowers (polygamous 1) peduaculate, dichotomal, and in terminal loose faciles of for Movers; furit glabrous.

"St. Diego, California-21. Nearly allied to G. trichocarpum, notwithstanding the great difference in the fluit." Nuttall.

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 G. trichoearpoon (DC.): much branched; stems evect, suffrustencer, glabrous, the angles obuse: leaves 4 in a whort, oblong-linear, 1-nerved, slort, rather right, the margins and nerve alightly scabrous; branchiets fewflowered; fruit densely clothed with very long straight bristles---Nutl.? mas; DC. prof. 4, p. 6007

B. feaves apiculate; flowers in small nearly sessile clusters terminating the branches.—G. angustifolium, Nutl. 1 mss.

St. Diego, California Nikolal' (a. 4; 1). d. St. Francisco J. Douglat be-Sem stort and fraid, a foot or more high. Leaves in closely approximate whorks, host one-third of an interval of the start of the start based of the start of the start of the start of the start of the based based one-third of an interval of the start of t

+ + Herbaccous.

6. G. référen (Lim.) 1 sem faceil, decumbert en accedine, l'ambient les neiges removes, les mors i actes en la miseri et de cli the merite and malfit minuelly (blim, reterenci) paralolite-schwart (blim, blim, blim, the minuelly (blim, reterenci)) analolite-schwart paraloliteschwart (blim, blim, blim,

of the corolla and stances mostly 4.-G. tinctorium, Line, I. c.; Pursh, I. c.; Torr, I. c.; DC.I I. c.; Darlingl. fl. Cest. p. 100. G. trilldam, Ell. sk. 1. p. 1947

y. latifefum (Torr.): stem diffuse, not scabrous: leaves elliptical or oblong the margins and midrib manifestly ciliolate-scabrous.—Torr.1 ft. 1. p. 165. G. obtusum, Bigel, ft. Best. ed. 2, p. 55.

Swamps and moist low grounds, Canada ! (from lat. 68°) to Virginia ! S. Carolina and Western Louisiana! and from Newfoundland! to Oregon! Unalaschka, and Sitcha ; also in California (Nuttall). June-July .- Stem 5 inches to 2 feet in length, erect when young, branched, at length diffuse or reclined. Leaves frequently only quaternate, 5-10 lines long, often less than a line wide, varying up to 3 or 4 lines wide, in var. y. rather membranaccous, narrowed at the base. Flowers very small, white. Pedicels of the fruit slender .- A widely diffused and very variable species; the various forms of which are so blended, that we think no botanist, with a full series of specimens, will succeed in distinguishing two or more species. There is a to differ from the G. palustre except in the scabrous angles of the stern : this form is also a native of the north of Europe. We have another state from Oregon (which Hooker has probably referred to G. tinctorium), which much resembles G. asprellum in its numerous flowers and very scabrous stem and margins of the leaves. The var. y, is a more robust form, with larger fruit, and grows in drier soil: the margins of the leaves are almost ciliate, while rection of the very minute bristles which fringe the margin of the leaves: they are sometimes directed upwards on one margin and downwards on the other. The var. β . as well as γ , have usually larger fruit. The leaves are apt to turn blackish in drying.

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9. G. coacinaum: stems diffuse, decumbent, with retrorsely and minately eachrons angles; leaves in whorks of 6 throughout, linear, macronales, filnerved, veinless, glabrous, with upwardly scabous margins; pedancies filform, often twice or thrise tricknormous, slightly paniculate at the extremity of the branches; pedicels short; lobes of the corolla acute or acuminate; overary elabrous.

Drý oprav woods and hilisides. Michigan, abundant near Ann Arbor! Blue Leck, Kentacky, D., Skor!! May-luno.—Skyran diffusily brancheda, a atok, Kentacky, D., Skor!! May-luno.—Skyran diffusily brancheda, and abining howers the latter about half an inch, long, or a little inogen the Kentucky plant, about a line wide. Plavers very small, but namerons, white i the pedanceles and abort policies almost capillary—We have no white i the pedanceles mod abort policies almost capillary.—We have no and the anales of the sterm and other uver slightly scattering.

10. G. any-ilian (Micha) is sem diffuse, much insuched, the angles very achieves with immuno and right persons pericles [areas 8] (606) of the immuno glatoma, except the retroveryl available of the second second bounders short, very unnerway, coverable of priorable on the flowering branchistic, disciduolamonary packeds filtering, foreigneting and million branchistic, disciduolamonary packeds filtering, foreigneting margins and million parameters, disciduolamonary packeds filtering, foreigneting filtering branchistics parameters, disciduolamonary packeds filtering, foreigneting filtering filtering branchistics, disciduolamonary packeds filtering, foreigneting, for parameters, and filtering filtering filtering filtering filtering filtering parameters, and filtering filtering

Swempy thickes, Canada' and Norhem States! common: probably able in the mounts of the Souhres States. July—Source Bard, analbale in the mounts of the Souhres States. July—Source Bard, and Hard Source Bard Source Bard Source Bard Source Bard Heaves the latter is approximate evolution, also also also also there is the lower obtate and decayly macromet; the upper norminate into a auroise solution provide state and the properties with the source Bard Source Bard Source Bard Source Bard Mark Source Bard Source Bard Source Bard Source Bard Mark Source Bard Source Bard Source Bard Source Bard Mark Source Bard Source Bard Source Bard Source Bard Mark Source Bard Source Bard Source Bard Source Bard Mark Source Bard Source Bard Source Bard Source Bard Mark Source Bard Source Bard Source Bard Source Bard Source Bard Mark Source Bard Source Bard Source Bard Source Bard Source Bard Mark Source Bard Source Bard Source Bard Source Bard Source Bard Mark Source Bard Source Bard Source Bard Source Bard Source Bard Mark Source Bard Source Bard Source Bard Source Bard Source Bard Mark Source Bard Source Bard Source Bard Source Bard Source Bard Mark Source Bard Source Bard Source Bard Source Bard Source Bard Source Bard Mark Source Bard Sou

11. Geodemic Michae) a sum flucial, real-ling or growtmione, strenger betwee 6 na witch among i difficult of cellifical baseling methods and complete of the strength of the cellifical baseling methods and the strength of the strength of the strength of the strength of the polyhedrowend and fast strength of the direct and polyhedrome, for the linear with the polyhedrometry and the direct and polyhedrometry for the strength of the Direct and the strength of the direct and polyhedrometry for the strength of Direct and the polyhedrometry is the direct and the strength of the Direct and the polyhedrometry is the direct and the strength of the Direct and the strength of the direct and the strength of the strength of the Direct and the strength of the direct and the strength of the strength of the direct and the strength of the direct and the strength of the strength of the direct and the strength of the direct and the strength of the strength of the direct and the strength of the direct and the strength of the strength of the direct and the strength of the direct and the strength of the strength of the direct and the strength of the strength of the strength of the strength of the direct and the strength of the strength of the strength of the strength of the direct and the strength of the strength of the strength of the strength of the direct and the strength of the strength of the strength of the strength of the direct and the strength of the strength of the strength of the strength of the direct and the strength of the strength of the strength of the strength of the direct and the strength of the stren

Moist woollands, nearly throughout the United States (from Maine! to Alabuma! and Louissiand!) and Canada! to Oregon! California (Netially). Unalaschka! and Sitcha. Also a native of Lapland, Sweden, and Russia as far south as Moscow! June-July.—Stem 1-4 feet long, sometimes quite smooth and elaboras even on the santes: the branches short and divergent. Leaves memphraneceous (sematimes in whorks of 3), trapering at the bake, varying in size from 3 linches to three-contuct of an inchin henght; those of the branches more compisionally compidate. Pedurobes rarely wirely tribotomous. Flowers small, greenith, or premissivable in open pinces: the bakes of the consils acute or accumiants. Furth densely haspid with white hashin—Third pince and wire range, and (athoragy work) haspid with white hashin—Third pince and the size of the size of the size of the The smaller-leaved forms (G. cospidatom, Zi, Ary) abound in the Southern States. It exhibits a valid range, or in driving.

 Flowers dull purple or brownish: peduncles azillary and terminal, usually 2-3 times distributements.

12. G. plósma (Ai,i): stern ascending, bitenue or bairy: I serves 4 in a work, over, Incomonaluse, indistance 19, 3-nerved at the base, ponetate with pellicid days, hairy and dilase; pedancies usually twice or birthes di-folio first densely birthy with uncritate bericks—add. K. Keu, (ed.) 1, p. 1457 Persh, f. 1, p. 1467, 1996; Terr, f. 1, p. 1577, Doringel, I & Garty, D. U., Graperichiskowa V, ploisam, D.C.I. guoder, 4, p. 001. G.

⁶ B. puscticulosus: stein and leaves, except their ciliate margins, almost glabrous.—G. puncticulosum, M.ickr.? f. 1, p. 60; D.C.? I. e. G. Bermudenve, Lion. Spoc. 1, p. 105, as to syn. Gronov, but not of Plack, alm. I. 248. G. Bermudianum, Parsh. fl. 1, p. 104; Ell. I. c? G. punctatum, Pars. syn. 1, p. 128.

Dry woods, and in strile shady soil, throughout the United States, from New York to Taxel 3. Nyingini to Lonisiant 1. How-Jay.-Strum-1-2 for high-often several from the same root, mostly simple, recept the short sprending flowering branchests, the pubsence variable in degree Leaves about three-fourths of an inch long. Flowering anticulate-granulous: the altimute divisions of the pubscuke 4-blowering Londow the flow-nichbranchest and the state of the state of the structure of the the institution of the pubscuke division of the pubscuke brittles-withen states of the pubscuke structure of the root institution of the Borrand-base density of pubscuke.

13. Generating (Merke) is seen errer or accreating, nearly smooth, or sometimus hirty is server 4 in a welfor out or area-oblog, nourly obtaus. Sourced, sourcestar path-costs, the margin and neuros editors, pedanetes were all errors of default (Merker and Merker and Merker and Merker denset) hippid with ancients britistics—Merker (J. L. p. 80); Eliz, do t. p. 917; Theor, J. L. 108 (exc), sen, Teamona; Eight J. J. Kat. eds. p. 917; Theor, J. L. 108 (exc), sen, Teamona; Eight J. J. Kat. eds. p. 917; Theore, J. L. 108 (exc), sen, Teamona; Eight J. J. Kat. eds. p. 917; Theor, J. L. 108 (exc), sen, Teamona; Eight J. J. Kat. eds. p. 917; Theorematic and the sense of the sense of the sense of the sense senses. Rose, 87, 89, 8001; gpt J. 3, p. 2017. Generations

3. lanceolatum (Torr.): leaves lanceolate, or often ovate-lanceolate, rather acute. - Torr.! cat. pl. New York, p. 23; DC.! Le. G. Ianceolatum, Torr.! f. 1. p. 163; Hook, fl. Bor. Am. 1. p. 280; Dartingt. fl. Cest. p. 102. G. Torroyi, Bigel.! fl. Bast. cd. 2, p. 56.

). montanues: dwarf; leaves obovate, nearly glabrous .- G. Littellii, Oakes! mss.

Rich woollands, Cangla! to Florida, Louisiana! Arkanses! and Missouri! , Montains of New Hampakite, Vermost, and New York, Mr. Ooksel Mr. W. F. Marzae! Mr. Tuckersame.—Stems 10-10: linches highoften many from the same not, or branched from the base. Leaves 1-14 or in 3. Sometimes more than 2 inches long, variable as to publescence; the

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lower surface marked with estated indicate viscate data in the base of the predict of the entries of the random if ever alterwards: beyond this here predict if the entries flower, but addam if ever alterwards: beyond this alterwards of the entries of the state of the entries of the the indicated with discussion (certain of adda fractions of the state). The theory of the state is built at the state of the state of the state is stated with discussion (certain of adda fractions of the state). The discussion of the state state of the state of the state is stated by perhaps satisficiently distate in appearance, but the first state is the state of this predict gravity is marking in constants. In the state is the state of this predict gravity is built of the state of the state state is the state of this predict gravity is built of the state of the state state is the state of this predict gravity is built of the state of the state of the state is the state of the state of

14. G. latifolium (Michx.): arem erret, smooth; leaves 4 in a whorl, laavesolate, acute, 3-nerved, punctures with oblogn pellucid docs; glakowas itwe margins and midrib minutely hispid-siliolate; pedancles axillary and terminating the short branches, twice or thries dichomous, and with the filliorm pedicets divariants or spreading; i fruit (pretty large) glabrous.—Mickx.? f. 1, p. 79; DC. 17, profr. 4, p. 599.

β. leaves rather rigid, less acute ; pedicels and ovaries sparsely and minutely scabrons.-G. latifolium, Hook. compan. to bot. mag. 1. p. 48.

On the Allephany Memunia of North and South Carolia, McKower Torre (the No. Decaded) μ . Mission (or Athene Torre (the No. Decaded) μ and McKowa, μ . No. Beaks μ and μ . Mission (or Athene even the second second

. . . Flowers while ; the peduncles disposed in a terminal paniele.

15. G. Jorozle (Linn.): stem ceres, straight, smoothish; leaves 4 in a work, linear-incachas, strongly prevend, raike obsense particle simpated, work, linear incachas, strongly prevend, raike obsense particle simpated, with the strain strain and the strain s

Woods and rocky banks of streams, Northern States! and Canada! to Arcic America de Bartis, and Argent 1 July --Sten 1-2 de Bilgh, somewhat branching, often pubescent at the modes. Leaves 10-18 lines long, often rather brouldy lanceolates, and alghrly elliase when young to the American plant. fruit, and another with time overay very slightly and sparsely hispld; both these states occur not underguery in this country.

 G. robiniter (Limn); stem erect, straight, smoothish; leaves 4 in a whork elliptical-monolate, annually 3-surved, sendross on the margin; prduceles numerous, trichotomous, disposed in a large terminal parifels; fuil albumax.—Limn, proc. 1, p. 105; Chan, & Schlocht in Limner, 3, p. 209; DC, proof: 4, p. 599; Hock, & Arn. hot. Beschey, p. 115; Hock, B. Bør-Am, 1, p. 209.

Dry elevated soils, under pine trees, in the valley of the Oregon, Douglas.

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Kotzebue's Sound, Capt. Beechey .- This is a robust plant, with the habit of G, boreale, but with larger and broader leaves. Hooker states that he has received specimens of it from the United States, under the name of G. Bermudianum; but his plant is perhaps G. latifolium. On the authority of Steven, De Candolle mentions a variety with hispid fruit.

. . . . Flowers yellow, in dense panicles terminating the branches : fruit smooth.

17. G. verum (Linn.) : stem erect, slender; leaves 8 in a whorl, narrow-Iy linear, sulcate, seabout, with somethy aroves of a whore margins; flowen crowded.—Lina. spec. 1. p. 107; Engl. bot. t. 660; FI. Dan. t. 1146; Bigel. ! J. Boat. ed. 2. p. 55; DC, predr. 4. p. 603. Dry partners, Roxbury, Masachusetts, Bigelone ! North Bridgewater.

Massachusetts, Mr. Tuckerman / Doubtless introduced from Europe. June-

† Doubtful Species.

18. G. parviflorum (Raf.) : stems diffuse, angled, glabrous; leaves in where of 5 or 6, linear-lanceolate, very scute, glabrous; flowers paniculate (white, minute), very numerous.-Raf. in med. repos. (her, 2) 5, p. 360, § in Desv. jour. bot. 1. p. 227. Near Newcastle, Delaware, Rafinesque.

SUBORDER H. CINCHONE E. (Order Cinchonacew, Lindl.)

Leaves opposite, or very rarely verticillate. Stipules one (2 united) or two on each side between the petioles (interpetiolar), often united with each other or with the petioles, or with both, so as to form a sheath. Æstivation of the corolla valvate, imbricated, or contorted. Ovary coherent with the tube of the calyx, or very rarely with the upper portion free,-Chiefly tropical or subtropical trees or shrubs, rarely

TRIRE I. SPERMACOCE E. Cham. & Schlecht.

Fruit dry, or scarcely fleshy, composed of 2 (rarely 3 or 4) 1-seeded carpels ; which are sometimes concrete, sometimes separating and indehiscent, or variously dehiscent, but never loculicidal. Albumen fleshy or somewhat horny. Estivation of the corolla valvate.-Herbs or shrubs. Stipules membranaceous at the base, usually with several bristles at the apex.

Subtribe 1. EUSPERMACOCEE, DC .- Flowers distinct, Fmitdry, separating when mature into 2 (rarely 3 or 4) carpels, or sometimes inseparables

2. SPERMACOCE. Linn, (partly); Garta, fr. t. 25; Cham. & Schlecht in Linnara, 3. p. 355 ; DC. prodr. 4. p. 552.

Calyx-tube ovate or turbinate ; the limb 2-4-parted, sometimes with accessory teeth. Corolla hypocrateriform or infundibuliform, 4-løbed. Stamens 4. Stigma 2-cleft or undivided. Fruit dry, crowned with the (sometimes obliterated) teeth of the calyx, 2-celled; the 2 one-seeded carpels separating from the apex downwards ; the one closed by the dissepiment, the other open. Seeds oval-oblong, peltate, marked with a shallow furrow on

SPERMACOCE.

RUBIACE Æ.

the face.—Herbaceous or rarely suffrutescent plants (chiefly tropical), with linear, oblong, or roundish leaves. Stipules cohering with both petioles, sheathing, fringed with several bristles. Flowers small, axillary, sessile, crowded or in whorts, usually nale blue or white.

Spermacoce, Borreris, and Diodis, differ only in the dehistence of the fruit: in the first, one carpel opens while the other remains closed; in the second, both are dehistent; in the third, both are indehistent.

1. S. glabra (Micha): bedraceons, perennial, prevumbent, glabrous; lawse intercollist: where many-lowered; city yet, 4-stoched; corolla campanular-fannel-form, a little longer than the calys, very woolly in the throat; anthers included, nearly sessile at the base of the thies yiely very short; signars-lobed; fruit turbinute.—*Michas*, *i*, *f.*, 1, *p.*, 82; *i*, *Parsh*, *f.*, 1, p. 105.

Basic of even, Western and Sauth Weitern Status' Middle Farihi, Dr. Chapmart S. Tens, Drammard H. July-Ange-Setten branching, 1-42 fort heny the hematics, somewhat quadrangabes. Leaves 1-41 brebs lange sense that the state of the state of the state of the state of the wave of the model of the state of the state of the state of the wave of the model of the state of the state of the state of the state of the model of the fact of the state of the state of the state of the model of the fact of the state of the state of the state of the model of the fact of the state of the state of the state of the model of the fact of the state of the state of the state of the demonstrate of the state of the model of the fact of the state of

9. S. Okaparazii, persaninif anim hechocota, aparingly kanahedi, kijiya anglek with elevaned lines, glahona (Lawa), and anima (Lawa) (Lawa)

¹⁵Midd Printip, on the hards of the Augulary Rever, D. Chapmar, I and In Gomman-Sewara about 29 for tight, Leaves an inche hard long, rather strongly marked beneatively with the simple adaptative trains. Chapmar, M. Hort and M. Sang, and M. Sang, and Sang M. Sang, and Sang M. Sang Sang M. Sang, Sang M. Sang M. Sang M. Sang M. Sang M. Sang Sang M. Sang Sang M. S

3. A reason (Lim); present second, however, hive, the branches obtained particle glaboratory more materials are however, with hard particles, which angled, glaborano more his carbonic lavers have obtained by scalar on the margin and upper surfaces a singless with $\delta - \delta$ brieflates, which are rather longer than the shearks, whole for signary summaries much shower than the scalars, where the length of the early strainers inform 25 Model , requires the core of the strainer of the scalar strainers in some however than the core of the strainers of the scalar strainers in the Model , requires the scalar strainers of the scalar strainers in the Model and the scalar strainers of the scalar strainers in the Model and the scalar strainers of the scalar strainers in the Model and the scalar strainers of the scalar strainers in the Model and the scalar strainers of the scalar strainers in the scalar strainers in the scalar strainers of the scalar strainers in the scalar strainers in the scalar strainers of the scalar strainers in the scalar strainers in the Model and the scalar strainers in the scalar strainers in the scalar strainers in the Model and the scalar strainers in the scalar strainers i

Key West, Florida, Mr. Blodgett!-Stem 8-12 inches long, in our speci-

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RUBIACE Æ.

mens glabrous. Leaves about an inch long, Whorls few-(6-10-) flowered. Flowers smaller than in the preceding species. Anthers roundish-oblong.— This is chiefly a West Indian species, and we doubt whether it has been found hitherto within the limits of our Flora.

1 Doubtful Species.

 S. involucrata (Pursh): stem alternately branched, very hispid; leaves ovate-lanceolate, acuminate, hirsute on both surfaces; stipules with many birstles; heads terminal, involucrate: stamenes exserted. Pursh, J. 1. p. 105.

Carolina, Prass.—About a foot high. Leaves broad and somewhat deflowe. Flowers while, with a very long tube. Parsh.—The apperiment in Mr. Lambert's herbarium, which is said to have been collected by Frust flut we suspect there is some missike as to the locality, is magked, perhapt by Mr. Don, "S. strigons, Bot. mag." is appecies which has been referred to the genus Cruse.

3. BORRERIA. Meyer, fl. Essequeb. p. 79; DC. prodr. 4. p. 540.

Bigelovia, Spreng. syst. ; not Spreng. entd., nor of Swith, nor of Raf. nor of DC.

Caly-testion over the jimb persistent, 3-4-motion4. Counts indentifies from thypotenetisms, Lobel. Stammart 4. Signing a-left on unitvided. Pruft dyr, convends with the test of the alays, 3-ceiled; the 2-new-seek expering from the spec slowwards, and and chaining experily by a longitudinal chaix along the inner surfaces. Social obsprase-shoring, matted to the free with a topolical for non-alignment in the functions of the facts. Signature controls, finged with a years listing Flowers much in axillary or terminal usually expirate where, blue of white.

1. B. microsoftar z monal; stem prominently 4 angled, plahooys; the mode distant; leven linear-incords: note at a cost end, scalmon above, meanly plahows underscalit; bristlen of the sipules 8-10, much longer than the scalmous sheathin; whords many dowered, all of them axillary; calys: where the significant structure of the significant scale scales of the scale structure scale scale scale scales and scale scales where the scale scale scale scale scale scale scale scales where the scale scal

Tarapa Bay, Forda, Dr. Larameneth.-Situm 16 for a more in length (see 1), the intermed soluti 2 more images (see 1), the intermediate shares the set of the second solution in the second solution in the second solution is the second solution in the second solution in the second solution in the second solution in the second solution is second solution in the second solution in the second solution is second solution in the second solution in the second solution is second solution in the second solution in the second solution is second solution in the second solution in the second solution is second solution in the second solution in the second solution is second solution in the second solution in the second solution is second solution in the second solution is second solution in the second solution in the second solution is second solution in the second solution is second solution in the second solution is second solution in the second solution in the second solution is second solution in the second solution in the second solution is second solution. Second solution is second solution in the second solution is second solution in the second solution is second solution in the second solution in the second solution is second solution in the second solution is second solution in the second solution in the second solution is second solution. Second solution is second solution in the second solution in the second solution is second solution in the second solution in the second solution is second solution in the second solution in the second solution is second solution in the second solution in the second solution is second solution in the second solution is second solution in the second solution in the second solution is second solution in the second solution in the second solution is second solution in the second solution in the second solution in the second solution is second solution in the second solution in the second solution is second solution in the second solution in the second solution in the second solution

4. DIODIA. Linn. ; Gertn. fr. t. 25 ; DC. prodr. 4. p. 561.

Calyx-tube ovate or obovate, often 8-nerved ; the limb 2-4-parted. Cords la infundibuliform or tubular, 4-lobed. Stamens 4, inserted into the throat of the corolla. Stigma or style 2-cleft or undivided. Fruit dry or slightly

DIODIA.

RUBIACEÆ.

fieldy, coveraid with the tech of the edys, 5 $(\operatorname{rardy} 3)$, cellicit the 2 (or 3) one-seeded carpels separating from the apet downwards, both indihiscent, Scolorozi, pelatar, flatinia, marked with a shallow forrow on the face-Herbacenus q; rardy suffuscent plants (American, but chiefly tropical), with the halt of Spermacore. Lawars often faceled in the axily on an appear verticillate. Stipples unsulty fringed with britles. Flowers small, while, sxillary, online y or event a topefore.

 Corolla somewhat hypocrateriform, with a long and very stender tube : style deeply 2cleft : fruit crowned with 2 (or 4 alternately smaller) calyz-teeth.

1. D. Firginian (Linn.): perminic), herbaceous: stem procumbent, heave varying from Inneodate-fister to oblog-Lacousla, seasile; Tivides of the stipules longer than the absolute; Howers solitary, opposite; tube of the carlys celeb, tubular, the limb abrough expanded; stammes essents; boles of the depty S-belt style Hilfmin; frame-monitor enablystech.

 Linnei i nearly glabrous; leaves lanceolate; fruit oblong, somewhat glabrous.—D, Virginiana, Linn. apec. 1, p. 604.
 K. Gara, et al. 5, 6 sec. 1, vp. 56 (19, Park), d. 1, p. 105; EL sk. 1, p. 199; D.C. prodr. 4, p. 562. Spermaccee Virginiana, A. Rich. men. 1, c, t, d, f. 3.

3. latifolia : somewhat publicscent ; leaves ovate-lanceolate ; fruit ovate, hairy --D. Virginica, Micka, ? f. 1, p. 81. D. tetragona, Walt. Car. p. 87 ; Ell. & 1, p. 190 ; D.C. I. c.

 hirsuta: whole plant very hairy; leaves linear-lanceolate, very acute; fruit oblong.—D. hirsura, Pursh, fl. 1, p. 106; Ell sk. 1, p. 191; DC. I. c.

During out, particularly a large fevere. $a_{ij} \in \mathcal{A}_{ij}^{(m)}$. The first Fourist During out, particularly a large fevere. $a_{ij} \in \mathcal{A}_{ij}^{(m)}$. The first Fourist quadrangular, Lerzen L-2 large large gravity of the birthese much all of equal length. For every here the large rate of the birthese much segments interesting of the birthese much set of the birthese much segments interesting of the birthese much set of the birthese much segments interesting of the birthese much set of the birthese much segments interesting of the birthese much set of the birthese much segments interesting of the birthese much set of the set of the birthese much set of the birthese much set of the set of the birthese much set of the birthese much set of the set of the birthese much set of the birthese much set of the set of the birthese much set of the birthese much set of the set of the birthese much set of the birthese much set of the birthese much set of the set of the birthese much set of the birthese much set of the set of the birthese much set of the birthese much set of the set of the birthese much set of the birthese much set of the set of the birthese much set of the birthese much set of the set of the birthese much set of the birthese much set of the birthese much set of the set of the birthese much se

 Corolla infundibuliform, with a wide tube : style undivided : stigma capitate or 2lobed : fruit crossed with 4 (rarely 5) calue-teeth.

9. D. Lever (Wide) 1: annual, ascending or proteinheir 1: terms pubescent or hinry (laws) linear or insert-chocolate triviles of the stiplus much longer than the finite flowers solitary or 8-3 in each still could much longer than the instuely serulate-cliffic clayt-terk the statuent solect than its lokes; signal large, 3-bobd; first somewhat hirty, conductivitiants and somewhat quadrugular separation [10:0.2 constroned samples-life]. Congo Str. D.C.1 parts + 3p-bobd; first somewhat hirty, conductivitiants and somewhat quadrugular separation [10:0.2 constroned samples-life]. Congo Str. D.C.1 parts + 3p-bobd; first somewhat hirty, conductivitiants 3-3p, 700π , 1-1, p-def Pawid, 3-p, 853 (Laws), 4-p, 853 (Laws), 4-p, 905 (Laws), 4-p, 853 (Laws), 4-p, 905 (Laws), 4-p, 853 (Laws), 4-p, 905 (Laws), 4-p) (Laws), 4-p, 8-p (Laws), 4-p, 905 (Laws), 4-p) (Laws), 4-p, 8-p (Laws), 4-p, 905 (Laws), 4-p) (Laws), 4-p, 8-p (Laws), 4-p, 905 (Laws), 4-p) (Laws), 4-p (Laws), 4

Sandy fields, New Jersey! to Florida! and Louisiana! and west to Illinois! and the sources of the Canadian River, Dr. James! Aug-Sept.-Stem nearly tereto, 4-16 inches high, much branchod, clothed with a short

DIODIA.

pubescence, and aprinkled with apreading hirste hairs. Leaves about an inch long, pale, the margins and midrib ciliolate-scabrous. Corolla 3-4 lines long, white or pait erd, spinkled with minute hairs under a lens. Anthers linear-oblong. Capsule (usually but one in each axii) about 2 lines long, much longer than the calyst-teth.

3. D. triescea percential, much branched, depressel; stems somewhat havy i kaves harman with revolute margins i braites of the stipules scarcely as long as the frait; flowers glowerste in the upper axis; corolla scarcely corolla scarcely the stipules of the cally (flower as closed); the starmers are flower as the starmers are started as a started as the started as a s

These, Dressword /=Plant resemblag: a small state of D. stress, Seither high, appendix pregulation. Levens smooth abover, the immergen and many stress stress stress stress stress stress stress stress stress and frait much smaller than in the presenting the libert learners is well as stress of the stress str

Subtribe 2. PUTORIES, DC .- Flowers distinct. Fruit somewhat fleshy or drupaceous, seldom bipartible.

 ERNODEA. Swartz, prodr. p. 29, & f. Ind. Occ. p. 223, t. 4; Gartn. fr. t. 196, f. 6; A. Rich, men. l. c. t. 15, f. 2; DC, prodr. 4, p. 576.

Caly-totherware, the tokes of the 4-d pared link-oblag-chirar, areas: pateence. Could hyporther/form, with a somewhat quadranglar interine lokes 4-d, intercluts, version, variante in articular. Filaments incested into the upper part of the tokes and under linker, accessing 4form. Jonger than the stantes: a signer emerginate. First dropscences, downer we remaind, well-clut, ensured with the long create agrounds of the downer we remaind, well-clut, ensured with the long create agrounds of the downer we remaind, well, well, and the signer of the signer went. Society physics, that and furnished on the fore. Embryor emigative order society based on the society of the signer of the signer plant; with weakle somewhat rigid lancestate leaves. Solipiles sheating, may spitest. However, saling you signer, solis of glowide. In this yealewer, the signer main signer solitory solis of glowide hypertage in the signer solitor of the sinteres solitor of the signer solitor of the sinteres

E. littoralis (Swartz, l. c.)-Knoxia, P. Browne, Jam. p. 140. no. 1. Thymelea, Sloane, hiet. Jan. t. 169.

Key West, Mr. Biolgard, 'Southern Florida, Dr. Hanster, --Seon 6-00, inches long, harmonik grown the base, stout and right the branches quadrangular. Leaves mostly crowded towards the extremity of short branches, short an inch long, somewika noriconcos or fleshy, very acute and macmanite, short an inches and the structure of the structure of the structure of short and the structure. The structure of the struc

CEPHALANTHUS.

RUBIACE E.

Subtribe 3. CEPHALANTHEE, DC .- Flowers and fruit sessile and densely aggregated on a globose receptacle. Fruit dry, 2-4-partible.

6. CEPHALANTHUS. Linn. ; Lam. ill. t. 59 ; Gartn. fr. t. 86.

Calge-scales opyramidal; the limb 4-cookied. Corella (tabular, sinderg: the lobes of the 4-cell limb ercer, induciate in survivals, searcely searcely, obsciences, p.4-cell, separating from the line 0 bits intervely symmitolic (acciences, p.4-cell), experiming from the line 0 bits the cell, recovered within a kind of cerly aritims. Finally, in fide and of survival cardinal cells of the search of the search of the start of survival cardinal cells of the search of the search of the cell, recovered within a kind of cerly aritims. Embrys straight, in fide and of survival cardinal cells of the search of the search of the search formal barres. Stoples short, distinct ce conversion tables). However, them is the search of the search of the search within the polarised. For theory for gaugestical is a globox hand (the response barley) is the polarised formation of the search of the

 G. eccidentalis (Limi): mostly globrous; heaves opposite and termus; owner or oblog-call, accumiants, a disturbly petiodical, unsakly globrous; peduralles longer, than the heads, usually termate at the externity of the numbers—Michael (J. 1. p. 1997); "Dochsen, ark, b. (A. Sökkelv, Koshle, K. 21, §r, b. §ch, §ch, 7, "Perrich, Jr, 1, p. 114; Eld. at, 1, p. 106; Theor, JR, Jr, b. p. 558).

 β , younger branches and lower surface of the leaves publicent.

Margined evenues and see the base, General of workers built forceaft A Assame's numbers of the second second second second southern more or loss pulsesses). July-Alux-Shub 5-10 feet high branched, with light spacing work, and smooth hark. Levers 3-5 influes long, more frequently uppoint than terrate, feather-valued. Heads an inch in diameter, or pulse space second second second second second the work of the second second second second second second the second second second second second second second second the second second second second second second second second the second second

TRIBE II. COFFEE.E. DC.

Fruit drupaceous, containing 2 one-seeded bory or crustaceous neuclest which are flatilish or growed on the inner side, and offen marked with a furrow on the cutter. Albumen horny or somewhat actiliapinous. Baivation of the corolla usually valvate.—Theres or shrubs. Stipples 2 between the petioles on each side, either distinct or combined. Flowers distinct, or in capitali involcente flackcicles.

CHIOCOCCA. P. Browne, Jam. p. 174; Linn.; Lam. ill. t. 480; Gartn. fr. I. 26; A. Kick, mem. I. c. p. 106; DC. prodr. 4. p. 482.

Calyx-tube ovate; the limb acutely 5-toobled. Corolla campanulate-infundibuliform, 5-lobed; the lobes spreading. Stamens 5: filaments inserted into the base of the corolla, and scarcely cohering with it, somewhat monadelphone, pubsecent; anothers linear, included. Style fillform, some

31

RUBIACE Æ.

CHIOCOCCA-

what clears at the remarks refigns entry, or of 2 againsteel block print fields/glockeompresent and smorther fidty from convolve this capy, each, including 2 oblog cortarious neuroles. Seeds superchef. Emtry brownship, in the said of smorther cartifications alturants radief long and alsoners convolved methods. Learnes prioride advances in spinsmerators branches. Learnes prioride advances. Signal constants: Provers white or often turning yullowish, in axillary opposite meetings. (Rost entriefs, Sco.)

 G. racenson [Jacq]; leaves oral, acute at each end; corolla many times longer than the test of the calvy; a filaments puberliett. - *Jacq. strip. Amet.* p. 69; *Michael J.* 61, p. 103; *Amdr. bot. rep.* (284; *Hook.! cath. Ac. 95*; *DC. port. 4*, p. 452; (*r. Foriadano)* J. Jasminum Home myrinos, *Ke. Sloom, Jam.* 11:80, *J.* 3. Perfelymenum racemosum, *&c. Dill. Eth.* 6:295, *J.* 99; J. Toniera alub, *Acis.*, *ins. spc.* 7, p. 175.

See cases of Fienda, Michauel Key Wen, M., Biolectti (Also West Indina & Mexicano I-Levere 3-6 indies long, and an inch or more brouch abruphy tapering at the base into a narrow periode, somewhat diffing above. Recerns in the axis of the typermost levers, and exceeding their in levely, would yimple; the flowers non-what securit, "at first white and indofecous, but at fingthy bellowish and cohorne". First dashed the size of a paynable in form, and ohne somewhat security the levers size and rabin form, and ohne somewhat we and the recense field ensingle or pathculate—Somewhere.

PSYCHOTRIA. Linn.; Garth. fr. t. 25; DC. prodr. 4. p. 504; W. & Arn. prodr. Ind. Or. 1. p. 432.

Coherents orms in the limb shore, block, f-scottal, or somewhat entire contents instantialized measurements of the origin attraction frame, manaly shore, loce (or mary 4) c) effect append, with the those if the limb specialing or energy effect as the instantial variable. Summary 6.2 more that the specialing or energy effect appendix of the state of the specialing or energy effect appendix of the speciality of the speciali

 P. lancedata (Nutt.): leaves lanceolate, acuminate at each end; the lower surface as well as the branchless ferruginous-pubescent; supplets amplexicul, rounds, decidaous, spincelate; orrym terminal, richotomous at the base. DC.—Nutt. in Sill. jour. 5, p. 290 (1822); DC. predr. 4p. 513.

East Florida, Mr. Ware.---- Leaves 2-3 inches long. Berries ownte, red."----This is unknown to us. De Candolle remarks that he has seen a specimero collected by Michaux. We have issufficient percimena, apparently belonging to another species of Psychotria, collected in Florida by Dr. Leavenworth.

RUBIACE .

TRIBE III. GUETTARDE.E. Kunth.

Fruit drupaceous, 2-3-celled, or containing 2-3 one-seeded nucules. Seeds somewhat terete, elongated, usually ceret. Albumen mostly fields, *Exitivation of the corolla usually contoted or valvate—* Small trees, shrubs, or very rarely herbs. Stipules between the petioles.

Subtribe 1. MORINDER, DC.-Flowers and fruit aggregated in a dense head and more or less coherent with each other. Assivation of the corolla valvate.-Tropical abruhas or small trees.

9. MORINDA. Vaill.; Linn.; Lam. ill. t. 153; Gartn. fr. t. 29.

 M. Koise (Line.); glabrous, precembent at the base; Leaves broadly obtanceoids, acate, gradually marrowed at the base into a short petide i sipulse broad and very short, binneronade; peduceles short, axillary or opposite is leaf; attanets enerowers exercit — Line, aco, 1. p. 176; J.ace, opposite is leaf; attanets enerowers at exercit — Line, aco, 1. p. 176; J.ace, opposite is leaf; attanets enerowers at exercit — Line, aco, 1. p. 176; J.ace, opposite is leaf; attanets enerowers at each of the start of the s

Key West, Mr. Blodgett / Common in the West Indies, &c.-Leaves 2-3 inches long, glabrous on both surfaces, except a pubescence in the axia of the larger veins underneath. Peduncles 4-6 lines long, usually opposite a leaf. Hends about half an inch in diameter. Flowers crimana.

Subtribe 2. MITCHELLES.—Flowers solitary, or geminate with their ovaries united. *JEstivation* of the corolla valvate. Albumen somewhat cartilaginous or corneous.—Creeping evergreen herbs, natives of the northern and southern extratropical regions, and on mountains within the tropies.

MITCHELLA. Linn.; Lam. ill. t. 63; Gartn. fr. t. 192. Chamsedaphne, Mitch.; not of Bach.

Flowers in pairs, with their ovaries united. Limb of the calyx conspicuous, 4-toothed. Corolla infandbaliform, with a stender table, 4-lobed; the lobes greending, densely hirsus to be acheded within (see well as the through with white hairs. Stamens 4, somewhat included: filaments inserted into the yot, 0-3 thank of the coulds 1 million oblogs. Style filterm : signas 4, lines, somewhat example. First horses, oblog-clobose, sursity composed of the mained ovarian of both flowers (nes of them storeduces between the style and to shift horizontal standing to comean 3-steed nucleise. Entropy minute, at the externity of nonzelut available on the standing of the short, the nucleic black. Galaxies correspin every some black (indepense to Nath America, and perhaps to the mouthins of Pen I) with opposite ownit remaining theses. Singlest entropylations. Flowers terminal, white or pale non-color, olseous. Fruit height red, offish, persister,

We have drawn the character exclusively from M. repens; since it is doubtful whether M. ovata, DC. (which we have not seen.) belongs to this genus, rathor than to Nertera. Does not the Nertera depress, Banks (or rather Solander), as left by De Caudolle, include two or more species 1

M. repose (Linn.): leaves remainish-oware, often alightly conduct : produced bellowered—Linn. J proc. In p. 11.1.3 Mich. J. L. p. 561 Formb, R. 1. p. 103; Ell. ek. 1. p. 108; Three, J. 1. p. 174; Bigel R. Best, often J. 201; Ell. ek. 1. p. 108; Three, J. 1. p. 174; Bigel R. Best, often J. S. 199; S. 199;

Deep most words, about the rows of trees (Canada and Unoughout the Indired States to Beroids and London (Alton in Mexicos, et al.C). Jone, [November to April in the Southern States: E1),—Statum states of the state of the most indirectors, and the green and shaling, mustly with a pair is negative filling of a first network, unrively likelish in drying. Could a should aff a shared of much indianters phased in the state of the state of the a shared of much in diamstern phased in the long, converted with the persistent a shared of much in diamstern phased in the long, converted with the persistent a shared of much indianters phased in the long, converted with the persistent more and word being theory excited a state of much the state of th

Subtribe 3. EUOUETTABLES, DC. (excl. gen.)-Flowers distinct. Retivation of the corolla usually contorted. Albumen fleshy.-Tropical trees or shrubs.

GUETTARDA. Linn.; Vent. choiz. t. 1; Gartn. fr. 1. t. 36; A. Rich. mem. l. c. p. 121.

Caly-tends evides or globase the limit tubular, presentant or decidence transme or impulsion bandse. Conside hypotenetisform, the tubul cyclindifical; lokes 4.0, enal-abling. Matters 4.0, yearly sensitie in the threat of the costal, increase. Regime againse, many bandse. Fund dependences subplbase or owne, usually converse with the perioders tills of the calys i studbes of enals, increase. Regime againse, many bandse, fund dependences, bender ploary, obstudy organical which the earlier k-model, scolar, sourwhat tenses—Shanil trees or a sincle (modely trapical American), with or entino nanceouties, or array consists leaves. Singles lanceolang, devidences. Per damotes axiliary once or trajes dichonomes (the fubera scalis in the fields and unlikered on the thraphese of the nonloce).

GUETTARDA.

RUBIACE Æ.

 G. clliptica? (Swartz): leaves evate and elliptical, rather ohuse, mucronulate, hairy on both surfaces; petioles short; peduacles usually shorter than the leaves; cymes 2-cleft; flowers terramerous; tube of the cerolla silky-hirsute, three times as long as the calys; limb of the calys; at length deciduous—Searct, proder, p. 597 DC, proder, 4, p. 457?

Key Weax, Funds, Mr. Badequitz–A. struck 1 by synapse branches parberon. Lexver-1 elizable long, rules rate in the basis, the lower architemore hardy than the upper pedide 5-3 lines long. P-datacties outerimer rather based of the the lower period by the dataction of the lower archites are related to the lower rate of the lower archites are related by the lines. Include 1 signals arrites. It must relative arcs—We have not seen subminic specificant of $G_{\rm eff}$ gliptica, the species which agrees much set of the lower lines of the lower being another lines. The set of the lower lines are lines are lower lines are lower lines are in the 3-babet days.

 ERITHALIS. P. Browne, Jam. t. 17, f. 3; Linn.; Lam. ill. t. 159; Garta, fr. t. 26; A. Rich, mem. I. c. p. 133; DC. prodr. 4, p. 465.

Caly-colds over the limb here, 5-codule. Corella sourcettar route, for physical sources linears. Summary 5-1 finances subschaft, inserted line to the have of the codult; a staters linear-bology. Style ators, as long a the linears signal himmlings, the lobe acquiration C. organ 2-56-colleck with a single-pathology over line ach cell. Draps globos, sourcethar filled with a single-pathology over line ach cells. Draps globos, sourcethar filled unders, with 3-10 comp inculars--Glabarcos (kielly Wer I filled) whiths. Larvar pathole, somewhat confactors, Signale parsimet, short and brand. Power in patholect ergs from the axis of the payment leves.

 E. fruitessa (Linn.): leaves obovate; panieles pedunculate : fruit 8-10sulcate, crowned with the truncate limb of the calys.—DC. prodr. l. c. E. olorifera, Jaro, stirp, Amer. p. 72. t. 173, fr.23.

Southern Florida, Dr. Leiner I-Leaves about 2 inches long, obtuse, the Interal veins indistinct, abruptly topering at the base into a short petiole. Stipules with a small mucronate point. Cymes 10-15-flowered i flowers clorous, crimnos?

TRIBE IV. HAMELIE.E. A. Rich., DC.

Fruit baccate, 3-many-celled; the cells many-seeded. Albumen fleshy.-Trees or shrubs. Stipules between the (rarely verticillate) petioles.

 HAMELIA. Jacq. etirp. Amer. p. 71. t. 50, & ic. rar. t. 335; Lam. ill. t. 155; Gartn. fr. t. 191 & 196.

Colly-toshe oralj the lokes, hort, stret, notte, presistent. Coroll torbules, sunsvaht S-congole, slightly Solid at the summit; the lokes optal, searce/speculing. Stansan 5, isserted into the middle of the credit, is cluded i andres oblegniness. Signa outcost, sumer-to-congol. They oral, 5-furneerd, 5-colled ; the cells insubranceous, many-worlds. Stody immus, compressed, "Tropical Amories indus. Lower of the trends by or quastransky verificilitae, public, Skynla more each site, inconfersion." Some on other cancers, the type, the direction one seeping comes.

35

 H. patras (Jacq): leaves ternate, oval-colleng, acuminate at each end, villouis-publescent underneabit, cynenc colored, divicticotromosa, in a terminal pedmenkate umbel; comila cylindrical. DC.—Joze, strip, Amer. I. c.; Naidi, stat. bot. t. 24; DC. prof. t. p. 441. H. concines, Swairtz, prof.; p. 46. Duhamelia patens, Pers. syn. 1. p. 203. Kev West, Florida, M. Remedt.—A shrub 8-10 fort hich, with a

Key Wes, Florida, Mr. Beenetift—A shrub 8-10 feet high, with a trusk 3-4 incbies in dismeter; the younger branches minutely pubsecent. Leaves 2-4 inches long, and an inch or more in diameter, somewhat glabmas above. Cynes usually fordied, with the flowers sensile and unlikeral on the Berry about one-fourth of an inch long. Seeds oral, serobicultate, only our (in our specimen) friending in each cell.

TRIBE V. EUCINCHONE E. (Cinchonacem, DC.)

Fruit capsular, 2-celled; the cells many-seeded. Seeds winged. Albumen fleshy.-Trees or shrubs. Stipules between the petioles.

14. EXOSTEMMA. DC. diss. 1806 ; A. Rich. mem. l. c. p. 280.

Exostema, Pers. (4 of Cinchona), L. C. Richard,

Cally-relate obvious the him ho stouched. Concils with a long tense tuby, be segments of the departed limb histophicar, revelous, valence in emission, Stanness & Inserted into the concils near the has much excerted random surrowly lines. Spit fillows, elsevin at the summit range nearbox surrowly histophicar, Spit fillows, elsevin at the summit hys preficdulehiescens. Second flat with a deviation single angine, incorred histophicar becaused—Trees or shruls of tropical America, fith hark fubridguid essues what emetics the desisters of Quinka and Clainchia, according to St. Histophy, smally glabress. Stipules one on each side. Pedanoho szillary or terminal.

 E. Carlosava (Rorm. & Schult): Lawys ovate-lanceolate, acuminates, glaboras: pointes asillary: A classical data the length of the petides: teeth of the early very short—Rorm. & Schult 79, 15: D. Cardo, A. ph 39. Ginchon Carlosa, Jaco, view, Jacor, Virg, Jacor, M. & Karlow, K. & Gerön, fr. 533: Lamb. Clash. 14: Antir. Bot. rep. 1, 481. C. Ananicemin Wighd, in philtrane, 67, p. 504, 4, 10.

Key Wein, Mr. Biological in-a glaneron shurh. Lorvers 14-24 induce long normwate researces. Stipulae human and very where, with a submittee point Flowers crimen, colorous, showy. Pedicels hulf an inch long. Calys-teeth flowers and the start of the start of the start of the start of the match essented. Ashlers hulf an inch in longth and very idende. Syle likes as a subsitute for Cinchen low.

15. PINCKNEYA. Michx. A. 1. p. 103, t. 13; A. Rich. mem. l. c. p. 277.

Calystable oblang-turbinate; four of the segments of the deciduous 5parted limb linear-lanceolate, the fifth usually dilated into a large colored leaf. Thus of the corolla cylindrical; the lobes of the 5-parted limb linearollong, recurred-apreading, somewhat imbrients in extivation. Stamens 5, inserted limb the corolla near the hange, excerted : a thinkey oblong. Style fil-

HAMELIA.

PINCENETA.

RUBIACE

form a sigma obusky 2 slokad. Capsule subplotos, coriscos-haraceous, 2-valved, localicital. Seeds numerous, horizontal, in a double arrier, flat, with a reticulated membranaceous wing. Endryo large, straight corpicdons foliceous, concres—A large shrub or small tree; the yong branches & co, hinterte-domaines. Stiples can one each side, linear-subsite, caducons. Flowers large, in small cyrmes, which are terminal or in the axile of the upper larges. Corolla purelish husbe, hinterte-messer externally.

P. pubers (Michar, H. c.)—Michar, f. sufer, 1. p. 260, I. 49, Parth, J. I. J. 515; Ell. 48, I. p. 260; Nutl. (gen. 1, p. 157; DC, prof. 4, p. 366; Bart, f. Amer, Sept. 1, 7; Audubon, birds of Amer, 1 155. P. puberens, Gerrin. f. fract, 3, p. 80, 149. Pinknen puberens, Pers. et al. 1, p. 197. Cinchona Caroliniana, Poir, dici. 6, p. 40. Swramp, S. Carolina I. on Middle Floridi, May-Jane,—Siema or tunks Swramp, S. Carolina I. S. Middle Floridi, P. May-Jane, Microsofta Oralliniana, Park, 2019. May Jane, J. Sterma or tunks

Swemps, S. Carolina in Mukhi Pitolah. May-Jung.—Stemor translet of the strength of the strength of the strength of the strength of the Single strength of the strength of the

TRIBE VI. HEDYOTIDE.E. Cham. & Schlesht.

Pruit capular, 2-celled, usually localized al (rarely somewhat membranacous and indehiscorely). the cells several-namy-seeded. Seeds wingless. Albumen fleshy. Astivation of the corolls mostly indercated or control-d-Metrico actuals. Signales between the petioles, into a mercer two on each side, or frequently united with the petioles into a mercer several selects, which is other firinged with briefles, as in Spermacoccas.

 HEDYOTIS. Linn.; Lam. ill. t. 62; A. Rich. mem. l. c.; Hook. f. Bor.-Am. 1. p. 286; W. & Arn. prodr. Ind. Or. 1. p. 405; Endl. gen. p. 548, & iconser. t. 89.

Hedyotis, Houstonia, & Oldenlandia, Linn .- Anotis &c., DC.

Califyctule orate or globow; the limit 4 (number 4): D'Mohd or other paristent. Confin infombilition, physometenform, or retors, 4 (number 5-1) blob; the blobs inducion in astronic for more a murky as the blobs of the blobs inducion in astronic for a strain or a strain of the Signa magnetic physical strain of the strain of the strain blobs. Signa magnetic prevents around by legislicial blobscote, and at legisl the mightly specifical. Steak, for or moreous, on placentic follow the or exceeding might emperiment of the strain of the blobs of the strain legisl the strain strain of the strain of the strain of the strain of the strain legisl the strain strain of the strain of the strain of the strain of the strain legislation is strain of the strain of the strain of the strain of the strain legislation of the strain legislation of the strain legislation of the strain of the st

HEDTOTIS.

with the petiole on both sides, entire, toothed, or sometimes fringed with bristles. Flowers axillary or terminal, solitary, cymulose, or glomerate. Plant often turning blackish in drying.

51. Control hyperstructures are then the model. Inspect that the totals are a present of the only control are situation in origin 1 or in an inglatory as a moment of the only control and order that the original inspect to the situation of the only control is and of the annual control, and the has been been been as the situation of the only of the only control in the only the only of the only control is and of the annual control, and the only the only of the only control is and of the annual theory of the only of t

The name Houstonia must be retained for whistever section shall include H excision, on which that genus was founded in the *Horizon Cliforitanus*. This, if comiderably exceeded, would probably includes a large portion of De Candollie aprens of Anotis, but in a more restricted same perhaps very few. Helytois (Anoth) gratinoide, *Booli, longer*, C. 80, certainly belongs to this action.

 H. winimat annual, glabrous, at length dichotomous and depressed leaves linear-spatialace, with a long attenuate baset polynedes not exceeding the leavest capsule obcordate, free only at the sammit; seeds oval, nearly smooth, with a broad cavity on the face.—Houstomia minima, Beck, in Silieur, 10, p. 266.

Basics of views and practices of the South Wortern States, News Ha, Lowis Monorki, Boe, Do, Experiments, New Ortens, Notatil, Varasuns and Western, Leonisiana, Natatil, D., Pitaler', Dr., Hale', March-Mayer, Marchell, the Walter and Bally while of Hogens to Borry view and d-14 holes which the dynamic and holes are built by the state of the state of point, but enables. Cound non-color or pair pargin, integ for the state of point, but enables. Cound non-color or pair pargin, integ for the state of point, but enables. Cound non-color or pair pargin, integ for the state of point, but enables. Cound non-color or pair pargin, integ for the state of house the ball balance and the state of the state of the state of house the ball balance with a longitudine count infere.

9. H. corrector (Hock) 1; starting for birring), glinkous; stores numeroswite enter or greaning-choicenores in laws: evolventiation or oblication, the interaction of the store of the s

3. minor: smaller; the branches and peduncles divaricate or spreading; flowers smaller.-Hook 4. c. Houstonia Linnet 3. minor, Michx. 1. c. H. patens, Ell. 1. c.

Canada! (from lat. 48°) to Louisiana! on grassy banks, wet rocks &c. . Mostly in dry soil throughout the Southern States! April-(Feb. or March

HEDTOTIS.

RUBIACE Æ.

In the Southern States) Sept.—Storms 3–6 includes high, heunehing from the base, paralog 4 pointonnous. Radient levers often minimely hispid on the surfaces as well as the margin, usually 3–5 lines long. Pointenels 1–4 includes and white (consultance all which, with a yellowish, flowart the take and white (consultance all which, with a yellowish, flowart the take source-thir cores in a dense, denser that note the take source-thir cores in a dense, denser than the take. Source-third source and the the avery of the flow circular J-modern Park. Buttst.

3. H. rerydlifdia: percential, nearly glabous; stems numeous or cespitos, fillion, nuceunheut or creeping, clongaded; leaves roundis-ovas, abrupty narrowed into a petiole, often alightly conduct, citiolate; peducates terminal, very long; lobes of the corolla about the length of the tube.-Houstonia serpyllifolia, Micha:/ fl. 1. p. 85; Parah! fl. 1. p. 106. H. tenella, Parah. i. e.

About springs, on the high montanio of Centilina, *Molinar J*, e. Montion of Nonit Devices, *Meth. M. Control*, *Mays—The* Biller means, in this of Nonit Devices, *Meth. M. Control*, *Mays—The* Biller means, and prince the half of Aremigin Balancies, as Melanan theoremsteled: the Janese transformed the straight and the straight and the straight and balance of the straight and the straight and the straight and baseling of the straight and the straight and the straight and baseling of the straight and the straight and the straight and baseling on the straight and straight and the straight and the straight and the straight and straight and the straight and the straight and the straight and straight and the straight and the straight and the straight and straight and the straight and the straight and the straight and straight and the straight and the straight and the straight and straight and the straight and the straight and the straight and straight and the straight and straight and the straigh

4. Historialfield is permitid stem branched, creeping: herver roundid or broadly oval, itins when yang, it-hickin, alterpty more data as a longer) than the levels axialize y and shorter (and sometimes terminal and longer) than the levels required free above her middle, very broad, canarinates, few-seeded y seeks readeds, seeksculate.—Honstonia roundidia, Mehr, J A. 19, 95, Perst J. et al. 12, a patter strandizing for a series of the second of the set of the second second second second second Anomic (Paurots) roundiding, DCJ, yoods A, p. 453. Smarty colis, S. Conjugal to Forburst and Longiant Bowering neurity.

Sundy soil, S. Carolinal: to Floridat and Louisianal flowering nearly all the year.-Leaves periscient, at length nearly glabrours, about half an inch long. Flowers (white *EU*) about as large as in H. carolles; the pedencies nodeling in fruit. Lockes of the corolls short than the iselast rube. Capsule splitting almost to the base.-The Hodyotis rotundifolia of Sprengel is also referred to H. tripervia.

§2. Orgin infimitualities, also have a gibter indice it to toke larger than the tot of a longing, which are distant in first is stranger and apple dimensionlessing and alternative involved are more an energer half preof \$1\$): another infinities capanit a highbor are work, the super half prefrom the outger and evaluation of the outger half prefrom the outger and evaluation of the outger half pretor the four standar rate presential heat of the outger half prephone on the four standar presential distributions equals and particular standard and the outger half prephone on the stars in the outger half prephone on the stars in the stars and the stars of the stars particular stars and the stars of the stars of the stars of the particular stars of the stars of the stars of the stars of the particular stars of the stars of the stars of the stars of the particular stars of the stars

 In De Candolle's sectional character, the phrase "Corolla hypocraterimorphas" occurs : but the only species of the section is said to have an infestibulifores corolla.

RUBIACE

HEDTOTIS.

6. II. propagato: terms erect a association terms of the social for bars when young with social meaning have in the social or wave. Incomparison, clustery methods, a social soc

3. lobes of the calyx lanceolate-linear, almost equalling the corolla; leaves lanceolate.-Houstoria macrosepala, Nutl. 1 mss. Hedyotis lanceolata, Poir, suppl. 3. p. 147

Work's main freer banks, Maryinal I Virpinia I Wratern Permy Vania un Ohnei to Alahama I Cannesser Jan Masarati Mysziahu-Sheara Maryina Maryina Maryina Maryina Maryina Mysziahu Lei inchen bang, in aine and alaya nar unlike those of Galiann cienzawa heli inchen lainy er glabrans. Mysiaka orang sentons. Could purple auriter entire lainy er glabrans. Mysiaka orang sentons, fi could purple Moles of the cality. Somera all central here may any sentons block of the cality. Somera all central here may all the source of blocks of the cality. Somera all central here may all the source of the source method. The source of the source of the source of the source of the source beerings. Galaxies for only at the source in the other source on-source of the source o

6. If a distant (Perr, 1: etcm smally management and somewhat exceptions a neutry globous is server metric thick, observaly i-merced in the casilies, emicidation of the server former thick, observaly i-merced in the relation of the relation and processing models of the server is the server period of the server is the server is the server is the server period of the server is the server is the server is the server is the DDC proof, is p. 622; Holes of the calvy, immediate, aphaetics, about DDC, proof, is p. 622; Holes of the calvy, immediate, aphaetics, about DDC, proof, is p. 622; Holes of the calvy immediate aphaetics, about the same of the server of distribution. The server phase of the server of the server of the server of distribution. The server phase of distribution of the server of the server of distribution. The server phase of the server of the server of the server of the server of distribution. The server phase of the server of the server of the server of the server of distribution. The server phase of the server of the ser

Bracks of rivers and lakes, Canada (Pard i in kerk, L_{outh}), Wichigan-Palle of Nigari and on the shore of Lake Ontarion heavy confined to limestone formations. Kestucky, Dr. Skort/ May-July.—Sterms 4-6 inshes high, often with slightly manipated major. Radial lawes in route late tarks, somewhat conferences the caulue pairs rather few and distants, above and knowled than in II, lengitis in the flowers much more nurrenters before and knowled than in II, lengitis in the flowers much more mitters but rather target. Calcy-tables, the pairs matcher that the of the could ish, rather large, Calcy-tables, Calculated Sciences, 2007.

• M long/file (Hock): r (almost): nems even, 4, angled with deserved meet long it leves that are or ablong increases means or ablows, therefore the second seco

β. tenuifolia: stem and numerous divaricate branches very slander;

HEDTOTIS.

RUBIACE Æ.

peduncles and pedicels filiform ; flowers small .- Houstonia tenuifolis, Nutl. gen. 1. p. 287.

Shady banks &c, Canada I (from the Sadarahwaw) and Nethern Bank Weetern Shata is then upper and multiple control of the Southern Banks. James July — Stem 6-10 Include high, usually marcrease from the same near however be studied, but with the angles, or of othern, mergined with exp statework along the with the angles, or of othern, mergined with exp statework along the with the angles, or of othern, mergined with exp statework along the stress rules and the same near the nearly within. Could much houser than the laster of the same near particular the same stress stress and the same near the parts, the nearest-laster and the same stress stress stress and week and the same stress stress stress stress stress stress stress stress a metry which and particular stress stress stress stress stress stress a mean stress include paint, whith mere distress nearesty lines targets and a metry which and particular patients. The patients, but were yeas a stress the paint strength synthess the patients, but were yeas the a mean stress include paint, whith mere distress nearesty lines targets and a stress stress stress in synthesis by the stress stress them server these stress the stress stress in stress stres

8. H. iterasphila: a highly sufficiences at the base, globness stema creft or assurgent, main branched 1; arcsev serve pararoval juscan, often with smaller locales handhed 1; arcsev serve pararoval juscan, discuss the discussion of the strained 1; arcsevel a curve, tapering to the base i forces rever numerous, in 3-4 times discussion of the curvelles of the strained strained strained at the strained st

Busis of trees, and particle are cost of Parinfa, Mohane / (Gorgat) (1007) b Kenney J. Manoral I. Lonsanni Actomptia and Article (1007) b Kenney J. Manoral I. Lonsanni Actomptia and and the second the second the second second second second second second Flowers rest numerus, small final glatescreptible, particular second second flowers rest numerus, second final glatescreptible, and the second second flowers rest numerus, second final glatescreptible, and the second second flowers rest numerus, second final glatescreptible, and the second flowers rest numerus, second final glatescreptible, and the second second flowers rest of the second second second second second second second in strations relation. Tapake many second second second second second flowers rest of the second second

5.2. Orthol metals, much aberte than the lancentate teeds of the onlyse, which representing and the instance and in farities, atoms and style enzy there: a solution and the instance and in farities: atoms and style enzy there is and the onlyse, which is a solution of the onlyse, buddling deliverate and the mushif: solution was presented in the instance of the onlyse lances of the only lances

9. H. Bosrii (DC.): herbaceous, or suffruitescent at the base, much branched, diffuse, glabrous; branches alender; leaves linear, acute at each ed. obscurely 1-nerved; stipules very small; flowers on very short pedicels; teeth of the calyx triangular-subulate, spreading or recurved, shorter

HEDYOTH-

than the slightly compressed roundish-ovoid fruit.-DC.! prodr. 4. p 420; Hook.! compan. to bot. mag. 1. p. 48.

Bockness of position and attentions, and in open grounds, Cancilian (Bower) to Louisians, Foliotetter / Dresmond / Dr. Corpeter / Monthalin, Dr. Hall and out humb, of Lee Washing, Dr. Linde in heagth. Flowers minute; the first startesty more than a line long, minutely scathures, coversel with the raffer atorical processing of the startest startest and the startest and the scathurest startest startest startest and the startest for the scathurest startest startest startest startest startest methods and the scathurest startest startest startest startest methods and startest startest s

54. Condition statis, much aborter than the toth of the calley, which are setted in Tarih, which the simulations cantic it immers sourcelly larger than the blood of the armiltar arthere subglobiose: style nonly more i signant abbore-governant, blood because with the table of the entry, nongrinota, localificially abilitions areas the samulti: scala very numerum and minute (100 or more is calse, call), calling its hold of the entry, nongrinota, localificially abilitions tarsus the samulti: scala very numerum and minute (100 or more is calse, call), calling its hold of the larger hold on scalar is the blood of the tables in the larger hold on scalar is of the la

This and the preceding sections should probably be considered mere divisions of the subgenus Oldenlandia, whenever that group shall be definitely characterized.

 H. glowczia (Ell.): stema diffue or somewhat erect, hirmching: even, birnching: leaves oblow or diffuencial-meetings, narrowed at the base, or alightly petioled, nearly glabron; flowcrs mostly glowcrette in the anisis tube of the clayk hirms, shorter than the overtee or oblow followcrebless—Bill, sk. 1. p. 187; Thrr. f. M. p. 171; D.C. prof. + p. 431; H. aniculain, Mill. Chr. p. 88; or of Line. H. undires, Lan. 7 H. glowcrette & H. Virginica, Sprenge, rgt. 1, p. 412. Oblesiation unders 1, p. 926.

Margin of wramps, and especially banchin members, New York'l est New Jersey's to Fordely and Learning 11 Janc-Ger-Serme 3-16 index high. Leaves half an inche to an inche hong, often sightly publecterst, sourwith 3-served at the bans, slightly very. Stipples on each side deft mearly to fits hose into 2 arbitate divisions, which are as long as the publes of method has on the leaves. However small, addom using or there is unseen shorter than the limits of the cattyr, while; the labos semiovates. The pland does not the lackshin in drying.

5: 6 An group.) Flowers predictory and the physical half from, Soleber membral larger shakes the As larcoche excitation while are even in fruit, with the invesse obsers; stanson 5, fischadad, instructure barrel barrel do conflict on other solvers; states and the state of the conflict on other solver; states and the states of the order of the state of the conflict on other solver; states and the state of the order of the states of the order of the order of the states of the order of th

11. H. Halei : glabrous; stem diffuse, dichotomous; leaves oval-oblonge

HEDTOTIS.

RUBIACE.E.

somewhat fleshy, rather acute, narrowed into a slight petiole; cymules 3-5flowered, searcely peduaculate; shorter than the turbinate capsule. Red River, near Alexandria, Louisiana, Dr. Hale --Stems 8-10 inches

Red River, new Alexandria, Louisiana, Dr. Hale:—Sterins ≈-10 inches long branched prom the basa. Leaves an inch to an inch and a half long, periodes, membranaceous, transate, with 2-4 short subjects appendages on each side. Pediciele searcely longer than the calys. Corolls white, about twice the longth of the calys-testh. Lobes of the stigram linear-oblogue they are the start of the start of the start of the start of the Heydynic (Oldenmind), except in the perturbations theore.

Houstonia grandiflora, punilla, & ciliata, Raf. monogr. Houst., in ann. sci. gen. 1860, (his subgenus Estrissa, which corresponds to Houstonia proper.) are doubtless synonyms of H. carulta. Houstonia obtusifolia, oblongifolia, and heterophylls, Raf. h. c. belong doubtless to H. longifolia and H. eislonta.

SUBORDER III. LOGANIEÆ. R. Br. (Loganiaces, Lindl., Endl. in part.)

Leaves opposite. Stipules between the petioles, sometimes nearly obsolete. Æstivation of the corolla valvate or convolute. Ovary free from the persistent calyx, or nearly so.—Shrubs or herbs, natives of warm or tropical regions.

In thus appending Logamia and its nearest allies to Rubiszem (which seems inwindle when we compare Ophicalina with Mirrows, a portion of Helpotis with Calorytips, &c.), we trust we are following the indications thrown out by the most Definited Delative who proposed the order or trust ($Agric t. Finiter, x_2, y_2, 664$, and Takairy Congo, p.48/j, lablongh it is all no less true than when Mr. Bown Rubiszov from Anocrynaeze.

17. CŒLOSTYLIS. Torr. & Gr., in Endl. decad., & iconogr. 1. 101.

Calyx deeply 5-parted. Corolla infundibuliform ; the limb 5-cleft, valvate in astivation, the margins alightly reduplicate. Stamens 5, inserted near the middle of the tube, included ; anthers oblong-linear. Ovary 2celled, free from the calvy, seated on a small 2-lobed disk: ovules 10 or more in each cell, peltate, covering the somewhat projecting placente, which arise from near the base of each cell : style included : the lower portion solid, persistent; the upper half membranous, tubular, deciduous by an articulation ; the summit cylindrical-subclavate, villous with rigid collecting hairs : stigma undivided. Capsule didymous, composed of two subglobose rather coriaccous carpels, which at length separate from each other and from the indurated disk, opening elastically by loculicidal dehiscence. Seeds 6-8 on each globose placenta, wingless, nngular, scrobiculate. Embryo nearly the length of the fleshy albumen, almost straight : cotyledons oblong .- Herbaccous, probably perennial plants (natives of Florida and Texas), with somewhat angular stems. Leaves opposite, ovate or oblong-lanceolate, somewhat veined, slightly petioled, with small entire stipules between the petioles. Flowers small, solitary or somewhat cymulose, axillary, dichotomal, and terminal.

This grow was shownering and published by the accompliabed Euclides, from the assess program of the P and published by the accompliabed Euclides, from the assess program of the P and publishes the first of the A and a the accompany former and the A and A and

 C. loganizides (Torr. & Gr. l. c.): leaves ovate and obovate, somewhat coriaceous; the upper surface with the margins and the summit of the stem somewhat pheroilant-scalprons.

New Fort Mits. Familia, Dr. Berrenz, I-sitten or branches, adorts fe blo indus lang, accurate langed by lines theorem from the leaves; two of the modes, means the standard by lines theorem from the leaves; two of the mather observations of the standard by the standard by the standard mather observations with a few strange obligate winne. Flowers approximally three together at the summit (the central new on a short policies), or billow; they stranged on the summit of the strange strange strange strange stranges paths of the constant, immerity servicing in their statistics, a leaves the billing stranges with the the theor coras-intercolars, acuiths. File strait assess? we than the interface police interaging and the straight of the constant first in spaces?

2. C. Terma: leaves lanceolate and oblong-lanceolate, membranaceous, glabrous; stem dichotomous at the summit.

Terms Drassmood i-estrem secreting: 12-18 inches high, deurglei will withermet finns, deriver her sonnen einer sonnen einere

MITREOLA. Linn. hort. Cliff.; R. Br. prodv. 1. p. 450 (note);
 A. Rich. in mem. soc. hist. nat. Par. 1. 1. 3.

Ophiorhiza Mitreola, Linn. spec .- Cynoctonum, Gmel.

Cally 5 Spartel. Could uncertain dimittation, according the city, beneficial in the three in the base of the Sparten Hintorican, Sparter S. mens & Inchedel, interned into the lower part of the down in the short, separate at the base, mitted above: style and the base style above, separate at the base, mitted above: stigment above, the short, style above, asymptotic the style shorted or a steps of the base style above, asymptotic the start of the short style shorted at the strength start of the start of the discover start in the short, a strength start of the start of the discover start based, a science, and the start of the discover start is start aboved. Science, we wall, own, manyous, minutely science, attacks explained Science styling in sign of the fields publicemes, straight a tradition of the start straight or start yies in sign of the fields public straight of the straight of the straight or start yies in the straight or start yies in the straight or straigh

MITREOLA.

RUBIACEÆ.

cal: cotyledons short, ovate.--Annual glabrous herbs (natives of tropical America and the Southern United States), with opposite oval or lanceolate leaves, and very small entire sipales between the petioles. Flowers small, while, in terminal accorption cymes.

Mitreola appears to differ from Mitrasneme, Lobill, chiefly in its pentamerous flowers—In both species of this genus, and also in Polyprenum, the pollen-tubes are often so copious, even in dried specimens, as to fasten the anthers strongly to the sigma.

 M. petiolata: leaves membranaceous, lanceolate or oval-oblong, scatte, narrowed at the base into a petiole.—Ophiothiza Mitreola, Linn, spc. 1, p. 150; Suartz, obs. p. 69, I. 3, f. 2. O. lanceolata, Ell.! sk. 1, p. 238, Anonymos petiolata, Walt. Car. p. 108. Cynoctonum petiolatum, Gmel. syst. p. 4.

Durps shady oil, Virginia i to Florida I and west to the lookes of Texasi Jonne-Styrt.-Stem 1-2 feet high, novembar branching. Leaves 1-3 tiches long. Pedancies terminal and from the axis of the upper leaves, once or twice dickonconco or trichomousour, the flowers ubusehile and unitatival along the somewhat circinate divisions, and solitary in the forks. Breats more than the source that flower. Copanies et al. With produced series produces an enclose the other or the source of the source

 M. essiliption: leaves firm or alightly conferences, overte or roundbuk, seniler the versus complexions: hearth_robustina Mitroola, Micharl, A. 1, p. 146 (partly); Purel, J. 1, p. 139, ERI, etc. 1, p. 237. O ovailiblia, Mahl, etc. p. 20. O. Cronnii, Cortici p. Heilmingt, in Bact, jour, nat. kirl, 1, p. 128. Anonymous essiliitoilia, Walt.! Car. p. 108. Cynoctomum sessiliitoilian, Gaud. Le.

angustifulia: leaves lanceolate-elliptical, closely sessile, obscurely veined.

Durp hady soil, and wer banks of rivers. Such Carolia: [Gergin] 1 and Alamani [, Mikhel Fleicka, Dr. Chargani Janes-Ang. 2-Nin 1 k-b4 Mahamai [, Mikhel Fleicka, Dr. Chargani Janes, Ang. 2-Nin 1 k-b4 the base, or digitly on the sampling the probability of the sample of the the base or digitly on the sample size of the sample of the sample of the the same or digitly on the same lines, and charge space. Suppose very small, these of the lower leaves inflation: Periodic size of the same line barge and near narray size. Alternative the sample of the sample of the same size of the same lines of the specific same of Walter, the first fortnik who distinguished the two species. It is Arkille Reishel, if we maintain the off for we ophistic states with the specific same of Walter, the first fortnik who distinguished the two species. It is Arkille the shear is the same size of the ophistic states with the specific same of Walter, the same size of the specific bart and the specific same of Walter, the same size of the specific bart and the specific same of the specific same size of the specific same size of the specific same size with the same size of the specific same size of the specific bart and the specific periage to M. samildida, which species this same size of the specific bart and the specific same size of the specific same size of the specific bart and the specific same size of the specific same siz

 POLYPREMUM. Linn., in act. Ups. (1741) 1. 78; Lam. ilk t. 71; Gærin. fr. 1. 62; Juss. in ann. mus. Par. 5. p. 255, & mem. mus. 6. p. 382; DC. prodr. 4. p. 435.

Symphoranthos, Milch.

Calyx deeply 4-parted; the divisions subulate from an ovate base, with scanous margins. Corolia somewhat rotate, not longer than the calyx; the

RUBIACEÆ.

POLYPREMUN.

threat hemselfs; the boles of the ϵ_2 -garted limb digitly unequal, eval. Sue mass A_1 incred in the three of the courth to awards in basics included: an then a highdrone. Over yo observe merely with the base of the edsty. =defined spice strength observed (array), entire of a spice or statistical spice strength increases of the spice of the spice of discretions, many-works. So show much, angled, highdrones, W-Hilby A avaired, howelf-disk influence models may charge significant of the spice strength of the spice of the spice of the spice shuftler linear lenses, connected on ortho high yan observe at piper insultants influence meres, orthogonal discregation of the spin of the spice of the branches and terminal, subsended by one or two pairs of subulate brack forcells white:

P. procumbers (Linn. I. c.)—Pursh, fl. 1. p. 99; Ell. sk. 1. p. 200; DC, f. l. c. P. Linnei, Micke. / fl. 1. p. 83. Dry fields and pastures, Virginia! to Florida! Key West! and Louisi

Dry heds and postures, Virginia to Floridal. Key West and Louise and May-Seys.-Sentus nutroevas, procumbert or scowariast meth, Seivery minordy seruitato-schwor on the margine, dras fasciled in the axial-Bartes similar to the upper leaves. Sognal with a great and irigid midfunel and the scoward schwarz and schwarz and regard midfune and the scoward schwarz and the schwarz and regard densely beanded in the 2 apper I block algolity horten, and reight midfution from it, hower. Sublims equal. Cognish between rules to schwarz and the arguer I block and the schwarz throughout with the warg margines useds.

ORDER LXXIV. VALERIANACE ... DC.

Tube of the calvx adherent to the ovary : the limb various, sometimes forming a plumose pappus, occasionally obsolete. Corolla tubular-infundibuliform or obconical, often gibbous anteriorly or spurred; the limb mostly 5-lobed, imbricate in æstivation. Stamens distinct, inserted into the corolla, sometimes 5, more frequently 3 or 4 (the posterior only, or this and one of the lateral ones being suppressed), rarely 2 or reduced to a single one (the posterior) : anthers introrse. Ovary mostly 3-celled, two of the cells empty, the third containing a solitary suspended ovule : style filiform : stigmas 2-3, or united into one. Fruit membranaceous or coriaceous, indehiscent, 1-celled, or frequently 3-celled with 2 of the cells empty, sometimes 2-celled by the confluence of the empty cells, 1-seeded. Seed anatropous, with a membranaceous testa, destitute of albumen .- Herbs or sometimes shrubs ; the perennial species with thick and odorous roots or rhizomas-Leaves opposite, exstipulate, simple or divided. Flowers in dichotomous cymes, at first often glomerate, frequently corymbose or paniculate. Corolla white, rose-color, or blue, rarely purple or yellow.

VALERIANACE Æ.

VALERIANA.

VALERIANA. Tourn.; Linn. (excl. spec.); Neck. elem. 1. p. 122; DC. mem. Valer., & prodr. 4. p. 632.

Links of the earlyst involutes after flowering, at length version, forming a phonome papers of numerons aret, obsciences. Central schemicsl, or with a cylindrizensu table, sometimes gibban, but not apared at the barer that indications of the strength of the strength scheme and the bare that when manutes (with no vessigies of the abortive cells), 1-seeded. Persential the bar arounding are calling plants, which due to antividual waves. Flowphonemat. Brack manually opposite. Contils while, sometimes blanks or proceedars. Brack manually opposite. Contils while, sometimes blanks or more-color.

Our species are all true Valerians (6 Pau, DC.), and are perennial herbs.

* Stems climbing or twining.

 P. scandars (Linn.): herbaceous, glabrons, elimbing and vining; leaves on abules petidose, ternately divides 1: the divisions owns or oblogorates, enfin, the terminal cope largest, mostly acuminate; flowers (small) in the branches: Functional divisions penicipate symmes, sufficient and second on one side, J. Intervel on the other—Linn. spec. (cd. 2) 1: p. 47; Wild, pec. 1: p. 180; J. D.C. 1 prod. 4: p. 634.

Florida, Baldwin / Dr. Leavenworth !- Stem slender, branching, climbing to the height of 4 or 5 feet. Leaves membranaccous.

. Stem crect : root or vhizoma somewhat creeping, fibrillase.

 V. spiontice (Herb, Banks); glabmas; steen slightly strate, simple; midical laws concer or obserge-spinitate, earlier, or arrow with 2 smill auricalate lobes, on alender petiolog; casilier cones primarly divided; the division lancoalse or outer-homeodare, earlier or obscurry berrate, the terminal cone larger; discover all perfect and similar, numerous, in a compact symmetlikes of the slightly are 3-5, minute; fruit oved), compaced, glaboras--Richards, in apps. Frankl, journ. ed. 2, p. 2; Hook, f. Ber-Am. 1, p-201. V. diolog: Parkh, f. 2, p. 777.

β. uliginos : leaves cliate; the surface also (as well as the stem) often minutely pubsecent; the terminal division frequently toothed.—V. sylvatical Beek bot, p.164.

Newfourdinaf, Easist. On Class-water River, in Scharter America, Schorther I, Princise of the Eacly Monitoria, for labout Ia: S^{-1} | Dressmedi / L. B. escarape, Editarcen, Verment, Dr. Robins, Deck Prof. Bay, M. Georger, P. Willianz / Lan-Schultz, Baber, Prof. Verlig from obligatoro and high-Davisions of the caline levers -51, Verlig from obligatoro are biaser-labout, modely see No. Child with the spectra product on the spectra of the caline levers -51, Verlig from obligatoro are biaser-labout, modely see No. Child with the spectra product on the spectra of the spectra (rate, a) are no larger than these of Y. dioise of Europe (to which Holser Halva the spectra based and the spectra of the spectra based of the spectra of the spectra of the spectra of the spectra dense of the spectra of the spectra of the spectra of the spectra based of the spectra of the spectra of the spectra of the spectra based of the spectra of the spectra of the spectra of the spectra based of the spectra of the spectra of the spectra of the spectra based of the spectra of the spectra of the spectra of the spectra of the Verlig the spectra of the

VALERIANA.

3. F. gamegines (Micha): gialinguis areas simple, derelate often desmutanti fait in the same and survaious granical leaves on solodor problem, or matter collest, and the lateral division small: a called leaves jalanced by 2-divided 1 the sarrary of the same simple of the same sinteres sinteres

Along the Alleghany Mountains, from Virginia! to Tennessee! and in the Western States! June-July.-Stem 1-3 feet high. Leaves thin and membranecous. Corrolls pale pink, 8 lines to near an inch in length-

4. F copinian (Wilk): plathenes, or pulsasent at the node of the orest angle form related and lower caulie larges on startly collect, editer angle for restore it lengths, dottary, or planneshy 3-a-d-folded the distribution of the startly startly and the startly plathenesh angle for the startly startly dottary and the startly plathenesh angle for the startly rest glatheness or a startly plathenesh angle for the startly plat

 Hookeri: plant larger; cyme more or less expanded.—V. paucifora, Hook. 1. c. t. 101, not of Michar. V. Hookeri, Nutt. mss. V. Sitchensis, Bongard, in more. acad. St. Peterbio (ser. 6) 2. p. 1457

Kotzebue's Sound, Chamisso & Eschscholtz, Lay & Collie! (Beechey's Voy.) Norfolk Sound, Eschecholtz ! Arctic const, Dr. Richardson ! 3. Moist rocks and islands of the Oregon, Douglas, Dr. Scouler! Woods in the Rocky Mountains about lat. 56°, Drummond .- Plant 1-3 feet high. Leaves of segments one to nearly 3 inches long, membranaceous, veiny, obtuse or rather acute at each end. Peduncles slightly hairy. Corolla whitish or rose-color, at first about the length of the bracts, in size equal to those of the nearly allied V. tripteris of Europe, gibbous about to the same degree and in the same manner; but the tube at length elongates and becomes slender, and the gibbosity nearly disappears: the fully developed corolla is not more than half the length of that of V, panciflora .- Like V, tripteris, this species varies with the leaves or divisions toothed or entire ; we have never seen them condute, nor does Hooker represent them thus. Our specimen collected by Eschecholtz, as well as one from Kotzebue's Sound gathered in Capt. Beechey's Voyage and given to us by Dr. Arnott, might as well be referred to the var. B., which we are confident is only a more luxuriant state of the northern plant. It is also a native of Kamtechatka &c-Judging from the description, we should have referred the V. Sitchensis, Bongard, without hesitation, to our var, 3.; but it is said to differ from V. of the Sitcha plant is also said to have a stronger odor than that of V. officinalis, and to be employed medicinally by the natives of the island.

* * * Ston creet : root fusiforst, fleshy : beaves somewhat fleshy.

5. V. odulis (Nutt. mss.): stem very glabrous; leaves all somewhat fleshy, pubescent, petioled; the radical ones linear-innecelate, entire, or 1-2pinnately parted, with the lobes divaricate: the cauling decity pinnatifily.

VALERIANA.

with linear segments; panicle clongated; the peduncles ternately verticillate ; flowers white (Hook.) ; " fruit ovate, compressed, pubescent ; the limb of the calyx at length evolved in a plumose crown of about 15 sets." Nutt .--Patrinin ceratophylla, Hook. ft. Bor.-Am. 1. p. 290. Interior of Oregon from Wallawallah and Kettle Falls, to the vallies of

the Rocky Mountains, Douglas, Nuttall .-- " Stem about a foot, or in the plains of the Rocky Mountains only 3-4 inches high. Flowers small, white, in paniculated clusters. Leaves thin and membranaceous. Fruit onecolled." Nata-This is one of the numerous plants, the roots of which fur-nish food to the aborigines of the country. The thick and fusiform black root, although bitter and apparently perioicous, when bakked on heated stones or steamed under ground is converted into a pulpy mass, sweet and rather agreeable to the taste, and not unwholesome. Dos.gl., Nett.-The following is evidently an allied species.

6. V. ciliata : stem very alabrous, striate, simple : leaves somewhat fleshy, glabrous, densely ciliate; the radical ones entire, spatulate-lanceolate, tapering into a slender sheathing base ; some of them often pinnately 5-7parted, with the segments linear or lanceolate ; the cauline few (1-2 pairs), sessile, pinnately 3-9-parted; the segments linear; flowers in an elongated compound panicle; corolla very short, obconical-campanulate (greenishwhite) ; fruit ovate, compressed, 3-ribbed on one side, 1-ribbed on the other ; limb of the calyx at length evolved in a plumose crown of about 12 elongated setse .- V. n. sp., Sullivant ! cat, Ohio plants, Patrinia longifolia, Mac-Nab, in Edinb. phil. jour. 19. p . . . ?

Swamps and wet alluvial prairies, "near Springfield, Ohio, Mr. Wil-liams," Mr. Sullivant! Urbana, Ohio, Mr. Samples! Milwaukie County, Wisconsin, Mr. Lapham! On the Maitland River, near Goderich, Upper Canada, Mr. J. Macnab (1834). June .- Root fusiform, often 6 to 12 inches inclined to become horizontal and branched below, bitter and somewhat aromatic to the taste, mucilaginous. (Mr. Samples, Mr. Sullivant.) Stem 1-3 or even 4 feet high in fruit, sometimes leafless. Leaves dark green; the radical ones 4 to 9 inches long, clustered; the veins somewhat parallel, but reticulated. Panicle at length elongated to a foot or more; the primary branches rather remote, clongated; the flowers, as usual in the genus, at first glomerate, but loose in fruit .-- The Patrinia longifolia of MacNab was doubtless founded upon a small and immature specimen of this interesting plant. That specific name is pre-occupied in Valeriana.

1 Doubtful Species.

7. V. (Phyllactis) obovata (Natt.) ; stemless; root fusiform ; leaves radiating, linear-spatulate, obtuse, hirsute-pilose. Nutl. gen. 1. p. 21 (under Phyl-lactis); Schult, ment. 1. p. 244; J.C. grader, 4. p. 632. Bare bills around the Arikaree village, Upper Missouri.—The expanded

flowers, fruit &c., unknown, Nuttall .- A very doubtful plant.

2. PLECTRITIS. Lindl. bot. reg. t. 1095 (§ of Valerianella); DC. mem. Valer. & prodr. 4. p. 631.

Limb of the calyx truncate, entire, almost none. Tube of the corolla gibbous anteriorly, spurred at the base ; the limb 5-cleft, more or less bilabiate. Stamens 3. Stigma capitate. Fruit with a somewhat coriaceous triangular fertile cell ; the two empty ones open from top to bottom ! each forming an involute wing .- Annual glabrous herbs (natives of Oregon and California),

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VALERIANACE Æ.

PLECTRITIS.

with the habit of Fedia; the stem simple or sparingly branched. Leaves entire, oblong or oborrate-spatialate, sessile. Flowers rose-color, aggregated in verticillate glomerules, or capitate. Bracts subulate, verticillate and involucellate, unseed at the base.

The flowers are, we believe, all perfect and similar; not monocious, as stated by De Candolle: the bracts are not multifid, but crowded and verticillate.

1. P. competer (DC): c could manifestly bilability the spin (or rather is fore portion) small, much shorter than the table : forwards in an out or oblog band, or often in verticilities (approximate or rather dismut) glomerius—D(r/l, c, r, Hook', l, B, Br-c, and B, P. Competer K P. explicit, Nutt. mass. Valerianella congesta, Liodil-l lod, reg. t. 1095. V, partiellar, Rouge and (var. Maniler flowers and narrower lawers, <math display="inline">Mach)

Banks of streams and moist rocks, along the Oregon, from the sta-short to the Wahlamet, Douglas 1 Dr. Scouler 1 Nuttail, Mr. Tobnic 1 May-Jans. —Plant from 4 inches to 2 feet high. Corolla usually 3 or 4 lines long-Ovary pubsecent with short thick hairs, but mostly glabrous when matury, except along the face where it is a helded by the incurved wings.

Yanov 2. P. macrocera : limb of the corolla almost regular, small; the spur (of mather is free portion) thick, longer than the tube; stem slender; flowers capitate.—P. congesta 3. Hook. & Arn.! bot. Beechey, suppl. p. 349, excl. syn.

California, Deuglazi –-Upper teaves semantines desticulities. Hereds, and expectably the discover, smaller data in the preceding to the boles of the cordial much shorts. Over and frain marry or quire galarons—In P. congress, the globous portion of the cordia, which we should prefer to all an animate spars, as determined with the proper (very sizeder) tube quire to the base of the linker, whence is it produced into a rather sizedue, but not how. In the based of the production of the prefer to all an animate based on the production of the prefer to all an animatic based of the production of the prefer to all an animatic based on the production of the prefer to all an animatic based on the production of the prefer to all the termine motion is more observe.

3. FEDIA. Manch; Gartn. fr. t. 86 (excl. spec.); J. Woods, in Linn. trans. 17. p. 421, 4. 21.

Fedia & Valerianella, Manch, DC. 4c.

Links of the calys worked and persistent, or shouldes. Tube of the costB downtime globous persones (in links hocks, register, or stillight perspelar. Statume 2 or 3. Sigging ansity, or 32-3-3-bited. Frist 3-celled is very 6 methods using transmission confluents into one), the short 1-actiond 1-method methy globous herits, more or loss disknowned above. Leaves about finant, swith, cantifier, or often todale or linked areas the horizon of the finant, swith, cantifier, or often todale or linked areas the horizon of the globourts or envelodel symmetry, white, more-color, or parple. Brance opposite, or somewhat investmentiature—Core-State

Our first section is almost exactly intermediate between Fedia and Valerianella of Mench and De Candolle; having the corolla of the former, with the fruit, stamone, and stigmas of the latter.

§ 1. Tube of the corolla long and slender; the limb slightly irregular: 40° mens 3: sligma 3-deft: frais flattened fore and aft, with a converbalt eresecta-shaped transverse section; the empty cells membranecous, inflated, separated and discreging, larger than the foreign cells cell-structure.

VALERIANACEÆ.

FEDIA.

1. F. longifuest tube of the coolin fillerin, many times longer than the limb or the over; i truit with a nearly oblication couline, nearly placeas, minutely 3-toothed at the summit; the testh which crows the empty colla obscure and incurvel, flower is glowerate coulines, heated inneolates, glandularly finbriate-servalues lower leaves oblong-spatialse; the upper limen-oblong, emine—Pletrinis longiform, Nut. 1 = ns.

Plain of Arkansas, Nutall/---Plang glabrous, 6-32 laches highly the stem several times dichoronous above. Leaves about an inch long. Corolla about half an inch long the (porplish) filtioms tube not st all gibbons about plates at the summit into a very small dightly ringent (white) limb. Stammes and ayle essential. Empty calls of the fruit separate from official cells.

2. F. Nutalili : tube of the corolla elender, twice or thrice the length of the limb, firminade with a small callong spheroisy above the middles fruit with a nearly orbicular couline, very glalerosa, minutely 3-toothed at the summit ; flowers in capitate expression vorte-lanceoster, glandbardy serrolate; leaves entire, abort, obovate-spatulate; the uppermost oblog—Pletritis spathulata, Nut. J. was.

Plains of Arkansas, with the preceding, (which it resembles,) Nuttall !-Tube of the (white) corolla shorter, and the limb larger in proportion. Fruit very similar to the preceding, immature in the specimes, flattened, concavoconvex or lumulate.

- § 2. Corolla with a short tube and a regular limb : stamens 3 : stigma 2-cleft or entire : empty cells of the fruit membranaecous and inflated, or rometimes nerviform.-VALEMANELLA, Monch. DC.
- Fruit with a gibbons corky or spongy mass at the back of the fertile call the empty cells large, senttimes confluent.—Locustus, DC.

3. F. élicites (VAb); f ofit compressed, ablique at length besider than the galaxiest in bary test discover on tons; the particular between the entry coils often importent; radical laseve poinded; flowers paid like-order test and the second of the second secon

Fields, Maryin, and Wightmann, Dr., Alikei I. New Orleans, Drawnsord, Doubless introduced from Europe. Junn.-Plane 4-0 increds high, dishetomotasis the angles of the seem pulsescent. Upper leaves sparingly totaled in the base, clinics, as also the barches. Flowers smaller than in V. relitsts, in small glomenics. Stigma of three very small associate as global larges as the enzype vells.

Fruit triquetrous, not growed between the (at length confluent?) empty cells, which form the anterior angle, and are much smaller than the fertile one; the latter not thickened at the back_Trigonocalls.

 F. Fagopyrum: fruit triangular, with an ovate outline, nearly glabrous when mature, obsoletely 2-3-toothed at the apex; the lateral angles scute, the anterior somewhat obtase; upper leaves mostly entire and rather acute; flowers white .- F. radiata, Torr. ! f. 1. p. 35, chiefly, not of Michz. Valerianella radiata, Beck, bot. p. 164, partly.

Swampy shady grounds, Western part of the State of New York! so Michigan! and apparently in Ohio and Kentucky. May .-- Stem 6-18 inches high, dichotomous above, nearly glabrous. Leaves an inch or an inch and a half long, slightly glaucous; the lowermost spatulate; the uppermost lanceolate-oblong, frequently but not uniformly acutish. Bracts lanceo-late, acute, with slightly scarious scarcely ciliate margins. Corolla larger than in F. radiata, infundibuliform. Stigma thickened, nearly satira. Frait much larger than in F. radiata, 11 to 2 lines long, minutely puberulent when young, but glabrous when mature, in shape resembling a grain of buckwheat, acutish, minutely and obtusely 1-3-toothed ; the fertile cell more than twice the breadth of the two sterile ones taken together, broad and flat on the back, the transverse section triangular with the anterior angle truncated and excavated for the reception of the sterile cells, filled by the broad seed: the empty cells taken together roundish, membranaceous, with the anterior groove very minute or none ; the disseptment thin, and apparently often disappearing .- A remarkable species in its fruit, which furnishes the chief characters in this genus. We have specimens from Ohio and Kentucky, unfortunately without fruit, which have just the flowers of this plant, but rather larger leaves, all obtuse, inclined to be ciliate, and the upper often toothed at the base : they will doubtless prove to belong to this species.

 Pruit not thickened or corky at the back of the fertile cell; the transverse section somerohat orbicular or cresent-shaped; compty cells as large as or larger than the fertile one, either contiguous or symmeted.—Platycolm & Belenoconine, DC.

5. F. radiata (Michas): frait oraid, pulsesent, obtasely and unequality from the standard of the standard st

B.7 leicearpa : fruit ovoid-oblong, glabrous, the fertile cell rather narrower in proportion.

Low grounds and moist fields, Michigan, Dr. Pitcher / to Florida! and Western Lousiana! 3. North Carolina !- April- (March in the Southern States) May .- Stem 3-12 inches high, often slightly pubescent. Leaves mostly somewhat ciliate ; the lower oblong-spatulate ; the upper lanceolateoblong, obtuse, often coarsely toothed towards the base. Bracts lanceolate, slightly ciliate. Flowers in dense cymules, much smaller than in the precoding, white, or bluish-white? Stigma with three short lobes. Fruit scarcely a line long, clothed with a short somewhat decidoous publicence, slightly grooved on each side between the sterile and the fertile cell, and with a pretty deep open groove between the two former, which however are not at all divergent.-This species is without doubt indigenous; and indeed is quite different from any described foreign aperies, but it has sometimes been confounded with the introduced F. olitoria. We are uncertain to which the synonym of Clayton should be referred; the character 'floribus albis' applies best to F. radiata; that of 'semine compresso' to F. olitoria.-Out var.? leiocarpa has a narrower as well as smooth fruit, but we dare not consider it a distinct species.

6. F. Woodriana: fruit subglobcse-inflated, glabrous, very slightly 1toothed at the summit; the empty cells separate from top to bottom, divergeing, much inflated, their transverse section nearly orbicular, much larger than the fartile cell, which is narrowive oblong and flattened on the back's

FEDIA.

VALERIANACE.E.

FEDIA.

upper leaves usually incisely toothed; bracts oval-lanceolate, acute, not ciliate.

Texas, "between Beije and Anatin, *Berlamiler's DC*, Garder Varinger der pentish, Derwands-L-Haltei of Y-minn. Leves wers sightly if a single start of the second start of the second start of the second second start of the second start of the second start of the second second start of the second start of the second start of the second second start of the second start of the second start of the second second start of the start of the second start of the

‡ Doubtful Species.

 F. chemopodifolia (Pursh): dichotomous; leaves ovate, acute, toothed towards the base; cymes naked, divaricate-dichotomous; filaments long-Pursh, fl. 2, p. 727.

Virginis, Herb. Sherard. (1) About a span high ; flowers the size of Valeriana officinalis. Pursh.

ORDER LXXV. DIPSACE ... Vaill.; DC.

Tube of the calyx adherent to the ovary, or sometimes free except at the summit; the limb various, sometimes forming a hairy or plumose pappus. Corolla tubular; the limb 5-cleft, or 4-cleft by the union of the two superior lobes ; the inferior lobe larger and overlapping the others in æstivation. Stamens 4, inserted into the corolla towards its base (the posterior one suppressed), distinct, or rarely with the filaments united in pairs : anthers introrse : pollen tetrahædal. Ovary 1-celled, with a single suspended ovule : style filiform : stigma simple or 2-lobed. Fruit membranaceous or acheniform, indehiscent, crowned with the limb of the calyx, 1-celled, 1-seeded. Seed anatropous, with a very thin testa which often coheres with the pericarp. Embryo nearly the length of the fleshy albumen .- Herbs or suffrutes. cent plants (none of them natives of America); with opposite or verticillate sessile leaves, without stipules. Flowers aggregated in a dense involucrate head upon a common receptacle (rarely in dense whorls), cach usually subtended by a chaff-like bract, and surrounded at the base by a very short closely appressed monophyllous involucel; the corolla of the exterior flowers often radiant.

 DIPSACUS. Tourn.; Linn.; Gartn. fr. t. 86; Coult. Dips. p. 21, f. 2-4, & in DC. prodr. 4. p. 695.

Flowers capitate ; the involuce polyphyllous, longer than the somewhat foliaceous and acuminate chaff of the receptacle. Involucel 4-sided, closely

DIPSACE Æ.

DIPSACUS.

investing the ovary and finit. Tube of the calve coherent with the ovary; the limb cap-shaped or discoid. Limb of the coroll at 4-def. Summer A Sigma longitudical—Bismini arect stort herbs (naives of Europe and Middle akis), hairy or prickly. Leaves opposite, often connate at the base, unwirked or incisints. Heads large, oblogo or nonbilit; the expansion of the flowers commercing about the middle and proceeding in opposite directions! Corolla en purple, values, or which.

1. D. spinstrie (Mills) stem, with the middle of the lawse and involuers, pricilly, middle lawse lanceabaceback, creants conduct 1: the uppermass lanceaback, modely entire 1 lawses of the involuers long and sheader, pragent, eared upwardh, prager than the oblight head's child of the coreparies target ing into long entercous flexibilit awa-lake appendixe, with a straight printmidl, dicts, mo 2; door, f., datter, t. (1997; FL. Dats, 1995; Earl, bot, t. 1033; Fursh, f. 1. p. 96; Torr, f. f. 1. p. 164; Darlingt, f. A. Catt, p. 99.

Fields and road-sides, not uncommon in the Northern and Middle States; naturalized. July-Aug.-Corolla pale purple, pubescent.-Wild Teasel.

D. Fullowen, the Fuller's Teasel, is sometimes cultivated, but it has never become naturalized in this country.

ORDER LXXVI. COMPOSITÆ. Vaill.; Linn.; Adans.

Synantherse, Rich .- Syngenesia, Lines. sex. syst .- Compositiflorse, Garta.

Flowers collected into a dense head (compound flower of the older authors) upon a common receptacle, surrounded by an involucre. Tube of the calvx coherent with the ovary and undistinguishable from it ; the limb (called pappus) composed of bristles or scales, &c., of very rarely foliaccous, often wanting or reduced to a margin. Corolla composed of mostly 5 united petals ; either ligulate or tubular, in the latter case with a valvate astivation ; the tube generally furnished with 5 nerves (or more properly 10 united in pairs), which extend from the base to the sinuses, where they divide, a branch coursing along or near each margin to the apex of the lobes. Stamens as many as the lobes of the corolla and alternate with them : the filaments (distinct or united above) inserted into the tube ; anthers linear, coherent by their margins into a cylinder (syngenesious). Ovary 1celled, containing a single erect anatropous ovule : style (usually undivided in the sterile flowers) 2-cleft ; the lobes or branches (incorrectly called stigmas) various in form, mostly flattish within, often furnished with collecting hairs; the proper stigmas occupying their inner margins, in the form of glandular slightly prominent lines. Fruit an indehiscent dry 1-seeded pericarp (achenium), crowned with

In the limit of the ealty or papers. Seed destitute of allumen. Radied both: exhylends fills or plance-course.—Herke, nerdy what or trees (forming about one-tenth of phancesyntous vegetation) ; with alternate or opposite nontrained by the heads, the central, ones entired eveloped. Flowers in each head expanding successively from the margin (or lower period) to the centre or apex, either all of the same of color (boundware) or the margin core different from those of the disk (Detrovehenson), the latter in this case almost always yellow; either perfect, polyagements or dislingers.

There are several terms nearly peculiar to this order, or employed in a particular sense. The head has been termed by different authors the Calabianian, Anthonian, or Cephalanthium ; the involucre has received the name of Common colur, Peridiminm, &c.; and the receptacle has been called the Phoronthium, Clinauthium, or Rachis : we have employed none of these terms. The head is said to be Acmogamost, when all the flowers are perfect; or helerogeneous, when the marginal once are postillate or neutral, and the others perfect or staminate : it is termed sizesid, when the corolla is tabular throughout; *Havlate*, when all the corollas are ligulate; *radiate*, when the marginal ones only are ligulate and the others tubular; and *follogy discoils*, when the corollas are all bilabolate: they are rowarcows, when the stammate and piatillate flowers occupy the same heads; Aderocephalous, when they occupy different heads upon the same individual; discissi, when in separate heads upon different in-dividuals. The modified leaves of the involucre are called scales. The receptacle, which is the axis of a contracted or depressed spike (and therefore very properly termed rackis, by Lessing), is said to be paleaceous or chaffy, when all the flowers are subtended by chaffy scales (bracteolet, Lessing), similar to the innermost scales of the involucre ; sessipalenceous, when only partly furnished with chaffy scales, and is surrounded at the base with a very short scaly ring or involucel, so as to present an appearance like honey-comb when the achenia are removed; Ambrillate, when the margins of the alveoli are irregularly lacerate or bristly; areolate when a slight or obsolete, often pentagonal, border or line surrounds the base of each flower. The anthers are usually more or less prolonged at the summit into a membranous appendage (appendiculate); and sometimes each lobe or cell bears a subulate or setiform appendage at the base, when they are said to be condate. The schenia are articulated with the receptacle, either sessile or stipitate : they are sometimes restrate, or with the summit prolonged into a beak; in which case the pappus is often, or can want samily, we introduce a synopses of its leading divisions; and give, an the commencement of each tribe, a conspectus of its subdivisions and given as far as they are represented in the flora of North America. This is the more neces-sary, since the student may at first meet with some difficulty in the application of the leading tochimical characters of the tribes, derived from the form of the styles and stigmas

CONSPECTUS OF THE TRIBES.

SUBORDER I. TUBULIFLOR.E .- Corolla of the perfect flowers tubular, and regularly 5- (rarely 3-4-) toothed or lobed.

- Tribe I. VERNONIACEE. Style of the perfect flowers cylindraceous; the branches usually clongated and subnate, hispid throughout; the stigmatic lines not extending beyond their middle. 56
- Tribe II. EURACOMICE. Style of the perfect flowers cylindrateous; the branches elongated, obtuse or clavate, externally puberalent or papillose towards the summit; the stigmatic lines obscure, terminating near their middle.

Tribe III. ANTEROIDER. Style of the perfect flowers cylindraceous; the branches 95 linese, externally fastish, and minutely and equally publicatent above; the stigmatic lines prominent, extending about to the origin of the exterior publications.

Tribe IV. Spectrometer. Style of the perfect flowers cylindraseous; the branches linear, truncate at the summit and pencillate, or often produced into a consid or elongated hugid appreadacy; the sugmatic lines rather broad and prominent, extending to the commencement of the appendage of havy portion.

Tribe V. CYNARZE. Style of the perfect flowers nodose-thickened and one penicillate at the summit; the stigmatic lines not prominent, reaching to and confluent at the summit of the externally publicle. A 5 1

- 44.3 SUBORDER II. LABIATIFLOR.E .- Corolla of the perfect flowers bilabiate.
 - Tribe VI. MUTINIACEM. Style of the perfect flowers cylindraceous or somewhat nodose above; the branches obtuse or truncate, externally very convex and minutely pubescent above. 44.63
 - Tribe VII. NARSAUVIACER. Style of the perfect flowers not nodoso-thickened above; the branches linear, rather long, transate, pericillate at the summit.464

444 SUBORDER III. LIGULIFLOR .- Flowers all perfect and ligulate.

Tribe VIII. CLONDALCAE. Style eviladraceous above; the branches rather long and obuse, equally publicscent; the atigmatic lines terminating below their middle.—Plants with milky juice. 0. 464

SUBORDER I. TUBULIFLOR E. DC.

Corolla of the perfect flowers tubular, and regularly 5. (rarely 4-) toothed or lobed. Pollen globose, echinulate, or (in Cynaress) rarely smooth and elliptical.

TAIBE I. VERNONIACE E. Less.

Heads discoid, with the flowers all tubular and perfect (homogemons) or rarely radiate; the ray flowers lightlest and partitules. Corolla cocasionally palmate or obscurely biblistic. Style cylindrical above; the branches subulate and clongate (rarely short and obtue), equally hispid; the stigmatic lines terminating below or near their middle, not configuent.

CONSPECTUS OF THE GENERA.

57 Subtribe I. VERNOMA.-Heads discoid, homogamous

- 1. VERNONIA. Heads several-many-flowered. Pappus of hair-like bristles.
- 2. STORESIA. Heads many-flowered. Pappus of 4-5 long bristly deciduous scales.
- ELEPHANTOPUS. Heads 3-5-flowered, aggregated in glomerules. Pappus of several persistent chaffy bristles or awas.

Subtribe 2. PECTIDEE.-Heads radiate, heterogamous.

- 4. XANTHIBMA. Corolla of the disk regular. Leaves glandless.
- 5. PECTIDOPSIS. Corolla regular. Leaves punctate. Pappus coroniform.
- 6. PECTIS. Corolla of the disk obscurely bilabiate. Leaves punctate with glands. Pappus chaffy and mostly award.

VERNONIA.

COMPOSITÆ.

Subtribe 1. VERNONIEE, Cass.—Heads discoid ; the flowers all perfect. Branches of the style elongated or accuminate.—Leaves mostly alternate. Flowers of the cyanic series, viz., white, blue, purple, or red, but never yellow.

1. VERNONIA. Schreb. gen. p. 541 ; DC. prodr. 5. p. 15.

Heads several-smary-disperserit; the theorem all equal and tabular. Investors induction, show that the theorem is also appear. Respented commonly match. Condit regular: the lobes about the length of the production of the state state of the state of

. Cauline leaves very fere I cyme dichotomous-paniculate.

1. F. objectybild (Michra): stem Achder, simply, study miked above: here washnood, only proteiners, publices on on the versis belowing it the miked near oral or chowner-bollogi, chemical-seranze, narrowed it the lase: the curline or distribution of the state of the state of the state of the border than the matter applies the scales with sprending countient to here that the matter applies the scales with sprending acountient tops. Matter 16, 25, p. 164, Nutl. (gam. 2, p. 134; Ell. do 2, p. 966; Laoi: to Life Matter 16, 25, p. 164; Nutl. (gam. 2, p. 134; Ell. do 2, p. 966; Laoi: to Life Matter 16, 26, p. 104; P. 106; S. 2, D. C. Depresona standing Walk do 2, p. 106, fill PPTP 107, 106; S. 2, D. C. Depresona standing Walk do 2, p. 164; fill PPTP 107, 164; S. 2, D. C. 100; fill PPTP 107, 164; D. D. T. 100; fill PPTP 107, 165; D. D. T. 100; fill PPTP 107; D. D. T. 100; fill PPTP 100; fill PPTP 100; fill PPTP 10

Damp pine barrens, N. Carolina! June-July.--24 Stem 1-3 feet high, a little hairy ; the root stoloniferous according to Elliott. Exterior scales of involucre loose, subulate, sometimes as long as the inner. Corolla purple.

. . Sten leafy ; cymes corombase or somewhat umbelliform.

B. protect of the involuers scatte or acuminate, some of them asually with abulate or filiform points.—V. prasalta, Willd.' i. c. (not of DC.) Seriatula prasata & glauca. Linn.' spec. I. c.

7. stem, cyme, and lower surface of the leaves tomentose; scales with long filform points.--V. tomentosa, Ell. sk. 2. p. 283. Chrysocoma tomentosa, Walt. Car. p. 196.

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Wet places nearly throughout the United States, especially near the coast and along rivers. July-Aug-JI Stem 3-6 feet high. Scales of the involucre brownish-purple, mostly citiate with colweb-like hairs. Corolla deep purple, arefly pall or pink-color.-JFrance.aced.

3. V. Biddwini (Torry): stem and lance-late servlate leves towershesp pubscent: your for fastigate, somewhat crowdel, heads 30-30-flowerds involvers subploon, tomentoe and plandular, shorter than the mature paper, squares with the very short recurved accumate tips of the apprend public start of the server short of the ser

On the Missouri, Baldwin! Arkansas, Nuttall !--21 Plant in some respects intermediate between V. Noveboracensis and V. fasciculata, but probably distinct from both ; the heads mostly smaller than in the former.

4. P. Interication (Mirkey): a stem arrive or growed): lowers manner types or contain, topicing and assess at each end, arrived and assess at each end, arrived and arrived arrived and arrived arrived

B. stem and lower surface of the leaves puberulent or almost tomentoes; heads rather large; the scales of the involucre mostly very obtuse.

y. stem and lower surface of the leaves often puberulent; heads small scales of the involucre sometimes rather acute or morronulate.--V. altisima, Natl. J gen. 2, p. 134 ; Ell. sk. 2, p. 269.

d. nearly glabrous; heads rather small; the scales greenish; flowers nearly white.

Printing and mole words, throughout the W-starse Starset I and set tuber genera, particularly are, $j_{\rm ch}$ the Scatter Starset J. Hindon, *Do Start* 4. Starticky, *Dr.* Start J. Hulp-Ang.—21 Stern tull (G-12 fiert, Nich) and Pierwer (except in blocks) and findigates, constitution is local and predicting dimensional stars and the starset of the starset of the starset of the dimensional starset starset of the starset of the starset of the starset dimensional starset starset of the starset of the starset of the dimensional starset starset of the starset of the starset of the dimensional starset starset of the starset of the starset of the dimensional starset starset of the starset of the starset of the dimensional starset starset is starset of the starset of the dimensional starset starset is starset of the starset of the starset is starset in the dimensional starset starset is starset of the starset of the starset of the dimensional starset starset is starset of the starset of the starset of the starset of the dimensional starset is starset in the starset of the dimensional starset of the dimensional starset of the starset of the starset of the dimensional starset of the starset of the

5. F. Januzii atom nearly glahrma, striata, corymbou at the sumfill leaves (toppercose) norrowly fanceologic, edogradu, searching dialorms, Leaved enrice, bash sides practicalizes cyran corymoloci-dasiginate; heads (shout 49) 1.50-05 flowred; Almies Targs : involvene cladage campanalises or turbismis hate-wrang, heads, howere than the pappors; the scalas all appressed, hatedhate-transmission property the scalas methods and the scalas all heater strange papers; the scalas methods and the scalas all appressed, hatedblater than the papers; the scalas methods and the scalas all appressed, hatedtheater than the papers; the scalas methods and the scalas all appressed, hatedthater than the papers; the scalas of the scalas all appressed, hatedthater than the papers; the scalas of the scalas all appresses of the scalas and the scalas and To. Januzi The scalas of the imperfect, consider on the Ackanasa To. Januzi The scalas of the imperfect on scalas and the scalas and To. Januzi The scalas of the imperfect on scalas and the scalas and To. Januzi The scalas of the imperfect on scalas and the scal

On the Arkanas T Dr. James I-T The speciments of p200. only of a branch or the summit of a stern 1 built is abundantly different four any other N. American species. The beads are half an inchin length, more clengated dian usual; the scalas bordered with an arcahonia whey as in multy other species, and greenish, with reddish tips. The coverholes branched of the informerone heart 360 preads, which are poolsy on admet period.

VERNONIA.

6. V. cangualfölfa (Micku): 1 stem alender, simple or branched, hairy below: I anves numeras, sessile or nearby so. linear or narowly innerolist, often pubsecent especially on the mildly benearly, it he lower remarkly servlist; the uppermost with revolute margin, modyl ceriest; even convinces of somewhat umbellingm, siden simple; beads 15-635 flowered; involuence currents modyl lower and heart-online, include and the source of universe mildler and the simple; beads and the source of universe mildler models and the strength of the mildler mildler has been univer mildler models. J. 64-64.

a. upper leaves slender, very narrowly linear, entire, glabous or scabnus (scales of the involucre either appendiculate or merely mucronate)—V. angustiólia, 821. sk. 2. p. 287 ; Less 1. c. ; DC gredr. 5. p. 63. V. fasciculata, DC.! L. c., not of Michx. Chrysocoma graminiólia, Wall.! Car. p. 198.

β. leaves lanceolate or linear, short, scabrous, especially above: the lower onces serulate; scales of the involucre mostly appendiculate.—V. scaberrima, Nutl. / gen. 2, p. 134; Ell. 1, c.; Less. 1, c.; D(1.6).

y. leaves innecolate or linear-lanceolate, elongated, very scabrous above; the lower ones remotely serrulate; cymes often compound; scales of the involucer nearly inappendiculate.

Dry new words, N. Camilian to Fiscilat (e. & 3.) \sim Lominans, Dr. Held (² Texa, Dramond J. Janes-Agr. ²² Stern 1.5 fee thigh. Cyner Benfry Fenney (mail) heads, either sample or compound, loose. Scalar of Achenia other gindra-Dr-The toney or profit for a Contrastructure of the format and the sample of the foreign sample of the sample of the sample of the foreign sample of the foreign sample of the foreign sample of the sample of the sample of the foreign sample of the sample of the sample of the foreign sample of the sample

7. V. conlifeliar stem simple, pubescent below, corymbose at the summit; leave to voi a lancyatate-bolkag, anote, seasile, sharply services voim, mearly smooth and glahrous; cyme corymbose-fistigiate, loose; the beads about 20-Bowered; involuter compandiate, much shorter than the papus; the scale svate, appressed, mostly acute or somewhat mucronate; achenia a little hairy, much shorter than the papus.

Middle Florida, Dr. Chapmen I also near Fort King, Mr. Alden !-- Stem apparently 3-4 feet high, and rather stoat, terete, finely strinte above. Leaves 3-4 inchesloag, and 1-2-0 runce wide. Heads rather numerous; the involuce and flowers much resembling those of V. angustifish, but mostly larger. Achenia glandular between the risks pappus purplish.

8. F. Arkmanna (DC.): nearly glabrous; som stout, simple, sträter; levve nurrenzen, lancolatt-inner, steut at at arkn, observety verient, servarenze paretter, especially above; heads 6-40, in a simple umbellform menty arkness her herppara; he seals very sumerous, lancedate, pubercent and glandular, with spreading or squarmos subulket (siya: achesia herppara-Del partie), simple and the spread of the seals very sumerous, lancedate, pubercent and glandular, with spreading or squarmos subulket (siya: achesia herppara-Del partie), at soil in the spread of the spread of the seals of the spread herppara-Del partie), at soil is spreading of the spread of the spread

the pippus.--DC proof. 7, p. 264. Artanasa, Natall J. Dr. Pichor I.-The plant of De Candolle (which was raised in the Geneva garden from seeds collected in Artanasa by Mr. Bourtheling apprents to the issame with source. But he dees not mention in the size of and then depressed-phones : and the policies are remarkably thickened at the summit. Corolla volce-pupple. Exterior approximetes there forces

STOKESIA.

STOKESIA. D'Her. sert. Angl. p. 27; DC. in ann. mus. Par. 16. p. 154, & prodr. 5. p. 71; Cass. dict. 51. p. 64.

Heads may-flowered; the extention flowers much larger and assuming the form of a ray. Textures highlows, here texture at the base, indirection di asceretal atende, approach the extention scales with a somewhat signaling for likeous efficiency singless approaching to timere oblage, somewhat estimates Receptated feely, naked. Could palmata, sprinklad with reviewa give blows is the margined most most design effect of the single scales following, termination does much design effect of the single scales following, termination with a based quadrangular assess. Pagewood 14 st domaschat braching permital lack's value to memory and hard somewhat the single generalial lack's value to memory and hard attempts address the uppermet space of the single scale attempt attempt address the uppermet space and send sense the single scale somewhat distarbing the uppermet space and send sense the single scale attempt address the uppermet space and sense the single scale attempt somewhat distarbing the uppermet space and sense the space sense the somewhat distarbing the uppermet space attempt and bard the scale attempt address the lower transport of the start of the space sense the somewhat distarbing the uppermet spaces. There will have a start water that the start start of the start of the start of the space sense the source bard that bards in the space sense that somewhat the start of the space sense that somewhat the start of the start of the start of the start of the space sense that the source bard that bards in the space sense that somewhat the start of the space sense that the source bard that bards that have the lower transport space sense that the space sense the space sense that the space sense sense sense sense sense that the space sense s

S. cyanea (L'Her.! I. c.)—Ait.! Kew. (ed. 2) 4. p. 491 ; DC.! L c. "Cathamus hevis, Hill, Kew. 57. t. 5." C. Carolinianus, Micke. ! in harbwas. Par. Cartesia centauroides, Cass. in bull. philom. 1816, p. 198. S. Carolina , "introduced into England by Mr. James Gordon about the

S. Cravina, "introduced into England by Mi. James Gordon about the year 1766". *Horn Kess.* "Georgia, Mr. Tainall, "is herb. Natl.: Conjugue, Luxiwam, Drawnood (-This is one of the rarest plants of the United Stars. This or receasily has been cultivated in Mr. Buist's games at 1966mic plant. The plant collected by Drammond is indevrenity calls of the stars. The plant collected by Drammond is indevrenity calls be defined in a star.

3. ELEPHANTOPUS. Linn.; Gartn. fr. t. 165; Endl. gen. p. 362.

Hoots 5-3-discreted, agreenoid into tempinal architecture of the discrete all equal and animits. Involves compressed the user also also its ful 2 areins, day, ablong, alternately plane and controllering the interior usually areneed. Receptone hasks or adsearch systems. Conclusion plantee (see of the finance heads or adsearch systems), the internets studies are interesting to the system of the system of the system of the systems. Thermessance damaged are also also also also also the system of the system of the system of the system of the reveal of event duality insists, dimed in the large - Sized permits have a system of the system of the

5 Pappus in a ringle series; the bristles straight and equal: glomerules terminating the branches, somewhat corymbed, involuerate.—ELEPHANTOPUS, Cass., Leva., DC.

 E. Cardinianus (Willd.): stem hairy, corymbosely branched above; leaves somewhat hairy and scabrous; the radical ones ovate or obovate-oblong, scenarie-serrate, tapering into a long margined petiole; the cauline ob-

ELEPHANTOPUS.

COMPOSITÆ.

long or lanceolate; the floral ones ovate-oblong, or cordate-ovate (usually longer than broad).—*Willd. spcc.* 3. *p.* 2390 (excl. syn.); *Nutl.!* gen. 2*p.* 167; *El. & 2. p.* 469 *l. Ecs.*, in *Linnea, 4. p. 324*, *DC.!* gredr. 5. *p.* 86. *E.* scaber, *Michz.! fl.* 2. *p.* 148; not of *Linn.*, except as to syn. *Gronor.*

In dry soil, Pennsylvania! to Florida! and Louisiana! July-Sept.-Stem about 2 feet high. Leaves membranaceous; some of the floral leaves often oblogs, and longer than the glomerules.

2. E. Souratous (Linn.): stem hirsts, neuty naked, simple, sparingly dichomons and converse the naked neutrino (1 − naked neutrino) (1 − naked neutrino

S. Carolinal: to Florida I Mahamai Louisianti and Arkansel Logy-Poort-Soft has bubble, mixed, or ensumers with a single furblew, rerestring for ratioal coses, and a small lineraduse for it each hibroxing or the single ratioal coses, and a small lineraduse for it each hibroxing of the values of the sense of the single single for the specilar values of the single single for the single single for the specitation of the single single for the single single for the specitation of the single single for the single single for the specitation of the single single for the single single for the specitation of the single single for the single single for the specision of the single transmission of the single single for the specision special wave not low it is to be dissignished for that a specie, where his hard protain the single transmission between and more histly involver i and wave the base hands are been special with the East Johan species. We define the same single single the single based for the special with the special wave for the special special special special special wave for the special spe

 E. zoaler (Linn.): stem somewhat dichotomous or corymbose above, more or loss instance; leaves somewhat pubsesture of nairy and exationus; the tolkical nones canciform-apitulate or oblanceolate, tereminet, tapering to the base, often period(2); the caulie few and small, lanceolate; the floral nones conduct-ovate, hairy—Linn. I.e. excl. syn. Gromes &c. (Dill. Elh. t. 106); Leas. I.e.; P. C.; Podr. 5. p. 66.

Near Alcanating, Loniana, Dr. Halt, --Stem stender, 13-16 inches high, with only of or 3 very small cathine lavers; the radical coses about 6 licebes long, an inch or a little more in within towards the summit, slightly seednass, and public sectors and the perimatik of India. You could with specification of the sector of the sector of the florid lawer and scales of the involuces.

Subtribe 2. PECTIDER, Less.-Heads radiate. Brauches of the style in the perfect flowers obtuse.-Leaves usually opposite. Flowers of the xanthic series (mostly yellow).

4. XANTHISMA. DC. prodr. 5. p. 94.

Hands many-flowered; the ray-flowers (neutral ? or pistillate ?) entire; those of the disk perfect. Involuence hemispherical; the scales imbritate; appressed, coriaceous, nearly oval, very obtase. Receptacle fimbrillate; the finbrillate flowering shows the length of the achemium. Corolla of the disk

XANTEISMA.

Solids, regular; the lobes erect. Authors not causites. Soly of the ary bases and simple, included within the toular part of the corsis, that of the disk 3-fold; at the summit; the branches included, linear, dwans, alighly and maintary hisping. Activation downs, searchy angle, phonesener. Pay pars composed of elongated unequal acuminate chaff; the outernover rather basters and anarcosy-hisping. Activation downs, and the summits in simple arom, loosely branched or corymhous at the summit; the branches ever and lengy, Couline leaves alternase, rather rigid (out dated with glands nor fringed with histor), sealie, oblog or linear, 1-norred, hitfly and searchy summit. For every subset. Disc.

X. Texanum (DC. l. c.)

Texas, Berlandier; in woods.—Habit of Centaurea cerinthefolia. DC.— This plant is wholly unknown to us: it is perhaps from the southern part of Texas, and scarcely within the limits of this work.

5. PECTIDOPSIS. DC. prodr. 5. p. 98.

Heads many-downed the thores of the ray in a single series, lightly indicates these of the disperfect, tubics. Invarionce epithetical-emispatility: the scales about 6, in a single artice, somewhat conduplicats. Reexplore inval-C. Coulds of the disk-booted, regular. Tangehes of the aryle emispitishedia, short. Actionic coward with a very short settless minutely about 5-coulds and a converbal lateraria papeas-a. A very small manual head, which is halt of Perin, marky ablows, branching from the sourcestaries of the back and the result of the source finged with a few biddees. Heads on short pedancies terminating the heatcher. Flowert yellow thus of the ray 7-6.

P. angustifolia (DC. l. c.)-Pectis angustifolia, Torr. / in ann. lyc. New York, 2. p. 214.

On the Rocky Mountains, in about lat. 41°, Dr. James !- Peduncles much shorter than the leaves.

PECTIS. Linn. (excl. spec.); Less. in Linnaa, 6. p. 708, & syn. p. 153. DC. prodr. 5. p. 98.

Heads several discovered ; the flowers of the ray in a single acries, liquidws piellitter; these of the disk perfect, diskins. Envircince are worked cyllicdrival; the scales 6-a, in a single varies, dras, increased and the equation large the scales of the disk balance of the scales of the system flam the scales 6-a, in a single varies, the liquid longer than the tube flam the scales of the system scales of the scales of the scales flam the scales of the system scale scales. Perform 6 much scales of the system scale scales, that for scales of the ratios (of the system) is in a single scales, that for scales of the ratios (of the scales) are scales of the scale scale scale scale scales (based of the range) meanwhat a calibrations, and friging with scattered balance flames. Heads an alter policies, or disk scales. For early splow.

PECTIS.

COMPOSITÆ.

 P. Jinifelia (Lim.), 2 and diffuely branched), have a linear, numerouse, dotted with large plands, citike with brides towards the standar minually heartendate pedicels, 4–18. doward a water of an interface of the standard standard standard standard standard standard Ack, altipriori-linearios, equal, choice data wanted for the standard and glandhar; papes of rather broad chaff, monty awards, the brides and glandhar; papes of rather broad chaff, monty awards, the brides in ry-doward standard standard standard standard standard standard 107, 6 pp. 6, doi: 10. 2019. Lam. ill. t. 684; Less. 1. c.; DC, predr. 5, p. 69.

Key West, Mr. Bennett / Mr. Blodgett !- A native of Jamaica, St. Thomas, &c.

TRIBE II. EUPATORIACE . Less.

Head discoid, with the flowers all tabular and perfect (homogeneous), or sometimes betregeneous; the ray-dovers einther thablar or lignalise. Style exjunctical above; jibb branches usually much clongated, obtaus or clavate, paberelate or papillose externally towards the summit if the stigmatic lines inconseignous, terminating near the middle of the branches of the style, not conduct at their termination. Anthers newer caudate...-Plowers mostly of the cyanic series (white, blue, or purple). Leaves commonly opposite.

CONSPECTUS OF THE GENERA.

L+ Subtribe 1. EUPATORIER,-Heads discoid, homogamous.

Div. 1. ADERATER .- Pappus chaffy, aristate-squamellate, or coroniform.

7. COLLESTINA. Pappas coroniform or cup-like

8. AGERATUM. Pappus of 5-10 distinct often aristate chaffy scales.

9. SCLEROLEPIS, Pappus of 5 obtuse corneous scales. Leaves verticillate.

15 Dis. 2. ADENOSTYLEE.-Pappus of alender or capillary bristles.

· Achenia striate or ribbed.

10. CARPHEPHORUS. Receptacle chaffy. Pappus barbellate.

11. LEATRIN. Receptacle naked. Scales of the involucre not strinte. Lobes of the corolla elongated.

12. CLAVIGERA. Receptacle naked. Scales of the involucre deeply striate. Toeth of the corolis very short. Pappus plumose-barbellate.

13. KUHNIA. Receptacle naked. Teeth of the corolla short. Pappus plumose.

14. BULBOSTYLIS. Receptacle naked. Pappus scabrous. Heads 10-25-flowered.

15. BRICKELLIA, Receptacle naked, Pappus scabrous, Hends 30-50-flowered.

. Achenia 5-angled, not striate. Papput scabrous.

16. EUPATORIUM. Receptacle naked, flat. Scales of the involucre numerous

MILLANIA. Receptacle naked, flat. Scales of the involuce (and flowers) 4-5.
 CONOLLINUM. Receptacle conicol, naked.

Subtribe 2. TUSSILAOINER .- Heads with the flowers heterogamous, or dizeious.

19. NARDOSMIA. Heads corymbost, many-flowered, somewhat dimeious,

20. TUBSILADO. Head solitary, many-flowered, heterogamous; the pistillate flowers ligulate, in several series.

21. ADENOCAULON. Heads fow-flowered, heterogamous; the flowers all tubular.

Subtribe 1. EUPATORIER, DC.-Heads discoid ; the flowers all perfect and similar, usually white, rose-color, or purple (rarely ochrolencous), never yellow.

Div. 1. AGERATEE, Less .- Pappus composed of chaffy often unequal scales, sometimes aristate or coroniform.

CŒLESTINA. Cass. dict. 6. suppl. p. 8, 4:26. p. 227; Less. syn. p. 155; DC. prodr. 5. p. 107.

Heads many-flowered. Involuence cylindrife-themispherical; the scalar numerous, narrow, somewhat inhibitested. Receptacle convex, chaify or naded. Acheina jaburous, bangled. Pappas convolution or cupilite, slight by toothed, or sometimes produced into one or two longer teeth or chaffy asses—Annual (projeal American) sumering herbits, white terest stems, and opposite periode and toothed leaves. Heads in rather dense corymbs, pedicialite. Flowers blue or numbe.

5. Receptacle naked .- Ageratoides, DC.

 C. maritima: stem decumbent, branching, nearly glabrous; leaves smooth and glabrous, slightly fleshy, ovate or oval, serrate, tapering into a scheder petiols; tube of the corolla sparser ly pubsceet with jointed hairs; pappus minute and coroniform, often with one or two slightly produced teeths sometimes obselete.

Key Weit, Fioriha, Mr. Bennett 1 Mr. Bichgett1—Leaves secredly an inch long. Flowers bloc.—We have seen septement of a very similar plant from Culas which however has a pappar of a distinct mostly mainter duff walks, and is disconfere an Agentanci is agrees with the description of Kunth A.² maximum, (from the same locality) as to the fallage, Ace, but not a now and Agentum an post sufficiently distinct.

8. AGERATUM. Linn.; Gartn. fr. t. 165; DC. prodr. 5. p. 108.

Heads many-flowered, subplotnes. Scales of the involucer numerous, imbinated, linear, seminate. Receptate naked. Corolla tubolar, distort above, Sobole. Banachead of the approxement of the secret of yoliance constant of these Achenia Sangied, narrowed at the base, with a rather large callus. Pappus of 3-10 distinct fairly scales, citier states-acominance, or obuse reduperintante.—Mostly annual (tropical) horbs, with opposite peticled and toobed leaves, and expressions balos. Elsows balos or balos.

 A. composides (Linn.): stem branching; leaves ovate, rhomboid, or cordate, on rather long petioles; pappus of 5 somewhat serrate chafty scales, dirated at the base, accurnizate-cristate; the subulate awars as long as the evolta (Bowern blue or white).—Lins. spc. 2-p. 839; Stearts, obr. p. 301; Skehark, Janobi C. 238; Hook. cost. B. 105; D.C. profer, ba. 108.

Contrast unwerks once of wonter______reners are a positive transmission of the Sockawir, kanadi to . 233 ; Hock, cost, f. L. 515 ; D.C. proof. by p. 108. Wet places near Savannah, Georgia, Mr. Curtis! April-Junc.__Found in almost every country within or near the tropics, varying greatly in the form of the leaves; the stem and pencides absorbing that coccasion.

AGERATUM.

COMPOSITÆ.

ally almost glabrous. In this country it has only been detected by Mr. Curtis, whose specimens seem to accord with the variety Mexicanum (A. Mexicanum, Bot. mag. t. 2524), except this the flowers are white.

9. SCLEROLEPIS. Cass. dict. 25. p. 365, de.; Less. syn. p. 136.

Heat may-drovered. Scales of the involver linear, equal, in a doubt wire. Receptace hack. Count tabular-information for storthed, gibbross. Emphase field, count tabular of the storthed storthed and Sequelta. Papers of a lunos howy alor or all and obtain scales, in a single series—A glabrons percential (quarki) herby with simple stems, protombern the blass, terminated insulty by a single heat. Leaves writellines (bein in a whort), linear, entire, 1-arcred (resembling these of Hippion). Powers pla papelse.

S. verticillata (Cass. 1. c.)-DC. ! prodr. 5. p. 114. Sparganophorus verticillatas, Michar. ! f. 2. p. 95, l. 42 ; Nutl. ! gen. 2. p. 139 ; Ed. ek. 2. p. 312. Ethnia uniform. Wall. Car. p. 195.

Shallow water in pine barrens, New Jersey (at Quaker Bridge !) to Florida! July-Sept.-Stem 1-2 feet high, very leafy, a little pubescent at the summit, as also the involuce.-We have a form from Florida, with very sender stems, only about 6 inches high, and the involucer nearly glabrous.

Div. 2. ADENOSTILES, DC .- Pappus composed of slender hair-like bristles, either scabrous or plumose, in one or more series.

 CARPHEPHORUS. Cass. in bull. philom. 1816, & dict. sci. nat. 7. p. 149 ; DC. prodr. 5. p. 132. (excl. spec. no. 21)

Species of Liatris, Michr., Nutt., DC.

Heds may-(alout 0.5) descend. Scalar of the involutes individual of 20 view, our as a linearitar, paper and the scalar (abscalar) and the scalar (abscalar) in the scalar (abscalar) is the scalar (abscalar) in the scalar (abscalar) is the scalar (abscalar) in the scalar (abscalar) in the scalar (abscalar) is the scalar (abscalar) is the scalar (abscalar) is the scalar (abscalar) in the scalar (abscalar) is the scalar)

This genus was established by Cassini on a specimen preserved in the herbarium of Jussen, with no hole or any indication of its native country, whence it has not ubacqueutly been recognized. De Candolis having added a second species, founded

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on the description of Liatris Baicalensis of Adams, which is said to have a chaffy receptacle, the genus has been thought to be Siberian ; although a third, and deubtless genuine species from Mexico, and subsequently a fourth from Brazil, and also given by De Candolle. Cassini's original species is without doubt the Liatris squamosa of Nuttall ; in which the chaffy receptacle (first pointed out to us by Dr. Chapman) had escaped the notice both of Nuttall and Hooker. On examining the allied species of Liatris, we find that all those with many-flowered heads disposed in corymbose cymes also belong to the genus ; which is well marked in habit.

· Leaves linear-subulate, appressed : heads cymose or racemose.

1. C. Pseudo-Liatris (Cass. l. c.) : stem virgate, simple, tomentose-pubescent ; leaves linear-subulate, carinate, rigid, closely sessile, nearly glabrous, sparsely punctate; the radical ones elongated; the cauline short, very numerous, closely appressed ; the uppermost pubescent ; heads few (3-7). in a simple contracted cyme ; the branches imbricated with very short subalate leaves; scales of the involucre ovate-lanceolate, rigid, appressed, tomentose-pubescent ; achenia minutely bairy ; pappus barbellate .- Liatris squamosa, Nutt. ! in jour. acad. Philad. 7. p. 73; Hook. ! compan. to bot. mag. 1. p. 95.

B. heads (13-14) racemose. Hook. I. c. Dry soil, Alabama, Dr. Gates / Middle Florida, Dr. Chapman / Also Covington and Jacksonville, Louisiana, Drummond (with var. 3.), & Pascagoula, Misaissippi, Dr. Riddell !- Stem about 2 feet high, very straight ; the whole plant of a pale gravish hue. Radical and lower leaves 4-5 inches long; the cauline ones diminishing in size upwards, those at the summir and on the peduncies less than half an inch in length, strongly appressed. Flowers 20 or more in each head, (instead of 6-8 as described by Nuttall), bright purple. Scales of the involucre imbricated in about 3 series. Chaff of the receptacle lanceolate, resembling the inner scales of the involucre, rigid, colored and often hairy at the summit, nearly as long as the flowers .-- We have not seen the yar, 3.

. Leaves plane, lanceolate, spatulate, or oblong : heads corymbose-cymsse.

2. C. tomentosus : stem tomentose-puberulent above, corymbose at the summit; leaves punctate, mostly nearly glabrous, acute; the radical oprilanceolate or lanceolate-spatulate, tapering into a petiole, somewhat 3-nerved; the cauline small, scattered, lanceolate or ovate, sessile, slightly appressed ; the uppermost pubescent ; brada 1-5 on each branch of the loose and spreading corymbose cyme; scales of the somewhat cylindrical-campanulate involucre ovate or ovate-lanceolate, acute, appressed, or with slightly spreading tips, very tomentose and glandular ; lobes of the corolla ovate-lanceolate ; pappus rather strongly barbellate .- Liatris tomentosa, Michz. ! R. 2. p. 93; Pursh, R. 2. p. 510; Cartis ! pl. WilmingL. in Boston, jour. nat. hist. 1. p. 127; not of Ell. L. Walteri, Ell. ! sk. 2. p. 265; DC. L. e. Anonymon unifforn, Walt. Car. p. 198.

Margin of swamps, Virginia (Pursh) and North Carolina, Michaux! Mr. Croom ! Mr. Curtis! to Georgia, Dr. MacBride ! (Elliott.) Sept-Oct.-Stem about 2 feet high. Cyme sometimes simple with 5 or more heads, but often corymbose with the branches elongated and much spreading-Scales of the involucre imbricated in 4 or 5 series, hoary but often somewhat colored, without scarious margins. Corolla deep purple. Pappus purplish-Chaff of the receptacle (often wanting in the centre of the head) narrowly linear, a little hairy at the up, rather shorter than the flowers.

3. C. bellidifolius : low, nearly glabrous; stems numerous from the same root, slender, branching above; radical leaves spatulate, 3-nerved, tapering into a petiole, punctate with scattered impressed dots; the cauline small and

CARPHEPHORUS.

COMPOSITÆ.

scattered, mortly linear; heads commonly colliery upon each alender branch of the nearly supple corymb is select of the involuter rather losse, bolong and obovite, very obluses, not margined; the outermost spreading; lobes of the collin lancedizate-linear, oblugated; achienia hairly; yampus demoky plucollin lancedizate, linear, obligated; achienia hairly; yampus demoky pludar and a strain strain and a strain and a strain and a strain 2, p. 133; DC, prodr. 5, p. 132. Dry samly hills, near Wilmington, North Caroling, Midowar; I Natial (J

Life startly inits, new Winnington, North Carolina, Michanel 2 Natladl, Barden Marken, Santa Markan, Santa Ghara, Santa Santa, Santa Santa, Santa Santa, Santa Santa, Santa Santa, Santa Santa Santa, Santa Santa Santa, Santa Santa Santa, Santa,

4. C. comploanes: term subirry, tail, noni, nonrewhat hintest-termentore; leaves nearly glassical term of the second s

Durp savly sell, and along the margin of reamps, N. Gaminal to Gregial and Pictical Sept.-Oct.-Sem 9-4 feet high strine. Larger somewhat fields). Journed or very alighty triplicared, sometime obsearchy protects: the radial cose 4-5 includes (are yet producity any start). property in the radial cose 4-5 includes (are yet producity any start), property and the radial cose 4-5 includes (are yet producity any start), property and the radial cose 4-5 includes (are yet producity any start) and the radial cose 4-5 includes (are yet producity any characteristic (are yet producity and yet producity and yet producity cost of the radial cost of the radial of the radial product of the radial cost of the radial product of the radial product of the radial product of the radia (are for eace of the lead).

11. LIATRIS. Schreb. gen. p. 542; DC. prodr. 5. p. 128. (excl. spec.)

Heads free-many-discusted. Scalar of the lavoiant few or monetowy individual, not trains. Receptable and lock. Condita hubble, the blow wandly-chargarde. Branches of the wy're much scatterid, cylindincoso or somewhat flatteness (obsecs: Achesian neutry terest, tapiering the blaw, about 10-fibled. Parjons of numerous (16-40) planose or lastellate middy-directed, neutry basis of the start of the start of the start with which imple sterms and a tuberons now. Leaves alternate or estated with "hubbled methods in the start of the start of the start fine 1-beinger, the start of the start of the start of the start with which and the start of the start of the start of the start fine 1-being start of the start of black.

§ 1. Root a globose mostly naked tuber (impregnated with a terebinthine substance): leaves linear or lanceolots, graminous, 1-5-mered, mostly punctate with impressed and resinous dots: heads in a virgate spike or reeme: involucem sumfields imprivate; lobes of the corolla lanceolate or linear: pappus evidently plumose, or minutely and densely plumose-barbellate. -EULIATRIS. (Euliatris & Suprago, DC.)

 Inner scales of the (4-5-flowered) involuces longer than the corolla, produced into a dilated and ligulate colored appendage : pappus very plusase, (Calcatelina, Don.)

1. Le degens (Wilk); stem and involvers vilous-publicity. Solverval platnows, pointest it is mrisical ones spinolate or oblanoscalas. Solverval the upper sulface ones linear, doet, spiroellag or erelated, often mucrossite wises of the involver linear, the order linear solution of the spinolate of the order of the spinolate of the spinolate of the spinolate of the order of the involver linear, the spinolate of the spinolate of the order of the spinolate of the spinolate of the spinolate of the order of the spinolate of the spinolate of the spinolate of the order of the spinolate of the spinolate of the spinolate of the order of the spinolate of the spinolate of the spinolate of the order of the spinolate of the

A. raceme compound (doubtless an accidental or occasional state).

Bry barren soil, Virginia to Florida ! Louisiana ! and Texas ! Aug-Sept--Stem 3-5 feet high, strict. Spike or race me compact, a foot or more in length. Bristles of the pappus about 18, in a single series.

 Scales of the involuces very numerous and imbricated in several series, without potaloid appendages: hands (few) explicit/act or slightly clavate, many-(20-60-) forwards: lobes of the corolla hirrute within; preprint very plumone.

9. L. sparraren (Wilds) T publement or hairs, or nearly glabous, ever heary interventions, choosen, in the sparrare protocols in the other most Sof-More policies, many-diversal socials in planticity, swith control of max elegated and pointed foliarcosen synrading a terminations: the inst the most sparrare pointed foliarcosen synrading a termination is the instrument synradium of the synradium synradium synradium synradium and the synradium synradi

B. Moribunda : heads numerous (20 or more), in a somewhat paniculate or branched raceme ; the pedicels, or rather branches, elongated and leafy.

y. compacta: glabrous; leaves crowded, very uarrow; heads several, elosely sessile, approximate; scales of the involucre lanceolate, with long mucronate points, all areot; the exterior linear and resembling the uppermot leaves.

 intermedia (DC.): mostly hairy; heads (1-6) turbinate-cylindrical, pedicellate; exterior scales of the involucre elongated and fulinceous, erect; the interior acutes, scarcely or not at all squarrose.—L. intermedia, Lindl. bol. reg. 1, 948.

Dy haves or analy soil. Upper Canal: In Fusida and Press 1(5), Aranas, D.: Lorence 1(1), J. 13, S. 24, S. 25, S.

LIATRIS.

COMPOSITE.

The presence of matter and a presence methy "events" in the start of t indracea (Michx.): glabrous or slightly hniry L. cyl 2

y. Dr. Hough-nearly confined h. Heads about very short, rarean Lattice Stat. year 1, p. 60. Dry woods and prairies. Michigan I (and N. W. Terrinory, Dr. 2013) Upper Consula: Illinoisi Missouri: &c., apparently nearly on the Western States. July-Seyer, 2-18 funds high. Hea an inch long: the exterior scales of the involuter commonly very fact Flowers bright purple. oliaceous. y somewhat prolonged or

petaloid appendages : lakes of the · · · Scales of the (5-30-flowered) involuere without corolla gladrous within.

* Pappus evidently plumose to the maked eye : heads 3-6 flowered.

4. Consider the state of the s

 We are providy indeloted to the kindness of Mr. Nicolity, for an examiner of human data specimens, and during startery of the comprehension by Upseuding Mission and the outers of the Missiongia, under the orders of the Steerary of the Conduction was formed by Mr. Otherk A. Orgen, an assoluto Germa was related used on the expedition. The specimens are very complia-tions, who was analoged to the expedition. The specimens are very complia-tions, who was analoged to the expedition. The specimens are very complia-tions. were unforti

with the leaves and involucral scales narrower, nearly like one of the forms from Texas.

5. La warronda (DC-): glabroas is stern slender, very leafy; leaves nervely linear, very warros, minaledy ponentast, the dovermose isognated, the uppermute short, almost watercous or sublatar, splite, loag and nerver substatar barras, 3-offerered ; actions of the narrow and screewhat cylindrical involuces flow, (parplish, the margins net serious), appressed, shorter theorement papers, women in the excession of the series of the start or the series of the start of the series of the start of the series of the start of the start of the series of the start of the series of the start of the series of the start of the start

shorter; pappus manifestly plumose.-DC. prodr. 5. p. 129. Texas, "in the eastern districts, Berlandier," Drummond! Western Louisiana, Dr. Hale !- Stem 2-4 feet high, virgate ; the slender spike sometimes 2 feet long. Lower leaves about 2 lines wide; the upper crowded, 2-3 inches, and gradually diminishing to less than an inch in length, and less than half a line in width, flat. Heads 4-5 lines long; the lowermost shorter, the uppermost much longer than the bracts. Comila bright purple-Pappus longer than the achenium, of about 30 often purplish bristles, manifestly plumose to the naked eye, but less so than in L. punctata .- Varies with the achenia minutely pubescent throughout, or on the ribs alone, or perfectly glabrous ; and with the scales of the involucre either abruptly cuspidate-mucroante, or gradually narrowed into a subulate-mucroante point; the latter bring more common in the specimens we have examined. The plant of De Candolle (which we have not compared with our own) is said to have pubescent achenia, and the obtuse scales abruptly mucronate : it may be different from the plant we have described, and possibly what we consider a narrow-leaved variety of L. punctata ; but that species would not be compared with L. tenuifolia, and besides is well characterized by De Candolle, under the name of L. resinosa.

6. L. Baykini: nexty galabrana; stem alender, evect; leaves lineer, purchast, the lower oriogetad, the upper short not advances us, spike vigatio, the heads rules cruwing's attachmently, or on approach positivels much shorter bows, searcely purchast, it is house a source processing and the search of the se

Nur Golumbas, Georgia, Dr. Baykir / Auge-Sapa-Bern-Jedfen tidel-Lewre arther zeartend. Spike 6-10 ionden ing. Heath half an incluihagen concelling the bracks, on very short pedicals if any. Inser scales of the Euler Scale and Scale and Scale and Scale and Scale and the Euler Scale and Scale and Scale and Scale and Scale and there as the preceding more so that any of the fallowing species. Heads there of the Scale.

7. Le complicit (Star): glateress term very abaders valical and been leave enough very samvely lines or anomet lifetener, acquired, and have very samvely lines or anomet lifetener, acquired, in positive lines (see the second second

B. radical leaves broader, coriaceous.-L. lavigata, Nutt! in trans. Amer. phil. soc. (n. ser.) 7. p. 285.

LIATEIS.

COMPOSITÆ.

Dry pine harrens, N. Comina to Geografi and Floridal. Angr-Ott-Sem 34-for high. Relical laware scennihing these of Pran plantists as remarked by Natall (a few of the exterior sometimes 2 lines broady, right, forming a close such in the manner of Xerophylum. Kaerner dongardt the policies 8-12 lines long. Flowers purple. Achesis turbinas. Pappus waredy planose to the naked veys (the briefles \$10-26. Line not spress of this section, the policies are constrimes dongated and branched, forming a passicalar informerse. Heady usually ongie small.

+ + Pappus densely barbellate : heads 3-40-flowered.

8. L. scenarda (EU); minutely pubseent or glabross; stem linder, decurvel; leves linar, abort, rahtor obuse, the inperotess bencilker i renew virgue; the brads all turned to one side, on alout mostly recurved and bracdonase policies. A 5-dowered; involutore evidinical; and also 13-04, with ilphtly startoss margins, ofne reinone-puncture; the exterior oral and vary short; the interior is long as the payone, oblog-linectofse, mercurat-serviminar; a chemia villogs; papora minutely and densely plumose-hardfullate. =26LI els e. 9, 2871; DCI ergonic, 5, p. 131.

Dry sandy soil, S. Carolina! to Florida! Aug.-Sept.-Stem 1-3 feet high. Raceme 6-12 inches long, curved, rarely alightly compound, leautifully unilateral. Heads 6-8 lines long; the scales appressed, mostly 1served. Bracts and bracteoles subulate, very short. Flowers light purple.

9. L. gravitis (Pursh): concreta thereous-publecent or serily glasmonic tensors, and advert, ample, bearing numerous heads in a long virgate and there is the series of the series of

a. nearly glabrous ; raceme elongated, simple, or slightly compound at the base ; heads (5-7-flowered) on elongated divaricate, or even reflexed, simple pedicels --L, gracilia, Parah, R. 2, p. 508.

A brokel 3-6-flowered, in a sheafer virgute memory on fillform more or less chargated divariate (or somewhat reflexed) periorks; or which the lower are furnished with scattered bracteoles similar to the exterior scales of the involuters, and merely bearing one or two subscales learned beals; taxles divergence of the state of the state of the state of the state state. The state of the state down, cylindraeous involution participations. Matter in jour, and Philad 2- p. 21(1) extent—L participations.

7: raceme virgate, simple, or frequently branched or paniculate below; beads (3-5-flowered) on short divariante pedicels, or sometimes almost sensile; otherwise as in 3.

4. inflorescence entirely paniculate; the branches simple, ascending; a few of the uppermost only bearing single heads, short ; the lower successive ly clongated, slender, bearing few or several racemose (3-5-flowered) heads, on short peticels, or sometimes alroust assaile; otherwise as in *B*. and *y*.

Furthermon, Georgin J. Adaisano, L. and Flericki J. Y. Adaisano, M. D. Boek (e) 4 Auge-CAus.—Shern 1-56 for high soundly chelder with noninear somewhat concerns pulsescence. Leaves rather fields, spreading, minutely denotes of the advancement of the sound sound sound and the sound of the sound sound sound sound sound sound sound sound leaves and the policies H is of index tong in Pennets, plant (in-rk. Boeks), mitty in nicht (ang (alcot the lengts for the sound sound sound sound sound dentry, bury very variable in the older forms. The sound sou

here arranged (3. 7. & d.) are undoubtedly different forms or states of one and the same well-marked species, differing in no respect except the developement of the inflorescence, which affords most fallacious characters in this genus. There is an obvious tendency to branch in the inflorescence of all the racemose species, which is manifest, not only when the summit of the stem receives an injury, but in most very vigorous individuals; an almost necessary result of the successive development of the heads from the apex of the stem or branch downwards, or outwards, (in which the plants with a racemiform disposition of the heads do not differ from other Composite.) which effectually preventing farther growth from the summit, the powers of the plant are directed to the production of additional heads, either from the axils of the upper cauline leaves, or of the bracts with which the pedicels (peduncles), especially the lower ones, are usually furnished. This is particularly exemplified in the present species ; which exhibits almost every gradation between the simple racemiform inflorescence, and a kind of panicle which results from the developement throughout of lateral heads on the otherwise simple branches .- We regret that we have not been able to settle the synonymy of several species in this difficult genus. Mr. Bennett, who has most obligingly compared fragments from our specimens of this and other allied species with those preserved in the Banksian herbarium, considers our var. B. as probably identical with the Liatris gracilia of Pursh ; the differences consisting chiefly in the degree of pubescence, and the length of the peduncles or branches of the inflorescence. As the (unexpanded) heads in Pursh's specimien are globose-ovate and at least 6-flowered, we were strongly inclined to consider that plant identical with a form of the following species; but Mr. Bennett, on comparing the two, did not recognize the resemblance. If the species here described should prove distinct from L. gracilis, it will retain the appropriate name of L. pauciflosculosa, Nutt.

10. Le grandafdär (Wilds.1): glabsman er paraulty larity steme thostipt i stemes finners, worders stearter, fi erroris, unsally cillate moris the loss with standard larity larity the lawermost elongatol, hashs 7-de (raty) devolution transformer and the standard larity of the standard topological stratistics, provide the standard larity of the standard larity individual standard larity of the standard topological stratistics, and the standard larity of the standard larity of the strategies and standard larity of the strategies and the standard larity individual strategies and the strategies and the strategies and strategies and the strategies and the strategies and wate is strain, with strategies. Hadd, then a parally larity larity larity strategies. Adversion strategies and the strategies and the strategies and the strategies and the strategies and strategies. Hadd, then a parally larity larity larity larity larity and the strategies. Hadd, then a parally larity la

a. heads tather small, 7-9-flowered, mouly sessile and rather remote, forming a slender spike; lower bracts longer, the uppermost shorter than the heads—L. graviniofini, (Part, 5: 2, p. 5067) Nat. 1, 29, 274; DC. 1 proir, 5. p. 130, (excl. pl. cult, which belongs to L. spicnal).

D. Bisaki larger, 7–14. Owered, (Yanica, 1, with the heads larger, 7–14. Owered, with the starter, it was a comparing the starter in the predicts sometimes to the starter in the predicts sometimes above, noneximum starter in the predicts sometimes above, noneximum starter approximates, see approximate, see as easily the starter of the starter interaction of the starter interaction. The starter is a starter interaction of the starter interaction of the starter interaction of the starter interaction. The starter is a starter interaction of the starter interaction of the starter interaction. The starter is a starter interaction of the starter is a starter interaction. The starter is a starter interaction of the starter interaction of the starter interaction of the starter interaction. The starter is a starter interaction of the starter interaction of the starter interaction. The starter is a starter interaction of the starter interaction of the starter interaction of the starter interaction. The starter is a starter interaction of the starter interaction of the starter interaction. The starter is a starter interaction of the starter interaction of the starter interaction of the starter interaction. The starter is a starter interaction of the s

7. hends small, 6-12-flowered, on spreading or often neurovd pedicells, forming a long virtue racence, sometimes compound or paniculate at the La virgana, Nucl. 7 in jour, acad. Philad. 7. p. 72, 47 in trans. Amer. Phil. 4. Theory, p. 284 (inflowencemes compound).

6.1 heads rather larger, 7-13-flowered, spicate, or racemose, with the policels short and erect, or sometimes with the inflorescence compound.

LIATRIS.

blow; scales of the involucre non-what narrower and less rounded at the summit usually citits. -1. pikes, Park, h. c. (wheth(y); Nut. i. c.; El.i. ds, 2, p. 27, "var. dubia" (the inflorescence compound below); Lindl, box $production (h) = 10^{-10} (h) =$

Pine barrens, often in wet places, New Jersey! (var. d. ?) to Alabama! and Florida! common. Aug .- Oct .- Stem 1-4 feet high. Heads as large or larger than in L. spicata, in var. a. & y. smaller .- Our chief doubts respecting the plants here brought together, relate to var. d. ?, which is very properly called L. dubia by Barton, and which varies between this species and L. spicata, while it presents no characters that we can seize upon to distinguish it as a separate species. The chief distinctions between this species and L. spicata consist in the usually larger, fewer, and more scattered heads; the more regularly imbricated scales of the obconical or obovate involucre, diminishing successively to the outermost, which are very short; the more hairy and shorter achenia, &c. We are by no means certain that we have correctly referred this species to the L. graminifolia of Willdenow, which appears to have been derived from Muhlenberg; in whose herbarium several species are mingled under this name. Our remarks upon the inflorescence of the preceding, apply equally to the present species; and it may also be remarked, that the heads of the compound portion of the inflorescence are frequently smaller and fewer-flowered than the others. We have an interesting variety, or state, sent from Middle Florida by Dr. Chapman ; a plant at least six feet high, the inflorescence of which exceeds three feet in length, consisting of a deuse virgate raceme (more than 2 feet long) of crowded heads, on spreading or recurved pedicels not larger than the heads themselves, which at the apex are as large as is usual in this species, but very gradually diminish in size towards the base; below the inflorescence is compound, consisting of numerous filiform branches, 2-4 inches long; bearing several mostly sessile heads, which are seldom more than half the size of those at the summit of the raceme.-In a single cultivated specimen of the paniculate state of this species, Mr. Nuttall (Trans. Amer. phil. soc. l. c.) remarked chaffy scales intermixed among the flowers. This accidental occurrence, however, will hardly be thought to overthrow a genus so well marked by habit as Carphephorus proves to be-

11. L. projetat (Wilk): glabona, or rarely palesent; stern itrice, way depresent interactions, active plane raises of the super cost plane base of the constraints of bases if the super cost and the super cost of the super cos

B. heads about 5-flowered; plant smaller.-L. resinosa, Nutl. 1 gen. 2, p. 131, not of DC.

Moist ground, Michigan! and New Jersey! to Florida! and Louisians! courson. Aug-Oct.-Stem 2-5 feet high. Leaves often hairy on the nerves, spreading or somewhat erect. Spike 5-15 inches long; the heads you. u-10 sessile on nearly so, mostly crowded, about half an inch in length; lower branes honger, the apper much shorter than the heads. Flowers hight purpic. Achenia about the length of the pappa, —The number of flowers in the head is available. (Mr. G. Watson has discovered, and Philadelphia, a state of this plant with pale pink, or sometimes pure white flowers.)—Balton-Snade-root.

19. Le prostatology "Lineau ce ranty planeau, sem stat, stict, regy heyr levy inerv stor, right concy sensitive, and gardy changes at the basis the finded and lowercose stoggard, hancelate, obtas, 5-3-arcred; the probation and model, versionly linear gards of the state of the

s. stem densely hirsute ; leaves more or less hairy ; scales of the involuce strongly ciliate, often glandular.

3. stem, leaves, and involucre nearly glabrous.-L. brachystachya, Nutl.! in jour. acad. Philad. 7. p. 72.

Prairies of Ullinos' Moscowi? Acknows Lonsistant & Texas' (not extend ing castword beyond the Allegianty Monatany, May, Cort.-Stem 3-5-64 the high strates, stone. Spike very dense, cylindrical, and 13-16 incident band dense. Herels eventhing or exceeding theor of L. more than the more bands. The strategies and the strategies of the strategies of the dense. Herels eventhing or exceeding theor of L. more than the dense. Herels eventhing or exceeding theor of L. more than the strategies of the st

13. L. plion (Wild.): more of less pubsicarity with long scattered hairy can storig less linear or linear-necessite, closed, and support linear storig less stories and linear stories and and involvere glabroux, see purchase, esciption of the tarbinant or error extent arrowing oblegations, see purchase, esciption of the stories public percent, search as long as the densely barbeline (almost planes) pages and definition of the stories of the stories of the stories public percent, search as long as the densely barbeline (almost planes) pages definition of the stories of the stories of the stories planes. Search planes definition of the stories of the stories of the stories of the stories planes. Adv. J. Stor. (et al.) S. p. 138.

"North America : introduced [into the Kew garden] 1783, by Mr. Wm-Young." Hort. Kew. L c. On Seven-mile Mountain (in the Alleghanics). Virginia, Mr. Read ! (in herb. Acad. Philad.)-Plant nearly as soun as Le scariosa. Heads somewhat scattered, 8-10 lines long, on pedicels which vary in length from 1-3 inches, or are sometimes shorter than the head-Interior scales of the involucre narrow, rather acute, about half an inch long. Achenia and pappus nearly equal in size to L. scariosa .- Our description is drawn from our own memoranda upon an authentic specimen in the Banksian herbarium, and from fuller notes kindly communicated by Mr. Bennett; also from a plant collected in the mountains of Virginia by Mr. Read. the only native specimen we have met with, which accords so well with the original plant as to leave no reasonable doubt of their identity. It has long since disappeared from the English gardens; and being probably a very rare or local species, the name and insufficient character of the Hortus Kewcosis have been generally assigned to a very different plant. The character of Pursh's L. pilosa is not inapplicable to the true species ; but the habitat he gives, the size of the heads, &c. do not accord. That of De Candolle is chiefly derived from the detailed description of Elliott, which is entirely drawn from a specimen of the New Jerscy plant, as is proved by his her-

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barium. The L. pilosa 3. lavicaulis, DC. is identical with L. spicata y.

14. L. ranzina (Willa): term stort, more or less pubsecot: I tarva limate ordent, pubsecot and galances, obscury (if at all purcase with impresed dot: the entriest and hower near transfer [less entriest, obscury-interesting; or dentitiest, and the entriest of the entriest of the entriest of the limitence very numerous, obscure or spatiality, hypothesis, other purchases, there entriest and the entriest of the entriest of the entriest of limitence very numerous, obscure or spatiality, hypothesis, other motions are entriest in the spatiality of symptomic the hower three obscurest on the entriest of the entriest of the entriest of motions are entriest in the spatiality of symptomic the hower for the entriest of the entriest of the entriest of the entriest of the motions. Archoir (4, R. et al. p. p. 306). Les quarrations, merers, & sphine entriest, Archoir (4, B. et al. p. p. 306). Les quarrations, and the entriest entriest. Archoir (4, B. et al. p. p. 306). Les quarrations, and the entriest entriest. Archoir (4, B. et al. p. p. 306). Les quarrations, and the entriest entriest. Archoir (4, B. et al. p. p. 306). Les quarrations, and the entriest entriest. Archoir (4, B. et al. p. p. 306). Les quarrations and the entriest entriest and the entriest of the entriest of the entriest of the entriest entriest. The entriest of the entriest of the entriest of the entriest of the entriest entriest. The entriest of the entriest

. Dry, neurily, analy soli, from the Sakatacharwan and Upper Gameli to Several A Trass 1 App-Cart-Born 1 de for high Height Lordinaria A Trass 1 App-Cart-Born 1 de for high Linguistant and the several structure of the se

 L. heterophylla (R. Brown): leaves lanceolate, smooth and glabrous; the upper ones linear-lanceolate and much smaller; heads spicate, on very short peduacles; scales of the involucre lanceolate, squarrose, naked.—R. Br. in Ait. Key, et al. 24, p. 503.

. "Notice of N. American cash, 1790, by Mr. William Maledan F. P. Articland A. 2006. The S. - 11 S. Schulman M. Greegle, Party R. Herner, P. Artick, S. Schult, S. S

 L. pauciflora (Parsh): stem simple, glabrous: leaves linear: panicle virgate, leafy: the branches short, bearing few subsessile second 3-5-flowered heads, scales of the involucre erect, lanceolate, acute, glabrous. Pursh, J. 2, p. 510.

In Grown, Barttone (kerk, Barke), Flawere small, the size of No. 4, (which is L. Leromyb (lat.), Paraka—We have remainted the denarcet of Parah, merely champing the name earlys' to involuce, Ac. This still Provide the second state of the second state of the same division with L planiculata Ac, where Parah places it for, according to Mr. Bennett wemarks upon the speciment, when primary branches the indirection (which has the specime) where the primary branches of the indirectence (which where the speciment, when primary branches) of the indirectence (which where the speciment, when the speciment of the indirectence (which has the speciment) when the speciment of the speciment of the indirectence (which has the speciment) when the speciment of is 7 or 8 inches long.) are not corymbose but simple, slender, from an inch and a half to two inches in length, subscreet, and each bearing 3 to 4 subscrsible securd (bocale or subscriptionic) capitula : the outer scales of the involucre are less than half the length of the inpermost; their shape and the number of Bowers in each are accurately noted by Purch."

§ 2. Suffrutions: branches and heads corymbose: leaves oboutte, punctionlate: scales of the few-flowered involuere few, imbricated : lobs of the corolla lanceolate: poppus unequal, barbellate.-Leprocession, Nutt.

17. Le fraiteon (Nutl.): glabours: branches naked above, lowes paper labeobavas, powyless, entire; hand about 5-fawered i involute cylindiri eni-empanulate, much aborer han the pappas; the scales (19-14) lances labs, scatte, or accuminate, spiraled with reasons globules; a chotnin willowspubsecent—Natt. in Stil. jour. 5, p. 290, § in trans. Amer. phil. sec (a, scr.) 7, p. 285.

East Finding, Mr. Were 's-Leaves senseed, the lower opposite, the upper alternate, Notl Johott an itel hong, similar in hange run hose of the common Pursiance. Scales of the involvers imbriened in about Serfers in the excited solvers and more accurates the innerrows milles lower base the achieving states and more accurates the innerrows. Corollo pursue, Papper of which, are mostly alines in length. Corollo pursue, Papper of which, are mostly alines in length. Corollo pursue, Papper of which, are mostly argues with those of L. seriosa, and are about the same data the receptiscic length same as in other flow-diversed appears.

§ 3. Rost a short rhizma or cander? Larse dilated, obenite, spatialito lanceolate, moundant triplic-research or winds, and purchate with impressed data koola corgundane or paniculate-spanae, small frae-flowered: solated the involvers fram and tightly invisitants' correct according data the block short, contex: pappar minutely barbellate.—Thatasa, Cana, DC, (seet. apec.)

19. Lo advantational (Wilds): a failwares, lowers somewhat glacents, elesared y-vincid, the metical one observato-aparalises, page-rapid the base, effect slightly and observed y tooktad; the canine observa, classing at the base, effect slightly main diversely tooktad; the canine observat, classing at the base, effect wilds, 1 apres. 3, p. 1007. Showing, glassidiar: a behavior science of Wilds, 1 apres. 3, p. 1007. Showing, glassidiar: a behavior science of Wilds, 1 apres. 3, p. 1007. Showing, glassidiar: a base problem Wilds, 1 apres. 3, p. 1007. Showing, glassidiar: a base problem Wilds, 1 apres. 3, p. 1007. Showing, glassidiar: a base problem Wilds, 1 apres. 3, p. 1007. Showing, 2018. Also, 3, p. 005. DOI: (providp. 1017. Dans, in Drift, J. gerd, Lere, 3), L 184. Anonymes characteristic Wilds, Carp. 1-108. This observations, Cass, diel, 55, p. 300.

Pite barren, Viegnis (Narrelf) ne Plenis divisione present Louisaret Sequ-Ott-Sheen Sel 46t high cymbios at the sammi. Lawse thick, tripliservel, or with sevent veries proceeding from the middhis it for which in a days the upper small and scattered. Howers bright purple which in a days to The leaves when braised exhibe the oldr of Vanillamer, Vanillegand, they result for many years; whence the popular

19. Lo posicialita (Wild.): stem ciolade via viscial hain; lawes 36herved, mostly plathous it be ratical cases qualitations, maring into a margined petiole; the canline very small and noncorrelative thereafter outsidentical states and a state of the state of the state of the noncross, sagregared into a dense oblog particle; heads 4-16 (commonly visci) 9-1 flowered; cashes of the involuce: harvestee or linear-oblogy, visci) 4

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achenia minutely pubescent.— Willd. ! spec. 3. p. 1637 ; Mickr. ! I. c. ; Parah, I. c. ; Natt. ! gen. 9. p. 139 ; Ell. sh. 2. p. 283 ; DC ! I. c. Anonymos panieniatus, Walt. I Car. p. 198.

Moist pine barrens, Virginia to Florida! common. Sept-Oct.—Stem 1-2 feet high, virgate, purplish, somewhat villous or hirsute with gluthous hairs. Cruinie leaves very small, appressed, almost imbricated. Heads as large as in the preceding species. Corolla purple, sometimes almost whits. The scales of the involuce vary from 6 to 16, and the flowers from 4 to 10.

L. Acrosses of D. Thomas, in S.U. jour. 97. p. 338 (1839), is either L. cylindrases or a reduced L. squarross, it is impossible to determine which from the imperiest description and figure.

12. CLAVIGERA. DC. prodr. 5. p. 127.

Heads 5-20-discreted. Scalar of the involver invitant in several artictizing the activity or phott; the insurance lengated, linear. Resepted arrays, nakel. Could rubant, disired at the base, not equaded above, built at the base; the invasion entering on the start of the several link at the base; the invasion entering on the start of the several link at the base; the invasion entering on the start of the several link at the base; the invasion entering on the start of the several link at the base; the invasion entering on the start of the several link at the base; the invasion entering on the start of the start link at the start of the start of the start of the start link at the start of the start the start of the start of the start of the start of the start the start of the start of the start of the start of the start the start of the start of the start of the start of the start start the start of the start of the start of the start of the start start the start of the start number. Hence we hadden

⁶ A genus intermediate between Kahnis and Liatris [but much poster the forwer), dislotted, an account of the appearies heing all nutries of Messico. Is Pone, Xav: Clarigren, who wrote upon the nutural as well as the civil history of Messico² discovery of the state of the localities of C. seoparity, but this is probably a minake; and much conduction is and the oxisit respecting the localize of Thunker plant.

 C. destata (DC.): pubescent, cinereous, shrubby; leaves oral-oblong, loadied, here and there somewisat lobed at the apex; branchies leavy, bearing one or few heads disposed in a narrow panicle; heads 12-dowered seates of the involucer linear-increolate, accuminate, ciliate, somewhat scarioos at the apex, more cless straits. DC. I. c.

Texas, in the caster districts (Caromancheries), and about Bexar, Berlandier, ex. DC_{-} —This species perhaps hardly comes within the preserbled limits of our Flora. We introduce it for comparison with the following, spparently different, species.

2. C. Riddelli i akrubby i the branches cincerous and minutely pubercent larves about-inneroids, obscurity ponetast; the hower cost rupicadevel a tricular-cincle hereach multi multi branch form the middle to the approx instant inneroid and and the second state of the second approx instant inneroids, and and in leasy spike or thyran terminating the virgue harachest scale of the involvere pubereau and glendular, ariates obtaux, solidan muremant; the exterior ovate; the inner lancolateiana. dishthy avaining at the next.

Interior of Tesas, Dr. Raidell - A much branched skruh, 4-6 feet high-Lower leaves slightly patibled. Spike or newne nearly simple, demo, virgues; the heads acarely exceeding the leaves from the axis of which they using the lower ones flowering earliest. Branches of the style parity exsented, clavate, Achenia about 10-straisc.

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13. KUHNIA. Linn. spec. ed. 2. appx. p. 1662; Vent. Cels. t. 91.

Kuhnia & Strigia, DC .- Critonia, Garta., not of R. Br.

Heads 10-25-dowerd. Scales of the involuers lanceolotis, rainter lowely infrinted in two roles are inclusive and series during and or a examinate. Recepted a lower, 5-boold, the tends how of during a strendy Style with a villame hells at the hase, the transfers at langth exceeded by the view of an operational field of the strends at langth exceeded by the view of an operation of the strends at langth exceeded at the strends and the strends at langth exceeded at langth exceeded by the strends at langth at langth at langth exceeded weaks. Paperso a single set $D_{\rm eff}$ and the strends at langth exceeded at the strends at langth at langt at the strends at langth exceeded weaks. Paperso a single set $D_{\rm eff}$ at langt and are strends at langth the strends at langth at lat langth at langth at langth at lan

We have flavous the above character form the Neuch American species above $N_{\rm eff}$, why photohysis ($N_{\rm eff}$) by the gradient of the special special of $N_{\rm eff}$ ($N_{\rm eff}$) by the gradient of the special specia

1. Ke capatorisides (Linna) term herbaceoux; leaves, as well as the sender of the involvent, hickly specialized herench with integrational senders with integrational senders with integrational senders with integration and senders and the interface many and multiple termins; hashed in particulars correlation and senders with the senders and the senders with the senders and the senders with the senders and th

B. corynabilions: lower surface of the leaves, and the branches, cinercourphenoma lower leaves orate-inncolote, irregularly serate or sometimes lacitiane-coholide; corynas rather short and deco. — K. expatroindor, EL. 18, 28 p. 291; DC, prodr. 5, p. 126. K. gluinona, E.I. I. c., not of DC. prodr. T. K. surveicine, Frezenius, ind. zen. hort, Franc. 1838.

y. gracilis: leaves scarcely publicent; the lower cauline ones innecolate and more or less scratte; the others linear and mostly entire; corymbs lowe, pariculate. -K. paniculata, Cass. dict. 24. p. 516; DC.! i.e. K. Crionia, Ell. i.e., &y.

Dry well, New Jensey; and Pennsylvanial to Floridat Alasiansi Loresianal and Texael. Sept.-OL-Lore leaves frequently apposite. Athenia polescent when young, nearly glalrouw when mature. Pappus while Garmer-Texa Ke, explorationales of Linnava, and the Critonia Kubilai of Garmer New Jensey and Pan the same plant, and that the more contandanders than Ke equatorisations to dust some channes in momendature would analyse sum k. sequatorisations to dust some channes in momendature would solutions with the equatorisations to dust some channes in momendature would solutions than K. sequatorisations to dust some channes in momendature would solutions than K. sequatorisations to dust some channes in momendature would solutions than K. sequatorisations to dust some channes in momendature would solutions than K. sequatorisations to dust some channes in momendature would solutions that the sequatorisation of the solutions that the solutions of the solutions of the solutions of the solutions that the solution of the solutions of the sol

KURNIA.

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be necessary if more than one species were admitted. But, considerable as is the difference between the extreme, we have a great variety of specimens forming such complete (ramitions that we are unable even to characterize a steries of varieties. The involution, could a, achieved the two numes in all. We have, therefore, taken the more common northern plant as the type of the species, and have designated the extreme forms as varieties.

14. BULBOSTYLIS. DC. prodr. 5. p. 138.

Heads 10-05-theorem. Scales of the obtang or cylindrical-composations theorem value boostly imbelicated in about 3 series, winter the exterior show, the inner innerolate or linear. Receptate learnerow, naked. Could with 5 actuations and the basis, contracted at the summing with 5 actuation of the basis, included. A theories in the summing bound of the basis, included. A theories nearly series, or observing bound the short the states. The physics of names on equilary inclumes birth bound the short the states. The physics of names on equilary inclumes birth bound the short the states. The physics of names of the simulation of the bound of the states of the states. Learner specifies of attempts of the states of the states of the states with the states of the states

Perhaps not sufficiently distinct from Brickellia; which again is distinguished from k-spatorium chiefly by its striate achenia.

1. B. Californica: seen and branches velvety-paleralent: Lenve over, on short testion, increading versati-acoustic, 3 overval at the hose, norizy flat boust above, dotted with minute glands and paleraben bus servely reincluded beensh, the appression mean model alterations: bands in a adjoint thyrons, about 20 dowerd] wallen of the involuces adjust the exterior very down, approved 1 the innerval lines, 1.42-acoust a down in minutely pulserena-B. Cavanillesii, D.C.1, practs, 5, p.138, partly (the Californian plant) 1 Hook 4 Art. 1 Mar. Backer, apple, p.320.

California, Douglast-Differs from the Mexican plant (kerb. DC. !) as well in the leaves, which have not the upper surface scabrous, nor the lower reticulated, as in the obtues scales of the involuere.

Dilate - Walt, ' in trans, Auer, phil. Soc. (n. scr.) 7, p. 287. Oregon, on the Walla-wallah, Nuttall !--A low suffutices plant; the leaves of the numerous branchlets only 2 or 3 lines long, rather thick, resembling those of some Asters, Heads small, scattered. Achenia soit scen.

15. BRICKELLIA. Ell. sk. 2. p. 290.

Hends 30-50-flowered. Scales of the campanulate involuter imbrinted, inarcolate or linear, striate; the exterior abort?. Receptacle maked, flat. Corolla tubular, alightly expanded towards the summit; the teerh abort, obtuse, scarcely glandular externally. Style with a villous bulb at the base; the branches of len much excerned, somewhat clarate, glabrose, Achemia

BRICKELLIA.

nearly cylindrical, about 10-strinte. Pappus a single series of alerder seabrons or minutely barbellate-serraltate bristes.--Perennial herbs (natives of the Southern United States and Oregon), sparingly branched; with opposite or alternate tripli-nerved leaves, and rather large corymbose heads. Flawers pale purple.

§ 1. Leaves mostly opposite, cordate, crenate, petioled, 8-nerved from the base, vsiny ; involuere rather shorter than the flowers.

1. B. conficient (Ell. 1. c.): stern panicular-covymbon at the summit: heaver, all opposite, somewhat insignals-conduct, scennicate, minute, minute, procovymb hose, the formering heaving [-2] polaneulate heads, heave suscesses askeds of the ioronic renture right the outcorous outbalane, iose on functionlate, somewhat shorter (than the obuse solong/linear interiment) function late, somewhat shorter (than the obuse solong/linear interiment) function property (territoring) presistence—Representation Brickellas, D.C. presef. 5, p. 198.

Hill-sides, western districts of Georgia, Elliott. Middle Florids. Dr. Chapman / Aug.-Sept.--Stern about 3 feet high, tereto. Leraves about 3 inches long; the uppermost merely transate at the base. Heads half an inch long, 40-30-flowered. Style with a depressed villous bulb. Achenia when young minutely hairy towards the aummit.

3. B. grandlyne (Nut), team pain-class at the summit, here confident integrals, accumulate, polscent or nearly fallows, during the with resistent diobate homesh, country or incively demain-servers in the lower mostly we have a server of the parkies results of the involver mostly we average access, the inner own lines-oblage, rather access the server access, agreemed, polscend in an automatic pression of the involver of the shift demains and the server of the server access the server of the shift demains and the server of the server of the other agreement polscend in an automatic pression of the server of the shift demains and the server of the server agreement polscend in the server of the server of the server server of the server of the server of the server of the server server of the server of the server of the server of the server server of the server of the server of the server of the server server of the server of the

Low hills between the north and south branches of Lowis & Clark's River, Oregon, Douglast and from this region to the Racky Mountains, Naturall / Upper planas of the Plattel *Dr. Janual -- Maniferity* allied to the proceeding speciesal the theats about the same size. Flowers while, are cording to Hooker; but evidently tinged with purple in the specimen of Dr. James.

§ 2. Leaves all alternate, oblong-lancoolate, small, sessile, not sprinkled with resinous dots, obscurzly triplinerved, entire: inner scales of the involvere longer than the flowere.

3. B. előmerfélia (Nurt): ilightly visiel-pubernlent; leave nures survey doubag, mucromalar, npering to he has, sarcely visird i heads solitary or 3-3 together, terminaing the corymbose-puricidate alloy functions: a sales of the involver individual in 5 or 4 series; the extention model and the local solution is a sale of the involver model and the involver model and the involver individual of a series; the extention of the sale of the involver individual is sared at the involver model and the same of the involver individual is an extended and the same of the sa

Gravel bars of the Oregon and Wahlamet, Nutlall !- Leaves about an inch long. Hends 8-10 lines in length. Habit different from the other species. The plant is viscid, and has a heavy odor, according to Nutlall; who states that the flowers are yellowish [cohroleucous7].

EUPATORIUM.

16. EUPATORIUM. Tourn. inst. t. 259 ; Linn.; Gartn. fr. t. 166 ; DC. prodr. 5. p. 141.

Heads 3-100-flowered. Involucre cylindrical or campanulate ; the scales imbricated in 2-3 or more series, or sometimes nearly equal in a single series. Receptacle flat, naked. Corolla tubular-infundibuliform or often with a campanulate limb, 5-toothed, frequently dilated at the base. Anthers included. Branches of the style mostly exserted and elongated, cylindracoous or somewhat flattened, obtuse. Achenia 5-angled, without intermediate strin. Pappus a single series of very slender capillary bristles, scabrous or minutely serrulate .-- Perennial herbs or somewhat shrubby plants (the greater portion American), with opposite (sometimes alternate or verticillate) simple or rarely divided leaves. Heads mostly corymbose. Flowers purple, blue, or white. Leaves, involucre, corolla, and achenia often sprinkled with resinous globules; the former rarely impressed-punctate-

§ 1. Heads cylindrical, 5-60-flowered : scales of the involucre numerous, closely imbricated in several series, appressed, obtuse, strongly striate; the outer ones shortest : leaves opposite or rarely alternate.

1. E. ingfolium (Linn.); herbaceous; stem terete, somewhat hispid; leaves opposite, narrowly lanceolate, tapering to each end, scarcely petioled, 3-nerved, subserrate, glabrous; corymb trichotomous, loose; heads oblong, pedicellate, 15-20-flowered; scales of the involucre few, erect, strintc, obtuse. DC .- Linn. amon. acad. 5. p. 405, & spec. (ed. 2.) 2. p. 1174; Swartz, obs. p. 301; DC. prodr. 5. p. 146.

B. Ludovicianum : leaves less attenuated at each end, often rather obtuse ; ¹⁰ Lucovicianus, i caves ress internance at each cash, and the uppermost short and nearly sessile ; corynthe more dense.—E. neurolepis, Tor. I. herb. E. calocephalum, Nutt. ' in Trans. Amer. phil. soc. (n. scr.) 7, p. 286. Liarris oppositifolia, Nutt. ! in Sill. jour. 5, p. 299. Open woods or fields, Louisiana, near New Orleans, Taintwire! Nut-theory of the state of the second s

tall ! Dr. Ingalls! Dr. Riddell ! Jackson, Dr. Carpenter ! and Alexandria, Western Louisiana, Dr. Hale! July-Nov .- Stern branched, 3-5 feet high. Lower leaves about 2 inches long, broadly lanccolate, rather sparingly serrate; those of the numerous branchlets very short. Corymbs with 6-20 heads, more contracted than in the West Indian plant. Scales of the involacre about 20; the inner ones somewhat dilated and colored (purplish) at the summit. Flowers light purplish-blue.—We have only seen West Indian specimens of E. ivasfolium 3. DC ; which has more pointed leaves than our plant, but appears scarcely to differ in other respects. This is our only representative of a large and marked group of tropical American

§ 2. Heads cylindrical, 5-10-flowered : scales of the involucre numerous, coloved, obtuse, slightly striate, imbricated in several series; the outermost much shortest (style bulbous at the base) : herbaccous : leaves large, mostly verticillate : flowers purplish.

2. E. purpurcum (Linn.): stem stout, simple, fistular or nearly solid, pubescent or glabrous; leaves (3-6-nately) verticillate or rarely opposite, oblong-ovate or lanceolate, more or less petioled, acuminate, veiny, scabrous or glabrous above, somewhat pubescent beneath and minutely dotted with resin-

EUPATORIUM.

ous globules, serrate, the tesh macronulate; heads in a large compound corymb, 5-4 (merely 3-12-) flowered; a chasing globrous and more or less glandular—Lann. / spec. (ed. 1) 2, p. 838; Hook. f. fl. Bor. Am. 1. p. 304 / Dorriger, A. Cett, p. 453 E. trifoldum, Linn. J. e. E. puppreum, maculatum, verticillatum, temifolium, & dubium, DC / prodr. 5. p. 151.

a. stem tall, somewhat glabrous and glaucons, purple at the nodes (and sometimes throughout); leaves (6-6 in a which) large, oblica, oracle, coundy serrate, somewhat petitold, often ragoedly veiny; rocymb very large, covvri-=E, purpresent, Eans, l. e. (e.e.), b); e.d. 2, p. 11738; Wild. J. spec. 3, p. 1759 (partly); Ell. t. e.l & e. (p. 1); l. e. [116], spec. 4, e. (herb, 6-1), k < 21). E. (rithintum, Derlinger, l. k. e.)</p>

3. maculatum (Darlingt.! 1. c.): stem mostly striate or grooved, pubescent and often glandular or viscid above, punctate with purple linear spots ; leaves (mostly termite or quaternate) ovate, slightly tripli-nerved, petioled ; corymb dense, depressed.—E. purpureum, *β. Linn.* ! *l. c. ed.* 1. E. macalatum, Linn. ! aman. 4. p. 288, & spec. ed. 2. p. 1174 ; Willd. ! l. c. ; Michr. ! fl. 2. p. 99 ; Bart. fl. Amer. Sept. t. 102 ; Ell. l. c. ; DC. ! L. c. E. punctatura, Willd. ! enum. 2. p. 853; Pursh, fl. 2. p. 515. E. anon-num, Pursh! l. c .- Varies, with the leaves strongly rugoue and scabrompubescent both sides, or nearly smooth and glabrous; either acute or acuminate at each end (E. maculatum, Ell. I. c.); or obtuse at the base, and pubescent and glandular beneath, as also the scales of the involucte (E. ternifolium, Ell. l. c. ; DC. l. c.); or with the leaves scarcely scuminste, the involucre glabrous and about 3-flowered (E. dubium, Poir., DC.); or occasionally with the lower leaves ternate, the upper opposite, the uppermost sometimes even alternate (E. amonum, Pursh, l. c.); and by other forms with a slightly punctate stem, elongated (mostly ternate) ovate-lanceolate leaves, acuminate at both ends and coarsely serrate, (E. trifoliatum, Ling., Darlingt. I. c.) approaching the original E, purpureum, so as to be undistinguishable from its more alender states.

): engentificities r. stern tall, glubrous and somewhat glubrous, or palered at the summary againing purpose with lines available commonly obtained at the summary structure of the second structure

3. p. 99. Low prounds, hickets, and avamps, Canada I from the Saskatchawan, and throughout the United States I. Ang-Segna-Stem 3-7 or even 10 feet high. Involvem purplial or withink the scales 12-bit, Schurst the externo two short, closely inductants, publication, the others Innor-obling and form-inductants 2-bioreted, storet and the discret. Could information Style with a small pieces publication, short, light purple or fields very moth externol.-Data 2-bit pinate closes could be avery moth externol.-Data 2-bit pinate could be avery moth externol.-Data 2-bit pinate could be avery moth externol.-Data 2-bit pinate Style with a small pieces publication of the start pinate of the start pinate externol.-Data 2-bit pinate counters endowed motionally, as a nonserved.-Data 2-bit pinate scatter pinate pina

5.9. Heads 3-many-flowered: scales of the somewhat cylindrical or comparadiate involvere b-15, more or less inbritated (the exterior shortest) leaves opposite, constrain servicialize or alternate. (Stein brabocous, placers while, and the corolla, ackenia, spe, more or less dotted with resinous globules in all the North Anorizan specias.)

· Paniculate : heads 3-5-flowered : leaves alternate, pinnately lobed.

- 3. E. faniculaceum (Willd.): paniculately very much branched ; stem

EUPATORIUM.

COMPOSITÆ.

pair-related, have a literatus, linear-fikierus, glabous ; the lower pinnately or bipinnately particl; the upper heads very numerous, small, 3-6-dowered, on short pedicels; scales of the involuers 8-10; the effort were short by the investment of the structure short by the structure of the structure $h_{\rm eff}$ the structure $h_$

B. glabram : stem and branches glabrous; the racemone-spicate divisions of the panicle somewhat fastigiate.—E. leptophyllum, DC. ! l. c.

y. lateriflorum : alightly pubescent; branchlets of the panicle loose, with nuter few and scattered heads, borne towards the base of leafy branches.— E. fornicularcum 3: tragenthes, DC. / L. c, (it least parity.)

4. B: consequiption (Wild); panicularly branched; stem pelesent; leaves mostly increases, pulsescent or nearly galabous, panters i the lower componentity 3-7-lobed, the lobes linear; the others linear, nearly writes, fixelised or created; leads numerous, sarectly pelestical, 5-forward; Wilds of the involucer about 10, jancedata, intercontaite, algeby patterness, Wilds of the involucer about 10, jancedata, intercontaite, algeby patterness, Wilds of the 1726; Parch, Lea, Elli, ed. 2, p. 949; IDC1 prefix 6, p. 176; El compositionium, Wald, Car. p. 199. Chryscoma connection for all the state of th

Dry barren soil, N. Carolina to Floridal Alabama I and Texas! Sept.-Oct.-Stem 3-4 feet high the branchess of the paniele rather abort and dense. Flowers about twice the aize of those of E. foniculaecom, while i the corolla, achenia, pappus, &c. similar. Style with a minute builb at the base.

. Corymbose : heads 5-15- (rarely more than 20-) forward.

* Leaves sessile or nearly so, not clasping or connate : heads 5- (rarely 7-9-) flowered.

b. E. pissatifdam (EI.): pubercent: stem langinate corymbose at the wommit leaves lacinate-pinantifd, with the segment linear and entire or sound in pubercent leaves. In privile with order or consistent leaves consistent pubercent, sprivile with source or consistent leaves ending to constraints, be-done with source or constraints in the over constraints of the second state of the involvere s-10, linearologic pictures, mercentes, pubercent and sprinkel with resiston data to for a .0.5 at .0.5 at .2.5 at .2.5

Damp Sul, "in the middle divisits of Carolins, Ellistic Middle Florida, Dr. Chegner, Bondy woods dr. Carolina, Mr. Carolin, "A Middle Florida, Dr. Chegner, Bandy woods dr. S. Carolina, Mr. Caroli, "Stem 3-4 feet high. Leaves lanceduct, 1-3 inches long, deeply and unequally lacinate plundida, analy gladrons above, minutely publicent and more complexonly dotted with a hining globules beneath; the lower segments elongent and unally toxoled or lacinizat. Branches of the fangiate corymb lose; t the basis not larger than in E, conversibilitum. Corolla influshballment demonstrate balow, and abrophy datased at the bases (to test dwe version $y_{\rm esc}$ stars, $y_{\rm esc}$ and y_{\rm

6. Be hyperpfoliase (Line); it eatem mainedy pulsessent, simple or branched boostly corymous the manunit (Javass oposte or verificiant, and side fasticled in the axia, the supernova alternative, linear or hancedate, radie the start of the body description of the start of the start of the start of the inply touched or wertage, based of description of the involutors 10donates. Start of the start of the start of the start of the start and the flowers, or photocond, glashift, the court case alter the start the flower of the start of the start of the start of the start the flower of the start of the start of the start of the start start of the fluture & flux (Start of the start of the

β. leaves mostly verticillate, very narrowly linear, elongated, entire.

 Icaves seldom verticillate; the lower ones rather broadly innecelates somewhat veined, coursely serrate-toothed.—E. linearifolium, Michayl I.e. (partly.) E. hysospitolium, DC. I. e. (partly.)

d. leaves usually ternately verticillate, lanceolate, rather large and thin, serrate-toothed .- E. Torreyanum, Short ! cat. Kentucky plants, 2nd suppl. Dry mostly sterile soil, from the coast of Massachusetta ! and New Jersey ! to Florida! and Western Louisiana! 3. Middle Florida, Dr. Chapman! 7. Southern States! d. "Knobs among the barrens near the Mammoth Cave, Kentucky," Dr. Short !- Stem 1-3 feet high, usually very leafy-Leaves commonly 11-2 inches long, rather thick and rigid; the lateral nerves somewhat anastomozing, approximate to the mid-nerve in the narrower leaves, nearly wanting in the narrowest. Compound corymb rather loose, often fastigiate. Corolla dilated at the base, as in numerous species, cyathiform or campanulate at the summit; the lobes ovate, very short. Style usually much exserted .- The Linneran species was founded on the narrowerleaved plant (E. linearifolium, DC.), in which the lower leaves are always 3-nerved, and often toothed; this passes insensibly into our var. y., the extreme forms of which appear abundantly different, but Michaux has justly united them. Our two varieties 3. & d. taken by themselves, would never be thought the same species, but we are unable to separate them

7. E. Isonalogie: stem mostly simple, pulsershen; haves opposite, drutter mostly interaction of the second seco

Damp sandy soil, pine barrens of New Jersey ! to Georgin ! Florida !

EUPATORIUM.

COMPOSITÆ.

Adams and Worten Locaismarl Age–Otte–Stom 2-5 for high Large-space approximation of diversion, rather single periagns per verticalities, setlems fasticide in the stalls, the approximation ratio of the state of

6. E. canajdina (With), pubasent sem single or branching lowly compose at the assuming lawy we have drawn sponses at the supermost set of the supermost s

Shady places, S. Carolina'! Georgia! Alabama! and Florida! Aug-Sept.-Stem about 2 for this, erect or ascending at the base. Leaves about an inch long, of a pale glaucous hue on both sides, very obtuse, the uppermost sometimes acute, entire and concellorm at the base, usually with 2-4 obtuse teeth on each side towards the summit. Involuces, flowers, paperos, &c. nearly as in E. Arswordfallum.

b. Exproprime (E(1)), resistingly evberg-endpowers, hencehing i kerner geoinser, etc. he.expressionsers, and a hearing endpowers, hence hearing (concerners) werteriellers, exposite, and alternate on the same speciment), have the same specime of the same spectra of the same specime of the same spectra of the same spectra of the same specime (same spectra) and the same spectra of the same spectra (same spectra) and the same spectra of the same spectra (same spectra) and spectra of the same spectra of same spectra of the same spectra of the same spectra of same spectra of the same spectra of the same spectra of same spectra of the same sp

B. lancificium : stem or branches strict, glabrous below, corymbose at the summit; leaves opposite (sometimes ternate), lanceolate, rather rigid, almost glabrous, acute, serulate above the middle, tripli-nerved or 3-nerved; the Berres analytic sometorening.

Despire all "Quarks to Gragal Pizzlah (Akiama') and Wetter Lager main A. Lonismo, P. Legowork, D. Lonismo, and Texas. The sectemport of the second second second second second second the second second second second second second second second biological second second second second second second second forms at samilar and y different second second second second forms at samilar and y different second second second second forms at samilar and y different second second second second forms at samilar and y different second second second second forms at samilar and y different second se cres; we find only 5 in specimens distributed from Drummond's collection; but two heads may occasionally become confluent, as happens in some other species.

10. E. diffusions (Linn.): is stem and intermental-packnesses, oxystabelist, oxystabelist, and particular of the matural parts or quarks, matural matural quarks quarks, matural matural quarks quarks, and quarks and q

Works and harren sell, Pennsylvania, Ohio' and theoryheat the Weinter States 1 and the weatern portion of the Southern States i^{-1} Elocial, "Rafaserque! Sept-Otte-Stern 3-7 feet high: Leaves 3-4 inches long, reservbling some species of Solidaya, ministry dotted, publicesent or sometimes alsolution of the state of the state of the could portunit-inncoduct Style algoby enlarged and publics. La de the could portuni-inncoduct and thickench. Expression of the state of the could portuni-inncoduct

11. E. allow (Lion.) 1 eeu pulsecate, corycubes at the summit; I sewer opporte, essile, locally lanceains, conserved y serrate-context, vice, ponstati, more or fee pulsecant and activants; branches of the orycubes, and the server in the server of the server in the server is the server in the server is the server is the server in the server is the

Support Sarren Insis, Pennylvania and New Jeney 1 to Fordal and form innately posterior there. The strength of the larves, from minutely posterest to hirstene United the strength broady inscendars, othen very deeply serrates the velos refoculated benedit hyperbolic strength of the strength of the strength of the posterior, consider and administry with E. Strengthough Mitchen Lobes of the contrals overto-lancechars. Style: mission of the strength of the contrals overto-lancechars. Style: mission of the strength of the str

19. E. Everefelium (Wilk) τ emm ranghala-pubsient, acquisissent the summarial taxes around point (for appearance) for spin-spin sector set fractantly algorithm, beneficiary of the sector set of the set of the sector set of the set of the sector set of the set of the sector set

Borders of swamps and thickets, Massachusetts! New Jersey! and Pennsylvania! to Alabama! and Louisiana! Aug-Sept.-Stem 2-3 feet highrather stender. Leaves 2-4 inches long, variable as to the serratures, which

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EUPATORIUM.

COMPOSITÆ.

are often very coarse and irregular, sometimes even and more numerous; it upper leaves small, usually intercolate or deloid-incorolete, tengen from the base to the apect, but usually rather obtained, often entire, except a free scarse test har at the base, concersionally deeply incided. Corputs small unargins, little longer than the manure achemia—The specific mame of Willdown and that of Michana were published during the same of Will-

13. E. room/Joinen (Linn): teem densely publication, commons of the summary investigation of the sum

Dry sterile soil, particularly in pine barrens, (Canada, Parsh, Mr. Goldia,) New Jersey! to Florida! Louisiana! and Texas! July-Sept.-Stem 2-3 feet high, stender. Leaves 1-2 inches long. Pappus a little longer than the corolla.-Wild Here-bound.

14. E. pulaceas (Mahl) is stem very pulsescent σ somewine himtle combinedy manages at the summit, increase regording over, mody manages the production of the basis, somewhat the pulsescent of the summarized sense of the summarized sense of the summarized sense of the Best, pulses and plandature the exterior very fixed in the interfer means. In corrols for the flat the conterior very fixed in the interfer means of the summarized sense of the summarized sense (1997). The summarized sense of the summarized sense (1997), and the summarized sense of the summarized sense (1997). The summarized sense of the summarized sense region for the summarized sense of the summarized sense region for summarized sense of the summarized sense region for summarized sense of the summarized sense. The summarized region for summarized sense of the summarized sense of the Southern Manadiminist (1998) and sense of the summarized sense of the Southern summarized sense. The summarized sense of the summarized sense region for summarized sense of the summarized sense of the summarized region for summarized sense of the summarized sense sense of the summarized sense of the summarized sense of the summarized sense sense of the summarized sense of the summarized sense of the summarized sense of the summarized sense sense of the summarized sense of the summary sense of the summarized sense of the summary sense of the summarized sense of the summarized sense of the summary sense of the summarized sense of the summary sense of the summarized sense

Maniformata New Jersey J remay/tenis, and probably in the Souliner hole, would be added a set of the second second second second Jersey housing a state and more transmissing path the Second Second Jersey housing and second sec

† † Leaves closely sessile or partly clasping at the base, or sometimes connate : htada 10-90 (rarely 5-) flowered.

15. E. scatifybian (Lim.): glaboux; stem caymbashy branched abox: leaves apposite, closely genile or party classified, distinct, tounded at the base, largely series, vein appring from near the base to the aceminate ages, aborty series, vein, obscurity purchases and path sensati Corymb compound, pubsenest; heath 5-diovered; scales of the involvers 10, imbrasted sensembla in a triple scrites, oval or obsong, obtuse, casaescally

subescent, glandular; achenia minutely glandular.-Linn. ! spec. 2. p. 837; Willd. 1 spor. 2. p. 1751; Michael M. 2. p. 98; Pursh I R. 2. p. 513; Ell. i. c.; Bigel, R. Bost ed. 2. p. 295; Durlingt, R. Cost, p. 451; DC.I prodr. 5. p. 151. E. truncatum, Ell. sk. 2. p. 298.

Borders of thickets, Massachusetts ! New York ! Pennsylvania ! and alone the Alleghany Mountains to Georgia! and Alabama! Aug.-Sept .-Stem 2-4 feet high, much branched above. Leaves often 6 inches long, variable in breadth, and in the teeth (which are either fine or course), glabrous. Heads, according to De Candolle, 5-12-flowered, but we have only observed the smaller number. Lobes of the corolla ovate-lanceolate. Style moderately exserted : the base minutely bulbous and villous.

16. E. perfoliatum (Linn.): stem stout, very pubescent or villous-hirsute, corymbosely branched above; leaves opposite, connate-perfoliate, divarieste, lanceolate, elongated, tapering gradually from the base to the acuminate apex, obtusely serrate, yeiny, the veinlets reticulated beneath, rugose, pubescent, the lower surface usually almost tomentose-pubescent and sprinkled with resinous dots; corvent fastigiate, compound; the heads commonly 10flowered ; scales of the involucre 12-15, very pubescent, glandular, imbricated ; the inner ones linear-lanceolate, with scarious tips ; achenia glabrous cated ; the most case inner-innecesist, with scatters tips ; ackern § 2000 control in the state of the sta

y. leaves glabrous above, more or less pubescent beneath; the upper dis-tinct and truncate at the base; the uppermost frequently alternate.-E. truncatum, Muhl. in Willd. ! spec. 3. p. 1751 ; not of Ell., scarcely of DC. E. salviafolium, Bot. mag. t. 2010.

6. smaller ; leaves mostly narrowed at the base, distinct or slightly connate .- E. cuneatum, Engelmann! mas.

Swampy grounds, Canada ! Upper Missouri ! and throughout the United States! abundant, d. Arkansas, near Little Rock, Dr. Engelmann ! July-Sept .- Stem 2-4 feet high. Leaves often 6-8 inches long, usually perfectly connate at the base, where they are widest, decussate, rarely ternate and connate in the same manner. Lobes of the corolla ovate, short .- This is the well-known Boneset or Thorough-wort, so universally employed in popular medicine. Our var. B. may be considered as an accidental state, produced by the confluence of several heads into one, and the scales of the involvers are likewise increased in number. The same thing we suspect sometimes occurs in E. sessilifolium, and perhaps in other species. The E. truncatum of Muhlenberg and Willdenow, according to herbarium of the latter, is nothing more than a form of this species with the upper leaves disjoined and

18. E. resinosum (Torr.) : stem velvety-puberulent, simple, or corymbosely branched at the summit ; leaves opposite, closely sessile or partly clasping at the base, linear-lanceolate, elongated, spreading or divaricate, attenuateneuminate, evenly serrate, 1-perved, pinnately veined, nearly glabrous somewhat viscid with resinous globules; corymb fastigiate, compound; heads glomerate, 10-15-flowered ; scales of the involucre oval, obtuse, imbricatel, tomenton-conservent and glandular; achenia minutely roughened with dark resincus globules .- Torr. 1 in DC. prodr 5. p. 176.

Swamps and wet soil in the pine barrens of New Jersey, near Quaker Bridge and Wading River! Also "Pennsylvania," Bartram! (in herb. Banks. under the name of E. canescens.) Aug.-Sept .- Stems terete, grow-

EUPATORIUM.

COMPOSITÆ.

Ign to 10, 7-3 Ger high. Learns 6-6 forbes long, or often sherr, 4 6 5 high to 10, 7-3 Ger high. Taxwar 6-6 forbes long, or often sherr 6 to 5 high structures of the structure of the structure of the structure of the structure the close physics of the structure of the structure of the structure of the close physics of the structure structure of the structure of the structure of the structure structure of the structure of the structure of the structure structure of the structure of the structure of the structure structure of the structure of the structure of the structure structure of the st

+ + + Leaves on slender petioles : heads 19-15-flowered.

19. Exampliant (Michy): a stem pulveralist-pulsarear, much branched above 1 lavers approach the upper frequently literating, and advant printers water-lanceschare, traveling a stepsy neare, triple-terred and veiny pulsareant of energy galaxies, correly and advanty literation (corporation) in the printing literation of the stepsy literation (corporation) in the printing literation of the stepsy literation (corporation) and the activation margins, very polaceum, inivitated at a steming galaxies, waidown glandutars—Michae. I ft. 2, p. 100 ± Edit. M. 2, p. 304 ± DC.1 prode-5, p. 175.

Durps coll, N. Carolinar, to Georgial and Dilucisit to Arkanassi and Consistant: Seque-Oct-m-Steme 6-6 for high usually dilutely and scorewhat panicularity branched above; the branches either opposite or alternatelaware 5-6 incises long; the lower cross narrowly overts, with numerous varies of their irregular ited in the score of the branches often with few mengual where the result.

§ 4. Heads 9-30 flowered: scales of the campanulate involvere 9-20, nearly opeal and in a single series: herbaceous: leaves opposite or rarely alternate, orate, potioled, not punctate or sprinkled with resinous globules: advenia not glandular: Rosers while or purple.

90. Engentuided (Linn, 5): jalaboux j seen branching: leaves opposite. Boilog pointion, boundly oracle, sometimal sulphy oracles, sometimate, tripiterval, membrankensa, consulty and aliarphy seriest e. cognitis emigrand? Here is a strengthy in the seriest of the seriest end of the seriest points are strengthy and an arrowed below, emigratulate at the seriest points of the seriest points are strength and the seriest end of the points of the seriest points of the seriest point of the seriest of the seriest points of the seriest points of the A. But of a point point for the seriest points of the seriest Points of the seriest points of the seriest points of the Points of the seriest points of the seriest points of the seriest A. But of a points point of the seriest points of the

Most rich worknown bliekers, Canada & Upper Misseuri 10 Gorgidl and Longisnar (common particularly) in the Northern States. Aug-Septer-Stem 3-6 for high; the summit and branches a little pubescent. Leaves usually large, 6-4 forkes long, galaxies or with a few multise seattend high; monity dilated and dorme or runcate at the base, somerimes abrupty tapeing into the pelocity the lister to 20 thoses in length. Forems pure white, www.munorus, exhining a source/ta unpleasant dor. Lobes of the canada "West, galaxies."

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21. E. aromaticum (Linn.): pulverulent-nubescent or somewhat elabrous; stem simple or loosely corymbose at the summit : leaves opposite, on short petioles, or sometimes almost sessile, ovate, subcordate, or ovate-oblong, rather acute or obtuse, rarely acuminate, 3-perved or tripli-perved, of a thickish and firm texture, mostly scabrous-pubescent, rather obtusely dentateserrate; corvmbs loose, somewhat panicled; heads 8-20- (commonly 12-15-) flowered; scales of the involucre 10-14, linear-lanceolate, nearly equal, pubescent, with slightly scarious and obtuse tins; corolle narrowed below, campanulate at the summit, rather exceeding the pappus ; achenia glabrous .--Linn. ! spec. 2. p. 839 (fide herb. ! & syn. Pluk. ! & Gronov. !) ; Willd. ! Lorent operator in the function of the second se l. c. p. 1754. (a dwarf form ; heads about 8-flowered !) E. ceanothifolium, Muhl. in Willd. ! spec. I. c. (fide herb, Willd. ; but the heads at least 12flowered, instead of 5-flowered); Ell. / l. c. (leaves small, petioled ; heads 8-10-flowered !); DC. ! I. c. (leaves larger, acuminate, nearly glabrous !) E. cordiforme & E. Fraseri, Poir. suppl. fide DC. (Eupatorium, Lam. ill. 1. 672.)

Dry woods and usually in barren soil, from Massachusetts near the const ! to Florida ! Alabama ! and Louisiana ! Aug.-Sept .- This species exhibits considerable variety in the form of the leaves, the length of the petioles, &c. It bears much resemblance to the preceding, and occasionally approaches it perhaps too closely ; but it is a lower and more slender plant, with smaller and much firmer leaves on shorter petioles, fewer heads, but usually larger flowers. The root is perennial.

22. E. ageratifolium (DC.): shrubby, glabrous; the branches terete; leaves opposite, petioled, broadly ovate, somewhat truncate at the base, attenuate at the apex, obtuse, coarsely toothed, 3-nerved, not glandular; corymbs terminal, trichotomous; pedicels somewhat viscous, scarcely pubescent; heads about 10-flowered; scales of the involucre in a double series, linear, rather acute, slightly ciliate at the apex, at length spreading ; pappus as long as the corolla ; achenia puberulent, the angles somewhat scabrous. DC.! prodr. 5. p. 173. B. Terense : branches, pedicels, perioles, and usually the veins of the

leaves minutely puberulent ; heads about 12-flowered.

Limestone rocks, Sabina's Creek (Camancheries) Texas, Dr. Riddell! (3.) -Shrub 6 feet high; the branches terete; the branchlets slightly angled. Leaves in shape and texture wholly resembling many forms of E. aromaticum; the corymbs also similar. Involuere about balf the length of the flowers, glabrous or nearly so; the exterior scales 4-6, linear, rather acute, one of them shorter and bracteolate; the inner about the same number. rather broader, with narrow scarious margins, somewhat obtuse, scarcely ciliate at the apex. Corolla "white, slightly tinged with rose-color" (Riddell), dilated upwards, scarcely longer than the pappus; the teeth short, glabrous. Achenia puberulent, and appearing somewhat viscous .- The Texan plant accords almost exactly with De la Sagra's specimens from Cuba, except that the scales of the involucre are less ciliate and more aputión

23. E. incarnatum (Walt.) : stem pulverulent-pubescent, branching ; leaves opposite, on slender petioles, membranaceous, deltoid, truncate or subcordate (rarely only obtuse) at the base, tapering at the summit or acuminate, obtusely and coarsely toothed, 3-nerved at the base, slightly pubescent ; corymb small, often panicled ; heads 20-flowered ; scales of the involucre 15-20, nearly equal, (a few of the outermost shorter,) in a somewhat double

EUPATORIUM.

COMPOSITÆ.

series, subulate-linear, acute, 2-nerved, slightly pubescent; pappus about the length of the infundiouliform-tubular corolla; achenia glabrous.— Walt. Car. p. 200; Ell. ! sk. 2. p. 306; DC. ! prodr. 5. p. 175. Rich soil, S. Carolina ! to Florida ! Louisiana ! and Texas ! Sent-Nov.

Kich seil, S. Carolinal, In Plorida I. Louisianna I and Texas I. Sept-Nov. -Simu 2-3 discussion table, and the documbent and protocing numerous branchets. Leaves 1-2 incluss long, the lateral nerves pediately branched from the set protocol and the set of the following. Branches of the slightly exercised style very obtaine.—Considerative results. Set oncelling and the site in the set of the set of

94. E. scoidental (Hock): nearly glabrous: usern (or branches) elembert herers alternas (nearly opposite): on solor periodics, oraces, near or neural nearly eligiberred; coaracty and sparingly serate: the uppermost narrow, entire convints scall and model simple, panielelly beach 52-30-00000001 scales of the involucer linear, acure, nearly south in a single series; convints infinithalition: activity, elimbora. Elisto, H, Stor. Am. 1, p. 303 DC: J prof. 5, p. 176. E. Oreganum, Nut: in trans. Amer. phil. see (n. 107, T. p. 206.)

Interior of Oregon, in stony places, Douglas! Nutlall !-- Plant 6-12 inches high. Flowers white or pale rose-color. Styles much exserted. Leaves short an inch long.

Espatorium Perrinaianum of Sprengel, and of Schlechtendal (in L'anna, 11. p. 9), which came from the West Indies, and not from South America as Sprengel states, is a granute species of Vernonia, (fels. sp. authen. in Arth. Torr. J: Prof. Schlechtendal must have overlocked the double pappas.

17. MIKANIA. Willd. spec. 3. p. 1452 ; DC. prodr. 5. p. 187.

Heads mouly i-flowered. Receptach nation, harrow. Scalies of their billower do r.X. Constali dialor of companyiation at the various, 5-aoched. Ardners party exacted. (Style with a cylindrical glabrous holk at the base it he branches generich, filicitons, acanely downs). A babeita angled. Pappas in a single seeine, capitary, scalences—Strubby or herbescous fundy cliniching places, folicity topolar and Amarican, with oposite commonly contaste haves. Heads corymhone, panicled, or spicets. Flower within.

M. scandzas (Wilds): stem glabouss; twining : leaves on skeder periods; conduct, accuminate, equandly, creants or angularity isochid ovarals the base, mentrenanceuss, alightly scalarous or publicated, elucation is minutely predicted, elucational is achieved in minutely 2012; Biggel, A. Base, ed. 3, p. 314; Darringet, A. Cote, p. 454. Equation scandzas, Lings; Michael, P. & p. 97; J. Adv., is rat., 1, 199.

B. publications: stem and leaves more or less publication.—M. publications, and leaves more or less publication. Middl. col. p. 71; Nutl. gen. 2, p. 136; Ell. L. c.; DC. ! L. c., & 7. (mant.) p. 271. Expandrium scandens, Linn.! (as to specimen in his herb.); Walt. Car. p. 198.

MIKANIA.

Moist shady places, and along streams, Massachusetts! to Louisiana! common; the more publescent forms occurring in the Southern States. July-Sept.-Flowers purplish-white or flesh-color. Anthers appendiculate at the apex.

18. CONOCLINIUM. DC. prodr. 5. p. 134.

Heads many-thoused. Involutive compandate ; the scales linear or subultation sourcevitar inhibitant in 2-3 series, nearly equal. Receptate nated, consider ! Goodin turbular islandiabilitations. Sciended at the source is a starinstabilitation is the style source-what explandical, obtase. Achesia angled, gluboux. Depuis explainty, acadrona, in a singles efficiency. Depuis and here so sufficiency (American) plants, with opposite periodel doubled leaves. Cozymb terminal, cowdule. Leaves blue or purple.

 C. Calattinum (DC, 1: 1.6;): Increaseous, publication or nearly gladownileaves debudderes, edites aligned y conduct, prepring to the a sets, cannely prematiseness, training and the set of the set of the set of the State Barry sets of noving and any annual version previous and any set of the State Barry sets, p. 2005; Wildle, 1990; S. p. 21744; Micharl, M. M. State, S. P. Song, D. S. Sate, Wildle, 1990; S. P. State, State, S. Sate, S. S. Sate, S. Sate, S. S. Sate, S.

Thickets &c. Pennsylvania, and throughout the Western and Southern States! Sept--Stem 2-3 feet high, sometimes hairy. Flowers light bluishpurple, fragment. Achenia dotted with resinous globules.--The genus is distinguished from Eupatorium merely by the conical recordate.

Subtribe 2. TUSSILADINES, Less.-Heads with the flowers dissimilar or somewhat discious (white, purplish, or sometimes yellow); the pistillate either ligulate or tubular.

19. NARDOSMIA. Cass. dict. 35. p. 186 ; Less. syn. p. 139.

Heads many-discretely convents in directions. Streams, P.G. Divescer of the ray in a raise stress, pictuliar, and the order of the data summers, perfect level inferences of the ray in convents ends of the ray in a raise stress of the ray in a reveal a series, pictuliar, minority ligations: these of the strength ends of the ray in a ray in the ray of the ray of the ray in a ray of the ray of the

1. N. frigida (Hook.) : leaves cordste, unequally coarsely and obtusely toothed, and somewhat lobed, glabrous above, the lower surface white and

NARDOSMIA.

COMPOSITÆ.

tomentose; the lobes at the base diverging. DC.—Hook.! f. Bor.-Am. 1. p. 307 (excl., j.?); DC. prodr. 5. p. 205. N. angulosa, Cast. dict. Let, Less. in Linnara, 6. p. 107. Tassilago tirgida, Linn. Fl. Dan. t. 61; Purok, fl. 2. p. 531. T. scapo imbricato, &c. Gmed. fl. Sibir. 2. p. 150, t. 70.

Arctic America, from lat. 66°, Richardson! Kotzebue's Sound! and Unalaschia! to Lake Winipeg, lat. 52°, the mountains of Canada, and the highest mountains of Vermont and New Hampehire, according to Parek.

 N. orymbora (Hook.): leaves cordate, sinuate and acutely deniculate, obling, acute, glabrous above, tomentose beneath; the lobes at the base driving. D.C.-Hock; I: a.; D.C. prod. 5. p. 206. Tasailage corymbasa, R. Br.! in Parry's 1st voy, seppl. p. 269; Hock. & Ara I bot. Becoley, p. 126.

Arctic America, from Melville Island ! to Kotzebue's Sound ! and south to Fort Norman, in about lat. 65° .- Corymb with few heads.

 N. sagittata (Hook.): leaves obloug, acute, sagittate, entire; the lobes obruse, DC. (leaves cordate or reniform-sagittate, sinuate-toothed, tomentose beneath. Hook. 1. c.-Tussilago sagittata, Parsh, fi. 2. p. 332.

Hudows' Bay (*Hatchisos)*, *Perek*. Swamps in the Bocky Monotaine Drammood's Jonal from Lanke Superior in Int. 46°, to Fort Fränklin in Int. 6°, *Robardaon*.—With aumenous specimens before us, we strongly suspect 60 Hokar also doss) that this and the two preceding are in reality one distribution. Hokae's N. significant and the two precedend leaves, which are turned times... Hokae's N. and the turne as Parab's plant with "Wills In-Wayrrinks"!

4. X. palanatr. (Hook.): layers resifter a roundiab-conduct, stomestice benefits, palanatre (5-5-holed; 1) for segments counsely toothed, of loos incited or somewhat lobel,—Hook: f, Ber.-Am. 1, p. 308; DC. 1, c. N. palman, Hookerana, & speciesa, Nutt.; f in trans. Amer. Phil. sec. (n. ex), 7, 2-286. Tassilago palmate, Ait. Kan. (ed. 1) 3, p. 189, L 2; Wild.! spec. 3, p. 1992; L 2004; f, J. 2004; J. 200

Swamps and shady banks of streams, Newfoundland & Labrador ! and from Bear Lake, lat. 67°, to the Rocky Mountains? and to the Pacific at the mouth of the Oregon ! Also Lake Huron and Maine, Nuttall. Faithaven, Vermont, Mr. Robbins ! Prof. Beck. Sunderland, Massachusetts, Prof. Hitchcock ! Saratoga, New York, Dr. Steele ! April-May .- Leaves sometimes 10 to 12 inches in diameter, when fully developed. Scape stout, 6-20 inches high, with numerous leaf-sheaths. Hends numerous, in a corymbose thyrsus .- Some specimens from the Bocky Mountains are noticed by Hooker, which, if they really belong to this species, approach the preceding perhaps too closely. Mr. Nuttall's N. Hookeriana is said to be founded upon the N. palmata of Hooker, as well as of Willdenow, Pursh in part, and De Candolle. His N. speciosa is the N. palmata of Hooker from Oregon : the specimens accord so well with the figure of Aiton, and with the plant of the Northern United States, &c. (which presents very considerable diversities in size and foliage) that we see not how it is to be distinguished. Although the species of this genus are by no means well settled, it is evident that little dependence can be placed on the degree of division or toothing of the leaves. The submasculine and subfeminine plants are different in appearance.

20. TUSSILAGO. Tourn. ; Gartn. fr. t. 170 ; Less. syn. p. 159.

Heads many-flowered, heterogamous. Flowers of the ray very narrowly ligolate, in several series, pistillate ; those of the disk few, tubular (the limb

COMPOSITE.

TESSILAGO.

of the contils campanellar, Schnheidy amaianes. Scalin of the involves bolong obtaus, memorial in a single scalar. Receptate and which. Auther searcely constate. Style abortive in the flowers of the disk; in these of the my 2-oleft, the Interactive numerical inters. Acchain of the ray nonerhal regional scalar states and the state of the state of the state of the preservin arms years, of the disk in a single scalar, and present here, some throughout Komps and Asia, and spacedy an unrelified in bit betwoers without scalar states and the state of the state of the latter scalar states and the state of the states and the state of the particule. Scape citched with scalar hearing a single hear Hearts price of the flow of the states price of the states of the states and the states of the states of the states of the states of the states flowers policies. Coll Science 31.

T: Farfara (Linn.)—Fl. Dan. t. 595; Engl. bot. t. 429; Willd.! spec-3. p. 1967; DC.! prodr. 5. p. 208; Beck, bot. p. 200. Wet places and low meadows in cultivared grounds; introduced from

Wet places and low meadows in cultivated grounds; introduced lows Europe. Burch-April.--The Cold's ford, a well known article of the popular thateria medica, although not enumerated by any American writer, except Prof. Bock, is perfectly naturalized in many parts of the Norther States in motist grounds; where it monetimes becomes a troublesome weed.

ADENOCAULON. Hook, bot. misc. 1. p. 19, t. 15, & A. Bor.-Am. p. 308; DC. prodr. 5. p. 207.

Heads 3-biodowerd, herengamons; the flowers all tables and equilibless of the rgs 5, in a single steps; publicly or do mid-3, saministic Could 4-oblobal. Scales of the involvers several, in a single steps; such tables and the several steps of the several steps of the several basing severals the summin ranserson large signals gatas. Perpose stee--Permind (N. Samerian & Childran barriers, descharges to entropy and the several step in the several step in the several tables and the several step in the several step in the several tables and the several step in the several step in the several tables at the several step in the several tabless of the several step in the several step in the several step is a several step in the several step in the several step in the several tabless of the several step in the several step in the several step is several steps of the several step in the several step in the several step is several step in the several step in th

 A. bicolor (Hook.! I. c.): leaves deltoid, mostly cordate, angularly toothed or simule, somewhat decarrent on the petiole.....DC. proof. 5, p. 207.
 B. integrifolius: leaves analler, deltoid-ovate or slightly cordate, obzonely angulate-tookhed or entire....A. integrifolium, Nutl. ! is trans. Amer. phil. inc. (n. etc.), 7, p. 283.

Done works, Organ from Fart Yanowere, Re., Dr. Scalari (* Natili) to the Reix (Morania in its. 26°, "Donessof". Natili, Statistica and Stati

94

TRIBE III. ASTEROIDE E. Less.

Heads heteroganous or sometimes homogamous, rarely discious, Style (in the periot. flowers) cylindraccous above; the branches flat or flatish, mostly linear or lanceolate, above equally pubescent externally; the compisious signamic lines terminating where the exterior pubsecence commences, not confluent.—Leaves alternate, or mrely opposite.

CONSPECTUS OF THE SUBTRIBES.

Subtribe 1. ASTERINEE. Heads heterogamous and radiate, or homogamous. Receptacle seldem chaffy. Anthers not caudate. Leaves alternate. 95

15 Div. 1. ASTERER. Heads radiate, heterochromous (rays never yellow).

- 140 Div. 2. CHRYSOCOMES. Heads radiate, or homogamous, homochromous (both the ray and disk yellow).
- Subtribe 2. BACCHARDER. Heads discious or heterogenous, but never realiste; the pistilize flowers tubular, alender or filterin, in several series. Recepticle not chardly. Anthers not caudate. 257
- Eubiride 3. TARCHONANTHER. Heads disclous or heterogamous, but never radiste; the pistillate flowers tubular and very alender, mostly in several series. Anthero caudate.
- Subtribe 4. ISULEX. Heads heterogamous and radiate, or homogamous and discold, sever distributes. Receptacle not chaffy. Anthers caudate. Leaves alternate. 2.6-7

alternate. 267 Subtribe 5. Ec.Lyrtza. Hends heterogamous, radiate. Receptatic chaffy. Anthern not caudate. Pappus toothed or awned, or none. Leaves opposite 2.67

Subtribe 1. ASTERINEE, DC .- Heads heterogamous and radiate, or homogamous, never discristics. Receptacle soldern chaffy. Anthers not caudate. Leaves almost always alternate.

Div. 1. ASTERE, D.C .-- Heads heterogamous, radiate; the rays of the cyanic series (viz; white, purple, or blue, &c.); the diak-Bowers yellow, but frequently changing to purple in fuding. Receptacle not chaffy, except in a species of Corethrogram.

CONSPECTUS OF THE GENERA.

Subdiv. 1. EULSTERER. - Pappus of capillary or rarely subulate bristles. 96

- · Rays neutral or sterile, Pappus simple, capillary.
- 22. GALATELLA. Appendages of the style triangular or deltoid-spatulate. Pappus of the ray and disk similar.
 - CORETHROOTNE. Appendages of the style densely penicillate. Pappus of the ray nearly or entirely wanting.

* * Rays fertile. Pappers of the ray and disk similar (except in Erigeron & Phalacroloma), simple or double ; the inner capillary.

 DIETRETA. Pappus simple, very unequal. Rays several or numerous, in a single series. Involuere obovate, much imbrinated. Roost mostly biennial. Leaves usually pinnastly toolhed or pinnastifd. SERICOLARTUR, Pappus simple, unequal. Flowers of the ray and disk few. Involuces oblong, imbrated, cartilaginous.
 Azrze. Pappus simple, copious. Rays numerous, in a single series. Invo-

27. ERIGERON. Pappus either simple (not copious), or double; the exterior setatwo or more strices. Scales of the involucre nearly equal, almost in a single series. Recentacle naked.

28. DIPLOPAPPUS. Pannus double : the exterior short and actaceous or squamellate-subulate. Rays in a single series. Involucre imbricated.

. . . Poppus of the ray and disk dissimilar.

29. TOWNSENDLA. Pappus simple : that of the disk composed of subulate-capillary bristles; of the ray short and subulate. Achenia compressod.

30. CHRITOPAPPA. Pappus double; the inner of 5 rigid bristles; the exterior of 1 to 5 hyaline scales. Achenia nearly terete.

31. BOLTONIA. Pappus of several very small, and 2 or more rigid and subulate larger bristles. A chenia fist, margined.

199,Suddis. 2. BELLIDEE .- Pappus none, or minute and coroniform.

32. BELLIS. Achenia obovate, compresaid. Pappus none. 33. APHANOSTEPHUS, Achenia terete, Pannus a very minute crown.

Subdiv. 1. EUASTEREE .- Pappus, at least the inner, composed of capillary or rarely subulate bristles. (Eussterem, Diplopappen, Erigerem, & Heteropappese, DC.)

22. GALATELLA. Cass. diet. 37. p. 463; Nees, Ast. p. 158. (excl. spec.)

Galatea, Cass. (dict. 18. dec.) : Less.

Heads many-flowered ; the ray-flowers few (3-12), sterile, but usually furnished with a rudimentary style, and sometimes with one or two abortive filaments; those of the disk tubular, perfect. Involucre shorter than the disk ; the scales closely imbricated in 3 or 4 series, sometimes obscurely 1-3nerved or slightly carinate, destitute of herbaceous tips; the outermost bracteolate. Receptacle alveolate, the alveoli toothed. Corolla of the disk with a cylindrical tube, and an expanded deeply 5-cleft limb ; the lobes lanceolate-linear, spreading. Anthers exserted. Branches of the style (in the disk-flowers) linear, ferminated by a short and broad deltoid-spatulate or triangular appendage. Achenia oblong or slightly cunciform, somewhat compressed, silky-villous. Pappus composed of conious rather rigid unequal serrulate-scabrous capillary bristles; that of the ray similar but rather shorter .- Perennial herbs (natives of Europe, Northern Asia, and the United States); the stems simple below, corymbose at the summit. Leaves alternate, lanceolate or linear, entire, rather rigid, 1-3 nerved, veinless, often impressed-punctate. Heads terminating the fastigiate branches. Rays blue, purple, or nearly white ; the disk-flowers vellow, sometimes changing 10 purplish.

Galatella scarcely differs from Linosyris except by the presence of (white or blue) rays; and these, according to Ledebour, are sometimes wanting in G. dracunculor-

GALATELLA.

des: the two genera have also nearly the same geographical range. The sterile rays chiefly distinguish it from Aster §1 Orthomseris (species of Calimeris of subtors); to which aster memoralis, *idd* belongs.

1. G. Aynophila (News): marky glabrons, minutely exchange: the cotypulse iterations contractors and endoted leaves lancedlat-linear, eaters, narrowed at the base, puzztate, 3-merced; those of the branches small, subularitientiest; involvent about Afile the length of the disk, the scalar actuality the exterior eater-lancel length of the disk, the scalar actuality of minimum states marging is my scale. Googet matter the disk, ar-Wer, Adu p 100: 100: proder, 5, p. 2535, eG, ablieten, Casa, date 18, p. 958, (under 2003), p. Mark 10, and Mark 2014, adv and 300: Adultation and and 2003), p. 2004, p. 2014, S. p. 2535, eG, ablieten, Casa, date 18, p. 958, (under 2003), p. 2004, a. p. 4547, Ref. (adv and mark) 1001, Spec 3, p. 2014).

p. 106; 1DC: I prode: 5, p. 255; G. albitora, Cass, etc.; 18; p. 68; (inder Galaen), Aster bysoghibila, *Sins.*, numet p. 114; Wildd: Ages: 3, p. 2022; Harrik J & 2, p. 543; Ell.; & 4, p. 342; J. I baves moly I-merved; rays 3-7, on exceeding the disk.s=G. linifolia. Nexes, i.e., DC: I.e., (see, syn. Linn.) G. albitora, Cass. in disk ensut 18, p. 56, file Nexe. Chrysophis linitida, Nutt. gen. 2, p. 153.

• Sonsy fields and woods, New Teneyro to Caselline, "Forsk" (Aug-Oet-Wins 1) fields high arcs. Levers 1) factors high particular levers (Aug-Oet-Winstein Case) and the same stress of the transmission of the same stress of the transmission of the

23. CORETHROGYNE. DC. prodr. 5. p. 215.

Heads many-flowered ; the ray-flowers neutral, numerous, in a single series ; those of the disk tubular, perfect. Scales of the hemispherical involucre imbricated in several series, lanceolate or linear, with somewhat spreading tips ; the exterior shorter. Receptucle flat, obscurely alveolate, sometimes with linear chaff scattered among the flowers. Rays linear, elongated ; the corolla of the disk cylindraceous, with 5 short (somewhat hairy) teeth. Authors tipped with a filiform-cuspidate appendage. Branches of the style linear, bordered with conspicuous stigmatic lines, tipped with a dense penicillate tuft of rather rigid bristles. Achenia of the ray none, or a mere rudiment; of the disk cuneiform or turbinate, silky or villous. Pappus simple, of numerous rather rigid scabrous unequal bristles ; that of the ray obsolete, or of few short and unequal bristles .- Perennial herbs or suffrutescent plants (natives of California), clothed with a soft and white, at length somewhat deciduous wool ; the branches terminated by rather large solitary heads. Leaves numerous, linear-lanccolate or oblanceolate, mucronulate, closely sessile ; the radical and lowermost tapering into a petiole, serrate or toothed towards the apex. Rays violet-purple; the disk yellow. Pappus turning reddish-brown or purplish.

To this interesting genus (founded upon a Californian plant collected by Douglas) we had referred, from their description, the Aster? filaginifolius and A.? tomeatellus of Hooker & Arnott in Beechey's Voyage. Some time afterwards, fanding two species in the collection of Mr. Nutail, upon which he had established a new ground Generalization line in memory and before the A associate Philosophical Second to influence has in a different bolics of an oral second to for exchanges in our bolic of the second second second second second second second second Acron of Basers and Associa memory and association of the second second Acron of Basers and Associa memory and the second second second second terms of the second second second second second second second for the second second second second second second second second for the second second second second second second second second for the second second second second second second second second for the second second second second second second second second for the second second second second second second second second for the second second second second second second second second for the second se

§ 1. Receptacle with linear membranaceous chaffy scales intermired among the flowers, usually, if not always, wanting in the centre of the head.

 G. Galifornica (DC.): stems and simple branches very woolly, leafy; leaves linear-hancedata, subcrect; the lower ones lauceolate-oldoux, tape? ing to the base, sparingly toxolical; scales of the hemispherical involutes glandular-vineid, with somewhat spreading tips; nehenia densely sililyvilloas—DC? L is: i Hock Amr. i bot. Brocher, suppl. p. 300.

California, Dargita '-- Erareven' tech or 'more' in formal, sense, avery like the sense, resonanting as Garaphiani. Reads transf, transformation of the like the sense, resonanting as Garaphiani. Reads through transformation in the sense in the sense of the sense of the sense of the sense and garantitative-size identifying and a sense of the sense of the sense transfers likewise alightly glassicality. Call of the receptose is more a sense of the sense makes the sense of the sense of the sense of the sense of the sense which project leoped the summit, as an anopere (the a above currier pupmathematic sense of the sense of the sense of the sense of the sense mathematic sense of the sense of the sense of the sense of the sense mathematic sense of the mathematic sense of the sense of the sense of the sense of the sense mathematic sense of the sense mathematics. The sense of the sense mathematics.

\$ 2. Receptacle destitute of chaff.

2. C. cheener (Nutri): very wordly: atem very heafy, branching abort: the branches bearing 1 to 3 breach tensor incomentance, abbrect i the lowermost ablong-inscretate, tapering to the hand, with one what appending that the exterior tensors is ablentia silky-canescent.—Natl. I in trans. Amer. Phil. Phys. Rev. 19, 29, 290, eccl. syn.

8. Deps. California, "Account?" May —The ray-flowers (light blobb-paped only 2 are 4 very abort brisins; the intervay and a radiancempt pape of any 2 are 4 very abort brisins; the intervay and a radiancempt pape of any 2 are 4 very abort brisins; the interval is a suble covers the brisins of the replacement, the truth of bring brisins which covers the truth of a suble covers and there are a suble and the suble covers and the sub-suble suble suble

CORETHROGYNE.

COMPOSITÆ.

99

first woolly-canescent, at length nearly glabrous; achenia cunciform-oblong, compressed; silky-pubescent.—Nutl. 1 . c. Aster 1 filaginifolius, Hook. & Arn.! bot. Beckey, p. 146. Diplopappus leucophyllus, Lindl. in DC. prof. 5, p. 278 J

Monercy, California, Capt. Becoky: 'St. Bachara, Nettall'—Plant mee schedur and branched dann ite preventing, apparently alighty suffictiones at the base in the pubsecones similar, but loover and more decidents. Head smaller, the assist of the involvers. Young adjustion turbines and the starph of the ray almost none. Young adjustic turbines and the star of the back of the star of the involvers of the star of the star of the star photo the ray almost none. Young adjustic turbines are starbles that of the ancerding species. The style resembles that of the ancerding species.

4. C. Samsetting: seem alumbity at the basis; the branches slender, woully, leafy to the nummit; leaves of the branches) paperssel, linear or linearoblem; closely secalls; those of the slore transhiets or peduacies crowded, twy small and practike, paper into the oblem; dotus to menetone scales of the somewhat turbinate involuce; achemia silky-canescent—Aster tomestellus. *Hook, star. I bot. Becomerg.* p. 136.

Memorray, California, Capit. Berkologi (ve. pai. herb, Hack)—We have seen the single and importent set and the single herb and involves that of the single and importent set and the single herb and the single herb and the single set of the single set and the single herb are percy isologic, builden and the single set and the single herb manacono, observations, but often slightly memorulate its disconstructure specific theory. But often slightly memorulate the disconstructure specific the single set and the proper stem unknown.

24. DIETERIA. Nutt. in trans. Amer. phil. soc. 7. p. 300. (excl. spec.)

Heads many-flowered ; the ray-flowers numerous (10-30), in a single series, pistillate ; those of the disk tubular, perfect. Scales of the obovoid or turbinate involucre closely insbricated for the most part in several series, linear, rigid, somewhat carinate, unequal, with berbaceous squarrose-spreading or recurved tips. Receptacle flat, somewhat alveolate; the alveoli toothed or Incerate. Rays linear ; the corolla of the disk cylindraceous, often narrow, 5-toothed, Appendages of the style filiform-subulate or linear-lanceolate, minutely hiraute. Achenia turbinate or cuneiform, often compressed, pubescent or silky. Pappus of numerous scabrous and rather rigid capillary bristles, very unequal (in 2 or 3 series); that of the ray similar but frequently shorter and less copious .- Annual, biennial, or triennial herbs (natives of arid or naked plains between the Mississippi and the Pacific), divaricately branched, canescent or pulveralent-publicscent, or sometimes viscid. Leaves rarely entire, usually pinnately toothed or pinnatifid, narrow; the cauline sessile. Heads (often large) solitary or several on the corymbose or mcemose branches. Rays purple or violet, rarely ochroleucous; the disk-flowers yellow. Paupus taway or brownish.

11. Scales of the involucre imbricated in several series, with short herbaccous tips: leaves usually rigid, spinulose-coshed or pinulatiful, sometimes entire s the caulus linear, the radical lanceolate or spatulate (rays pissillate, but sometimes invited 2).—Directans proper. Corolla of the disk very narrow, not dilated at the summit : appendages of the style subslate-fillers.

 D. scssilifora (Nutt.): viscidly pubescent; stems simple; heads spicate-racemose, often crowded; leaves linear or somewhat lanceolate, incisely spinulose-toothed; rays (12-15) ochroleucous.—Nutt.! in trans. Amer. phil. soc. (n. scr.) 7, p. 301.

Denotative plains of the Recky Mountines and Oregon, Natell — Steme about a foot high mostly aimple, the base and hower leaves thinputly aratecent the upper portion, involuces, &c. wired. Heads rather analler than the following, screenly a third of an itsel in diameter, observe or turbings, appedres of third division, narrow, canoneantly publicated. — Yery nearly allel to the following species.

 D. vizzosa (Nutt.): pulverulently pubescent and viscid; stems simple, racemosely branched or somewhat corymbose; leaves linear, acute or acuminate, incisely spinulose-toolhed; rays (19-20) nurple,—Nut. / i. c.

With the preceding, particularly near Scott's Bluff on the Platte, Nettall.⁽¹⁾ Stem simple, often very viscid, and exhaling the strong heavy scont of Aster grevelous of Gnaphilum Americanum. Leaves sometimes nearly pinnatifid or runcinate.⁽¹⁾ Natt.—Scales of the turbinate involuere very numerous, lincar, fixid, with short sourcover-recurred tups.

3. D. discricula (Nutt.): minutely canescent, not glandular or viscid; stem racemosic or racemose-compound; the branches divaricute; radical and lower leaves lancediate or somewhat spatulates, strongly sprunose-toketed; the upper linear, small, often nearly entire; rays (12-16) short, pale blue or purple-Nutt. I & c.

Demotrated plains of the Rocky Monsteins and Oregon, common, Nettell —About 566 this [hermches rather ended, with small lower, prevaling our into a compound corego. Pappus follows or white. Nett-The leads are about the size of the preceding, apparently more leadured by a size most leaning-herical; with rather tronker, forwar, and leas acute, perlaps low right, cannectory previousing (hut not grandular or wisels) soles. The rays as in the preceding, are not much longer than the disk. These species are to nearly whited that they may hereafter be found to push one of the disk.

4. D. incrnat; perminil: minuthy enseense throughout with a very hold red public sector is sum sourt, accouncely henchold, the impache of each start for the incrude of each sector is supervised. The increase is set in the increase of the increase is set in the increase of the increase of the increase is set in the increase in the increase is set in the increase is set in the increase is set in the increase in the increase is set in the increase in the increase is set in the increase in the increase is intriviated and the increase is set in the increase in the increase in the increase is set in the increase in the increase is set in the increase in the increase in the increase is set in the increase in the increase in the increase is set in the increase in the increase is set in the increase in the increase in the increase is set in the increase in the increase in the increase is set in the increase is set in the increase in

California, Dangita' (prohabity from the interior)—Stem and 1-5 fee high spperryle plate the work) at the hard rescale response of the plate the spectra plate the work) at the hard rescale response of the the spectra plate the spectra plate the spectra plate the spectra view of the lower denses, it means and the fee mark the spectra view of the lower denses in the spectra plate the law. That is the spectra plate the spectra plate the spectra plate the spectra view of the law of the spectra plate the spectra plate the law. That is the spectra plate the spectra of the spectra plate the sp

DIETERIA.

COMPOSITÆ.

ted, the heads larger, the involucre more hemispherical, with narrower and .

* Appendages of the style subulate or somewhat lanceolate ; pappus more slender.

5. D. Conservers (Nutl.): minutely cansecent with a self pubsecnees stem were under hypothed, corymhose leaves linear, entries its her nicital statulart: seales of the obsevial involuces lanceolata, acute, inductional statustice, with digitally squaresse (its, irr, wos (16-37) matter large, parpliabilities, were and the status of the status of the status of the status of the Parel 1/6, 2, p. 547). A hiermin, Natl. 1 (gen. 2, p. 155). Upper Mission, in demulated arguithments to Fort

Upper Missiori, in denudated argillaceous soils, from the Arikarees to Fort Mandan, Nutatil (who alone has collected it.) Aug-Ot-De-Misen about a foot high, divaricately branched, fastigate at the summit, bearing numerous heads about as large as a Daily. Scales of the involucer figid, cansecter, with short greensh tips. Cauline leaves closely sestile, 1 to 2 inches long, 10 2 incs with e. Appendances of the style sublate-increaler.

And plans towards the sources of the Platte, Nuttall !-- About 6 inches high. Nearly allied to the preceding; the heads smaller, the scales of the involucere less imbricated, somewhat viscid ? Appendages of the style sublate.

§ 9. Sociel of the hemispherical involvere nearly equal, invisited in about 3 veries, linear, with a short appressed somewhat carillaginous base, and dimgited acute spreading herbocous lips: receptate observatig alrevals: advanta observate, many settists: pappus of the ray and slick nearly equal: larges not right optimatified and bipsimalified—Deterochanow. Nat.

7. D. coronopylicia (Nut.): pubercent and somewhat viscid, diffusely bittehol from the have it the branches mostly remined by single (showy) herds; radical and lower leaves biplanariid, petiolat; the upper pinnariid, with the segments tooched or nicedari; rays (aloue 20) large, radical-hapurle; asbenia villous. — Nut.!. 1. c. Chrysopis (Pappochroma) corosoptidia, Nut.!. (is over, end. Philad. 7, n. 34.

Dry nakel places along arrange from the Upper Missouri and Platte to the Kocky Mountains, M., Ryght, Natall J. Jusy-Ang--Rost annual or himniai J. Stems 6-10 incher high. "Heads nearly as large as the garden Mittelok." Seales of the involveme with long and longe herbaceous very preservations. Appendages of the avgle autoints when mature. Parpear Weither Mountain and Mittelok, and the avgle and and and and redshifts of the involvement of the state autoints when mature. Parpear weither herbaceous artiker right the binkets in 30 more unequal series.

25. SERICOCARPUS. Nees, Ast. p. 148; DC. prodr. 5. p. 261.

Aster & Leucocoma, Nutt. (1834.)

Heads 12-15-flowered ; the ray-flowers about 5, distant, pistillate ; those of the disk tubuler, perfect. Scales of the abovate-oblog or turbinate-cylinsdrient involucre closely individual in several series, nerveless or obscurely herevel ; the lower portion carllaginous (whitish), appressed ; the appr

SERICOCARPUS.

Jarkarowa, ofen aprending or aparame. Receptach small, alveshists the alveshi toxide of hearma-ciline. Faryo olong-linear the could of the disk alighty expanded at the summit, 5-blod pt he blors are obtain, hareofast asses. Appreaded as the string (in the disk favors) parameters and heart for the string of the strip (in the disk favors) parameters and high langual enhances hearts same of them thickned upwards-Perendis warms easily burner. How they are the summity with almester earlier generate scale burners. The strip are the same of the strip and the strip photometer. Flowers of the ray while; chose of the disk pd syllow, randy changing to pargula.

§ 1. Involvere about the length of the disk ; the exterior scales oblong or oval, closely appressed, with rigid herbaccous squarrose tips.

1. S. organiza (Nes): stern somewhat pulsescen, tightly and/of leven offster, philoson barrier, view, observed, barryer, the pulse one obleg distribution philoson barrier, view, observed, the provide some wareab the stores, repering into a standard sequence of the philoson wareab the stores, repering into a standard sequence of the philoson wareab the stores, repering into a standard sequence of the philoson wareab the stores, repering into a standard sequence of the philoson wareab the stores, repering into a standard sequence of the philoson Zame. I gover 2: p. 301; 1 Ward. J. Carpot, S. p. 301. Carpot, and Ward Zame. I gover 2: p. 301; 1 Ward. J. Expering J. S. La Star, J. S. Star, J. S. Star, J. S. Star, S. S. Star, J. S. Star, S. Star, J. S. Star, J. S. Star, J. S. Star, J. S. Star, S. Star, S. Star, S. Star, J. S. Star, J. S. Star, J. S. Star, J. S. Star, S. Star, S. Star, S. Star, J. S. Star, J. S. Star, J. S. Star, S. St

Dry woodlands, Massachusetts to Florida! common. June-Aug.-Plant 1-2 feet high. Leaves rather firm, 1-3 inches long. Heads sometimes solitary and pedicellate, but usually sessile in small clusters. Rays much shorter than in the S. solidagineus, but always longer than the disk.

More woodinate, Canada' and Northern States! to Alaborna! and Louisinant to every other sectors. Job Sept. – Plant pale yellowish-green, about 2 feet high: the standard of the sector for several from the same cost or woody volace: glabroas, broad, white, with aburg green tips. Rays much lengt than the disk.

§ 2. Involucre mostly shorter than the disk; the scales linear or narrowlyoblong, less rigid and appressed; the tips greenish but scarcely squarrose.

 S. tortifolius (Nees) : alightly canescent with a minute dense public energy leaves abort, spatulate-oblong or obovate, entire, mucroaulate, 1-nerved, obscurely punctate, spreading and usually vertical, both surfaces similar, heads

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SERICOCARPUS.

COMPOSITÆ.

in losse compound corymba, mostly pedicellate and bibractenet; scales of the obsynoid involuter narrowly oblong, with acutish slightly spreading tips; rays longer than the coplous while pappos.—Nex, Ads. p. 151; DC. I. c. Conyra biolinn, Walt. Cor. p. 204. Aster torifolius, Michr. I f. 2, p. 109; EU. J st. C. p. 311.

A. Callinaii : leaves sparingly crenate-serrate.-Aster (Leucocoma) Collinsii, Nutt. ! in jour. acad. Philad. 7. p. 82.

Barrens and dry pine woods, Virginia I and North Carolina; to Elcovial and Louisiani J. β . Florida, M. W. Wer / Marge-Septem-Pinen about 2 feet high branched above. Louves 6-12 lines long, rigid—Head as large as in 85. conyxides, addond clustered. Flowers of the disk 10 or more: Ackenia short.—In a specimen collected in Virginia by Mr. Durand, the lower leaves are aparingly created-services.

4. S. Orgenerari (Nutt.): nearly glabrons; leaves broadly lanceolate, rather acute, entice, I-nerved, veiny, both sides and especially the margins scabrous; heads clustered in small compact corymets scales of the turbinate involuce oblong-linear, 1-nerved; rays longer than the (white) papues arbitran scalenter—Nutt./ is trans. Amer. phil. Scc. (so. etc.) 7, p. 502.

Organ. AutoII (----) true apparently rights large and stard, sensewhat branched. Largest 9-26 inches lange, nearly half an inche wite, theiskin, narrowed at the base ; those of the branchlets small. Heads rather larger than the following explete, about 15-browerd. Achieving the starter larger than the following explete, about 15-browerd. Achieving the target risk with the this with poly han the length of the papers.—We have reason in this that this with poly han the length of the papers.—We have reason in this that this with poly han the length of the papers.—We have reason in this way afford a constant character.

5. S. rigidas (Lintl.): nearly glabous; lawes oblass-spatials, or oblacedate, obus, often micromulate, rutine, source-what 3-nervel, veiny, losh surfaces very scaleros, the margine cilitate-scalenosis, heads clustered in small compact cosynchis; scaled of the intrinsic involutors narrowly dismular endorm-Lindl. In Hack f. Borochen 2, p. 14, for in DC 4, e. 5, West 1, t. e. (I. Invirusion); of Landing Parket and Scale and Scal

Low tills and gravely well, Oragon around Fer Vaconver, Rev. Danglar U. D., Sould', Nathill, July-Ampen-Pitart 10 a Get high the simple stems, or the few corymbox branches, neuralisated by small compact corymbs. Lawses an incide in length, right. Heads about 0.6 dowerds, namely as large as in S. coayazales. Inset scalas of the invaluers about the implifs of the disk scarinos; the cettoric with nonsekula sequences generality taw kern matters about half the length of the payna, not werg dendy all'us.

26. ASTER. Tourn. inst. t. 174 ; Linn. gen. no. 954. (excl. spec.)

Aster, Biotia, Tripolium, Heleastrum, & species of Calimeris, DC.

Heads many-downed 1 the app-downed in a single series pitelliter (how the disk stating), expected. Scalar of the involvement one with herebaseous or distances that the series of the s

We are greatly indebted to several botanists and public institutions of this country for the use of their entire collections of American Asters; and we would especitrusting to our care his yast materials in this and other allied senera, has afforded the most important assistance. Notwithstanding the very favourable opportunities we have enjoyed, our arrangement of this, probably the most difficult genus in North American botany, although the result of much labor, is by no means so satisfactory as could be desired. Although much remains to be done before our species can be considered as well settled, still we trust that our attempt will be found to have contributed to this result, and that most of our indiscnous A sters may be satisfactorily identified by the student. The chief remaining difficulties relate to the species of the much better defined, and also somewhat increased in number, in some instances perhaps by the separation of species which we have ventured to unite, as well as by the identification of various cultivated plants with their native originals. It is well known that many of the enumerated species, both of earlier and later authors, have been described from plants long cultivated in European gardens, where they have doubtless undergone great alterations in appearance; to say nothing of the atrong probability of occasional hybridization. A large, and indeed increasing number of these are only known as garden plants; and it is probable that many will never be identified with their original types; even supposing them to have been derived in all cases from this country, which is by no means certain. As we have chiefly directed our attention to the indigenous plants, and have drawn our descriptions from these alone, we have thought it advisable to bring together, at the close of our account of the proper Asters known to us, those species of garden or gin which we have not identified with native specimens. A fuller comparison than we have been able to institute will doubtless considerably reduce their number. Those botanists who are most familiar with our Asters in their native situations, and with the changes produced by difference of soil, exposure, season, &c. will not be greatly surprised at numerous reductions of species which others may think unwarranted. We have only to say, that we have seldom ventured upon such reduc-tions, except on the authority of a full suite of specimens which appeared to present absolute transitions. An obvious difference between two or three specimens in often entirely inappreciable in a fuller series, and thus loses its value as a means of distinction: but the claims of a genuine species are generally confirmed by a large number of specimens. It must, however, be admitted that, in this as in all large and natural genera, several spocies which we cannot but consider as distinct (such for instance as A. cordifolius and A. sagittifolius) do frequently present very parzling intermediate forms; and that an apparent transition is not always real. it is better, perhaps, to hazard the occasional reduction of even true species to varieties, than to multiply species which we are confessedly unable to define. We may remark, in conclusion, that we are the more inclined to act upon our own convictions, on account of the very frequent and wide disagreement even of the highest authorities upon this genus.

§ 1. Indiver observe-supervised of the value regularity individual in versus even, approach, and y dottike of horizone layer the content on considery denotes receptual absolutes rays to 151: approaches of the horizon approximation of the second state of the second state of the second second second second state of the second state of the second second second second state of the second state of the second second second second second state of the second second second second second second second state of the second second

1. As corpulsous (hit): stem shender, often fuscuum, terte: lexver membrane.cours, coarsely or incinely and unexpally service with abary spreading teeth, complexposing neurainate, all but the uppermost cordate and on shender maked periodes, oracle or oract-inance-date; heats locally corymibase; involutes abouter than the disk; the exterior scales roundish-orater image (white) 65-m-dit. Keres (cd. 1) 3, p. 207, Wild., ptoc. 3, p. 2005;

Paraki f. 1. p. 552; Ell. sk. 2. p. 365. A. divaricatus, Linn. spcz. 2. p. 8737 (file kerb. f) excl. syn. Ground: & Pluk. Eurybia corymbosa, Cas. in dict. sci. and: 27. p. 467; Necs. Ast. p. 1432, Lindl. bod. res. t. 1532; Hook. f, fl. Bor.-Am. 2. p. 14; Darlingt. f. Cest. p. 469. Biotia corymbosa, DC.; pradr. 5. p. 265.

Dry woodlands, Canada and Northern States! to the middle country or mountains of the Southern States! July-Aug .- Stem 1-2 feet high, glabrous, or pubescent towards the summit, where it branches into a loose (often somewhat leafy) corymb. Leaves very thin and membranaceous, 2-4 or 5 inches long, strongly serrate with sharp and spreading rather distant and irregular teeth, which are tipped with conspicuous mucronate-acuminate points, glabrous or sparsely hairy above, and often hairy on the midrib and veins beneath, as also the slender perioles, varying from broadly ovate to ovate-lanceolate, but all except the uppermost cordate ; the upper rarely with margined petioles; the unnermost sessile and snarinely serrate. Heads smaller than in the following species, the outer scales of the involucre (smooth, except the ciliste-publiscent margin) rounder and less rigid. Pappus tawny. Achenia nearly glabrous when mature .- Lindley cites the Aster cordificities of Michaux as a synonym of this species, on the authority of a specimen communicated by A. Richard : but, if we mistake not, the chief specimens of his proper herbarium accord with the Linnaan A. cordifolius-

 Φ - A more populate (Lim), is seen not, somewhat ratiosen glob, roughbur powers at low-the conversion is memory, and or grant () seens thinks, seen powers at low seens the second s

B stem and leaves nearly smooth and glabours beeds usually smaller. Aver Schreiber, Nex, appear, p. 16; Sprace, rest. 3, p. 555. Eurybia Schreberi, Necel Adr. p. 158. Biolis Schrebert, D.C. I. Le. (Varies, with the heads somewhat glomerate on short pericles), and the rays shorter; apparently an accidental state. Eurybia glomerata, Benh. in Nex, Att. I. c. Bioin glomerata, D.C. I. Le.)

y- exterior scales of the involucre broadly ovate or roundish-oval; otherwise as in a,

Westleman. Canada (from the Sankatheward) and Northem Barets Ra-Septem-Serum 1-4 for thigh, manufor expression flat super three which means generic new yield under a first set of the super time which is the same generic new yield under a first set of the super hard set of the same generic new yield under a first set of the super hard set of the same generic new yield under a first set of the phase means. Each of the same set of the same set of the same hard set of the same set of the same set of the same set of the phase means. Each of the same set of the same set of the same tension of the same set of the the same set of the same set of

ASTER.

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§ 2. Stall of the involutor inhibitant in several varian, contactus, with herbaceaus spreading or squarme tips: receptable alreades: regressmances (12-80): appending of the high lancedout: briefd of the pappur rigid, unequal, a portion of the inner more or less biolecoud boords the summit achievin survey, angled or statist, highly or secret(20) compresed : sumitilearnes sensite, rigid ; the radical never conduct: heads large and shows —CALIMENTER.

This section closely approaches Biotia through Aster Radula, and Scricocarpus by A. gracilis: it appears to form a very natural group. The inner brisdles of the pappus become more rigid and more evidently thickened above as they grow old.

3. A. Faciala (Ak): stem rifer, glabrow, angled with decrurent lines, somewhat orymbus at the summitt the hencels for, no-radiuly simple and mitted, slightly publicent; have a lance of the summitted because of the summitted because and the summation of the summa

B. leaves ovate-lanceolate, or the lower ones somewhat obovate-oblong, acute or slightly acuminate.—A. nudiflorus, Nutl. gen. 2. p. 157; Darling!. A. Cest. p. 462; DC. i. c.

Most copes and low crounds, News Stocht (Lion) and Newformhard I. Most Copes, Main, M. Other J. New Rotten and Naim, Masselburg, Katsal, Newmyn G. New Lercy, Dr. Nuer, ex. Nat. "On the high meaning of New Jercey, Dr. Nuer, ex. Nat. "On the high result of the state of the state of the state of the state of the probability of the state of the state of the state of the state forms more lixed at a discretion of the state of the

4. 4. doffarma (Micha): 1 low; storms very simple, shouldr, bearing row (rerely a single) polunoviate heads at the summin, leaves broadly hancelates, very acuts, remotely [and sharply] serue; scales of the approach-indivsite involuces lancolate (heads impe). Michael, fl. 2, p. 115; Noo, At-Auntal lakes and verse which flow into Hundser's Bay, Michaev. Layland lakes and verse which flow into Hundser's Bay, Michaev. Lay-

Around takes and rivers which flow into Hudson's Bay, Michaux. Le's grador, and on high mountains of Pennsylvanis, Parsh. Labrador, Ho's Schwinitz 1—The following particulars are added by Parsh, whose Labrador plant (Herb. Banks.) is probably the same as Michaux's A. biflores: Plant from 4 inches to a segme high: lawse scalarons: flowers middle-sizedi

ASTER.

ASTER.

COMPOSITÆ.

the rays pale violet, disk hownish-pellow: scales of the involution oblique, assets, nearly counting the disk______outoring to News, who scanning at parciment in the Willdenwish herbariann, the stern is glubrays, and the closely involved the scales of the involution ovaric-lobes, rather assets—The speciment in the Schweinizitan herbariann resembles a very dwarf state of A. Rabala, with which it scales of the involution ovariant of the state of the mome membrane scales of the involution ovariant of the state of the state of the mome membraneous scales of the involution scale scale scales in the scales, and nearly quali la length.

6. d. nowima (Ekcharka): nikona creeping a term pulsestent or ville beirer, tomesten and moly corporations at the sammin, belly: here detected and the samma strength of the same strength of the samma strength of the s

7. arcticus: stems smaller, often simple and bearing a solitary head; scales of the more simple involucer fewer; the exterior more foliaccous and so long as the disk.-A. salassigniousal Less. in Lineau, 6. p. 124. A. Espenbergensis, Ness / Ast. p. 36; DC./ L.c. A. Sibiricus, Fusher / in Arch. Hook.

Barren country from lat. 64° to the Arctic Sen, Richardson ! Rocky Mountains, Drummond ! Also in Siberia (Herb. Pall. fide Richards. & herb. Hook. 1 ex Turcz.) B. Fort Franklin on the Mackenzie River, Richardson ! y. Kotzebue's Sound, &c. Chamisso ! Capt. Beechey !- Stem varying from 5 inches to a foot or more (in 3, 2 feet) in height, often branched at the base, usually simply corymbose at the summit; the tomentose crect peduncles thickened under the heads. Leaves 1 to 3 inches long, featherveined, either obscurely or conspicuously serrate with pointed teeth. Heads as large as in A. alpinus ; the involucre, in the fully developed states, broadly campanulate rather than hemispherical, at first about the length of the disk, and more herbaceous; the inner with purple summits; in β , all rather looser and less unequal ; in y, with the exterior more folinceous and lax or bracteolate, equalling or exceeding the innermost, so as to resemble an Alpigenous Aster. Receptacle aiveolate. Rays apparently purple, much longer than the disk, the corolla of the disk turning purple. Appendages of the style lanceolate-oblong, rather obtuse. Pappus copious, redish-brown when old, unequal, some of the longest series slightly thickened at the summit. Achenia attenuated, strongly striate, sparsely hairy when mature .- A well-marked species, with the involucre of the section Amelli, and the schenia and pappus of Biotia, or of most species of Calliastrum ; but in the extremely reduced arctic forms, the involucre simulates an Alpigenous Aster, which the larger states are very unlike, although an approach to this form is occasionally presented. The var. B. is a larger, coarser, and much more tomentose state, with the leaves often an inch and a half wide, resembling A. conspicuus,

6. A. conspicuus (Lindl.): stem stout, strict, corymbose at the summit; the branches erect, minutely pubsecent, mostly leafless and bearing single heads; leaves oblong or broadly innecelate, acute, serrate with come spreading tech, slightly pubsecent and scabrous, sessile; the lower narrowed at the base ; involucre hemispherical-campanulate, about the length of the disk; the scales numerous, unequal; glandular-puberslent, lacerolate, with acute herbaccors synctros-expressing tips; rays numerous; acherial linear-blong; ailky-pubescent—Lindl. ! in Hock, fl. Bor.-Am. 2, p. 7, & in DC, profr. 5, p. 230.

Catton House, on the Saskatchawan River (about lat. 63%), no the Rody Montanian, Downsond — A start showy species, with ample thickshow vidy maintainer-pointed, and heads fully as large as those of A superballics of which if bears considerable resonantionate. Involvement and peduceles wirdl with a minimum glundular public-scenese. Rays large, blue: Appendages of disand scareeby, if a stall this level on works.

1. A probabilit (Mis) seem strice, pulzeralent-schwans, glavallar-vulses end and exprosses at the summit; since sizes ablancy-increases, schwans, seeming, entities; the lower ones ablancy-increases, schwans, seeming, entities; the schwarz benchmarker (and the schwarz) and the schwarz benchmarker (and the schwarz) and sc

β. flowering branches, or peduncles, few and slender, mostly simple, pilose with slender hairs as well as glandolar-pubescent; leaves lanceolate, entire or senrely serrate.

 pranches of the corymb few and mostly simple; leaves obovate-oblong, often nearly all permac.--A. spectabilis B. bellidifolius, Nutl. I. c. 7 Asurculosus 7 EU. 1, sc. 2, p. 354.

Dry study will not plus largers. Manachusetti (New Redied, Mr. 7.4. dreft plus New Pergy 1 to Friedla and hermacky? Segret-Nove-tille bergers on semalicity, haif an inclu an inclu an sixth, of a ferm extra setting of the second second second second second second and second second

8. A practice (Suric): sterms avecal from the same often services cutder, instends, sightly publicents, corporations at the source like targets averable scatheron, remarkly and obscurity creations entries, the radical cases oblang or spatiating, on alcoharming the casiling oblanged and the same service that oblange often marrowed as the base, slightly classing is placed as served. In a spacening carrying is involutes obscured, as place as the casiling oblanged, the scattering publices at eachies individual in several series, which and corriangous, with infratorias (oblange or slightly pointed) spreading tigs: the scattering scattering of the scatt

nively shorter; rays about 12; achenia cunciform-oblong, moderately compressed, minutely hairy .- Nutt. ! gen. 2. p. 158.

Prairies of Kentucky & Tennessee, Nuttall ! Pine barrens of New Jersey ! common. Sept.-Caudex usually tuberous, producing runners and offsets. Stems about a foot high, not scabrous or glandular, leafy, either simple and bearing 5 to 9 heads in a terminal corvmb (the central head almost sessile, the lateral on stender spreading or divaricate peduncles); or with corymbose flowering branches, each bearing 3 to 7 heads, all but the lateral or external on very short pedicels. Leaves 1 to about 2 inches long, nearly coriaceous, opaque, glabrous. Involucre almost exactly like Sericocarona convzoides and about the same size; the exterior scales subspatulate-oblong or linearoblong, somewhat ciliate; the innermost linear, membranaceous. Heads about 30-flowered. Rays violet ; the ligules exserted about the length of the involucre. Achenia rather short, impressed-striate, clothed with short sparse hairs .- Mr. Nuttall has correctly remarked the alliance of this plant to A. spectabilis on the one hand (some forms of which it greatly resembles), and to Sericocarpus convzoides on the other; it almost connects the latter genus with Aster.

5. As resulting (Mirka): items as very flow in heat more survey lowers, includes, induced, with the survey lowers lowers), increasing end of the survey lowers lo

Works Burks County, N. Canalina, Michara. Margina diopa barly companyin Tamonason, Kazubiai and Yujimi, Matdiai. Wiimingon, N. Comina, Natudi Y. M. Carafa Bardan Stane, M. Comi Y. Septa-Ribi Contant, M. Sharidi Y. M. Carafa Bardan Stane, M. Comi Y. Septa-Ribi Contant, Santa Standar, Santa Stane, M. Comi Y. Septa-Ribi Contant, Santa Standar, Santa Stane, Santa Stana, Santa Stan, Santa Stana, Santa Stana, Santa Stana, Santa Stana, Santa Stan, Santa Stana, Sa

19. 3. πριλαδους (λ(z)), εταν alightly puberishest or readows; I server shows, of the more stress achieves, of the more stress achieves, of the more stress achieves, and the more stress achieves a stress achieves ach

Wet pine barrens and swamps, from North Carolina! to Florida! Losisiana ! and Arkansas ! Aug.-Oct .- Stems 1-2 feet high. Leaves corisceous, somewhat erect, 2-4 inches long, 2-3 lines wide, pointed, strongly 1nerved, or with 2 obscure lateral nerves; the uppermost often concave. Heads large (the disk half of an inch in diameter), usually 3 to 8 disposed in a somewhat racemose manner on short nearly naked peduncles, sometimes axillary on very short peduncles, forming a kind of spike; but the lower peduncies, or branchlets, often elongated, so as to become corymbese, or branching and naniculate. Exterior scales of the involucre usually loose and bracteolate, or passing into the bracteate leaves which subtend the head, almost entirely foliaceous, somewhat ciliate; the innermost with the tips only herbaceous, or sometimes colored. Rays (about 24) nearly an inch long, deep blue. Pappus tawny, rather rigid ; the bristles unequal ; the larger ones gradually thickened upwards so as to appear slightly clavate under a lens, but scarcely more so than in the preceding anecies. Achenia glabrous, or slightly pubescent when young, somewhat angled and striste, slender, scarcely compressed .- This species is, we believe, confined to the Southern States. Mr. Nuttall's A. paludosus is probably a form of our A. clodes. What can be the plant from Northern British America mentioned by Dr. Richardson under this name?

11-1. A. Cortinii : monota nad glabovas 1 seen (apparenty) a imple. lenty, algibly corymbes or mercuose at leasambit; the burnets short highburning imple or few lends 1 leaves. Inncolate, sensile, attenuate-curle, serrare, with achieve or sourcevista cillutar margins; it he owermost taperies into a winged petide; senice of the hemispheretal lavolatere oblog or slighty spatialize, unequal, indicated in joint 4 series, concessor, with orespitowas altrupy foliaceous squarese-reflected summits; achienis narrow, glabovas.

On Table Mountain &c. N. Carolina, Mr. M. A. Curtis !- Stem strict. apparently 2 to 3 feet high, smooth throughout, leafy to the summit, with a few short spreading flowering branches, which bear single or 3-5 racemose heads; the lateral ones on short pedicels. Leaves somewhat membransceous, tapering to a very acute point, entirely smooth on both sides, or slightly scabrous next the margins of the upper surface or near the apex, pale beneath, with rather prominent reticulated veinlets; all but the uppermost conspicuously but somewhat irregularly serrate, the base and spex entire t the lowermost (radical unknown) about 4 inches long and two thirds of an inch wide, narrowed rather abruptly into a margined or winged petiole, coarsely serrate; the upper similar, but narrower and less tapering at the base ; the uppermost closely sessile, often entire ; those of the branchlets minute and bract-like, thickish, obtuse. Heads about as large as those of A. spectabilis, subglobose. Scales of the involucre numerous, white and coriaccous below, appressed; the foliaccous summits (oval or lanceolate, often acute) abruptly squarrose or recurved, sometimes equal in length to the appressed portion. Rays large, 20 or more, blue or nurnle. Bristles of the pappus slender, rather soft, the inner series very obscurely thickened upwards .- We have but two specimens of this apparently well-marked species, collected we believe in different localities, neither of which are so perfect as could be desired. Perhaps it belongs to the Grandiflori, rather than to the present division.

§ 3. Scalar of the involunce inhericated in various degrees, with herbaconsu or foliancous tips, or the exterior entirely herbacous receptate alcoalate: rays numerous: appendages of the style innecedits: bristles of the paptra capillary (only and nearly uniform, none of them thickened at the appet achesia compressed.—Astrue proper.

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 Heads (large) corgundose or ratemane; scales of the involvere imbricated in screeral series; rigid, with herbaconos or foliaccous resonants, proceeded squarrose or spreading; the innervost usually werebranaccous: actenia broad, compressed, publicent or heiror,—Amelli.

12. A. integriptics (Nutt.) a sem simple, villaus-pubsecent, the summit and the simple corrup ginabatic and viscal (areas obling-integration, scatts, areas, barriers), viscal the radiation of the same state of the same ginabatic backs for (3-5), scatts of the involvement back more ginabatic; backs for (3-5), scatts, ginabatic, herbacks, somewhat unequal 3-3 series, harecoince, acuts, ginabatic, herbacks, somewhat unequal 3-4, scatts, harecoince, acuts, ginabatic, herbacks, somewhat unequal 3-5, scatts, and scatts, sca

Body Mountains in lat. 42°, growing at a lower elevation than A ambimor A, ghrafink, 2004.11–1971an 64 2016.1000 heaty part of the start to may other. Leaves a moler conference with a strong minible (not right work), the numerous metriculated volumes to magnitude the start terms of the staff elevation in emitted 2-5 (noises long, including the party metriculated and the start of the start of the start of the staff magnitude terms of the start of the start of the start of the start heat start of the magnitude terms are started and volume terms at a start of the start heat starts and the start of the start of the start of the start of the start heat starts at the base. Rays - Musile-parties 15-60% (Nath), reflex larges the weyle in start party leaves the starts at the start of the start

13. A. seathidatus (Lindl.): stems low, bearing a few simple memore branches; leaves anrowly spatialized, obuse, entire, somewhat nerved, nearly fabrous; the uppermost lanceolate, dilated at the base and party classing differences in the search of the search of the search of the difference of the search of

Arote America, a Bert Lake and Fort Frankin on the Mackenie River, Robert America, a Bert Lake and Fort Frankin on the Mackenie River, Robert America, and Start Schwarz, and Schwarz Schwarz, and huirs. Robert and Schwarz Schwarz, and Schwarz Schwarz, and form appearance on both sides, done notify linear, the lateral nerves nonwhat reticulated. Heads few, about as large as in A. Amelha. Achenia bairy, compressed.

14. A. adsenders (Liahl): stars low according the branches simply formore or somewhat corymbours initial and lower lowers objactions or surveyly equilate, glabous, entire, with distas-scalewars marging: the case the linear-increasing party classifier of the interpleterial invations obligs, obtawar, the innermast sense: a schemis minutely hairy-Lindi. / in 1996; J. Berr. Am. 2, p. 8, § (in D. graft 5, p. 201).

 $\beta, denudatus: leaves more strongly ciliate-scabrous; the radical and low$ ormost somewhat fringed towards the base; the cauline small.—A. denudatus, Nutl. in trans. Amer. phil. soc. (a. scr.) 7, p. 203.

7. ciliatifolius : stem not denuded and scapiform, pubescent above ; leaves more proportionate, distinctly ciliated ; acales of the involucre ciliate, somewhat meue - A denufature & ciliatifalius, Nut L c.

Bonks of the Sakatchawan two works in the Cody Monatina , Dreamond J. Bonks of the Sakatchawan two works in the Cody Monatina mere Lewis River, advert and a constraint the Cody Monatina mere Lewis River, advert and a constraint of the Cody Monatina mere Bigh, basing several racemore or somewhat panelulate-corpusse heads, which are smaller than in A. Ancillas. Leaves rigid, the lowermost 3-4 inche long, alightly visited when odd (sperior) into a unargined petide, which is rather strongly ciliate in var. 3.; the margins frequently somewhat undulate or remotely depticulate. Involucre conalling or rather shorter than the disk, composed of numerous scales somewhat closely imbricated in several series, rather rigid, often ciliate ; the exterior shorter, almost wholly herbaceous ; the inner with more acute slightly spreading herbaccous summits. "Rays msepurple, 30-40, Nutt." Achenia rather broad, compressed, parrowed at the base as if slightly stipitate, 4-nerved, resembling those of A. Amellus, but smaller and minutely hairy. Pappus brownish.—The description of the achenia is drawn from var. β_{n} which differs from Dr. Lindley's plant only in the particulars mentioned above.

15. A. Chilensis (Nees) : stem racemose-decompound, hairy above in lines; the heads somewhat corymbose or racemose at the summit of the branches; leaves lanceolate, acute, crenate-serrate, clasping, scabrous on both sides; those of the peduncles small, oblong, squarrose; scales of the broadly obovate involucre closely imbricated, oblong, with obtuse spatelate herbaccous summits; achenia pubescent-hirsute when young. Net. Ast. p. 123; DC. prodr. 5. p. 245. A. Radula, Less. in Linnaa, 6. p. 125-B. leaves scarcely scabrous, except near the margins of the upper surface; the cauline narrowed towards the base, partly clasping .- A. spectabilis?

Hook. & Arn. ! bot. Beechey, p. 146.

California, Chamieso. B. Monterey, California, Capt. Berchey !- The plant collected in Capt. Beechey's voyage is smoother than that described by Nees, but it accords in other respects. It is possible that the specimen of Hænke was also collected in California, instead of the mountains of Chilia as great confusion with regard to the localities is said to exist in his collections. It has certainly much affinity with the Concinni, where Nees places it, but apparently more with the Amelli. The heads are rather smaller than in A. Amellus ; the berbaceous tips of the involucral scales are loose of somewhat spreading, with a slight membranaceous margin, somewhat cilinte, otherwise glabrous; the innermost about the length of the disk, rather acute. Young achenia compressed, clothed with a somewhat silky pu-

. Heads (large) subglobase, terminating the leafs branches : scales of the involvers (rather few and large), somewhat equal in length, imbricated in 3 or 4 series, faliscoons, except the base, and nearly similar to the (small) and or lanceolate, usually silky, sessile and entire uncronate leaves both sides of which are similar in oppearance : achenia glabrous, angled or compressed, many ribbed .- Seriori.

16. A. sericcus (Vent.) ; stems slender, numerous from the same root, glabrous below, branched; leaves silvery-canescent on both sides with a deuse appressed silky pubescence, lanceolate or oblong, closely sessile, mucronulate, obscurely 3-perved; heads mostly solitary terminating the short canescent branchlets; scales of the involucre similar to the uppermost leaves, silvery, squarrose-spreading, the coriaceous base appressed; achenia manyfibbed, glabrous.- Vent. hort. Cels. t. 33; Purah ! fl. 2. p. 548; Null. gen. 2. p. 155; Necs, Ast. p. 51; DC.! prodr. 5. p. 233. A. argenteus, Michz.? A. 2. p. 111.

β. leaves and scales of the involucre rather narrowly lanceolate, less sil-

p. naves and shows Nutl. / gen. I. c. Prairies and dry banks of rivers, nearly confined to the valley of the Mississippi and its tributaries : Arkansas! Mississippi ! Missouri ! Illinois ! to Wisconsin! N. W. Territory ! Tennessee and N. Carolina near the mountains, Nuttall ! (var. B.) Schweinitz ! Aug-Oct .- Plant 10-20 inches high (said to become a little shrubby at the base by cultivation in Europe), very elegant ; the densely silvery-canescent leaves half an inch to an inch long,

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crowded on the branches; the radical ones oblanceolate, sessile, about 3 inches long, distinctly 3-nerved. Heads showy, but variable in size. Rays 20-25, half an inch or more in length, deep violet-blue. Ackenia evidently compressed when mature. Pappus taway, equal.

17. A. phylickpitz i stams almdori, loosely branched j, lawse erset, hancolaw, cloady seaks, moreconlast, sourcewark hairy or consense when young; these of the branches crowide, ovate-lancealare, acurimane-unplate, appressed, citiate with long preading hairs, heads mostly ultray terminating the branches; scales of the involuces similar to the upper lawse, loosely indicated in 25-series, glabrous accept the friging margins refealable, complexicandy acunitate-morecanae, nearly equal to length, acheeds literat medicit tarias or priority data the sciences is minorphylics. DOI: 10-10.1000 (1990) (1990

A cilitan, Noti, in crant. Alore, pill no. (a. er, p, p. 26), not of Waits Parsa, Berndard, Dramanol W went Rubinski, S. Carevenverhi Parsa Berndard, Dramanol W went Rubinski, S. Carevenverhi Parsa Berndard, S. Carevenverhi Parsa Berndard, S. Carevenverhi Parsa Berndard, S. Carevenverhi Parsa Berndard, S. Carevenverhi W Brois in length, this upper cases more crewelds, of shufty relationsh and the state of the Binemedia interaction of the state of the state of the state of the state of the Binemedia interaction of the state of the state of the state of the state of the Binemedia interaction of the state of the state of the state of the state of the Binemedia interactions. Paryan attentic state, state of the state of the state state of the state state of the state of t

*** Houds (middle-sized) racenses ; scalar of the turbinate or observed investors insolved in several series, rather rigid, silly, the exterior researcingly durity, and the distribution of the distributi

18. A. corosice (Line), 1 sum aimple or sparingly branched, virgett i Howar coroled, obligation of the sum and the start of the sum of the sum of the distance of the sum of the model of the sum of the model of the sum of the model of the sum of the

Depresent units, the interpretation of the second s

 A. Menzicsii (Lindi.): leaves, as well as the stom, canescent with a somewhat scabrous pubercence, lanceolate or oblong-linear, closely essails, acute; heads racemose; scales of the involucer obuse, somewhat squarrose. -Lindi. /: in Hook, *f. Borr. Am.* 2, p. 12, & DC. prodr. 5, p. 243.

Oregon, Menzies !- Leaves all slightly auriculate and clasping at the

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atmost nonendose. In furnations athenia canescent. Plappus rasty.-We have only seen the single specimen in Sir Wm. Hooke's herbartum : we dudid if it he so nearly allied to A. concolor as it supposed. , all strong duncles or branches several, simple, Peduncles or almost tomentose. IV 1-nerved.

sbort and uniform (eccept the very lowest), thick, hispid-scalrons, oracloblong m bicated in preval price (the exterior nuccessively shorter), corincome, spatulate-linear wild short herbaccous stightly squarrose or spreading lips , achevia short, turbisast lexed.-Brachyphylli. minutely canescent 2 leaves crowded throughout the innecolate, either appressed or squarr

Car. p. 209; I. 1. p. 567; A strength of the strength minipage of the strength of the str the l

on properties in thirth cardinal conversion, a working set of the second second proved by on the margine. Involution working to margine the mid-mid-meter (i) the scales sectors plateration, contracted as and which, accepted and meterating specification and which except that well meterating the second sectors and which accepted and meterating the second sectors and which accepted are and along the origin for the second sector and a second are and second sectors and sectors and a second are and second sectors and second sectors and second are and second sectors and second sectors and second are and second sectors and second sectors and second and second sectors are associated as a second sector and sectors are associated as a second sector and sectors are associated as a second sector and sectors and sectors are associated as a second sector and sectors are associated as a sector as a second sector and sector and sector and sectors are associated as a second sector and sector and sectors are associated as sectors are associated as a sector and associated as a second sector and sector and sector and sectors are associated as a sector as a sector as a sector and sector and as a second sector and as a sector as

 A. advatas (Nur.): minuely hipid-enforms throughout; acceding turns and heardes' vigene: 1 averso varial-messions of optiong, mercanalia lines interferenci, appressed, attunts to the sum (---Nut.) 'a joine, acad Builad, T. P. 82; Hock.; compare, to bet, mag. 1, p. 95. A. mircrighyllus almost imbricated, appresse Philad. 7, p. 82; Hook. I or Torr. I ined.; Lindl. I in D Dry soil, Florida, Nattall I

Hould (withor large) mutily addary terminating the gerealing heardeds could of the abovid-burbinate or concertrant componentate involver cloudy interiode in strend series, rigid, with herbarows modely acute and somewhat spreading him the exterior successively shorter 1 advants linear-oliving, many-strinkr, silip-concerned barros surfectuate-correlate and classified the stern, entire, publicant or scaleval 1 these 9 the brauchiets very small .- Patentes. 4. patent (Ait.): stem pubescent; paniculate at the summit; leave blogg or oblong-lanccolate, pubescent or scaboos, with cilitate and 28 (often

achenia silky.—Ait. Kew. (cd. 1) 3. p. 201; Parah! f. 2, p. 551; Nees, Ast. p. 49 (excl. syn. Michr.); Daringt.! fl. Cest. p. 463; DC.! grods. 5. p. 232. A. undiatus, Lines.! spc. cd. 2. p. 1228; & herb. (act of hort: Cliff. 1; Ell.! sk. 2, p. 361. A. amplexicaulis, Michr.! fl. 2, p. 114; Eigel.! fl. Bost. cd. 2, p. 312.

β. gracilis: heads smaller, terminating the very numerous and elongated branches; leaves very small, rigid, scabrous.—Hook.! compan. to bot. mag. 1. p. 97.

7: patientiseimus: heads large, terminating the elongated branchlets; the scales of the more turbinate involucer very numerous and more closely imbinated (in 5-6 series), somewhat canescent, the exterior broader and more obuse; leaves rigid, hirsute-scabrous—A. patentissimus, Lindl. ! in DC. I. c. A. Arnotti, Nee3 ! in herb. Aya. A herb. Hook.

d. philográficia: stem simple or panicalite at the summit; the heads (large) solitary, or forquently several and somewhat reaccess on the short branches; involucre more las, and herbaccous (inbricated in 3-4 series); lawers much larger, methranceous, phasecent benearies, saverely or tox at, all souhous, lanceolate or oblog-innecedus, tapering to an acute priori, wantify contracted biotry the molitar—Nort, A. t. C. (ext. yes, S. p. 2004; Pavalé, f. 1, p. 6. Null. gen. 2, p. 156; D.C.I. L. o. A matrice, Lind, in D.C. L. 7.

Dry soil, Massachusetts! to Florida ! and Louisiana! B. Alabama, Dr. Gates ! Louisiana and Texas, Drummond ! y. Kentucky ! and Missouri ! to Arkansas ! and Western Louisiana ! d. Woods, New York ! Pennsylvania ! and Ohio! to Kentucky ! and North Carolina ! Aug .- Oct .- Stem rather slender, 1-3 feet high. Heads rather large and showy (in \$. less, in y. & 6. usually more than half an inch in diameter), commonly terminating the clongated and diverging branchlets; which are furnished with numerous minute and bract-like leaves. Rays purplish-blue, about 24. Scales of the a lens; the innermost linear, acute or acuminate (sometimes purplish); the exterior shorter and more obtuse. Pappus ferruginous or tawny .- The scales of the involucre in var. y. are more numerous and imbricated ; and in the plant of Drummond from St. Louis (A. Arnottii, Necs. incd.) they are broader, more obtuse, and remarkably appressed : other specimens of this variety (A. patentissimus, Lindl. in herb. Torr., which however have the leaves very scabrous on both sides) pass insensibly into the ordinary state of the plant,-The lower leaves, except in var. d., rarely exceed one or two inches in length, and are mostly obtuse, but mucronate. In that plant, bowever, they vary from 3 to 6 inches in length, usually tapering to each end, but are dilated and auriculate at the base ; they occasionally present a few remote serratures. We were strongly disposed to consider it a distinct species; but are now convinced by the examination of numerous intermediate forms, that it is a state which the plant assumes in shady moist places.

****** Resta (calcula-cita), have) positulate are menotar resonar; tota of the technicar do resolution transfer of organization in terms are (for exterior meansing) alterna (section) and while (cange da milleren), well organization and an externa (section) and section (section) and organization (section) and section (section) and alterna compared, So-citabe are secret; plant performs result parent and, parent hansales and the section samples of the terms, they have have meansion (section) and the section (section) and planten (section per hansales and the section samples of the terms), then planten and hansales and the section samples of the terms), then planten action terms hansales are also presents, thirdly, while we calcula are the thermoder of the section (section of the section) of the planten and planten (section of the section) and the section (section terms) and hansales are also presents, thirdly, while we calculate the planten (section) and the section (section terms) and the section of the section of the section (section terms) and the section of the section hansales are also presents, the section of the section of the section of the planten (section terms) and the section of the section 32. A foreit (Linn.) v very month, often glascours; stem locsly pairies for sourcela accounts action of the second sec

B. more glaucous; upper leaves conducte-lassing, oblang-lancolate or ovate-laucoulate; scales of the involucer more numerous.—A. cyaneus. Hoffm, physight, bl. p. 71, t. B. f. 1; Parth, fl. 2, p. 550; Nees, i. c. i Lindl. bot. reg. t. 1495. A. glaucus & A. politus, Nees, symps. p. 23. A. bupleurifolius, Hort. Morap.

leaves elongated lancoolate or linear-lanceolate.—A. lavigatus, Willd.
 spor. 3. p. 20467

Borders of woodlands and thickets, Canada! to Georgis! Missouri! and Saskatchawan! common. Aug.-Oct .- A beautiful species, readily recognized (notwithstanding some diversities in the foliage and the size of the 2-3 feet high, often purple); the somewhat corinceous regularly imbricated and appressed scales of the involucre, which are white (slightly ciliste), with a greenish midnerve, and short rhombic green tips; the heads middle-sized or rather large ; and the numerous showy rays bright blue or indigo, changing to violet. The flowers of the disk usually change to purple : the pappus becomes tawny or brownish. We entirely agree with Dr. Darlington in the opinion that it is vain to separate the various forms of this plant into several species. The large suite of specimena before us have been named for the most part by several distinguished botanists, whose determinations so seldom accord that we feel the greater confidence in our own opinion. We can make nothing of the characters derived by Nees from the alveoli of the receptacle, whether naked, ciliolate, or piliferous. The radical leaves are ovate, oval, or spatulate-oblong, serrate, on winged petioles which are usually ciliate at the base; the earliest smaller, more rounded or obtuse, crenateserrate ; the cauline vary from 2 to 5 inches in length, and one-third to an inch and a half in width, the broader ones often abruntly parrowed at the base; the upper surface shining; the reticulations loose and manifest. Branches of the inflorescence rather risid, loose, few or numerous; the leaves gradually reduced to short lanceolate bracts-

24. A wigning (Ell): very smooth; seem ariset; the branches for and frights, rememory at the summit, leaves linear-induced and the branches brank or dislatencembra constraints, and the branches brank of the branches, even a balance-accuminant; the lowermost lapsing straints, and the branches are balance-accuminant; the lowermost lapsisection involves lanced and a straints in the branches are balance accuminant; the straints of the branches spectra involves lanced and a straints in the branches are balance accuminant; the straints of the branches are balance accuminant; the straints of the branches spectra involves lanced and accuminant; the straints in the branches are balance and spectra involves lanced and accuminant; the straints in the branches are balance and spectra involves lanced and accuminant; the straints in the branches are balance and spectra involves lanced and accuminant; the straints in the branches are balance and spectra in the balance accuminant in the straints in the balance accuminant and accuminant in the balance accuminant in the straints in the balance accuminant and accuminant in the straints are balance accuminant in the straints are balance accuminant in the straints are balance accuminan

3. stem stout; the virgate branches numerous, somewhat compound; heads larger; lower cauline leaves oblong-lanceolate.

7. Mems alcoder, often simple; caulino leaves elongated linear-lanceolate, the margins more strongly ciliolate-senbrous.—A. attenuatus, Lindl. / in Hook. compon. to bot. mag. 1, p. 97.

Western districts of Georgia, Elliott ! B. Georgia, Dr. Boykin ! 7. Jack-

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wordlin. Loroisness, Drosswordf. Wostern Lowistens, Dr. Hald. Superlow-Hosenshot considentify the amount leaved form of A. Havis, but is of the involvent with integret spacefully picture, the exterior of the of the involvent with integret spacefully picture, the exterior of the involvent on the branches, varying from 5 to Elson long, right, multiseners on a start of the involvent start of the start of the start model of the involvent start of the start of the start model of the start of the start of the start of the start model of the start of the start of the start of the start model of the start of the start of the start of the start model of the start of the should if the laws and the start of the start

25. A. concionau (Willah); it ears nearly glabrous, somewhat corymbose, hower its branchen virgard, chickomones panicular [awes] hancolate, partly charging, removely and sharply secrate, with scalarons margine, these of the branchen blong, entries results of the involution: finant, acuise, thesely of the branchen blong, and the scalaron for the scalarons in the block of the scalaron blong of the scalaron block of the scalaron block, fl. Borr. Am. 2p. 137 J. A. symmetri B.M. (ed. 2p. 924.

B. branches more strict and racemose, with smaller and more numerous leaves. Necs, l. c.

North America, Willdenow, (In fields and woods, New York & Pennsylvania, Pursh.) N. Carolina, Schweinitz ! (in herb. Ell.) Florida, Mr. Read! (in herb. acad. Philad.) Saskatchawan, Drummond, ex Lindl.! Sept .- Oct .- We have copied the specific character from Nees, having seen no indigenous specimens which altogether accord with the plant cultivated in the Berlin Botanic garden (from which Willdenow described the species) and elsewhere ; the fragment from Saakatchawan (in herb. Hook.) is not satisfactory, and may belong to A. levis. But Elliott's A. cyaneus ? (judging from an imperfect specimen) appears to be the same as the cultivated A. concinnus: the upper cauline leaves are linear-lanceolate, and those of the numerous diverging branches narrowly linear; the heads rather smaller than in most forms of A. lavis; and the young achenia are minutely puberulent. The specimen from Florida clearly belongs to the same species ; but in its more strict branches and racemose heads it accords with the description of A. concinnus B., Nees ; and the leaves of the branches are also rather slender and narrowly linear. The rays are blue, and the flowers of the disk change to purple .- We know not from what source the original A. concinnus was derived. Willdenow compares the leaves with those of Phlos. maculata; and the stem is said to be one and a half to two feet high-

96. A torbioLine (Lindu); it stem and stendar particular branches month or minutely public minutely public minutes/public material materials mostly, and the state state of the state state of the state state of the state s

8t. Lovin, Masouri, Dawnood ! Louisiana, Dr. Lourenoork (--Stem apparently 2-3 for high, dien very mach branched in a corymbose-panicalate manoer, the branchets rather numerous, lax, very siender, racemose or sightly panicalists, terminated by middle-aized heads. Lover leaves about 3 or 4 inches long, rather opsque, pale, sparingly reichiats-wined, or obsently 3-percept tapering to an acute point, the margin upwardly almost terrely 3-percept tapering to an acute point, the margin upwardly almost terrely 3-percept tapering to an acute point, the margin upwardly almost semilate-ashmust those of the hemschen and hemschler gradually reduced to abulate herea resembling the exterior scales of the involuents. Pays about 20, elongated, blue or parple ? Diak about 30-dowerds. Achema glabous to the naked eve, but clother using the state of the involuents. Pays easile of the involuent—A wery distance species, pramatable for its scale about exterior scales: these we conserve and white, with very about greenish tips.

- + Leaves entire, undulate, or slightly serrate: heads loosely paniculate or ratemose: rays usually bright blue or violet.

97. A moreal (Linkl)) is sum non-what scalences, rate-mose-composed and lower samilies transforms into a regular barrier in the milest and lower samilies create-share-constant of the samilies that the second second

Woods and prairies, of the Western States ; from Western Louisians, Dr. Leavenworth! Dr. Hale ! Missouri, Drummond ! Makato River (a tributary of St. Peter's), Mr. Nicollet ! to Ohio, Dr. Riddell ! Dr. Paddock ! Dr. Van Clere ! and Fort Gratiot, Michigan, Dr. Pitcher ! Also Georgia, Dr. Chapman ! (a variety with more lax branches.) Aug .- Oct .- Stem 1-3 feet high, rigid. Heads equalling or sometimes exceeding those of A. undulatus in size ; the involucre between hemispherical and turbinate, nearly as broad as long, and rather shorter than the pappus; the scales numerous, appressed, white except the green rhombic or triangular tips, slightly pubescent. Rays blue.-A well-marked species ("appearing as if a hybrid between A-rubricnulis and A. multiflorus," Lind., who described from imperfect specimens, wanting the lower leaves), manifestly connecting this group with the foregoing, with which it exactly accords in its involucre &c., remarkable for its scabrous leaves; the lower 3-5 inches long (sometimes hairy beneath); those of the branchlets reduced to short subulate bracts. The inflorescence usually consists of a few racemose rigid (although slender) branches, somewhat paniculate at the summit of the stem; but in some large specimens from Dr. Leavenworth, the stem is much racemose-compound, the rigid primary branches often more than a foot in length ; and these, with the racemose branchlets, all terminated by single heads and clothed with uniform very short subulate leaves, so different from those of the stem, present a very marked appearance.

28. A. Shortii (Hook.): stem alender, nearly glabrous, racemose-panituinte at the summair, leaves glabrous and nearly smooth above, minutely pubescent beneath, lanceolate or ovate-lanceolate, tapering to a sharp point i the radical and cauline ones all more or less cordiate and on paked (some-

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what hairy) petioles, entire or sparingly servate, the veint locely reticulated benealt; those of the short public-conductive serval and scale; heads numerous and rather crowded; involuter campanulate, aborte: than the disk; the scales clandy invitational, incredist-linear, rather downs; a scheming laboras.—Hook, ! (§ Lindl.!) f. Bor.-Am. 2. p. 9 (note); Kiddll! yapps, l. c.

Cliffs and hanks of streams throughout Kerniczky, Dr. Starf & Scalar Men, Dr. Enzlazi, W. Salitere M. Dr. Peddick J. & Nonzintan of Men, Dr. Enzlazi, W. Salitere M. Dr. Peddick J. & Nonzintan of Mennicute M. Salitere M. Salitere M. Salitere M. Salitere M. Salitere ten (barwerly definition of the well-known hanning burgle) for 6 for minor through the strength of the strength strength of the strength of the strength of the strength of the strength strength of the strength strength and the strength strength of the strength strength of the strength strength of the strength strength of the strength of the strength of the strength of the strength strength of the strength strength of the strength strength of the str

89. As evaluation (Lim., A.3.); puls with a close and clusteous other how we have once, increasing an antice transmission between the south and statement how a curve, with the margins after unbiastic or all pulses of the constraint of the south of the south of the statement how a curve, with the margins of the unbiastic or all pulses of the south of the pulses of the south of the pulses of the south of the south of the south of the south of the pulses of the south of the south of the south of the south of the pulses of the south of the south of the south of the south of the pulses of the south of the south of the south of the south of the distribution. After for the south of the pulses of the south of the sout

β. stem strict; panicle simple; the heads rather larger; cauline leaves elongated oblong or lanceolate.

DBy would have a strain of the strain of th

COMPOSITÆ.

case retain the name, as it is employed in the Hortus Kewensis, where the two species are first distinguished, anterior to Michaux.

30. A approduct is somewhat scalarous-pubsecent; stem simply, necessary particulates at the summit; leaves sparingly and alignly serrate; the relical particulation of the summit; leaves sparingly and alignly service is a straight of particulation of the standard service is a straight particular, and the standard service is a straight particular, it is a strai

New Orlams, Developed C Georgie, Baldwirt --Plant 1-af fort high plat with a close sumewhat scalarus polycocaras. Realist and lower smaller larves obtaus or slightly conduct as the base, on slowler preislers the others seeding. It ol States loog, mostly most, somewhat secret movemb the apermore or less scalarus above and publicate the base, on slowler bring states and the states of the states of the state of the slow of the states of the states of the slow of the slow of the slow of the distributions from slow of the slow of the slow of the slow of the flatted at the base. Heads scalar yes and gates at a Audition strice scales of the involution force, algohy publicates, appressed, with rhomboid green tips. Rays blue or pupie!

† † Lower leaves conspicuously seriate: heads usually small, racemone or somewhat thyrsoid: rays commonly pale blue,

31. A. cordifolius (Linn.) : stem often flexuous below, racemose-panicu-Inte at the summit; leaves glabrous, or often hairy beneath and slightly scabrous above; the radical and lower cauline cordate, acuminate, sharply serrate, on slender naked or margined and ciliate petioles ; the uppermost ovate or lanceolate, sessile or with short margined petioles, often entire; heads numerous or somewhat crowded in oblong spreading or divaricate thyrsoid racemes or panicles; scales of the closely imbricated involucre oblong-linear, obtuse or rather acute, appressed, with short green tips; achenin glubrous.—Linw. spec. 2. p. 575 (§ hort. Cliff.); Ait. Kew. (cd. 1) 3. p. 207; Michz. J A. 2. p. 114; Pursh! A. 2. p. 552; Nutl. J gen. 2. p. 1567; BUI : 4k. 2. p. 364; Linul I: bot. reg. 1. 1597; Bigel. J. B. Bost. cd. 2. p. 313; Darlingt. ! fl. Cest. p. 463. A. paniculatus, Ait. Keso. I. c.; Pursh, I. c. A. heterophyllus, Willd. cnum. 2. p. 882. A. cordifolius, heterophyllus, & panicolatus (chiefly), Ness, Ast. p. 52 & 55; Lindl. ! in herb. DC¹, herb. Hoke, & herb. Torr.; DC.! prodr. 5. p. 233. A. pubeseens, Hornem. hort. Haft-suppl. I. p. 98; file Ness. A. latificius automalis, Corrut. Consol. p. 64. 4. 65. (Varies, with the stem glabrous, or pubescent in lines above, or roughish-hairy ; the leaves broadly or narrowly ovate, either glabrous throughout, somewhat scabrous above, or hairy beneath; the branches of the panicle loosely or densely flowered.)

Workinsk, Charlel Neckman and Wartens States 1 to the minimized of thorgas. Seyt-Aven-Swin 14 fet fields, Leaves monitorisations, of hardry terms, the minimized states of the states of the states of the hardry brenn, the minimized states of the states and and frequently Heads small, usually creaved in thrysial reasons on the rades state sports in the states of the states of the states of the states of the minimized states of the states of the states of the states minimized states of the states of the states of the states of the minimized states of the states of the states of the states of the minimized states of the states of the states of the states of the minimized states of the states minimized states of the states

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with somewhat longer and more acute green tips, make a near approach to A sagnitöhus, s; , and we have observed the ordinary form of the species to assume a similar state, when cultivated for a few years in fertile will and more open situations. Perhaps the A. panciculate, aft it was founded upon a plant of this kind. The A. cordisions of the Northern and Middle States is a very uniform and well-marked species.

39. An appringibility (WIM): term which, glubross, memos-composed how if the knowleds macending, right preserve work-inconcellution, morewhat disal and lower expline actionage of events of the second se

β. heads less crowded on the rigid branches ; scales of the involucre lanceolate-subulate, or lanceolate with acute or acuminate tins; cauline leaves (varying from ovate to ovate-lanceolate) often nearly all cordate, thickish. (Varies, with the leaves, as well as the upper part of the stem, either almost glabrous, or scabrous-pubescent, or with the lower surface almost tomentose.) Woodlands and low rich soil, Canada (Lake Huron, Dr. Todd! and Montreal, Mr. Cleghorn ! in herb. Hook.) and on St. Peter's River, Mr. Nicollet! Western New York, Dr. Sartwell ! and Pennaylvania ! to Georgia ! and Missouri ! 3. Western States, from Ohio ! and Indiana ! to Wisconsin ! and St. Peter's River! Aug .- Oct .- Stem 2-4 feet high, branched above ; the racemose (pubeacent) flower-branches panicled, rather erect. Leaves slightly ciliate : the radical ones more or less cordate, or cordate-sagittate at the base (the sinus often closed), 2-5 inches long, and 1-2 broad, on petioles 2 to 6 inches in length ; the upper cauline diminishing successively in size and width ; those of the branches narrowly lanceolate and linear, reduced on the ultimate branchlets or peduncles to subulate bracts. Heads small (mostly larger than those of A, cordifolius), in crowded racemes, often almost sessile, of shorter than the bracteal leaves which subtend them. Scales of the involucre (as long as the disk) not very numerous, subulate from a rather broad pale appressed base to an acute point : the midrib and upper portion usually green. Rays about 12, narrow, purple or bluish, sometimes white ; the disk liott and Darlington, under the name of A, paniculatus. Possibly it is not the original A, sagittifolius; but, as it is certainly the plant of Hooker, and accords very well with Willdenow's description, and tolerably with that of Nees, it will perhaps be safe to retain the name, which is not inappropriate when applied to the radical leaves. It passes insensibly into our var. B. : which generally presents larger and more scattered heads, a somewhat turbinate involuces, with broader scales, which, however, always have slender pointed green tips ; and the rays are sometimes bright blue : they are, as it were, intermediate between A. sagittifolius, A. cordifolius, and A. undulatus; but probably do not pass into the two latter.

33. A. Druemondii (Lindl.): stem and lower surface of the leaves concept with a soft velvety palescence; scaling verse soborg-verse, contasts, emprante-service, narring to an an event-snaccolite and sensite, heads in third and movies inscences paniculate at the summit of the strict and moviey varie. Un-16.

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stem; scales of the involucre subulate-linear; achenia minutely publicent. -Lindl.! in Hook. compan. to bot. mag. 1. p. 97, & in DC. prodr. 5. p. 234-

Be Londs, Missouri, and aim Trans. D'assemble 'Weaken' Londings De Lamrescuelt', De Kalle - Plass intermentales in the incurses however, and the problem of the second second-second second second second former in its polyneteese, the second second-second second secon

34. A. wrophyllus (Lindl.): stem racemose-panicled, the branches thyrsold; leaves ovate-lanceolate, very much acuminate, alarphy creasie-serrate, very seabroas above, the lower surface hairy; scales of the imbricated wolucre subulate. Lindl. in DC. prodr. 5. p. 233.

Louisiana.--Species near A. hirtellus. Rays white, longer than the involucre ; the disk purple. Lindl.--Is it not A. sagitifolius, without the radical leaves ? No information is given respecting the source from which the specimens of this and the following were derived.

35. A. hirtellus (Lindl.): stem racemose-panieled, the racemose branches crowded and few-leaved; leaves conduct-ovate, crenate-serrate in the middle, very scathroug above, the lower surface hairy; involucre loosely imbricated. Lindl. in DC. prodr. 5, p. 233.

Louisians—Rays parlage like-color, the disk purple. Lindl.—We have from Western Louisians (collected by Dr. Leavesworth) very improver speciments, which may parlage be referred to this species, if ideal with loose and virging researces to the like and like the specime with loose and virging researces to the like and like some in source gladrows: the burehous schwarz-pubescent; the exaline leaves overto-incredist, ettigent wattrans devices and the specime of the specime of the specime of the schwarz shows pubescent proves the specime of the specime of the schwarz shows pubescent proves the specime of the specime

36. A. Lindfegeners: tens toor, plateous or pubsector in liters, ectymbose-punctuchts dreves [heres (thick) modely model and an dightors, orders, harryly and unequally service the radical and (herest carline unally workwhat cordan, on heredly margined periodies), the uppermote oblog-lancelase, narrowed at the base, sessive; hends loosely pancinker or nonweak complexity in the literation of the set of the set of the set of the equal, inthe [loosely imbridge and the literation of the literation - Aphone literation of the literation of the literation of the literation of the equal, inthe [loosely imbridge and the literation of the literation of the probabilities A. [A. C. achiery] John's (I. Barc, day, z. p. 8.

β. stem and lower surface of the leaves (especially the midrib and petiole) pubescent with loose somewhat decidnous hairs.

 more slender; leaves membranaceous; the radical and lower caline narrowed into a winged (ciliate) petiole.—A. pracox, Lindl. ! in Hock. J. Bur.-Am. 2. p. 9, not of Willd.

Seakataneem, Deremenal / and on the Red er Asimpion River, Duer, Rei / 10 Silver Lake, Richardnen / & Rocky Manninian (grobabiy) abul lat. 56³), Deremenal / ». Fort Franklin on the Mackenzie River, Richardwanistem Rief von 6 fact high whose growing in your feature and an enmensa in the other state of the second state of the second state Association of the second state of the second state of the means 12 to 13 index high calls and the second state of the second trees late of the second state state of the second stat

there parenting teeds to be over a only coverise (and mostly alignly so, beter transme of the base, on rules in gauge anguided or wingel spin shears, but the stress of the stress over the increasing of the stress of which in hield' types cauling haves over the increasing of stress over the stress over the stress over the increasing of the stress over the stress over the stress over the increasing over the stress over the st

37. A. citiolatus (Lindl.); stem simple (6-9 inches high); leaves all ovate, sharpy sorrate in the middle, citiake, abrupty marrowed into a [margined] peitole, exchances along the margins; heads axillary, sessile or on about peitoles, somewhan solitary; t scales of the involuces enert, with membranacross tips. Lindl. ! in Hook. S. Bor.-Am. 2: p. 9, § in DC. prodr. 5, p. 325.

Slave Lake, *Richardson* (--Dr, Lindley has remarked the close resemblance of this plant to his A. premoty on (ar A. Lindley youns γ), of which we greatly flear it is only a departperate state. The bends are smaller, and in a precision which hears 6 or 7 they are somewhat pipeist or gluonente, and the hadron of the state of the prediction of the state of the with white hadron, the marks is not very appropriate.

Early (and and neurona) principal content on the solution of the solution of the content of the solution of th

[†] Leaves tapping to each end, or narrowed at the bass: scales of the involucre broadest at the base, with subulate or acute green tips.

. B: A: revealed (Lines), z gladeness or algeby have, recomes-compound to simple transformations or polarized memory and more strain strain transformation of the transformatio

Wild. spcc. 3. p. 2026 (excl. syn.); Nutl.! gen. 2. p. 155; Darlingt.! β. Cest. p. 467. A. tenuifolius, & β. cricoides, Muhl.! cet. p. 77. A. dumose, "Hofm. physor. bl. 1. c. A, f. 2"; Wild. ensw. 2. p. 660, § herb., fide Nect.; not of Linn. A. ramosissimus, A. leptophyllus? & A. subnistus ? Hort. Par. fide DC.

β. villous: stem and branches, and usually the leaves, villous-hirsute.— A. villous, Mickx.! β. 2. p. 113. A. pilcaus, Willd.! spec. 3. p. 2025; Nees. Ast. p. 109. A. glabellus, Lindl.! in Hock. compan. to bot. mag. 1. p. 97.

y. platyphyllus: stem and mostly shorter branches densely villous; cauline leaves pubescent-hiraute, inneolate; the lower ones oblongsoatulate; those of the branchlets only subulate-linear.

Barren soil, Canada and nearly throughout the United States! 3. North Carolina! and Ohio! to Missouri! y. N. Carolina, Schweinitz! Mr. Curtis! Indiana, Dr. Clapp / Ang.-Oct .- Stem 1-3 feet high, often branched from the base, bushy; the slender spreading branches, and the erect secund branchlets or peduncles, rigid. Leaves numerous, but not very crowded, rather rigid; the lower ones servolate-ciliate, and often sparingly servate, 2-4 inches long; the radical ones about the same length, oblanceolate; the primordial spatulate or oboyate and much shorter; those of the upper part of the stero and branches varying from linear to subulate, an inch or less in length, acute, and pointed with a short bristle. Heads usually scattered along the branches, but sometimes rather crowded, 3-4 lines in diameter. Involucre rather shorter than the disk ; two or three of the exterior scales similar to the subulate leaves of the branchlets, and like them cuspidate with a short bristle, either rather short and appressed, when the involucre appears slightly turbinate; or almost as long as the innermost, when it appears hemispherical; the inner scales glabrous or slightly cilinte, with rhomboid or triangular-lanceolate greenish tips, which are more or less spreading; the lower portion white, except the midrib, rigid and appressed, with membranaceous somewhat dilated margins. Rays 15-25, white or pale bluish-purple; the disk frequently turning reddish-purple. Achenia with a dense minute pubescence, turgid. Pappus of about 24 nearly could servitate-scaturous briefles, in a single series...There is no difference butween A. ericoides and A. glabellus, Nezz, except a slight and variable degree of hairiness. Our var. B. is only a still more hairy state of the same species, with often wider leaves, which Nees (who examined an imperfect specimen in the herbarium of Willdenow), suspected to be the same as his A. glabellus. From this, we find a regular transition to our var. y., of which we have specimens with such broad cauline leaves (often half an inch wide by 2 to 3 inches in length), that no botanist would venture to unite them with A. ericoides without a very full suite of intermediate specimens. Perhaps the scales of the involucre are rather more equal ; but we perceive no other difference.

+ + Leaves crowded; the upper not narrowed, but usually dilated or partly classing at the base: scales of the involuce spatulate, or narrowed below, mostly classe; the exterior with obtase herbaceous tips.

39. A multiform (Air), citerroni-pulsesant or hirry: stem diffiely memore-compound: the backs very stema and coverds, secondary unlateral; leaves linear, entite, chergins, spranding or a length returned scalar of the campanulate involver spatialize of linear-spatialize, with spreadand stema of the stema and the stema stema and the stema scalar of the campanulate involver spatialize of linear-spatialize, with spreading or recursed into; the exercise of universe-dist. Kas, doi: 10.3. p. 2007. Wildis gres 3.p. 2007, for same 3.p. 2007, provide 1. in D₂, D₂(x) = 0.23, A₂ in Below 2.p. 2449. Yes, and the p. 1445. LineAl. In D₂, D₂(x) = 0.23, A₂ in Below 2.p. 2449. Yes and the p. 1445. LineAl.

his A. heberladis IC m. 76 X. A. sugarius & C. 77

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A. Bio-chen. 2. p. 13. A seriodist dimension, Dill. Ellat. v 55, fet on. A model of the seriodists Lim. and its in p. 568 y. Hint, β , 20, p. 11. A. A rescales are related as the series of the ser

6. strictically: stem strict, elender, narrowly racemose at the summit, or alightly compound; heads (small) somewhat scattered; scales of the involacre mostly acute, more squarcose.—A. ericoides var., Lindl./ in harb. Hook. A. ericoides, Hook.? fl. Bor.-Am. 2. p. 12 (chiefly), excl. syn.

7. commutatus: heads larger, fewer, solitary on the branches, or reasonable aportes—A. ramulosus, 3. incano-pilosus, Lindl. / in Hook. J. Bor.-Am. 2. p. 13, 4; in DC. l. e. A. biennis, Torr. f in ann. lyc. New York, 2. p. 212; Lindl. f in herb. Torr.; not of Nutt.

Dry fields and sandy or gravelly soil, Canada, Massachusetts! and New York! to Georgia; and throughout the Western States from Michigan! to the Upper Missouri! β. Saskatchawan, and towards the Rocky Mountains, Drummond ! y. Upper Missouri, Dr. James ! Rocky Mountains, Drummond ! to Fort Franklin on the Mackenzic River, Richardson ! Aug.-Nov. -Stem 1-2 feet high, much branched, very bushy; the branches mostly sprending, very leafy; the small heads usually crowded in dense racemes. Leaves 1-nerved, or somewhat 3-nerved by the confluence of the few veinlets. obtuse or scarcely acute, but usually tipped with a mucronate bristle; the cauline ones an inch to an inch and a half in length, 1-2 lines wide, often with tufts of smaller ones fascicled in their axils; those of the branchlets much smaller, crowded. Involucre 2 to 3 lines in diameter ; the scales rather rigid, whitish and appressed, except the short spreading or recurved green tips, usually mucronulate like the leaves; the exterior shorter, more spatulate, and obtuse ; the innermost linear, acute. Rays 10-15, broadly linear, white, or slightly tinged with purple ; the disk-flowers about the same number, turning slightly purple. Achenia turgid, covered with a minute appressed pu-bescence .-- The var. 3, is a more attenuated plant, probably growing in shady places, with the leaves also more slender; certainly not a variety of A. ericoides. We have not seen the specimens from ' Red River, Douglas, cited under that species in Hook. R. Bor .- Am., and know not whether they should be referred here .- The var, y, does not differ from the ordinary A. multiflorus, except in the size and number of the heads, which are subject to considerable variation. It was a specimen of this plant (crroneously named A. biennis in herb. Torr.) that Dr. Lindley had in view, when he remarked the close affinity of his A. ramulosus B. with A. biennis Nutt. (A. canescons, Parsh). We have also a specimen of A. multiforus a, with more scattered heads, collected in Michigan, which Dr. Lindley has labelled 'A. canescons, Parsh': hence, probably, by some misapprehension, De Candelle, on his authority, has given Massachusetts as a habitat of that snecles; which, however, is not found east of the Mississippi.

40. A. (Alarata (Linit)): somewhat charrous-pubecent with appressed hint; aten arise, isometer, account or somewhat compound at the normality the heads solitary or several on the rest contracted branches; leaves lines; takes, minutely appressed, pubecent it due culture partly (shaping by a solitor or normality distribution) and the solitary of the solitary of the nearly count in inergh, with appressing type and an extension sector. Even, the solitary of t

COMPOSITÆ.

Hook. ! fl. Bor. Am. 2. p. 12, & in DC. prodr. 5. p. 241. A. ramulouus a., Lindl. ! in Hook. i. c. p. 13, & in DC. i. c. p. 243. A. bracteolatus, Nutt. in trans. Amer. phil. Soc. I. c. ?

Accis America, from Fort Franklin on the Mackennic River, to Combernant Honse on the Sankatchware, McMordow – Steven Ta- Jofen High-Leavers very namescoa, 14–2 indexs long, 1-actived or obscurbly Josersky maak britistic. Handlin is animpto some one loss composed merrors mesone, larger than the collarger states of A. multiflores; the stellas of the nextly globens involveme no losse, equal, and accinc.—The A. Alternast and the typical A. raminlawa of Liability (them Fort Frankling of the species to clearly with A multiflores.

41. A. Nutalifi; smooth md nearly glabrous; branches reactors simpler there have been as a second strain strain sector of the second strains, with seabrous margins; the upper sessile or somewhat clasping by a bread base the second strains of the second strains and the sec

Plain of Levés River, near the Rocky Monntain (about 144 42¹). Net dell — Plant et al. inclusion high, many glabrous to the massle syst the branchgeneration of the state of the A. rambiens. Leves conference, near the the branches fee and amil. Involves benighteria-to-magnetize, the length widely hemispher call, nearly althous; the scales rapressed, obtase or abruph acute if the feature.

42. A. competria (Nut.): viscid-pubrulent; camino leaves oblogation mear, entire, motily obtune, closely sossile, algithy closelyng; the radical ones oblumcedate, servicate towards the summit, tapering into a petiole: heads reasoness or algithy particle); scales of the involucer lanceoutlet, very setue, viscid, rather loosely imbricated in about 3 series, somewhat spread-ing-whith. in trans. Amer. phil. soc. 1. c.

⁴⁰ Plaine of Lewis River, in the Rocky Mountain region : with A. ramulouus [A. Nutallilj, which it closely resembles, but differs in being every where somewhat pubsesent and viscid, with a strong secure, &c. Stem about a foot high." Nutall i-Heads as large as in the preceding. Involuer rather shorter than the forraginous pappuse. Overy pubsecent.

43. A. bractolatus (Nutt.): stem pulverulently pubescent; leaves linear or oblong-linear, acute, assaile, entire; heads ranemose-paniculate, mostly solitary on the leafy branchese involuces sensols, spreading; the scales oblong, somewhat acute; the outermost similar to the branch leaves.—Nutt. in trans. Amer. phil. soc. 1. c.

"With the preceding, to which it is nearly allied, but remarkable by the month let-like involution. The radical layers are unknown. Seen and branches more leafy than in the two preceding; the layers nearly all similar. Proven like-prophe, rather large. *NitiolL-This species* is unknown to us: we introduce it here on account of the resemblance it is and to bear to the preceding.

 Heads (middle-rized or small) mostly racenses: scales of the insoluter indvitated and unequal in length, membranesee-herbacous, with short appressed or noncoded spreading (not squarrose) generits (hp:: ackenia ministed prebacent or nearly glabras: reg (12-30) unsulty pade or bitle, often small : steas di

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length much branched, racemese or paniculate, rarely corymbost : leaves servate or entire (the radical spatulate, obvaste, or obleng); the cauline sessile, usually topering at the base.—Dumani

+ Heads small : rays often short.

44. A. Faromona (Ell.): scalinous-pulsament is term inconvely much financial (the local squares measures and mostly creweld towards the sum-financial (the local squares measures and mostly creweld towards the same state of the local state of the sta

During or day only, Pauta Manda, Sonsh Carollan, Rillind T. Florida, Do-Wernwarder, M. Beyer-Cas, (Edl.).-Some Los for high present combining rays provide the strength of the strength of the strength of the strength of the property of which the small bash lossredy as large as in A, multilenging the upper part of which the small bash lossredy as large as in A, multilenging the strength of the strength of the strength of the strength of the property of the strength of the strength of the strength of the loss of the strength of the strength of the strength of the loss of the strength of the strength of the strength of the loss of the strength of the strength of the strength of the loss of the loss of the strength of the strength of the strength of the loss of the loss of the strength of the strength of the loss of the loss of the loss of the loss of the strength of the loss of the strength of the loss of t

45. A. Baldwini i sahoou-pubesent throughout stem painelulat-compond i the leads iolitary or foowly reserves on the branchlets (seves field, closely sessile, party chaping, entire, very scabros above, mucrosusty the caline one oblogarillarest (hose of the branches and branchlets with the caline one oblogarillarest (hose of the branches and branches) with the other of the involume linear, south, minutely pabeacent, rather loosely imbrianted in 30 of a series.

o. leaves appressed and crowded on the branchlets; scales of the involucre narrowly linear, very acute.

β. leaves more scattered on the branchlets; scales of the involuere broader, acute — A. coridifolius, Hook. ! compan. to bot. mag. 1. p. 97 (partly), not of Michz.

Dyy surf, a Goorgi, Baladeri ($v_i = p_i$ in he K Schwirtlin, now herb of Philoid, is the generators mixed with the corribiality and h creduality and the electronic probability of the corribiality and the Archivakes) the correspondence of the strength of the correspondence of the the strength of the strength of the strength of the strength of the financial course is in interpret of the strength of the strength of the involution. It may also be compared (equival) with the specter of the involution: In the strength of the strength of the strength of the involution. It may also be compared (equival) with the specter of the involution: In the strength of the strength of the strength of the involution. It may also be compared (equival) with a strength of the involution: In the strength of the strength of the strength of the involution: In the strength of the strength of the strength of the involution. The strength of the strength of the strength of the strength on the strength of the s or three lines. Scales of the involucre rather loose and spreading when old. Rays apparently blue or purple. Achenia slightly publicent.

46. A damons (Linn): seen glatorus or alighty scaleous-poleotex, resemensely branchisti, or mrsty somewhat meeting with externity of the spreading branchisti, or mrsty somewhat meeting listers (mode lines) and the second second second second second second lines/and second second second second second second second lines/and second second second second second second base of the branchists small, micromulate i scales of the involver linear publication of the second second second second second second lines/and second secon

a. scruz: panicalite-accennes: the branchies clothed with numerous linear-obleg and dotuse (observed y nucconducts) small and predicting leaves the upper calibre leaves frequently obtained to the state of the fill $A_{\rm press}, B_{\rm p}$ erity (exc) errs, Groups I, field, Kar, (ed. 1), $B_{\rm p}$ 2002. Effect $A_{\rm press}, B_{\rm p}$ erity (exc) errs, Groups I, field, K. A meteranne real brief $A_{\rm press}, B_{\rm p}$ erity (Exc) errs, Groups I, field, K. A meteranne real brief (ed. b), field (Exc) is the field of the state of the state of $M_{\rm press}$ (b) by (Exc) is a state of $M_{\rm press}$ (for the state of $M_{\rm press}$).

. and the interval of the i

 γ . subula folias : diffusely compound ; leaves of the branches and branchlets rather subulate-linear, erect or slightly agreeding ; otherwise as in β .

d. gracilentus : stem slender, rather sparingly branched ; leaves scattered on the branchlets, very small, acute or obcuse ; all usually entire.

 a strictor is stem springly panicalities or racemes-compound; leaves usually more or less acute; the lower ones often alightly serrate; those of the short branchets rather numerous, scarcely spreading; otherwise nearly as in a.-A. fracilis, Lindl. is herb. Torr. dx. party.

6 entreconour sent machines compared the factor of the sourceward means of leaves modely series (sources) and the factor of the tensor of tens

Dry or moist shady soil throughout the United States : a. Massachusetts ! to Alabama! B. Throughout the Southern States! (mostly in pine woods.) 7. Texas, Drummond ! Western Louisiana, Dr. Leavencorth ! d. Alabama, Dr. Gates ! also in Georgia and Florida ! e. Vermont ! and Michigan ! to New Jorsey! &c., usually in moist soil, C. Northern and Middle States! Aug-Oct.-Stems 1-3 feet high. Lower leaves 2-3 inches long, 2-5 lines wide ; those of the branches and branchlets reduced frequently to 2-3 lines in length, slightly noid, with minutely ciliclate scalars, marging, Heads usually about 4 lines in diameter, scattered ; scales of the regularly imbricated involucre obtuse; the inner ones often mucronulate, about the length of the disk, slightly ciliate; the exterior successively shorter. Rays rather abort (20-30), pale purple, occasionally almost white. Achenia minutely and sparsely pubescent under a lens .- The plants which we have here brought together (excenting the last enumerated variety, if such it be, which makes an approach to the following species,) accord in their inflorescence, achenia, scales of the involucre, &c. ; while the foliage, in the vast number of specimens before us, presents almost every imaginable gradation between

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the extreme forms. It is not unlikely that we have anited two or more spiceis; but, us we have cought in yoin for any available distinctions, we use compelled to arrange the principal forms as variations. The effects of cultuvitions, to far a conductation exceeds, appears to confirm the correctness of visions when the effect of the effect of the effect of the effect (is) have been compared with the Lineare and Bankaan herbarks by Di-Sort, who conducts them if effect with the A dimension of Lineares.

67.4. Tradicional (Edina): sum situation discussion of the summerical public rest in the first much branching due to the main branching manifest public due to the summerican summary and the summerican summary and the summary many summary and the summary summary and the summary summary

3. fragilla: cauline leaves, except the lowermost, minutely appressedwerning or entire, usually shorter; heads more scattered on the branchiets. -A. fragilla, Willel, npc, 3, p. 2051; Nees Atti, p. 102; Biotti susi, in *krob. Hook*, risc of Lindi, DC. &. A. multiflores, Nutl. Igen 2, p. 355, (real, say), filte herb. A. tennillinis, BLI, 1482, p. 357, not of Line.

Fields and along rivulets, in dry or rather moist soil, Massachusetts ! to Obio! Kentucky ! and Logisiana! not uncommon. Aug.-Oct.-Stem 2-4 fest high, bushy ; the branches very numerous, slender, racemosely arranged along the stem, or rarely somewhat corymbose or paniculate, at first often crect, but at length divergent or even divaricate, bearing very numerous heads on short pedicels, forming slender strict racemes, which decrease gradually in size upwards; in var. 3. the meemes often more irregular, looser, and more paniculate. Lower cauline leaves 3 to 4 or 5 inches long. 3-4 lines wide, acute at each end, more or less evidently serrate with 4-8 sharp scattered teeth on each margin, which when rather large are somewhat spreading, but when minute are closely appressed; those of the branches and branchlets successively reduced in size. Heads smaller than in A. dumosus, about as large as is ordinary in the following species. Scales of the involuce fewer and narrower than in the former. Rays small, pale purple or almost white; the disk often turning purplish. Achenia closely and minutely pubescent .- While this species some what approaches narrowleaved forms of the following ; some states of var. 3. having fewer, and condumosus, narrienlarly the doubtful gar, subracemosus, which should perhaps be referred to the present spocies .- A very different plant, with much larger heads, is frequently cultivated in the European gardens under the name of A. Tradescanti

48. At micer (Linux) Ant) is stem mostly palvasent or haity (often in lines), resemancely branched or compound i the mannerses heads meaning allong the spreading or illuvaricate branches i leaves increasing and orders, seeally, attenuate or semantimest at each end, hearing into a perioder these of the branches mat there are a step of the second or the period calls of the ingraviter. However, increasing the second order generic calls of the ingraviter. However, interfaced in 3 or 4 eneris (the sector much second order of the second order shorter, the innermost about the length of the disk), acute or rather obtuse; rays short, and often incompicuous.—Linn. spec. 2. p. 8877 (excl. syn-Dill. Elth. 4. 35, f. 39.)* A. miser, divergens, diffusus, & pendulus, Ait. Ken. (ed. 1). 3. p. 205, and of most, if not all, succeeding futthers.

microsoften form and ellipsical-interaction or consistential horse with a second second

A demendiant mostly currence-parameterize a calmoni, have shown in the second second

• There are, if we minute not no specimens of A, miner in the Linneau Berlinn, and the description of Linneau Berlinn, which description of Linneau Alexan San and San Alexan S

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elongated primary branches are according or mostly divergent; the leads usually disposed along them on what pedicels, so as to form clonged leafy recense, sometimes forming small glomerales, sometimes very namerous in spiciform divariate recencer, or frequently more loses and somewhat panceutae, &c. Some of the narrow-leaved forms, with the midrib pulsecent or himster beneath, pass into the following:

d. hirsuticaulis: stem and midrib of the narrowly lanceolate elongated leaves more or less hirsute; heads racemose or spicate on short spreading or divergent branchlets; the unpermost in axillary glomerules much shorter than the leaves; scales of the involucre very narrowly linear, acute .--Varies: 1. Leaves nearly entire, but some of them remotely and very sharply servate (4-5 inches long, attenuate-acuminate); the midrib very hirsute beneath; heads few, in racemes much shorter than the leaves. (A. hirsuticaulis, Lindl. ! in DC. prodr. 5. p. 242, ex herb. Torr. Albany, New York, Beck !)-2. Stem sparingly hirsute-pubescent; the midrib of the (mostly entire) leaves glabrous or nearly so; heads few and glomerate on branchlets usually much shorter than the leaves; the uppermost in small sessile glomerules ; otherwise as in no. 1. (Bellows Falls, Vermont, Mr. Carcy ?)-3. Leaves narrowly inneeolate, attenuate-acuminate (3-4 inches long), mostly serrate with sharp scattered teeth; the midrib beneath and stem hirsute ; heads in short recurved-spreading somewhat leafy spikes ; the upper in sessile glomerales. (Wayne County, New York, Dr. Sartwell 1) Old fields, borders of thickets &c., Canada ! and throughout the United States ! common. Aug.-Oct.-A polymorphous species, 10 inches to 3 feet high, erect or diffuse, often beginning to flower when nearly simple, but at length usually much branched, varying greatly according to soil, situation, and age. Heads small, often very numerous; the involucre nearly glabrous, the scales with short green tips. Rays white or tinged with purple, short, often inconspicuous; the corolla of the disk often turning purple; the limb deeply 5-parted. Achenia minutely pubescent .- This is the most polymorphous species of the genus. It would be easy to arrange its most remarkable forms as distinct species, but perfectly impossible to characterize them. Even our var. diffusus might thus be divided into a dozen species of equal consequence with those admitted by later authors. Its most striking states are, 1. a Western plant with lower leaves six inches long, and the heads also larger than usual: 2. a form which we have only received from N. Carolina, with nearly simple stems and inflorescence, and small broadly oval, or cuneiform-obloug leaves: the latter is sometimes called A. Cornuti.

49. A Learner/simus (News): tem pubsicent in lines, recreme-decompound, carcenze, the herackes particular-resences is leaves laccolate, seturinar, essaile, appressed-serrate, scalarous above; those of the branches leaves in acceltate-seminaria, sprending realsed of the involute lines, rules are also realized to the second seco

Canada, necording to Lamarck, Nett. Saskatchawan, Richardson ! Drumsond ! (v. sp. in herb. Hock)—According to Necs, this species is quite different from any with which he is acquisitied, except has A. divergen-Tas plant from Saskatchawan appears nearly to agree with an immature specimen of the species cultivated in the Berlin botanic granden, under this name.

+ + Heads middle-sized.

50. A. simpler (Wild.): stem glabrous, racemose-decompound; the branches somewhat corymbose at the summit; the branchlets contracted, bearing few [middle-sized] heads; leaves lanceolate, acuminate, very smooth, the margins scalarous; the lower service is scales of the involucer lowely limit binards, linear-volumits. Next, = Wild, ersons, z.p. test 7, Next, At p. 917,DC, prodr. 5, p. 239. A lanceolatus, <math>Wild, spec. 3, p. 90507 (a species of doubting lorging, perhaps next American), and of North American authors A, salicibilius, Darlingt, I fl. Cest, p. 407 $_{\rm I}$ next of Ait. 7 A, sativus, Ait. 7 Wilds, 7

6. seem diffusely branched; the branches pubercent in lines, often elongated and diverging; blanda (variable tur mody rather large) reconcess-stattered senles of the involucer linear, acute, (rays blue or nanty white)—A. recurvature, Ner, Atr. 9: 537 A. Novi-Belgit arc, minor, Best I in Arch. Hook. A. divergens (partly), Lindl. ! is herb. Hook. A. obliquus (partly), Lindl. in Arch. Hook.

 γ . heads (middle-sized) in dense or contracted axillary racemes which are shorter than the cauline leaves; otherwise as in β .

5. stem tall (4-6 feet high) erect; the branches hirsute or pubescent, often in lines; heads (pretty large) locally meenoes or somewhat paniculate towards the extremity of the branchesias; rays blue.

s. stem 1-2 feet high, pubescent in lines above; heads numerous or crowded on the short branchlets, small; rays pale blue or bluish-white.

Wet banks of streams and margins of swamps, Canada ! and nearly throughout the United States! a, b, & e, Common in the Northern and Middle States ! B. Ohio! Kentucky ! &c. common. 7. Ohio, Mr. Lea ! Aug-Oct.-A polymorphous and widely diffused species (not happily named A, simplex), much resembling the A, salignus of Europe, as Nees remarks, particularly the larger-flowered forms. Probably some species founded on plants long cultivated in European gardens have been derived from it; and perhaps A, obliquus, Nees, is among the number. Some states are, moreover, very near our A. tenuifolius y. bellidiflorus; and our var. c. closely approaches A. Tradescanti, but has larger heads, and broader as well as more deeply serrated lower leaves .- The leaves are 1 to 4 inches long, 3-10 lines wide, tapering to an acuminate point, glabrous and smooth on both aides, or the upper surface scabrous towards the margins, which are ciliolatescabrous; the lower servate in the middle with small and sharp or mucronate teeth, narrowed to the base, sessile or slightly clasping; the uppermost and those of the branches mostly entire. Scales of the obovoid involucre more or loss unequal, loosely imbricated, narrow, acute; the tips often a little spreading. Disk flowers at length turning brownish or purplish. Achemis minutely suboccent.

6). A consider (Lim): nearly themes: some main-the-composed of the bunches and (rates small) basic often all support consort is assymmetry baseouts or increasing the solution of the structure sector matrix of the solution of the soluti

B. removisions: panieulately much branched ; the branches and branchleta fijd, somewhat erect, roughish-pubescent; leaves often scalaros; scalas of the involuter more closely imbricated and numerous, linear-sublate-A. tenuitôins, (Lins. U.c.?) Lindl.! in herb. Hook. A. tenuitôins y. Neer,

y. bellidiflorus : paniculate-compound, rather strict ; the branchlets and

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basils often somewise it recentones. Leaves annoch, or frequently exchange the strength of th

Or A current (News) : phases, or the strict resenses branches somewhy have some phases in misses. Lawren allowing mission concerve, we are written and particle phases, it hads (middle-stol) treements the brown margins; the lower more of iest attenuate overtait the basis if the signer there is any margin (and phases). Taking (middle-stol) treements that the first jet sensites manyality. Increasing, the phase is the signer of the sensite manyality (middle-stol) treement (and the first jet sensites manyality. Increasing, the phase is the single sensitive sensite manyality. Increasing, the phase is the basis for an increasing sensitive sensitive sensitive phases and the basis for an increasing sensitive sensitive sensitive sensitive for an increasing sensitive sensitive sensitive sensitive sensitive for an increasing sensitive sensiti sensiti sensitive sensitive sensitive sensitive sensitive sens

δ, σλορογιτ mormoly mick humided (hi financias usually very micros, rather attra and right poleration), howing mannerses density more more housing, have so minutely early solver (from 0 file branches above), a file of the branches above (file of the branches above) and the solution of the branches above (file of the branches above) for a solution of the branches and branches are seen above (file branches). Do not solve the branches and branches are seen above (file branches) and branches are theready a the solution of the branches and branches are seen above (file branches). The branches are theready the solution of the branches and branches are seen above (file branches) and branches are seen above (file branches). The branches above (file branches) are solved branches are branches above (file branches) are solved branches and branches above (file branches). The branches above (file branches) are solved branches are branches above (file branches) are solved branches above (file branches). The branches are branches above (file branches) are solved branches are branches above (file branches) are solved branches are solved branches are branches above (file branches) are solved branches a

y. ambigues: heads recenses along the branches, somewhat scattered, on abort peduceles; involucre conspicuously shorter than the disk; cauline leaves clongated, rather browly lancoates, meds attenuate at each end, sometimes sharply serrate in the middle; those of the branches nearly as in var. a.

Moist soil, Massachusetts, (near Boston, Dr. Boott.) to Pennsylvania, Muklenberg / Schweinit / and Ohio, Dr. Riddell / Mr. Sulizent / B. St. Louis, Missouri, Drumsword / Tadima, Dr. Clarge / Louistan, Dr. Lacerwordt / p. Ohio, Dr. Paddock / Sept-Oct-Caline leaves (numerons) unally 2 to 30 4 inches long of the same firm texture as in the preceding.

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and with the veinlets similarly reticulated ; the apex more abruptly narrowed to a mucronate-acuminate point; those of the branches 1-2 inches long, usually broader in proportion to their length, those of the branchlets often very short. Heads usually larger than in A. tenuifolius, but somewhat variable in this respect; the scales of the involucre broader and shorter, appressed (or the outermost loose), more unequal, and regularly imbricated, pale, with short usually rhombic-ovoid green tips, which are very slightly spreading. Rays longer, broader, and more showy than in A. tenuifolins, "flesh-colored' (Neet), nearly white, or sometimes light violet-purple in the wild plant; the disk often turning purplish. Alveoli of the receptacle somewhat lacerate or laciniate .- This species was described by Necs, from specimens of uncertain derivation, cultivated in the garden of Count Schenborn. Dr. Lindley identified a plant collected near Boston by Dr. Boott, with an authentic specimen, from Nees. We have the same plant from Ohio, and other specimens, which clearly show that A. subasper of Lindley is only a form of this species. Although apparently distinct from both, it closely approaches A. laxifolius on the one hand, and A. tenuifolius (with which Nees compares it) on the other. Some states of it have not unfrequently been labelled A. Tradescanti ; a name often applied to what we consider a form of A. tenuifolius.

53. A Greent: atem amoch and plabnos, menmosely branched at compound | areas nearly all rangeloig papersed-servails, glabous, nearle canomians, scabnos above : the calific near nearwork | naccelats, elongand, allghbly classing icut diated) at the base : these of the intenders have, same frage have branches above, single heads harding indicational planny reasonses on the leafy branches, mere than the chick in the scales intena-intendent, ranker, and the classification is nearly at the scales intena-intendent, scales, ranker classify indications in the scales intendent above.

Near Boston, Dr. B. D. Greene ! Dr. Pickering ! (in herb. acad. Philad.) -The specimens we have seen want the lower cauline leaves, and do not afford sufficient information as to the size of the plant. The cauline leaves in the specimens are 3-5 inches long, about half an inch brond, remotely setrate with minute teeth, of a rather firm texture; the veinlets of the lower surface finely reticulated, but less conspicuously than in A. carneus; the upper surface very scabrous in one specimen, but slightly so in the other : the leaves of the branches are pretty uniform throughout in size and shape, 6-12 lines long, lanceolate-ovate or elliptical, nearly all serrate like those of the stem. Heads nearly the size of those of A. carneus 3. subasper, racemose or sometimes crowded along the slender ascending branches in a similar manner; the lower often shorter than the leaves from the axils of which they rise. Scales of the involucre rather appressed, pale below, with a greenish mid-nerve, more lax than in A. carneus, and with narrower and sharper herbsceous tips. Rays rather short, broadly linear, apparently purplish; the disk turning to reddish-purple. Achenia minutely puberulent

Heads (widdle-sized or large, showy) mattly corpulses or panicalate r zoais of the involves equal or zoonabat success, some or las individus, enth las or spratnik phalacous or philozoon lips 1 he activity forbiocous i admis phalecous or glatowar r ngo multip large and sumerous, bie or parfer c andhre kore somit, for upper over or les adapted_-sublicity.

* Scales of the involuces erect or appressed, with mostly short (achdom squarross) berbaceous tips; the exterior often entirely herbaceous.

54. A. larus (Willd.): stem glabrous, racencose-compound or decompound; the branches loose and corymbose at the summit; the branchets

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ekongated ; leaves narrowly lanceolate, acuminate, the margin (and often the upper surface) scabnow; it he lower ones somewhat servate; those of the branchitest linear, obliquely spreading; ire; often of the disroluters in the termiinal beads locos, and nearly exolu, linear; of the disroluter is the termiand beads locos, and nearly exolu, linear; of the disroluter is the termiand beads locos, and nearly exolu, linear; of the disroluter is the star at the summir. Near, *Wild, c. m.*, 240. Near, 545, P. Ser, (Parsh, fl. 2, p. 5571) Near, Adst. pp. 557 (DC), prod. 5, m. 240.

New, Ast. p. 95; DC. prodr. 5. p. 240. North America, Willdenore. (Low sandy fields, New Jersey to Virginia, Parai ; who, however, probably had a different species in view.) Near Boston, Dr. Boot! Dr. Greene! in herb. Hook.) New York, Mr. Browne! Sept .- Oct .- The few specimens we have seen agree very well with the character of Willdenow, and that of Nees, which we have copied. They belong to a good-sized plant, with very numerous and rigid ascending (racemose) branches, which terminate in losse corymbs. The cauline leaves (3-5 inches long and 4-5 lines broad) are rather rigid, serulate with seattered appreased teeth, the upper surface more or less scabrous ; the uppermost and those of the branches short, partly clasping and sometimes slightly dilated at the base. The heads are rather smaller than in A. prealtus, but very similar, except that those which terminate the leafy branchlets present a much more foliaceous involucre ; the numerous exterior scales being entirely herbaceous, thickish, broadly linear, obtuse or mucronate-acute, often as long as the disk, loose, at length squarrose-spreading ; the outermost similar to the leaves of the branchlets; in the lateral heads, when these are produced, the scales are regularly imbricated, as in A. prealtus. The rays ap-pear to be purplish-blue. Although he has placed the two species at some distance from each other. Nees appears to suspect that his A. laxus may pass into A, prealtus : which is most nonhably the case. Indeed these two species, as well as A. clodes and A. Novi-Belgii, seem to be connected by a series of intermediate forms.

65. A provide (Coin) seem or branches monty hairy in lines, nonexperimentary or cosynabous at the mannini (laves) increasions, party flapping, name, earlier, or obsensity apprened-merring, phaloma, with insultance of the involvement properties of the second transfer the hase is easily of the second transfer in the second transfer the hase is easily of the involvement comparison of the second transfer the hase is easily of the second transfer the second transfer and hase is easily of the second transfer that the second transfer the hase is easily of the second transfer that the second transfer the hase is easily of the second transfer that the second collision, particular that the second transfer that the second collision, particular the second transfer that the second transfer t

Moist woods and rocky banks of streams, New Hampshire ! Massachusetts ! and perhaps throughout the Northern States. Aug.-Oct .- Stem 1 to 5 or 6 feet high, often rather slender and flexuous, frequently hairy or pubescent throughout when young, at length smooth and glabrous except in lines, often purple, branched near the summit ; the branches somewhat racemose or racemose-compound, rather rigid ; the branchlets short, and usually forming a more or less fastigiate or abyrsoid-corymbose inflorescence. Radical or primordial leaves spatulate-oblong, 1-2 inches long, obtuse, nearly entire, tapering into a somewhat ciliate margined short petiole, sheathing at the base ; all the lower ones often hairy on the midrib when young. Cauline leaves about 4 inches long, 5-8 lines wide, tapering gradually to an acute point, of a firm texture, pale and very smooth beneath, with a narrow prominear midrib, bright green above, usually a little scabrons only towards the summit; the veins forming loose open reticulations, which are rather conspicuous in the older leaves; the upper usually with a more or less dilated or auriculate insertion. Heads rather large and showy. Involucre as long as the disk ; the scales numerous, pale and often somewhat narrowed towards the base, slightly ciliate, herbaceous above, mostly with slight membranaceons margins. Rays violet or pale blue, pretty large in the wild

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plant (the ligule as long as the involucre); the disk-flowers often changing to purple. Achenia minintely pubescent, or glabrons when old.—We should have restored the older name of A. saliciolius, were we at all confident that it belongs to this species: as this is doubtful, we have followed Nees and De Candolle. Purpl's plant is said to grow from New York to Virginia.

56. A clotar very monoh and glabowaj term mostly intrafic crymbose crarely sources in recentsor-pointains at the source intraharcoelistic, fieldy, assues or accommants at each end, ender or spinituly presidences and the second more or less maraved hase; a catego of the downal involutors rather cloty information if a or the second second second second second more or less maraved hase; a catego of the downal involutors rather cloty more or less maraved hase; a catego of the downal involutors rather cloty more or less maraved hase; a catego of the downal involutors in the clother more intervention of the second second second second second more or less the second second second second second second more of the second second second second second second second more or less the second second second second second second more of the second second second second second second more of the second second second second second second more of the second second second second second second more of the second second second second second second more of the second second second second second second more of the second second second second second second more of the second second second second second second more of the second second second second second second second more of the second second second second second second second more of the second second second second second second second more of the second second second second second second second second more of the second second second second second second second more of the second second second second second second second second more of the second second second second second second second second more of the second second second second second second second second more of the second second

3. leaves varying from narrowly lanceolate to broadly oval-lanceolate, or the lowermost hanceolate-spatulate.

Wet swamps, mostly in pine barrens, Massachusetts! Long Island! New Jersey! and Pennsylvania! to Virginia! and North Carolina! Aug.-Sept. -Stem usually simple, and 1 to 2 feet high, very smooth, mostly purple i the branches sometimes slightly pubescent. Leaves sparse, 3-5 inches long. usually from 2-4 lines wide, but varying from half to three-fourths of an inch wide (when they are commonly shorter in proportion and more or less aculy serrate; those of the branches small, spreading. Heads large and showy, few or rather numerous, in simple or somewhat compound corymbs, or some diverging branchlets. Involucre glabrous or slightly pubescent ; the scales of a rather firm texture; the exterior herbaceous, except the pale broad margins near the base; the others with oblong-lanceolate herbaceous tips, which are sometimes erect, but usually more or less spreading or squarrose; the innermost more membranaccous, often with purple tips. Rays large, numerous, deep blue or violet; the disk flowers sometimes turning purplish. Achenia minutely and slightly pubescent when very young, smooth and glabrous when mature .- This is a common species in the swamps of the Massachusetts, and as far south at least as North Camlina. It varies much in the form of the leaves, which are frequently as parrow as in A. paludosus, but sometimes as wide as in A. Novi-Belgii. It begins to flower when only 8 or 12 inches high, and perhaps seldom attains more than two feet in height; while the heads are proportionally large and showy. We are not sure that it has been described by any author, either in Europe or this country; but it has probably been confounded with A. prealtus or A. Novi-Beigii, to both of which its different forms so closely approach as to render the diagnosis difficult. It can hardly be the A. brumalis of Nets (which is described from spontaneous German specimens, supposed to be of American origin), and is by no means a late-flowering anecies.

47. A. Novi-Bdrif (Linn); smooth and glikeous throughout (or the branches slightly protects in linear), other source bat gliances , stem stort the branches stort, meesant linear), other source is the stort of dor exlightly confareous, pair and very smooth, or glichtly scalance answing the maximum of the upper surface, hanceduse or oblomp-lancemate, source-hat entropic ing to each end, scale the lower grant plant plant plant plant plant upper most and those of the branches short, clarging by a brander base, often entries i structures (the lower grant base the length of the disk: the scalar storts).

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ASTER.

lanceolate, somewhat unequal, rather closely imbricated in about 3 series, with broadish acute herbaceous tips ; rays numerous, mostly large .- Linn. ! hort. Cliff. p. 108, & spoc. 2. p. 877; Ait. Kew. (ed. 1) 3. p. 206; Pursh, J. 2. p. 554 ; New I Ast. p. 79 ; DC.! prodr. 5. p. 238, (excl. syn. A. floribundus, Nutt.) A. Novi-Belgii latifolius, &c. Herm. Lugal. p. 66, t. 69. A. serotinus, Willd. spec. 3. p. 2049 (partly), fide Necs. A. lavigatus, Pursh, R. 2. p. 553 ?- The following varieties are enumerated by Necs, all described from garden specimens ; Var. a. ampliforus ; the original species, as characterized above, (branches simply racemose, the large heads somewhat corymbose ; ray ample, &c.) Var. B. squarrosus ; leaves lanceolate, rather more elongated ; branches simply racemose, with the heads somewhat corymbose ; ray broad and dense ; scales of the involucre somewhat equal, the exterior squarrose-spreading, often foliaceous and elongated. (A. junceus, recurvatus, and adulterinus, of some gardens). Var. y. serus : stem taller : ray dense, flesh-colored, whitish towards the disk. Var. d. minor ; leaves lancoolate, attenuate; the branches crowded, dichotomous-corymbose, manyflowered ; ray shorter and not so dense ; scales of the involucre loosely imbricated, unequal; flowers smaller; stem lower. (A. floribundus, Willd. spec. 3. p. 2048, & coum. 2. p. 885, &c.)-The indigenous plant varies: 1. Heads (ample) solitary or nearly so on short axillary branchlets, often much shorter than the leaves -2. Heads (rather large) in clusters or short crowded racemes at the summit of axillary branches, which are either shorter or longer than the cauline leaves, racemose along the stem or aggregated and somewhat corymbose at the summit .--- 3. Heads (smaller), racemose or racemose-paniculate towards the summit of numerous alender branches, which are racemose along the stem, the upper fastigiate ; scales of the involucre narrower: ray shorter.

Borders of swamps and moist ground, from near the sources of the Mississippi (Banks of Spirit Lake, Mr. Nicollet /) to S. Carolina, Elliott / (A. levis ? Herb. Ell. !) and Georgia, Miss Clay ! apparently not very common. Sept.-Oct .- Stem usually stout, 1-4 feet high. Leaves thickish; the lower ones often 5-6 inches long, and about an inch wide, often tapering from above the middle to the base, with a pretty strong midrib, the marging scabrous; the primary veins few ; the reticulation of the veinlets rather obscure. Heads, when not very numerous, frequently an inch in diameter ; including the rather linear and pretty large pale blue rays, but sometimes reduced to half that size. Exterior scales of the involucre occasionally herbaccous throughout the others vale at the base the short berbaccous tips also with slight pale or scarious margins. Disk often turning purplish. Achenia slightly unbracent .-- Our plant, which wholly accords with the description of A. Novi-Belgii, e. Nore, is doubtless the same with the original Linnsan species, and with that figured by Hermann. Although extensively diffused, it appears to be uncommon in this country. It has been cultivated in Europe for more than a century and a half; and from it several nominal species have probably been derived .- The "specimen of an Aster from Dr. A. asper," (Hosk, f. Bor.-Am. 2. p. 10, under A. luxuriana,) is either a variety of A. Novi-Belgii, or belongs to a new species, of which there are not sufficient materials for descrip

56: A supplies (Lind)1: stem simple, storigt the reservoir branches semisitie corpurboux, nearly tabled, hair discuss harming 1-2 targe hearts inverse of the story market, hair discuss harming 1-2 targe hearts inverse closes overheadmaster, partering time is long arranvely-winted petitolic lower canaline sparintari-ancousts, nucus, party classing; it he upper antronity chiong-intercents, edim arrivmis-changing : exists of the involution hance-lange, lower, equal, herbaccoust; mys large-__kfall. in Hook, f. Ber-Ama, 2 p. 10, §69, 1962, prof. 5, 2286. Rocky Mountains (lat. 54°-56°?), Drummond !-A plant with large heads, mostly solitary on the erect and simple often leafless branchess; and ample scattered leaves; the radical ones, including the clogated petiodes, sometimes nearly a foot in length. Achenia slightly pubescent. Dr. Lindley compares it with A. brumalis.

99. A. Douglardi (Lindi), stem glabroux, neuronse-compound; the (forlever) branches loosly pancializate corymnoles, learning for (rather Largy) heads; leaves linear-lancolste, neurs, mostly somewhat neurowel it the base, glabroux, neuroly all scratter; caeles of the beninphorical involvemlinear (or the exterior spatialate-linear), neurs, loosely imbéraid nomewhat in 3 series; rather unequality with spraving behaviors unimories i rays andrei large—*Lindi,* in *Hook*, *H. Bor. Am.* 2, p. 11, § in *D.C.*, profit. 5, g. 2023. [Matth: heats. Amer. phine.com, (as mir), p. 203.

Ore constrained by the common along the large rivers note the costs, Darge Lar D. Scouler 1 Matull λ_{Darge} spectra with more shorter and naked branches, bearing there and hereader baseds (Land); and upder branches, bearing there and hereader lawses, with rather strongly illuidatsensation margines. Dr. Lindley considers it allield to λ_{Darge} charges are another and the strongly of the strongly which is nearly appear and M_{A} based expanses if with Λ_{A} North-Reighwhich is nearly appear in a MA. Nortal compares if with Λ_{A} North-Reighwhich is nearly appeared by the introducers and forware. The parput units browniah.

60. A. Largénius (News): stem seabures, resences-compound, narrowithe branches reasonse at the annumit or alightly compound (a lever sarrowly lanceolate. (or innecolate-linear), mucroantly services, stemate to esch end, clasping, facerid, seaboros above; scales of the involucer interact, sparrose; those of the terminal heads nearly equal. New, Art. p. 63. A longiblux, News, groups, p. 98, and 01 the Leyden Garden; not of Lons.

B.7 borealis : stem strict, smooth and glabrous, or pubescent towards the summit; leaves narrowly linear-lanceolste, elongated, with very scabrous sparingly serrulate or often entire margins; the upper surface slightly scabrous ; hends solitary or few and mostly somewhat corymbose on the strict (often very short) branches; involucre about the length of the disk; the scales in 2-3 series, somewhat equal, lax, the summits more or less spreading or squarrose when old .- A. Inxifolius (a. & B.), Lindl. ! in Hook. f. Bor-Am. 2. p. 10, & in DC. prodr. 5. p. 236, (excl. 7. carneus.) A. salicifolius, Richards. 1 appr. Prankl. journ. ed. 1. p. 748, not of Ait. 7.-Varies; with the leaves serrulate and entire ; the stem with single or few heads, corymbose or racemose-compound; the pappus turns brownish. Lindl. in DC --Varies also (if we mistake not,) with the upper leaves rather shorter; the heads somewhat crowded on the branches; the scales of the involucre (except in the primary heads) more unequal and appressed; verging towards A. carneus. (A. strictus \$, angustifolius, Lindl. ! in Hook. I. c. Saskatchawan, Drawmond ! not Arctic America.) A state with rigid leaves, the upper ones longer than the simply racemose heads, is A. astivus, Lindl. ! in herb. Torr.

2.1 deriffører i stem slovder, mostly schwas, presensely humshoft blue long nod almos fillären haraches sprending: leves lineas or narroviy harcolate-linear, elengated, acute, rather right, scahceas above, the margins remotely services or often entire, very scahross', hoals loosely meanore entire and statistical and the extremity of the branches, on sleider politieles or nearly maintaine at the extremity of the branches, on sleider politic what spreading in gian. What is a scale of the involution cutogating and a scale of the statistical and the statistical statistical and the statistical sta

North America (cultivated in the Leyden Garden), Necs. 3. Canada (Mrs. Percival ?), Lake Huron (Dr. Pitcher ?), and Saskatchawan ! to Arctic America ! and west to the Rocky Mountains ! and the interior of Oregon !

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7. Milwaukie, Wisconsin, Dr. Lanham ! Columbus, Ohio, Mr. Sullizant ! Sept .- Oct .- We refer the A. salicifolius of Richardson to A. laxifolius, on the authority of Dr. Lindley, who is probably acquainted with the plant of Nees, whose specific phrase we have copied. But we must remark, that our specimens do not well accord with the description of that species, which is said to differ from A. vimineus, Necs, " by its minutely and remotely serrulate leaves, 5-7 inches long and 4-5 lines broad ; by its narrower (fleshcolored) rays about half the size; and its earlier florescence"; and the stem is said to be " hinc inde setulis inspersus." A specimen from Philadelphia. mentioned by Hooker, accords with the character in the latter respect ; but we are confident this is a fragment of A. puniceus y. vimineus. Our var. B. I (which abounds in, and is nearly confined to the northern regions, and may therefore bear the name of A. borealis if it should prove to be distinct,) is a slender plant, from 1 to 3 feet high ; the long and narrow leaves of nearly the same breadth throughout, and except the lowermost, not at all attenuate towards the base, but with a broad partly claaning insertion. The heads are nearly as large as in A. puniceus; the rays numerous and long (the ligule fully the length of the involucre), apparently violet-blue; the achenia in some specimens rather densely, in others sparingly appressed-pubescent .--The var. y., which is probably not specifically distinct from the preceding, is a very graceful plant, apparently of considerable size, with long and alender lax branches, and the heads loosely disposed at their extremities. The cauline leaves are 4 or 5 inches long, and about 4 lines wide ; those of the branches perhaps broadest at the partly clasping base. Heads fully as large as in the preceding form; the scales of the involucre narrowly linear, in about 3 unequal series, loose, but not inclined to become squarrose. Rays numerous, long, showy, apparently pale violet or purple; the disk turning purplish. Achenia minutely puberulent .- The A. thyrsiflorus of the European gardens may have been derived from this species.

+ + Scales of the involucre loose, narrow, acute, often recurved or spreading.

61. A fourigibility (Luma); platness; item smooth a sometimes webware very instance in the instance in the indicate-and hands howed we experiments and the indicate and the indicated of the indicate sometimes and the indicated of the indicat

β. stem stout, scabross below (roughened with minute sharp points); leaves mostly entire; the lower elongated-lanceolate; those of the branches oblong-lanceolate, short; scales of the involuere more or less unequal, with shorter and less spreading summits.

Swampy places from New York to Carolina Yoo, D.C. (derived party) from the halo into (1) by Jarka and A. S. internet, hwy gave, S.C. (Subtra States, L. Cakel, J. I. In the Skathern States J. L. Cakel, J. Super-Nett, J. Cakel, J. J. In the Skathern States J. L. Cakel, J. Supersenties, L. Cakel, J. J. In the Skathern States J. L. Cakel, J. Supersenties, J. Cakel, J. J. States, J. J. States, J. S. States, J. S. Supersenties, J. S. Supersenties, sexy well at gave solution view characterized to the state of the States States, J. S. Supersenties, S. Supersenties, J. S. Supersenties, S. Supersenties, J. S. Supersenties, S. S. Supersenties, J. S. Superse rially differ from it. Another, the A. longifilium e altiflorou, DC A. entimes as Next, e. A. virginess. Next, seprops, has were the repy, entryly register briefficient entities of the second second second second second in the conserve gravest mouth second second second second second in the conserve gravest mouth second second second second second the conserve gravest mouth second second

62. A. Editotit seen nort, very encod and glabous, the upper point and the parameter franches minutery and addy pubsecent in descript likely i ferrer semewhat coefficiency, smooth baselit, more of the scheme likely i ferrer semewhat coefficiency and the scheme likely interaction of statistical semewhat have been as a statistical semewhat are structure base. (Take a margined) prickle), partly classing bat not allowed interactions are submitted as a statistical semewhat are scheme in the structure baseling difficuencies operating the scheme difficuencies of the downed involvem interaction and and and the scheme difficuencies and allowed as of the downed involvem interaction of the dath, their summits manual parameter and the downed involvem interaction of the dath, their summation scales by specific or executed interactive here have been dath. The same scale specific and the downed involvem interaction of the dath, their summation scales by specific or executed interactive here and the dath, their summation scales by specific or executed interactive here and the dath, their summation scales by specific or executed interactive here and the dath, their summation scales by specific or executed interactive here and the dath, their summation scales by specific or executed interactive here and the dath, their summation scales by specific or executed interactive here and the dath, their summation scales by specific or executed interactive here and the dath of the summation scales by specific or executed interactive here and the dath of the summation scales by specific or executed interactive here and the dath of the summation scales by specific or executed interactive here and the dath of the summation scales by specific or executed interactive here and the dath of the summation scales by specific or executed interactive here and the dath of the summation scales by specific or executed interactive here and the dath of the summation scales by specific or executed interactive here and the dath of the summatin the speci

rays numerous, slender .-- A. puniceus, Ell. ! sk. 2. p. 255, (excl. spec. char.) Margin of rivers, in the low country of Georgia and South Carolina, Elliott? Miss Clay! North Carolina, Mr. Croom! Mr. Curtis! Oct-Nov.-A stout plant, 2-3 feet high, with a somewhat angled stem, and numerous often crowded and rather simple flowering branches; the heads either racemed, or more commonly paniculate or corymbose at the summit-Cauline leaves 4-6 inches long, an inch or less in width, of a rigid texture, pale when dry, and not lucid, with a very strong midrib; those of the branches small, much less tapering at the base, abruptly acuminate of mucroante-acuminate, nearly all serrulate with sharp closely appressed teeth. Scales of the involucre very narrow (narrower than in any state of A. puniceus) and acute, somewhat clinte, all similar. Rays long and narrow, "bright purple" (Ed.), in dried specimens appearing reddisbpurple or pink ; the disk-flowers apparently not changing to purple. Achonia very slightly pubescent under a lens. Pappus tawny when old -We cannot ascertain that this species has been noticed by any nuthor except Elliott, who has in fact described it as a distinct species, under A. puniceus. It should be placed between the latter and A. Novi-Belgii, which it more nearly reacmbles in the foliage, while the involucre, rays, &c. are very different. We have never observed the young leaves pubescent, as described by Elliott.

63. A punicus (Linus) nerm hispid, etosu, panicular slove: [avere dosp-thereologicar/panicy by a more or less ancients loss, neurainst service in the middle with nucceosite-scence mostly approach tenh scalardors down and playmous and or the service mostly approach tenh scalardors and playmous dosp tenestics (scape the samerositi des et des anti-scalardors) and anti-scalardor of the involves more remainst each service of the involves more samerositi des et des anti-scalardors and anti-scalardors anti-scalardors and anti-scalardors and anti-scalardors and anti-scalardors anti-scalardors and anti-scalardors and anti-scalardors and anti-scalardors anti-scalardors

rays numerous, showy .- Linn. ! hort. Cliff. p. 408, & spec. 2. p. 875; Ait. Kew. (ed. 1) 3. p. 208; Michr. ! A. 2. p. 115; Willd. spec. 3. p. 2040; Pursh ! A. 2. p. 554; Hook. ! A. Bor .- Am. 2. p. 10; Darlingt. ! A. Cest. p. 465; DC. ! prodr. 5. p. 236. A. Americanus latifolius, puniceis caulibus, Herm. Lugd. p. 649, t. 651. A. bispidus & A. amerus, Lam. dict. 1. p. 306, fide Michz. & Necs. A. altisaimus, Mill. dict .- Varies ; with the stem (which is commonly purple, and densely hispid with rough and short spreading pointed hairs,) sometimes rather hirsute with longer and softer hairs, and sometimes more sparsely hispid or in lines, or below only hispid-scabrous ; in size, 3-6 feet high ; or rarely 1-2 feet high (A. puniceus, par. demissus, Lindl. bot. reg. t. 1636) : in the size of the heads equalling A. Nova-Anglin, especially when scattered; or considerably smaller; frequently very numerous and corymbose-paniculate : the leaves varying from rather narrowly lanceolate to oblong-lanceolate or oblong, or the lower even obovateoblong ; either narrowed near the base, or cordate-clasping ; the teeth scattered or more numerous, small, sometimes obscure, occasionally conspicuous; their texture, when growing in shade, thin and then moderately scabrous above; in exposed situations thicker, very scabrous above, and even somewhat so beneath

 $\beta_{\rm c}$ frames zero lower, stour, often angled, amooth and glabros helowy towards the sammin slightly bairy or highly dicher sparsely or in lines; leaves moderately or alightly scalarosa show; exterior scales of the involution with the moderately or alightly scalarosa, it may black-lines — A. firmts, without strong and the start strong stro

, retinizes a single amount and glabicon below reconsistent publication of the problem of the problem is provided with the problem of the pr

Low grounds and swampy thickens, Canada I (from Hudser's Bay) and infer common throughout the Northern States (Seq-Cot-A- wellmultical spectra, varying somewhat in appearance whon it grows in very first states of the Northern States (Seq-Cot-A) wellwave and the Northern States (Seq-Cot-A) wellwave and the Northern States (Seq-Cot-A) wellshows are only variable or assess of this species: the latter is to from which the plant space in densy states of a pointerior, and the special states of the Northern States (Seq-Cot-A) well spectra the A. Instructions in Lindel, if a Hock, f. Bar-down is C. (Canada, Mr. Perell) to be at atter of this species—The laws are ordinarily previously and uniform. The prays are manetons, rather large, violide-pipe, varying in miningly ang algority placement.

64. A. prenanthoides (Muhl.): scen pubescent or hirsute above mostly in decurrent lines, panieular-corymbose at the summit; leaves spatialste-lancosts or almostate-oval, heiedy servate in the triddle with sharp spreading testh, conspicuously acuminate, tapering into a long carrow base like a winged peolog, with a cortalex-classing inserving the low artifice smooth. the upper scabrous; heads on short and rather rigid spreading peduacles; scales of the obvoid invaluers narrowly linear, acute or acuminate, unsqual, inheritated in 3 or 4 series, with recurved-appreading berbaccous summiss-Muld. in Wilds spread 2, 2006; Perz. syn. 2, p. 446; Nose, Ast. p. 61; Darrings I, B. (Cate, p. 465; D.C. proof. 5, p. 234.

 $\beta.$ scaber: stem sparsely roughish-hirsute, or even hispid above; leaves less conspicuously attenuate towards the base, the upper surface very scabrons.

Moist woods and thickets, Western New York! Pennsylvania! Ohio! Kentucky ! and probably throughout the Alleghany Mountains. B. West-Chester, Pennsylvania, Darlington, Mr. Townsend ! (in herb. Hook.) Sept. -Nov .- Stem 1-4 feet high, angled, rather stout, usually pubescent only in decurrent lines, or entirely glabrous below, bearing few or numerous pretty large heads, in a terminal loose and expanding, simple or compound, or somewhat paniculate corymb. Leaves of a membranaceous rather firm texture, veiny, lively green above, pale beneath, and frequently a little hairy along the midrib ; the lower cauline 5-6, or even 8-10, inches long, the attenuate lower portion 2-3 inches long, entire, not ciliate, more or less dilated and auriculate-cordate at the insertion ; the uppermost, and those of the branches smaller, and less narrowed below, less serrate, but otherwise similar; those of the branchlets often linear and entire. Involucre glabrous, or minutely pubescent under a lens. Rays rather large, pale violet, or in deep shade nearly white ; the disk turning purplish. Achenia narrow, slightly canciform, a little narrowed at the summit, contracted at the base as if somewhat stipitate, scabros-pubescent. Pappus unequal.-A very marked species, imperfectly characterized by Willdenow, but accurately described by Ness from dried specimens. It has never found its way into the gardens, and appears to be known to few botanists ; yet, it is not uncommon within the geographical range we have given. Distinct as the species certainly is, the var. 3. (as Dr. Darlington has noticed) makes a near approach to A. punictus, and appears like a hybrid between the two.

65. An statuta: stem hairy, resense-corymbose; the branches simple heads: larger (normbrancecous) increasing, very actue, slightly and remotely series in the state of the state of the series of the state of the

Sastantarum to the Becky Menning, Dimensiol — Stoin totel Det high polocett with loss spending hairs to bienchess dender, erect-Levers way thin, 3-4 inches hog, tapering to a harp point; takes of hudent as large as in distinit, wandler et also bese and more charging. Heak about as large as indication, wandler et also heas and more charging. Heak about as large as indication, wandler et al. A spondages of the asyle hasmented approximation of the spendage of the spin harnetered approximation of the spin harmented approximation is also being the spin harnetered approximation of the spin harmented approximation is also being the spin harmented approximation is also being the spin harmony of the spin harmented approximation is also being the spin harmony of the spin harmony and the spin harmony of the spin harmony spin harmony of the spin harmo

Hada (large and shorp) breviously, the computer or particelled branches scale of the involver macrosa, in the Secretal series, somewhat opeds the short rather right and the superscale is the disorded follower spore previous generality or sparmers: abselve will be an equated, it is disorded followers approx in specified previous end of the secret secret secret secret secret secret secret secret secret regressions, specific available to consider a linearized secret secret resonance, superscale of the secret secret secret secret secret secret secret resonance of the secret secr

+ Scales of the involucre imbricated, with squarrose-reflexed foliaceous summits,

66. J. general/form (Lines), hingh with sharp weigh large uses may remember by handless or compound 1 structures inter-specifical states, mannegenerative structures of compound 1 structures inter-specifical states, mannethe branches maint, debaug-linear or inter-share inter-share (very large) asing the branches is used as d in structures mainter in the approximative term interactive structures of the structure mainter in the spectra structure interactive structure of the structure mainter in the structure interactive structure of the structure structure in the structure interactive structure of the structure structure interactive field in the structure structure in the structure structure in the field interactive structure structure in the structure structure structure field in the structure structure in the structure structure structure structure in the structure structure structure structure structure structure in the structure struc

67. A Carobiasana (Walk), in minurby or cancercuity poloscent 3 setu marking theorem, much heards adding of theorem, advanced adding advanced a

In severage and moint indexing, South Constitut is Woregulat and Piopical Poli-DVC-Werk were assumed as a several by other places, and attaining Poli-DVC-Werk were assumed as a several by other places, and attaining were the showy heads (as farge as in A. panna) monty solitary on about motivations of policy and the several several several several several places are assumed as a several particle and and a several sever

68. Al. obsergables (Vern.): seem much homehod, diffue or divacients, somewhot having 'the branchlet losse, paniculative-corymiose, null with the involuces and uppermost leaves more or less glandular or granular-scalbroux; leaves anarovy ololog or lanecoles, muccontaine-accominate, anticipative classing, somewhat scabbous; scales of the involuce numeros, bondly linear, nonewhat unequila, appreciate at the base, with lenguaged and squares and spaces.

rose foliaceous summits; achenia canescent.—Nutt.! gen. 2. p. 156, § in trans. Amer. phil. voc. 1. c.; Necs, Ast. p. 48; Hook.! compan. to bol. mag. 1. p. 97; DC.! prodr. 5. p. 232. A. graveolons, Nutt.! in jour. coad. Philad. 2. p. 110, § in trans. Amer. phil. soc. 1. c.

Rocks along rivers, and on dry prairies, from the upper Mississippi! and Missouri ! to Arkansas ! Kentucky ! and Illinois ! Sept .- Oct .- Stems numerous from the same root, often soffraticose at the base, rigid, erect or ascending, much branched, 1-2 feet high, somewhat hirsute or nearly glabrous below: the branches, young leaves, and involucre covered, more or less abundantly, with minute resinous and somewhat viscid granules, on which account the plant exhales a heavy odor. Leaves 1 to 2 inches long, varying from 2 to 5 lines in breadth, often nearly linear, abruptly acute of mucronate, pale, rather rigid, reticulated, more or less scabrous with minute strigose hairs, particularly on the margins which are sometimes scabrousciliate; the upper ones more manifestly aprinkled with resinous dots, which are frequently pedicellate, so as to appear like glandular hairs; those of the branchlets small, often crowded, gradually passing into the scales of the involucre. Heads very numerous, scarcely as large as in A. Carolinianus; the scales of the involucre with more or less prolonged foliaceous summits, which are squarrose-spreading or at length reflexed ; all equal in length, or the exterior somewhat shorter. Rays purple or violet. Achenia canescent with a fine closely appressed pubeacence. Pappus brownish .- The numerous specimens before us afford no characters to distinguish the A. graveoleos from the A. oblongifolius of Nuttall.

69. A analysistima (Nut.): infrarte with a close somewhat clinerees publicence) is two meansures publications is a set of the second second

Near Boinn and Saiem, Masachasetts, Natalil *M. Little* 1 Sept. 1– We have early earn transform in the mass-have the solution in the log-altern 2 lines where the solution of the solution of the solution of the solution mercors messages hereafyers are drar-likely early in the solution of the mercors messages hereafyers are drar-likely early in the solution of a solution of the solution of the solution of the solution of the draw of the solution of the solution of the solution of the mercors messages which are also the length of the disk; the solution of the solution of the solution of the solution of the solution memory and the interactor inher larger and more interaction. However, memory and the interactor inher larger and more interaction. The paper turning beyond are drawn of the solution of the solu

* + Scales of the involucre loose, very narrow (glandular-viscid), appearing as if nearly in a single series.

19. A. Nuez-Anglie (Linn) 1 stem stor, hiejd, corynhost at the sum with the bisechical and involuces moustant wind) [1 above very minoress. Bisechica or humanization finance, miriculation-languing entry, acute, chold with minimum-linear entry, and the star of the star involution of the star minimum-linear entry, and the star of the star involution of the star bisechical for a prior 10 period. Star Marcin entry, and period. Star Marcin 16, pp. 111 period, f. 2, 2 and 2 with an entry of the star Marcin 16, pp. 111 period, f. 2, 2 and 2 with an entry of the star period. Star Marcin 11 period. J. 2, 2 and 2 with an entry of the star period. Star Marcin 11 period. J. 2, 2 and 2 and 2 and 2 and 2 and period. J. 2 and 2

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Low or moist grounds, Canada and Northern States ! to Missouri ! Kentucky ! and the upper districts of the Southern States ! Sept-Oct .- Stem 3-8 feet high, mostly purple, hirsute with spreading sharp jointed bairs; the summit and branches furnished besides with a more or less conjous close granular-viscid pubescence, which also clothes the pedicels and the involucre, and exhales a faint resinous odor. Leaves 2-4 inches long, about half an inch wide, finely reticulate-veined, often somewhat 3-nerved ; the lower more obtuse; those of the flowering branches often tinged with purple, like the involucre. Heads in a short thyrsus or corymb, or in compound somewhat paniculate corymbs, often an inch and a half in diameter, including the large and very numerous violet-purple rays; the latter sometimes rose-color in cultivation (A. roseus, Desf. cat. hort. Par.); the disk turning slightly purplish. Scales of the involucre numerous in 2-3 series, but similar in size and form, lax, and very narrow, so that the involucre appears nearly as simple as an Alpigenous Aster, attenuate from the short chartaceous appressed base to the apex; or the outermost almost entirely foliaceous .- A handsome and well-known species, of very uniform appearance in its native situations, but several varieties have resulted from long cultivation in the European gardens. To this, or to A, punicens, probably belongs the A, concinnus, Colla, hort. Ripul. appr. 3, in act. acad. Tur. 33. p. 134, t. 12, which De Candolle has incautiously cited under A. concinnus, Willd.

71. A. modetau (Lindl.): stem plabraus below, the summit and the periodicels, or branches of the simple corythe, glandnikr-pubsecref. leaves namerous, hanceolate, accuminate, sparingly and sharply serrate, glabrous, particly clashing: eachs of the involute linear-lineacolate, acute, las, equal, about the length of the disk; schemin pubsecent—Lindl. / in Hook. fl. Bor.-Am. 2, p. 8, fl. Bor., 231.

B. branches of the corymb longer and somewhat leafy; scales of the involucre rather shorter.—A. Sayianus, Nutl.! in trans. Amer. pbil. soc. (n. scr.) 7. p. 294.

Mountain, Drawnodd & Foresking River, lat. 56° (near the Rocky Mountain), Drawnodd : B. Foreski of the Rocky Mountain (net. 26°), and Palins of the Oregon, Natall I.—Stem about a foot high, simple-. Lawses bloot 3 inches long less than an inch wisk, serrare with small doen spreich ling totelut, the uppermost classing by a bread base; the lower stronewhat Nover-Auglies; the scales of the invites from the base in the lower stronewhat Nover-Auglies; the scales of the invites from the base in the base what granular. "Rays pale bins," Natt. Actionia 10-titlede, publicity, operating the scale of the invites of the scale in the base in the base in the base what granular.

•.• Several insufficient specimens of undetermined species remain in our collections, or in those submitted to our examination: we think it better to leave them unnoticed than to describe from imperfect materials, which is very hazardous in such a group as the present.

1 Species unknown to us, founded on native specimens.

12: A. completence (DC): stem error, smooth; branches error, beaty, freemose; levers sessie, about halfelchaping, brondly linear or impallete, acute somewhat conjecous, entire, almost smooth, the margins and midrib breath schuross; these of the branchlets (which bear single beady gradaally passing into the phong score loady imbritated and slightly squarose scales of the involver. *DC*, paref. 5, p. 235.

Texas, in the eastern districts, Berlandier,--Cauline leaves 3 to 4 inches long, 4 lines broad. Heads as large as in A. puniceus; the rays pale-blue. Achenia almost glabrous. Pappus reddish-brown, DC.-The species is placed next to A. puniceus.

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73. A. multiceps (Lindl.): glandular-publisher throughout; stem racemose; the branches erect, bearing single heads; leaves oblong-linear, sone, publisher, slightly scabrous; scales of the involucre linear, subulate, whitish at the base, squarrose. Lindl. in DC, prod. 5, p. 237.

Louisiana—A very distinct species, not closely allied to any one known; perhaps of the Amelli section, if the inner scales of the involuce were membranaceous and colored. Lind.—We know out from whom this species was derived. It is placed at the end of the section which includes **A**, punicens, prealing, &c.

74. A. subgriedrus (Nees): stem hairy in lines; the branches virgate; the branchets hirste, bearing the heads somewhat in spikes; leaves oblarglancedate, scute, appresed-serrate, glabrous, with exdroves margins, clarging; scales of the involucre somewhat equal, lax; the exterior spatialise lancedate, Needer, Nee, At. p. 75; DC, prodr. 5, p. 237.

Mulgave Promosey, en tie Nuch Weel Coul of America, Disoplands of the size and form of those of A obliques, 2-7 upon each barenbler, Table of the size and form of those of A obliques, 2-7 upon each barenbler, the upper levels history factors are not barenbler, former into any and the disk, erect, loss, the sakes in several series the inter linear hancedate, more maintenance, clinica the base mechanismo, Ray numerous, hancedate, proping the disk discussion for the sakes and the structure of the sake of the sake of the sake of the same several several

75. A blondus (Pornh); stern pyramilafa-branched; the branches axilary, searcely longer than the leaves, bearing the heads in rearreness; peduccles tomentose, naked; leaves oblong-lanceolate, partly clasping, acumiants, serrate, glaboury, scales of the involucier lax, somewhat equal, shorter than the disk. Parak, fi. 2, p. 555; DC gradr. 5, p. 237. Cananda, Herb, Backa, 21 Oct.-Nov. Flowers nabove the middle size:

Canada, Herb. Banki. 21 Oct.-Nov. Flowers above the middle size: rays pale purple. Pursh.-Nothing farther is known respecting this species. The A. binduos, Lodd. bot. cab. t. 959 (perhaps A. puniceus I) is doubtless different from Pursh's plant.

76. A Asbedzafar (DC.): stern sliphty shrubby, slender, hirsute with a close sprassing pubsesence; branches losse, leafy, with few branchets bearing single heads; leaves sessile, linear, entire, macrosate-acute, both sides villous-acabrous; the uppermost clinar; scales of the involuer lossely imbrigated, inter, puberleart, acute. DC. gravity. Springer, Springer

Texas, in the eastern districts, Berlandier,-Allied to A. scoparins, but with looser hirsute branches, bearing few heads about one-third the size. DC.

77. A. scoperrius (DC.): stem alightly alrubby, erect, much branchoš, glabrana, scargely puberniest at the summit; branches erect, racemose; leaves scale, linear, minutely scalarous, the upper cose cliate; branchies leavit; scales of the involuere loosely imbricated, linear, acute, ciliate. DC. prodr. 5. p. 242.

Texas, in the eastern districts, Berlandier.—Plant with nearly the habit of Erics scoparin. Leaves 4-5 lines long, half a line wide. Pappus reddishbrown. Achenia puberalent. DC.—This and the preceding are placed in the same section with A. ericoides, A. dumous, &c.

78. A. bifrons (Lindl.): stem scabrous, lax, racemose; branches racemose at the summit; leaves oval-lanceolate, scabrous above, nearly all sermit; beads secund; scales of the involucre subulate. "Ness in litt. ad Lindl."; DC. prodr. 5, p. 243.

North America .- Allied to A. pendulus ; distinguished by the branches

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bearing fewer and larger heads. Lindl .- Apparently described from indigenous specimens; most probably one of the larger forms of A. miser.

79. A. reticulatus (Purah): canescently tomentose throughout; stem branching above, the branches corymbose-racemose at the summit; poluncles nearly leafless; leaves lancelate-boling, sessile, acute at each end, with revolute margins, beneath reticulate-vened, tripli-nerved; involures rather loosely imbrined at the scales very acute. Purah 6.2 o. 648.

In dry swamps of Carolina and Georgia. 21 Aug-Oct.—About 3 feet bligh: flowers middle-sized: rays and florets white. For k--This plant has not been identified by any succeeding botanist ; and horwithstanding the accustomed s. s. of Pursh, we ballow that he never travelled in Carolina and Georgia. In probably belongs to some other genus.

80. A. ciliatus (Walt.): leaves lanceolate, entire, eiliate; stem 3 feet high; heads large (purple), somewhat solitary; peduncles leafy. Walt. Car. p. 209.

South Carolina, Walter .- The subsequent A. ciliatus of Willdenow is only a form of A. multiflorus; but this is apparently altogether a different species.

A. lenconthenass of Rafinesque ("Leaves semi-cuntiform, incised-sermed; flowers terminal; crown semi-10-flowerlous," Ref. in vol. reps. (Ac. 2) 5, p. 359. Virginia, is doublean not the A. lenconthemos, Deef, Ness, 4-c.

‡ \$ Species described from garden specimens (some of them of doubtful origin), which we have not identified with native plants.

81. A survive (Lindl.): stem racemose-compound; the branches right, densely racemose the summit; leaves obloag, acuminate, cordate and clasping at the base, smooth above, pubescent branchite, cordate and disping the base, smooth above, pubescent branchites, Lindl. *i* in DC, rordor, 5. p. 392.

"North America 7 Coldivated, but rarely, in the English gardens. Near A. patentissimus." DC.-Apparently a cultivated state of A. patens var. phologifalius.

18. A. presse (Wild), it story reservoirs the branches bearing for bands, maked at the basis (lawer outer lancolate, series with spressing texts, accumants, tapering into an obtate (winger) petiols glabroas, this margins achieved, this event is the land of the spressing and the margins of the story of the interface of the spressing of the spressing of the story of the interface of the spressing of the spressing of the other X-row of the interface of the spressing of the spre

North theorem (T) is described from its plane calibration if in the Testing arctime $J_{12} \sim A_{12} \sim -A_{12} \sim A_{12} \sim A_{12}$

series, rather firm, shorter than the pappus. The rays are pale lilac. The stem is glabrous or slightly pubescent, 1 to 2 feet high.

83. A. abbreindra (Noss) ; seen erect, jabrons, or hairsy in lines, normer, the harables short, thrynod or simple i lower laves orall-lowening, writes, solutie-lowering, s

North America (lokaniced by Nees, in the year 1902, from the Mardung gatten). Spark (r. sp. in, *iost. Berdy*,)—Nees has strangely conducted this species with the winely different A, accuminates, Micha. Is resembles A, precox, and is also compared with the following species. The lower leaves are scabous and tapering to the base, while the uppermost are samous and closely sensible ya broad base. Perhaps it is not of American erigin.

84. A pathine (Lam), itsem glabraux, recense-panicalities the bunches spreading it areas along, deeply areas, toporing, into a pathia it to applie untrice glabraux, or rough with a very minime pubsecnors; the lawer glabbraux, the marging analysis indication in the state of the state - Law, dirt 1, p. 30%; Deeff, out, herr, Pars, p. 102; I Deff, yourf, da-Pada. A paineilastus, Wild, apex, 3, p. 3036 (in part), fide Nets. A Tradeoxnaii, Hoffm, physiger, M. p. 68; t. D. f. 2, fide Nets. A. Cornsti-Word, in Nets, Au, p. 58.

B. rays pale; leaves somewhat glabrous. DC. I. c. "A. pallens, Willd. exum. suppl. p. 58; Lindl. bot. reg. 1 1509," ex DC. A. Cornuti B. Nos, I. c. (v. sp. ex hort. Perc. & hort. Berol.)

Nerth America.—This is touchess of American origin, and wen perlops there from Gaussian burkes have been reserved and in algorizations predimenration of the structure dense structure of the structure of the structure of the physical structure of the structure of the structure of the physical structure of the structure of the structure of the physical structure of the structure of the structure of the physical structure of the structure of the structure of the structure of the structure induced on the structure of the structure of the structure induced on the structure of the structure of the structure induced in 2 to 4 arises, amounts uncertain structure structure of the structure induced in 2 to 4 arises, amounts uncertain structure discussion of the structure induced in 2 to 4 arises, amounts and the structure of the structure induced in 2 to 4 arises, amounts uncertain structure of the structure of the structure induced on the structure of the structure of the structure of the structure induced in 2 to 4 arises, amounts and the structure of the structure of the structure induced in 2 to 4 arises, amounts at structure of the structure of the structure induced on the structure of the structure of the structure of the structure induced on the structure of the structure of the structure of the structure induced on the structure of the structu

85. A. stenophyllas (Lindl.): stem nearly glabrous, racemore; the branches spreading, very densely racemore at the summit; cauline leaves linear-lancedate, much accumiate, rather sethrous; heads secural; scalles of the involuce linear, accumiants; the inner membranaceous and colored. *Lindl.* in *DC*, prof. 5, p. 243.

North America ? Cultivated in the English gardens .- Rays pale fleshcolor ; the disk changing. Lindl .- Placed between A. diffusus and A. miser.

96. A. obligues (News): stem glabroin below, racemos-compound story, artist is the branches sconvebles (a corynalises at the sconverse based) and lanceolate, assile, mucroante, nonwithst entits, englemin blow, obliguet these of the branches specialized in violence last, the exterior scales larger, apatalate-innecesiate, speading. New, Att. p. 76; DC, prodr. 5, p. 327. A rightism, Def. et al., New J. (1815), p. 122, the New § DC.

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North America. New York, Berzharzik, ez Noaz-Heada muli, liba and waita. Exterior scales of the involucier few, 1-24, incars-panalase, exceeding or equaling the others, which are linear, nearly equal, and with a field/material multiple of the state biennaits, and is considered to be the A. Incordatus of American andress New har a wild before from North York, but we cannot identify the plant.

87. A: extinus (Ait.): leaves inneedate, somewhat clasping, entire, glabrous, with scabrous margins; scales of the lax 'involucere equal; stem (2 feet high) hispid; rays blue. Ait. Kev. (cd. 1) 3., p. 203.

"Labrador Starwort. Native of North America. Introduced, 1776, by Messrs. Gordon & Græffer. July-Aug." Ait. L .---Willdenow gives the following character : " Leaves lanceolate, somewhat clasping, entire, attenunte at the apex, the margins scabrous; stem branched from the base, erect ; branchlets hairy ; scales of the involucre lax, linear, acute, equal ; and he remarks that it is nearly past flowering when the other American species commence. Pursh, who copies the character of Willdenow, professes to have seen the plant in dry swamps and copses in New York and Pennsylvania, as well as dried specimens in the Banksian herbarium and that of Mr. Lambert. Nees, who describes both from spontaneous and cultivated specimens (although the origin of the former is not mentioned). gives the following character: "Leaves lanceolate, ciliate; the radical appressed-serrate ; the cauline entire ; stem (glabrous) paniculately branched or racemose; the branchlets loose, scattered, one-flowered; inner scales of the narrow obconic involucre subulate." Necs, Ast. p. 74. It often begins to flower, according to Nees, in the middle of the month of June. The heads are said to be small ; the rays nearly white ; the achenia puberulent and narrowed into a stipe. We have not been able to identify either the original species of Aiton, or that of Nees (which are probably different) with indigenous specimens; nor do we possess specimens of the cultivated

88. A. foliolosus (Ait.): stem pubescent; leaves lancolate-linear, entire, glabrous; those of the branches much sproading; involucre imbricated, the scales acute. Ait. Kene. (ed. 1), 3. p. 202. A. cricoides Melliod agranis umbone, Dill. Etch. p. 39, t. 35, f. 39. A. hiemalis, Nos, dst. p. 777 (A. edicificilus, News, sprops, p. 26.)

North America : Cult. 1732, by James Sherard, M. D. Hort, Kes.—The A. foliolous of Aiton appears to have been founded upon the plant of Dillenius, which Nees cites under his A hiemailis a species of unknown origin. The description of A. hiemailis accords very well with the figure of Dillenius.

β. squarrosus (Lindl.): leaves all linear, squarrose-recurved; branches racemose at the suramit; heads larger. Lindl.! in DC. l. c.

Virginia 1 (Linform). One New Coaline haves linear-lancelate, sertime in the series of the series of the series (asping serialise in the middle-Heads middle-azed, Bhe. Scales of the involuces somewhat equal, linearlancelate; its inner colored at the aper. Achieving labroosa Nee. In our specimens (from the English gardens), the heads are large and showy, and the upper layers nearly or quite saints—Probaby this species (rather

than A. longifolins, Lom.) is the A. junceus, Ait.: we have specimens many years since cultivated under that name in the Liverpool botanic garden.

90. As sparralous (News): stem corymbone-decompound; the branches erec, corymbose at the summit; leaves lancoscher-committee, nonwebat chapting, that yilly serrate in the middle, the upper surface scalaron act to summit. News Art, p. 667 JCC, prod. 5, p. 203 A. a mutabilia, Leav. I et al. A securitation for great of the start of the start

B. albiforus (Nees, l. c.): taller; rays white becoming somewhat violet; the disk at length deep purple.

North America .- Stem glabrous below. Leaves pale green. Achenia somewhat pubescent. Varies with the lower leaves lanceolate and rather broad, or all linear-lancoolate and narrow. Nece .- Under A. eminena, Nees remarks that his A. squarrulosus is perhaps only a variety of that species, but that they have retained their characters in cultivation for many years. The heads of A. squarrulosus are also said to be larger than those of A. eminens, but the rays narrower .--- We have met with no hative specimens : if it be the A. mutabilis, Lins. it has been in cultivation for more than a century. The plant from the Berlin garden has rather large loosely corymbose heads; the scales of the obovate involucre loosely imbricated in 2-3 series, linear, acute, nearly equal; the exterior herbaceous except the very base; the inner more membranaceous; all loose and at length somewhat squarrosespreading. Achenia narrow, puberulent-scabrous. The cauline leaves are 3 to 4 inches long, 6 to 10 lines wide ; the lower narrowed at the base. It appears like a mere variety of A. longifolius .- From this, A. argutus, Nees, of unknown origin (described from specimens cultivated in the gardens of Bonn and Breslau), seems not greatly to differ.

91. A. caper (Nees): stem paniculate-compound above, glabrous, rough with minute tubercles; the branches racemose-corymbose; leaves oblacy flancolate, seminate, partly classing, schorous above, all serrate in the middle: scales of the involucre imbricated, with squarrose-spreading sommits. Next, Adv. p. 84.

North America [] Described from specimens derived engineary for thermic horning products—Levers tolics, from, deep green to level as a product of the second second second second second second test assess tests in the multiple second second second second multiple second second second second second second second multiple second second second second second second second multiple second details second second

92. A brawaliz (Ness): stem glabrous, racezone ; the head somewhat wittary on the branches; leaves lancelalas, accuminate, party claspingsharply appressed-serare in the middle, the margins scabrous; scales of the involuent loose, conserbat equal. Ness, Art. p. 70; DC, prof. 5, p. 235. A: inviguents, Lam. dict. 1 p. 307, fifth Nets, A. Novi-Belgii & A. serviima (party), Middl. agec. 3, p. 2084, for earm. 2, p. 886, file Nets.

North America? (Indigenous on the banks of the Main mear Sickerhausen ; probably derived from North America. Necs.) Oct.-Nov.--Primodial laves spatulate, entire, glabrous, with a short and broad petiole, half an inch long; the succeeding oblang and oblong-innecolate, classing by the narrowold

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base; the margin entire or remotely deniculate, somewhat shining, obtuse, with a mucroante point; the others lancoolate, acute, serrulate with minute appressed calloas teeth. Hends large; rays blue. Achenia puberulent. Nexe—According to Nees, this is the A. Novi-Belgii of many gardens: it has been, perhaps, derived from that species.

33. A. Luzwizzu (Ness): stem paniculate; the branches corymbose-reserve at the anumit; branchets bearing single brands, leaves con-lobing or lanceolate, annimiate, narrowed at the base, clasping, sharply serrate in the middle, seabours and glucosceate labove; scales of the involver lossly imbringed, linear-lanceolate, acute. Nes., Ast. p. 83; D.O., gredn. 5, p. 238. A. prennatholder, Nes, ngong, p. 33; Lake, scame. 2, p. 530.

B. stem more compound, and more hairy in lines. Ness, I. c.-A. luxurians, Spring. syst. 3. p. 538 (excl. syn.), ex Ness.

North America ? Sprengel. (Nees, probably supposing this to be the A. Novi-Belgii of Pursh as well as of Nuttall, has copied from the former the habitat : "In hedges and old fields, New England to Virginia; Aug .-Oct.", although the synonym of Pursh is not adduced. He states also that he has seen native specimens from Virginia.)-Root creeping, stoloniferous. Stem 2 feet or more in height, glabrous or more or less hirsute with decurrent lines, with spreading branches at the summit : the branches corymbose-divided ; the branchlets spreading, leafy, bearing single heads. Leaves approximate, 24 to 3 inches long, an inch wide, sharply but not coarsely serrate in the middle, sessile and somewhat clasping by the narrowed base, smooth and paler beneath, densely but obsoletely reticulated with alender veins; those of the branches and branchlets similar to the cauline ones, but diminished in size, less tapering at the base, and entire. Heads, including the lilac (at length deep violet) rays, an inch in diameter. Involucre shorter than the disk ; the scales in several series, crect-imbricate, thickish, unequal, linear-lanceolate, rather broad, acute, the base and ciliate margin thin and whitish, with a spatuliform herbaccous disk. Achenia glabrous. Necs .--This appears, as well from the description as from our imperfect (cultivated) specimens, to be perhans too closely allied to our A. prealtus.

94. A. adulterinas (Willd.): stern paniculate-decompound from the base; the branches corymbose-racemed; leaves oblog-lancedate, mucromate, classing, amounts, the margin scalarous; scales of the obvrate involuces somewhat equal, spatiate-lancedate, squarrose, enlarged after flowering. Nex.— Wild. essus, 2., p. 844, Nex. Ad. p. 855; D.C. proof. 5, p. 238.

North Antorica. Seque-Seru 14 6 2 feet high harry in fearment lines. Letters introduces, logings, nonvolva hining, the lower alight yerrange, lower harrow hinter, the lower alight yerrange to the second s

85. A stardifform (Line). Newly stem jellenes, d'unitate-crymhoer, leaves obleg-hanceblate, editionité (aging, serrate towards the aper, the leaves obleg-hanceblate, editionité (aging, serrate towards the aper, the involuces) individual (aging) and an approximation of the second what radiant, Non-Lines, perc. (ed. 2) 2, p. 1231, et deer, but according to Lindley, the plane of the Linness herbarrium is A, panis, Lin, Kree, (ed. 1) 3, p. 2021 Willd, spec. 3, p. 3049; New, Adv. p. 78; DCJ. prof. 5, p. 2035. A tradificual for completions that the DC is the Ateria and the second second second second second second second prof. 5, p. 2035. A tradificual for completions that the DC is the Ateria and the second seco Noth America. (1) According to Pureb, it is from a "in overflowed ground from New York to Wigning: runs: U.t.-Xov-Table, neutrilloplant in North America; the physics he gives a composed of the Lineau description combined with that of Almon-This species in semarkable for favory cognitizes hash, thickish as exact-blat according with the angle and falancose accurate reals of the involves. When its metry distance the base of the semarkable of the base of the semarkable of the branches. Hends middle-incide. Ray like, Almoin energy falance elements in the base of a distance of the base, and segmental from the elements in the branches of a distance of the base of the semarkable from the elements in the branches of a distance.

 A. mutabilis (Linn.): leaves lanceolate, serrate; involucre squarrose; panicle somewhat fastiginte. Linn. spec. (cd. 2) 2. p. 1230.

North America .- The specific phrase in the first edition of the Species Plantarum is merely "A. foliis lanceolatis, calvcibus imbricatis basi squarrosis"; and the only synonym adduced is, "A. caroleus Americanus non fruticosus serotinus angustifolius, flore amplo floribundus," Pluk. alm. p. 56, t. 326, f. 1. (which represents a narrow entire-leaved plant with small heads) : to this Linneus adds, that it differs from A. serotinus (but he has no A. scrotinus!) in the more closely imbricated involucre, the deep purple rays; and that the disk-flowers, at first yellow, change to purple. In the second edition, Linnaus adds the synonym 'A. Novi-Belgii Intifolius paniculatus, floribus saturate violaceis," Herm. Lugd. 65. t. 67 ; and compares it with A. Tradescanti, adding to the former remarks, that it may readily be distinguished by the recurved-squarrose leaves of the peduncles and involucre, the exterior scales of the latter not larger than the others .- The A. mutabilis of the Hortus Kewensis is thus characterized : "Leaves somewhat clasping, lanceolate, serrate, smooth, tapering below ; branchlets virgate ; calyx somewhat foliaceous, lax; stem glabrous." Ait. L. c. Nees cites Aiton's plant both under his own A. mutabilis and under a variety of his A. eminens; while he adduces the synonym of Linngus, with a query, to his A. squarrilous, which, however, he suspects (Ast. p. 89) may be no more than a variety of A. eminens. Our specimen of A. mutabilis from the Berlin garden appears not to differ essentially from the A, souarrulosus of the same garden, except that it is a stouter plant : we have met with no indi-genous specimens of either. The A. mutabilis of Lindley, &c., and probably of Nees, we take to be a form of A. lævis.

97. A. versicoler (Wilk); stem passignate-compound; the brancher simply computes at the summing dense; lenver oblong-instructions, extruimate, very smooth, of the same color both sides; the lower sermate in the middle, the upper classing, entry is scales of the involutes: imbinistented, law contact. Next. - Wilk, spec. 3. p. 2045, & enum. 2. p. 855; Nich. Art. F. 197; D.O. prod. 5. p. 245.

North Amorta, Williewson-Upper lawres entries, the lower with a five structure, photony the radial choice papering at each only service in the structure photon of the radial choice papering at each only service in the bandwest. Data yellow. Rays large, it first with a direct start is the structure. Data yellow. Rays large, it first with a direct start is the manakain tenang photon of the structure in the structure in the manakain tenang photon of the structure in the structure in the manakain tenang photon of the structure in the structure in the manakain tenang photon of the structure in the structure in the manakain tenang photon of the structure in the structure in the manakain tenang photon of the structure in the structur

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that name has small flowers, and is therefore not so ornamental as Willdenow represents.

98. A. confertus (Nees): stem robust, sincoth, somewhat carymbose decompound at the summit; the branches corymbose and much crowded; leaves oblog-inducciotate, auximitate, with a cordiate-classing bass, appressedserrate in the middle, the margins scabrous; involucre imbricate. Nets, Ast. p. 126; JOC proofer, 5. e., 245 : not of Dark.

North America. (Cultivated in the Botanic garden at Bonn.)—The heads are said to be middle-sized; and the rays white, not changing to violet, as in A. versicolor, under which name it is cultivated in some gardens, according to Nees. Achenia glabrous.

99. A. strictus (Poir.): stem glabrous, strict, racemose-decompound; the branches strict, courctate; leaves lanceolate, attenuate, partly clasping, somewhat servate in the middle, scabrous towards the margins; involuce closely imbricated. Nexs—Poir. suppl. 1. p. 430; Ners, Ast. p. 124; DC. prodr. p. 245. (excl. 8.)

North America.—" Kosombes A, prasitas; from which it differs by in their transposed in leaves more (approach) - activates waves the mangifts: the larger baseds, the closely inductant (archiver, which is scarely dimensional and the start of the start of the start of the start dimensional dimensional and the start of the start of the start approximate." Nor. This nucleo how very does not piece it in the section approximate. Nor, This nucleo how very does not piece it in the section dimension of the start o

100. A onusta (Ness): stam mecmose-compound, decurved; the branches hav, racomose at the summit; lawes tapering to each ed, party ellesping, appressed-serrate in the middle, the margins ecabous; hashs somewhat second, on about pedicels; categories of the short involutore indivitated, lameclates, scarcely equalling the disk. Ness, Ast. p. 122; DC, spich: 5, p. 245. As conferenz, Dept. cat. hort. Parc. ed. 3, p. 401; not Nees, field DC.

β. squarrosus (Lindl.): leaves of the branchlets linear, squarrose. (Cultivated in the English gardens under the name of A. Tradescanti caruleus.) Lindl. in D.C.L.c.

North America I has the origin very doubtful—None compares in with his Aanappicationalis, a matching, and A. Livejatans (all Owich are probably included under our A. Livejat), but states the heads to be more like those of A. Liverarian. The sterm is said to be 3 or 4 for high the summit decurred by the wight of the flowers, glabora, or with a flow cattered small briats, wighted blinnes in lines at the summit, the leaves more and and under the state of the state of the state of the state of the turbulent involuces not flow by imbridged, hencedare, with a membrane compare, cillence. Note:

101. A purporting (Nose): stem somewhat simply meense-vigues: the increases acquired and barrier gauge hashes? Interest narrows (increases) and the interest of the increase acquired interest of the interest involvement provides and the interest of the turbinest involvement involvement, lancealate, with object line. At 1, provide 1, provide 1, and 1, and

North America? Cultivated for many years at the Garden of Plants, Paris, under the name of A. miser.—Scales of the involocre imbricated in several series, not rigid, lanceolate-triangular, whitish at the bace, with purplish tips, all similar; the inner nearly the length of the disk; the outer-

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most about half that length. Rays short, erect-spreading, purple; the disk turning purple. Achenia linear-cunciform, glabrous.-Placed by Nees at the commencement of his Concinni: Dr. Lindley compares with it his Aazureus, and A. turbinellus. We have seen no specimens-

102. A. retroflerus (Lindl.): stem compound-racemose; the branches abort and bearing single heads; leaves linear-lanceolate, entire, very glabrous; those of the branches linear-subatter, recurved, distant; sakes of the bemispherical involucre linear-lanceolate, squarrose. Lindl.! is DC. profr. 5. e. 244.

North America.--Disk whitish, scarcely changing. Rays blue. DC.--We are uncertain whether this is described from cultivated or indigenous apecimens. No further particulars are given. It is placed between A. azureus and A. turbinellus.

A services, Mill. etc. ed. Morten, (1707) founded on the A. folio elsengis service the basil kiteritories services approximation, caulor ramove, forthus terminational to plenning one columnia (Lake blue simularly Starwert of John Tradescant, commonly silled Michardene Device), of the savier editors, is anterior to the A. stretcure of Willeder Devices and the service of the se

§ 4. Scalas of the involver nearly equal, loose, narrow, nearedy or slightly imbricated, more or less harbacous : receptacle naked, scrobiculates apper dages of the style triangular, short: pappus of capillary brills: r009 numerous: stoms often lose and simple, bearing collergy or fee large hadle —Oursonrouw, Kunth, ect., ever. 1 (Ant. Abigen), Nev., DC)

103. A alpines (Linne): publescent or bairy nerm hearing a single head's leaves entire, Senered or triplencered, oltans in the radical core spatiality the canine hanceolate ; scales of the involuces leave, about the length of the disk oblog-linear, obtuse or obtainsh, cilinst and publescent.—Zinne, spc. 2a, p. 973; Jaco, J., Austr. t. 891; Biet, mag. t. 199; Neer, Ast. p. 201; Book. J., Borz-Am. 2, p. 61; D.C.; wards, 5, p. 927.

On the higher Rocky Mountains, in lat. 54°, Drummond !-Heads, with the blue rays, 14-2 inches in diameter, showy. Radical leaves petioled.-The American plant resembles Siberian forms.

104. A. pygmana (Lindl.) 1 villous; stem bearing a single head; I eaves at length nearly glabrous, obtuse, entire, 1-nerved or obscurely 3-merved in radical ones spatialize-toology or oblanceolate; the cauline lancedate; scalas of the very villous involucre linear, obtuse, squarese-spreading— Lindl.; in Mcbar, H. Ber. Am. 2, p. 6, § in DC, proor, 5, p. 228.

Arctic sea-cosst, Richardson !--Plant about 2 inches high. Head large for the size of the plant; the rays searcely twice the length of the involuce---Smaller specimens of A. intermedias, *Parcel*. (A. Argunensis, field *DC*) searcely differ from this species, except in their longer rays and more hirsute pubseence.

105. A. Andrina (Nutt.): rhizoma aleader and creeping; items several decumbert, there pubscent, menty bearing a ningle hard; iters glabrous, entire; the radical aparticles or somewhat lanceolate; the caulton nearly lineas, actue, quantity wider at the base and classing; scales of the involvers lineas, nearly glabrous, cliante, mostly scuet; rays numerus, rather lost glabrous, cliante, scuet; ratherus, cliante, scuet; ratherus, cliante, scuet; ratherus, cl

Rocky Mountains at Thornberg's Ridge, near the line of perpetual snow in lat. 42°, about 10,000 feet above the level of the sea, Nuttal !-Roct wiry

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and alender, aending up small clusters of decumbent stems, 3-4 inches high. Leaves scarcely an inch long, rather coriaceous. Head about half as large as in A. alpinus.

106. A. glazidi (Nutt); rhizona thickiah, not creeping; stem low, crect, minutely pubscan labor, often nextly leafless, hearing a single head; leaves apatulate-oblong and lancolate, emire, glabrons, obscurely 3-nerved; the caultie stand], acute, party classing; scales of the involver numerous, linear-subulate, glandular-puberulent, appressed, about the length of the disk. - Nutt. 1. Le. 9, 201.

Rocky Monnains, with the preceding. Nattall (-Stems about 3 inches, high, bearing 2-3 small leaves, and a head about the size of the preceding, but with broader and shorter rays. Radical leaves 1-2 inches long, thickish, with somewhat scabrous margins. Pappus strongly scabrous. Involucre much like that of A. salauginous, brownish, somewhat viscid.

MOT. An also agreement (Richarch.): norm aimple, herdy, herding, herdy, solution, a periodic model and a second main paragraph of the periodic model and the second main paragraph of the periodic model and the periodic model of the periodic

β. stem storier and larger, often bearing 3-5 heads; lower and radical leaves broadly spatulate or obovate; the upper oblong-ovate or ovarie-lancelate; scales of the involucer somewhat glandular—A. salsuginosus (a.) Hook.1 bot. mag. 1. 2942, & fl. Bor-Am. 2. p. 6; Hook. & Arn. bot. Beckey, suppl. p. 350.

Subserver Xamerica, from the nast plane of the Alushance, Redundand and the Bocky Montania, Dawamoud' in Korkrebev's Scotta (1 do N. W. Douglard-Plane 6 to 16 inclusion). In Korkrebev's Scotta (1 do N. W. Douglard-Plane 6 to 18 inclusion) and how the start of the start show the plane lange paraly. It Radical and how planes 3-6 inclusion lange we have commonly the scales of the start of the start of the scale were start of the scales of the inclusion of the scale scale were start of the scales of the inclusion were start of the scale were start of the scales of the inclusion of the scales of the scale were start of the scales of the inclusion were indicated by the length were start of the scales of the inclusion in the scales of the scales were the scale scale of the inclusion of the inclusion of the inclusion of the start of the scales of the inclusion in the scales of the inclusion of the inclusion of the scales of the scales of the inclusion of the inclusion of the inclusion of the scales of the scales of the inclusion of the inclusion of the inclusion of the scales of the scales of the inclusion of the inclusion of the inclusion of the scales of the scales of the inclusion of the inclusion of the inclusion of the scales of the inclusion of the inclusion of the inclusion of the inclusion of the scales of the inclusion of the

108: A propertions (Panch); stem convertes a imple crete, phirows, bir and above, barg, 1-3 backst the summit 1: avers sealls, errors, obling-intervalue, and the summit 1: avers sealls, errors, obling-intervalue, and the search 1: avers sealls, errors, obling-intervalue, and the search 1: avers sealls, errors, obling-intervalue, and the search 1: avers and 1: avers and

North West Coast: Unalaschka, 'D. Ndlon, Parsh. (Norfolk Sound, Escherbeltz !)—We copy the character from Parsh, since Chamisso's plant from Unalaschka, which Leasing has described under this name, De Candolas inclines to refer to A. foliaceus, *Lindl.*; the description of Nees is drawn from Chamasso's plant; while that of Boograf from Sitcha is supposed to be the same. We have a fragment collected by Eschscholtz which accords with Pursh's character.

109. A. foliaceus (Lind.): stem simple 1 racemose; leaves oblong-lancoolate; clasping, somewhat serrate, glabrous; heads terminating the axillary branchlets; scales of the involucer spreading; foliaceous glabrous. Lind. in DC. prodr. 5: p. 228. A. perceptinus, Less. in Linnare, l. c. 7 ex DC. Unalaschika, Evisor.— Species remarkable for the scales of the involucer,

Unalisektas, Fisket---Species remarkable for the scales of the involvery, which rowenble the ramcal leaves: pedance tomentone. Dc.D-e Cardolle also remarks that in his own specimen, likevise received from Fiskery, the scales of the involucers are received and spreading, clinical instead of entirely glabrous; the leaves obtase at the base; the stems slightly hairy, with the hairs here and there somewhat in lines.

Hasho'', Bay, Michanz' & Herk, Banka to Since Lake, Richardsaber Some 1-52 lines high, eldeddi line the lawers with minute and deten space bounds at rights havin; the simple branches leady like the same below to be a simple to the same straight of the same below to be bounded on the same straight of the same straight of the minute same straight of the same straight of the same straight and the bounder mess presenting interal venices are randout overse. Heads when which is a similar to the source reasonable as followed predages of the style were short, fraingelar. Achieve have compressing benchmark-lines and the low-article print between some straight of the Americans. Store, (Collinear is non-Richard leads of the style were short to More straight, down and an and the same straight of the same straight of More subscience. Some straight of the straight of the same straight of the More straight, down and lines are straight or same straight of the More straight, down and lines are straight or same straight of the same straight of the straight of the same straight of the same straight of the More straight, down and lines are straight or same straight of the same straight of the straight of the same straight of the same straight of the same straight of the straight of the same straight of the sa

5.5 Solids of the regularity individual incolures with montranacous of searchess margins, distinted of herbarcous tips or appendique, often ceristels, mostly sneppair, appendique of the style lancedistic monitors obling of triangulars: receptable alcolate (flat): brinlas of the pappus explisity, usually usequal-Dearmonstans. (Calimetri, Nex. Laida, DCin, papti not of Can. Species of Helesstrum, DC. Eucophalms, Xylorthian, & Galstella § Calimation, Nutr.)

The original Calinaria (Kalinaria Japarezhaka, Can, et C. incine, *DP*.) Hear strength of particular versions, which is discussively avoid as the local of a discussive discussive and the strength of the particular version of the strength of the strength of the particular version of the strength of th

A. Turtorius (Lem, Q.), DC: will perhaps from a new section of the sume property of the ensemption of the draw way period to Chainers (them relation) is the constraints of the section of the section

 Scales of the hemispherical involvers unequal, marrowly lancedate or linear, leaving indicitate in 2 or 3 veries : alocoli of the receptack tookhol and lacerate : appendages of the style lancedate: ackenia glandular (or hairy): heads locate yearymbase: lacerate mple, concilencial-scale, coarsel tookhol tanará the summit, pinnately veined.

This section might include Aster Tartarieus, Lian. f., DC.; which has more obtuse appendages to the style, and broader hairy achema.

111. A communication (Michae) is seen aimpio, fermous problement or hairy particulars-coryonae at the summit, the paradance interface is more oblogintercentar or cantiferren-intercentar, comparisonal a result of the same obloging structure of the manyment base, which, gladows above, the marging structure of the same of the same of the same of the same of the sin narrowly ablong, glandwing—Michae (β , β , p, 100; $Perei, <math>\beta$, α , p, SS; Birch, f, Bar, ch, ch, 2, p, 32; <math>Port, d, h, α , h, diffuses ser, meaningstructure, Pers, p_{10} , $Bar-Am, \alpha$, p, p; rec of Near, h, diffuses ser, meaningstructure, Pers, p_{10} , h, h derives Personal and <math>h. Comparison h derives h, and h derives h derives hand h derives hderives h derives h der

In dreg rely works, Carnela to the mountain of Virginia, net second scheme, receipte, Son 1-4 feet high schema relation of the scheme scheme, receipte, Son 1-4 feet high schema relation and the lower parameters and the scheme leightly viscel, Jackson evide a feet scheme scheme scheme scheme leightly viscel, Jackson evide a feet scheme scheme scheme scheme leightly viscel, Jackson evide a feet scheme scheme scheme scheme linger scheme scheme scheme scheme scheme scheme scheme linger scheme scheme scheme scheme scheme scheme scheme linger scheme werklassen scheme scheme

•• State of the holicate/neurophysical isothere resemptify linear/latencial, rather learning realistical isother 2 merring the isocorrest according to Jung at the Holigh to exclusion of the state of the isother and the isother isother of the receptor learned and endorse instantical the high hereaft jimus prevented on the Anton actual agendagencelosis advanied-molecule, proving, 6-6-100bc, globalder program copies, showing molecule viscolar and actual and actual agendagendary isother prevent, associable, and actual agendagendary isother prevent, associable, and with visione globalizer. Near thermiting the sample information of the state of the state of the state of the distantion, Neurotering states of the state of the state of the state of the states of the states information of the states. Calculated is well a relationed to the states of the states information of the states. The states of the states of the states of the states information of the states. Calculated is well as a state of the states of the states information of the states of the 132 . As summarial (Ah.) is earlyon-publication; item very leafly, stoletty, single or corythous the summit; leaves survey and high locations or linear, social, spreading, scalaron shows, the revisate margine standard sublists, rays leage-off. Kov. (ed. 1), 3, p. 1987, "With gene 3, p. 2021; Matt. gene 2, p. 154. A standard, f. 2, p. 110 (sum might. A indifficults neurality, Neural Ad. p. 177; [Mol.] $A_{\rm cor}$ berk, days, the Mol. Standard memory. Note, Ad. p. 177; [Mol.] $A_{\rm cor}$ berk, days, the Standard memory and the standard memory of the standard berk, days, the Standard memory of the standard memory of the standard scale, in served 7, p. 2023.

Bogs and wet places, Newfoundland, Pulaie ! Dr. Morrison ! Mr. Cormack? Nova Scotia (ex Ait.) and Canada (from Lake Mistassins, Michauz !) to Boston, Dr. B. D. Greene ! and swamps in the pine barrens of New Jersey! Aug.-Oct .- Stem 1-2 feet high, fragile, sometimes simple and hearing a solitary head, usually with several simple and often flexuous nearly naked branches, each terminated by a head, rarely branching above. Leaves pale green, 10 to 20 lines long and 2 to 4 wide, usually acutish at each end, and tipped with a callous gland-like point; the upper surface nearly veinless; the lower with a prominent midrib and several rather strong primary veins, sprinkled (under a lens) with very numerous and minute resinous globules. Heads rather large, showy ; the peduncle thickened at the base of the involucre, giving the latter a somewhat turbinate appearance. Scales of the involucre minutely pubescent, acute ; the inper appressed, often purplish. Rays rather broadly linear, 8-10 lines long, pale lilac-purple, clongated; the disk-flowers pale yellow, slightly longer than the pappus. Branches of the style in the rays stigmatose throughout their whole length; the achenia of the ray-flowers fertile in all the specimens we have examined.

•• Similar (Bar Frank) nonsignerical involves looking indicated in a dwell brenk, anniestat, consisted, con

We find no important character to distinguish the Xylochiza of Nuttall from the group to which Calimeris Almica, Nes, C. Tartarica, Lissä. &c. belong; except that the appendages of the style are narrower.

113. A. Xylorhiza: leaves and scales of the involucre canescently somewhat villous or tomentose, upped with a rigid mucronate point; peduade elongated.—Xylorhiza villosa, Nutt.! in trans. Amer. phil. soc. (n. etc.) 7. p. 298.

Arist englisecos tracts in the Recky Mountains, and on rocks tweeth the sources of the Piane, Nortagl Acceleration prognostical transmission of the Arist Acceleration of the Arist Acceleration of the Arist Characteristic and Arist Acceleration and Arist Acceleration and the or insurangements, 2-d final source and the Arist Acceleration and the arist Arist Arist Arist Arist Acceleration and Arist Arist Acceleration and the Arist 114. A. glabriusculus: lower leaves pubescent; the upper nearly glabroos, linear-lanceolate, acute; peduncles solitary or 3-5 together, short.— Xylorhizg glabriuscula, Nutl. 1, c. p. 297. With the preceding, Nutlal !.—The lower leaves (about 2 inches long,

With the preceding, Nutual. — The lower leaves (about 2 inches long, linear-spatialter, are sparsely (clothed with a similar public scenario and the scales of the involucre are nearly glabrous, with more membranaceous points: the scarious margins are sourcewhat denicolate-ciliate in both. The rays are said to be pair non-color.

•••• Solar of the horizonta-samponidae involvem regularly individual (ii 3.0.4 investigation), and the provided in the second second

Mr. Nutall's first species, Eczephalas elegana, is much more allied to the third, E (Jagzata) gluearu, than to his R albur. The fourth, E creiodis, is a Diplopappas. The two plants have resided, if we eccopt their firstle mays and narrow propulsation to hereby, accord in hakin and character with most improvides species but capacity of the firmer, have the immension tenies of the pappus much more weidenth C data and the special special special special special special but capacity the firmer, have the immension tenies of the pappus much more weidenth C data and the longean N-Met.

115. A. elegens: stema minutely publication is annovely lancolate, closely sensite, paie, minutely subwass, especially the margins, somewhat 3-nerved; banals in a commend corymb; scales of the obvast-turbinate invaluere overts, actes, pabsevect, with clinter-fining margins; rays few (6 or 7, Natt. to 10).—Europhalus elegans, Nutl. 1 in trans. Amer. phil. soc. (n. ser) 7, n. 2023.

Platis of the Orogon, and in the Blue Monatains, Natalil. Sort-Otts-Gorma 3-6 for high choldes with numera cered leves while are 1 to 2 links long and 4 is 6 lines while, gradually becoming smaller bounds the submess with close links and obscene the S. Scales of the involvent right, bials, finged with paryles, the narrow scarious nurgine density institute prophys. "(Nucl.), the disk-discover 13-60. Appendique of the andher martiged moder a level in the mer metric bounder that the diskprophysic." (Nucl.), the disk-discover 13-60. Appendique of the andher mardem scale to the scale of the scale of the scale of the scale of the overway thickness bounds the apex.

116. A. glausus; very amooth, pale and somewhat glaucous; atem often branching above: laves oblaus_phines, closely sessife, 1-arcved, reticalate-vened; bends in contracted corygnite, or somewhat racemose; scales of the companitor involutor oval, obtaws, glabarous, sightly clinites the innermost lanceolate, membranaecous, acute, as long as the disk; "rays about "A" Nut. - Exception § (Lagrato) glaucos, Nut. I. & p. 299.

Rocity Mountains, about in: 42°, and towards the sources of the Plant, Nutsill -Stem 13 to 18 inches high. Located of a similar pole have been about many wirk, assume that confluences, but and the source of a similar pole have the manufer, and the scales of the involutes fewer than in the preceding pole. Oranise minute, producent: Birther of the proposed or at all bickscale at the aper. -Manifestry allowed to the preceding : our specimens are immatter, with the rays understored.

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•••• Scalar of the sumerated hemispherical involver classly individual is 3-4 we could array, hardware than the drift, should be the start of the

117. A permissionlars seems several from a somewhat woody rhismus, seekowas alove) issues linear lancescales, next, samewhat which issues a setting and random setting and the setting setting and sightly and randomly toolsta, inpering to the base or somewhat periodity regulations and randomly toolsta, inpering to the base or somewhat periodity periodic setting and the setting of the setting and the setting periodic setting and the setting of the setting and the setting periodic setting and the setting and the setting and the periodic setting and the setting and the setting and the methods and the setting and the setting and the setting models. Least, it is how, Tore, for a Releasant altern, *ROL* is intermodels, *Least*, it is how, Tore, for a Releasant altern, *ROL* is intermodels. Least, it is how, Tore, for a Releasant altern, *ROL* is intermodels. A set of the set of

β. heads few or solitary. (Lindl. ! in DC. l. c.)

y. leaves nearly all furnished with 3 or 4 sharp spreading teeth on each side; stem very scabrous above; inner scales of the involucre rather breader.—Heleartum album; y. DC. I. c. (Lisid).

Dry soil, or rocky banks of streams, from the Missouri, near Fort Man-dan! to Saskatchawan! Lake Soperior! Wisconsin! Michigan! Upper Canada along the Grent Lakes! to the banks of Black River, Jefferon County, New York! and Pownal, Vermont, Mr. Robbins !- July-Sept-Stems 6-18 inches high, rigid, leafy, scabrous, especially above, with a minute somewhat strigose pubescence. Leaves rigid, with serulate-scabrous margins, or often sparsely ciliate towards the base, with a strong midrib and two more or less distinct lateral nerves, anastomozing towards the summit; the radical and lowermost 3 to 6 inches long, 3-4 lines wide, linear-lanceolate, or oblanceolate, tapering gradually into a more or less distinct petiole ; the upper successively shorter and less narrowed at the base; those of the branches scattered, linear-subulate. Corymb spreading. Involucre nearly glabrous, greenish ; the outermost scales somewhat lanceolate-subulate; the inner more membranaceous, narrowly oblong, slightly ciliate, shorter than the disk. Rays pure white. Pappus soft, white .- It is not probable that this is the Aster albus, Willd. herb. & Spreng., a species of unknown origin, which is said to have oblong-lanceolate, rather obtuse and nerveless leaves, leafy branches, and clongated rays .- This plant has little agreement with De Candolle's Heleastrum paludosum, besides the clavellate pappus; a character which equally exists in some other divisions of Aster, in a few species of Galatella, &c.

Sastantawanan devineeun anore in production in the set of the set

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character may not be telled upon), and the scales are broader than in the preceding. Mr. Douglas has labelled his specimens, "flower yealow", but the rays appear to have been at most only cortolecouse. If this be the case, it is doubless a distinct species; if not, it may prove to be only a variety of the preceding, as Hooker suppreses.

§ 6. Social of the interfacer indicated in framework arrive numberaneous or characterous with sorrains marging, a dealine of perhameting type analyvery area; the acteries shared and paring take nucleiks braits: respite number at induces: rays numerous targed gens in a dealist script) agpendages of the style middle from a bread bare, or triangular, andretistica of the paryon off and equification, source quark andress of miltistics are stranges and and applications, and nutries of milarchers: Laws to thick or nucleadars, arrays, nucleig parity co-Oyrayarotation, Du, under Tripilium. (Tripilium (to paring see, of Ameri, 3 Amergolian, Nucl.)

 Scales of the involuce regularly and closely imbricated in numerous series: rays exserted, in a single series (heads large): perennial.

110. A. Chapmenii ; very glakowa; stems simple or branched at these long and shears, stergt and somethat corpushoes at the summit; the fill-fill bare bare is the summit of the sterge sterges and the sterge of the branch to cooling, involvement, the sterge of the branch to cooling, involvement, cooling, and the sterge sterges, and the sterge sterges, we are stored as the start of the sterge sterges, we are stored as the sterge sterge sterges, we are stored as the sterge sterges.

In scenary, Miklin Findin, Dr. A. W. Chapman-Suma 2 for or more hinding vigras, on the head fields we stress with long block spectra of the scenario scenar

1906. As forwards (Nutl.): very smooth and glaboust seen flexume, followment to be increases mostly empirically by (large) satisfies for the forward strength of the set of the set of the set of the set set of the set of

Salt marshes, Massachusetts ! and Connecticut ! to Georgia ! and Florida !

Sept-Oct.-Stem erect or accending, 6-20 inches light the whole plats ways mooth, whith a somewhat plancous has. Leaves accentaria, 5-6 inches long; those of the branches reduced to ovato-subulate acuminate bracks, passing into the characcous regularly imbriends scales of the involucer. Heads few, about half an inch in diameter. Rays about 20, pale purple oblogations, moderately exastened. Achenia obloga-linear.

 Scales of the impolater in 2-3 series : rays more or less distinctly in a double series, very short : the liquide scarcedy exceeding the poppas, or sourclives wonding - annual. (Convergensis.)

Statistications and owners the Rocky Mornania, Drawsoff New Look, Robardino – Plants a foot on more in high, with moments atter branches, glaimus ar nearly as, except the semantsecilitation of elifiest-scalaus and the semantsecilitation of the semantsecilitation of elifiest-scalaus methods and the semantsecility and the semantsecilitation of the semantsecility nearly of the semantsecility and the semantsecility and the semantsecility semantsecility and the semantsecility approximation and assumption lightly there than the set of the frequently reduced to a scalar transmission lightly there is a strain the set of the semantsecility and the semantsecility and the disk also strained. Constants of the disk also strained association of the disk also strained association.

125. A. bigNipite (Linn.): very anosh and ghittensi, stem ever, messarily bitching on company it for hittensis corresponding to Sentic mass, and the sentimation of the transfer and the sentimation of the sentimation of the transfer and the sentimation of the s

Salt marshes, Massachusetts ! to South Carolina ! Sept.-Oct .- Stem 1-3 feet high, stout, erect, usually much branched, with numerous paniculate or corymbose-paniculate heads, which are 4 to 5 lines in length. Leaves rather fleshy ; the lower 4 to 6 inches long, 3 to 4 lines broad, narrowed below, partly clasping, obscurely veined. Scales of the involucre very neuto, the inner fully as long as the disk. Ray-flowers about 30, with very short purplish-white ligules, often shorter than the capillary pappus; the diskflowers fower. Pappus in a single series. Receptacle almost naked. Involucre reflexed after the fruit is mature .- The A. subulatus of Michaux, as well as the Tripolium subulatum of subsequent authors, doubtless includes both this and the following species; but Michaux's character is at least partly as Pennsylvania. But if we may rely upon our memoranda respecting the specimens in the herbarium of the Hortus Cliffortianus, and upon their authenticity, the plant here described is the original A, linifolius (the A. foliis linearibus acutis, caule corymbose ramosissimo, Linn, hort. Cliff. p. 408); a name to which we may revert without increasing the confusion, since the A. linifolius of subsequent authors is a Galatella, and probably only a variety

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of G. hysophibliz. If this view should prove incorrect, the name of A. subjust, Michiz. couply perhaps to be retained for this species rather than the following; to which, however, it is more appropriate. There is no specime under the rance of A. linifoldius in the Linean herbariant; and the plant when in the they four the transmission in the transmission in the transmission in the transmission of the transmission. A feature of the transmission of the transmission. A feature of the transmission of

. . . Scales of the involucre in 2-3 series : rays exserted, in a single series.

132. A diversitient (Nott under Teipolaum, sied qr Linn-): a smaak, very diversitient einer einer answaring, addity much translach, die handers einer einer ander ander

Salt marshes, South Carolina and Florida ! (Key West !) to Louisiana ! and swamps in saline prairies of Western Louisiana ! Arkansas ! and Texas! Also in the West Indies! and probably throughout tropical America. &c. Sent,-Oct .- Stem 6 inches to 3 feet high, often diffusely branched from the base, sometimes slightly scabrous on the angles; the slender branchlets spreading or divaricate. Radical or primordial leaves oval or lanceolate. denticulate, petioled, thickish ; the cauline 2-4 inches long, 1-nerved, slender, mostly 1-2 lines wide, tapering to a very sharp point ; the upper successively shorter and tapering from the base; those of the branchlets reduced to subulate bracts. Heads one-third to one-half smaller than in the preceding species. Scales of the involucre very narrow, greenish, with broad scarious margins, tapering into very sharp points; the innermost as long as the disk. Rays blue, always longer than the disk, and sometimes exserted nearly the length of the involucre. Disk-flowers equalling or exceeding in number those of the ray. Appendages of the style lanceolate-subulate. Achenia narrowly oblong, obscurely about 4-striate. Receptacle somewhat alveolate. pointed scales of the involucre, and less exserted rays; it is probably a dis-

124. A. Organus (Nut, under Trijolium): stem rather tall, flexnons, divanciately humohol; cauline leaves rather long, linear-storadoaccolate, neurity equal, arcate, entries, scabrons on the margin; scales of the involuter linear-lineoscale, imbriester, adjusty acute, herbaccoust rays narrow. Nat.—Tripolum Oreganum, Natt. is trans. Amer. phil. soc. (n. ser.) 7, p. 296.

The inundated banks of the Wahimmet.—Flowers [heads] very inconspications, somewhat fastigiste. Nutall.—This species this not come under our examination. We are inclined (both from the description and the habitat) to suppose it the same, perhaps, as the Tripolium subulatum β . Next (Aster subulatury, Less), from the Sandwick Islands.

125. A. crilis (Ell.): stem strict, alender, glabrous, with a few scattered simple branches, bearing solitary or mostly meetnose heads; leaves anarowly linear, solngated, subular-exact, entire, with the margins minute serulates écobrons; those of the branches much shorter; scales of the involuces innecolate-linear, actut, unequal, inbicitated in about 3 serie; rays (about)

20) exserted; achenia slightly publicent.—Ell. ! sk. 2. p. 344; DC. prodr. 5. p. 247.

Damp soils in the watern districts of Goergia, Elliott / Seys-Out–Best parentity annual. Series 4-5 field high erect, very about with a law parentity annual. Series 4-5 field high erect, very about with a law law 4-6 to findes long, accurately exceeding a line in width, very slightly achieves along the margin the upper diminishing in mix-theor of the branches finger dimensions. Flower, Goeda [or the lower Farmbes forware through the series of the series of the series of the series of the branches finger dimensions. The solution of the series of the branches finger dimension of the series of the series of the series for the series of the series of the series of the series of the series for the series of th

4. B. A. para/dara (Nui). presmit) star datara before before implementation of the star datara before the star

1977 A. occidentatis (Natu, under Trippelium) 1 etem neurly simple, with few large and cosymbose beach is leaves all linear subuliste, classifier, here and there incisely serrates involaces locately imbrients; the scales subulitas, subherbaccous, nearly equal; rays as long as the disk (pile blue); a chesia nearly smooth, scarcely striate, compressed. Nat.—Trippilum (Astropolium) occidente. Nat. I stras. Amer. pila. to (s. et s. et s. 2005).

 *Margins of muchy pools in the Kocky Meanmins 700% for allower has 100% efficiency and corresping, should be an end of the state of heat of the source of the state of the state of the state of the low gradient state of the state of the state of the state of the heat of the state of the state of the state of the state of the heat of the state of the state of the state of the state of the heat of the state of the state of the state of the state of the heat of the state of the state of the state of the state of the heat of the state of the state of the state of the state of the heat of the state of the state of the state of the state of the heat of the state of the state of the state of the state of the heat of the state of the

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1282 A. froadosss (Nutt. under Tripolium); stem musch branched; leaves linear, entire, clasping, rather obtuse, heads fastigiate; scales of the involucer, loss and leady, rather obtuse; rays numerous, very small and slender; achenia nearly amooth, about 4-striate. Nutt.—Tripolium (Astropolium) frondoum, Nutt.? in trans. Amer. Phil. soc. (n. ser), 7, p. 296.

¹⁰ Muddy pounds in the Rocky Mountains, part Levis River of the Shoshnee; rare: growing parity in the water, and mud. Apparently biennial, with very inconspicuous flowers, and an entirely leafly nearly equal involuctum of about 2 series of leaflets." Natt.—Our spocimens are very imperfect, and the flowers not fully developed.

1297 A. opinous (Benth): glabous, much branchel; the branches studbick furnished with minute seattreef scale-tikke lawas, which are somewhat carluscoas, often bearing spines in their axils; heads voltary terministing the branches, or somewhat reasonose: cashes of the involucer imvisation in 3-2 series, mengual, shorter than the dak, hascestae, with mental-track, the starts, p. 20.

Tests, Dromosof (—A singlar, apparently leaffee species; in longthroutes terminant by rafter small beach the solubility terms is to 6 or 3 there is a single start of the strength strength of the solution of the last strength of the strength of the strength strength. The strength strength with resolver membraneous margins: Large numerous in single strengt, strength with strength of the papping the lights linear-shlips, applied paper strength strength of the strength starting strength strength

*** The following species reached us too late for insertion in the sections to which they belong.

§ 2. CALLIASTRUM, p. 106.

130. A. mirabilit: public excitonary atom simple, sparingly corprubers periodiant at the summit; Leaves core, strigene-canona show; I. the lowest excitonary and the summit; Leaves core, strigene-canona show; I. the lowest feature in the summit is and the summary of the summary of the feature in the summary of the summary of the summary of the above, linear, with, complexions squarross-reserved obtaine herbiteneous tip; above, linear, with, complexions and summary of the summary

Columnia, Soluti Camina (probably in dywell), Physicser (Dhier, Super-Sent), 1-46 for eto men in hagher, parently angine (chied) with a class "Sent) 1-46 for eto men in hagher, parently angine (chied) with a class of the sent) of the sent of the

closely imbricated, with rather short, but conspicuous, squarrose or reflexed berbaceous tips. Rays large, thrice the length of the involucre, blue or violet. Achenia narrow and slender, many-striate, somewhat shorter than the rather rigid (brownish or ferruginous) unequal pappus; the innermost bristles of which are manifestly thickened towards the apex. Appendages of the style subulate-lanceolate, and at length recurved or reflexed, as in Biotia .- This very interesting species furnishes additional evidence of the propriety of re-uniting Biotia with Aster : being exactly intermediate in character and appearance between that group and our subgenus Calliastrum. We have received it only from Professor Gibbes of Charleston, South Carolina, who collected it at Columbia in the year 1835. The Biotis commixts, a plant of unknown origin cultivated in the European gardens, which is said to have a squarrose involucre, has (fide descr. Necs,) oblong-lanceolate and partly clasping upper leaves, a very compound corymb, glutinous pubescence, and an involucre resembling Aster macmohyllus, as long as the disk; the scales oblong-lanceolate, acute, &c. &c.- This species should be placed at the commencement of the section Calliastrum, before A. Radula-

§ 3. ASTER proper, Subdiv. Concinni, p. 115.

131. As gravilatus: yeay smooth and glabous throughout; steem short, stoft, sinoph, loosely parkinglice or somewhat coryphones at the summitcanine levers linear, elemented, with very seahness margins, shiftly chaping, acutor at some similarity. It does not have a sense how the to includ above the middle, the upper entire; Hone of the branches and branches very small and numerous, rest. Innear-soluties: easies of the obvoid involver (much shorter than the disk) chapty imbriended in 3 or 4 series, appressed, lanceb lace, sauce; the exterior very horiz; a teahning alabous:

Encounters Nuclei Carolina, Mr. Mr. A. Carori, – Selam right purple, S-9 ch high instruction of part the summit. The branches and burnches and one of the structure of the branches and burnches and the strucstants of A. Iavis. Lower (canino) lawas 5-6 (inclus long, and/ord 1 lawas and the structure of the structure of the structure of the structure structure of the structure structure structure of the structure of the structure of the structure structure structure of the structure of the structure structure structure structure structure of the structure of the structure struc

27. ERIGERON. Linn. (excl. spec.); Nutl. gen. 2. p. 146.

Erigeron, Stenactia, & Phalacroloma, DC.; and also Polyastidium ? & Heterochusta?

Hook muty hemispherical, marg flowersh, the ray-flowers sety numwan and wantly in most han one series positilist; these of the flow the black perfect or some of the extroir (rather transformed ray-flowers) filterwise) and the start of the starter of the involveme mostly capits and raws. In single or somewhat double arties. Receptanci fan, naked, protekt or seriotestata. Sprandage of the style vary abort and obsers. Achiefan compressed, austily publicents, commonly with 2 lateral nerves. Paperal single wests of explanal systems and the start and explanal single wests of explanal systems and house, rapide for (1-200) in multiRec

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often with minute sets intermixed or forming an indistinct outer series, or sometimes with a distinct and abort, squamellate-subulate or setaccons (or somewhat coconiform) exterior papes; the inner rarely wanting in the ray. --Herbs, or rarely suffictescent plants; with entire, toorhed, or lobed levers. Heads solitary, correndous, or pancinature. Rays white, blue, or purple.

It topers to us impossible to effect protein division among these plants, by denotering driving drom the single of cable series of rayry, or from the single or double propers, or by any combination of these. The classifiers of our sections these rayrests. As a whole, the gravits is distinguished from Dplopagement by the very host and obtains appendixen of the style, the nearly simple travelar, but the protect and obtains appendixen or the style, the nearly simple travelar, but the protect and obtains cappendixen or the style.

§ 1. Rays in several series, shorter than the involuere: pappus simple: achenia 2-nerved: corolla of the disk mostly 4-toothed: annual or biennial herbs: heads very small, cylindrical.—CENOTUS, Nutt.

 E. Conadrase (Linn.): a tem erect, hispid, or sometimes neutry glabrons, panicality very much handhed above, levels nancedate-linne, mostly entity, hispidly oflater, heads small, very namerous, corymbose-paniccular or somewhat reasonosely indexed on the basedheir, rays (which searcely longer than the papers; achosis dollare, granuly hispid-*Linn.*, *types in p.* 863; *et al.*, 100, and 100, and 100, and 100, and 100, and product *based*, *based*, *based*, *based*, *based*, *based*, *based*, *product based*, *based*, *bas*

Fields and waste or open places, Canada I and Saskatchawan I throughout the United Steres in Orngoni A and Orngoni A in organization placemonthy and the Canada and the Orngoni A and Anna and Anna and Anna and A common server part of the work, and memory facing and the organization of the Anna and Anna and Anna and Anna and Anna and any three subsects and fact section of the data (perhaps always) } *Batter-secol.*

 E. discritization (Michr.): decumbent, diffuse, and very much branched, the branchlets flastigitate, strigges-hiroute and often somewhat hispid; leaves linear or sublasts; heads small, locsely paintalet-corymbose; rays (purple) net longer than the pappus; achemia oblogg, almost glabous—Michr.! ft. 2, p. 123; Parris I, ft. 2, p. 544; Nut. I. c.; D.C. i. C.

Throughout the Western States, from Illinois! and Upper Missouri! to Louisiana! along the Mississippi; in similar situations with the preceding, flowering during the whole summer.—Plant rarely exceeding 6 inches in height, but very diffuse, at length spreading out one or two fact in width.

- § 2. Rays croaded or in two or more series, longer than the involucre : pappus ringle or sometimes with minute seta intermized or forming an inditised external series: achenia 2-nerved: motily perminal.—EUENICKON. (Buerigeno, de Trimorphus, DC: excl. spec.)
- Campilone accoulescent (chieffy alpine) species: scapes bearing a single head: leaves mastly 3-cleft or divided: pistillate forcers all liguiste.

 E. compositum (Pursh): canescently hirsute; leaves on long petioles, I-G-ternately divided or parted; the ultimate segments linear, obtuse; scapes

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naked or with a few linear bracks rays twice the length of the involutor: adorbin birrure papers high-decharbox, as long as the occolle of the disk-Parah (J. 2. p. 535; Edoci. J. B. Br.-Am. 2. p. 17 (vrr. j. & V.); Witt, in jour. acad. Philad. 7. p. 23 (§ in trans. Jancer phil. soc. I. e. J. D. greds. 5. p. 289. Cineraria Lewisi, Richards.! appr. Frankl. jour. ed. 2. p. 52.

Å. smaller; leaves 3-parted; the segments very short, 3-lobed.—E. compositum, Hook. in Linn. trans. 14. p. 374, t, 13.

Interior of Oregon, on the banks of the Kosisoosky! Flat Head River! &Co., and on the Rocky Mountains! Also case to the mountain herven lat. 64°, and the Arctic Sea, *Richardson ! J.* Arctic coast and jalands! Jung-July-—Seque-2-6 inches high, often leafy near the base. Head large; the rays white or pale pink. Brasles of the pappus about 15, with a few minute interposed sec.

4. E. trifdum (Hook.): birsate; leaves on long petioles, 3-cleft; the segments abort, entire, or the lateral often 2-lobed; ascepse nearly asked; rays twice the length of the very hirsate involuce; a chenia minutely hairy; pappus hispid-scabroas, as long as the corolla of the disk.—Hook.? fl. Bort. Am. 2, p. 17, 4 120.

Rocky Mountains, Drammond !- Resembles the preceding; the heads about the same size. Leaves slightly ficshy.

5. E. piddum (Nutt.): somewhat glabrous; leaves on alender sparsely cilitate-hispid petioles, 3-parted; the segments linear, obtase, antire, or the lateral 2-lobed or toohed; scapes naked; rays longer than the scarcely hiraute involuce; achenia minutely hiraute inpopus hispid-scabrous—Nutt. / is trans. Amer. pid. scc. (n. scr.). 7, p. 308.

Oregon, on the gravel bars of small streams to the east of Walls-wallah. Natial i-Resembles E. trifidum; but the leaves are glabros, except the strongly ciliate petioles, and the lobes more sheader; the heads are accuracy half the size, and the involuces somewhat glabross. Scapes glabrous, 2-53 inches high. Rays 'plat rose-color, nearly in a single series.

6. E. radicaton (Hook.): minutely hirate and somewhat consecutive leaves linear-spatialistic, entire, radie thick of thely scopes with one or two small leaves; rays not twice the length of the tomestone or hirate involutive chemin minutely hirty: brinice of the papers for, eastrong, shourt than the corolla.—Hook./ ft. Bor.-Am. 2, p. 17, t. 122; Nutl. l in trans. Amer. Phil. soc. t. c.

Near Jasper's Lake in the Rocky Mountains, Drammond ! and in the Blue Mountains of Oregon, Natural !--Leaves nearly sessile, glabrous when old, less than an inch long, clustered. Scapes 2 or 3 inches high. Heads smaller than in E. uniforum ; the rays sprending, white.

8. E. manane (Nutt.): concescently hirsute; leaves narrowly linear, and slightly spatialite, scarcely obtaine; scapes naked above; rays scarcely twice the length of the hirsute-publicsent involutor; a chemis minutly hair? puppes about the length of the corolla, hispid-scabrons.—Nutt./ is trass-Amer. phil.ace. (n. scr.) 7, p. 308.

 E. Lanatass (Hook): very woolly: leaves spatulate, periolds, entry, the lowermost ofm 3-lobed or toothed at the apex; scapes mostly leadest the upper portion and the involuce extremely woolly: ryse icongator acheem glabrons; pappus hispid-scabrons, as long as the corolla of the disk. -Hook: J. Borr.Am. 2, P. J7, 1211, DC, profr. 7, (unsult, p. 275.

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Summits of the Rocky Mountains, between lat. 52° and 56°, Drammond ! -Scapes about 3 inches high. Head much larger than in E. uniflorum; the rays white or rarely tinged with nurple,

* * Somewhat caspitose (subalpine) species : stems wastly short, leafy, bearing one or for heads : leaves entire : the inner series of vistillate Rovers often filiform-tubular. truncate. (Trimorphies, Cass.)

9. E. uniflorum (Linn.) : stem short, bearing a single head; leaves hirsute ; the cauline lanceolate or linear ; the radical ones spatulate and becoming somewhat glabrous; pistillate flowers nearly all ligulate; the rays somewhat erect, scarcely twice the length of the very woolly involucre .--Linn.! spec. 2. p. 864, § β. Lapp. t. 9, f. 3; Hosk.! β. Bor.-Am. 2. p. 17. E. alpinum, Perek, β. 2. p. 532. E. alpinum y. DC.! prodr. 5. p. 290. E. pulchellum β. Unalaschkense, DC. l. c. p. 287. E. humile, Graham, in Edinb. phil. jour. 1828. p. 1757

Arctic shore and islands from Greenland to Behring's Straits and Una-laschka! Summits of the Rocky Mountains, Drummond / Labrador!-The involucre and its dense woolly covering are usually purple in the American specimens, as they frequently are in the European. There are minute slightly squamellate sets mixed with the longer bristles of the pappus, which are sometimes so copious as to form an indistinct outer series, in this species, and also in E. alpinum and E. grandiflorum.

10. E. grandiflorum (Hook.) ; very hirsute ; caudex thick ; stems short, bearing a single head; radical leaves oblong-spatulate; the cauline ovallanceolate; pistillate flowers all ligulate; the rays spreading, twice the length of the very densely woolly involucre .- Hook. ! f. Bor .- Am. 2. p.

Summits of the Rocky Mountains, Drummond !-Stems 4-6 inches high. Heads very large for the size of the plant. Scales of the involucre with purplish and naked tips ; the woolly covering white. Rays white or purple-Can this also be the E. grandiflorum of Hoppe ?

11. E. alpinum (Linn.) : somewhat hirsute ; stem somewhat elongated, pering into a petiole ; the inner pistillate flowers numerous, tubular-filiform. truncate; the rays spreading, twice the length of the hirsute involucre; pappus of the disk as long as the corolla .- Lins. ! spec. 2. p. 864 ; Engl. bot. t. 464 ; Hook. ! R. Bor.-Am. 2. p. 18 ; DC. ! prodr. 5. p. 291. (a.)

β. leaves narrower : branches elongated. Hook. / L. c. γ. tall (about a foot high); heads several. Hook. / L. c.

Rocky Mountains, Drummond !- Rays purple. Apparently a very rare species in this country.- The exterior pappus, if it may so be called, in this species was observed by Cassini (Dict. sci. nat. 37, p. 485), who therefore referred it to his genus Stenactis.

12. E. glabratum (Hoppe) : almost glabrous; stem tall, simple ; radical leaves anatulate ; the cauline linear-lanceolate ; raceme terminal, manyflowered ; peduncles clongated, scarcely corymbose, simple or branched ; scales of the small involucre very narrow (pistillate flowers mostly or wholly ligulate]; rays inconspicuous, immersed in the copious pappus. Hook. "Hoppe & Hornsch, cent. ; Bl. & Fing. comp. R. Germ. 2. p. 364"; Koch. f. Germ. & Helv. p. 354; Hook. ! f. Bor. Am. 2. p. 18. E. alpinum B. ramosum, Wahl. f. Lapp. p. 207. E. alpinum B. DC. L. c. E. racemosum, Nutt. ! in trans. Amer. phil. soc. (n. ser.) 7. p. 312. β. peduncles contracted.—E. racemosum β. angustifolium, Nutt.! L. c.

Hudson's Bay to the Rocky Mountains, and from Saskatchawan to Fort

Franklin on the Mackenzie River, Richardson ! Drummond ! Rocky Mountains in about lat. 429, Nuttall !--Plant from 4-6 inches to 2 feet high.-Our specimens from the north of Europe very well accord with the American plant.

13. E. ninde (Nutt.) is stema somewhat complete and hairy at the basy, mostly bearing single heads; radical leaves apatules; the called hancelate, acuminate, somewhat clasping; involvers and the summit of the stem glashilatry patement; the scale linear and arcmitted (on Miranit); papping infinite stema and the stema in the stema in the summit of the stem frame. Amor, phil. aco. (n. zer.) 7, p. 311. Central chains of the Rocky Monotania, lint. 42, towards the success of the stema of the Rocky Monotania, lint. 42, towards the success of the stema of the Rocky Monotania, lint. 42, towards the success of the stema of the Rocky Monotania, lint. 42, towards the success of the stema of the Rocky Monotania, lint. 42, towards the success of the stema of the Rocky Monotania, lint. 42, towards the success of the stema of the Rocky Monotania, lint. 42, towards the success of the stema of the Rocky Monotania, lint. 42, towards the success of the stema of the Rocky Monotania, lint. 42, towards the success of the stema of the Rocky Monotania, lint. 42, towards the success of the stema of the Rocky Monotania, lint. 42, towards the success of the stema of the Rocky Monotania, lint. 42, towards the success of the stema of the Rocky Monotania, lint. 42, towards the success of the stema of the Rocky Monotania, lint. 42, towards the success of the stema of the Rocky Monotania, lint. 42, towards the success of the stema of the Rocky Monotania, lint. 42, towards the success of the stema of the Rocky Monotania, lint. 42, towards the success of the stema of the Rocky Monotania, lint. 42, towards the success of the stema of the Rocky Monotania, lint. 42, towards the success of the stema of the Rocky Monotania, lint. 42, towards the success of the stema of the Rocky Monotania, lint. 42, towards the success of the stema of the Rocky Monotania, lint. 42, towards the stema of the stema of the Rocky Monotania, lint. 42, towards the stema of the stema of the stema of the Rocky Monotania, lint. 42, towards the stema of the stema of the st

Central chain of the Rocky Monatons, int. 42°, towards the sources of the Colorado of the West, new The limits of perpetual accors, Natall—Allia for the Alphane the Source Rayer A few filters policitals forces study the drawn of the Natallane Source Rayer A few filters policitals forces study the drawn of the Natallane Source Rayer A few filters policitals forces study the drawn of the Natallane Rayer and the source results of the Natallane Source study spectra and the Natallane Rayer and the Source Rayer and the Source Rayer and Source Rayer Rayer and the Source Rayer and the Source Rayer and the Source Rayer for houses at the base.

 Stem leafy at the base, elongated and scape-like above, bearing a single haad : vistillate Amoves all liculate.

14. E. scapesas (DC,): atem decambent and leafy at the base, maked and much designed above, pubsecurit, leaves hinner with approxed hints, lanceolaredology or sparsites, coarsely nothed; the radical conservoived, somewain petiodical tabose of the series becauses or lower pant of the flowering stema lanceolates, partly classing; rays way namerous, about twice the leaged of the cancescelly historic involver; a schemic hinter-o-DC, profer 5, p. 297; Bothk! pl. Harriso. p. 17. Aster rivularity, Lens. in Linners, 5. p. 142.

⁶ Rio Brazos, Texas, Drammond ! Also Texas, Mr. Callana !-Scape or naked summit of the stem 4-7 ioches long. Rays apparently white.-The Texan plant accords with that of Hartwey from the north of Mexico; and also with a specimen from Jalapa, received from Prof. Schlechtendal, under the name of Atter tryalaris, Less.

. . . . Sten leafy : heads mostly corymbose or panicled : vistillate Ameres all liguilate.

15. E. Beldidistrums (Nutr.): a nonal; stem leafy throughout, segrevital correspondence to the segrevitation of the segmentation of the seg

Bertiers of the Plants, within plants in the View of the Plants within the Receipt Plants within plants in Receipt Plants, which plants is the Receipt Plants, which plants, which plants, which plants, plant

16: E.: beliaficium (Muh.): automicrous at the have, hierarch expectibly when young, with off spreading hairs: ratical serves floware or heading patrains, wannewhat serrar or earlier the enzime (offen few and disma) obligs of increasing belowing, party classing, mostly nature; heads faw (1-65, ratis) of the server relative incarding hierarchical server of the server of the server relative incarding hierarchical server of the server of the server values. The server of the server of the server of the server of the server values. The server of the server o

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ERIGERON.

COMPOSITÆ.

p. 1958; Bot. mag. t. 2402; Purnh! fl. 2. p. 502; Ell. sk. 2. p. 393; DC.! profr. 5. p. 285. E. pulchellum, Michz.! fl. 2. p. 124 (excl. syn. Gronov, which relates to Marshallia!); Darlingt. fl. Cest. p. 472; not of DC., nor of Hook. ?

Borders of woods and thickets, Canada! (and in the wooded country from lat. 549-649, fide Richardson) to Louisiana ! May-June, or in the Southern States, March-April .- Stem simple, 9-20 inches high. Radical leaves clustered, 2-3 inches long, and 1-2 wide, very obtuse. Cauline leaves often very few, but sometimes numerous. Pedicels thickened or obconical at the summit. Pappus simple .- Varies cousiderably in the degree of the pubescence, the more or less entire or toothed leaves ; but perfectly distinguished from E. Philadelphicum (with which it has sometimes been confounded) by the larger heads, bluish-purple (not reddish-purple) much broader rays, glabrous achenia, and by the stolons, &c. It is the earliest-flowering apecies in the Northern States .- The plant we have under the name of E. pulchellus, Hook. f. Bor .- Am., is the same with the E. glabellus 3. of the same work, whence (although it may have been so labelled by mistake) we have not cited the synonym here, particularly as the character does not well accord with our E. bellidifolium. Hooker also mentions a variety from Oregon, with the leaves deeply toothed, which is prohably what we consider a variety of E. Philadelphicum

17. E. Poliadajakana (Lima), Limate or hargi stem alende, koosiji kurije kara i kar

B. stem stout; cauline leaves larger, mostly coarsely and sharply serrate; corymbs compound; rays pale or nearly white.

7-7 stem tall and stout, glabrous above, as also the numerous sharply setrate leaves; corymbs compound.

6. stem elongated and slender towards the summit, very hairy at the base; radical leaves spatialate-innecelate; dentate; flowers white; the rays not much longer than the disk." NutL=E. purpureum β, attenuatum, Nutl., in trans. Amer. phil. soc. (as ser) 7, 2, 9, 307.

Workinska and Echyle, consumi navryf filongiaeth Korh Anardra, fom Dialow Ray and the Arcie Circle (*Hocharoba*) Stakarbares 1, de, uo Dialpina del west to Oragoi and Calvardan' (Calvardan') and Calvardan' (Calvardan') and Calvardan' (Calvardan') and Calvardan') fame-kay, the variety of β is commonically in Arti is Nyris (Hochardan') Stakarbares-Stein 1-6, de and the state of the state of

18. E. quercifikiam (Lam): publication to basely corymhouse above: matical leaves obstrane-biolog, mouth y prate-pinatalito of oschpy simulatooshed, of the uppermose startic basels small and nurnerous ray simumerable, almost capillary, view take length of the involvers, park purple abelian initiativi justry—Lom, all, to 61, for 41 February, doi: 7, p. 401: 306; D.C.J. grader, 5, p. 264; not of Lion, Willd. 1 & K. Philadelphicum, Reichon, in conf. 1, 134

Fields &c., Fierik (Lamark, Netal/) to Georgia 1.8. Carolina) and west Louismian and Ministippi 1. Match-Junne-Shen 2-fee thigh-funyeed. Heads rather smaller than in F. Piladelphicum; the involutes, and the (often very pike) rays resembling that species. Pappus implementation is a strained of the second strained probably distinct from the preceding, to which some states nearing sparseh. The form with upstringly toothed leaves is the E. Piladelphicum a-of De Camdole; and the with lobel leaves is the war, quere/tours.

- § 3. Rays in a double or single series, much longer than the involuter: pappus double (both in the disk and ray); the caterior short, more or less distinct, statecous or systemalitate-ubulate: advants 05-3-nerved is --STERACTR, Casa, Nees, (ccl. spec.) (Heterochuta, DC, 7 Erigeron § Phennenis, K.e., Nett.)
- Exterior pappus somewhat indistinct, of short seta, more or less intermized with the inner : rays in a double series.

19. E. discusses (Ker) is sense several from a periadistic coulde or rhitorost assembling, more or less villoas with a digitaly vicial hans, simple or aparingly bunched, terminated by large solitary backs, levers qualified to the several several several period of the problem of the several several several period of the problem of the several se

bot. Beechey, p. 146; Nees, Ast. p. 53; DC. prodr. 5, p. 228. B. plant more villous throughout.—E. maritimum, Nutl. ! in trans. Amer. phil. soc. (n. ser.) 7. p. 310. Woodvillen calendulacea, DC. prodr. 5. p. 3187

Const of California and Oragen, Menical Capit, Bookay I. Danglott J. Mathall (14). Been on caudes a described, sending up morely sample branches miles with using 3-21 litches high terministed by softing baseling the sender of the sender senders, built be methed with the market of the sender of the senders, built be methed with the market of the sender of the basic particular time heads the Woorking a calculations of the performant is which me a sense that we work the sense years of the basic particular time heads the Woorking as calculations of Dependence of the sense of the sense of the sense of the sense factor of the sense of the sense of the sense of the sense of the factor of the sense appearing which for sense of the sense of th

ERIGERON.

COMPOSITÆ.

brought from Catifornia or Oregon by Mr. Menzies; whose dried specimens, we may remark, almost entirely agree with the cultivated E. glaucum.

20. E. narozakan (Natt.): nearly glaborozi, stem ledy to the summity leaves glaboroz, with hispidly crimitian margins, obuse, moreornalist, the upper oblog-ovate or cilipical, party: classing ; the lowermost oblog-spatizet, superior is no patiols i peckets file (94–54) on strings anked polanelse, rays numerous, existe the length of the glaboros and algebig plandals resolved and the string of the string. Amer plit, soc. String of the string

3. leaves very acute; heada larger.—E. grandiflorum, Nutl. 1 in jour. acad. Philad. 7. p. 31, not of Hook. Sources of the Missouri, and plains of the Platte, near the Rocky Moun-

Sources of the Missouri, and plains of the Plate, near the Kocky Biomition, Mr. Wych's Natuill 'A conge-Leaves blicksh, reinitiated, the upper about an inch long and half an inch wide. Heads amalter than it is appeciount, the rays black forest in number. Lively with another the seven appendixes E-specimum, from which, indeed, it appears to be distinguished chieft by this plateron involuence.

21. E., specianos (DC), st ezra jalarom below, much branchi and spanely kinja have, larfe to the summit; haves lancelas, mody acut or acuminate, entire, hispidy ciliate, closely scalid or somewhat elsipting ; there radical cases spatiation and tapering into a petide is beach corrubose, terminiating the leady branchiest; rays very american (shout 180), nearly thick the length of the very narrow height subgrad/DC, predic by peak direct the length of the very narrow field with the second start, and direct the length of the very narrow field with the second start direct the length of the very narrow field with the second start direct the length of the second species, Endel. J bit. reg. t. 1371; Hock for start, j. start. Simulation species, Endel. J bit. reg. t. 1371; Hock for start, j. start.

B. stem often simple, bearing few heads; leaves narrowly lanceolate, cospidate-accuminate.—E. speciosum, Nutt.1 in trans. Amer. phil. soc. l. c., chiefly. E. glabellum y. mucronulatum, Hook. ! f. Bor.-Am. 2. p. 19.

Collisions and Grupon, Davidar, J. Plains of the Oregon, common Dr. Sowier/Daugeal, Nitalia-Sen tubil and status, furrowed, Lawyer often nearly glabrous, except the margins, 2-4 inches long. Heads (folding the skiwy widely-papie ray nearly is inducin in functor. Scales of the involution attants, heads with with inductor sens intermixed at the bases forming an inducing excepts.

25. Exploring (Nut.): new simpley or pairingly branched and some with mained above, problem or particly piece down with a main piece of the piece

(b. apperum: stem and leaves rough with a strigene-hirsate public energy acastly white 1).—E. asperum, Nutl. 1 gen. 2. p. 147; DC. prodr. 5. p. 286, (E. publichellus, a. Hock, J. Bore.Am. 2. p. 19 (excl. syn.), fide herb. Green, & fors. 5. Torr.)

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7. publications (Hook. !]. c.) : stem and leaves hirsute throughout with a spreading publication.

"Printer and open plains, Missoni, Natiall' M. Nonlett's e. St. Oris (New, D. Kogolin) – Sakakulwaya, Dowanned', and Minaghan the New, D. Kogolin, Sakakulwaya, Dowanned', and Minaghan the Namarina, Nathil' de, and on Lawin River, M. Shaku' J. Misson', Kathil' in Arcter America, Richardow T. – Prainsien in the Kody Muntima (ita 29), Dramand' J. July-Ang.—Storm (it hethes are 5 feet high parametely, Jancedate or nearly linear, polation. How the source of the parametely lancedate or nearly linear, polation. How the heat heat is large and parametely, lancedate or nearly linear, polation. How the source of the string dense nearly which the species in exceeding linear, polation. How the source of the metry which, the species is exceedingly variable, and we have a full which the species in excited parallel. The large frame which is easily smaller and g fallows playmeter is a string frame which leavely multiparameters of gate playmeters of the string fallows of g fallows playmeters in a species of the string frame which leavely multiparameters of g fallows and g fallows playmeters of the processing fallows model fallows fallows and the string fallows of g fallows playmeters of the string fallows fallo

 Exterior pappus of manifest, subulate or squamellate seta: rays nearly in a single series.

23. Expension. (Note): very hirate throughout with spreading right hairs mean incurrent from the area root, or engelose, a simple or sparsingly branched, terminated by solitary leads; leaves entire, hancelate or linear, tapping to the base the railed and all otherwarms this as-spratials, tapping in the base the railed and all other resonants in a sprate linear termination of the very hirsten involver: testing sparsely having; externo sparsely have leads and the very latter with the section sparsely have if a sprate state section sparsely have if a sprate state section sprate base. It is a specific section sprate shows a sprate sprate state section sprate sprate sections and the sprate is the sprate state section sprate sprate sprate sections. The sprate section sprate sprate sprate sections are based of the sprate sections. The sprate section sprate sprate sections are based as a sprate section sprate sprate section. Sprate sections are sprate sprate sections are based as a sprate section sprate sprate section. Sprate sections are sprate sprate sections are sprate sprate sections. The sprate section sprate sprate sections are sprate sprate sections. Sprate sections are sprate sprate sections are sprate sprate sections. Sprate sections are sprate sections. Sprate sections. Sprate sections are sprate sections. Sprat

Typer Howein, Bregilway, Nathilf, Mc, Novikiff, and pains of the burth morth Rock Monthing, Nathilf, Mc, Novikiff, and Statistical Control and Statistical Control (National), Statistical Control (National) First, or rendy divided into a or 4 imagine, nator in the summit better given and the statistical control (National) (National), Statistical neuron baryon (National), Statistical Control (National), Statistical neuron (National), Statistical Control (National), Statistical neuron (National), Statistical Control (National), Statistical neuron (National), Statistical Control (National), Statistical National (National), Statistical Control (National), Statistical National), Statistical Control (National), Statistical (National), Statistical National), Statistical (National), Statistical (National), Statistical National), Statistical (National), Statistical (National), National (National), National National), Statistical (National), Statistical (National), National (National), National National), National (National), National (National), National (National), National), National (National), National), Na

24. E. covernous, very hinns: throughout with long spreading hairst urans several from the same root or cander, achedre, lendy, hornheing above the branches or peluncies terminated by single hands; leaves anarowly linear elongated, tartier, attenuate at the hase, the lowernon tapering into a petitole Tays narrowly linear, narrowne (alcourd 50), in a single series, twice the length of the very linear invites is a check and a single series, twice the forppose store-symmetrical-polastais I concinna, Hork, & Am. I bel-Bordry, sergin 256.

• State Hyper, below the Solmon Palls in the Snake Country (Institute O'Orgen), Mr. (Motic i-Strems and a span high the plant heavy or canserer with the history palescence, resembling the preceding species, lot much more single-throughout. Heaves hour the size of a Dairy the rays in the field specimies bright have. Janer pappen di a-10, or more commonly been and the specimies bright have. Since pappen di a-10, or more commonly been and the specimies bright have. Since pappen di a-10, or more commonly been and the specimies bright have. The specific distribution were conservational history, nearby the length of the could as the extern ing a distinct coart pappen, miler shorter than the specific distribution. Appendings of the strong and the external very loss and advances of the specific distribution. The specific distribution of the specific distribution of the strong and the external very loss and advances of the specific distribution. The specific distribution of the strong and the strong and the external very loss and advances of the strong and the strong and the external very loss and advances of the strong and the strong area to strong area to strong area to strong and the strong area to strong

ESIGEBON.

§ 1. Roys very numerous, nearly or quite in a single series, longer than the involuers: poppus manifestly double; the exterior very short, vubulate or quantilate, often calusor corrollers; it interior of fee somewhat deciduous brittles, often calusous or vaniting in the ray: acheria 2-nerved : annual or biomial—Phatencoorae, Case, (Steamitt, DC), party, calc, char.⁹)

. Pappus of the ray and disk similar. (Erigeron & Oligotrichium, Nutt.)

85. E. trans: I ranched from the base, minutely artiges or eachrons; tisms shords, newsing or cere, bearing few (-b) small heads on about polarizets; leaves abort, with minutely cilian and scalars material polarizets; leaves abort, with minutely cilian and scalars materials; do starting painless; the lower calibe mostly obtom; linear, entry rays way amount and numerous, twice the length of the almost plathous invitocre i nors papers of 13-60 ruber fragile binding—E. quenchlinn, (Nit. I) DCI (1997), so 255, certainly to got Lan.

Prairies and hashs of views, Arkansen, Neitaill J. Lankinsen, Dr. Carre Proter J. Dr. Hale, Dr. Caracrenov H. Tenes, Drewmod J. Aphelone... The ort J. Stems science, A-bit larbest high, problems my the base, The orthogonal state of the state of the state of the state of the polencies signify the kinetic at the summir. Rays parplish, very siteding, problems that and my off The 500 dender rules of the state of the problems of the state of the state of the state of the state of the problems of the state problems of the state of the problems of the state of the st

26. E. divergent i concevhar heavy with a minute hirster pubberence, diffusely branched from the base i leves small, early, some i the radial workshar spatiales, narrowed into a short profile the cashes exattered, small, lines, answered in the last based (small) movies within y terminaling the maked branches on polandes i nys vary narrow and manness, where and dechards which are Mirguess (Mignet) and Mignet and the other and dechards which are Mirguess (Mignet) and the other and dechards which are Mirguess (Mignet) and the other and dechards which are Mirguess (Mignet) and the mass decry phil, see, (n. erg) 7, p.411, not of Michr.

Bocky Monnfains, and plains of the interior of Oregon, Nuttall (-Q) Stems about a foot high diffuse, ascending, slender, at length much branched. Leaves half an inch to an inch long, 4 to 2 lines wide, nucroante-seque. Heads rather smaller than in E. tenne; the rays (white, Nutl.) nearly similar; the exterior pappus aborter.

* • Inner pappins of the ray admost or entirely wanting. (Phalacroloma, Cass., proper.)

37. E. canasasa (Pers.): a sparsely himme or highl with more or less provides him: seen conversionally thinned a lower, lawer conversion of the matched abover, lawer conversion of the matched abover, lawer conversion of the matched abover, lawer and enders it was been experiment in a margined particular timeschane, monity watter i and sense abover, and the market of the margined particular timeschane, monity watter i and sense abover, and the market of the margined particular timeschane, monity watter i and sense abover, and the market of the market of

 None of the North American species of De Candolle's Stemards accord with his generic character, in which the simple pappus of the ray is said to be similar to the inner pappus of the disk; and it is equally at variance with the character given by New. The two Animic species belong registration, of Nece.

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Bigd, B., Bast, ed. 2, p. 502. Aster annuus, Lim. I. hert. Cliff, p. 400, 8 pace, 2p. 767; D. Wild. crows. 2, p. 849. Bellis monos, &c. Carvat. Cavad. 4. 194. Pulicaria annua, Gerta, fr. 2, p. 462. Diplopappus dubins, Oasin ball, philom. 1817 (J 181. Stenaris dubin, Caus. in etcit et. et. and, 37, p. 455. S. annus, Ness, Act. p. 373. S. annua & S. atripasa (excl. svn.), DCI. 1997; S. p. 1900. PhilaseroBoma scuttabium, Caus. in dcit. et. 20, p. 405.

Fields from wasse phases, Canada'i and incorporate the Northern Stears (Kentheyl) a common words; row manufassed throughest Lamps. May or June-May—20 (f) 1 Some ston, 3–4 feet high, white or mplotlike lam abovey traver lamps. Hencis through the store -Brain-BrainStart, 1-10 abovey traver lamps. The share the store <math>-Brain-Brainbarden abovey traver lamps. The share the store of the store <math>-Brain-Brainbarden abovey traver lamps. The share the store of the store of the store of store store <math>-Brain-Brain-Brain above the store may store the store may store the store of store store <math>-Brain - Brain -

98. Extrajones (Muhl): none or less stripses with a minute apprend presentes; string values (application composition and the summary of the string of the string of the string of the string of the 3-secred, hypering into a header periods, the upper none scattered, intersition challenceduse, or lines, neuror or questions, rays an arrow (burne, show with speech as 1967; Elli Andre and Stripse Head (L. Kardon, K. J. Kardon, K. J. Kardon, J. Kardon, K. K. Kardon, K. K. Kardon, K. J. Kardon, K. J. Kardon, K. J. Kardon, K. K. Kardon, K. J. Kardon, K. K. K. Kardon, K. K. K. Kardon, K. K. K. Kardon, K. K. Kardon, K. K. Kardon, K. K. Kardon, K. K. Kardon, K. Kardon, K. K. Kardon, K. Kardon, K. Kardon, K. Kardon, K. Kardon, K. Kardon,

3. stem and leaves nearly glabrous; the latter almost constantly entire, except the lowest.—E. integrifolium, Bigel. f. Bost. ed. 2. p. 302.

y. slender; heads rather smaller; rays rose-color, naming nearly white. —E. Beyrchii, Hort. Berol. ! Stemactis Beyrichii, Fisch. & Meyer, 5th ind. zem. St. Petersb. Phalaerolona Beyrichii, Fisch. & Meyer, 6th ind. sem. i. c., & in Linnea, 14. sappl. p. 162. (Carolina, Beyrich. v. sp. in hort. Berol.).

Fields and open places. Cannolt and form the Shakachawan to Fiorial and Lonizanian and own to Orego 1 and Nano. Ange, or in the Shakachawan Shakachaka ha Shakachawan Shakacha Shakachawan Shakachawan Shakachawa

§ 5. Rays in a single series, rather few (about 30), longer than the involutres pappus simple: achenia mostly 4-nerved: perennial, scapiform-ENDERDHEM.

29. E. rernum: nearly glabrous; radical leaves roulate, slightly attention of the statustic or oral, mostly publicle, obscurely toobed or entire the calibo very few and smalls or none; heads several [5-12], small, painclaker cymese: rays narrowly spatulate-linear; scales of the involucre lancedate, with carious margins, slightly publesent—E. nukicule, Micharl, H. 2. P.

ERIGERON.

COMPOSITÆ.

124; Parsh! fl. 2. p. 533; Natt.! gen. 2. p. 147; Ell. sk. 2. p. 393. Aster vernus, Linn.! spc. 2. p. 876 (pl. Gronov.!); Pers. I. c. Doronicum lavifolium, Walt. Car. p. 2057 Stenactis verna, Necs, Ast. p. 275; DC.! prodr. 5. p. 299.

More ignic harress, dec. Virginia and N. Casolina! to Florida I and Univirual M.-Ya-Jiane-Levev within in form, nomeness short and mundlish, when survey paintain, with a more or ione desguated lapering the straight of the straight straight of the straight of the straight straight, and with for inderly and universally source or tesis discharances, the branches bearing commonly 3 heads. Kays while (constinues prophce), rather branch for the length in this gravin, spatialing, assented the triangular, dens actors. Pappasa (double according to Natal). Note and De Condelly in information of the straight of the straight of the straight of the De Condelly in the specimes certaining uncertained to 20 in more highed.

§ 6. Regs (20-50) in a single series or nearly so, much longer than be inner lucrix pappus double; the exterior short, selencens or squanellate-unbulate adomin musicy Un-arread receptable arcolates permutat or suffruitance, with the shall of Diplopappus or Chrysophis, but with the style and receptaal of Dimensional-Pastrumation.

30: E., Mijfdian (Nott); a cancecent, atema or branches monorous from a -woody base; have fillform, covorded on the strile branches, scattered on the fertile; poduncies maked, hearing single (amall) heads; scattered on the firstle; poduncies maked, hearing single (amall) heads; scattered on the firstle; poduncies maked, hearing single (amall) heads; scattered for the firstle; poduncies maked, hearing single (amall) heads; scattered for about twice the length of the disk; achemia somewhat hairy ; exterior pappus Yery indition;

e. branches elongated, nearly simple; rays about 40 .- Diplopappus filifolius, Hook. / R. Bor. Am. 2. p. 21.

B. stems or branches paniculate-corymbose; rays 25-30.-E. filifolium, Natt.! in trans. Amer. phil. soc. (n. ser.) 7. p. 308. Chrysopsis causescene, DC.! prod. 5. p. 328.

Oregon, from the Great Falls and harren grounds of the interior, Dowglatu' to the Rocky Montains, Nutuell I-Secons 8-12 inches high the seriel branches and young leaves very ensourcent. Leaves 3-3 inches long, very related. Scalas of the irrotoure rather right. Pappus a single series of white briefles (20 or more), with a few minute sem intermixed, easeely distinguishable from the bajes of the compressed Zearred achemia.

31. E. Dorgefarii e seni sell, giaberas, reserventy branched at the summit; the investes numerous, congrid, morely sample and bearing will be bach, somewhit corymicsor or fastignet; leaves (upper cauling) linear, rigid, obtaue, aschnar with minne appresent histis; those of the branches much smaller; rays (blue or purple) shout twice the length of the day i scalie of the conservation interaction of the statistic problem of the scale of the conservation interaction of the statistic problem at the scale of the London, range 0, 200.

Coliferia Douglos-Ula offenda and only specimen we have seen is piperfect, wanging his lower part of the stem, which appears to have been 2 cf or more in length: the numerous and mostly simple flexuois. flowering methes are about 6 incides long: the only callude leaves present about an 2 long, 2 lines or more in breadth, Lonered, and slightly veiny. Heads ready larger than is E. Philadelphicaus. Seenies of the invidence marrow

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and acute, not very numerous, but somewhat in 3 series, rather unequal; the inner whitish, with a brownish mid-nerve, nearly glabrous. Inner pappus of few (15-20) brisles; the exterior fewer and very small.

32. E. decambed (Null.): enthnoss-pubercent; stems shereder, documbent or steensing, gladows at the base, leafly, nancreass from the sum rote, somewhathmached or corymbone at the simmit; the branches bearing imple backs (leaves linear entropy and the linear hing) and rather loose scales of the linear hing; and rather loose scales of the involucier; extending papes minuter-Natt. it terms. Amer. philo. see, (n. ro.), 7, p. 209. Rokyd Manimiss bowds, is described and the linear hing; and rather lowers and the linear hing; and rather lowers and the linear hing; and rather lowers and the linear hing; and the linear hing; and the linear hing; and the linear hing; and rather lowers and the linear hing; and the linear hing; and linear lowers and the linear hing; and linear lowers and linear lowers

Bocky Monatinias towards the Oregon, Nutzall / Wahimmel, Dougleit-Sterms more shealer than it. K. corymbourn, 10-15 inches long; the whole plant schrons-pubescent not hoary, ledy nearly to the summit. Leaves 4-5 inches long often less than B lines which is the lower atmosed. Scales of the involucer narrow, acute, nearly in a single series. Rays 40-50, in a single series.

33. E. coryakean (Nut.): canescently pubsecent throughout; seems numerous from the soure root, ever, bearing few (-3c) corymbow hands at the summit; leves lanceduse-linkar, earin, scenik, scalid fe the radiatil host view (-scalet e or slightly statistar, tapering into a pesicier, tryo (blas) host view cales a significant scale or space states and states are shown in ministry hairy; exterior pappas spannellate-scaceas, very distinct—Nut.fi through scales (no. 1997), p. 208.

Bocky Monunian, in about lat, 42°, toward, Gregon, Nutal, 't-Plant Geö index high, ander state, hange with a close set also trabecterlatewas mither rigid, strongly 1-served, 1-5 index long, about 2 lines wide. Heast middle-sind, on mixed ephonetes. Scales of the involuter in about 2 weatly equal series, approase, hintere-enscient. Rays 30 or more, in a single series. Pappes somewhat hirother and about with a similar centric approx.

44. E. adendacione (Nucl.) is conserving capital couplings, low 1 stress turners intermediate and the stress of conservation of the stress of the stress and a law regularized the stress of the st

frequently move leady and learning 2 and 4 leads on maked production. Leaves thermost in the lease science, see balance leads production and the science of the science of the lease science, see balance leads product the science of the science of

ERIGERON.

COMPOSITÆ.

35. Excerptionsum (Nutri): devarf, cancesent with a close and host publications; it is a subscription of the sense of t

β. grandiforum : larger; stems occasionally somewhat branched; rays more than twice the length of the involuce.—Diplopappus grandiflorus, Hook, ! β. Bor.-Am. 2, p. 21.

Dry hiles of the Funds, to the Racky Montanian, and on the Colorado of the Wort, Natural D., Pinhur et the sharaharwan and primities of the first works. A start of the sharaharwan and primities of the Rachard Investment D areas enhanced in the sharaharwan and primities of the Rachard Investment D areas and the sharaharwan and the sharaharwan Natural of the involution: approach annow, very starts, the extended advanttice of the involution approach, annow, very starts, the extended advantplant, in the program of D aromano, the basils, as well as the whide plant, in the specific primities of D aromano, the basils, as well as the whide plant, in the specific plant, we have a start of the start of the start of the plant in the program of the starts, and the starts.

1 Species unknown to us.

36. E. (Pseuderigeron) consecuts: cancacently publement; leaves linearlancolute, entire, very much narrowed at the base; the lower on long pedides; stem simple, corymbose; the branches elongated, leave, bearing single hends; scales of the involucers narrow, very acute, hirstet-scabroos. *Hock*.—Diplopuppus cancescom, *Hock*, *B*, *Berch.*. **30**, 201.

Sashatchawan, between Cariton House and Edmonton House, Drummond I —According to Hooker, this plant may possibly prove to be a variety of his Diplopappase grandifloras, which is a larger variety of E. comptisoum, Nutt.; but it is said to be a taller, more erect, and corymbose plant, with smaller freads.

37. E. lonchophyllum (Hock.): stem tall, simple, hispid; leaves very long, linear, glabross, nerved, elliate; the lower ores linear-spatiate; riceme terminal, lealy, many-flowered; peduncles elongated, somewhat leafy (follokesis): rays numerous, narrow (white?), carreely longer than the opione neurons. Hock, A. Ber.-Am, 2, p. 18.

Suskatchwan, Drumsoud – Apparently a remarkable species, founded on a single specimen, said to be about 2 foct high, very hispid with spreading and rigid which hilts; the canline leaves averal of them 6 inches long and 2-4 lines broad; the heads similar to those of E. glabellum: but in the specific character the rays are said to be sarely longor than the pappus.

39. E. hispidam (Nutt.): stem erect, corymbose, above scabrous and hispid; lawas entire, ciliate and scabrous on the margin: the radical spanulate; cauline sealing, acuminate; pediaristic acounting and acuminated; rays very numetors. Nutt. in trans. Amer. phil. oc. (n. ser). 7, p. 30, not d DC.

••••• The second sec

ERIGERON.

big be applied to the pedancies, instead of the involucre. There is already an Erigeron hingdum of De Canollo (in Wigk, contrib, bot, Ind., 4 DC, prodr.), but we have left the name of Mr. Nuttall's appecies unchanged i finally, because distinction between this plant and E-speciosur.

39. E. seridentale (Nutt.): hispid with a short pubescence; corymb compound, irregular; lower leaves oblog-lanceolate, obtue, subscrulate: upper linear, estice, scales of the involuce: lanceolate, acute, scarcely hirsute; rays very numerous, red; inner pappus of about 12 bristles; the outer very distinct. Nutt. in trans. Airer, poils iso, (n. scr.) p. 311.

"Oregon .-- A low perennial species, with broadish leaves on the lower part of the stem. Allied to E. strigosum, but scarcely the same, with red flowers and broad leaves." Nstal.

40. E. folioares [Nuft.]: rather hirstet, and somewhat scahrous; stem imple, erest, trents, attenanced, the summir cosymbose; leaves obloglinear, swile, acute, crowded; scales of the involucre lanceolate, pubecent; acute, in shout 2 actes, nearly capal; rays abact, red, about 30; achenia somewhat hirstet. Nati, in trans. Amer. phil. exc. (n. er.) 7, p. 209. St. Barbara, California, Naturall. May.—4 Nevry remarkable species;

Sb. Barnan, Chilomia, Natall. May— A very remarkable spoitary to be stem testers, dial l'arres, one and h tift to very nices la conservation. The probability of the stem of the stem of the stem of the stem of the most hand nearly equally fulfilizm (in de nyr obliquity framework and la dial stem of the stem of the stem of the stem of the stem for the stem of the stem of the stem of the stem of the stem and the stem of the

E: Correlationsee, of Linners, is whally founded on the Virge-sures Careliniany, de Dill. Edit. A 50, f 394, s yellow-dowered plant, which no boarding the sure ceeded in detailfying. It has nothing in common with the Flatenoham obtained the original details and the surger state of t

E. Insgridtiam (Deaf, & Pers.) is pressy clearly not of this genus, and in all probability not a North American plant. Pursh adds the mark v. 3, but we find no specimen in M. Lamber's herburium. In the list of excluded species, De Candello refers it to Jasonia longifolia, but we find no such species described, nor have we storwhere met with the name.

E. retrofezzon (Poir.), a very imperfectly characterized species, is said to have extremely narrow linear clabrous leaves, and a short, imbricated, and very glabrous involuers. Perhaps it is Characopic piniblia. E2.

28. DIPLOPAPPUS. Cass. in bull. philom. 1817. & in dict. 13. p. 308.

Diplostephium, Kowth.-Diplopappus & Diplostephium. Cass. (dirf. 37.) & D((excl. Diplop. 111 & 2.)-Diplostephium & Daillingeria, in part, Neer.-Chrysop 2. Nat. partly.

Heads many-flowered; the ray-flowers 8-12, or rarely more numero in a single series; those of the disk tubular, perfect. Scales of the invol

DIPLOPAPPUS.

COMPOSITÆ.

imbriested, hancohato ez an-blanz, 1-an-reel or e-raman, Josfanz of Interior are sparsen by R. Recepted Robins, nuclei star bioletti, in a visual invited. A spreading or the style solution or innovation, ranky short. Akhobins often uncequired capillary brieflar, hou gos a for covering the extraintrans development of the star of the star of the star of the star very stort, astisolo, or estaco-subulane—Permail (chiefly Amorica) before a efficiency paints, somethy array table in habit yields the star star before star of the star yields and smalls larves. Heads a cymbiole, or testiminating the simple changing on particular.

The name Diplostophion apportants to the section which comprises the original projects. D. is variable forms, and the provide a start for consistentially, and preresent the Diplostophical start of the start of the start of the precise of the neurre the Diplostophical start of the start on start of the precise of De Candelle's Diplostophical Constraints, with the Aster produced that, Hall, Amphirghts the start of the constitution of India's, appear on the Constraints, with the Aster produced that, Hall, Amphirghts of India's, appear to form a well matched geness.

§1. Divides of the inner papping insular, not dandlate or hicknoid at the appers the circuitor actualizes about soliton within an initial, obert, smoothat compressed is involver: about the length of the disk's leaves ensuded, linear, rigid, 1-arrers, americalize, uith servalate-clinical very achievan margins; heads terminating the simple branches: rays violet.—LARVER, Diplotesphilan §4, Americalized, Singer 1998 [Americal-Children Johnson]. Diplograms §4, Maniloidea, Neur.

3. D. Barrighins (Riok.): stems arise, publicitient or slightly scalarso, which is not possible and the stem hard or a stem hard or slight scalarso are stem with the stems hard or stem hard or slight scalarso are stem stems in the stems hard or stems are stem hard to be stem hard or stems are stem hard to be stem hard or stems are stem hard to be stem hard or stems are stem hard to be stem hard or stem hard to be stem hard or stem hard to be stem hard to

By usi, since boar the Tanled Stone 1 min in Canada' and New-Mandauk, *HC*, Corena (ℓ in lock Hold's), Spir-Ord-a-Wine Wein 1 and Spir-Ord-a-Wine Stone 1 and Spir-Ord-A-Wine Spir-Ord-A-W variety. The involucre, at first more or less turbinate, becomes somewhat hemispherical when old.

2. D. arisoida: strigency ensecurity atema branching from next the addresseerst bases [lawas across-sublats, indicated, macronace pillerrous results of the involution functional string of the string young acheming placestart—indicate [leaves]. A new York, Ap. 212. Chrysopis ericoides, Exton, same, het. Europilailes viriations with in from, Acar Poil, sort, for (1, 7, 9, 70). In Lawa's exception to the information of the string of the string of the string of the string of the information of the string of the st

On the Granitian River 1 Dr. Annart (callected in Long's expediato the flow Review, Maynings-Plant appropriate (yes) is induced in the Analysis of the Review Maynings-Plant approximate (yes) is induced in the Review Mayning and the Review Mayning and the Review Mayning and the Review Mayning Mayning and Sanghara (yes) and the Review Mayning Mayning

3. D. ajobau (Nut.): terms several from the sufficiencent have, simple, nonentass-pubscent, naked at the summit layers creatively, erest, instances in the contrast of the second sec

Rocky Mountains, near the Flat Head River, Mr. Wyeth! June .-- Plant 3-4 inches high. Leaves about 4 lines long and one in breadth. Heads as large as in D. Innuitolius ; the rays " pale violet-purple," 12-16, elongated. Appendages of the style sublate-lineer, as long as the eigmatic portion.

- § 2. Bridles of the inner payne unequal, none of how (the instrument) decentrate or injusty blockward at the somality in activity on option abort slightly spannellate bridles endersis (probasent or glatoward) sowards more of lase compared, balancord singless, paired and the letter renatered, anotherinaneous, resign, entries is dealed to trave renatered, anotherinaneous, resign, entries is dealed to the renatered anotherinaneous and the state of the state of the traverses—Dargeror serves. (Poperior d'Dailingeria, Neor. Diplostephann § 1. Eufloydemum, DCI)
- The longer bristles of the inner poppus with manifestly elavellate tips: appendages of the style linear-subsidie, clongated.

4. D. comploins (Durlinger): seen idealer, terres, puberente-bibos boros, sparingly comboso punctulars is the samutifit level. collected. or broadly interosites, consequences y acuminase at each end, atlante, half you level in beauti, it hands for y entropy computions, and atlanter is persistent bars, adv. p. 181. Diplomaphinum controllism, D.C. Parde, S. y. 223. Atlanter andremens inhibits barshe, Soc. Park, et al., p. 96, r. 73, r. 14. Atlanter informs, Billia emina, Sec. Groups, Y Fig. ed. 1, p. 99. At divisions limits, billia emina, Sec. Groups, Y Fig. ed. 1, p. 99. At divisions limits, billia emina, Sec. Groups, Y Fig. ed. 1, p. 99. At divisions limits, structure, structure, structure, structure, structure, structure, limits, structure, structure, structure, structure, structure, structure, limits, structure, structure, structure, structure, structure, structure, limits, structure, structure, structure, structure, structure, limits, structure, structure, structure, structure, structure, limits, structure, str

DIPLOPAPPUS.

p. 2039; Bigel, fl. Bost, ed. 2, p. 313. A. infirmus, Michr. ! fl. 2, p. 109. A. humilis, Parek, fl. 2, p. 548 (excl. syn. Willd.); Ell. sk. 2, p. 366. Chrysopsis humilis, Nutl. gen. 2, p. 153 ?

Weakliness days from (Cannich, Michancy) Missanchanene, New Yorki Mir Pennyytomia by Virginia 1 and Mienovathia and apprecounty of the Southern Natura 1 Aug.-Stopa-Stem 1-d for high, sourcitoms fluctuum theorem and the source of the larger and much forwer than in the holowing. -5-3 or the source/hap appitable tempolary or very flowly correlations at the summin. Solids of the abover thin the disk, the sturies were about. A thermal large, downly discover, targin, luct very low of the source of the so

 The brager bristles of the inner pappus slightly thickened tonsards the summit (under a loss), but tearcely clavellate i appendages of the style short, triangular-indulate or abung.

6. De angedalinar etem nightly strikts month, or schlwan abors, eser yn hynne yn henne hynn a ben annin i lewer owrei kanesolas, oddang or somer lanesolas, oddang or somer lanesolas, oddang or somer lanesolas, oddang or somer angedalina fan ange

3. stem branching ; heads rather large .- D. cornifolius, Lindl. ! in herb. Torr. (partly.)

7. more scabrous and rigid; heads smaller. - Dællingeria cornifolia, Lindl.! in Hook.! compan. to bot. mag. 1. p. 98.

Most pieces, New Jensey Poursey'smith and thoraginout the Southern Stream, i. A Alasman, D. Grater Touchian, D. Bield Arassma, Dr. 1994 - J. Louisian, Dramond J. Dr. Leurenwerk J. Ange-Skyte-Stream Stream and Stream and Stream and Stream and Stream and Stream Arassman. Sciences of the involvers entered by larger than the matter stream and polyness are not always result, discrimination, but would be stream and strea

D. umbellatus: atem striate, amooth or somewhat seaboon, fastigiatebose at the summit; leaves clogged lancedate, attenuate acuminate, gat the base usually into a slight peidole, the margins clilate-ecaboust unercosa, usually in fastigiate corymes; acales of the short involuce: obather closely imbiristed is achesia minutely hairy—D. umbellatuse & D. anygelalina, Haoki J. f. Bor-Am. 2, p. 23. D. anygelalina, Daring J. for Gata, Vet 35. Deling-simulation unbellata, see, Adv. p. 136. Diplosetephion unbellature, DC L. c. Aster unbellata, "Mill. diet. d. 7, we start "I date: Mer. (d. 1). S. p. 195. Will.dig pers 5, p. 2000; "Molymphysics" dalimas, Minh. J. 22, p. 109; Persh, A. 2, p. 549; Ed. Le. (purifyl) Tor-l opport, 2000; Paris J. 2, p. 549; Ed. Le. (purifyl): Tor-l opport, 2000; Paris J. 2, p. 549; Ed. Le. (purifyl): Tor-l opport, 2000; Paris J. 2, p. 549; Ed. Le. (purifyl): Tor-l opport, 2000; Paris J. 2000; Paris J. 2, p. 549; Ed. Le. (purifyl): Tor-l opport, 2000; Paris J. 2000; Paris J. 2, p. 549; Ed. Le. (purifyl): Tor-l opport, 2000; Paris J. 2000; Paris J. 2, p. 549; Ed. Le. (purifyl): Tor-l opport, 2000; Paris J. 2000; Paris J. 2, p. 549; Ed. Le. (purifyl): Tor-l opport, 2000; Paris J. 2000; Paris J. 2, p. 549; Ed. Le. (purifyl): Tor-l opport, 2000; Paris J. 2, p. 549; Ed. Le. (purifyl): Tor-l opport, 2000; Paris J. 2, p. 549; Paris J. 2, p

β. low and small; corymb simple.-Diplostephium amygdalinum, β. humilius, DC. ! l. c.

Most thicken, &c. Canadal and Nora Scotial and common throughout the Northern and North Western Startes' to the manufane of South Cardina-8. Newfrendhand, Pylaiol Mr. Marrison 6 yer, Aug-Seyt-Senn 2-5 fort high, simple bolow, show with nather static caybounds branchens Leaves 3 to 4 or 5 linches long, either narrowly lancolater or oblog-lancolates, glaboux, pathematis. Sector the involveme (neo longer than the type schemia) algibility pubseest and elilias. Achemia obsveid oblogs, somewhat compared, 2-5-decred or thebal-. Pappus gale or tuwy.

7. D. oberative: clobels with a minute above pubesence: sterm terrety, corrunces at the summit; leaves closely sensit, oral, elliptical, or conservation and the summits is leaves closely sensit, oral, elliptical, or construction public distribution, the summary starting of the involvement, linear, sterate, public elliptical, or construction, public distribution of the involvement, linear, sterate, public distribution of the involvement of the

3. corymb dichotomous-paniculate; peduncles elongated, naked; heads favor.—Aster dichotomus, Edl. 1 sk. 2. p. 356. Diplostephium dichotomum, DC. 1, c.

Damp shady soil, S. Carolina and Georgia, Le Conte ! Nuttall ! Elliott ! to Florida, Dr. Chapman! Dr. Leavenworth! June-Oct .- Stem 2-3 feet high, often numerous from the same root. Leaves numerous, 2-3 inches long, an inch or more wide, somewhat membranaceous, often a little narrowed towards the base, slightly puberulent-scabrous above; the veins diverging at right angles from the midnib, and conspicuously reticulated hencath-Heads as large as in D. cornifolius, either loosely corymbose, or somewhat paniculate, usually on alender tomentose-pubescent peduncles. Involucre shorter than the disk, at length scarcely exceeding the alender achenia-Rays 10-13, white (sometimes tinged with numbe), nearly-thrice the length of the involucre. Achenia oblong, about 5-angled or nerved, scarcely compressed. Pappus white, or at length tawny ; the exterior not very copions; the interior very obscurely, if at all, thickened towards the summit.-The plant is sometimes considerably branched; and, according to Elliott, the leaves are rarely toothed. We have met with no specimen in Elliott's herbarium under the name of Aster obovatus; but his A. dichotomus is a mere state of this species.

1 Doubtful Species.

8. D. Lenzphylitz (Lindl.); shrubby? would showhout; branches storf, bearing single head; lenves tivik, vonl, acut, cranze, mercod into a petiole; scales of the spannose involver linear, membraneous, the pipe coses naked; achterist formertone, fundition; acutoric pappas short the intervery uncertain store that in DC, prodr. 5, p. 275.

California.--Probably collected by Douglas, but this is not meetitone We have ventured to adduce this species as a synonym of Corethrogyne fil ginifolia; with which, however, the character does not altogether accord.

29. TOWNSENDIA. Hook. fl. Bor.-Am. 2. p. 16, t. 119.

Heads subglobose, many-flowered ; the ray-flowers numerous in a single series, pistillate, but sometimes infertile ; those of the disk tubular, perfect. Scales of the involucre numerous and closely imbricated, appressed, lanceolate, with scarious margins. Receptacle flat, naked, areolate-fimbrillate. Rays linear, often erect; the corolla of the disk infundibuliform, 5-toothed. Branches of the style lanceolate, rather acute, hairy towards the summit-Achenia of the disk flat, obovate-oblong, pubescent or hairy, the margins 1nerved; these of the ray 3-nerved. Pappus of the disk-flowers composed of numerous rather rigid and uniform barbellate-scabrous bristles, as long as the corolla (alightly cohering at the base ? persistent); that of the ray of fewer short subulate bristles or squamella, sometimes with one or two slender bristles intermixed .- Dwarf acaulescent or subcaulescent herbs (natives of the Rocky Mountains and the banks of the rivers which rise on their eastern slope); with a branching caudex or a perpendicular root, and crowded linear or spatulate entire leaves. Heads large for the size of the plant, seasile or nearly so at the summit of the caudes, or of the proliferous branches. Rays mae-color or nearly white,

§ 1. Root perennial; the caudex somewhat ligneous trays fertile; the short pappus squamellate-subulate, and mostly with one or two capillary bristles recembling those of the disk-Townersons proper.

1. Traversen (Hock, I. e.): stembers; haves epatialst-linesr, sliky-carbiscent, erces, auronoming and party concessing the sensile brands; scales of the involute; neurolater-basecolate; rays long and narves, with the margine Horidus; neuroparticle arcedate; having hopped of the ray composed of the result have a statistic brands in the schemating, and own of the result have a statistic brands in the schemating and own of the result have a statistic brands in the schemating and own ones. Redwards, Apper. Franks, ison, ed. 2, p. 20.

B. heads and flowers smaller; leaves narrower.-T. serices, Nutt. / in brans. Amer. phil. soc. (n. ser.) 7. p. 304.

Curine Hession the Statistichering, Rehardsort, to the Rocky Momthien in about 16-67, Doromould 2, a Bick Kills towards the sources of the Plane in 1ar, 4^+ , Naturll 2, April-May-Box Regregativities, the interaction of the statistical statistical statistical statistical statistical interactions and the statistical statistical statistical statistical lines in larged. Notes of the involvement produces are not involved interactions and the statistical statistical statistical statistical interactions and the statistical statistical statistical statistical from statistical statistical in a statistical statistical statistical statistical from statistical stat

2. T. income (Nutt.): caudex, or rather stems, branching; leaves alkycanescent, oblong-sepatiate, tapering into a petiols, crowded, surrounding the (small) assaile heads; scales of the involucer oval-oblong; rather acute; rays linear, flat; receptacle somewhat alveolate-fimbrillate; achenia minutely

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hairy; pappus of the ray composed of nearly equal subulate setaceous bristies, shorter than the achenium.--Nutl. ! is trans. Amer. phil. sec. 1. c. p. 305.

¹ Near the sources of the Plate in the Bocky Mountain, Nutall I-Plane and the source of the source of the source of the source inclined to produce disclosures stems. Leaves about half an inch long, indisitently periods the Head's smaller than in T. serices. Scales of the involuces all ky-patesent, treads the tempth of the source of

§ 2. Root perennial : pappus deciduous in a ring ; that of the scarcely exserted fertile rays equalling that of the disk .- UNOPHORDS, Nutt.

3. T. spathulata (Nutt. ! l. c.): densely cospitose; caudex branched; leaves spatalate or obverte, silky-villous, narrowed into a petiole as long so the limby, covarie, and nearly enclosing the (small) sessile heads; realized the involuce hancedate, acute, warrious; neceptacle somewhat alvedate. On the Black Hills of the Platte, with the preeding, Nuttell (-Plant 1-2) on the Black Hills of the Platte, with the preeding, Nuttell (-Plant 1-2)

On the Black kills of the Planc, with the preseding, Nutati(-4) lists 14-bits high-with the planck state of the Planck state state of the Planck state state of the Planck state st

§ 3. Root annual, thickened at the summit, and producing depressed branching stems : rays pisillat but infertile; the short pappus composed of lacendedenticulate squamella, often somewhat united at the base.—NARSTRUM-(Subgen. Nanodia, Nut., not of Banke.)

4. T. strigessa (Nutt.! l. c.): depressed; leaves strigess-canescent, linear-spatulate; the uppermost often involucrate around the base of the slightly pedmoulate leads; scales of the involucre lanceolate-oblog, finibilate-ciliolitic; rays [24] (rans-cio), short; a charing minutes ranheared.

olite: Two 10-14 (reas-color), short, acheoin minutely publecteris. Black Hills, near the banks of the Plants, Natiolf Jong-Plant 9-4 inches high. Heads screedy as large as in T. serices. Scales of the invoherer sorrous, except the greensing line in the cortex. Pappus of the ray barely valids to the maked eye, composed of a single series of squamelile, somewhat minical or econylicer.

 $5_{\rm eT}$ zeradifora (Natt.) L.c.): divariately branched from the base i the bunches dependence, leave sentend, linear-intercedite, sector, minutely publicator); the uppermet branches at the base of the (large) basis; scales of the involvers narrowly lancedate, sublate-scaling the state of the structure narrowly lancedate, sublate-scaling the structure narrowly lancedate marks, sublate-scaling the structure narrowly lancedate (large large large

Black Hills, and plains of the Upper Plans, Nutral! Dr. Jones I Janescontrol sense above, recet, borring a magninesst the lateral decombent extending to 10 inclues along the ground, often burnching and burning 50 eV likes. Leavest P-1 inclues long, onewhat succenter the exaline interastistic structure in the set of the Gluina Aster. The plant well deserver existing that of the the processing works, which we have programmed and the set of the processing works.

30. CHÆTOPAPPA. DC. prodr. 5. p. 301. (1836.)

Chastanthera, Nutt., not of Ruiz & Parson.-Chastophora, Nutt. in herb. DC., not of Agardà.-Diplostelma, Raf. (1836.)

Heads about 20-flowered; the ray-flowers 8-12, pistillate, in a single series ; those of the disk tubular, perfect ; the central mostly infertile or abortive. Scales of the involucre about 12, lanceolate, acute, rigid, with scarious margins, loosely imbricated in 2-3 series, carinately 1-nerved; the outermost shortest. Receptacle narrow, naked. Rays linear-oblong; the corolla of the disk infundibuliform-tubular, 5-lobed. Style somewhat included ; the branches short, very obtuse. Achenia nearly terete, somewhat fusiform, 5striate, slightly hairy. Pappus of the ray and fertile disk-flowers similar, double ; the exterior of 1-5 very small hyaline scales ; the interior of 5 rigid scabrous bristles nearly the length of the corolla : that of the central mostly infertile flowers simple and similar to the exterior pappus of the fertile flowers, or coroniform, the bristles wanting .- A small annual herb (4-10 inches), diffusely branching from the base, minutely strigose. Leaves alternate, entire ; the radical and lowermost obovate-spatulate, tapering into a petiole ; the upper linear. Heads terminating the branchlets, solitary or loosely paniculate. Flowers of the ray pale purple or white-

C. asteroides (DC.! 1. c.)-Chatanthera asteroides, Nutt.! in jour. acad. Philad. 7. p. 111. Chatophora asteroides, Nutt.! in herb. DC. Asteridium ramosissimum, Engelmans! mas. in herb. Ecrol.

Printine and maked places. Acknown, Naturit', De, Explorement / De Depressment / an 2019 and 2019 and 2019 and 2019 and 2019 and 2019 and Depressment / an 2019 and 2019 and 2019 and 2019 and 2019 and 2019 and Rays designed, searchasts when dry 1 the title standards. The saw described have been been been as a standard of the same of the controls. The same and approximate is the second of the cortexpl description of the output of the same of the cortexpl description of the same of the least of the same of the cortexpl description of the same of the barries of the approximate is the same of the cortexpl description of the same of the same of the same of the cortexpl description of the same of the same of the barries of the same of the cortexpl description of the same of the same of the barries of the same of the cortexpl description of the same of the same of the barries of the same of the same of the cortexpl description of the same of the barries of the same of the barries of the same o

31. BOLTONIA. L'Her. sert. Angl. p. 27; DC. prodr. 5. p. 301.

BOLTONIA.

brous and somewhat glaucescent paniculately branched herbs, with the habit of Aster. Leaves mostly vertical, lanceolate, sessile, entire, or the lower rarely serrate, with scabrous and somewhat cartilaginous margins. Heads rather small, loosely corymbose or paniculate. Rays white or purplish.

1. B. asteroides (L'Her. l. c.): achenia broadly oval, glabrous ; pappus of 4 or 5 minute setulose teeth, similar in the disk and ray, deciduous; heads loosely corymbose; leaves lanceolate, entire, or the lower obscurely serrate. -Ait.! Kev. (ed. 1) 3. p. 197 ; Michz. ! f. 2. p. 132 ; Nees, Ast. p. 236 ; DC. ! I. c. Matricaria asteroides, Linn. mant. p. 116. Chrysanthemum Carolinianum, Walt. 1 Car. p. 204. Pennsylvania, Bartram, (Linn.) and along the mountains to the Southern

States !- Heads larger than in B. diffusa, but rather smaller than in B. glastifolia, which it closely resembles, and from which it is distinguished by the minute pappus. This would appear to be a rare species; as we possess only a single specimen, collected in Burke County, N. Carolina, by Mr. M. A. Curtis; and Elliott did not meet with it in the low country of the Southern States.

2. B. glastifolia (L'Her. l. c.): achenia obovate, broadly winged, often slightly hairy; pappus of several very short bristles, and (especially in the disk) with 2, or sometimes 3-4, more or less clongated slender awas ; heads loosely corymbose ; leaves lanceolate, the lowest often serrate .- Ait. ! l. c.; Michz. I. c.; Willd. spic. 3. p. 2161; Sims, bot. mag. t. 2381; Ell. sk.
2. p. 399; Necs, Ast. p. 235; Hook, f. Bor.-Am. 2. p. 23; DC. I. c.
B.7 decurrens: leaves clongated innecolate, rather thin, decurrent on the

stem; the broad decurrent portions usually terminated by short and triangu-

stem; the broad accurate portions usually straining of starting and divariate lobes; thus appearing sognitar: Swamps and wet places, Upper Canada, Pennsylvania I and nearly throughout the Southern and Western States! J. Wet prairies of Illinois, Dr. Skort/---Plant 3-7 feet high. Leaves 3-5 inches long, tapering to the starting appears of the starting appears of the starting appears the starting appears. base, or oblanceolate. But in var. 3. which is perhaps a distinct species, the leaves are of the same breadth throughout in the only specimen we have seen, those of the branches closely sessile ; the cauline (upper) strikingly

3. B. diffusa (Ell.) : achenia obovate, rather narrowly winged ; pappus of several very short bristles, and 2 short subulate awas; heads (small) diffusely paniculate; branches and branchlets very numerous and slender; cauline leaves linear-lanceolate, entire ; those of the branches small, linear ; those of the branchlets subulate .- Ell. sk. 2. p. 400 ; Hook. compan. to bot. mag. 1. p. 97 ; DC. ! prodr. 5. p. 301. B. asteroides, Sims, bot. mag. 1. 2554, ex DC.

Damp soil, throughout the Southern and Southwestern States from Georgia ! to Western Louisiana ! common. Aug-Oct.-Stern 2-7 feet high, very diffusely branched from near the base. Heads not more than half the size of the preceding : the achenia small in proportion ; the stout awas not half their length.

Subdiv. 2. BELLIDEE, DC .- Pappus none, or coroniform and minute.

32. BELLIS. Linn.; Gartn. fr. 4. 168; DC. prodr. 5. p. 304.

Heads many-flowered ; the ray-flowers pistillate, in a single series ; those of the disk tubular, perfect. Involucre campapulate; the scales somewhat in a double series, foliaceous, herbaceous, or somewhat membranaceous, equal-

BELLIS

COMPOSITÆ.

Recepted conical, alightly alvolates. Branches of the style short and broad, Acherine obverse, compressed, sightly hairy or hisping. Pappas mone—Low here's (entries of Europe and main a single exception), either acualescent and permitting of the start Heads solitary, terminating the scape of branches. Rays violet-purple, roseoider, or white-mains.

§ Annual : stems branched .- Kyberia, Neck.

 B. integrificial (Micha); stern diffusely branched; leaves earies, sparsely phary and efficient; the radial and lowerment spatial e-obvailes, searchy petiodic); the upper lanceolate or oblong, sealls; poloncies elementaries anarging of the involution: manoritaneous commission, with maintennaeous marging a diffusion of the involution of the start of the start of the start of the involution of the start of the start of the start start of the start of the start of the start of the start start of the start of t

Adoptive manual in particles, Kentaky Promosese Arkanase and Texari March-Junes-Euros-Liz Anches Julie, Hacha shourd sa Jarge as the true Dai-20 (B. permis) ; the ray paie purple or violet . Scales of the involuence kinds with scattered share, acciminate ison to histly joint. Appendiges of the style a line artered share to be a text congener of Bella strange, as Holes Instrumatical.

33. APHANOSTEPHUS. DC. prodr. 5. p. 310.

Heals many-discored; the ray-discore picilities: those of the disk tubes, hear perfect. Statistical of the investore induced in a studie stress, hannessing, more or examinate, with centere margins. The pipite result, large, mixed, hear the studies of the stress of the studies of the studies that the hear stress of the stress of the stress of the style stress, the studies, party distance at the base. The marginal stress of the style stress, the stress of the stress of the stress of the style stress of the style stress of the stress of the stress of the stress of the style stress of the style stress of the style stress of the stress of the

The genus should perhaps be removed to the Subtribe Anthemidew; as De Candolle has suggested.

 A. Riddellii: perennial; stems brauched from the base, erect; radical and lower cauline leaves lanceolste-spatulate or nearly linear, acutely and incisely toothed towards the apex, tapering below into a long and slender petiols; those of the branches narrowly linear, entire, crowded.

Tenas. Dr. Keldel :--Roce lipsons, areal at the nests. Steam sight donder, 5-6 index high the flowering branchets selency maket towards the summit. Leaves minutely hintens-pulsesent and somewhat conserved. Heads Waller than in Beilis singerößid, auch anaryly tohold and the selection. De this species appears on differ deity in its inharply tohold and code in the orderliked lower leaves (lose of the branches meter somewards) and of the flow flower leaves (lose of the branches meter someward).

BRACHYCOME. Cass. diet. 37. p. 464 § 491; DC. prodr. 5. p. 305, § 7. p. 276; Benth. enum. pl. Hugel. p. 59.

Heads many-dowered; the ray-dowers picilitate, in a single series; those of the disk tabular, perfect. Scale of the esimpanoitate or hemispherical like voluers in 28-4 eres, approved, with membranaceous mirgins. Ecceptede conical, somewhat alveolate. Achebiai cômpressed, or nearly terrets, coward with an inconstituous squanellate sectution paperas--law breis, with the habit of the anomal species of Bellis; chiefly perennial, and natives of Austraja. Rave withe.

 B. zandoconnoide? (Less.): diffuely branched from the base; He branches sourceint pubscetes with appressed bains, naked at the summit and bearing solitary heads ; leaves nearly glabraus, esting; the lower oblong-spatiants; those of the branches lancolater-inear, sensile; scales of the invariant oblong-inaccolate, acute, with broad scales angeins—Less. pp. 192, drin Linnear, p. 0, 2052

Texas. Drammond ! (v. sp. in herb. B. D. Greene.)-The specimen which we describe was mixed with some other plants in Drummond's Texan collection, and not numbered. The plant resembles Bellis integrifolia in aspect, but is smaller, and the heads not half the size : the involucre is very similar; the scales in 2 series, herbaceous in the centre. Rays about 3 lines long, white. Corolla of the disk cyathiform, expanded, deeply 5-toothed, the proper tube very short. Style in the disk-flowers with broadly oblong flat branches, bordered with very thick stigmatic lines, and terminated with a short and flat triangular minutely hairy appendage. Achenia (immature) somewhat compressed and oboyate, minutely hispid, crowned with a single series of distinct squamellate-setulose bristles, scarcely exceeding the short hairs of the achenium. We have not seen the lower leaves; and Lessing does not describe the achenia or the style of his plant, which was collected in Mexico by Shiede. Our plant appears to accord with the Australian Brachycomes, and only differs from the annual species of Bellis in the minute pappus; and when we consider that a perennial Spanish Bellis (B, papulosa, Boiss.) exhibits a similar pappus, it is evident that the present genus scarcely deserves to be distinguished

Div. 2. CHERISOCOMER., DC.-Heads either heterogamous and radiate, or homogamous and discoid (both forms sometimes occurring in the same genus); the rays and disk-flowers yellow and unchanging. Receptacle never chafty.

CONSPECTUS OF THE GENERA.

191 Subdie. 1. GYMNOSPERMER.-Pappus none. 35. GYMNOSPERME. Rays few, very small.

192 Subdie. 2. ACHYRIDER .- Pappus chaffy or coroniform.

 AMPHICHYSIS. Achenis of the disk abortive, the narrow scales of the pappus united at the base; of the ray fertile, with a short pappus.
 GUTTRENERAL Achenis of the disk and ray fertile.

Sabeie. 3. SOLIDIGINE # .-- Pappus similar in the disk and ray (when the latter is present), simple, of capillary or rigid, rarely squamellate or awn-like briatles. CHRYSOCOMP F.

COMPOSIT

· Ponnus of very short unconellate bristles

38. BRACHYCHEZA, Rays and disk-flowers each 4-5. Lower leaves cordate.

· · Payous of elongated capillary bristles.

- 39. SOLIDAGO. Rays few, rarely none ; disk-flowers several. Receptacle alveolate. 40. BIGHLOVIA. Rays none : disk-flowers 3-4. Receptacle cuspidate.
- 41. LINOSYSIS. Rays none: disk-flowers 5-many. Receptacle alveolate-toothed. Achenia oblong, silky-villous
- 42. AMMODIA. Rays none : disk-flowers numerous, Scales of the involucre scarious-membranaceous. Achenia attenuate, hairy.
- 43. MACRONEMA. Rays 6-8, or none: disk-flowers numerous. Scales of the involucre scarcely in two series, with folinceous tips. Achenia flat, hairy.
- 44. ERICAMERIA. Rays 3-6: disk-flowers 7-9. Scales of the oblong or cylindrical involuere imbricated. Achenia glabrous. Pappus copious.
- 45. STENOTUS, Rays 8-12: disk-flowers numerous. Scales of the hemispherical involucre broad, closely imbricated. Achenia silky-villous. Pappus CODIOUS, UDCOUS
- 45. ISOFAPPES. Rays 5-12: disk-flowers 10-20. Scales of the cylindrical involucre lanceolate-subulate. Achenia villous. Pappus equal, in a single series.

. . . Pappus of numerous unequal bristles, more or less rigid.

- 47. APLOPAPPUS. Achenia oblong or turbinate, villous or silky. Pappus of copious unequal and rather rigid persistent bristles.
- 48. PYAROCOMA. Achenia linear, angled, glabrous. Pappus of copious uniform slender and rigid persistent bristles.
- 49. PRIONOPRIS. Achenia ovoid, glabrous, Pappus of very unequal deciduous
- 50. CENTAURIDIUM, Achenia turbinate, pubescent. Pappus of several nearly definite subulate persistent bristles.

. . . . Poppus of few rigid arons or bristles.

51. GRINDELLA. Pappus of 2-8 corneous caducous awns

52. PENTACHARTA. Pappus of 5 persistent rigid bristles.

2.50 Subdiv. 4. HEVENOVBECKE .- Pappus of the ray and disk dissimilar.

53. BRADBURIA. Pappus of the ray double ; the exterior of short and squamellate, the interior of capillary barbellate bristles ; that of the disk of 2 chaffy awas. 54. HETEROTHECE,E. Pappus of the ray none; of the disk as in Chrysopeis.

- 2.52 Sublin, 5. CHRYSOTSIDER .- Pappas of the ray and disk similar, double.
 - 55. CHRYSOPSIS. Exterior pappus short, setose or chaffy; the inner capillary.

Subdiv. I. GYMNOSFERMEE, DC .- Pappus entirely wanting.

35. GYMNOSPERMA. Less. syn. p. 194; DC. prodr. 5. p. 311.

Heads 8-14-flowered; the ray-flowers 3-5 (sometimes wanting), very narrow, and with an extremely short ligule, pistillate; those of the disk tubular and perfect, sometimes sterile. Involucre oblong ; the scales imbricated, appressed, scarious-coriaceous. Receptacle narrow, naked. Corolla of the disk with a cyathiform 5-cleft limb; the lobes oblong-lanceolate, revolute-Branches of the style oval or oblong; the appendages as long as the stigmatic parison. Achienia oblong-sylindrical, alightly compressed, deuture of papsofterious and fascilated by branched (American) plants, glebrous, mostly gluticous or varnished, with the halist of Solidaps § Eutomain. Leaves alternate or sometimes opposite, bologo of interac, vessile, suite, purctate. Heads small, ternate or aggregated at the summit of the branchlets, usually corrubos-farigitate. F Howers yellow.

 G. corymbouw (DC.): shrubby; branchlets somewhat angled, dichotomous-corymbow; leaves alternate, obleng [or linear-inneolate], tapering to each end, somewhat vised; J. cnerved, the lateral increas lated; host anggregated linee together at the summit of the branchlets, 8-flowered; the rayflowers 5, these of the disk about 3. DC.! proof. 5, p. 319.

Texas, Dr. Riddell !- Ligules not half the length of the tube. Achenia minutely puberulent.- De Candolle describes the leaves as oblong, but mertions at the same time their length as 12 to 15 lines, and their breadth 2 lines!

Subdiv. 9. A C H Y B I D F E , DC .-- Pappus composed of several persistent chaffy scales, or short and coroniform, sometimes nearly obsolete in the ray.

36. AMPHIACHYRIS. DC., (§ of Brachyris) notic. 7. pl. rar. Genev. p. 1, t. 1, & prodr. 5. p. 313 ; Nutt. in trans. Amer. phil. soc. (n. ser.) 7. p. 313.

Heads many-(20-40-) flowered ; the ray-flowers (8-10) ligulate, pistillate, fertile, in a single series ; those of the disk staminate and pistillate, but by the abortion of the overy infertile. Involucre obovoid, shining as if varnished ; the scales 10-12, rigid, appreased, imbricated, often bracteolate at the base, coriaceous, the summit abruptly somewhat foliaceous, mostly obtuse. Receptacle alveolate. Corolla of the ray oblong, with a very short tube; of the disk much smaller, infundibuliform. 5-toothed. Branches of the style (in the disk-flowers) oblong-linear, rather acute, papillose-hispid quite to the base. Achenia of the ray oblong or obconic, somewhat terete, with a minute coroniform or nearly obsolete pappus ; of the disk none or a mere rudiment ; the pappus of 5-8 scarious very narrowly linear scales, slightly dilated towards the summit, about the length of the corolla, united at the base into a campanulate tube .- A perennial (or possibly sometimes annual) herb, or suffrutescent glabrous plant, fastigiately much branched (in the manner of Solidage § Euthamia, with the involucre much as in Sericocarpus) ; with lanceolate or narrowly linear and entire sessile (1-3-nerved) impressed-punctate leaves, the margins scabrous. Heads terminating the numerous branchiets. Flowers deep yellow.

A. dracunculoides (DC. ! 1. c.)-Nutt. ! in trans. Amer. phil. soc. l. c. Brachyris ramosissima, Hook. ! ic. pl. 4. 142 ; DC, prodr. 7. p. 278.

Weitern Adamses, Natall? Portabe? Track Dremsard? Sepform-Som 1-6 for high the branchine angles. Lease 1-6 index locg the lower deg 2-4 lines wide; or all narrow and any 1-2 lines in with or less inscenario. Adams for the wide with a way minute setue. We have not observed so munitiest a pappas in the ray as is epter of an overlap in Afrance is often on the follow that he significant setue. We have not observed so munitiest a pappas in the ray as is epter of an overlap in Afrance is often on the foll more than the significant multisetue.

GUTIERREZIA. Lagasca, nov. gen. & spec. (1816) p. 30; Don, and Hook. & Arm. in compan. to bot. mag. 2. p. 51.

Brachyris, Nutt. (1818)-Brachyris § 1. (excl. no. 6.) & Hemischyris, DC.

Heads 8-40-flowered; the ray-flowers ligulate, pistillate, fertile, in a single series ; those of the disk tubular, perfect and fertile. Involucre campanulate or turbinate ; the scales appressed and closely imbricated, rigid, with somewhat foliaceous greenish tips. Receptacle naked. Corolla of the ray oblong or oval, with a short tube ; of the disk infundibuliform, 5-toothed ; the teeth short, recurved. Branches of the style in the disk-flowers linear, elongated, obtuse, hairy down to the very short stigmatic lines at the base; in the ray glabrous, the stigmatic lines extending to the summit. Achenia somewhat obconic and terete, pubescent or silky. Pappus of several linear or oblong chaffy scales, mostly in a double series, persistent ; that of the ray sometimes obsolete or wanting .- Perennial or suffruticose plants (natives of the region beyond the Mississippi, and of Mexico and South America to the extremity of the continent), glabrous, somewhat glutinous and balsamic, with linear or lanceolate entire mostly impressed-punctate alternate leaves. Heads solitary, or aggregated (about 3 together) at the summit of the corvenbose or paniculate branchlets. Flowers yellow.

§ 1. Pappus as long as the achenium, more or less distinctly in a double series i that of the ray similar to the disk, or often shorter.—GUTHEREEIA, Lag. (Brachyris, Nutt.)

1. G. Californica: stem teres, somewhat paticulate at the summit; leaves linear, actuations the have, schoolson, slightly clinics, strongly 1-served; hends few, sometimes giomente, turbinate or obvarie; flowers of the disk and args each, S-10; papase of mostly 9 marrowly linear ruber acute chaffy scales, in the disk longer than the achemism.—Birstehyris Californica; DC1; proof.; p. 313; Hook, 4/m.1; 64, Beckeng, angel, p. 351.

California, Dauglas — Storn a foot high. Limit of the flydiate corella broadly oval. Achimic silky. Papper smallforky in a double are revier that of the ray shorter.—Hocker & Arnot consider this species not only (fontical with the following but also probaby the same os G. linearifold, Log. In G. Buthamin, however, the scales of the pappers are shorter and broader. The achemic layer hairs. Acc. y van all those species are too closely alfield.

2. G. Ludamiz: stems woody and much breaked at the bans, regical barrow's himten, acuts, surguing at the bars, bereak, and the bars, barrow's programmer and the bars, barrow's programmer barrow's programmer bars, bars, bars, and bars, bars,

And hills of the Upper Missont, Sc. Levis, Nutlet! to the Saskatchawan, Drammond ! Douglas !--Stems numerous, 6-12 inches high. Lignlate Bowers spreading; the limb broadly oval. Pappes in a double series; that of the ray mostive a little shorter, but otherwise similar.

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3. G. diveriotata: suffrationes; stems much hranched above, divariante cozymbose; leaves very narrowy linear; the oblog-turbinate heads nearly all solitary and peducedate; flowers of the ray and disk each about 7; pays of 9 or 10 narrowly linear; actuatich chafty scales, those of the disk longer than the achenium—Brachyris divarients, Nutl. 1 in trans. Amer. phil.sec. (n. sec.) 7: p. 313.

On the Platte near the Rocky Mountains, with the preceding, Nattall !-Plant with the habit of the following, and nearly the achenia and pappus of G. Californica.

§ 2. Pappus of the disk short and nearly coroniform, of the ray obsolete or none.-HEMIACHYRIS, DC.

4. G. Thremit: stem dirubly at the hars, very much hranched, Budgintspaniculate; the brancheds selend; mulcip (1 karva marchy) finant, Josever) these of the rancheds work; should (not select the select the select of the ray 5-4, of the disk 7-104 pages of the ray none of oblates i differ the ray of the disk 7-104 pages of the ray none of oblates. The ray of the ray 5-4, of the disk 7-104 pages of the ray none of oblates i differ the ray of the Page New York 7. In intervention, Hardon's facility, and of De. Primmodel Bertandier (Dr. Larencowych 1), Reidell 1 kap. Seyter.

Stems 1-3 feet high; the branchless, heads, &c., somewhat vanished. Scales of the involucre lanceolate-oblong, with scarious margins. Combla of the ray oblong. Style as in the preceding species. Achenia minutely pubescent.

Subdiv. 3. SOLIDAOINEE, DC.-Rays in a single series, or often none. Pappus similar in the disk and ray, simple, of capillary or setiform, rarely squamellate or awn-like bristles.

38. BRACHYCHETA.

Heads 8-10-flowered ; the ray-flowers ligulate, pistillate, fertile ; those of the disk tubular, perfect and fertile. Involucre exlindrical; the scales (about 12) imbricated, appressed ; the outermost short, the others oblonglinear, with somewhat greenish but scarcely herbaceous tips. Receptacle narrow, naked. Ray-flowers 4-5 ; the tube of the corolla as long as the oval ligule : corolla of the disk dilated above, 5-cleft ; the lobes lanceolate-Branches of the style (in the disk-flowers) acute, produced above the short and flat stigmatic portion, into a deltoid-lanceolate minutely hispid acumination. Achenia somewhat obconic. Pappus of the disk and ray similar, consisting of about 20 scabrous squamellate bristles, in a single series, shorten than the achenia .- A perennial herb, with the habit of Solidago; the stem simple or sparingly paniculate at the summit. Leaves alternate, membranaccous, very veiny, ovate, acute, all but the upper somewhat cordate, on margined petioles, sharply serrate ; the radical roundish. Heads small, racemose-glomerate, nearly sessile; the clusters or near the summit the solitary heads, disposed in an elongated and interrupted somewhat leafless unilateral raceme or spike. Flowers colden vellow.

BRACHYCHETA.

COMPOSITÆ.

B. cordata.—Solidago sphacelata, Raf.! ann. nat. (1820.) p. 14. no. 106. S. cordata, Short! suppl. cat. Kentucky plants. Brachyris ovstifolim, DC.! grodr. S. p. 313.

Worked Hilluslee's of Kamateky, Rojinoper, D. Skort? it is to imminimise of Nath Complian, gain earns an Willian Course, Mc, Cotta', and Compliant and Compliant and the annual state of the operation of the state of the one interaction (Hardrey) is only thing from the interne (Hardrey Salide Advision interaction (Hardrey) is only thing from the interne (Hardrey Salide one interaction (Hardrey) is only thing from the interne (Hardrey Salide to Salidearithms and the state of the sta

39. SOLIDAGO. Linn.; Gartin. fr. t. 170; Schleuhr, handb. t. 246; DC.

Solidaeo, Ruthamia, & Chrysoma, Natt.

Heals fore-many-flowcrd1, the my-dowers few (1-10), or sometimes withing thus of the data insharp periods. Seelse of the oblige involvem initrication, approach, dustine (accept in Chrystermun) of follacous or type informations in the second second second second second type incomes actionate capitally (mostly equal) levides—Meynemial herits, mely sufficience (the genera periods Neth American), multitum second s

- 51. Herbaccous: scales of the (much imbriented) involver with expanses herbaccous fips: rays 19-16, or entirely wanting: the inner brieflar of the merginel popyent slightly thickend at the aper: I hands in generate clusters or raccase disposed in a compound spike or panicle isoses ample, rings in the lower narrowed into pricilest-CHENERSERVENT.
- Rays none: corolla of the disk deeply 5-cleft: inner briefles of the pappus manifestly developt-thickned at the aver.

 S. dissolder: seen some what villens, branching above, leaves mody pubescent, the lower overs, consulty tooched or services. Astrophy narrowed into a margined petiole; the upper oblong or orant-innecessing, arguest at each ad, somewhat petiole; the upper oblong or orant-innecessing, arguest at each admentarie; scales of the source: only in the second second second second admentarie; scales of the source: only in the second second second second petion of the second second second second second second second petions. Second s

Georgia, abundant in the high rich lands between the Alabama and Chatahouchie Rivers, Elliou! Middle Florids, Dr. Chopman! Louisians,

Drummond ! Sent.-Oct .- Stem 2-4 feet high, stout, clothed with a hoary villous pubescence. Leaves membranaceous, veiny, pale benenth, and ly pubescent above; the lower 2-4 inches long, with margined petioles about the same length, often 2 inches wide, mostly acute and mucronate ; the upper gradually reduced in size, less serrate. Racemes erect, disposed in a virgate panicle. Heads smaller than in the succeeding species, often somewhat clustered. Scales of the involnere nale below, with conspicuous squarrose herbaceous tins. Achenia narrow, glabrous or nearly so; in the specimen from Dr. Chapman, pubescent when young. Pappus copious, sometimes turning purplish, unequal; the longer bristles manifestly clavellatethickened at the apex ! In Mr. Elliott's specimens of this interesting plant, the pappus is purplish, but the corolla appears to be yellow (not ' pale purple'), as it certainly is in the other specimens we have met with. That of Dr. Chapman belongs to a large plant, apparently 5 feet high, with an open panicle, and the heads are nearly as large as in S. squarrosa : the achenia also are evidently pubescent, while they are very obscurely so in Elliott's plant. The specimen of Drummond (marked ' No. 328, A, Louisians,' in herb. Hook.) has smaller heads and almost glabrous leaves. In none of them do we find any trace of ray-flowers.

Rays 12-16: poppus unequal, a portion of the longer bristles obscurity thickneed at the oper.

B. S. sparrow (Mohl): a stern glabous below, very pubseceff it the minimum furrow mostly glabous, fillochia-backator of oblaboustication and the stern stern stern stern stern stern stern stern parallelite stern st

Rocky banks, &c., Canada ! New England States ! New York ! Pennsylvania! and Allegbany Mountains, Kin, in harb, Muhl. ! Aug.-Sept .--Stem 2 to 4 feet high, stout, simple. Radical and lowest cauline leaves 3-6 inches long, 14-3 inches wide, sharply serrate ; the upper leaves gradually reduced in size, more acuminate, the unnermost entire ; all glabrous, or sometimes scabrous-pubescent on the midrib and principal veins, thickish. Heads showy, about as large as in S. rigida, disposed in a rigid and thick virgate interrupted spike often a foot or more long; which is composed of sessile clusters (the lower mostly shorter, the upper longer than the reduced leaves or bracts from the axils of which they arise), or sometimes of dense racentes about 2 inches in length. Scales of the involucre oblong, rigid, with minutely lacerate-cillate margins; the innermost more membranaceous and less squarrose. Rays bright yellow, rather large .- This is not only the plant first published as S. squarrosa (by Mr. Nuttall), but that so named originally by Muhlenberg; as is evident from the habitats New York and Pennsylvania, as well as Georgia, given in Muhlenberg's Catalogue, and from the specimen which Mr. Collins received from that author under this name. Although not ticketed, specimens of this species exist in the Muhlenbergian herbarium ; but there are none of S. petiolaris, to which Mr. Nuttall has recently transferred the name. Perhaps, however, the prior name of S. macrophylia should have been adopted ; but as neither this species, not any

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other with that appellation, is to be found in the Banksian herbarium (which is Pursh's sole authority for the plant), we have not presumed to discard the more appropriate name of S. squarrosa; especially since Pursh's description, though chiefly applicable, is not sufficient to decide the point.

- Houds in azillary clusters or short racences, and often racemose at the extremity of the stem or branches: leaves feather-second.—Giomeruliflorm.
- * Recemes or clusters often longer than the leaves, and resemose or spicets at the summit of the stem or branches.

4. 8. Kolow (Linna): I ming and often cincerosary sum simple, or some times framework at the samural's leaves obtaining or estimated intercentar, sense that we are spatialized on the samural's leaves of the samural sense in classers and samural senses of the samural sense and forming mainterrupted splits, or with the splates somewhat leaves readers and forming mainterrupted splits, or with the splates somewhat leaves and forming mainterrupted splits, or with the splates somewhat leaves and split of the splits of the splits of the splits of the split sense of the splits of the splits of the splits of the split sense (leaves and splits) and the splits of the split sense (leaves and splits) and the split sense of the split sense (leaves and splits) and the split sense of the split sense of the splits of the split sense of the split sense

B. concolor : flowers of the ray and disk yellow .- S. hirsata, Natt. ! in jour. acad. Philad. 7. p. 103, & in trans. Amer. phil. soc. l. c.

We offinish and Bachres Charles Charles Results Santahawan 1 and Nerther Nister's the Annual Santahawan 2 and Nerther Nister's Charles Santa (Nister Philadhala), Nie Granhall / Aug-Seyla-Seyla-Seyla-Seyla (Nister Philadhala), Nie Granhall / Aug-Seyla-Seyla-Seyla (Nister Philadhala), Nie Granhall / Aug-Seyla-Seyla-Seyla (Nister Nister), Nister Nister, Nis

4. S. Lonata (Hook,); villous or wolfy throughout; stem branched shore; hower, haves spatialar objects errors, tapring the tor magical positions; the upper market of the state of the s

Plains of the Saskatchawan near the Rocky Mountains, Dressand !-Stem apparently about 18 inches high, producing near the summit a few simple and losse elongated branches, terminated by rather dense receives or

spikes about 2 inches long. Leaves membranaceous; the lowest nearly 4 inches long, including the winged petiole; the uppermost very small. Heads smaller than in S. bicolor, but otherwise very similar, about 16-flowered. Achenia minutely pubsecent-scabrous under a lens.

+ + Clusters or glomerate racemes mostly short and axillary.

5. S. pubene (M. A. Curit i ma-j) stem virginis, nearly terest, pubeners, nearly a set of the se

Charlents, Mecklanderg Cosany, Neuh Carolina, Mr. Cortil. Asys-Sopa-Steen alcode, apparently simple and 13-6 for high the dimension periors during a fact long, with 7 or 6 of the lower roundah clasters much fiber than the leaves with codes similar to cremed the husbening large. *Leaves 3-5* linebes in length, an inch or more in hereafth, the upper worker during large barries of the leavest long and the lower results of the stars, large bound but more taporting to the base, fons arreate, more hairy above smalls. Husbening large and large as in S-careto the stary barries of the symbol.

6. 8. Backleyi stem and lower surface of the oblong (neute at each end) makessile leaves villour-pubscent is tends in small (losse) willing clusters much shorter than the leaves; pedaneles villous; scales of the involvemently (abnown, mbbr zeute the exterior ovarial-meeding, short, the innermost linear; rays 4-6, the disk-lowers 9-12; achenia short and broad, fcomtressed D, alabous.

Instituted Alahama, Mr. S. B. Rockley ($-\infty$), Secon (ample or bundles) of) paperently do tert more in high-lation villow with a bank hely with the particular of the term or in high-lation villow with a bank hely of the bank hely of the second second second second second with and writing or the lower antifer withous-phase-one, unequily and bank were constrained with the second term of the second second with and writing or the lower antifer withous-phase-one, unequily and bank were constrained with the second secon

3. δε δαβδίαι (Linna) : sem sngled, often flexons, glebrouri : leaves mellow result over strong van sind angle warnis-orden (C. complexity) and the strong strong van strong van benering in the strong van benering the strong van strong van benering and the strong van benering van bener

COMPOSITÆ.

Ret. t 944 (poor). V. mentum Scrophularisfolio, Pick. alm. t. 255, f. 3. V. Indivision folio Consolerais glabra, Pick. t. c, f. 4.7 (Varies, with the glomenter racences, which usually do not exceed the margined periode or a treumate base of the laveys, sometimes polyaoged and exceeding the laveys, end the series probagation of the series polyaoged and exceeding the laveys, sometimes of the series polyaoged and exceeding the laveys, and the series polyaoged and exceeding the laveys and the series polyaoged and

Most words inti shady hanks of reall agreems, Crank-I and Nethers in the Entropy I and the measurement and upper coording of Georgiaanglel by 2 ar 3 decarrent lines from the hans of the lawars, often hitry or billevent at the summin. Lawars measurements, 3 > 0 or 3 declarsing mich associated in a size of the lawars of the lawars, often hitry or mich associated in a size, having it arrest (the lawars) setures the association in the lawar of the lawar of the lawars of the lawars of the lawars mich associated in a size, having it arrests (the lawars) setures that the methings all pipes of the lard, charly an equility, and very alwary burntle-bold at at the lawar of the lawar of the lawars of the lawars of the lawars. The methy final distribution of the lawars or measures mostly sensitive -H much to albility of the lawar of the lawars of the lawars of the lawars of the lawars pipes of the lawars of the lawars or measures mostly sensitive -H much to albility of the lawars pipes and the lawars of the lawars or measures mostly sensitive -H much to albility of the lawars pipes of the lawars pipes and the lawars of the lawars of the lawars of the lawars of the lawars the lawars of the lawars o

Woodlands and thickets, Canada! to Georgia! and Louisiana! Aug .-Oct .- Stem 1-3 feet high, slender, often purplish, and of a glaucous hue. Leaves 2-5 or even 6 inches long, one-third or half an inch to an inch and a half wide, smooth, except the scabrous margins, mostly narrowed at the base, but sessile, irregularly and sharply serrate, with the teeth either appressed, or often coarse and somewhat spreading ; the uppermost usually entire ; the radical and lowermost ovate or oblong and tapering into a slight periole. Heads nearly as large as in S. latifolia; the bright yellow rays very similar, the achenia pubescent, but not silky or canescent .- There is no specimen of S. cresia in the Linnean herbarium, and that species appears to have been founded on the figure of Dillenius. Although the specimen of S. flexicaulis in the herbarium of Linnzus certainly belongs to this species, as Smith has long since remarked, yet we are unwilling to employ that name ; 1st, because the stem is very seldom floxnous; 2nd, because most succeeding authors have applied it to S. latifolia, while the equally ancient name of S. casia has not been misapplied; and 3rd, because the specific phrase given by Linneus, and the entire synonymy, belong to S. latifolia. Those authors,

SOLIDAGO.

however, who units the two species very properly adopt the name of S. flexicaulis.

9. S. Cortini: stem tall, very arist and simple, strints-angleb, early glaboust is avery clongated-inaccoda, smooth and movity clabroos, finaly and sharply sermine: heads in disease and sessile activity classes, all many times induces: heads in disease and sessile activity classes, all many times induces the transfer of the set of the s

6.1 monitola: leaves springly appressed-serrate; the upper scarcely longer than the subsessile glomerate clusters, the uppermost reduced to bracts; scales of the about 15-flowered involucre narrowly-linear, acute; achenia glabrous.

Meanings of North Carolina (1, Yellow Monattin), Mr. M. A. Cortif, K. Mag-Seler, Showa ranged, S.-d. Wei Hain, Fulles and Hain, Haffy and Marking Marking, M. M. Sanger, K. Sanger, Sanger, K. Sang

10. S. ambigue (Air.); stem somewhat flexuous, glabrous, angled, branching; leves oblong-incoexist, densely severa, alightly hairy breachti; tracence street; rays elongated (scales of the involucer inaccolate, acute); adhenia cancescenty hinty? J. Air. Krov. (ed. 1) 3, ep 217, Swish, in Ross, egel, J. D.C. profer, 5: p. 3367 (The additions to the character derived from the mecimen in herb; Banka).

β.) Lascifikia: leaves elongated lanceolate, attenuate-acuminate; racemes pedunculate, somewhat compound or paniculate, numerous, all but the lowermost longer than the leaves, forming an elongated panicle; rays rather small.

North America ? described from specimens of unknown origin, cultivated in 1759 by Miller, and in the Kew Garden. Smith supposes that it may be a variety of S. latifolia ; "from which it differs in its somewhat narrower belongs to S. latifolia ; and the plant cultivated as S. ambigua in the Berlin Garden, and some others, is probably nothing but a state of that species-But the original plant must be different, as the scales of the (perhaps 20flowered) involucre are lanceolate or linear-lanceolate, acute, and more imbricated. If really of American origin, the plant we have doubtfully subjoined is probably not specifically distinct from it .- The latter was collected on the Yellow Mountain in North Carolina by Mr. M. A. Curtis. The angular stem is apparently simple and 3 feet in length (the base is wanting in the specimen); the flower-bearing portion a foot long, somewhat pubescent. The leaves, instead of elliptical-lanceolate and abraptly narrowed into a short winged petiole, as in the original S. ambigua (like a narrow-leaved var. of S. latifolia), are clongated lanceolate, tapering gradually from near the middle to the base, 4 to 5 inches long, less than an inch in width, thin, smooth and glabrous, or with a few scattered hairs, sharply and rather finely serrate, except the slender acuminate apex and near the base. Racemes 20 or more, approximate, erect or somewhat spreading, more or less compound, naked at

COMPOSITE.

the base (pedameulate) ; the lower about 3 lickets ha longth but rather scherer than the subscription jeaves; the upper successively shorter, but longer than the reduced narrowly lanceodate and nearly centre lawers i leads usually evolved on the branches of the renerse, on short pelecies, or nearly sensitie. Scalas of the involuter glabors or minutely gravular, similar to the original S, similying, on perturbang a little broads. Actionic accession (b) hairy-effect Neural Cover, this is by no means an uncommon species in the monations of Neural Cover, thus is by no means an uncommon species in the monation of Neural Cover, the scalar system of the little glabor the flowering scatters.

 Recenses terminal, erect, not second, either simple and virgale, or compound and paniculates leaves feather-wined.—Virgata.

11. S. virgele (Micks): j alarces throughout; stern virgels, simple, very leader (i sees somewhat fields, entire, with a same marging the mideat and lowest earlier oblog-spatiality or oblanceolate, often obscuryly strate, petiods; the others small, approach, Inccolate-oblog, sessilitions of the attenuated upper part of the stern very small and hard-like; hands (middl-aised) numerous; in a very strict or splitsmic colorage statis, indicating and an another strategies and a strategies of the attenuated in the investment of the stern very small and hard-like; hands (middl-aised) numerous; in a very strict or splitsmic compound we come; wates of the involuce linear-lanceolate; glahma; revs 5-7, elongeds; a plenting platentime - Market, S. 2, p. 117 (1 - Mark, fiz, 2, p. 303).

Note: prove the physics $EU(z, d, w, p_{i}, w) \in DC$, proving $p_{i}, w)$ as the harmonic model in damp only, we know the rest for the Product, and Alahaman. Step-Oct-drawe to Oct_{i}, DD_{i} -meson fast for high, very starts the physics of the physics of the physics of the physics of the start approximate increasing barring data barries of the physics relation and the physics of the start approximate mesons, here the physics of the an interface of the start physics of the physics of the physics of the physics of the start physics of the physics of the physics of the physics of the start physics of the physics of the physics of the physics of the start physics of the physics of the physics of the physics of the start physics of the physics of the physics of the physics of the start physics of the start physics of the physics of the physics of the physics of the start physics of the physics of the physics of the physics of the start physics of the p

13. S. pulseraderata (Nutt.); minutely and softly pulseratent; stem simple, figure, very legit y caulies leaves short, obviste schoog, obscurity veinst. Statistics, often numeroaste-scatte, attenuants at tables, and tables at the statistic stem of the statistic statistic statistics and statistics. The statistical statistics are applied by the statistic statistics and statistics are applied by the statistic statistics are applied by the statistic statistics and statistics are applied by the statistic statistics are applied by the statistic statistics are applied by the statistic statistics and statistics are applied by the statistic statistics and the statistic statistics are applied by the statistic statistic

B. peduncles somewhat elongated, and often spreading, forming an expanded compound raceme.

Benergin and Flarska, Batchien, Aalsman, Dr. Batteri, North, Corrillan, M. S. 2008, edited and S. Batteri, N. Sterk, C. Sterkan, M. S. 2008, and S. 2008, and S. S. 2008, and S. S. 2008, and S. 2008, an

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13. S. puberula (Nutt.): very minutely puberlarit; tetra simple; cutline learns increduts, acuts, tapering to the base, seakly mostly ordin; et ha lower obtained and sorrewhat sorrate; the lowest and radial abdogs apatilates, series owners the apacy, particular, have individual-sized in numerons compare every apacaling meenses (often compound), forming an eleggeted or and runs with run apatical scalar of an elegations in the second state of the second runs of the second state of the second state of the second state of the second state of the second runs of the second state of the second state of the second state of the second runs of the second state of the second stat

Samily works for meanly in them yeah, Maine (Mr. Oaked') and Marsenhenetin New -people for con foreign a Maga-tot-s-resolved for high concest, which is scarcely visible to the mained eyes, somewhat weight the the lower calling total index for any definition of the start of t

14. Screnferiflora (DC:): herbaceous, glabrous, viscens: stem aimpleleft to the thrystas [traves out]-innecediate or oblequi-lancedate, screttet at the spex, unite below, topering (particularly of the lower ones) into long Parfilest; heads \$4:160werd, very much crowded in a spiralterm threads particularly and an another threads and the spiral spiral spiral particular spiral spiral spiral spiral spiral spiral spiral spiral particular spiral spiral spiral spiral spiral spiral spiral particular spiral spiral spiral spiral spiral spiral spiral particular spiral spiral spiral spiral spiral spiral spiral spiral particular spiral spiral spiral spiral spiral spiral spiral spiral particular spiral spiral spiral spiral spiral spiral spiral spiral particular spiral spiral spiral spiral spiral spiral spiral spiral particular spiral spi

Nootka and Mulgrave Sound, Hanke ex DC. Plains of the Oregon and Wahlamet, Nuttall !- " About 2 feet high, with a brown stem, angular nbove ; lower leaves 3 or 4 inches long, by about half an inch wide ; the radical attenuated into long petioles. Upper part of the stem, bracts, and involucrum indued with an orange varnish-like resin, of a strong, aromatic, and rather unpleasant taste. Rays about 8-10 [we observe 5-8] : discal florets 5 or 6 : pappus of the rays a little shorter," Nutt .- Not having compared the two, we are not certain that the S. glutinosa, Nutt. is the S. confertiflorn, DC. ; but we find no essential difference. In the former, the radical leaves are lanceolate-spatulate, 3-4 inches long, sharply serrate near the apex, with a long attenuate entire base, veiny and somewhat triplinerved : the cauline 2-3 inches long, 3-4 lines wide, rather obscurely reticulate-veined, the lower more attenuate at the base. Heads middle-sized, in short glomerate racemes which are aggregated in a spiciform panicle. Exterior scales of the inveloere ovate or roundish, very short ; the middle ones ovate-oblong, the innermost linear-oblong. Rays small. Achenia minutely pubescent.

15: S. prieformiz a platonia or nearly so: nen accerding, simple control was globicos [1] leaves abayese-publishes. Finally serrate, tapering into a narrow write base, or the fower into long margined peoples, writesider recently recent abort, envolved in a dense spike early globicost 170⁴ and 180⁴ (1) and 100⁴ (1) and 100⁴

Moniterry, California, Capt. Beckeyl (v. sp. in Arch. Hok)-Stern 6001, 8-12 incidential and elementaria and imparently avoue halp preissient, densely clobed with spatialize leaves, which tapering source halp resolver with more scattered and less peixed leaves; those near the summit small and sensile. The leaves are all glabrons or nearly so, usually sermit with close and fine acute tests, except the narrower dase, mostly obtains, and

COMPOSITÆ.

manifestly reticulate-weined beneath. Heads middle-sized or rather large, crowded on the short erect recernes, and disposed in a dense spike or thyrsus 3-5 inches in length, about 25-flowered. Raves short and inconspicuous.

16: S. Californica (Nat.): villeas and cianeccas: leaves nearly all equal as somewhat reveded, oblong: increadant, same at each end, near the apex sometimes vary slightly sermilate; panicle clongeted, nearly equal; scalas of the involute: innecolare, nearly, somewhat publescent; rays, about 9; achenia publescent. Next, i in trans. Amer. phil. soc. (n. ser.) 7, p. 238. S. priolaris, Leav. in Lineavec, 5, 5021

3. softly cinereous-pubescent: leaves oblong, mostly obtuse, attenuate at the base, veiny i leads somewhat secund 2--S. periolaris, Hoak, & Arn. ? bot. Bechey, p. 145, parily. S. pubernia, Cham, & Schlecht, I. e. 7 St. Barbarg, California, Nuttall. A. Monterey, California, Capt. Bech-

So Debara, Caliberta, Yulio, J., & Nonzery, Coliberta, Capi, Boel, M., Kaliberta, Yulio, J., & Nonzery, Coliberta, Capi, S. & Sang, Y. & Sang,

17. Spritzlark (k1): term simple and virgits, ofthe hermoling above shyperstress with a face paiseness, many hermolic shares the human physers of the simple stress of the simple shares and the physersectic stress become in the last of the physersec in the simple stress stress and the simple shares and the simple shares and the simple stress stress and the simple shares and the simple stress stress stress and the simple stress stress stress with the stress stress stress stress and the simple stress stress stress with the stress stress stress stress stress stress stress stress stress with the stress stress stress stress stress stress stress stress with the stress s

B. squarraloss: exterior scales of the involuces linear or subulate, more betbaceous, somewhat squarrose. -S. squarrosa, Nutl. 1 in jour. acad. Philad. 7. p. 102; not of Natl., cea., not of Mubl., or Ell. ?

Pine barrens and sandy, usually dry soil. North Carolina! to Georgia! Florida ! and Western Louisiana ! Aug .- Sept .- Stem 1-2, rarely 3 feet high, clothed with a fine and short somewhat hoary pubescence, which at the summit and on the peduncles, &c. is tomentose. Leaves pale, almost glabrous or slightly scabrous above, prominently feather-veined beneath, and often somewhat reticulated, either obtuse or acute, 1-2 inches long, gradually diminishing in size upwards; the lower more or less narrowed at the base. but very slightly petioled, usually serrate with small scattered teeth; the upper rounded at the base, slightly perioled, it may be, but appearing sessile. Raceme usually virgate, terminating the stem or branches; or often several disposed in a panicle, rarely nearly simple ; the heads usually 2-5 on each short peduncle, and on mostly slender bracecolate pedicels, pretty large, 20-25-flowered. Rays bright yellow. Achenia minutely pubescent when young, glabrous when mature. Inner scales of the involucre with somewhat greenish tips, appressed; the exterior short and loose, gradually passing into the subulate bracts of the pedicels: in var. β , these bracts are more

memory, and the attenuets and longer exterior furthermal endes excelly framework framework (the investment $\sim excents = experiments)$. The survey former is observable 1, but a fill suite of specimens formables every gradue formers is observable 1, but a fill suite of specimens formables every gradue probable they are no algorithm on the second primer more of the probable they are no algorithm on the second primer more framework for the second primer is the second primer in the second primer probable they are no algorithm on the second primer is the second second primer is the second primer is the second primer is the second second primer is the second primer is the second primer is the second second primer is the second primer is the second primer is the second second primer is the second primer is the second primer is the second second primer is the second primer is the second primer is the second second primer is the second primer is the second primer is the second second primer is the second primer is the second primer is the second primer second primer is the second primer is the second primer is the second primer second primer is the second primer is the second primer is the second primer is the second primer second primer is the second primer is the second primer is the second primer second primer is the second primer is the second primer is the second primer second primer is the second

19. S. angusta: stem strict and simple, leafy, slightly sendorsat [sters] inneolate, morematic-auter, tapping to the base, sendis, sprarely verifed, with a prominent midrik glabrons, with elitate-seakness marging; the lower most observely sentent towards the appendix the sender sendors in basis (and the appendix section) and the section of the se

Alexandra, Wagtern Loupian, Dr. Hatt Arianass near the Herforing, Dr. Englishman 18 gings-Beam 4 for thigh versions were field principle. The Englishman 18 gings-Beam 4 for thigh versions were field principle frame three pairs have been as a second se

19. S. nieża (Mi)? smoół nad glałom thengikut stem steri tad wy imiętic i terze inieczie, terzeni into wiegad somewich technicy moment Ref w prywadowienie, terzeni toto wiegad somewich technicy moment one (errein a cowode and vezy sterie wiegad somewich stending interpretation and the sterie wiegad somewich is unity lated towards the has a basis (mine smal) is 12 dowerd; seduc 17 interpretation and the sterie wiegad somewich wiegad some moment. All Kone (ed. 3) z. 2424 (2016), pros. 2, p. 2007 Periol. & 2, p. 4007 (excl. habita); Kolenska oprz. Peniol., jenny (ed. 2, p. 2517 (2017), Suitelinou Marie i nie orozawa Peliol (2, p. 10), p. 1007 Periol. & 2017 S. utilization. Marie i nie orozawa Peliol (2, p. 10), p. 1007 (2017).

Beingsweiserungen, Nieweiserungen der Verstehlt 2014 (2014). Zusisch kein Obermeinneren der Weitergen genre New York 1 2014 Aussischen Stehlen und der Verstehlt 2014 (2014). Zusische Stehlen Verstehlten der Verstehlten

COMPOSITÆ.

popular name applied in Horus Kewenisi, "Willow-leaved Goiden Rod," in appropriately, the panicle narrow and perfective starties (to to 18 incluses long, and only 1-2 wide), easingly in first by the mobile of September; the achemic diritively globeous, or rarrely gressening is four minutes observed in narrow leaved starts of S. angleon, we prove it sconetimes observed in narrow leaved starts of S. angleon, which are receiven as first scavely if a stal spreading or securid.

30. Superioral (Nutz) : seem simple, stoids, glabora; the summing with the performing and problem i intersup-performance): in severa biological, strainers photos, strainers and an annual strainers of the strainers. A state of the strainers of the strainers. A state of the strainers of the s

β. angustata: smaller, less publicent at the summit; racemes short and glomerate, forming a narrow and dense, interrupted or somewhat compound spike.—S. erectaf Zul. / sk.2, p. 385; DC, gredr. 5, p. 3407

 rigidiuscula : heads smaller; panicle strict; peduncies and summit of the stem less pubescent; leaves nearly all entire and smaller, lanceolate or oblong, more rigid.

Borders of woods &c. (Canada, Michaur) Massachusetts ! and Ohio ! to Kentucky ! and Florida ! B. New Jersey! North Carolina ! South Carolina ! Kentucky ! &c. 7. St. Louis, Missouri and Texas, Drummond ! Dr. Engelmann ! Louisiana, Dr. Leavenworth ! Prairies between the Mississippi and Missouri Rivers, Mr. Nicollet ! Aug.-Oct .- Stem 21 to 5 or even 6 feet high, stout, erect, glabrous and often purple; the summit and the branches of the inflorescence pubescent, in a greater or less degree, with short and close jointed hairs, not unfrequently almost hirsute. Radical leaves 6 inches or more in length, and 2-4 wide, sharply serrate, petioled; the lower cauline ample, 4-6 inches long, 1-2, or often 3 inches wide, acute or slightly acuminate, narrowed into a slight margined petiole, thickish, very smooth except the margins, with a rather strong midrib ; the primary veins seldom prominent; the veinlets very copiously and minutely reticulated; upper leaves successively much reduced in size ; the primary veins obscure and similar to the immersed, inconspicuous, but finely reticulated veinlets. Panicle very showy, 6-18 inches in length, composed of numerous, rigid, dense or spicate racemes, which vary from 1 to 5 inches in length. Heads trowded, 12-16-(rarely 18-) flowered, large for the number of flowers they contain, but somewhat variable in size. Scales of the involucre 1-nerved, pale, with greenish summits, glabrous or nearly so, appressed, large; the times acutish. Rays conspicuous, deep yellow .- A very showy species, varying considerably in the size of the leaves, and in the panicle, which in some specimens is very large and compound; in others small and simple. The var. B. is a reduced state, growing in poor soil; its contracted inflorescence often simulating S. bicolor, for which indeed it has sometimes been mistaken. Var. y., which probably grows in more arid situations, has smaller heads as well as leaves; the latter often conspicuously veined and more rigid.

21. S. serna (M. A. Curia! mss.): sofily cinercous-publicent; stem creet or ascending, loosely panicolate at the summit; the branches nearly naked; leaves scattered, veiny, minutely iomenuse beneath; the radical and lower cauline ovate or oval, finely serrate, abruptly narrowed into margined petioles; the uppermost oblong or lanceolate, sessile, mostly entire; racemes loose, paniculate, or rarely somewhat corymbose, sometimes slightly recurved; scales of the nearly glabrous involucre linear-lanceolate; rays 10-12, large; acheais pubescent.

Open marky pine words, near Willmington, and Lenoit Courty, Nech Gerönn, M. M. A. Coristi (Florida, Elfer Anglorogen), May-Janos-Skom niosel 2 fort high, almost villow svine young, Reided and lowest classified levice 2-60 factors barg, and older 2 foldow with, analytic marking and the start of the start of the start of the start of the start way in length from 1 to 5 incluse; the other calline nearly similar bit othy in stars. Heads multile-stard, ishont 30-florenced, housing retornees at the in stars. Heads multile-stard, ishont 30-florenced, housing retornees at the ing or recurst-0 sciencies interactions. The start of the start of the start ing or recurst-0 sciencies interaction. The start of the start start of the start of the

22. S. Terre-New: seem erect, snooth, paniculate-coryribons and somewhat pubscent at the summit; leaves glabous; the culture lanceblab, tapering to the base, nearly entire; the lowest and minical patulate-blogs ippering into a margined priority, somewhat servers ; meetings numerous, short, how, formult a large expanding and how y fuelgate complexes, showing the priority of the server patulate and the server of the server beer, how, formult a large expanding and how y fuelgate complexes, showing increases and the server patient of the server of the server beer how of the server of the server of the server of the server beer how of the server of the server of the server of the server beer how of the server of the server of the server of the server beer how of the server of the server of the server of the server beer how of the server beer how of the server beer how of the server of

To bops, Norfcomland, Petairi, Man Breinser (in herk. Hook)—Plant 1-2 feet high. Leaves month, minutely varity; the lowest aloud 3 index long an inch wide near the apex, mostly obtavit the uppermost narrow, entic. Particle gaps, 4-5 index board at the summit; the particular irregalar arceness more or less spreading, but not seemd. Heads as large as fa Sartietts; the scales of the involvement membraneous and much attrive sammit of the stem, the former so much expanded that it was referred by Hoost to S. scredules, but it is presented to the present division.

23. Should (Herb, Banks): glabmas; seen simple, error; mildel herve oblacookaro or spatiate, obsec, center-serra is the apex, taprice prove oblacookaro spatiate, obsec, center-serra is the apex, taprice promoti lines and entire i renew simple, or composed and paineitable, changes of the service colors (known of the service colors) (somewhat glabmas), monthly obsect is the service colors (known of the service colors) (somewhat glabmas), monthly obsect is the service colors (known of the service colors) (somewhat glabmas), monthly obsect is the service colors (known of the service colors) (somewhat glabmas), monthly obsect is the service colors (known of the service colors) (somewhat glabmas), monthly obsect is more colors). Somewhat we have a service color of the service colors (known of the service colors) (somewhat glabmas), monthly obsect is more colors). Somewhat we have a service color of the service colors (known of the service colors) (somewhat glabmas), monthly obsect is more colors). Somewhat we have a service color of the service colors (known of the service colors) (somewhat glabmas), monthly obsect is more colors). Somewhat glabmas (known of the service colors) (somewhat glabmas), more service colors), somewhat we have a service color (known of the service colors), somewhat we have a service color (known of the service colors). Somewhat we have a service color (known of the service colors), somewhat we have a service color (known of the service colors), somewhat we have a service color (known of the service colors), somewhat we have a service color (known of the service colors), somewhat we have a service color (known of the service colors), somewhat we have a service color (known of the service colors), somewhat we have a service color (known of the service colors), somewhat we have a service color (known of the service colors), somewhat we have a service color (known of the service colors), somewhat we have a service color (known of the service colors), somewhat we have a service color (known of

3. stem taller; heads more numerous, in short glomerate clusters disposed in a dense, somewhat interrupted, virgate spike or compound raceme.—S. stricts, Hook. / L.c., parity.

For Almey, Howev Bey, and Newfourliand, Heeb, Barket, "Wordy control between idea of an effective distance of Lorentz Beyn and Statistical Control (1998). The second statistical statistical statistical statistical statistical statistical statistical fields and statistical phasms, in turnor or long allocations and the latter statistical statistical statistical statistical statistical statistical fields and statistical fields and statistical fields and statistical statistical statistical statistical statistical fields and statistical statistical statistical statistical statistical fields and statistical statistical statistical statistical statistical statistical statistical fields and statistical statistical statistical statistical statistical statistical statistical field statistical statistical statistical statistical statistical statistical statistical field statistical statistic

24. S. Virga-Aarea (Linn.) : stem erect, torete ; cauline leaves lanceolate, tapering to each end, serrate ; the lower elliptical, petioled; raceme

COMPOSITÆ.

erect, simple or compound; scales of the involucre linear [or lanceolate], acute; rays about 8, clongated; nchenia minutely public ent. DC—Line.? spec. 2, p. 880; Engl. bot. t. 301; $Fl_*Dan. t. 663$; Hook.? [J. Bor.-Am. 2, p. 5; DC.?] prodr. 5, p. 338.

β. alpina (Bigel.! 1. c.): seem 3-8 inches high, simple, glabrous or pubescent, bearing few (1-8) heads; scales of the involucre lanceolate, nearly glabrous; raves short; leaves oblanceolate, oblong-oborate, or anstulate.

 γ_{c} matrixulation is sum villos-publication, particular travely bimoched at the summit is back (large) in a dense thyroid or corryphone memory analog of the involvere narrow, neutry glubnosi rays 3–12; leaves elistic oblargimmediate (obtaice or carely), a period to the bases—5–30; leaves elistic oblarglimediate (base or carely), a period to the bases—5–30; leaves (bases) and the particular of the probability of the probability of the bases balance of the probability of the probability of the probability of the bases balance of the probability of the

Areie Advirent and Labradie to the Recky Mountains (for about the Vol. Unaisskells' belong laboral on a docubenels bound (e. devindy y₂). It On the laber summarie of the Willier Mountains of New Hempsheir and Policient De, Hargenelsen 1, Ange-Step - Arey variable projects, which in this country is confused to the Northern regions and the higher mountains below the Northern Stepsens and the higher mountains to ware, a which were ytenedly approached the visit. Cambrids of European to ware, which is very interful approached the visit. Cambrids of European to ware, a which were ytenedly approached the visit. Cambrids of European the in study docubates the same of the study of the study.

35. S. Alyonada (E. Meyer): a start new its monwhat flexons, attributing a start of polarized through polarized interve glutness, there were a start of the s

Labours, Hernkovg (E. Mayny, Kohnstor) (r. on, in her. Solventika, Ster, Gilfan, e. y. Doner, Cannah, Alexandr Jerk, O. yhu world silas stered (Kohnstor) (Kohnstor) (Kohnstor) (Kohnstor) (Kohnstor) Killingson Peak and Manadezk Manualinu, Verrison, Dr. Belder Species, Temarkable for the abreed starburg and provide the starburg starburg (Kohnstor) minin abour half to the alegal and an indication (Kohnstor) (Kohnstor) (Kohnstor) minin abour half to the alegal and an indication (Kohnstor) (Kohnstor) (Kohnstor) minin abour half to the alegal and an indication (Kohnstor) (Kohnstor) minin (Kohnstor) (Kohnstor) (Kohnstor) (Kohnstor) (Kohnstor) minin (Kohnstor) (Kohnstor) (Kohnstor) (Kohnstor) (Kohnstor) minin (Kohnstor) (Kohnstor) (Kohnstor) (Kohnstor) (Kohnstor) (Kohnstor) minin (Kohnstor) (Kohnstor)

26. S. glomerata (Michx.) : stem low, very simple; leaves glabrous, am-

SOLIDAGO.

ple, lanceolate, serrate; raceme simple, of axillary clusters, the uppermost capitate, crowded; involucre turgid, many-flowered. Michx. fl. 2. p. 117.

Mountains of Carolina, Michaux .- With much hesitation we join to this species a remarkable plant which we had called S. macrantha, collected in flower on the Roan Mountain by Mr. Curtis, and which is also abundant towards the summit of the Grandfather, N. Carolina (Gray, in Sill, journ, 42, p. 35); flowering in August. It is one to 2 feet high, with a stout striateangular glabrous stem; with large, broadly lanceolate or oboyate-lanceolate, glabrous leaves, 4-9 inches long, the lower 2-3 broad, ciliate especially towards the tapering entire base, serrate above with small sharp teeth, acuminate, veiny, of a firm but rather thin texture; the radical tapering into a winged petiole. Heads larger than those of S. rigida, 3-7 together in short racemes or clusters in the axils of the upper leaves, at first glomerate, but when expanded the pedicels (stout and pubescent, like the peduncles) are often as long as the heads; the lowest clusters somewhat remote, the others approximate, forming a narrow (sometimes thyrsoid) elongated panicle or compound raceme, mostly simple at the summit. Scales of the involucre imbricated in 3 or 4 series, 1-nerved, acutish; the exterior oblong-ovate, the innermost linear-lanceolate, nearly glabrous. Flowers 30-40 in each head ; the rays 10-12, small in proportion. Achenia pubescent towards the summit, nearly glabrous below .- We know not what plant Nuttall had in view as the S. glomerata, of which he remarks (Gen. 2, p. 161) ; " Lower leaves broad oval and acuminate, serrate : nearly allied to Aster." Nor have we been able to ascertain the species mentioned by Schweinitz (in Ell. sk. 2. p. 387.) as "distinguished by its deep and close servatures, and the capitate form of the axillary racemes" : the latter, however, is probably S. latifolia.

 Icads in a compound coryard terminating the simple stem, showy: leaves featherveined or 3-nerved.—Corymboam.

* Scales of the involucre acute: achenia pubescent; leaves veiny.

27. S. apidonese (M. A. Caria) rms.): stem villous-pubecteri, levity leaves on al or oblog-lancoitase, citian, nearly planous, sharply enrula above the middle, or the uppermast enries 1 the forerest and radical particulaologo, tupering into winged periods: heads (middle-middle

Boxy pieces on the hald summit of the Koan Mountain, Newit Gerühre (fan nel newino' (6006 her) i weise i wes discovered), in 185% by M. Idan discussion of the South South South South South South South South bareaching ended. Levers neurosciences help, growing in turbusy in within frequelity and nomenican incidency service its questions and the lower conspicuously citata along the onite narrowed base. Heads May Southwest, Sauth South South South South South South South South Control (1997) and the south S

t t Scales of the involuces very obtase: achenia glabrous: leaves mostly featherveined from a strong midrib: rays several.

28. S. rigida (Linn.): scabrous-pubescent, somewhat hoary; stem stort; the short compact racemes corymbone at the summit; leaves rigid; the lower mosely oval or oblong, serrate, petiolod; the others ovate-oblong. closely sessile, slightly classing; the oppermose entire; heads (very large)

COMPOSITÆ.

about 34-flowered, crowded.—Linn. spec. 1. p. 880; *i Mi.1* Kew. (cd. 1) 3, p. 216; *Michz.1 R.* 2, p. 116; *Purult f*, 2, p. 543; *Ell.1 sk.* 2, p. 390; *Ibok.1 fl.* 8cr.Am. 2, p. 55; *D.C. prodx. 5*, p. 337. S. grandilfons, *Ref. in mod. repos.* (hex. 9) 5, p. 359. Virga-Aurea Novæ-Anglie, *Herm. parad. t* 243, (poor.)

Dry wid, from Connecticut New York 1 and Premylvania 1 to Kent Kontrait & de charge the neuration and from Sokatakarawa Kontrait & de charge the neuration and from Sokatakarawa do a minus and neurowind knowy photocence, asknow, a don minu of a minus and neurowind knowy photocence, asknow, as don sing semantic crimes tests; the radical coses 4 us 9 inclusions for any semantic crimes tests; the radical coses 4 us 9 inclusions for any semantic crimes tests; the radical coses 4 us 9 inclusions for any data set of the involvement of the semantic cost of the semantic for going Sokatarawa and the semantic cost of the semantic for going Sokatarawa and the semantic cost of the semantic cost of the semantic semantic semantic cost of the semantic cost of the semantic semantic semantic cost of the semantic cost of the semantic cost of the involvement doing to see oftense singled semantic semantic semantic physics. Resp. 2019; 20

29. S. corymbou (Eil.): stem stout, glabrous; the corymbouse branches and short racemes himme-pubmetent; leaves (cauline) oblong-lanceolate, (coledy assails, rigid, glabrous, with minutely ciliate and very scabrous margins, mostly servalate; heads (large) in short and loose fastigiate racemes, about 39-flowered-mEU(.4%, 2, p. 378.

In the mindle duration of Oronga, 2010att. Super-Octas-W Nom 4-6 flexibility, theorem of Vergany's energy interacting neuron first sectors of the original sectors of the sectors o

30. So, Ohiseasis (Riddell): vary smooth and glubrous: stema strict, fairly discovyrabose at the samuli: railed and lowes calline leaves lancolate-oblorg, ottanse, with clickate-scabose margins, finely serate towards langer, tapering into sheader problex, the darks advantarianceoliste, clearly sea-skine, mostly entire: heads (rinker small) mannersons, in a simple series of the single -Discover film that the scalar sector of the single -Discover film that the scalar sector of the single -Discover film that the scalar sector of the single -Discover film that the scalar sector of the single -Discover film that the scalar sector of the single -Discover film that the scalar sector of the single -Discover film that the scalar sector of the single -Discover film that the scalar sector of the single -Discover film that the scalar sector of the single -Discover film that the scalar sector of the single -Discover film that the scalar sector of the single -Discover film that the scalar sector of the single -Discover film that the scalar sector of the single -Discover film that the scalar sector of the single -Discover film that the scalar sector of the single -Discover film that the scalar sector of the single -Discover film the scalar sector of the single -Discover film the scalar sector of the scalar sector of the single -Discover film that the scalar sector of the single -Discover film that the scalar sector of the single -Discover film that the scalar sector of the single -Discover film that the scalar sector of the single -Discover film that the scalar sector of the single -Discover film that the scalar sector of the single -Discover film that the scalar sector of the single -Discover film that the scalar sector of the single -Discover film that the scalar sector of the single -Discover film that the scalar sector of the single -Discover film that the scalar sector of the single -Discover film that the scalar sector of the scalar sector of the single -Discover film that the scalar sector of the single -Discover fi

We grown burners of CoSe, M., For Cine: De Relation and the lass, Mr. Leef. A site is no variant part of Waren New York, Dr. Sarnhold, Dr. Kariadeen, M. G. B. Colsain J. Style-Olev-Paut 28: for high momenta of the site of

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31. S. Riddhill (Frank): seem soon, globrows, corymbone at the summfi, the branches and genicles pluverlaupt pubsecart; leaves, lancadats, obegated, neutre, entire, glabroux, with scalaros margins, obscuriely nervel; the radical on long caraina periodes; the canilie party (cashing or sheating, carinate-conduplicity, monty arcmate; heads (middle-sized) very tumeroux, clastered, format, e compound facigities corymb, 20-46/devered—Frank; in Riddkl, suppost, i.e., S. Mexicans 3. forbus into-corymbolis, Hole: I company, bo kir, may, i.e., S. Mexicans 3. forbus into-corymbolis, Hole: I support, bo kir, may, i.e., S. Mexicans 3.

We and grave parities Ohio, Dr. Raddill 'Mr. Van Cleel' Dr. Pari del: Mr. Leel's St. Lonix, Misson, Dremsmoll /Dr. Englement and an St. Patrix River, Mr. Nichlel', Wieconian, Mr. Laplant (Norther Steven, Mr. Nichlel'), Wieconian, Mr. Laplant (Norther Steven, 2016), and U. St. Tore of the delinet parallel neuros, Barning manerons reficialitions with the minute and close winless, thin but rather there strong middly, and U. S. Tore of the delinet parallel neuros, Barning manerons reficialitions with the minute and close winless, thin but rather there are parallely and U. S. Tore of the delinet parallel neuros. Barning memory and the strong the strong strong and the strong strong strong with events, presented and party disadility at the base, done reamted spins due to the strong employ and the strong strong strong strong strong on the barnelses of the large company desympt. Instally on hort publicets beedens, Scales of the instructure many dology. Lever, a string throws, Rays 7-30, small and narrow. Achievin platenna, or algeby rather the other there is the structure many strong dology. Lever, and the problement of the barnelse of the large companies and strong strong strong strong the other processing.

t t + Scales of the involucre obtuse : achenia glabrous : leaves nerved : rays 2-3.

32. So minder stem strict, very smooth below, fastigiate-corymobose at the summir ; the branches and pochela scohmer-pobesent; lever stigh, very smooth and shining, nerved, lanceolate or linear, entire, neute, the margine clollante-scabnoss towards the aper; i the andicin and lowers caubine tapring into short petioles; the observable, showing the development of the strength and the strength of the strengt

Dry nise words Au, "Watern Loaisian, Dr. Larenzeurcht Dr. Holt: I Texa, Dremmed I Dr. Lerowent, Aug-el-ter-Son Holt est en eine State State State State State State State State Geregend, or somerente, brenched huar zhe ansmitt, hae henolese right erste dingene, edizie eine in ohert song passenesse. Lavars arguing hont in adhaing (the margina also smooth sourch field with 1 of 3 oracle passes) densame arrenters were the agene, framework with a state state densame arrenters are the agene, framework with a state state densame arrenters are the agene, framework with a state state densame arrenters are the agene, framework with a state state densame arrenters and the state of the state state of the state densame arrenters and the state of the state state of the state state state of the state state of the state state of the state state densame arrenters and the state state of the state state of the state state state of the state state of the state state of the state state of the state part of the state state of the state state of the state state of the state state state state of the state state state state of the state state of the state s

33. S. pomila: scena several from a woody caudea, searchy longer than the radius leaves, simple, singular: a town right, association, entire, uppear to each each, macroane-scene, smooth, some sing jutimous, strongly descrived in the radius protocol, bands (larger for the size of the plant) in smoole clusters of 3-4 topping, disposed in a small coryon's guales of the somewhat windl movem shout the same number.—Chrysens pumila, Null. / in trans. Astrophile. see, (new 7), n. 2023.

SOLIDAGO.

Open situations, on shelving rocks towards the western declivity of the Rocky Mountains (about lat. 41°), Nattall !--Plant about a span high, in: Closters from the same rock. Leaves (persistent I) with somewhat scabroos margins, slightly veiny between the ribs. Scales of the involucre with scarions margins, observely mouromate.

 * * Natives of brackisk sceanges racenes cred or spreading, paniculate: leaves thickisk or flexity, very smooth and entire, obscurity veing, often somewhat triplinerved, --Maritimen.

34. 5. Miciana (Linn.): stem oblique, glabrous: leaves lanceolate, serei; poduncies squamose, glabrous: rays elongated, dit—Linn./ hort. CRF, p. 199, 57 pt. 2, p. 879. Ait. Ken. (ed. 1). 3. p. 215. reach, syn. Town. Pluk. & Dodarz, fide Swortz, obs. p. 309; F. H. B. & K.'. nor, gen. & prog. 2, p. 409.

Described from specimes involuer (ine European garben new they be hundred years ages at first of rights Horizor origins that there were the source of the source of the source of the source of the third in following species. It was more more hubble deviced define from Mexico with the following species. It was more more hubble deviced define the source of the matter of the source of the matter of the source of the source of the source of the source of the matter of the source of the source of the source of the source of the matter of the source of the sourc

35. S. respersives (Linn.): stell event, glabera: Lewise fieldly, Interlite, entire, acute, sealle, slightly, Laping, observed vi pillatervel ; the radical Lancointe-oblong, on elongated periodes; meanse particulate (simple or compound), more of less second and spreading; jointeels publicate pillater and the state of the second and spreading; jointeels publicate 2, p. 279; D.C.1 grade, 5, p. 335. S. Noreborneevisis & S. commos, MUL dr. Virga-Aura seus Solidago morecrite, & e. Plata, and e. 285, f. 57

3. leaves thick and fighty i micromes short, in a contracted pamicle, more or leaves second or turned to one side.—Virgen-Aurea limonifolio, &c. Towns, sist. p. 404 P Jule, alms. 1, 235, f. 21 Solidago lawigata, Ait./ Kew. (ed. 1) 3. p. 215; Purch, fl. 2. p. 541; DC. L. c. S. limonifolia, Pers.7 and of authors.

7. leaves linear-lanccolate, topering to each end, very acute, thickish; recemes erect, in a pyramidal rather strict panicle.—S. sempervirens, Ait.1 1. c.

6. leaves scarcely, or not at all fleshy, clongated lanceolate, tapering to each end, very acute; racemes short, montly secund, in a close erect or somewhat decurved panicle.—S. vinnes, Ait.! Kest. l. c. p. 215. S. integerrima, Mill, dict, ex Ait.

In salt or brackish marshes along the coast of the United States! to Massachusetts! and Canada. Sept.-Oct.-Stem stout, 3-8 feet high. Margin

SOLIDAGO.

of the leaves sometimes scabrons. Heads large. Rays 6-10. Achemis, as in all the species of this section, somewhat pubscent—We have possibly combined two or more species: but the form of the panicle, &c. is very varable, and the feakiness of the leaves probaby varies with the saltness of the marsh't becoming almost membranaceous, as in var. 4., when the water is nearly fresh.

36. S. asguitfólia (Ell.): very glabrons; stem erect, striet, simple, or sometimes branched at the summit; leaves thick, short, erect, lancealderlinear, sessile, mucronate-acute, 1-nervel; the lower lancealate, attenante at the base; renewnes short, erect or at length somewhat recurrenced, sometimes secund, disposed in a close and virgate erect panicle; pedancles and pedicles alender i heads small.—ELU, it & 2, a, 368; D.C. (1 word, 5, p. 341.

In breaksh awarps, Carolins to Fordat, Texas, Drammad! Sept-Oct.-Plant with somewhat the half of S. virgata. Some 34 fort high simple and virgats, or producing ideader handles near the summit, and terminated by a contracted covold paniely: the very numerous basic smaller, and the cales of the involucer paraware than in the preceding usecise. Upper leaves about an inch hour, often sublast relies hover more setter tered, loss pointed, scottimes breadly haccedate.-The leaves in the Texan specimens an more appressed.

"North America."-We have only seen cultivated specimens, the origin of which is uncertain. The summit of the stem, peduales, &c. are pubercent, the backs large; and the achenia pubercent.

- t Leaves usually ample, servate, loosely feather-veined; one of the veins on each side of the middle sometimes stronger than the others, thus appearing alighdy triplinerrod; heads middle-sized.

38. So elliptica (Aite): a stara reret, glabrour: leaves elliptical, amosth, serrate: rescente pancialate, secund: rays middle-sized, [peduades and pedicells minutaly publicates, secund: rays, middle-sized, produced estimation improve publication). Ait. I Kase (ed. 1) 20 up 14 n and 7 star prover). S. Initiaminfaita, Mill. dict., ex. Ait. S. duba, Sopoli, f. insult-2: p. 19, t. 107

North America, Hart Kars, Canada, Mill, det., in which the misplemit particulars are grown—Stalls stiff, round, amoub, with a wired a vertex watch of 5 det high: Lacases page-shaped, amoub, with averal vertex by linear language starting of the start of the starting of the start information of the start, and the start of the start of the start added to high planes of the Horiza Kerwenis are derived from the and starting starting starting of the start of the start of the start frequency start of the start of the start of the start of the start frequency start of the start of the start of the start of the start start of the start start of the start start of the start start of the start start of the start start of the start of

COMPOSITÆ.

closely sessile and mostly entire ; the short and dense racemes forming a crowded and leafy pyramidal panicle. Heads middle-sized. Rays 10-12.

39. Sn. nglednör stem stoni, smooth i leaves thickinh, smooth and gasburst i the replication oblong or oversi-instendion, suppressedtions, the replication oblong or oversi-instendion, suppressedeasth and, assilte (often observely triplinervel) finely approache-arraie i has no charged or pyramidal source-that hardy panelsk ; pedanels and peddeal an obligated or pyramidal source-that hardy panelsk ; pedanels and peddeal and obligated or pyramidal source-that hardy panelsk ; pedanels and peddeal methor hard is charged by the provided of the period obligation of the method hard is charged by the period obligation of the period method is a statistical source obligation of the period method hard is charged by the period obligation of the period method obligation of the period obligation of the period obligation of the method obligation of the period obligation of the period obligation of the method obligation of the period obligation of the period obligation of the method obligation of the period obligation of the period obligation of the method obligation of the period obligation of the period obligation of the method obligation of the period obligation of the period obligation of the method obligation of the period obligation of the period obligation of the method obligation obligation of the period obligation obligation of the method obligation ob

In swamps, Massachusetts! and New York! to North Carolina! and Indiana! Aug .- Sept .- This not uncommon Solidago has doubtless been noticed; but we cannot refer it, with reasonable probability, to any described species. It is distinguished from S. arguta by its elongated paniele, with short racemes, which are at first erect (the lower often shorter than the leaves which subtend them); by the larger heads with much fewer flowers, &c. : from S. Muhlenhergii by the more entire and rigid, seldom acuminate leaves, more strict and terete stem, fewer-flowered heads, &c.: from S. elliptica by the broad and obtuse scales of the involucre (which are pubescent-ciliate at the tips), and the smooth achenia. The primordial radical leaves are oblanceolate or narrowly oblong, finely crenate-serrate, often obtuse, tapering into alender petioles; which are frequently succeeded by larger acuminate radical leaves, resembling those of S. arguta, but less strongly serrate. Several varieties occur ; as 1, with corinceous leaves, deep green above, the margins scarcely scabrous; the panicle either small and strict, or large and loose, with many of the lower racemes often shorter than the leaves (Can this be S. verrucosa, Schrad. 7), or sometimes compound from the stem producing corymbose branches at the summit (this is possibly the S. dubia, Scopola, Swith, the S. Cleliw, DC.): 2, leaves less rigid, with very scabrons margins, the cauline elliptical or oblong-lanceolate, short, more entire; panicle large and often crowded : 3, leaves longer and narrower, often triplinerved above the middle; sometimes sharply serrate; and 4, if we mistake not, with the leaves alightly scabrous. Sometimes the racemes are erect, at least until old, and but slightly secund, approaching S. stricta.

40. S. parka (Moh.) z seen angled and writen amound, usually branched above; laves (apped) alliptical, anout, serrate, writely wroch and ghalows broach ir reames mostly should an an envided on the obligated somewhat levy branches, at length speeching or early of an elliptical somewhat levy branches, at length speeching or early the dial-downers 8-0.12 in the data of the involver obligation of a strike the dial-downers 8-0.12 in the data of the involver obligation of the dial-downers 8-0.12 in the data of the involver obligation of the dial-downer 8-0.12 in the data of the involver obligation of the dial-downer 8-0.12 in the data of the data of

β. strictula: stem simple or nearly so; the very short racemes, at first erect and scarcely secund, constituting a virgate compound raceme; upper leaves small.—S. salleina, Ell. ik, 2. p. 389. S. scabra, Hook. / compan. is bob, mag. 1, 97.

Summa metal-see and music work, Canada Massechusetts New York) and Wescomit, O Georgia, and Lemisma (not momono). B. Newt Granian (to Pioria) and Lomiana (Aug. Sept.—This species in reality distinguished by the sharpere-like roughness of the negret suffice of the piorian of the sharper like transformers of the negret suffice of the field specimens.) While the pick beautifies the state of the same field specimens. While the pick beautifies it most beautified to the state of the specimens. The state of the state state of the state state of the sta In about measures on the spreading branches. Sometimes the stem is simple, with the short and convolet merceness of first evert, and scarcely second when odd. The leaves are rather findly sorran, contrarly veined, the vision compications on the lower suffact; the ratio of a single spread of the star strained periods at the lower caution nearly will also above the strained periods in a short wingle peliod. The supersorregime straines, or contrasted into a short wingle peliods: the supersonnetime straines. When it grows in deep shade, the leaves become more membraneous and less scalarons.

41. S. graphs (Ab.) 3 smooth and shiftsome himogenet, severe the minimum of the line works are not test ranked and work and smooth and the line of the line works are not severe an and the line work of the line works are not severe and the line works and the line works are not severe to be a severe to b

y. scabrella: leaves, especially the lower, scabrous or roughish-pubescent, at least beneath ; racemes somewhat pubescent.

Meshow, fields, des, either in dry or mainst places, a. é. é. J. Canada (from Sohnei C. Arrick, *Redorskon*), and horneyjou the Norderna M. Western Sohnei U. Sohne, f. Karlonkan, J. and horneyjou the Norderna M. Western Sohne, J. Sohne, K. Sharkan, and K. J. Karlonkan, J. S. Karlonkan, K. Karlonkan, K. Karlonkan, K. Karlonkan, K. Karlonkan, K. Karlonkan, K. Ka

426. S. Makkehergrii stem angled, playment haves (arey on this) smooth and glubons bok nicks, very damply and strongly arrange the radius of the stempt of the strongly arrange the radius of the stempt of the strongly arrange the radius array base of the strongly array to the radius of the strongly array the strongly areageneous array the strongly array

Low or shady grounds, Masanchusetts! Vermont! New York! and Pennytyunia! Ange-Sept.-Stem 2-5 fact high, simple, or branched at the summit. Leaves very sharply and offen doniby vertace with narrow teeth, as in these of S. laifolia, which they somewhat resemble, the security mais base and pacy mostly centure. Panicle den simple at the summit;

COMPOSIT

SOLIDAGO.

lateral branches or racempts mostly abort, more or leas secund, but addem recurred : the basis crowided, larger than in S. argutt, and ne singer as in S. apeciosa; the rays also pretty larges—This plant bast descross fin many of S. argutts, Sort which Mailabengr and Darlingson have taken it: but this H. B. said to resemble the S. ambigut, the S. and these andress. H. B. said to resemble the S. ambigut, and more than the statement are not secund, and the achenia are allow yillows.

43. S. Bootti (Hook); stem usually branching; milcal and lowest cauline leaves ovaries or oblog-factorolits, serrate, on salender margined petioles; the others |anceolate or ovate-lanceolate, appressed-serrate (or the upper entre), acuminane at both ends, or constracted into a winged petiole; resense lowesty paniculate, elongated ; scales of the involuce narrowity oblog, 'obuter ; rays 3-25; the disk-flowers 8-12; acheoin minutely pubsecan.

a. stem slender, glabrous; the lax spreading branches pubescent, bearing (few or solitary) rather losse secund racemes; leaves glabrous, with scabrous margins, the upper entire.—S. Boottii, Hook. I compan. to bot. mag. 1. p. 97, (the specimens destitute of the lower leaves, &c.)

 $\beta.$ stem slender, glabrous; racemes very loose, paniculate; lower leaves somewhat pubescent, or sometimes nearly all scabrous-pubescent on both sides.

y. stem and both surfaces of the leaves scabrous-pubescent; branches slender, bearing rather loose and often simple racemes.

d. glabrous, except the branches; stem stouter; leaves attenuate-acuminate at both ends, often very sharply serrate; racemes rather dense, secund, recurved, forming a sparse terminal panicle.—S. juncea? *Ell.! sk. 2. p. 375*, not of *Ail*.

c.? glabrous; stem stout; leaves rigid, oblong, less acuminate, the lower setrate with spreading teeth; racemes dense, very numerous, forming an ample compound panicle.

Sonty fields and woods, North Carolinal to Floridal and Louisiana, Denomend¹ Point, Dr. Larczewsch, B. Louisian, Dr. Larczewsch, B. Louisian, Dr. Larczewsch, Dr. Halet, Y., Georgia, Dr. Baykini, et al. (1998). The start of t

44. S. graciilina: mooth and glabuous throughout; stem virgate, branchot townsh the sammit; the branchot strever, very long and siender, leafly, terminated by single virgate secural meetings, mentiones amongoing systellate-termined, meetings, and the base is server an anomy systellate-termined, the lowernose sparingly sermes realise of the involuce harrowly obloace obluses: reave monity way how the server server of the involuce harrowly meeting schedule publication.

Maller Plands, Dr. Chapman, T.-Som 2-5 for high terms, artic and heles, Lawre maker pipel to prove 5-4 lendow lang, and short half the link pipel towards the appr, oblamciolar, with a gradually itemage shore the maller, the winner powers, and and the short of blow the maller, the winner powers, and and some that short the maller product in mice, linear with a network lawre; these of the markes many short in nice in the power of the marks. The blowest power has a short in nice in the start of the short barray of the marks mark of the short of the short of the blowest power has a short in nice in the short of the short of the blowest power has a short in nice in the short of the short of the blowest power has a short in nice in the short of the short of the blowest power has a short in nice in the short of the short of the short power has a short in the short of the short of the short of the short power has a short of the short of the short of the short of the short power has a short of the short of the short of the short of the short power has a short of the short of the short of the short of the short power has a short of the short of the short of the short of the short power has a short of the short of the short of the short of the short power has a short of the short power has a short of the sho 4.5. S. kinoida (Sohnd, in herb, Banka): month and Jahonovi stem checke, simple picewa increader, facility approximal-errar, with endotree andreast margins, the radial and lower caulion acute or assuminate at Mot parallel and the start of the start of the start of the start angular pinet, many start of the involution photon photon approximation parallel and, interaction on a dist (range) compound), the distance approximation angular pinet, many start of the involution photon photon photon photon. Start Distance and the photon photon photon photon photon. Start Distance and the start of the start photon and photon in pinet. and Photon Photon Photon Photon Photon Start Photon Photon Photon Photon Photon Photon Interaction Photon Photon Photon Photon Photon Interaction Photon Photon Photon Photon Photon Interaction Photon Interaction Photon Pho

Sphagnous swamps of Wading River, &c. in the pine barrens of New Jersey! Near Boston, Mr. Greene ! (in herb. Hook.) Sept.-Oct .- A slender plant, 12 to 20 inches high; with a panicle only 3 or 4 inches long, somewhat contracted, usually turned to one side; the short and rather crowded racemes at length spreading or somewhat recurved; heads small. Radical and lowest cauline leaves 2-5 inches long, tapering into a petiole about the same length, half an inch wide; the upper gradually reduced in size, less tapering, sesaile. Achenia often with a few minute scattered hairs when young .- Somewhat allied to S. virgata, and especially to S. stricts: it is a more slender plant than the latter, with a different inflorescence, and fewer flowers. The ray is frequently reduced to a single flower, and those of the disk to four; but we quite as commonly find 2 to 4 rays (in the specimens from which De Candolle was supplied), showing the little consequence that can be attached to this character ; nearly every section of Solidsgo presents species with only one or two rays .- We have adopted the name which, according to Dr. Boott, was applied to this species by Solander. This and S. stricts appear to have been more or less confounded by Nuttall under his S. uliginosa; Dr. Pickering's specimens from "sphagnous swamps and marshy thickets in Massachusetts," preserved in the herbarium of the Academy of Natural Sciences, belonging entirely to S. stricta; while others from New Jersey belong to the present species

+ + Leaves (small) serrate, copiously feather-veined, the veinlets conspicuously vestimized; heads small.

46: S. attristica (Linn.): teen, hirare with reagh hairs lacew events because or displayed because and an origin or surplus and the second second

B: stem villous; I save a thin, strongly and sharply serrate, often nearly month and Jahrons above, and rather only hairy and the visus beambe-S, altissima *B*. Alti. I. c. S. villous, (*Herb*, Bank'i) Parest *f*, *B*: 2, p. 537', *Holel, f*, *B*: 207-64. 2, p. 2; not of *D*(C.-Yuries, with the rearness at first erect, at length recurved. S, humilik, *Def. f*. out, *barr. Par.* ed. 3, p. 492; *DCI*, proof. 5, p. 336', not of *Purch*.

7. stam schoors-publescient of somewhat hirsute; leaves serrate with appreased teeth, varying from ovate-obloag to lanceolite (the uppermease matrixed at the base), reteinduct, mostly response—Virga-Aura Aura Aura Anglin ragoes folia crematis, Dill. EDL: a 208; f. 396. Solidago ragoes Mil.; Willd. spec. 5, p. 2058; f. Alt. Kee. (ed. 2) 5, p. 66: Parels?, J. 2.

SOLIDAGO.

p. 537: Edl.! sk. 2, p. 574; Hook.! I. c. (Varies, with the stern hirauta, as in icom. Dill., and in S. ulmifolia, Ell.! sk. 2, p. 373 (spec. ex. Mukl.?), not of Mukl. Ach. or Wild.?, or scabrus with in a skort pubescence; with the leaves either very scabrous, or almost smooth and glabrois; the lowermost frequently scarate with short a silent teet, as in yar. a.

6. leaves elliptical or oblong-ovate, short, crenate-serrate, very strongly rugges, scabrous above; the lower surface, with the stem, pubescent with close rather a0th hairs.

c. leaves ovate-elliptical or oblogg, serrate with small and alarp mostly appresed teeth, somewhat rugose, very scabros above, scabros-pabecent bonenth—Virga-Aurea sapera, &c. Dill. Eth. t. 305, f. 392. Solidago sepera, Ait. I. Kens. (ed. 1) 3. p. 212; Wild. Le.; Muhl.i ed. p. 73; Ell.i & 2, p. 371. S. scabran, Nutr.; DC. Le. J. not of Muhl.

Bosters of fields and theires, nearly in low or reits ground, Canada Weekendhard K. Zahawier (Leinity way, and marry throughout the Uniweekendhard and Lakawier (Leinity way, and marry throughout the Unidate and the state of the state of the state of the state of the Automousle of the state of the s

47. S. simplifie (Muhl): stem smooth and glahmus, the branches huiry; herver membranesses, slipple-orange of choling-interoclust, sculic, taperality to the hase, acuminate, constaly and uncovally serrate (the uppermot entry), hosely viscale, smooth above, south huiry benefits, be expectively the mildrith and marginar; mermes panchata, recurved-spreading; viscales of the invidure Inncolate-chologin; rays should via, thoriz, therein, minutely publicteness, and the state of the state of the state of the invidure Inncolate-chologin; rays should via, thoriz, therein, fit, 20, 508; Darring, I, J. C. Carp, 462; D. C. partor, 5, p. 3206; Perrol, fit, 20, 508; Darring, I, J.

Words and how grounds, Northern and Western States' and shore the upper country to Alahama', Ang-Seyn-Kesenahise some states of the preceding species; but the strates starm is glatoms, or with extrered seft material and the lineway are softly patient or villom benefit, and the third glabous or sparsely hairy above, for: the ratical leaves are ellipt-ovate, with winagel peticies. The specific arease is one appropriate, but this is the plant described by Wilklerow, and of Muhenberg's herbarium, yet not the one sent by the lance to Ellion.

48. S. Drassmonific stem and lower surface of the larges, especially but viros, minitely reievy-pulse-scale larges or ato a boolly ovial, scale at each end, almost petisfed, sharply serrate, veiny, somewhat triplinerved, words and slightly unbiescent on the veins always thus of the branches enfiret informes securit, paniculates scales of the involucer oblage, obtauy the drass, and the disk dlower of a 1, no 17.

By Louis, Minstein, Dorument / Lenisland, Dr. Leurenwert / - Dyper part of the sum (a lower previous over), with the intraches and pedincies, existent with a fine and close velvery publication. Larger a lower structure Larger 3 inches or more in length, about an inch and an lard well, or a rather firm seture; a dampti acus at both ends, supering alghily presided, strongly seriast; the younger alightly producent ators: thes of the arms at same structure and the structure about the structure of the strangly seriest; the younger alightly producent ators: thes of the arms at same structures. Fapper match about a loss in the corolla of the diskmerger.

TOL 11-28

49. S. amplefaciantia (Matters 1): some vekerey-palsesent), loosly immeliate herev, is serve (imm) very veixty and rescaland, andry palsesent its sends, abstraction of the state of the state of the state of the state of the abstraction of the state of the state of the state of the state of the the apper consideration as stated and appendix the lower canditic content of the state of the distance have been been as a state of the state of the state of the distance have been being and the state of the state of the state feed to state 1 or 3-8. ampleticantis, Mattersa, some and At. Branchas pathet of the annue, baring series and state of the state of the state pathet of the states, baring series and states of the states.

Lochiana, Dr. Larensverti, Missouri, Mr. Dueriach, (Mar) Mid-Fordia, Dr. Camanon, S. Ser, Josen-La-, Singular argenesis (34–168 hgb), very remarkable on account of its survision-amplicational laway. Builds, Sanger and Sanger and Sanger and Sanger and Sanger and Sanger Sins. Those of the scenar en alocal Sanger and an abile wide in the middle, supering to an accuse apen, abreptly contrasted below (the sentest) of the scenar endowid Sanger and anovers) while the supergraphily reduced in size and other metrics in the same startion of the scenario scenario scenario scenario scenario schere. The sentence of the scenario scenario scenario scenario scenario scenario contaste and anover and scenario scenar

60. Sk-zadophylia (Chapman, mas.): stem ascheus-patienten, often wignetic branchet above, very leaving altowas, with citates eacherus margine, obsciencie version, with the stematic scheme marginel, petiod, appressed-server, the observer of a orbate, shart, chewity sends, data marginer, the secure incomes disposed marginer, and disk-downe 6-disposed servers, so marginer industry ensements disk-downe 6-disposed servers.

Midle Floring, in terms out, Dr. Chaymant Dr. Alernahet 1 Geregi Akhamm, Balerky L C. Out - Sense - Gene - Gene high-offsee multi-based above the branchest changed, erect. Lowers pairs beam threaded above the branchest changed, erect. Lowers pairs beam threaded highest news, or roundid, entire or particuly extrast, somethese on these of the highest news, or roundid, entire or particuly extrast, somethese multibased the size of the extension every short-away for the size of the highest news or roundid, entire or particuly extrast of the size of the short the size of theorem 5. Alastisma. So achieved the size of the short of the size of the extension every short-away field to rays in this weight when the size of the size of the every short-away field to rays in this weight of sometime.

51. S. Editativi encode hand globenga throughout, haves very unmerous, obsolveglomenolae on elliptical, uncertainware or conversion and management silo very the margine scalarons, service with small approach test, the upper often entire is basis in coroside network preserved reserves, for entire, a symmitmatch test is a strategiest and the strategiest present test. The service is a strategiest preserved in the strategiest present service in the line bit (5-7) (foundedone a branched specimen, with the paniele more bady and irresults than smally, and of 40.

Denoise relegance to using a set of all sources from Cape Forz Renew pick to all, in the low country of the Southern States, from Cape Forz Renew pick to all the set of the Southern States, from Cape Forz Georgia, Le Conte (& Arch. Z. Colling () Sept-Oct.—Stern 2-6 feet high imple, or sometimes, sharached above, the himreden or summit angled; the peducation and pedicells more or less publescent.—Allfel to S. pilosa, and very similar in the independence bends, does not differe in the sanch stern

218

Soundage.

219

more clongaserhaps 1 upper smaller); involucre broad

ny serrate, the primary veirs nearly obsolets; the r veintes incompicuous except by transmitted ligh 0-16-flowerd involuce from mer-

ling 1 ubescent h in pubescent sprend stem hirsute

Sept-C he sum ummit ;

5 C 1 3 he ve

tile oil, are evident in the leaves of this plant, with the aid of a lens, although less abundant than in the common form.

Dry fields, &c. North Cambins to Floridat Lozisiand and Perasi-Ang-Out-S-Wene erest, shord 3 feet high drive much branched. Larges an inch or more in length, 2-4 lines wide, usually series with a fee wattered teeth, the much y rescalated view pellocid part popurations the lowermost atout 3 inches long, obscuriely somewhat triplierved. Heads similar than in S. dores; the scales of the involver obsuse. Papas marky quark ling the corella of the disk--10 the Texan plant both surfaces of the laws are equally planetime-scalarons.

† † † † Leaves somewhat cinercous or concessent, thickish, feather-veined, and more or less evidently inplinerved, the veinlets resolutated : heads middle-sized (mormes sometimes crowded and scarcely secural).

65. S. nonconiti (Ab): clothed with a very short cistreous palaenteest. The strength of crystal particular strength and the strength of the

dwarf and more canescent; leaves mostly entire; panicle contracted, somewhat virgate.

y. leaves more scabrous; the upper short, obovate-spatulate.

Do or sentite fails, do: Cound's (fram the Statistichurant) and thoughon the United Statistic countries. (In the Associated States, Descartion of the United Statistic countries, in the Associated States, Descarment J. Londsman, Dr. Hale's (Kennedy, Dr. States). The States Island, Lake Association of the States and States and States and States and Association of the States and States and States and States and Association of the States and States and States and States and Association of the States and States and States and States and association of the States and association of the States and association of the States and association of the States and States and States and States and States and States and association of the States and States and States and States and States and States and association of the States and States and States and States and States and States and association of the States and States and States and States and States and States and association of the States and States and States and States and States and States and association of the States and States and States and States and States and States and association of the States and States and States and States and States and States and association of the States and States and States and States and States and States and association of the States and association of the States and States and States and States and States and association of the States and States and States and States and Stat

56. S. Raduka (Nutt.): stem simple, scaluros-pubersent: leaves curiéform-spatiale, sessie, histiply puberent, very achrous, touchet dowards the aper; the lowest tapering into a somewhat petiolate base; the upper oblong, mostly entries; passicle contracted, turned to one side, simply resenses at the summit; the resences short, securd; scales of the involutor oblogs, approxed; disk-flowen and rays each 3-c6, the latter very short; alcohan approxed; disk-flowen and rays each 3-c6, the latter very short; alcohan approxed; disk-flowen and rays each 3-c6, the latter very short; alcohan approxed; disk-flowen and rays each 3-c6, the latter very short; alcohan approxed; disk-flowen and rays each 3-c6, the latter very short; alcohan approxed; disk-flowen and rays each 3-c6, the latter very short; alcohan approxed; disk-flowen and c6, the latter very short; alcohan approxed; disk-flowen and rays each 3-c6, the latter very short; alcohan approxed; disk-flowen and rays each 3-c6, the latter very short; alcohan approxed; disk-flowen and rays each 3-c6, the latter very short; alcohan approxed; disk-flowen and rays each 3-c6, the latter very short; alcohan approxed; disk-flowen and rays each 3-c6, the latter very short; alcohan approxed; disk-flowen and rays each 3-c6, the latter very short; alcohan approxed; disk-flowen and c6, the latter very short; alcohan approxed; disk-flowen and rays each 3-c6, the latter very short; alcohan approxed; disk-flowen and rays each 3-c6, the latter very short; alcohan approxed; disk-flowen and rays each 3-c6, the latter very short; alcohan approxed; disk-flowen and rays each 3-c6, the latter very short; alcohan approxed; disk-flowen and rays each 3-c6, the latter very short; alcohan approxed; disk-flowen and rays each 3-c6, the latter very short; alcohan approxed; disk-flowen and rays each 3-c6, the latter very short; alcohan approxed; disk-flowen and rays each 3-c6, the latter very short; alcohan approxed; disk approxed; alcohan approxed; disk approxed; alcohan approxed; disk approxed

minutely pubescent.--Nutl.! in jour. acad. Philad. 7. p. 102, & in trans. Amer. phil. vor. (n. or.) 7. p. 327. Dry ground, Arkansas, Nutlal!! Western Louisiana, Dr. Levenscorth!

Dreg provide, Arkanesse, Audidal? We estern Locaistens, Dr. Leorenszmölt, and Leorenszmither, and Leorenszmither and Leorenszmither and the radiust studiest, Radiust Leorenszmither and Leorenszmither and the radiust studiest, Radiust Leorenszmither and the leorens (constitutes languradiust studiest, Radiust Leorenszmither and the leorensisten and the upper successively smaller and more oblassing or orazei-lanceolase, and easy the upper successively smaller and more oblassing or orazei-lanceolase, and successively smaller and more oblassing or orazei-lanceolase, and successively smaller and more oblassing or orazei-lanceolase, and sense ministers. Header studiest weather the the Science Science Science Bartens ministers.

57. S. suberrina : stem corymbose at the summit, very scabrous; could be leaves crowded, ovate or elliptical, closely sessib, right, very scabrous; somewhat triplinerved; the lower coarsely serase-toothed; the opermost and the lowers brack rounds, entire ; ratemess summons, recurved, Sorniga a fastigate compound panicle; the beads crowded, strongly accurd; disk-Bowers and rws each 4-5, the latter very short : acbrain accurve) glabous;

Texas, Dorsnowed :-The speciation consist of the upper portion of an opportunity large processing the thick and out-sciences leaves 10 in these long, 5-0 lines wilds, ripidinetived, and reflectands, strendy sents or point at the strength of the strength of the strength of the strength of the lines in the of the interchen and the lower lines: multi-most specifical them the destruction of the strength of the strength of the strength of the lines the strength of the strength of the strength of the strength reflections, and the sharely to the lower. It as grows with the present reflection, and the sharely to the lower lowers. It as grows with the present reflection and the sharely to the strength of the strength of the strength of the result that it might be refress the flat before giving division.

Bs. No stars (Nucl.): pairweakers, simpler mindle and lowest scalible every simpler wave stars and lowest scalible every simpler wave stars and lowest scalible every simpler wave stars and lowest scalible every simpler have and lowest scalible every simpler and lowest scalible lowest scalible every simpler and lowest scalible lowest scalible every simpler and lowest scalible every simpler and lowest scalible lowest scalible every simpler and lowest scalible lowest scalible every simpler and lowest scalible lowest scalible every scale lowest scale

59. S. (scanar i clabid with a close cansecratoritizate puberizer, when od sliphly exploring stems low, summers from a softwire base [aves crowind, thick, owni or oblog, mostly classes, seals], triplicared it be lower oblog-spatializer, garningly scretch towards the apex; inpering is the loase i factories about, glomerane, crowided in a dense threadd video ganzite, a factories about, standards, crowided in a dense threadd video ganzite, a 1979 583; a dimension, arcconderdirect.

β.1 leaves cinereous-canescent and somewhat scabrous (not tomentose), lanceolate, acute at both ends, finely and sharply scrate above the middle, or nearly orient lands mostly smaller; scales of the involume oblog-linear.

Printing between the append Maindrage and the Massari, Art. Natolit. Marging of the Lake of the Woods, Mainder Sashariswan, Drawmod T (her), Holdy, Jirly Arg.—Elect high scattering and the Helm, Terrer and Sashari and Sashari and Sashari and Sashari Helm, Sashari and Sashari and Sashari and Sashari and Sashari Maindrage and Sashari and Sashari and Sashari and Sashari Maindrage and Sashari and Sashari and Sashari and Sashari Maindrage and Sashari and Sashari and Sashari and Sashari Maindrage and Sashari and Sashari and Sashari and Sashari Maindrage and Sashari and Sashari and Sashari and Sashari Maindrage and Sashari and Sashari and Sashari and Sashari Maindrage and Sashari and Sashari and Sashari and Sashari Maindrage and Sashari and Sashari and Sashari and Sashari Maindrage and Sashari and Sashari and Sashari and Sashari Maindrage and Sashari and Sashari and Sashari and Sashari Maindrage and Sashari and Sashari and Sashari and Sashari Maindrage and Sashari and Sashari and Sashari and Sashari and Sashari Maindrage and Sashari and Sashari and Sashari and Sashari and Sashari and Sashari Maindrage and Sashari a

wite Bob Bon p. 79

rior scales of the involucre somewhat pubescent or ciliate .- The plant which we have, with some besitution, considered a variety of this species, has narrower and less velvety-canescent leaves, more acute, looser racemes, &c. The species would probably be sought for among the Triplinervia ; but we have retained it in this subdivision on account of its close alliance to the adjacent species.

- Rocenes spreading or recurred (scorpioid), second; leaves manifestly triplinerved or 3-ribbed .- Triplinervia.
- + Hends middle-sized : scales of the involucre rather thick and rigid, closely imbricated, with greenish tips.

60. S. Shortii: stem simple or branching from the base, minutely scabrous-pubescent: leaves rigid, smooth and glabrous, with ciliolate-scabrous margins, oblong-lanceolate, acute; the lower tangering to the base, sharply and unequally servate towards the apex; the uppermost entire; racemes short, disposed in an elongated crowded panicle; scales of the involucre linear-oblong; achenia silky-pubescent.

β, heads disposed in a somewhat simple glomerate-spicate raceme-

y. lower leaves slightly serrate, the upper entire.

Rocky islands at the Falls of the Ohio, Dr. Short ! (a. & y.) Kentucky? Herb. Rafinesque ! (B. & y.) July-Aug .- A very distinct species, 1-2 feet high, with the inflorescence and somewhat the habit of S, nemoralis; but with larger heads, and very smooth and somewhat shining acute leaves, the margins of which are mostly beset with small and rigid inflexed cilize; the lower 2-3 inches long, strongly triplinerved, and somewhat reticulate-veined; the uppermost commonly veinless. Racemes numerous, rather dense, secund, at length spreading, forming an erect or decurved more or less contracted panicle, 3-8 inches in length, which is often leafy at the base. Ray and disk-flowers each 5-7.

61. S. Missouriensis (Nutt.): amooth and glabrous; stem low, simple; leaves rigid, linear-lanceolate, acute, with very scabrous margins; the lower tapering to the base, sharply and sparsely serrolate (or even laciniate-serrate) towards the apex ; the radical oblong-spatulate, petioled, 3-5-nerved, reticulated ; racemes rather dense, slender, at length recurved-spreading, forming a short and crowded pyramidal panicle ; scales of the involucre oblong, obuse ; achenin slightly pubescent.-Nutl. ! in jour. acad. Philad. 7. p. 32, & trans. Amer. phil. soc. (n. ser.) 7. p. 327. S. serotina, Hock, ! in ompan. to bot. mag. 1. p. 97. S. glaberrima, Martens, in acad. Bruz. 7 (we have seen no character), founded on a plant collected in Missouri by Ducrinck. B. leaves shorter and wider, less pointed.

y. leaves more slender ; stem corymbose at the summit ; schenia glabrous. Dry prairies of the Assimiboin (Douglas !) and the sources of St. Peter's River (Mr. Nicollet /) of the Upper Missouri (Mr. Wweth /) to St. Louis, Drummond ! Illinois, Mr. Buckley !' Louisiana and Arkanaas, Dr. Pitcher ! Dr. Leavenworth ! (Also Chapel Hill, North Carolina, according to Nuttall ; but we apprehead some mistake.) B. Texas, Dramsond ! 7. Illinois, Mr. Buckley ! July-Aug .- Stem a foot or more in height, from a somewhat ligneous caudex, simple, or sometimes fastignately branched at the summit. fectly smooth, except the densely ciliolate-scabrous margins ; the uppermost entire and scarcely if at all nerved; the others varying from obscurely appressed-serrulate to sparsely laciniate-toothed, consnicuously triplinerved when old, with the veins of the lower surface also somewhat parallel (the veinlets minutely reticulated), 2-3 inches long, 2-4 (in 3, sometimes half an inch) in width. Racemes at first nearly erect, at length elongated and re-

Soranan

COMPOSITÆ.

t t Heada sm elongated.

number. Ov srå group. pubescent, s

. p. 327.

nicle shot S-

very numeron recurred memory heads small; may very short, achemia pubscent.—Univ. Not. Upp. 2020, hyper. 2, p. 575; d. 16, Koo, (ed.), 3, p. 2019. Wild, epo. 3, p. 2005; p. Port, f. 2, p. 535; Ell.; d. 5, p. 2019; Hool, J. B. Der, A. S. p. 1, teter, J. J. J. Deringer, J. J. Derin, p. 455; D. Derin, p. 455; D. Derin, Part, J. D. Derin, S. M. B. Matsan, Def. J. and p. Derin, p. 455; D. Derin, and J. Jahou, H. Derin, J. J. S. Santan, Def. J. Santa, J. Derin, J. S. J. Derin, p. 455; D. Derin, J. S. J. Derin, p. 455; D. Derin, J. S. J. Derin, J. S. J. Santan, D. B. J. Santan, J. S. Santan, J. Santan, J. S. Santan, J. Santan

3. intermedia : stem villous or densely cinercous-pubescent; leaves softly pubescent or tomestose beneath, sentrous above.—S. Canadensis y. Ait. 11.c.; Hook. 1. c. S. procern, Deff. cat.; DC. I. e. ("Heads much smaller than in S. Canadensis"): Wide, anom.?

y-process item villons or scaloron-biroute; leaves tomentose beneath, scaloron above, elongated hanceolate, sparingly serrate, or the upper entire; heads larger, with the rays rather longer—S. procen, Ait. (a. ; Ed.) Ads. 2, p. 309.—Varies with the leaves alightly pubecent, except along the nerves, and the stem schoolog-pubecent, or sometimes glabrons below.

6. softwar atom scalarona-hirade or cincrement, Henven Innovalate or obloacy Innovalati, foremark entry, indinatory inplumered, more very and pabencent tomentous or scalarona-public mensith, very scalarona above heads and rays as in very ...-Six which, *Math. (ext. & f. Lancastr. (und. (where it is well characterized) ; Wild, apsc. 3, p. 2039 (where it is so incorrectly described that it has not since been recognized) ; not of <i>DC.*.

Bootres of thickens, fields, Kon, contrast normal phaseshear the 'Lingle fibres' to Subscript, America Chargera (Charge Normali A), Senseriy (Charge Normali A), Senseriya (Charge Normali A), Senseriya (Charge Normali A), Senseri and Kong Normali (Charge Normali A), Senseri A),

65. S. ceretine (Alb.): stem very smooth, often glancenes; haven largers allowers provide the second bar was been albert and an anging and usually the upper surface surbrows: paniele pyramidal, of unmerous resurver of accence; peakoeles roughing-habescort; resident al length searly glabrons—Ait. Ken. (ed. 1) 3, p. 211; Muhl. I herb.; Hook. I & e patty. S. giparten, Darlinger, J. & Cate, p. 40.

Boders of thekats and low exceeds, Canada and analythereaphont the United States (Jorgen, National). A super-total -Distinguish by its smooth and stores atom (4-6 feet high), while the leaves are more at loss publement along the risk tenerative with the upper surface starborns, theat neural the margines. The leaves are analytics attenues at the base than its S, zjearter, which some state very closely approach; and the hands and rever also commonly intermediate in size between that species and S. Canadensis-Ackenis publecent wheny young.

66. S. signator (Air.): stem stora, smooth and often glaneous; Levers mooth and glances hot sides, lineoutan, stremostanesarminisa, denvely scalance-filidate, very sharpy is errars, except the narrowed hore i panieless or rillouri blank harge for this subtriviation fractions; J. Schneiden, J. S. et al. (1998). The strength of the subtriviation fractions is panieless of the subtriviation of the subtrivi

COMPOSITÆ.

or narrowly lanceolate (the latter S. glabra, Degl.! cat.; DC.! i.c.), very coarsely, or finely and sparsely aerrite (the latter S. serodina, Hook.! i.e. as to spec. from Oregon, ckc.), sometimes with the latteral preveales distint (S. granten, Hild.! i.e.); the paniele large and crowded, or sometimes lose and elongated.

β, leaves varying from lanceolate to oval-lanceolate, narrowed at the base; the lateral nerves often indistinet; panicle dense, thyrsoid or fastigiate.—S. gigantea β. Hook. / L. S. Pitcheri, Nutt. ? in jour. acad. Philad. 7, p. 101, 4° in trans. Amer. phil. 90% b. c.

Fridaments in the second seco

67. S. rupcetris (Ref.): stem slender, often loosely branched above, smooth, the branches and peduncies pubescent; leaves smooth and glabrous, linear-lawcolate, attenuate at both ends, entire or sparsely servilate; publicle virgate; heads small; rays very short; achenia pubescent.—Raf.? ama. sat. (1820) p. 14.

and (1990) p. 14. Cliffs of Kennaky River, Rafacsone! Dr. Shert! and apparently comnon in Kentucky! Judianał &c. Ang.-Step.-Smooth like S. gunanca, with the small heads and piconspicours may of S. Canadonsi, remarkabał for its neurly entire narow laves, assorbat reaching those of S. odors, but tripinerved (the narves winkaba), and for the silved rail of den simple memores panieles which terminate the stent or loose branches. Stem 2-3 for high.

§ 3. Protescent, branched, somewhat glutinous: leaves obscurely triplinered, weinless, ensire: haads corymbose-paniculate: involvere as in § Virgaures, free (4-7) flowered: rays 1-3.--CURYSONA, Nutt. (in jour. acad. Philad., § trema. Amer. phil. soc. excl. spec. 2 & 3.)

A specimen of a plant very nearly allied to the following from the Bahama blanda, exists in Sir Willam Robert's arberbarm, oidely differing in its weallaw and mostly 4-flowered heads, short rays, and more evidently tripinerred leaves, which do not exhibit the bestulid returnlasd structure of that species: it is very probably the S. Domingennis, Spreng. This section is allied to the Meritime on the one hand, (and is composed of sea-side plants) and to Exhamis on the odur.

69. S. pariefforcialon (Micha,): glabrous or glascous, the panichlass branchlass concertainty, and the same study, lancolatery, or linear, obtasse entity, narrowed at the bass, sessile; branches of the compound panide reter; teales of the 3-d-discourd involution manufactory of blong, cardinace y de reter; tealer of the 3-d-discourd involution manufactory of the reterier and the 3-d-discourd involution of the same state of the reter; tealer of the 3-d-discourd involution of the reterier and the same state of the same state of the same provider, Natl. (in all hy-reliable paints), etc., 3-10. In such on the costs of Carolina (Michaev) (Gorgin, Mr., Crosstion and the scourd of Carolina (Michaev) (Sorgin, Mr., Crosstion and the scourd of Carolina (Michaev) (Sorgin, Mr., Crosstion (Sorgin and Sorgin and Carolina and Sorgin and So

In such on the costs of Carolias (Michaerf) Georgia. Mr. Orom? Forkia, Mr. Warr? Dr. Laconcourt). Dr. hagallo 'Dr. Chapman' and Alabama, Mr. A. Bardow-Stems woody, much bounded, 1-5 feet high. Lacows 1-24 inhese long. - hereved on other description indirection, while Handring, enciclate-purcetas, or miler secretaries deey yellow. Pargon words, luming, seawider howevide...-This remarkable plant was donline. Neural, uning, seawider howevide...-This remarkable plant was donline. Neural, words, seawider howevide...-This remarkable plant was donline. Neural, words, seawide howevide...-This remarkable plant was donline.

FOL. IL-29

§ 4. Herbaceous, much transhed, fustigiate-corymbae: reales of the involve ere much appressed, somewhat gloitons: receptable funbrillate: rays (6-20) nore enverous than the disk-flowers, very small 2 advision oblong, villous-pubacent k hads in corymbae clusters, mostly faciled? teares lineer, estire.1-berred, small-Evrunnus, Nuti.

69. S. Kanashing (Line), is sum mach branched, hanginger in be branched of least the angles, which is never an anomary in of the handbare discretion in the 3-charter theorem information in the strength of the strength of the 3-charter of the strength of the strength

Fields and bodes of thickers, Canada I (from Solverich America) and north yhouppoor the United States. Aug-Oct-Ammerica and America and America and America and America and America A

70. S. temifolia (Parah); plahoras or slightly scalerons; seen much function, function is providing. I (marky tonnewin 2) nerved; punctus, with reasons dots; lineds obvoid or tarbien, in loss or expression classes, monthly in glomen-miss of 2 or 3, memointee 3, p. 0400 r. EU, is despined of the provide state of the state of the provide state of the providest state of the provide state of the providest state of the provi

Santy fields, &C. from the costs of Massachusetts! and New York! to Fordal and Louisiant! Ange-Cott-—A more sheared plant than the preceding, with the heads smaller, and less plonents. Leaves 10 metry 3 lifetile lang, can line or less in which, sprihold with reasions among on the state of the commonly pelicitat. The specific in writish's, and some states and/y the proach 5. Increasing.

71. S. Leptocphafa Y very smooth ; stem densely fastigiate-corymbose at the summit; leaves harceolate-linear, 1-nerved, or obscurely 3-nerved; hards narrow, cylindrine1-clauste, in compound ocrymtose clausers, mostly fasticled and sessile at the apex of the peduncles; scales of the involucro linear; rays 8-10, very small; the disk.dowces 3 or 4.

Wetters Louissen, D. J. Group and J. M. J. K. S. Marker, S. S. Sandar, Sandar, S. Sandar

72. S. occidentalis (Nutt. under Euthamia): very smooth, loosely branched, somewhat paniculate; leaves narrowly lanccolate-linear, obscurely 3-nerved; heads in small corymbose clusters, pedicellate; scales of the many-flagered involuce linear-lanccolate, acute.-S. lanccolata, GAm- 47

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Schlecht. ! in Linnara, 6. p. 502; Hock. ! fl. Bor.-Am. 2. p. 6, partly. Euthamia occidentale, Nutl. ! in trans. Amer. whil. sor. (n. ser.) 7, p. 328.

Oregon, Dr. Scouler ! Douglas ! Nuttall ! and California, Chamisso ! to the Rocky Mountains, Nuttall .- More paniculately branched than any other species of this division; the long and slender branches terminated by small clusters; the short and broadish heads all, or nearly all pedicellate ; rays 16-20, a little exserted ; the disk-flowers 8-14 ; appendages of the style of the latter obtuse. Recentacle with the margins of the alveoli pilose, rather than fimbrillate.

\$ Species not sufficiently known to us, founded on native specimens.

73. S. decemflora (DC.): stem erect, terete, and (with the leaves) somewhat scabrous with a very short pubescence; leaves oblong, mucronulate. entire, somewhat triplinerved; the radical attenuate at the base; racemes somewhat secund, disposed in a corymbose panicle; scales of the glabrous involucre linear; heads 10-flowered; the rays 5, very minute; achenia silky-villous. DC. prodr. 5. p. 322.

Texas, in the castern districts, Berlandier. Plant a foot high. DC .-Perhaps it belongs to the corymbose division

74. S. rotundifolia (DC.): stem erect, terete, puberulent, scabrous; leaves oval, ovate, or obovate, obtuse, mucropate, the margius and both surfaces very scabrous ; the lower crenate, the upper entire ; racemes erect, compact, short, disposed in a narrow panicle; bracts roundish; scales of the involuere glabrous, somewhat acute ; rays very small. DC. prodr. 5. p. 332.

Texas, in the eastern districts, Berlandier .- Very distinct in the form of its bracts. DC.

75. S. lepida (DC.): stem erect, strict, terete, puberalent; leaves ovallanceolate, with a long cuneate entire base, coarsely serrate at the apex, acuminate, feather-yeined, somewhat scabrous, especially the margins and the veins beneath; panicle erect, terminal; scales of the glabrous involucre linear, acuminate; rays a little longer than the disk. DC. prodr. 5. p. 339. β. subservata (DC, l, c,) : leaves slightly servate.

Nootka, Hanke .- Allied to S. latifolia and S. ambigun, DC.

76. S. compacta (Turcz.) : racemes emet ; stem ascending, strict, scabrous; leaves oblong-lanceolate, tapering into a long petiole, entire, or the uppermost serrulate, slightly scabrous, the margins ciliate ; heads densely glomerate, surrounded by leaves.—Turcz. in bull. soc. nat. Mosc. 1840. p. 73. Unalaschka, Turczaninow.—Perhaps the same as S. lepida, DC.

77. S. clata (Pursh) : stem hairy, terete : leaves lanceolate, somewhat hairy beneath; racemes erect; rays elongated. Pursh, fl. 2. p. 543.

North America, (Herb, Banks.) Pursh .- Two plants are ticketed 'S. elata' in the Banksian herbarium : one, a cultivated specimen of a maritime species, is S. integrifolia, Desf. & DC .: the other is marked 'New Jersey, Bartran'; and has a hairy stem, corymbosely branched above; elliptic serrate leaves, which are bairy on both surfaces and ciliate; erect racemes; most ovate, short; the inner oblong-lanceolate, slightly pointed, all somewhat similarity to " S. Narbonensis, Pourret, in act. Tolos. 3. p. 329" (of which we have seen no description), from which we suspect it is not distinct.

78. S. pauciflora (Raf.): stem simple, smooth ; leaves oblong-lanceolate, scute, entire ; flowers 1-5, terminal .- Raf. in med. repos. (hez. 2) 5. p. 359. Gloucester County, New Jersey, and Kent County, Delaware, Rafinesque. 1 1 Species founded on garden specimens (many of unknown or uncertain origin), which we have not identified with native plants.

* Racemes cred.

79. S. grandifora (Deif): clobed with a short and close villous pubescenes, somewhat suchouss, lawes elliptical or oblog-innecediate, finely aretrate, acute; the lower narrowed at the base; racemes paniculate, forming a thyraus; head 30-04-06-words; scalas of the involtere oblog, obuse, probescent; rays (large) 5-10; achenia pubescent.—Dayf, l cat. hort. Par. ed. 3, p. 403; 2D(J), words, 5, w. 337.

3. p. 643; 2027, proofs 5, p. 307. North Associet 1 be particular origin unknown; cultivated in the Garden of Plans, Parin-We have seen no indigenous aperimens of this speciers and the particular of the particular origin of the particular disc is to the particular origin of the particular disc origin of the particular disc is to the particular origin of the particular disc origin of the particular disc is to the particular origin of the particular disc origin of the particular and disc before the particular origin of the particular disc origin of the particular disc origin law discuss; the submatic origin of the disc origin of the particular disc origin of the disc disc origin of the disc origin of the disc of the particular disc origin of the disc origin disc disc origin of the disc origin of the disc of the disc origin of the disc origin of the disc disc origin of the disc disc origin of the disc

89. S. waldföra (Derd); stem erect; platona, izres, very much branched, the panicalas hunches sparsely pulsesori; izres sessile, lanceolas, estiminste, serrate, glabroux, or the uppermost somewhat pubsecent along the nerves; iracenes erect; scale of the involucer glabroux, acute; rays rather longer than the disk. DC-Derl; *i* cat, herr. Par. ed. 1904, p. 103, $\delta = d^{-2}$, p. 402; *i* Pers. way. 2, 443; *DCI*, Paref, S. p. 335;

Said to be of North American origin; but we have seen no native specimean which accord with the cultivated plant. The besids resemble S. Canadensis, but her racemens are very short, in evert panicles. Achenia publexcent. Leaves somewins scabrous above; the upper alightly triplinerved, the middib publexcent.

81. S. fuscata (Desf.): very glabrous; stem cract, brownish-red, smooth [terest]: leaves lanceolate, quite entire; racemes crect; pedicels stort, braccolate; scales of the involucre oblong, glabrous, scarcely acute; rays 5-6, linear, a little longer than the disk; the disk-flowers 6-7. DC.—"Dayl.? act. hort. Par. ed. 3. p. 4027; DC.! moder, 5. p. 340.

cat. hort. Par. ed. 3. p. 402"; DC.! prodr. 5. p. 340. North America 7-Uuknown to us as a native plant. The leaves are not unlike S. specicos.

82. S. plantaginea (Desf.): glabrous; stem angled; leaves triplinerved, alighty servalate, acute, narrowed towards the base; the lawer ovate; floriferous branches erect, leafy. Desf. ed. i. e. 402.

fermus branches erect, leafy. Deif. est. I. c. p. 402. Cultivated in the Paris Garden; probably of American origin.—Very glabrous : seem 3-4 feet high. Plower-branches panicled; the partial recences of few small heads. Pedicels with subulate bracts. Def.—This is referred by De Candelle to his S. elliptica.

83. S. hirta (Willd.): stem paniculate, hirsute: leaves lanceolate, scabrous on both sides; the cauline serrate, those of the branches entire; racemes error; rays elongated. Will. errors, p. 691.

North America.—Sufficiently distinguished by its hiraote storn, and scabross leaves; the cauline deeply and sharply serrate. Willdenon.—It has never been identified in this country.

 S. lithespermifolia (Willd.): stem branching, pubescent; leaves lancrolate, attenuate, scabrons on both sides, triplinerved, entire; racemes erect; rays clongated. Willd. cnum. p. 892; Link, cnum. 2. p. 332; DC. prod. 5, p. 333.

SOLIDAGO.

North America, Willdesson-Leaves nearly as in Luktopermum officinale. Willd. L. e.-C-auline leaves long, triplinered, scabura. Flowers rather large. Lukk-—Stem pubsecent, somewhat thispid. Leaves apiculas with a calless macronation, somewhat triplinered, the latteral volus minute. DC---Purch, who professes to have seen this species growing, gives other information. Here avoid, New Jerey to Chechina that affects no other information.

55. S. gracilis (Poir); stem eret, glatona, somewhat simple i saws inseedate, sometins, serrate, glatona, glotade, facher-veinde; the lower oval-linecolate, attenuate at the base; the uppermose nearly entire; tracomes erenc, baseing for based disposed in a narway paniel; scales of the some series, baseing for based disposed in a narway paniel; scales of the disposed disposed disposed disposed disposed disposed disposed disposed of the disposed disposed

North America 1—The plant is add to be a foot and a half high, with a reddish stem; the largest lawse 3 inches long, 64-lines wide; the branches terminated by creet panieles, 9-3 inches in length, less than an inch in brandhr: the overise clotted with very small appresed hairs. The latter character, among others, would seem to separate the plant from S. striets and S. linoides.

86. S. Sobraderi (DC.): stem erect, terete, sparsely publicent, paniculately branchedi (lavas finear-inaccolate, acommiste, serrarie at the apex, glabrous, with somewhaf scabrous margin, the uppermost entire; resonase servet, very short, barecolate; scales of the involucer acute (ray linear, as long as the disk. DC, prodr. 5. p. 336. S. gracilis, Schrad. hort. Gatt., file DC.

A species of unknown (probably N. American) origin, allied to the preceding; but the leaves longer, narrower, and a little more rigid; the long paniculate branches bearing very short axillary racemes for a long distance; the rays much shorter, &c. DC.

97. S. carinata (Schrad) in DC.): stem steet, angled at the summity tomewhat publication it areas on only prelines, oblogs, in particular, the the base, obtain at the apex, microante, sinuate-serrate it the upper seally liker, somewhat serrate; at all galaroon, with the margins subpound, the midth prominent beneath; racemas creet, disposed in a paniele; rays 7–9, longer than the side, DC, straff, S. e. 337.

Cultivated in the Gottingen Botanie Garden, the origin unknown, perhaps North American.—Radical leaves 7 inches long, including the petiole, 8-10 lines broad. Pedicels puberulent, bractcolate. DC.—Perhaps a cultivated state of S. stricta.

88. S. sollis (Bartl.): léaves, as well as the terest stem, pulveralentpulsescet, with acabrous margins, obvate-oblong, serme above; the floral ones oblong, entire; naccures excit, panieled; scales of the involucer appressed, acute, glabrous; rays longer than the disk. Bartl. ind. sen. Nort. Gett. 1835, p. 5, 4:in Lionano, 12. sonyl. P. No; J.D. groch, T. P. 279.

North America ; raised from seed collected by Prince Neu-wied .- May it be a state of S. nemonia?

* . Racemes spreading or recurved, secund.

89. S. serrucesa (Schrad.): stem vertuces, glabrous, erect, the summit reflexed; leaves ovant-innecolate, neutra, selfabrous, the upper nartower; recences avillary, as long as the leaves, compound, the summit reflexed; rays elliptical. "Schrad. hert. Gatt. p. 12. t. 6, § in neu. jour. 1810, p. 140; e. p. D. er ord, S. p. 334.

North America : said to be allied to S, arguta and S. elliptica. DC— This is perhaps our S. neglects : but we have never observed a vertuces atem in that species.

 S. recurrata (Willd.): stem erect, pubescent; leaves lanceolate, acuminate (veiny), serrate, nearly glabrous, the margins scabrons; racemes elongated, secund, panieled. Willd. cnum. 989; DC. predr. 5, p. 334.

North America, Willdows, Described from a plann cultivated in the Barlin Boanic Gonden-Leaves galabous above, siloyd seabrous along the nerves beneath. Rays linear-oblog, a little longer than the disk. *DC*-Pursh is the outy American anthor who precents to have recognized this species, which he gives as a native of shady woods of Penosylvania and Virginia.

 S. laterifora (Linn.): paniele corymbose; racemes recurved, ascending; stem bearing flower-branches below the middle. Linn. spec. 2. p. 879.

North America, Katha—The plant is said by Linnanes to be half the time of S. Candonisti, the larves endro or with one or two neets / the foreers as in S. Alishian; the simple transcelse rather above that the steen, seeping plant Linnas that in view, which an alignetism of the same steen as the start of the steen and the steen as the steen as the steen series of the steen as the steen as the steen as the steen series of the steen as the steen as the steen as the steen series of the steen as the steen as the steen as the steen series of the steen as the steen as the steen as the steen as the needed of the steen as the steen as the steen as the steen series of the steen as the steen as the steen as the steen as the Bertred gladnow levers with asolange marging, the lower same but strictly. A steen as the steen as the

22. S. fagrans (Wilk): stem erect glabous; leaves glabom, oblog, aftennas as each end, sighty trainforced; is followers wonewhat servite, the upper entire in neurons or less seemd policies publication with the intermediate state of the involver sources and green in the second policies and the involver sources and green and the second policies and the involver sources and green and the second policies and the

North America, Will,—We have seen an antive plant which accords with our specimes of this species, pathered in the Bernin Baunie Gardnen-H is perturb as matritus species; and the leaves (which are rather thick, dark prese, and similar above, 3-5 and the leaves (which are rather thick, and k prese, and similar above, 3-5 and the leaves (which are rather thick, and the second second second second second second second Patherine The Theorems are morely availably rather covoids, and seales of the involvere presents in ab the achieved sched with white second seales of the involvere presents in and the achieved sched with white second schede of the involvere presents in an anti-

93. S. dubia (Scopoli): stem erect, striated, slightly hairy; leaves lanceolate, smooth, distantly toolided, closters panicled, unilateral, rather hairy, the lower one snillary is brack lanceolate, smooth. Saith.-Scopoli, del. smooth. S. 2, p. 19, t. 10; Smith, in Rees, cycl. no. 23. S. Clelin, DC. profit. 5, p. 331.

5. p. 3.1. Outbinstel in the Italian gardens, (collected by Smith in the garden at Pavis, in 1787; and by De Candolle in mater of Ch. Grimaldi rear Genes, Jacobi, and supposed to he of Kroth Karrican origin. According is Smith, Jacobi and Sangased to he of Kroth Karrican origin. According is Smith, Martower, and is bractors much less. Most of the clusters are axillary, comping a leafy match, and about as long an their corresponding leaves-

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Solidago.

Rays rather numerous. The foliage is rigid, entirely smooth, finely toothed, not serrated, somewhat triple-ribbed, indeed more so than in S. lateriflora, next to which species we should have placed it but for its alleged affinity to S. elliptica." Smith, l. c.

94. S. r.gf.cz (Ai, i.) stein erect, villou; leaves lanceolate, somewhat serate, triplicarced, scabnows, reflexed; a recences paniculate, somewhat secund. Alt. Keve. (ed. 1) 3. p. 211; Willd. spc. 3. p. 2057 (who adds): Leaves narrowly innecolate, a commande, with about three seratures in the middle, scabnow, reflexed; branches of the panicle secund, reflexed, short). DC: 1 profer. 5, p. 330.

 Newsdownewsis, Linn. (the particular derivation of the specimen unknown), the ray-flowers of which probably were not yellow, is apparently an Aster, with heads as large as those of A, patema.

8. aperada, of Desf. cat. 1. c., the native country of which is not mentioned, by no means correspond with the plant received by De Cardolle under this name, which accounters a doubtful and probably nonstructures state of 8. rapidar but the species described by Desfonaines is said to have clongated and spreading racemes, with small secund heads.

 BIGELOVIA. (Bigelowia,*) DC. prodr. 5. p. 329 (excl. § 2 & 3), & mem. Comp. 6.5: not of Smith, of Spreng., nor of Raf.

Basis 3-stdowerski i he flowers all perfer att hubbr. Izwaten chwiezyslutietal, momenta endowa, kan ga ah fudwers i he acte (0-14) linner, inhubratel, appressed, righ, somewhat glutions. Recepted mawne, picatel by spalan or stack-line coups along as the activity. Co-Rolls millers, and syste marky as in Linosyvis; the latter scarely sterred behavior surveival needs, latty: Z-grams a single series of advance endolary behavior, and syste marky as a single series of advance endolary behavior, and series and the series of the series of the starks and the series of the series of the series of the series of the laws abstract heat series and series of the series of the series of the Basis in a frankjan negration arcyme. Flowers yellow, the involute also yudiowide.

**A Chargeorome separation district d. J. Eigens, qui done Americana access moreants fors: Boscinaris et stratistica additional district and the strategies of the basis of Eigenses for this general searching the species wrangly associated with 2014 the of Borris and Dange at the Earster ad Acharatis in morganic lin Parentia, 6.46. Reaf Bort Borris and Dange at the Earster ad Acharatis in morganic lin Parentia, 6.46. Reaf Bort Borris and Dange at the Earster ad Acharatis in morganic lin Parentia, 6.46. Reaf Bort Borris and Dange at the Earster ad Acharatis in morganic line data and the Bort Bort Borris and Dange at the Earster ad Acharatis in morganic line data and the Bort Bort Borris and Bor B. midata (DC. ! L. c.)-Chrysocoma nudata, Michr. ! fl. 2. p. 101; Parah ! fl. 2. p. 517; Ell. ! sk. 2. p. 309.

a. spathulefolia : radical and lower leaves oblanceolate, 1- or obscurely 3-nerved, tapering into an attenuated base; the cauline ones scattered, often very few, linear.—B. nudata, *DC.*! *l. e.*, *fymem. comp. t.* 5. Chrysocoma nudata, *Natl. gen. 2.* p. 137.

3. virgata: earliest radical leaves linear-spatulate; the others, and the (often more numerous) caulies ones narrowly linear, 1-nerved.—B. virgata, DC.1 i. c. Chryscoma virgata, Nutt. i. c.

Dot: 1. to: Carlysseemis Vigual, Null 1. c. New Jerwy (Nullit1) and Vir-Bodien of waven, and how give bearrows, New Jerwy (Nullit1) and Virginal to Floridat Alabaran's Louisianal and Persari. Aug-externation of the second second second second second second second second sizes, restorted. Second of the involution Fouriero, why the waveshap result inpos-The habit is much that of the section Eukamin in Soliday, but the senses are less inclusion to branch. The N-vignan apparent be loop a nartwo-leaved same of the ordinary plant; but it may, perhaps, be a distinct species.

41. LINOSYRIS. Lobel ; DC. prodr. 5. p. 351, (& Bigelowia § 2. DC.)

Linosyris & Crinitaria, Cass.-Chrysothamnus, Nutt.

Hash s-imary-discreted, the flowers all perfect and tabular. Envolves emponduse, observing, or objong, clus shower than the disk is, the scalar limbritant, possily concerve or carinaria, clustiniar of herbaceous tips; the exists investigation of the scalar strength of the scalar limit, a vacuation observation of the scalar strength of the scalar limit all collect granted limits. Therefore, and the limit or of obling signature performs in the phasesent appendages various in form. Achie all collect, scalar compresent, all yorks or malfractions phases (calify the dollage scalar compresent, all yorks or malfractions phases (calify existing in Scalar and the scalar compression have the scalar strength existing in Scalar and the matter scalar strength models and an imminghing hymothem from the mass in lowing comprises heads at the summit. Leaver a hierarce, results, using incurse coloring, mostly calify early coll terrors. Proceent specific scalar strength of the strength of the strength of the strength.

§ 1. Involucre 20-30-flowcred, as long as the disk.

1. L Texnar: enfortneesent at the base, glabecas, not glainious; stema and nonzerous benches strongy strains-angied; i access linear, entirothy 1neered, rather rigid; a called of the hernispherical involutors lancealans, south of the locally individual is 0 of 3 series lobes of the despity parted limb of the observations in the limb of the strain strains of the strain strains of the observations and the strain strains of the strain strains of the observations and strains of the strain strains of the strain strains of the strains of the strains of the strain strains of the strain strains of the strain strains of the strains of the strains of the strain strains of the strains of

Tasa Dramoul I Dr. Reddell -Stern 1 for the high much lenschoft after summit, verser 1-5 inderholmen jese than 3 lines with a sum over the start of the start lensers and every minusky and chararty of the inderiver much host fight forwards with a starts over the inderiver works, host fight forwards with a starts and other inderiver and host of the starts over optimes every and and sheet their starts Basesharis Terran for Mitchard An

LINOSYRIS.

COMPOSITÆ.

9. L. Drawnsowii : much branched from the sufficiences, blackers, the young bleeds and fadgiable branchiets somewhat applications are strengt levels includely likes: a paying to the base, thickin, observing i reserved in the strengt provide the strengt provides of the strengt provides. The strengt provide the strengt provides of the strengt provides of the strengt provides.

Texas. Processor (1-Steven right, 8-0) include high the books analy setting and successful approach at the contentity of observations of an induced setting and a line wind, recorded. Scales of the involutor either guintons or algebra plaverenties at the args, obtainsk. Stansen intered base bow the middle of the tubular part of the conduct. Overy ality-phasement— The schema is are immatrac—Acober precises of the conduct, I. Meissana, is figured by Schlechtendal (*Hortzs Halonsis*, I. 4.), and is remarkable for its to todded laws.

§ 2. Involuere sciencel-(6-10-20-) flowcred, mostly thorter than the disk t the scales oval or oblong, concave or carinate s appendages of the style triangular or deltoid-ovate, much shorter than the flat stigmatic portion.

This division includes the Siberian L. punctata, L. villess, (in which the heads are only 3-10-flowered), L. Tartarice, dec. ; in our specimens of the latter the heads are only 5-7.50wered.

3.e. L₂ plerifleres (purseant) glateras i humalisas mentars levera very merredy lines, souveiras attenuates constrib de base, descrity Jources) honds 1D-1640weres, envolved and subscalies at the animali of the small investigation of the state of the involvements of the involvement of the origin very lengthess mentals, forming a very most hourse that of which engineering and the state of the involvement of the involvement of the investigation of the style inconstance were, obtained and the appendixes of the style inconstance were, obtained and the state of the involvement of the style inconstance were, obtained and the inpendixes of the style inconstance were, obtained and the state of the invert is non style. New York, 20, 20, 20, 20, and 70 ket.

Upper Missouri or Plante Liv, Jonas I.-The lower part of the stem is wonting in our specimes. Leven should inches long a line wide, observely impressed punctate, and a linite resinous. Heads densely clustered, one-third of an inch long. Scales of the involuces small, contacous, with marvow seafroux margins. Pappus copions, unequal. Alveoi of the receptacle laceratedenate.

4. La lancedata: a havibby, cincreaus-patentiari, branches terret. I server internitorial motionality and an antipation of the server in the de-Bowered, in clusters, forming a compromal function comparison of the server, has internet granders, methy the length of the disk i bloss of the corula about half the length of the tablum periods hancless of the style size. Substitution of the server is the server of the server is the server substitution of the server is the server of the server is the server substitution of the server of the server of the server is the server substitution of the server is the server of the server is the server substitution of the server is the server of the server is the server server is the server server is the server server is the server server is the server server is the server is th

Rocky Monntains, on the sources of the Platte, and of Lewis River, Nattall 1 - "A moderate-sized shrub." Leaves 1-14 inch long, 3-4 lines broad. Heads smaller than in the preceding.

§ 3. Involuces 5-flowered, mostly aborter than the disk; the concare or carinate scales ocal or oblong-linear: appendages of the style linear-subsolate, longer than the linear flat signatic portion.—Chrysothammas, Nutt. Bisclowis 8, 2. Spuris. DG)

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5. L. gravesdens: shridby, very much branchel; branches pulverliefttomatos, which is laves very much branchel; branches pulverliefttomatos, which is laves very much very linear, 1-acres, datavas; heads (large) 6-dimensed, clausered; scales of the involutors few, loosely indistants is intermost elongated, linear; pappas very fite and capillary i could all brance-Chrytown attenuous data, March J. 2, p. 2, and and a strain brance-Chrytown attenuous data, March J. 2, p. 2, and J. Bercheller the strain attenuous data, March J. 2, p. 2, and J. Berbert, and the strain attenuous data, March J. 2, p. 2, and J. Berbert, and the strain attenuous data (J. 2, p. 2, 2).

3. leaves and the outermost scales of the involucre, as well as the branches, more or less tomentos-public entropy of the involucre as well as the branches, Bigelowia Missouriensis, DC. 1. c. Chrysothamnus speciosus, Natt.! in trans. Amer. while see 1. c. (excl. yur. 3)

On the depindent brains of the Misseeric Plants, *Kox. Levist J.* Weind J. and heights in the Rody Monation, *Koldul J.*, *Lange-Shub 6-6* tell high, with a barry and mightamut, theoget sensoritat atomatic color with anteress of the sensories particular time of the sensories of

 L. albicoulis: stem and branches densely lanate-tomentose, white; leaves very narrowly linear, tomentose-pubescent (at length glabrous), leaved; tube of the corolla best with very fine long villous haies!— Chrysotharmus speciesus β, albienulis, Natt, l. c. Chrysocoma nauscosa, Parzh, l. c.,

Rocky Mountain plains near Lewis River &c., Nattall !--Resembles the preceding very petionity, except in the characters pointed out. Mr. Nattall remarks that it is perhaps a distint species: without noticing, however, the character upon which we should chefty rely fite distinguishing them ; vizthe long colweebby hairs of the corolla.

7. Le vicidifora (Hock.): thrabby glabrons: [asves parrowly linear, leaves, dight year gate: heads more or leave charted, fangingter-crymbase,5-flowered : testes of the object private glabrons, often glabrons, often glabrons, often glabrons, the extensive starts - corolle glabrons.-Hock, fl. Ber.-Am. 2, p. 4, under Crimitan. Bigelown winciding. DC, prodr. 7, p. 279.

β. "involucre ovate, the scales ovate and short."-Chrysothamnus pumilus β. enthamioides, Nutl. l. c.

 dwarf, much branched from the base, minutely pulverulent-pubescent or nearly smooth.—Chrysothamous pumilus, Nutt.! I. c.

Barris plains of the Oregan, from this Grent Falls to the Monaniay, Ko-Dongtot'. Lows Rever and plants of the Recy's Monanian, Matthi — The plant direction by Hostorri a study to be a common shreet, 3-4 for high, in the direction law strings, and the final state of the study of the study of the first of the string of the strings of the string strings of the first of the string of the strings of the string string strings of the string string strings of the string strings of the string string strings of the string strings of the string strings of the string string strings of the string strings of the strings strings of the string string strings of the strings of the string string strings of the string string strings of the strings of the string string string strings of the strings of the strings strings of the string strings of the strings of t

2 Doubtful Species.

8. L.? humilis (Hook., under Crinitaria): branches sparsely and slightly

LINOSTRIS.

COMPOSITÆ.

himute ; leaves linear-lanceolate, denticulate-ciliate, mucronulato-acute; heads axillary and terminal ; scales of the glabrons involucre linear; the exterior larger and foliarcous. *Hook*, 1, c.

Banks of the Saskatchawan, Drammond .- Plant 3-4 inches high, of doubtful genus.

42. AMMODIA. Nutl. in trans Amer. phil. soc. (n. ser.) 7. p. 321.

Beels may-deriver) it the flowers all perfect and tabular. Scalar of the empenditor incredence senton-performancesson, lister en incentage, l-terrest, limitestatol in few starts; be increment ar long as the fields, the empenditor of the starts and the starts and the starts and the field of the starts and the starts and the starts and the physical starts and the starts and the starts and the physical starts and the starts and the starts and the physical starts and the starts and the starts and the physical starts and the starts and the start and the start and the starts and the start and the start and the starts and the starts and the start and the start and the start and the starts and the start and the sta

A. Oregana (Nutt. ! I. c.)

On the sand and gravel bars of the Oregon and its tributaries, common, Nuttall 1 Aug.--Stems a foot high, many from the same root. Heads as large as in Inula viscons. Flowers all similar; the corolla slender, slightly dilated upwarks, 5-toothed. Authers not caudate.

43. MACRONEMA. Nutt. in trans. Amer. phil. soc. (n. ser.) 7. p. 322.

Hands many-flowered 1 for ny-deners 6-d., liquint, pintline, or more theoretic fields (holding, perfers. Science of the invelocate, performs, some what is at series, nearly equal, linear-lanceolast, lowered 1 the extense bursts at the base resembling the commonly with one can mee filanceas when the last resembling the upper lawers. Recepted flag arealize with the base resembling the optimized series of the series of the system in the lawer resembling the optimized series of the system in the lawer resembling the upper lawers. Here specific series of the appendixes of the system (in dusk-flower) obtaembling the state of the system of the linear file signature protoners and the state of the system of the system of the state of the reprised series in the comparison of the system of the state of the reprised series in the state of the system of the state of the functions leader of the state of the system of the system of the state leader of the state of the system of the state of the system leader of the state of the system of the state of the state leader of the state of the system of the state of the state of the state leader of the state of the system of the state of the state of the state leader of the state leader of the state o

§ 1. Heads radiate : achenia pubescent.

 M. suffruitnova (Nutt.! 1. c.): leaves oblong-linear or lanccolate, acute, somewhat narrowed towards the base; scales of the involucier mostly appeadiculate; achenia oblong or slightly obcarter, dat, 1-3-mered on each side.
 Sandy and gravelly banks of the Malade, a stream of the Oregon, near the Bias Mongains, Natal/L-Stem 6-s inches long, from a low wordy base, leafy to the semmit. Leaves an inch or more larg, about 2 lines which Heads large, with about 30 disk-flower and mostly 8 linear-obleng tray, "having often the same pubscent stigrags with the discal flower, and nat unfrequently the realiments of stames." Natl. Pappus ferragions,—The leads as not rulik: these of Directical (Pappotentum) contropilds.

§ 2. Rays wanting a chenia very glabrous. (Everynna, Nutt.)

 M. discoidea (Nutt.? 1. c.): young branches tomentose; leaves subspatialte-oblong; obtase; involuces subtended by 2-3 foliaceous linear-oblong bracts similar to the upper leaves; the inner scales membranaeous, senioas, not appendiculates, young schemis linear-oblone.

Banks of Lewis River and other ributaries of the Oregon, Nuttall !-Resembles the preceding. Leaves about an inch long, 2-3 linos wide. Heads 25-flowerd.

44. ERICAMERIA. Nutt. in trans. Amer. phil. soc. (n. ser.) 7. p. 318.

Heak are showing it he ray discuss 3-6, liptages pariline, these of the 44-56, builtage prefer. Segles of the taximus or equivalent largence fore, inducated, and analysis, elargence parity in the same segmental and an adultate, fieldy analysis in the largen. Respirate small, attractages may also also of the stress linear simulation, the hierowise start appendages much longer than the adjanced parity birth the start appendages much longer than the adjanced parity birth the start appendages much longer than the adjanced parity birth the start appendages much longer than the adjanced parity birth the start appendages much longer than the adjanced parity birth the start appendages much longer than the adjanced parity birth the start appendages much longer than the adjanced parity birth the start appendages and the start and the start appendix of start and the distribperiors. Heads small, expendixes, at the attramity of the branchetter Researce parity of the start appendage of the branchetter of the start appendage of the branchetter of the start appendages of the start appendages of the start appendages of the branchetter of the start appendages of the start appen

 E. reierephylia (Nutt. I. L. c.): asomewhat pubescent, wareely glutinous ; leaves treate, oblines, very short, much fascilets; rays 3-4; inner scales of the involuter solong, obtune; actionia glutionous.—Diplopappus ericoides, Leav. in Linner 6, p. 417. Aplopappus ericoides, Host. & Arn. bot. Beckey, p. 1464 D.C., prod. 5, p. 544.

California, on rocks, Clamines Douglas! Nuttall &c.-Shrab 6-12 inches high, at first cincreous-publiscent; the leaves 3-5 lines long, not unlike these of Ademostronm.

2. E. mana (Nutt.! l. c.): glabrous, somewhat glutinous; leaves linearzeroos; acute, channelled; rays about 4; acutes of the javolucre lanceolate, seriet; achenia minutely hairy, somewhat compressed.

On shelving rocks in the Blue Monatchiss of Oregon, Nattall /-Shrub sencely a span high, densely branched, fasticiate, brittle: the rigid leaves 6-12 lines long. Pappers not very copious, in 2 series, somewhat deciduous.

3. E. taimosa (Nutt.1 . c.); glabrons, glatinous; branches slender, cotymbose at the sammit; leaves subaliste-incar, noise, tapering to the base; tray a hout 6; the disk-flowers about 12; the limb, of the corolls decly) Secleft; scales of the involucre lanceolate, acute; achenia hirsufe when young.

With the preceding; the flowers larger and not perfectly yellow (ochrolowcow); the branches more sleader and open; the leaves somewhat longer and a little broder; the rays otce, but not always bihbate, with 2 strapshaped narrow segments opposed to the 2-toothel ligule. Natall.—Pappus in a single series, the capillary bristies nearly in dequal.

45. STENOTUS. Nutt. in trans. Amer. phil. soc. (n. ser.) 7. p. 334.

Heads many-descreted the next-descrete since 1.5 in liquid, rather distant, patient heart hose of the distantian, rather scales of the hemispherical lawels, entities of the distantian scale scales of the hemispherical lawels, entities of the distance of the distance of the distance of the pherical lawels of the distance of the distance of the pherical lawels of the distance of the distance of the Alased Scalesance and the summarized energy described. A Appendix on the style itsead and the summarized energy described in the alased of the significance of the distance of

A group of plants well marked in habit, and doubdess generically distinct from the true Aplopappus.

§ 1. Flowering stems or scapes somewhat simple and naked, bearing single heads s leaves cincreaus : rays 10-12 : pappus and silky hairs of the achenia brinkt white.

b. Second (Nutr.) Lo.) I have adjusted at the summit of the three harmhole cause, sequintar-increasing second second second second minutely highl-subcross scapes nearly leaders scales of the nearly glasthrea invalues then, abolicy-access cause, characters, with scattering marflast, momentum in a secies prova abort, glass 3-sleft | appendixes of the app proton-Chrosseptime multip, Nutr. (In Surv. and M. Stellet), a proton second proton-Chrosseptime multip, Nutr. (In Surv. and M. Stellet), a St. 5. 1. 6.

Borders of Little Godin River in the Rocky Mountains, towards the sources of the Oregon, Mr. Wyeth / Janc.—'A small, tufted alpine, only 3-4 inches high." Leaves scarcely an inch long; these of the simple scape 1-2 and much smaller, or none.

2. S. pygnenus: very dwarf; leaves spatiolate, obtuse, somewhat 3-nerved, fimbrate-ciliste; the radical as long as the simple leafy scape; head bracteste; scales of the involucre oblong, obtuse, ciliste, rather rigid; rays oblongalines.

Rocky Mountains, probably in about lat. 41°, Dr. James --Scarcely 2 inches high, alightly cinercous. Ovaries hairy. Style, &c. as in the preceding.

3. S. armerioidee (Nutt. ! l. c.) : glabrous ; leaves crowded at the summit of the thick woody candex, slongated spatulate-linear, obscurely 3-nerved ;

STENOTUS-

those of the simple scape 1-2; scales of the involucre roundish-oval, very obtuse, coriaceous, with abrunt scations matrins, closely imbricated somewhat in 3 series ; style with short and thick lanceolate appendages.

On shelving rocks towards the sources of the Platte, Nuttall !- Plant a span high, with the aspect of an Armeria. Leaves very rigid, pale or whitish, but shining, 3 inches long, not 2 lines wide, sometimes a little resinous, as well as the rigid rounded scales of the involucre.

4. S. compilorus (Nutt. ! L. c.) : glabrous or nearly so ; leaves crowded at the summit of the woody caudey, narrowly lanceolnic or linear, acute, 3-nerved; those of the simple or branching scapes 3-4; scales of the invo-Incre broadly ovate, acute, membranacoons, erose-ciliate, imbricated in 3 series ; appendages of the style subulate-linear, minutely pubescent --- Chrysopsis crespitors, Natl. 1 in jour. acad. Philad. 7. p. 53. Vallies of the Rocky Mountains, towards the sources of the Missouri and

Platte, Mr. Wyeth ! Nuttell ! July .- Plant 4-6 inches high, Leaves perfectly amouth and glabrons, or with a few scattered hairs,

§ 2. Leaves crouded on the sensenhat ligneous branching flowering stens, often covered with a resistous exudation : rays 12 : pappus and eilky hairs of the achenia bright white.

5. S. linearifolius: glabrous, much branched ; the branches naked and pedunculiform at the summit; leaves narrowly linear, acute, 1-nerved, glandular-punctate ; scales of the glabrons involucre lanceolate-oblong, acute, somewhat membranaceous, with broad scarious margins, in 2 series, somewhat equal, the inner as long as the disk; appendages of the style ovate, thickened, much aborter than the linear signatic portion.—Aplopappus linearifolius, DC, prod(r, 5, p, 307; Honi, T, <math>q, dr, n, I bot. Beechq, apply p. 350.

California, Douglas !- Leaves an inch or more in length. Head nearly an inch in diameter; the involuces looser than in the preceding.

acendia 6. S. forifer : stem rather short, branched, bairy ; leaves all linear-spatu Series her algoing hairy, enter, generous ; ellifern braches, esterior este of the involuce publicenticilitation of the series of the length of the information of the series of the length of the wise the length of these of the series of the length of the series of the length of these of the length of the series of the series of the length of the series of the length of the series of the seri Aplopapus Borifer, Hock. & Arn. bot. Beckey, suppl. p. 351. Erigeron Borifer, Hock. f. Ber-Am. 2, p. 20. B. leaves obovate-spatulate. Hock, & Arn. 1, c.

Dry rocks and sandy grounds, mar Privat's Regids of the Oregon, and Lewis & Clarke's River, Douglas 1 3: Sanke Country, Mr. Tokate, --Said to be very nearly allied to A. linearchicias. but with different foliage. The description does not satisfactorily accord with any of the preceding ; and the following exhibits a tawny or ferruginous pappus in the youngest state, &c.

§ 3. Fincering stems somewhat leafy, bearing 1 to 3 obovoid fewer-flowered heads : rays 8 : pappus ferruginous. (Donopsis, Nutt.)

7. S. multicaulis (Nutt. ! 1. c.) : flowering steams numerous from a woody cauder, simple or somewhat branched, tomentose-einercous (as well as the leaves and involucre) when young, at length nearly gisbrous ; leaves linear, 1-nerved ; the lowest subspatolate-linear and outpse ; those of the flowering stoms 3-5, scute ; heads bracteate or subtended by a leaf; scales of the invohere ovate, acuminate, membranaceous (6-9), in 2 series ; appendages of the style linear-oblong.

OTENOTES.

COMPOSIT/E. Rocks, on the western declivity of the Rocky Mountains, Nuttall !- Stems 2-4 inches long, a little longer than the tufted leaves, the latter 1-2 lines wide. Pappus scanty, of about 2 series of unequal bristles, shorter than the

46 ISOPAPPITS

Heads several-flowered ; the ray-flowers 5-12, ligulate, pistillate, those of the disk 10-20, tubular, perfect. Scales of the cylindrical-campanulate involucre lanceolate-subulate, imbricated in 2-3 series, appressed. Receptacle small, alveolate, the alveoli nearly entire. Corolla of the disk slightly dilated upwards, 5-toothed. Appendages of the style subulate, hirsute, much longer than the stigmatic portion. Achenia linear-oblong, terete, attenuate at the base, silky-villous. Pappus a single series of capillary seabrous entirely similar and nearly equal bristles .- Hirsute and scabrous locesly paniculate-branched biennial herbs, with small heads on slender peduncles. Leaves alternate, crowded, sessile, lanccolate, 1-nerved and somewhat yeiny, sparsely hispid-ciliate, often aparinely serrate, Andera

1. I. divariantes ; glandular-scabrous and sparsely-hispid ; branches and pedancles slender, divaricate spreading ; leaves rigid, lincar-lanceolate, very scales of the oblog involuce linear-subulate, bairy; rays 5-61; the disk-Bowers 7-14.—Chrysopsis divaricata, Nutl. 1 gen. 9, ps. 152 (ander Inuin); Ell.1 sk. 2, p. 338. C. Lamarchin, Nutl. 1 ss. trans. Auer. phil. oc. 1, c. p. 316. Diplopappus? (Chrysopsis) divaricatus, Hook, 1 compan. to bot. was 1. p. 97. Heterotex Lamarekii, DC. profr. 5. p. 37, as to spec-char, & syn. Nut. & Elk ; excl. syn. Cas. & Law (which relate to Heterotheca scabra), & Pluk. als., which probably represents Chysopsis Marian

Dry sandy woods and fields, Georgia! to Florida ! Louisiana ! and Texast Aug-Oct -- Plant 1-2 feet high, sometimes nextly glabrous when old with a very effuse paniele ; the fillown pedicels usually minutely glandular and hispid. Heads about a quarter of an inch in length. Pappus ferruginous, not unlike that of a true Erigeron; the bristles rather numerous but in a tingle scies, thender, entroly similar, and teach and a scies induction of a scies of the science of the scienc priety of separating this plant from Chrysopsis, but ha evidently did not intend to include it in his genus Calveiana, as De Candolle supposed. It is most nearly allied to the doubtful section of Aplepappus, or perhaus cenus, Blepharodon, DC.; which, however, has many-flowered heads, a copious pappus of uncound bristles, &cc.

2. I. Hookerianus ; seem branched from the base, and with the somewhat spreading branches roughish-hirsute, not glandular ; leaves oblanceointe or oblong-spatulate, fringed with bristles along the aftenuate base or margined petiole, obscurely serrulate towards the apex, mucroenlate, nearly glabrous; scales of the short campapulate involucre almost glabrous, subulate-lanceolate; rays 12; the disk-flowers about 20.

Gonzales, Texas, Drammond !-Stema about 10 inches high ; the leaves somewhat scattered ; the branches bearing few heads on erect peduncles. Pappus ferruginous .- Only a few specimens having been collected, this species is not to be found in many of the sets of the late Mr. Drummond's

plants. The specimens we have examined are in the herbarium of Sir Wm. Hocker.

47. APLOPAPPUS. Cass. ; DC. prodr. 5. p. 345. excl. spec.

Heads many-flowered ; the ray-flowers numerous, ligulate, pistillate, sometimes wanting ; those of the disk tubular, perfect. Scales of the involucre lanceolate or linear, imbricated. Receptacle flat, foveolate, or alveolate and somewhat fimbrillate. Achenia silky, somewhat terete, oblong or turbinate. Pappos of copious unequal and more or less rigid scabrous bristles .- Mostly perennial herbs or suffruitcose plants (chiefly antives of the Andes and the Pacific coast of America); with alternate usually servate or spinulose-toothed leaves. Heads solitary or somewhat corymbose. Flowers yellow.

We have no species which entirely abcord with the Chilian Eusplopappi. Some of the Aplodisci are most nearly allied to them, except that they have no rays ; bu tals are homochromous. Perhaps Pyrrocoms and Prionopsis hardly deserve the rank of genera, but it is more convenient to separate them

§ 1. Scales of the hemispherical or campanulate involvere linear-lanceolate : achenia oboroid-oblong or turbinate, niky-villous : pappas of copious and very unequal but nearly capillary briefles : perennial or suffruitescent : leaves pinnately lobed or incised ; the lobes or teeth pointed with bristles .-BLEPHARODON, DC. (excl. no. 9.)

prived L. ent and einercous ; leaves lanceslate or parrowly oblong, mostly narrowed at the base, acasile, Inciniate-incised ; the divaricate teeth produced into pellucid bristles ; heads subglobose, solitary or corymbose, terminating the leafy branches, often bracteate ; scales of the involutore linear, acute, viscidly puberulent, in about 2 series, nearly equals loose, at length surrading ; achenia

Texas, Drumaiond !- Stems erect or decumbent, corvinbosely branchod, about 10 inches high. Heads rather smaller than in Chrysonias Mariana, on short sout peduncles. Rays 15-18, clongated. Scales of the involucre tipped with a bristle. Alveol of the receptacle pilose-fimbrillate. Corolla of the disk-flowers dilated at the throat, rather deeply toothed. Appendages of the style oblong-ovate, broader and much shorter than the stiematic portion. Achenia silky-canoscent. Bristles of the pappus in about 3 series of unoqual length .- Allied apparently to A. phyllocephalus, DC., of Mexico

2. A. spinulous (DC.) : herbaceous ; canescent with a soft minute woolly pubescence, or at length almost glabrous; stems many from the same root, corymbosely branched above; leaves (small) rigid, pinnately or somewhat bipinnately parted; the segments short, linear-subulate, mucronate with a short bristle ; heads subglobose, terminating the numerous branchlets ; involatere shorter than the disk ; the scales subplate-innceolate, mucronulate, imbricated in 3-4 series, appressed, canescent; achenia turbinste, villous; pappus (pale or tawny) very unequal.—DC. I. c.—Amellus? spindlosus, Purst, N.2. p. 564, (but the descr. does not perfectly accord); Torr. / 15 ann. lyc. New York, 2. p. 213. Starkes? pinnata, Nutl. ! gen. 2. p. 169 Diplopappus pinnatifidus, Hock. ! f. Bot.- Am. 2. p. 22. Dieteria spinulosa, Natt. ! in trans. door. phil. sor. L. c. p. 301. Plains of the Missouri as the Rocky Mountains! Aug-Sept.-Stems 1-2

Samo

-

APLOPAPPUS.

COMPOSITÆ.

feet bigh. Leaves an inch or more in length. Heads small. Rays 20-30. Corolla of the disk with very short teeth. Style nearly is in the preceding, but the appendages as long as the stigmatic portion. Pappus short, rather rigid, very unequal, in about 3 series.

- § 2. Sould of the hemispherical involvere lanceolate, more or less individual achain oblong or twispherical involvere lanceolate, more or less individual but almost capillary bristles i stens lon, experientles, from a fuilorm couler, barring solitary or foor rather large heads: Leave shifty radical, petiologi, amovale, mouth with ciritarianous or spinulous tech—ANSTELIA.
- Scales of the involuces lanceolate-oblang, chartaceous, unequal, imbricated in 3 series; poppus theries (han the corolla of the disk.

3. A loscolata: seen and peiloles at first langinous, at length nearly glabous; leaves coincenos; it readical and lower caulies innecessite, ecute, irregularly spinolose-toothed, petioled; the upper small and brate-like, linear-lancehate, periloy elasping; heads 2-5; a cheine silky — Bonia Innecessita, Howki, f. Bor.-Am. 2; p. 25. Homopappus (Actinaphoria) multiflorus, Nutl. in tensor. Amer. Phil. Asc. 1; c. p. 335.

Sustatchawan, Drinnwood! Plains both east and west of the Rocky Mountains in about in: 41°, Nutual !--Plant from 6 to 24 toches high. Appendages of the style innecolate, about the length of the stigmatic portion. Rays 20 to 25, pistillate, and to all appearance fertile.

 Scales of the involuere linear-lancedate, herbacrous, nearly equal, lows, in about 2 series pappus not very options, as long as the corolla of the disk.

4. A. uniforms: concerning would when young at length stabrows: leaves right it the radial lace-tota, scutts participation and counsely primitive-context, or some of them entire, petioled; the caution linear-hanceolate; partly classing; backs commonly solitary; involuces at length nearly platforms; shendina silky villonas.—Donin uniform, Heoks, J. Bore, Am. 2: p. 25, t. 124. Homopuppos uniform, Nutl. 1; e.

Plains of the Saskatchawan and prairies of the Rocky Mountains, Drumword '--Sterns 5-10 inches high, from a thick caudex. Appendages of the Wyle obloq-langeolate. Rays 25-30, fertile.

5. As indefacts tomentose-woolly throughout, the publicatemently periatents; leaves innecedute, entire, or spatingly spinuloseserulate; the radicat lapering to the base but nearly sessile; iteratis usually solinty; involuces very woolly; achenia villoa.—Homosppus (Actingatoria) inubides, Nutr.; in frans. Amer. spills exp. 6. 6.

Moise grassy plains of the Rocky Mountains towards the sources of the Plante, Natural !--Plant 3-4 inches to a floot high. Rays 40-50, Natt.--Appprodages of the style lanceolate-subsidist. The rays are pistillate and apparendy fortile. The species is very nearly allied to the precedings and perhapse not distinct.

6. 4.7. Oppgrous t caudes takel, branched ; radical leaves narrowly again latter or oblacedone, okanes, enrice, somewhat periode, allow 3-nerved, flakrouss; the cauline few and small, linear, i-nerved, slightly pubsicate; flakrouss; the cauline few and small, linear, i-nerved, slightly pubsicate; flakrouss; the cauline few and small, linear, i-nerved, slightly pubsicate; flakrouss; the cauline few and small, linear, i-nerved, slightly pubsicate; slightly discussion status; showing intervel is a double slightly discussion; releasing taking slightly and slightly heat slightly discussion; all slightly releasing taking slightly and slightly heat slightly discussion; and slightly slightly and slightly and slightly and slightly discussion; and slightly and slightly and slightly and slightly discussion; and slightly and slightly and slightly and slightly discussion; and slightly and slightly and slightly and slightly discussion; and slightly and slightly and slightly and slightly discussion; and slightly and slightly and slightly and slightly discussion; and slightly and slightly and slightly and slightly discussion; and slightly and slightly and slightly and slightly discussion; and slightly and slightly and slightly and slightly discussion; and slightly and slightly and slightly and slightly discussion; and slightly and slightly and slightly and slightly discussion; and slightly and slightly and slightly and slightly discussion; and slightly and slightly and slightly and slightly discussion; and slightly and slightly and slightly and slightly discussion; and slightly disc

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On Monn Ranier, Oregori caliected either by Douglas or Mr. Todai: the apetience communicated by Sit Wan. Moker.—Steme to exapt 54 incluses high bening 3 or 4 small leaves below the middle, tomentose-pubereau teeft the sommit. Residuel leaves 1-51 or holes long, appresently rather fields, the source of the fields were the source of the fields were the source of the source of the source of the source of the fields were the source of the source of the source of the source of the fields were the source of the source of the source of the source of the fields of the source of the days of the source of congrade-souldness, mech longer than the signative protect

§ 3. Rays wanting .- APLODISCUS, DC.

 Involvere obviously, as long as the disk; the scales regularly indiricated in 4-5 strikt, obling, with marrow sources any angles, and slightly herbaceous and spreading tips: corola distorts at the summit, the best providing. (A pelodicans, DC, Laccoma, Netl.)

7. A. Mozioii : step suffutione : the branches longated, simple, some what pubsecare, basds in terminal corymbase clusters : laws oblancellate or linear-spatulate, impressed-punctate, somewhat fleshy, glabron, spine low-serrate towards the appex, often facicled in the axils : appendixes of the style ovate, acute, much shorter than the stig range of the style in the stig of the style in the style over the style over the style over the style in the style

California, Menzies. Common in marshes near the sea, at St. Barbara, Nuttall ! April-May .- Plant 1-2 feet high.

Involvere dongeted obcomical; the oblong-linear scales regularly individual in numerous series on the licensier cylindrical rachis, with herbaccous squarrance tips, the immeroset as long as the disk corolla not dilated at the promoti.

6. A sparrows (Hook, & Ara): slightly publication, somewhat reations or guintonic stem whosh by intribuil, having could be update that the upper axis, is avec serveded, downte-ould right, 1-avered, observed vietured, avely served with more that the upper axis, is avec serveded, downte-ould right, 1-avered, observed vietured, avely served with more than the upper axis, is avec, serveded, downte-ould be the star of the st

California, Capt. Beency, Douglas! &c. Plant with the habit of some species of Baccharis. Leaves of the branches an inch long. Heads twothirds of an inch in length. Receptucle narrow.

 Involuce hemispherical, as long as the disk; the scales honerable, inderivated in about 3 series, appressed; corolle ionger than the very unequal pappus, not dilated at the numerical 4-5-boolfood. (Ericoarpum, Nott.)

9. d. Nuttallii : cincrease-nonentone., dwarf ; stems numerous from a. Woody have or curlex, leavy heating several asservate coupling (and) heatis ; leaves curlex, leavy heating several several to the testh curling in briefles, when all knowsky it has all knowsky at heating several seven and the several se

On shelving rocks in the Rocky Mountain range, Oregon, Nattall !-- Plant about 6 inches high, with the habit, pappus, &c. of a genuine Aplopappus-Alveoli of the receptacle strongly foothed.

48. PYRROCOMA. Hook. fl. Bor .- Am. 1. p. 306, t. 107.

Sect. Rupyrrocoma & Bracteosse, DC.-Homopappus (partly) & Pyrrocoma, Natt.

Hosh smarp-flowered is or syshower innorma, joidlas, hut semiflare production is a simple strain and the system in the system of the lens oblags, with more a less sparzers or herbecreat its. Ecceptate flux values of the system of the system of the system of the lens oblags, with more a less sparzers or herbecreat its. Ecceptate flux with above reset tests. Branches of the syste in the disk-flowers insights more oblags, which more in the system of the system of the flux oblags, the hold is appeaded as the system of the system of the Advants linear, charged, the hold is appeaded as the system of the disk of the system of the system of the system of the system of the disk of the system of the disk of the system of the system of the system of the system of the disk of the system of the system of the system of the system of the disk of the system of the system of the system of the system of the disk of the system of the system of the system of the system of the disk of the system of the system of the system of the system of the disk of the system of the disk of the system of the

§ 1. Heads very large and broad, with foliaceous bracts; the rays slender, convealed in the pappus or exerted (the margins involute in dried specimens), infertile.—EUPTRBOCOMA.

1. P. corthassoids: {[Iook.1, l.e.s]; isem (and young leaves) pubsecent; iterminated by a single bracket badd; leaves oblog-lanceducts, metronate-accounties, sparingly spinolose-servints; i the lowest topering into sinder probles primes similar to the uppermost leaves, as long as the proper involuce; i corolla of the ray and disk shorter than the pappas.—DC.1 profr. 6, p. 350.

Oregan, (in the interier), Desclar t-Stream rather using, a fixed end of the irredureduction of the irreduction of the irredu

9. P. routing (Yun), very globurs, lerves shing, reincluded, chapuit; the mild; plotody) and lower caning downleading, entire it he upper oursel-anceolance or obiony, maringly inplution-sertent or entire heads wandly several and somewhar corrubatic listed fewer, passing into the scales of the involucer; my globu 20 ecoverit; the corella of the disk as long as the papper, -Mid-1 in trans. *Ascer. phil.* soc. (ser.) 7, p. 833. Plains of Oregon near Walls-walls), Nutfill —Serm insta, 12-18 incles hiph. Leaves serve their, 3-6 incluse, globa 20 ecoverity.

nearly as large as in Innia Helenium! Involucer much like that of Liatris sentions, but the scales pot dilated above, and acutish, imbricated in 5 or 6

series, more or less subsetted with foliaccess hracts, aborter than the disk. Rays very anraw, righel, exercted, but inconspirouses. Achenia folly a third of an inch long, about the length of the right expanding pappurs, the brielse of which are ischellatisc-schools (no tonce so than the preceding), some of them very observely thicktend towards the apex.—The exterior covering of the support overy...

- § 2. Heads smaller and fever-flowered : the involuce scarcely bracteate ; the rays manifest, and usually fertile.—HOMOPAPPUS, Nutl. (excl. spec.)
- Heads hemispherical: involuce imbricated in 3 series, shorter than the disk: achemia sparsely kirsute.

3. P. reconstant stem glatemas, bearing several (α-2) recentose heads at the summit the postancies and the overacle-blag scales of the involveme pathematic levers glatemas, increasing and an anomaly a several se

 Heads obvisid, senile and often clustered r involucer as long as the disk; the scales linear-oblong, with there distinct herbaceous tips, imbricated in several series: ackenia glabrows. (Intermediate between Pyrrocoma and Aplopappus.)

4. P. pairiellate i glabous; stem branched at the summit; the beside sessile and somewhar clustered along the branches about the length of the brancent leaf: scales of the involver colong, obtuse, morronate; rays 10-19, siender; young achenia alightly hairy towards the summit; Leves oblogslanceolate, mucronate, obscurely and remotely serrolate; the canline partly elassing-microscopapus nanoicatas, Nut. 1, L. e.

Plains of the Oregon near Walla-wallah, in wet places, Nuttall !--Plant a foot high; the leaves (entirely like a genuine Pyrrocoma) and involucres, as also in the following species, often slightly covered with a resinous exudation. Heads numerous, more than half an inch long; the raws fertile.

 P. arguta: glabrous; heads axillary and terminal, clustered, sessile; scales of the involucer lanceolate, acute; rays 10-12; leaves apatulate-lanceolate, somewhat acuminate, sharply serrate, the cauline partly clasping-Nutt--Homopapos argutus, Nutt.-1, L.c.

Plains of the Oregon, with the preceding, Nuttall !--Very similar to the fellowing, according to Nuttall 1 it appears to us more closely to resemble the preceding species. The rays in the specimens which we have examined are entirely neutral.

6. P. glomerata: glabrous; stem simple or branched; the heads (short) clustered and disposed in an interrupted spike; scales of the involucre oblong, obtuse; rays 8-10; leaves oblong-lanceolate, the lower spatulate-lanceolate, very acute, mostly entire; the cauline partly clasping.

Plains of the Oregon, with the preceding, Nuttall !- Hends nearly as broad (half an inch) as long. Rays fertile.

49. PRIONOPSIS. Nutt. in trans. Amer. phil. soc. (n. ser.) 7. p. 329.

Heads broully horniphetical, marg-flowered; the myn namenous (ng. a single verice), lighting, indicate, the other data tauhar, perfect, he un more of less infinite, Scales of the involuent wery nameneos, langeabar, campidies, nameneta transmis, the earther querous and failanceas. Recepted works, Scottada. Appendique of the apple in the diadeleners linearchine transmission of the star of the apple in the diadeleners linearchine. Receipted the margin of the apple in the diadeleners linearchine. Receipted the margin of the apple in the diadeleners linearchine. Receipted the margin of the apple in the diadeleners linearchine. Receipted the margin of the apple in the diadeleners linear the receipted the star of the star of the apple of the star of the star Receipted the star of the star of the apple of the star of the star Receipted the star of the star of the star of the star of the star Receipted the star of the star of the star of the star of the star Receipted the star of the star Receipted the star of the star Receipted the star of the star Receipted the star of the

The short and very smooth achenia, and the decisinous pappus, form the chief, if sock the only distinctions between this greans and the Aplopappore, we are not and elettly committed with the South American species to judge of the importance of three characters. The perturbation process from Florich here subjoined, has short and glahrons ovaries, but perhaps a persistent pappus: if so, this genze should probably be considered a suction of Aplopappin.

1. P. ciliata (Nutt. 1. c.): glabross; asen stout, simple or sparingly branched i leaves elliptical, very obtase, partly clasping, somewhat very, closely and sharply serrate-coded, the test all pointed with bristles.—Donia ciliata, Nutt. in jour, acad. Philad. 2, p. 118; Hook, czut. ft. 1. 4. 45. Aplopapos (Leischenium) clinatus, DC. 1 prof. 5, p. 346.

Arkings, on the allyrial hanks of Greek Sah River, Nuttill 7 Texas, Dommond 1 Aug-Octo-Seem Sould 1 for high Involuce an inch in dimeter, sensewhat glotizons. Pappas of the ray rather shorter than in the siles of the declassions in a ring. Encode bracks of the pappas textus, attemting of the declassion in a ring. Encode brack and the pappas textus, attemtion of the sense the caterness very sheeker and sense y exceeding the achieving the others intermediate in size, &c.

2. P.1 Chapmani: stems simple, virgate, hirsate-pubescent; leaves erect, numerous, narrowly lancelate or linear, glabrous, pungently acute, seta-cousty seriest: the radical coses elengated; the uppermost short, somewhat hniry, appressed; senies of the involucre lanceclasts, very acute or cuspitate, summar 1 rays alongated.

Swings in pine narrow, MGB: Furths, Dr. Chapmes / June-Julys-Romin of the link housing 1 at 0 at these. Latence with the second of the second second second second second second second efforts it is exactly accounted in the second second second with the second second second second second second second with the second second second second second second second test is the second second

Sc Prof. 5. 94

50. CENTAURIDIUM.

Heads many-flowered; the ray-flowers about 20, ligulate, pistillate; those of the disk tubular, perfect. Involucre subglobose ; the scales (few) closely imbricated in 2-3 series, appressed, coriaceous at the base, the upper herbaceous portion dilated rhombic-ovate, cuspidate or mucronate ; the inner with scarious margins. Receptacle flat, strongly fimbrilliferous ; the subulate fimbrillæ nearly the length of the achenia. Corolla of the disk somewhat dilated above, 5-toothed. Appendages of the style (in the disk-flowers) subulate-filiform, hispid, 3-4 times the length of the linear-oblong flat stigmatic portion. Achenia short, obovoid-turbinate, obscurely 4-sided, minutely appressed-pubescent. Pappus persistent, spreading when old, composed of 10 subplate-filiform rigid bristles, which are flattened and dilated towards the base, minutely scabrous above, longer than the corolla (of the disk) and twice the length of the achenia, 10 similar but smaller ones nearly one-ball shorter, and usually about 5 still smaller and exterior .- An annual or biennial glabrous herb ; the stem and fastigiate branches slender, rather thickly clothed with linear-lanceolate 1-nerved cuspidate-acute alternate leaves with scabrous margins, and terminated by solitary small heads. Flowers apparently light yellow.

C. Drummondii.

Terus, Drowneed / Dr., Raddall /-a-Than (Boch) inches hight (the striptic branches minute) webmar. Leaves ever, pilo, hoats in inch long, availthe lower sometimes very algibily serate. Heads half an inch inf inducer, the rays interest-ancestants, elongarke. Jimitellia of the receptance white, chaffy, uniced only at the base, strenceson, not unlike the papersa. Achima about a line and a hidf long, all ferling, bat theory of the strengthes white paper achieves spreading the fraids. The strengthes white spread of Centances.

GRINDELIA. Willd. mag. nat. Berl. 1807, p. 261; Dunal, mem. man. Par. 5. p. 48; DC. prodr. 5. p. 314.

Donis, R. Br. (1813)-Demetris, Lagasca, (1814.)

Heads many dowered i the nys-dowers lighting, pinting, in a single setie (ver y marky and semigin) has of the histolating particle. Larkolvers herrispherical or sub-globow i the scales gammeron and imbridged in words white the scale of the forwards. Constant of the nys-domganic of the disbidden-infinithalities, d-standard. Branches of the style linear, rother steps, the hairy specializer is long at the dynamic provide. Although dywers, the scale specializer is long at the dynamic provide. Models dytreme, the hairy specializer is long at the dynamic provide. Models dywers even is somewhat might glubuses. Papers of fore (3-6) right or eathers (all American and heiding Mericany with the some moutly branched. Leaves ender or array, somewhat pulled-gaments or verticals possible and the middel some source) specific couling source or party shaping.

GRINDELIA.

COMPOSITÆ.

Heads solitary at the extremity of the branches; the involucre, and often the branchless, as well as the (yellow) corolla, &cc. covered with a glutinous varnish, particularly when young. Disk-flowers sometimes infertile.

1. G. conz/dia (Nut). 1 herbacyos 1 galarous; leaves entir (the lower withknow), conzent-oblog, on tervanet-acute, partly classing, somewhat leavy, pelloid (reiculare) particular; heading direct and peaked at the base; scales of the involutions with finanz-sublidite traditional states and the state of the involution with some sublidities are based of the involution of the source of the

California, at St. Barbara, Nuttall !--Mr.-Nuttall obtained only imperfect specimens, and thinks the plant may perhaps be only a variety of G. gluimosa. The thick awas of the pappus are considerably shorter than the corolla, and not at all angled or scalyous.

2. O. invaluata (Wilds): rate sufficience at the basis, branching und probents of himsender and evolution the basis, partly Education, branching and galaxies, include and evolution the basis, partly Education, branching and the strength of the streng

3. branches, leaves, and involucre glandular-hairy. Hook. fl. Bor.-Am. 2. p. 25. under Donia.

7: leaves ovate-oblog or elliptical, obtuse; the upper finely pertinately serrate, mostly tipped with glands; achenia of the disk often series.-O. microogebala, DC. I. c. 7 (which is said to have a pappus of 4-5 bristles.)

Texas, Belandier ! Dramond ! (a. & y.) Arkanas, Nuttall ! 3. Sources of the Wahlamet, Douglas, ex Hook. Aug-Oct.-Sent many years ago by Sessé from Mexico to the Botanic Garden of Madrid ; not uncommon in cultivation.

3. G. Airanda (Hok, & Am.): tem herizeness, illutrons blow, härg towards the summir cauliar layers scaled and party change, höleng, elseng, turns, harpy serrat-scale, the younge pathogenet inter scale of the involvers durinosa, approad; the constraint energy of the scale of the party instance of the parping 45.3.4.4.6.8, dow. I do. Backey, p. 147, downgd, Party DD, global, T. (andraida), p. 247, do. Backey, p. 147, downgd, Party DD, global, T. (andraida), p. 247, do. The abelian blobal, and y found branches parpling. Lawyer right, b.5. index long, the Jower oblogs parameters, reight 1.5. index long, the lower oblogs parameters, reight, 1.5. index long, the lower oblogs parameters.

4. G. robusta (Nutt.): very glabrous; stem herbaceous; leaves oblong, very obtuse, coarsely serrate, condition-classing; involucre leafy at the basic the states produced into recurve-separatore subalite-linear appendages; pappased 2 (or more ?)-bristles---Nutl. / in trans. Amer. phil. ec. (n. er.) 7. pt 314.

St. Pedro, California, Nuttall 1 April.—A very staat and robust species, about 18 inches high, apparently biennial. Leaves about an inch bread, one and a bial [for 2 inches] long. Heads very large, more than twice the size of those of G, squarross, which this species much resembles; but the leaves are broaders or the how. Net.

5. G. squarrosa (Dunal) : herbaceous or nearly so, glabrous; stem corym-

howly branched : leaves oblong or oblong-lanceolate, obtuse, slightly or finely serrate (seldom sninulose-toothed), somewhat clasping ; scales of the glutinous involucre with recurved-squarrose or mostly circinate subulate tips; bristles of the pappus 2-4.—Dunal, l. c. p. 50; Richards. appr. Frankl. journ. ed. 2. p. 33; Torr. ! in ann. lyc. New York, 2. p. 212; DC. ! l. c. Donia squarrosa, Pursh, f. 2. p. 559; Bot. mag. t. 1706; Nutl. 1 gen. 2. p. 163 ; Hook.! A. Bor.-Am. 2. p. 25. Aurelia amplexicaulia, Cass., ex DC.

Dry plains, from the Upper Missouri! to the Rocky Mountains! and north to Saskatchawan ! extending, according to Richardson, into the woody country between lat. 54º & 64º. July-Oct .- Plants 10-20 inches high. Leaves of a pale glaucous hue, small. Heads numerous, small ; the involucre not exceeding half an inch in diameter in the wild plant.

6. G. lanceolata (Nutt.) : herbaceous, glabrous ; stem fastigiately and virgately branched ; leaves lanceolate, acute, closely sessile, coarsely spinuloseserrate or incisely toothed; scales of the involuere with subulate-filiform straight appendages, nearly equal in length; the exterior loose; pappus mostly of 2 bristles .- Nutl. ! in jour. acad. Philad. 7. p. 73.

β. feaves linear, sparsely spinulose-serrulate, or the upper entire.
γ.7 leaves short, oblong-lanceolate, partly clasping, spinulose-serrulate; scales of the involuere with shorter appendages, more unequal and appressed. Plains of Western Arkansas! Louisiana! and Texas! (a. & B. Nuttall! Dr. Pitcher ! Dr. Leavenworth ! Drummond !) y. ? Texas, Drummond ! Sept .-- Plant 1-3 feet high ; with larger heads than the preceding, very glutinous; the elongated appendages of the involucral scales not recurved and circinate, but straight, spreading, or reflexed when old. Leaves pale, rigid ; the lower incisely spinulose-serrate, or sometimes almost pinnatifid, 2-3 inches long. We have only seen an imperfect specimen of the doubtful var. y.

7. G. integrifslia (DC.) ; stem herbaceous, with a few scattered hairs towards the summit ; leaves puberulent or nearly glabrous, entire, with scabrous margins; the upper ones lanceolate, acute, broadest at the partly clasping base ; the lower somewhat spatulate-oblong, rather obtuse, often slightly serrate ; scales of the glutinous involucre produced into slender subulate-filiform spreading appendages; bristles of the pappus mostly 2 .- DC.! prodr. 5. p. 315. Donia glutinosa, Hoak, ! f. Bor. Am. 2, p. 25, (excl. svn.)

it. virgata : stem more slender and virgately branched ; leaves narrowly lanceolate ; heads smaller .- G. virgata, Nutt. [in trans. Amer. phil. soc. L. c.

Oregon, common, Dr. Scouler ! Douglas ! Nuttall !- (2) Stem 3-4 feet high : the branches and upper leaves as well as the involucre and corolla, &c., more or less glutinous, squarrosa, or in var. a. larger; the exterior scales with long filiform appendages.

8. G. stricta (DC.): stem herbaceous, strict, somewhat simple, glabrous at the base, sparingly hairy at the summit; cauline leaves much attenuate and entire at the base ; the summit oblong, neuminate, serrate ; scales of the

Port Mulgrave, on the North West Coast, Hanks, fide De Candolle .-This species is unknown to us ; and there is so much confusion and uncertainty respecting the origin of the specimens in Hanke's collection, that we cannot be confident as to the habitat. The character nearly accords with G. humilis, except the somewhat hairy stem and erect scales of the involucre-

9. G. hamilis (Hook. & Arn.): diffusely branched from the base, dwarf, spatulate or oblanceolate; the radical and lower cauline with a long attenuate base, the uppermost reduced to bracts ; heads small ; scales of the involuces with subulate squarrose-recurved appendages .- Hook. & Arn. bot. Beechey, p. 147.

GRINDELIA.

COMPOSITÆ.

a. cauline leaves entire or nearly so .- G. nana \$, integrifolia, Nutt. 1 in trans. Amer. phil. soc. 1. c.

3. leaves spinulose-toothed .- G. nata, Nutt. ! I. c.

B. Reaves spinouse normalized and the spinous spino

10. G. dissidica (Nutt.): herbaccons, presential, glabrous; stems several from the same root, sincher, fastigistely branchell i naves oblog-linear, tapering to the base, sensile, somewhat spinulnes errulate above; head many: testas of the irreducer with both takalate argumes-recursed appendent is the start of the sense sense of the sense sense of the sense of the sense of the

Banks of the Oregon, Nettall /-Heads rather smaller than in G. squarrosa, terminating the slender stems (a foot high) or branches. Leaves 2-3 lines wide.

52. PENTACHÆTA. Natt. in trans. Amer. phil. soc. (n. ser.) 7. p. 336.

Heads many-flowered; the ray-flowers ligulate, numerous, in a single eeries (in 2-3 series, Nutt.) ; those of the disk tubular, perfect and fertile. Involucre hemispherical; the scales lanceolate, mucronate-acuminate, membranaceous, with broad scarious margins, loosely appressed and imbricated in 2-3 series. Receptacle convex, naked, areolate. Corolla of the ray oblong; of the disk tubular-infundibuliform, slightly incurved (the proper tube very short), unequally 5-cleft at the summit, the sinuses of the exterior lobe deepest; the lobes oblong-lanceolate, spreading. Anthers (naked at the base) tipped at the apex with a mucronate appendage. Branches of the style in the ray-flowers linear, glabrous, slightly exserted beyond the tube, stigmatose to the summit : of the disk consisting of a very short and flat stigmatic portion, terminated by a long subulate-filiform strongly barbellatehispid appendage. Achenia oblong, birsute, obscurely 5-angular, Pappes of the ray and disk similar, consisting of 5 elongated rigid scabrous bristles alightly dilated (and obscurely connected ?) at the base, persistent .- A small and slender much branched annual; the branches terminated by solitary heads. Leaves alternate, numerous, sessile, filiform-linear, involute when dry, and like the stem furnished with scattered villous hairs, otherwise glabrous. Flowers golden yellow. 100 Post Dound - 81

P. aurea (Nutt.! 1. c.)

8. Discs, Caldonia, fo dry paids not be set. Ploweing in April-Bay Weinger, Hogon, do an simily place, find to be back to a fold high burnh-bay widd from the back in a function of the bar and the

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certainly that of Asteroidez, although the appendages are unusually narrow and prolonged.

Subdiv. 4. HETEROTHECEE, DC .- Rays in a single series. Pappus of the disk and ray dissimilar.

53. BRADBURIA. Torr. & Gray ; not of Raf.

Heads many-flowered : the ray-flowers ligulate, pistillate, fertile, in a single series; those of the disk perfect but infertile. Involucre hemisphericalcampanulate; the scales oblong-lanceolate, mucronate, membranaccous, shining, with broad scarious margins, imbricated in 3 or 4 series, appressed. Receptacle flat, arcolate, nearly naked. Corolla of the ray linear, twice the length of the involucre ; of the disk tubular, slender, 5-toothed, about the length of the involucre. Branches of the style in the ray-flowers included in the tube of the corolla, narrowly linear, glabrous, stigmatose to the summit; in the disk filiform, elongated, barbellate throughout. Achenia of the ray short, triangular, turgid, villous ; of the disk very short, villous, rudimentary, Pappus of the ray double ; the exterior of few unequal short squamellate bristles; the interior of numerous rather rigid barbellate-scabrous capillary bristles, somewhat longer than the achenium : pappus of the disk of 2 awnlike bristles, nearly the length of the corolla, somewhat dilated and chaffy towards the base .- An annual herb, sparsely hispid with rigid spreading hairs, and glandular-scabrous, with numerous slender and elongated branches. Leaves linear, very narrow, short, entire, involute when dry; the uppermost setaceous. Heads solitary, terminating the branchlets. Flowers apparently vellow.

B. hirtella.

Texas, Drummond !--- Stem about 2 feet high, somewhat corymbosely branched. Leaves rather rigid, numerous, the lower ones about an inch long, apiculate, sparsely hispid, like the stem, with long bristly hairs arising from pedunculate, as large as in Chrysopsis graminifolia. Involucre at length spreading ; the scales nearly glabrous, shining, remarkably membranaceous, 1-nerved. Ray-flowers about 12; the schenia slightly oboyate, 3-sided, rather large. Panpus of the disk-flowers of 2 (very rarely one) bristles or awns resembling those of Ageratum convzoides; in one of them the chaffly base is octasionally wanting .- We are not sure that the ray is yellow ; if it subdivision Heteropappes. The style is nearly the same with that of Vernoniace .- We dedicate this remarkable genus to the memory of John Bradbury, who in the year 1811 ascended the Missouri to the Mandan villages, and made an interesting collection of plants, &c., a portion of which were published by Pursh in the supplement to his Flora. "In 1817, he published in London a journal of his travels in America during the years 1809-11, in which is contained a great deal of interesting information on the botany of the Missouri country." (Short, on Western Bolany.) This work we have never met with -Bradburya of Rafinesque's Florala Ludoviciana, in founded on Robins' description of two species of Glycine, one of which appears to be Centrosema Virginiana, the other perhaps a Galactia.

54. HETEROTHECA. Cass. bull. philom. 1817, & dict. 21. p. 130 ; DC.

Calycium, Ell .- Diplocoma, Don.

House many-discovered; the ray-downers liquidate, jaciditate, in a single against allow of the disk buildang refered. Scales of the physical magnaper presend, are with somewhat generaling points, indicated in first series. Its equation invitation, the holds of the ray with a single tube and phases. A scale of the ray of the single tube and thema, 5-scoladed. Appendages of the style in the disk-downers hancedust and the series of the ray of the single series of the single series of the single series of the style in the disk-downers hancedust of the series of the single series of the single series of the disk downers with a series of the single series of the single series of the disk downers were are guillary measures that no measity is a single sub-the low for series of the series of the single series of the single series of the disk downers were an employee physical were provided at the single series of the American and Maccale. Wings of the single series of the single series have or ensure or languestar, built on single series of the single series have or ensure in the series of the institution of the single series of the languest of the single series of the single

1. If a value (DC) 1 seen inside and vestoring the branchlers glambing references artigons, very document series to improve the considered series with the series of the

a. Calycius: achenia of the ray oblong, crowned with a manifest capshaped epigynous disk.—Chrysopsis scatura, Ell. 1 i.e., 5%. (Perhaps all the above synonymy belongs heres). Calycium, Ell. I. c., in a note.

, studa ; achenia of the ray broadly aval, the disk obscure,

Sourty well and they promotes Sourd' Gaudiniti I must the costs to Western Cost and the state of the state o

state of the plant, or when the corymb has been injured, in which case it often produces short axillary flower-branches.

2. H. grandifore (Nun.): very villoas, glandular and vicel above: leaves orai-obscip, obtass, sparingly toxited it the upper accelle or nearly so with a topering, base, the lower topering into long and alender protees, which are somewine dilated at the base: Unroburge glandular-vised a gebenis of the ray public sectors. A start of the start of the start of the start of the ray public sectors. A start of the start of the start of the start of the subscription of the start of the start of the start of the start of the subscription. If the start of the start of the start of the start of the subscription. If the start of the start of the start of the subscription of the start of the start of the start of the subscription. If the start of the start of

**. W. Gonz, Monisci et al. Arch. Hock. (probably Californi) 1 and an orks St. Burbara, California, Natifi, "Hons, larger than 1.1 scatter, Bor analter than in 11. incident, discipational from the former by the bayes in the probability of the starting of the starting of the starting probability of the star

Subdiv. 5. CHRYSOFSIDES, DC .- Pappus of the ray and disk similar, double; the exterior short; the inter copious, capillary.

CHRYSOPSIS. Nutl. gen. 2. p. 150 (§ of Inula), excl. spec.; Ell. ak, 2. p. 333; DC. prodr. 5. p. 326.

Heads many-discreted; the ray-discrete lightlane, platitizes in a single strete, these of the disk trubular, perfects. Scales of the invisors: linear, linelarizes. Reseptois: somewhat all weeds in, fin. Corrells of the disk discret invisor in the strete strete strete strete strete strete strete strete memory and the strete strete strete strete strete strete strete weeds and the strete strete strete strete strete strete strete strete what the disk duality is the strete strete strete strete strete strete what the disk of the strete what the disk strete str

§ 1. Perennial : leaves grawineous or linear, nerved : achenia oblong-linear, at length attenuate at each end, or fusiform : exterior pappus seliform or somewhat squamellate-subulate.—Pry corns, Nut.

1. C. granninflate [Netts]. Italy clubed with large closely approach willy bains stem cosmolody humanical alovely, large i zeros functions of linear, praninous, mining, nerveux, emire i the uppermost and those of the branchets very short, appended 1 hands coyminol er, around in junctimiter nearles of the turbinate involves final according and the problem and more or less gradulytes achemic linear calibration with a primiter and more or less gradulytes achemic linear calibrations fills ophiescent actions papeas nearly settlem—ELL ab. 2, p. 123, Pure M. 2, p. 523, VLC 2005. Linuit granulation, Merker, 17, p. 2, p. 122, Pure M. 2, p. 523, VLC

gen. 2. p. 151. Erigeron nervosum, Willd./ spoc. 3. p. 1953. E. glandulosun, Poir. ex DC. Diplopspus graminiolius Less im Lisman, 5. p. 310, D. sericeus, Hock, compar. to box. mag. 1. p. 97. Pityopsis (Scricophylum) graminifolin & argentea, Nutl. in trans. Amer. pkil. soc. (s. scr.) 7. p. 318.

β. schenia rather shorter; stem less leafy towards the summit.—C. argentes, Nutl. l. c.; Ell. l. c.; DC.! l. c. Inula argentea, Perz. syn. 2, p. 452, ex DC. I. graminifolia β. teouhfolia, Torr.! in ann. lyc. New York, 2, p. 212.

Dry andy soil, Delaware to Worida I Anbinna" and Western Econismant July-Oct.--Siem II-16 fet high, wanally leafy throughout. Lawre with both surfaces similar and attiming the polse-science at length often party decidences the lawres of the transfers somewhat availant. Heads wratisfied in size. Pappas which of the lawrest but C, argenter can seriety be difficuted by the start of the start of the start of the start of the start field of the start of the or very slightly gluonials, and sometimes a gluonialar polsescene takes the pipe of the sith value of the start of t

2. G. signaba (Chapman) mas): stem simple, sheader, glandair and naked alove, baring 2-4 heads [Leaves lancebater or spatialized-nancebate, sility with closely appressed shining hairs, nervoes, entire i heads on elongated had been approximated involuce sublate-hancebate, glandairs, somewhat, pubsecent a chemia linear, elongated, silky-villowist, steifore papus nearly scifform.

Doning pain havers of Kulishe Fluida, Dr. Chapmanl Aspic-Maya-Bonn Tak-In theories high, converhent larger and ality below the middie, but glandadir and enterly maked or with a flow minute hores: aboves. Leaves and the second second second second second second second second larger at datasets and the minute horizon that and the mostly larger than is usual in C. granuinfolla—This is a versal speech, being and character and the second being and character and the second secon

3. C. pińskie (Ella), neury glabroust stem rigid, branking levers forodri, anzwych liesz, giski camintoserwei (h. uppermest scienceous) frank mostly wilitary teerminating the branklets; inner scales of the involurent inner formatic, nonewhat meridemicrows and hanter-filiate at the mellines-file science, science and meridemicrows and hanter-filiate at the mellines-file science and the science of the science of the mellines-file science and the science of the science of the mellines-file science of the science of the science of the mellines-file science of the science of the science of the mellines-file science of the science of the science of the mellines-file science of the science of the science of the mellines-file science of the science of the science of the mellines-file science of the science of the science of the mellines-file science of the science of

Sand-hills between the Flint and Chatnhoochee Rivers, Georgin, Elliott? Sept-Oct.-Stem 1-2 feet high. Lower leaves 4-6 inches long. Hends rather large. Exterior pappus very abort, whitish; the interior reddishbrown.

4. C. folcain (E11): team insure vilues, ofthe framehold i levera coverial, linear, macrosco, rigid, spreading to finites, hadro d'arrevd, entire, ha

Pine barrena, New Jerev I and Long Island, New York! Connecticut, Dr. Robbins ! Nantucket, Massachusetts, Mr. T. A. Grees ! July-Sept.-Stema 6-10 inches high, stout, very leafy. Pappus cinnamon-colored.-A very distinct species. § 2. Perennial: leaves oblong or lanceolate, somewhat veined: achenia oborate or chlong, compressed.—RECHERTSOPER.

Exterior passous manifest, selese or squamellate-nubulate

5. C. Moriane, (Nut.) i "Olinov with long and weak, source-bit devidance differences of the start start monoscilar long of elliptic differences of the start start monoscilar differences of the start s

Sandy and barren dry soil, New York ? and New Jersey ! to Florida ! and Louisiann ! common. Aug.-Oct.-Stem 1-3 feet high. Leaves villous with epures very long and silky hairs, or sometimes mearly glabrous, mossly obtuse ; the lower 3-5 inches long. Heads rather large. Pappus pale.

6. C. trichophylar (Xun1): "Blinas with very lang and work locus would have, playma theorem and the summits start monitor at transformation between the start and the s

B. hystopifelia: radical leaves oblang-spatulate, in dense very woolly tablet the cauline linear-spatialte or narrowly linear, sparingly ploto of glatoros; involvere glatorosci—C. hystopifolia. Nutl. in gour. acad. Philad. 7. p. 67. Diplopappus trichophylla? Hook.! compan. to bot. wag. 1. p. 97. (plant from Jacksowille.)

β. dentata : lower leaves elongated, coarsely sinuate-toothed towards the summit.-C. dentaga, Ell. / L. c.

Pine barrens &c., Virginia and N. Carolina ! to Florida ! B. Louisville, Georgia, Elliott ! Aug.-Oct.-Stem 1-2 feet high. Lower leaves about 2

CHRYSOPSIS.

COMPOSITÆ.

inches long. The whole plant remarkable for its thick and soft woolly covering. Heads rather larger than in C. Mariana. Pappus browniah. Achenia marked with 2-6 elevated ribs.

8. C. seabrilla: pulverillest-scalmus throughout; stem stort, corrynbaseby branched advore, ferty; i eases olione-almosofiles, mureroundance, entire, equally somewhat glandular-activous no both sides, sessile; the lower areas marrowed at the base; heads numerous, in a compound corympic pardmacks and lanceolate obtues estiles of the involuce pubrulent-glandular; achesia oliong-obstrue; sliby-villous; testerio pappas searry settlorm.

To pine woods, Florida, Dr. Learenworth / Sept=Oct.—Stem 2 feet high. Leaves about as large as in C. Mariana, but narrower, rather firm, totally destitute, as is the whole plant, of silky or woolly hairs. Corymb fastigiate, rather desse. Heads a little smaller than in C. Mariana, Panoma nale.

b. C. Gillert (Nille)), stru villes-poliseent and sprintly limits, ever support organization very listly i large accessript printing on both sides, support organization were listly in the successful printing villes unweaked base, sendic the upper case limit-relating ratio lightly time were listly in the entrempty of the burbles, oughter to definition, sends of the subscription of the entrempty of the burbles, oughter to definition, sends of the other support of the super sensitivity of the burbles, the support in the super super list of the super sensitivity of the support of the super super list of the super sensitivity of the support in the super super list of the super super list of the super support in the super super list of the super list of the super list of the super super list of list of the super super list of the super list of the super list of the super list of list of the super list of the super list of the super list of the super list of lists of the super list of the super list of the super lists of the super lists of lists of the super lists of the super lists of the super lists of the super lists of the lists of the super lists of the lists of the super lists of the super

Printer of Illiosist and the plains of the Missoul (Saskatohawan, Leo, (disc) in Albana, M., Backley) veneralizing baryon dit Rocky Mountains to Oregan, Donglat (California, Capit, Beerbey) in kech. Hook. July Bergan-Stema I feet high. Levens an inch or more in length, Janered, Bergan-Stema I feet high. Levens an inch or more in length, Janered, Rayky Ving, Der right pathesence cloudy appressed. Heals hange Rayky the ministerior and the spectra of the syle maintactionary nutrice please.

 C. Mapida (126A), 1 highl throughout with uniform spreading hairs; branches somewhat cocynhose 1 prives oblong-sputialse, narrowed at the home and somewhat possible it the radical on long pedanelses (naches of the inprogram surrowy) (theore, artistic schedule obligation), a branches of the home of the strength of the strength of the strength of the strength DG, prode, 2, p. 279; 1 Nut, 1 in trans. January, phil. Strength, and 1, and DG, the Shakutchwann, Reiden and I. Rocky Mouranians. Natal 1 and DG, the Shakutchwann, Reiden and I. Rocky Mouranian. Natal 1 and Natal 1 and 1

Sin the Sasatelnawan, Richardson's Rocky Mountains, Nutall'-A smaller plant than C. vilosa, (6-6 inches high), which it cogniderably resembles. Pappus taway ; the exterior rigid, white.—According to Nutall, "there are numerous aromatic resinous glands spread over most part of the plant."

 Exterior poppos sciose, instistinct: achesia odding, densily silly-villous: plants consecut or silly-villous: leaves entire. (Aplopappus §1 Leucopsis, DC_n at least in part).

10. C. mollis (Nutt.); silky-canescent throughout; leaves spatulate-oblong, mostly obtuse; the upper sessile, the lower tapering to the base, somewhat petioled; heads few, corymbose; scales of the villous-canescent involutent linear-caneschart. Nutl. 'is strate, Astro, Nutl. 2011, 2016.

Plains of the Platte, with the following; "which it much resembles, but the leaves are more oblong, not in the least eastrous, nor anywhere ciliate; the stem also softly villous." Nutrall.—Except in the alky appressed pubsescence, it closely resembles C. hispin.

11. G. folsas (Nat): uniformly connected with a soft ally-villous publications, and the same time control stress set specified with the same time control stress set specified with the basis (classic macromatics, not tapering to the basis) (classic stress) and the same time control stress set of the same set of the same stress set of the same set

Plains of the Plane, in the Rocky Mountains, Nattall / Ang-Stems many from the same root, a foo high, canescen with villoss of sprending hairs, but brunch this somewhat decidoous pabescence very scabrous. Leaves about an inch long, and half an inclw villos, approved diffy, and also rough beneath this overing. Heads smaller than in C. villosa, with shorter rays. Pappes brownish.-Allied to the following.

12. Conserver a slip-connective throughout, sufficience at the basis, much banched, pigit aterm and finisigne branches very last's laware linear/bancolate or spatial-collorg, mericant-scenningt, tapering to the basis, sealie, finged below the mildle with long and actered right brantics; heads mostly soliary terminating the crystel branchiets; seales of the companying the investment collesing indicated, cancent — Applicapappers (Leuropeis) conserver, DC-1, profer. 5, p. 309; not Chrystepis conserver, DC, t. e., p. 208, which is a Riggion (Participation) filliation.

Texas, Berlandier! Drummond! Dr. Riddill: Aug.-Sept.-Variable in the size and form of the leaves ; those of the branches coasionally bear a few bristles like those so conspiceous on the margine of the leaves. Heads, involuere, and pappus (often ferrogrinous) nearly as in C. foliosis, Natl. Rays rather numerous and short.

 Exterior pappus chaffy but very minute; the inner nearly in a single strict; heads subtended by foliocous bracts similar to the mour leaner. (Phyllotheon, Nutl.)

St. Barbara, California, Nuttall' April.--21 Plant with "a heavy aromatic odor sadd bitter tase," elobded with alender viacid hairs, with shorter glandular hairs intermixed. Leaves an inch long. Rays about 30, narrow, elongated "with rudiments of ataminas, or filaments. Appendages of the silke oblogy, obtanse, shorter than the stigmastic portion. Ovaries villoas.

§ 3. Annual: leaves oblowg or lanceolate, somewhat veined; the tower often worked; achenia obcoarde, compressed : eaterior pappus of conspirations rigid chaffy scales; the inner of 25–30 capillary brields in a single series: recoplated concer__Arman. (Subgen, Flydlopappus, Nat.; not of Walp)

14. C. pikota (Nutt.) : vilkous with very nof and loose party dochnut haskes, and minuted visicel pubercurst fean sample or loosely branched? the upper closely sensitic, acute or microsolate, suffici fuel point of the sensitic public sensities and the sensitive sensities and the sensitive sensities and the sensitive sensities and the sensitive sensiti

CHRYSOPSIS.

COMPOSITÆ.

Pine words and open barrens, Arkanass, Matidi I Dr., Picker J. Lantisma. Dr. Larcenorth / Dr. Hald. Dr. Clappeiert J. Tevas, Draumand July-Seytu-Seen 1-2 feet high. Heads smaller than in G. vilosa, with mamerum elongated rays. A pre-endance of having's elongate-balantar, new than twice the length of the alignment portion. Jance prepus howain; the activities within the actual time archives, above modeling the length of the ability denticulate, firm.—The lower leaves are somatimes lasimitesteouch of nicrole.

Subtribe BACCHARDER, Less.—Heads discoid, never radiate, discious or monocious; the fertile flowers mostly fillform and truncate, and when monocious in several series, with the sterile flowers in the centre. Receptacle not chaffy. Anthers not candate at the base.—Leaves alternate.

56. CONYZA. Linn. (excl. spec.) ; Less. syn. p. 203.

Hosts many-discoverel, monorious the exterior pullike and fortice, ho many wrises, with a fillion transate of a ch-cooled could a size of the central downer saminates, earlie, but often aryliferous or even fertile, with a disclosed sector of the size of the size of the size of the central downer, pulsates or fishelihates. Actions compressed, attenues the bases, starshift phatoos. Puppes a single series of equilary searchy outly mission larges, Heading benchering on single series of equilary searchy outly mission larges. Heading benchering on synthesis or protochatts: Flowers yellow.

 C. einuata (Ell.): annual? hairy, somewhat scabrous; lower leaves sinuate; the lobes oval, acute; the upper linear, entire; heads paniculate; scales of the involuce; linear-sublate; flowers white, all fertile; achenia oblong, angled, hairy. Ell. sk. 2. p. 378.

Around Charleston, S. Carolina, very common. April-July.—The plant scatterely appears to be a mative, and has the habit and appearance of an Erigron. Elitor.—This plant is enirely unknown to us and is probably not imagenous. It appears to belong to Conyza sect. Dimorphanthes, the Amerian species of which frequency have the central flowers perfect and fertile.

C. Childrens, Sprong. According to De Candolle, a specimen of this plant in Hanke's collection is said to have been obtained at Mulgrave Sound on the Parific coast, but there is doubless some mistake as to the ascribed habitat of this and many other of Hanke's plants.

57. BACCHARIS. Linn.; Michr. fl. 2. p. 125; DC. prodr. 5. p. 398.

Heads many-downeed, discions the flowers at thebats and similar. In Waters morecasks implements or closely of the offen infectional in several witters. Receptacle askeds curvely sumwhat catality. Conside in the stratiflowers more-had initial and all-sched in the normality. In the foreit, follow, Monewhat immediates. Athlete scored in the startle flowers i unityly shear the facility, style is fixelin downer scored in the startle flowers, the shear startle scored. Expanse scored in the startle flowers is the start the startle single, with an oras hairy appending columns or less abories, a startle scored. Expanse scored in the startle score is an abories.

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ngular; leaves mostly ob-ariy linear, entire, viecid; ill as the smooth acales, under the name of B. sa-aff. rupicola. Th 9, smooth ; hranches ang jates ; the uppermost nearly involuce ovare, as well ; so, (a. sec,)7, p. 387, un so, (a. sec) 7, p. 387, un uptid by Person. B. af 211. - Nearly allied to B. abune tes ware ovare. B. salicina : " ahrubby anceolate, subdenticult is sessile, cl Nutt. in tran licitolia, wh ann. lyc. N Banks of

BACCHARI

COMPOSITÆ.

cimen

. . Natires of Californ

pregated i Beechey, supp var. B. (which C.):

and 2-3 broad ; Nutt. L. c. meter.

ery.

Subribe 3. TARCHONANTHER, Less-Heade discoid, never radiate, diceioas or heterogamous; the fertile flowers tubular-filiform, mostly truncate, when biterogramous with the perfect or stammate flowers in the centre. Receptede sometimes chaffy. Anthers caudate at the base-Leaves alternate.

CONSPECTUS OF THE GENERA.

· Pappus of the sterile and fertile flowers similar, capillary.

58. PLUCHER. Involuce persistent. Heads in compound corymbs. 59. PTEROCAULON. Involuce deciduous. Heads spicate. Leaves decurrent

. . Pappus of the storile and fertile flowers none. Receptacle flat or conical.

+ Flowers all fertile.

60. CALYMMANDRA. Achenia of the perfect flowers only enclosed by the chaff.

+ + Staminate flowers few, sterile

- FILLORVOUSS. Fortile flowers numerous, in the axils of narrow equal chaff.
 DIAPERIA. Fortile flowers 8-12, in the axils of broad unequal concave chaff.
 MICHOPUR. Fortile flowers 5-7, enclosed in rigid gibboas scales.
- 64. PALLOCARPHUS. Fertile flowers numerous, enclosed in membranous chaff.
 - * * * Pappus of the sterils flowers of few bristles. Receptacts columnar.
- 65. STILOCLINE. Achenia numerous, enclosed in the succase keel of the broad chaff.

58. PLUCHEA. Cass. bull. philom. 1817, p. 31; DC. prodr. 5. p. 449.

Stylimnus & Gynems, Raf. (1819.)-Leptogyne, Ell. (1824.)

Hook many-flowers; its agaral flowers mostly parfect, but attrift i but obsert fillöring nittang varies; howare instructional. Resepteder flic mostly nakad, Contla of the fraig, flowers transm. or the bisenstas. Sky in the central flowers may investigate the statistical bisenstas. Sky in the central flowers may investigate the statistical attribunition of the statistical statistical or provide. Representation of the bisenstas. Sky in the central flowers may inflationed pitcheolis. Attribtion statistical statistical or provide. Representation of the tradeolistical statistical or provide the statistical sta

 P. Sylvar (DC.): publication and slightly result learner and so humorlisterollarg, sources and starting at a start, have, more and the interview of the start of the start of the start of the start of the hubble start of the hubble start of the start o

PLUCHEA.

Louisiana! July .- Sept .- 24 Stem 2-3 feet high. Leaves 2-3 inches long, rather acute. Flowers dull purple.

2. P. fatida (DC.) : stem minutely pubescent ; leaves (large) oval-lanceolate, very acute or acuminate at each end, distinctly petioled, membranaceous, almost glabrous, conspicuously feather-veined, serrate ; corymbs compound, paniculate; scales of the involucre glabrous, dotted with minute least as to svn. Dill. Elth. t. 89, f. 105, Convza camphorata, Pursh, M. 2. p. 523; Null. gen. 2. p. 145, not of Ell.? nor Erigeron camphorntum, Linn, Gynemn dentata & viscida, Raf.! ann. nat. p. 159 & in herb. DC.

Along streams, &c. Pennsylvanin 1 to Alabama ! and throughout the Western States ! Aug.-Oct .- 2/ Stem strongly grooved or angled, 2-4 feet high : the plant exhaling a more powerful odor than the following species. veins, and copionaly sprinkled with minute resinous globules, very veiny, Heads numerous : the involucre at first rather longer than the disk .- We are somewhat uncertain as to the plant of Clayton on which the Baccharis fortida of Linnaus was partly founded ; but the figure of Dillenius here cited doubtless was intended for this species. The Erigeron camphoratum, Linn. hort. Ups. Sec. is pretty clearly the following. We therefore retain the synonymy of De Candolle, but reduce two of his species to one.

3. P. camphorata (DC.) : minutely viscid-pubescent and glaudular ; leaves lanceolate-ovate or oblong-ovate, servile or slightly petioled, pale and minutely pubescent and sprinkled with resinous globules both sides, slightly feather-veined, repandly serrate ; corymbs fastiginte; scales of the involucre pubescent and viscid, ciliate .- P. camphorata & P. Marilandica, DC./ I. c. P. Marilandica, Cass. I. c. ? Erigeron campboratum, Lina. spec. 2. p. 864; Willd. ' spec. 3. p. 1960. Conyza Marilandica, (Dill. Elth. t. 88, f. 104 f) Michz. ' fl. 2. p. 126; Purch l. c.; Nutt. l. c.; Ell. ak. 2. p. 320. C. camphornts, (Ell. L. c. ?) Bigel, J. Boat. ed. 2. p. 299, not of Parsh, &c. Baccharis fatida, Walt.? Stylingues maritimus, Raf.! is herb. DC.

B. angustifolia : leaves lanceolate, obscurely serrulate or entire .- Conyza

Heads fewer and larger than in the preceding; the purplish involucre at length shorter than the disk. Flowers light purple

4. P. purpurascens (DC.): herbaceous, somewhat viscidly puberulent; leaves ovate-lanceolate, rather acute, unequally serrate, tapering into a peticle, minutely puberulent and glandular, somewhat veiny ; heads subglobose, pedicellare, in loose corymbs; scales of the invaluere pubescent-tomentose ing. DC. prodr. 5. p. 452 .- Convza purpurascens, Swartz, prodr. Ind. Occ. p. 1127

Key West, Mr. Bladgett !- Apparently a rather small annual herb; with much the babit and appearance of C. camphorata, the leaves about the same size, but narrower; the cauline ones tapering into distinct petioles. As we have seen specimens of the same species from St. Domingo, we have little doubt that it is De Candolle's P. purpurascens, and most probably his P. glabrata also.

Conyza Caroliniensis of Jacquin is referred by De Candolle to Pluchea (Conyza Line.) odorsta, a shrubby West Indian and Mexican, but certainly not a Carolinian species

59. PTEROCAULON. Ell. sk. 2. p. 333 (1824); DC. prodr. 5. p. 453.

Heads macydawcred; the fortile flowers filtform, piotillaw, in wwrai argis, the prieff alwars in the centre of intrinsical with the owner, B(A), manuty aren's. Scales of the oblog involves in intrinsical in zeveral articly, approach or with algebra spaces pairs, calacoas. Recepteder mianitaly finitelias or hinner. Corolla of the fortile flowers 3-stoubed; the schedure and pairs and the structure of the structure of the schedure schedure flowers and schedures on the structure of a schedure schedure flowers and the schedure of the schedure of the schedure schedure of the wint advance blanck in the same advance, parentized as the schedure ordinarios filtaneous wings. Heads assist, densing covolds in simple of compand splace. Plowers namely wins.

1. P. preventarylaws (E11) is term herbacous, simple) haves hancelaker mediate-derivatives, galaxies above heads in a done continuous splicit media of the involutor silvy-tomenous, squarese at the apex,—H(k, ex), D(E, k, e. (Swyra personaley), M(k, k', k, x), D(k), D(

bry sandy soil, S. Carolinal to Floridal May-Aug.-Black Rost. (Life root is much used in some parts of the country as an alterative, and as a cleanaer of old ulcers. Elliott.)

60. CALYMMANDRA.

Heads subglobcae, subsessile, collected in small axillary clusters, manyflowered, heterogamous; the flowers all fertile; the pistillate in many series, in the axils of narrow and plane linear or somewhat spatulate scarious (villous-lanate) chaff of the receptacle, with a filiform truncate corolla; the perfect 5 in a single central series, each enclosed in an aval convolute woolly chaff; the short and somewhat inflated minutely 4-toothed corolla more or less exserted. Scales of the involucre few, similar to and passing into the chaff. Receptacle conical, punctate. Anthers with very abort tails. Branches of the style short; in the perfect flowlers oblong, flat ; in the pistillate filiform. Achenia oval-oblong, nearly terete, very smooth, destitute of pappus, these of the perfect flowers similar, but enclosed by the subtending chaff --A small annual herb, branched from the base, clothed with a very white and silvery appressed wool; the branches slender, somewhat simple, erect, bearing small bractcate or irregularly involucrate clusters of few heads, closely sessile in the axils of linear-oblanceolate or narrowly spatulate entire leaves; the heads themselves (about a line long) on short pedicels concealed by the wool.

C. candida.

Texas, Drawmond !-- Plant 5-10 inches high. Leaves alternate, approximate, half an inch or more in length, very much longer than the clusters in

CALYMMANDRA.

COMPOSITE.

their axis. Chaff falling away when the acheait signs, all so say equal in length savinus, plathous towards behave, that of the prefict thores no other throughout, somewhat between, obtains, shorter than the discrete, but investing the achieving, just a shore of the Yampa are enclusedly the scalar of the involver. In the latter, the extirior and possible flowers are thus inversed 1 is this struntable groups, on the constary, the correct strung (and fertile) flowers are enclosed, to which circumstance the generic name allocks.

61. FILAGINOPSIS.

Heads subglobose-ovoid, collected in dense umbelliform clusters, manyflowered ; the fertile flowers pistillate, numerous, and in many series in the axils of the linear-oblong and obtuse (woolly-tipped) flat and scabrous equal chaff of the recentacle, with a filiform truncate corolla ; the 2-5 central staminate, with a tubular-infundibuliform 4-toothed corolla, sessile and with no vestige of an ovary, subtended by as many of the chaffy scales of the receptacle, and nearly equalling them in length. Involucre of few scales entirely similar to the chaff of the receptacle, and only distinguishable by having no flowers in their axils : involucrate bracts mostly 5, in a single series, obovate-spatulate, herbaceous, with scarious margins, very woolly. Receptacle flat or somewhat convex, papillose-punctate. Style in the staminate flowers undivided; in the fertile with short filiform branches. Achenia oval, smooth and glabrous, slightly obcompressed (that is parallel with the chaff), entirely destitute of nanona -Annual woolly herbs, with the aspect of Filago (natives of Mexico and Texas), much branched from the base, diffuse. Leaves oblong-spatulate, entire, sessile. Heads in involucrate (simple or proliferous) woolly glomerules, terminating the branches.

This genus differs from Evax in the broad and fist receptede, obtuse chaff, doc.; from the Disperis of Numail in the roundish very many-flowered heads, the narrow ' than numerous in each series, the sense is strike flowers, doc.

 F. multicaulis: giomerules often proliferous; chall of the sterile flowers linear-spatulate, somewhat herbaccous and woolly throughout, slightly involving the entirely glabrous corolls.—Evax multicaulis, DC. / prost. 5. p. 459. E. vers. Ref. berb.

Trans. Reference 1. The summand (2) $D_{\rm PL}$ Learnessen 0.1 (the Starre also obtained in Maximo) — Plant 2-6 inches high with rather starder differe stores and branches, clothed with long lower wood. Leaves one-found to had non-info long the househouse on the store of the starter of the store of the starter of the store of th

2. F. Drassmondii: glomerules seldom proliferous: chaff of the sterile flowers entirely similar to that of the ferrile, or wanting: the corolla (sterile), like the sterile self of the second by here a the symmetry

Texus, Drivenood (--Plant 4-8) inches high, more loosely branched than the perceding, which it exceedingly resembles. Heads fewer in a cluster and rather larger, very many-flowered, hemispherical-obvorid; the obloglinear chaff all similar and of the same length, clothed towards the tips with

Tey

rather shorter wool, so that they separate readily when they fall away; the 4 or 5 sterile corollas naked, connected by the crisped woolly hairs which grow on the dilated limb.

62. DIAPERIA. Nutt. in trans. Amer. phil. zoc. (n. ser.) 7. p. 337.

Heads fusiform-oblong, disposed in sessile glomerules of 4-5 together, which are collected in large capitate and bracteate compound clusters terminating the stem or simple and mostly proliferous branches ; the fertile flowers 8-12, pistillate, in the axils of the chaff of the receptacle, with a much attenuated filiform truncate corolla ; the 2-3 central staminate, with a tubular-infundibuliform minutely 4-toothed corolla, destitute of ovaries, each supported by a filiform stipe and enclosed in a chaff of the receptacle. Scales of the involucre and the chaff of the small convex receptacle scarious, oval, broad and large for the size of the head, closely and somewhat distichously imbricated and wrapped around each other, the inner successively longer; the 2-3 innermost characeous, attenuate at the base, woolly towards the apex, each convolute and separately enclosing a sterile flower. Scyle in the sterile flowers undivided ; in the fertile with 2 filiform branches. Achenia obovoid-oblong, obcompressed, glabrous, destitute of pappus .-- A small annual crect woolly herb, with spatulate-oblong or linear-spatulate numerous seasile entire leaves; the stems simple or often branched from the base, terminated by the large irregularly involucrate compound head; from which arise 1 to 5 or 6 simple branches, terminated by simple but usually smaller compound heads, in the manner of the Herba impia ; and these rarely again proliferous. Proper heads and primary clusters more or less bracteate.

D. prolifera (Nutt.! l. c.)-Evax prolifera, Nutt. ! in DC. prodr. 5. p. 459.

Banksof Red River, Achanaes, Natial I Dr. Largnauseth I Inne-Nag-Stemsston, right, also licehs night, terminated by a capitate chater cosehalf to three-fourths of an inch in diameter, including a large number of small heads: seem of the hearbes when numerous den animate to the chaft, and first and the hearbes when numerous den animate to the chaft, and first heaven animate the involuces first, and the seeme largest methods and the second second second in the second second methods and the second second heaven and the second second methods and the second second heaven and heaven and heaven in the second second heaven and heaven methods.

63. MICROPUS. Linn.; Gartn. fr. t. 164 ; Schkuhr, handb. t. 267.

Heads callected in axillary scale clusters, several-dowerel; the fettile Bowers 5-r, in a single arris, spittler, with a filligent could, scaloadl buildern 5-coules closel, scale, destinate of coursel. Receptable small and the. Involvers in garcies, acto 65-7 cales; the ceretories exaction, flathile, speaking, branchiform; the inserior (prehaps rather to be considered shaff of the receptable, as described by Noturial) indided and interally compressed.

MICROPUS.

COMPOSITÆ.

boat-shaped and very gibbous, enclosing the fertile flowers, and forming a permanent cartilaginous covering to the smooth obovate and gibbous compressed achenia. Pappus none.—Low woolly herbs with the aspect of Filago or Gnaphaljum.

§ Fructiferons scales of the involucre not cchinate, woolly when young - Bombyeilsena, DC.

 M. Californicus (Fisch. & Meyer): clusters lateral and terminal; fructificrous scales compressed-navicular, semi-obcerdate; the inner margin straight, terminated by an erect mucroniform appendage with a seations appex.—Firth. & Meyer, ind. son. St. Petersb. 1835; p. 42; DC. prodr. 7. (math.) p. 283.

3. angustifolia : alender ; leaves linear, acute; heads very woolly when young; exterior or bractente involueral scales oval, concave, scarioss with a linear groen centre....M. (Rhyncholepis) angustifolius, Nutt.! in trans. Asserpill. ne. 1. c.

Calibrenia at Bolega, *Pieher & Mager, 1, 8*, Barhara, *Natall*.—Said to tossmible M. executs, but the heads with a mice scattered and shorter woll t while Mr. Natall's plant is more slender than that species, the young heads with a longer woll but the fraid dcc, exactly corresponding to the character of the Rausian branists, who do not notice the leaves, &c. Perhaps there are two nearly allol Calibrenian scences.

64. PSILOCARPHUS. Nutt. in trans. Amer. phil. soc. (n. ser.) 7. p. 340.

Books galaxy we clustered, many-downed the furth flavors $\infty 5 m_{\rm eff}$ movem series picture of the source of th

This certainly desire game is well described by Notelli, ercord field, although the methods in block commands up to the description duff in sever proved, helds be described in the tree sectors of the incomplexity spectracy, which is the sector of the the sector of the sector of the sector of the sector of the tree sector of the sector of the sector of the sector of the the sector of the sector of the sector of the sector of the tree sector of the sector of the sector of the sector of the tree sector of the tree sector of the sector of the sector of the sector of the tree sector of the sector of the sector of the sector of the tree sector of the sector of the sector of the sector of the tree sector of the sector of the sector of the sector of the tree sector of the tree sector of the sector

PSILOCARPHUS.

leaves oblong-linear, the floral ones broader, obtuse; fertile flowers 20 or more; the obvoid inflated fractiferous chaff forming globose very woolly heads, lateral and terminal.—Micropus globiferus, Bertero, in DC. prodr. 5. p. 460 ?

St. Barbara, California, Nafall / April.—" Plant not an inch high, operading out 3 of inches," the worldy bratenable heads numerous, nextly one-fourth of an inch in diameter; the worldbrates of the leaves somewhat decisions: the inflated funit-heading chall fortwort and 2 line gamma data and the second source and the second s

 P. brevissionus (Nutt.! 1. c.): stem minute, simple, producing mostly a single very woolly head; fertile flowers 8-10; the fructiferous chaff obovoidoblong; leaves oblong-lanceolate, acute.

"Plains of the Gregon River, in innolated tracts—Extremely dwarf (portney not aways so); about Eline high; the obliny capitulum, though rather large, assile on about the third set of leaves, and so downy as to look like a pellet of coton." *NatualL*—Very nearly miled to the preceding. Mr. Nutual suspects it may possibly prove to be the Micropas minimus of De Candolle.

 P. Oregonus (Nutt.! I. c.): canescently tomentose throughout, diffusely branched and procumbent; leaves linear; fartile flawers 20 or more; fractiferous scales obvoid, tomentose.

"Inundated places, near the Oregon and the outlet of the Wahlgmet.-Nearly allied to P. globiferus; but with much narrower leaves; with none of the long anachoid hairs of that species; the scales of the receptacle also smaller." Natitali.

4. P. tradius (Nut.; 1, c.); tomentose-canescent; the base of the accending clustered stems and the lower leaves becoming glabrous; lower leaves spatialte-linear; the upper and doral acce solong-spatialte; heads small, mostly terminal; fertile flowers 20 or more; fructiferous scales obvoid-ob-long, glablous; tomentose.

St. Burbarn, California, Nuttall! April .-- Plant 1-2 inches high, with the stems alender. Heads about 2 lines in diameter. Achenia acute at each end.

65. STYLOCLINE. Nutt. in trans. Amer. phil. soc. (n. ser.) 7. p. 338.

Hence subplotoes, many-decover], the fearls forware pictilizer, in several wire included in a similar field of the receptate, with a very dashed rand findium transmission (see 1), the dashed of the increpation similar the minimally absorbed cardin, holdrines of coardes anishes. Reception silves were an excluser, world be under the similar very structure with a grand holdranger cardinatesence hold in which the first provide the same similar to a similar bar density of the similar very smoothy. The second sec

STYLOCLINE.

COMPOSITÆ.

S. gnaphaloides (Nutt. ! J. c.)

Near Monterey, California, Nattall !-- Plant about 6 inches high.--Chaff, including the minute nchemia, at length, deciduous from the skender spirally punctate receptacle.--The fertile flowers have the same corolla as the preceding genera; and what Mr. Nuttall describes as a few long chaffy hains produced at the ncpt of the receptacle, is the uppops of the atterile flowers.

Subtribe 4. INULES, Cars.-Heads mostly radiate and heterogamous, never discious. Receptacle not chaffy. Anthers caudate at the base.-Leaves alternate. Heads not glomerate. Ruy-flowers of the same color as the disk.

66. INULA. Linn.; Garin. fr. t. 170; DC. prodr. 5. p. 463.

Hosti many-dioversi; ite ray-dioversi is a single sories, pindlish, you wontrow infired, ligation, or ravy-social taublarity thread the disk tubulity, perfect. - Trovinger inductant is accent atopic. Beceptable flat or workwalt covers, anale). Anthen bistopics at the base. Achieving meters or 4-sided. Tappan a single-energies of capility algeby scalenos binitesmoly approximal back (mairives of Europic and Asia), with the analitie leaves often classing. Heads solitary or cosymbose at the sammit of the pedum else. "Elsowice velow."

§ Exterior scales of the involuere broadly orate, foliations; the inner observation spatulate, obsuse: achenia 4-sided, glabrous; rays ligulate, numerous, narrowly linear.—Convesance, Merat, Cass.

 I. Halorism (Taims): lowes (large) veriexy-tomentoe hereaft, deniulate: the radial once over, tempera into a genelot; the caulies party elseping: heads solitary at the summit of the stort somewhat coryrabos effencies—Lower, eps. 29, e. 81; F. Don, t. 295; Low, RI, L. 689; Danisong H, Cang, p. 757; D.C. J. Lee, Marer Helenium, Koppin, C. 499; Danisong H, Cang, p. 757; D.C. J. Lee, Aner Helenium, Koppin, C. 2007; Danisong H, Cang, p. 757; D.C. J. Lee, Marer Helenium, Koppin, C. 2007; Danisong H, Cang, p. 757; D.C. J. Lee, and the stort of the stort time are Kould Commun. & e.c. Classical and the composition of the stort o

Road-side and about houses, introduced from Europe, and naturalized in many places.—The thick and branching perennial root is muciliginous and fightly bitter, and is employed as a popular remedy.—The old officinal name is *Enald Campane*, whence *Elecompone*.

Subtribe 5. ECLIVER, Lens.—Heads radiate, heterogamous, never diaccious. Receptacle chaffy. Anthers not caudate at the base. Pappers none, or awa-like.—Leaves opposite. (Plants with nearly the habit and structure of Helianthes, except the atyle, which corresponds with Asteroidee.)

67. BORRICHIA. Adans. fam. 2. p. 130 ; DC. prodr. 5. p. 488.

Heats many-depended the ray-downers lighters pissilized in a single spirits those of the file portion and hubbar. Involveme heathparteneds, imbricand the examine noises foliacouss. Receptable flat, covered with lanbar spirit presiston chaffy guarkee, as long as or connections abstret than the flowers of the disk. Cocolia of the ray thort and "read" of the disk wavely dilated as the thread, schooled. Anthern blacking, tipped with an

BORRICHIA.

orate appendage. Branchesof the style (in the disk) elongated, "inster titles," somewhat tengs, actival, hispid from the summit to any the bass. Achenia somewhat equiform, 3-4-angled, crowed with a short considered to the (or next) obselved) is papers. Settivable (America and mody trajent) maritime plans. Leaves opposite and somewhat consist, ability or licent ordaccoss or fields). Heads solitary, poducoulities. Flowers yellow.

 B. androzzowa (DC.): glabrong leaves innecodate, mucrowardly acets, morrowed at the base, entire, exterior scales of the involuence ovars, rather acute, appressed is the interior obtaine, membranacours; chall of the recepture desparation, obserse—Bipthhalmann actionscience, Haine, proc. (ed. 3), 2; p. 1975. Anterior Science, J. B. 2005, B. 2005, G. Coronie-solis futureerus, Kerter, J. 2005, J. 2005, J. 2005, C. 2007, S. 2007, S. 2007, S. 2007, J. 2007, J. 2007, J. 2007, S. 2007, S. 2007, S. 2007, S. 2007, J. 2007, S. 2007, J. 2007, J. 2007, S. 2007, S. 2007, S. 2007, J. 2007, S. 2007, J. 2007, J. 2007, S. 2007, S. 2007, S. 2007, J. 2007, S. 2007, J. 2007, S. 2007, S. 2007, S. 2007, S. 2007, J. 2007, S. 2007, J. 2007, S. 2007, S. 2007, S. 2007, S. 2007, J. 2007, S. 2007,

Key West, Mr. Blodgett !- A large shrub.

 B. futuress (DCf): cansacera with a minute represed ally prebosence) i revers a lancointer or quantitative, obtaga, attenuate and usually 1-25toxido towards the base : those of the branching often containers in the interior and the charaffe the receptance causilianer with a ringle point—70.57 Wards / Care, p. 217 Medric : f, a. 2, p. 130, Points f, fair, p. 130, Points 2, p. 046, American finitescenge dec. Dill: Edito, 138, p. 144, Ciryanubemin futuresample, G. Certeh, Car, 1, e. 35. Theoremedy befores the same finite min futuresample, G. Certeh, Car, 1, e. 35. Theoremedy beforesame finitesample and p. 146, Care, p. 246, Certeh, Car, 1, e. 35. Theoremedy beforesame finitesample and p. 146, Care, p. 246, Certeh, Car, 1, e. 35. Theoremedy beforesame finitesample and p. 146, Care, p. 246, Certeh, Car, 1, e. 35. Theoremedy beforesample and p. 146, Care, p. 246, Certeh, Car, 1, e. 35. Theoremedy beforesample and p. 246, P. 146, Core, p. 246, P. 146, Core, p. 246, P. 146, Care, p. 246, Care, 1, Car

On the cost, Virginits to Private and Key West, Ent. 645-64 mill drivily plant. The leaves way from obviour of nearly spatiates to mill drivily plant. The leaves way from obviour of nearly spatiates to through the starts being either obvious in generality and the test throughout the science action of the involver are often pather approach the investigates and the start of the science of the private private points of the chall are at not index address through discussion to a statistical way. The science of the involver and the private private points of the chall are at not index address the foreign the statistical way.

68. ECLIPTA. Linn. mant. Gartn. fr. t. 169; DC. prodr. 5. p. 489.

1. B. create (Lines): meeting less stringes throughout with closely gap propert pit pit hairs; a time erect, nacending, or deventhus: 1 (sees sourcedates of about meeting in the stringer and the stringer and

3. brachypoda : pedicels as long as the heads, or about twice their length. —E. brachypoda, Micha. I. c. (but the corolla of the disk 4-cleff!), scarcely of DC.

Basis of streams, and in dramp 'analy val', Maryinnel' and Kenucky it o "perificit and Localization terminor, Alona Marjapere Nordon on the N. Locaisant V with the contancy term, Jaros-Atos-Shum, Is-3 first long, other bottomic at the basis: "Heads small, the downers make incoments localized of the respective fillings. In all the speciment, from unnersus localized of the respective fillings, in all the speciment, from unnersus localized with the sub-terminod, such level, in the Ellist, apercer filling in the strength with the sub-terminod, such level, in the Ellist, specer filling in the strength of the Basis and the strength of the strength of the strength of the Ellist defending on the starter specific spin which use the polanoida to a defending on the starter specific spin which use the polanoida to a the strength of the strength of the strength of the strength of the defending on the starter spin strength of the streng

TRIBE IV. SENECIONIDE E. Less.

Heads heterogrammes, holingamous, or hieroreophalous (disciona or monencious). Style (in the percet flowers) epithalenceous above ; the branches linear (somewint intélemed or convex externally), penielliste or hairy at the appex, either transate, or produced into a cons, or liste or hairy at the despect of the constant of the start terminating in the basic of the constant of the start of the external or alternate.

CONSPECTUS OF THE SUBTRIBES.

Solstribe 1. MELAMPODINES. Flowers all unisexual; the staminate and pixillate either occupying the same, or different heads, in the same or different individuals. Anthere not enadate. Pappes never of brisides. 271

Subtribe 9. HTLLANTRES. Heads hearcogamous and radiate, or homogamous and discoid. Receptacle partly or entirely chaffy. Pappus none, or coroniform, or awned, or of few sequencies. Anthers blackish, not caudate. Leaves often opposite. 295

Saburba 3. FLAVERIER. Heads 1-few-flowered, densely aggregated, heterogamous.

Leaves opposite. 34.0 Subcribe 4. TLORTINER, Heads heterogeneous and rediate, or horse-gramous and discoid. Receptures not oblify. Pappus awned or action: Involucie with the seales in a single series and mostly united, dotted, like the opposite leaves, with large pelluoid glands. 34.1

Subtribe 5. HELENIER. Heads mostly heterogramous. Pappus of several or numercess searious chaffy scales, in a single series, distinct, rarely none. Leaves mostly alternate.



- Subtribe 6. ANTHEMIDE E. Heads mostly heterogamous. Pappus none or coroni form, rarely squapellate. Anthens not couldate. Branches of the style truncate and bearded at the apex, rarely terminated by a short cone. Leaves mostly P.400
 - Subtribe 7. GNAPHALIEE. Heads homogamous and discoid, or rarely heterogasetaceous bristles, very 425
 - amous, discoid, or ra-Subtribe 8. SENECIONE.E. Heads homoga diate. Anthers not caudate. Pappus of capillary bristles, or very rately diate. Anthers not caudate. Pappus of Captain 433

Subtribe 1. MELAMPODINES. DC. (Polygamia Necessaria, Linn.)-Flowers all unisexual: the nistillate and starringte flowers either in different individuals, or in different heads of the same plant, or in the same head. Anthers not caudate at the base. Receptacle almost always chaffy. Pappus none, or somewhat coroniform, or awned, never of bristles.

CONSPRCTUS OF THE GENERA.

Dir. 1. MELAMPODIEE,-Heads monocious, radiate. Achenia corticate. 69. MELAMPODICM. Inner scales of the involuces investing the achenia.

- Div. 2. MILLERIER.-Heads monorcious, radiate. A chenia not corticate nor winged
 - 70. BLENNOSPERMA, Recentade naked, Achenia pulverulent-nanillose
 - 71. POLYMNIA, Receptacle chaffy, Achenia obovoid ; namous none.
 - 72. CHRYSOGONUM. Receptacle chaffy. A chenia obcompressed 4-angular: pap pus coroniform-toothed.
- off Div. 3. SILPHIER.-Heads monocious, radiate; the rays deciduous. Achenia not corticate/ obcompressed, or winged. Pappus of two teeth or short awns.
 - 73. SILPHIUM. Achenia winged, in more than one series,
 - 74. BERLANDIERA. Achenia wingless, one adhering to each inner involuceal scale. 75. ENGELMANNIA. Achemia wingless, free; pappus 2-auriculate-sousmellate

 - Dir. 4. PARTHENEE .- Heads monocious, radiate : rays marcescent. Achenia not
 - 76. PARTHENRYM. Achenia 5; their callous margins united at the base with the chaff of 2 contiguous sterile flowers
 - 255 Div. 5. Iven.-Heads monoscious, not radiate: Anthers searchly united.
 - 77. CYCLACHENA, Heads flomerate-maniculate, bracteate; the central flowers
 - 78. Iva. Heads bracteats. Receptacle chaffy. Flowers glabrous.
 - 79. PECROTHAMNUS, Receptacle naked. Achienia and corolla woolly.
- 297 Div. 6. Asturnosiss .- Heads heterocephalous; the sterile and fertile heads in the same or different plants, not radiate. Anthers distinct.
 - 80. AMEROMA. Femile involucre 1-celled, 1-flowered, not spinese throughout. 81. FRANSBRIS. Fertile involucre 1-4-celled, spinose; the sterile 8-12-toothed. 82. XANTHIUM. Fortile involucre 2-celled; the scales of the sterile distinct.

MELAMPODIUM.

COMPOSITE.

Div. 1. MELANFODIES, DC.—Fertile and sterile flowers in the same heads; the former several, lightlet; the latter central, tubular. Achenia cotticate* (that is, invested and concrete with the scales of the involuce or chaff of the receptable). Pappus none. Anthera anticel.

MELAMPODIUM. Linn.; Gartn. fr. t. 169; R. Br. in Linn. trans. 12, p. 104.

Heat many diversely the range mean 5-bb (in a high section (flux of the distance) by the barries of 8 decision. In Avoiser doubt (in the exterior of 3-5 flux and spreadulg followers scalar; the inner as many as the rays means and specialized for radius. The external scalar doubt is and understanding the strength of the strength of the strength of which is not a strength error (in strength by the inner scalars of the rays doubt, smooth, stally errors), invested by the inner scalars of the rays which is not the range of the 1-5 decision of some-Horizoneous conflutions (block) which are also been been been been been as a sufficience (block) which are present on the strength of the strength of the rays rays (in strength b) 1-5 decision of some-Horizoneous conflutions (block) which are present on the strength of the strength of the strength (block) which are present on the strength of the strength of the strength of the rays rays (in strength b) b) and the strength of the strength of the rays rays (in strength b) b).

b. M. remeasizations (DC): a stern slightly suffractions, much branched glabrous ; leaves haven, probased with nonzevolve appresed hairs, entire, or remeasily dentate-slobed or simulars ; podarcics longer than the leaves rays disopplicater, much (yellaw) ; text-form scales of the involvem read, public-disopplicater, much (yellaw) ; text-form scales of the involvem or all, public disopplicater, much (yellaw) ; text-form and the disopplicater in the probability of the disopplicater in the probability of the disopplicater in the disopplicater in the probability of the disopplicater in the dis

Texns, Berlandier ! (v. sp. in herb. DC.)

9. M. indexations: suffrations, much branched at the bass, stripped burgebot and ables with minute resions adultate is between very numerous, listing, the juver linear-spatiality, obtains, entire, stripped-bindi duration mini-linear-spatiality, obtains, entire, stripped-bindi duration mini-linear-spatiality, obtains, entire, stripped-bindi duration mini-linear-spatiality, obtains, entire, and a stripped duration of the very set of the of the very se

Div. 2. MILLERIER, DC .- Fertile and sterile flowers in the same heads; the former few, liguinte, or sometimes tubular and 3-eleft; the latter central, tubular. Achemia not corticate, (that is not coherent with the scales

* We have used the term as employed and defined by De Candolle in this place. But in the Heliopsidem, and other places, this author also terms, those achemin *av*fast in which the exterior covering (callyr-tube) is separable from the interior.

of the involuce or chaff of the receptacle when invested by these), or winged-Pappus none, or coroniform. Anthers united.

Baltimore roots, Linn. (Forgerouxis rects, DC) is a native of the coast of Mexico, and not of Maryland, as Linnews supposed, being maided by the synonym he adveced from Plukents ((Laysambenum Americanum, cause slato, amplicathan folia binatis, &c. Plak, ment. p. 46, t. 342, f. 3.), which probably belongs to Verbeina Strenderbein.

70. BLENNOSPERMA. Less. syn. # 267; DC. prodr. 7. mant. p. 288.

Coniothele & Apalus, DC.

Hends many-flowered ; the ray-flowers 5-10, in a single series, pistillate, the elliptical ligule obtuse at the base and articulated with the ovary, entirely destitute of tube ; those of the disk numerous, tubular, sterile by the abortion of the ovary. Scales of the involuere 5-10, elliptical of oblong, membranaceo-herbaceous, nearly in a single series. Receptacle at length convex, not chaffy. Corolla of the disk short, with a much dilated 4-5-lobed limb. Anthers oval. Style in the fertile flowers with short obtuse branches; in the sterile capitate. Achenia (of the disk none.) of the ray oblong, terete, narrowed towards the base, canescent with pulverulent papillæ (which when moistened open at the extremity, or by 2 valves, and emit 2 long filaments of extreme tenuity, soon forming an apparently gelatinous mass equal in thickness to the achenia itself), destitute of pappus .- Annual slender and somewhat branching small herbs (Chilian and Californian), with alternate pinnately-parted leaves; the branches naked and somewhat pubescent above, and mostly terminated by a single small head. Rays, disk-flowers, and anthers pale vellow.

 B. Californican: scales of the involucre and rays 7-10; a series of fortile apetations flowers alternating with the rays; branches of the style in the ferlile flowers oral, flat.—Constitute Californica, DC.; provide: 5, p. 531; Hook, 4 Annet bot, Becchey, suppl. p. 532.
 California, Douglat.—Platat 4-6 inches high, slightly pubescent when

young .- Beyond the characters given above, the Californian plant scarcely differs from B. Chilense, except in the rather fewer disk-flowers of the latter, the linear-oblong branches of the fertile style, and the evidently 5-sulcatestriate achenia. In both, the elliptical ray is immediately sessile on the ovary, and when it falls off leaves a round perforation close to its base. The only distinction of any generic consequence between Blepnosperma and Coninthele is entirely unnoticed by De Candolle, and may not be constant \$ but if it prove a permanent character, it will be proper to preserve the name of Coniothele for the section. It consists in the presence of a series of fertile flowers alternate with the rays, and exactly similar to them, except that, instead of a sessile ligule, they bear a minute deciduous ring, which represents the ligule reduced to its mere insertion. These apetalous flowers we uniformly observe in Californian specimens, but do not find in the Chilian plant .- An excellent account of the structure of the nanilla of the achemia and the included spiral filaments, as observed in some other Composits, is given by Decaisne, in Ann. sei. nal. (ser. 2.) 6, p. 251.

COMPOSITE.

POLYMNIA.

71. POLYMNIA. Linn.; Gartn. fr. t. 174, f. 2; DC. prodr. 5. p. 514.

Heads many-flowered; the ray-discover (i-1) or more) justificate, in a single performs (these of the disk tabular, stelling. Scales of the involveme in a facility series; the exterior shared $z_{\rm exterior}$ makes the involvement of the disk tabular, stelling, stelling, stelling, and personaling, followers, or well as the stelling of the disk tabular stelling and the stelling of the disk tabular stelling and the stelling of the disk tabular stelling. The stelling of the disk tabular stelling tabular

§ 1. Rays inconspicuous, shorter than the involuces.-Eupolymnia. (Alymnia, Neck. Polymmastrum, Law.)

1. P. Consolvatis (Linn.): twick-public entry in the two potential of the program attacking data with the two potential strates, datale data with the two potential strates, the lower deeply primited or lystes [worknew data basis, g be lower deeply primited or lystes [worknew data basis at the two potential strates, the lower deeply primited or lystes [worknew data basis at the summit; attacking the lower deeply data basis at the strates of the lower deeply data basis at the summit; attacking the lower deeply data basis at the summit; attacking the lower deeply data basis at the summit; attacking the lower deeply data basis at the summit; attacking the lower deeply the lower deeply data basis at the summit; attacking the lower deeply data basis at the lower deeply data basis at the summit; attacking the lower deeply data basis at the lower deeply data b

Hill-sides in shady rich soil along streams, Canada! and Northern States! to the mountains of Carolina! and west to Missouri. July.-Aug.-Stem 3-5 feet high. Leaves very thin, pale green. Heads small. Flowers very pale yellow or ochrolegeoos.

§ 2. Rays flat, much longer than the involuere.—Polymmsetis. (Polymnia, Lam., Cass.)

9. P. F. Vordnik (Line), 1: scales-spikesent at sumwhat filtwair: Isows functional strain and the strain strain and the strain strai

Rich dry soil, New York 1 and Pennsylvanin 1 (rare) to Georgin 1 Louisianal and Arkanasa 1 and Missouril Jane-Aug-Siam stora, grooved and angled, nearly glabrous bolow, 4-10 fact bigs. Lower leaves about a foot

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wide; the wing of the petioles sinuate or pinnatifid. Heads large; the rays an inch long, 10-15 in number, bright yellow; the corolla of the disk dull yellow. Achenia large, striste.

72. CHRYSOGONUM. Linn. ; Gartn. fr. t. 174 ; DC. prodr. 5. p. 510.

Heads many-flowered ; the ray-flowers about 5, pistillate ; those of the disk sterile. Involuere double, each of about 5 scales; the exterior foliaceous, oblong, longer than the disk; the interior chartaceous, roundish, concave, embracing the fertile flower in its axil. Receptacle flat ; the linear obtuse persistent chaff subtending the sterile flowers ; 2 or 3 usually adherent to the base of each inner involucral scale. Corolla of the disk cylindraceous, 5-toothed. Style in the sterile flowers hispid above, undivided, or sometimes 2-cleft at the apex. Achenia of the ray obovate, obcompressed, 4-angled, somewhat convex on the back, enclosed in a scale of the involucre; of the disk linear, abortive. Pappus small, coroniform, 2-3-toothed, and divided to the base on the inner side, persistent .- A low tomentose-hirsuto perennial herb, nearly acaulescent when it begins to flower, producing several stems, some of which are crect or ascending and floriforous, others prostrate and stoloniferous. Leaves opposite, or clustered at the base, on long petioles, ovate or spatulate, crenate. Peduncles solitary, simple, naked, at first short, at length elongated. Flowers bright yellow.

C. Fregerinsmum (Limp)—Lone, ill., c 713 ; Genta, fr. 2, p. 436, c 747 (he program may) Wild ; Gence, p. 197 ; Michael, J. & p. 144 ; Parable A. 2, p. 497 ; Ed.; eb. 3, p. 497, C. Virgininum et discomplux, D.C. Ho, Discomplux, p. 145, C. Chrysanhergmun Virgininum, S. et al., Marxiand I. & Ford, et al., doi: 10.1000 [herein et al., and the state of the

Div. 3. SILFBIER, DC.-Ferdle and sterile flowers in the same heads: the former (3-20) ligulate, the rays decidoous; the latter numerous, central, tabular. Ferdle achenia obcompressed, sometimes winged, not corticate, desitute of papeas, or mostly 2-cooked or 2-awned. Anther united.

73. SILPHIUM. Linn.; Gartn. fr. t. 171; Schkuhr, handb. t. 262.

Heads many-flowered; the ray-flowers numerous, pistillate, the ligales in a single series, but the flat ovaries in 2-3 rows; these of the disk tubular,

SILPHIUM.

sterile. Involucre broadly campanulate ; the scales appressed at the base, more or less spreading or loose and foliaceous at the summit, imbricated in several series ; the innermost (those next the achenia) very small and chaffy. Receptacle small, flat, or somewhat turbinate when old ; the chaff linear, flat, or slightly involute around the sterile ovaries. Corolla of the ray with an elongated spreading ligule ; of the disk cylindrical; the teeth very short, somewhat thickened and glandular, often pubescent or hairy externally, Style in the sterile flowers undivided, much elongated, hispid. Achenia of the ray broad and flat, obcompressed, imbricated in 3-4 series, surrounded with a wing, which is notched at the summit, and usually confluent with 2 callous, subulate, or somewhat awn-like (often nearly obsolete) teeth, which represent the nappus ; those of the disk abortive, slender, with an obsoleter coroniform pappus .- Stout perennial herbs (natives of the United States and Texas), mostly hispid or scabrous, with a copious resinous juice. Leaves alternate, opposite, or verticillate, entire, serrate, or lobed. Heads (large) corymbose, panicled, or solitary. Flowers vellow,

 Sim terete, virgate or nearly naked : leaves large, alternate, or radical and on long petisies, often rimuse, lobed, or vinnately parted.

1. S. formitante (Lim.): Highly with white sprending basics [Leaves finally particly anough possible day of illusion of leaping at the base; the segment of the set of of the

3. cauline feaves numerous towards the lower part of the seem, sessile and clasping, ovato-lanceolate, laciniste-pinnanfiid. Praines from Iowa? Wisconsi: Missourf! Illinois! and Ohio! to Ken-

tucky ! Alabama ! Louisiann ! Arkansas ! and Texas ! 3. Prairies of Alabanua, Mr. Buckley ! July-Sept .- Root thick, Plant exuding a copious resin, 3-11 feet high. Stem simple, strinte-grooved and nearly glabrous at the base, somewhat naked above, clothed, as also the young heads, veins of the leaves &c., with large very white jointed hairs arising from rigid papilla. Lower leaves 12-30 inches long, often bipinnatifid, with an ovate circumscription, sometimes lanceolate and simply pinnately parted, with the segments narrow and rather remote, either entire or toothed. Heads frequently 2 inches in diameter, without including the rays, which usually exceed the involucre : the terminal one flowers carliest, and 2 or 4 others appear later in the axils of often remote bracts, or of the upper leaves, either sessile or peduncled. The var. S., which came from the same region as Elliott's S. gummiferum, does not however so well accord with his description as the ordinary S. laciniatum, which varies greatly in foliage. In this variety the incisions of the cauline leaves do not reach more than half-way to the midrib .- Rosin-weed.

2. S. terebinthinancess (Linn.): stem and peduackes glabrous; leaves ovate and ovate-oblong, mostly cordate at the base, sharply serrate-toothed, hingd-scalaroni, especially beneative the mathematical ones very large and on long periodes ; the endinestime very fore, doing ; heads (reflect march) in a longer being periodes ; the endinestime in the second s

Protien and bry open words. Michigan and homolout the Western Starts II Laipannial and the western proof Georgia 1.2098 Sept.—Start Starts II Laipannial and the western proof Georgia 1.2098 Sept.—Start Radiani laives often mere in 2012 for Homo, mereiding in the distribution in the start of the start of the start of the start of the distribution is a start of the start of the start of the start of the distribution is a start of the start of the start of the start of the distribution Hashe block an invite informate, excluding the rays, which are an inflor one long. The start of the Hashe block an invite inflormed, excluding the rays, which are an inflor one long. The start of the schedule start of the start of the start of the distribution is a start of the schedule schedule start of the schedule schedule start of the s

3. S. pinontifidum (Elli): glateria, except the petioles and lower entries of the leaves, which are more relevance the hiraris and exchange lower long, verying from pinantely incised to deeply pinantifit, the radiation ong petiodes, slightly contart, the calible for and calibre entries and the lawer externor scales of the involver or theman in the insure incode over 1 and more present achieves and hence with entries of the involver or theman in the insure incode over 1 and more present achieves and scale and achieves and the insure incode over 1 and the insu

and allicity 2-nonlinel.—EU, $i \in \mathcal{I}_{1}$ is \mathcal{O}_{1} is \mathcal{O}_{2} is \mathcal{O}_{2} grade, 5. p. 312. Prainties, were near out of Groupin land Alabama, Edited Mo. Buellet (Dino, *Dr. Reideldt*). Mr. Sallforndt: Aug-slegm.—Frant with the halst of the preceding, and which quarky larger leaves and heads, rives an inche and a half long: Allepia with 2 very short and rendel callous testica. At this phalf beam in 6 Michaev these to the S. testbalafancement of hard S. monoscian of Michaev these to the S. testbalafancement hard S. emposition of Michaev these to the S. testbalafancement parts to be a varied of the encoding test and the start of the start of the start more to be a varied of the encoding test and the start of the start

4. Sa comparison (Micha): 2 (althous): atom situata, neuty maked, althous, manufacture (Micha): 2 (althous): atom situata, neuty maked, althouse and although a situata souther, and any situata any situata any situata any situata any situata any situat

B. reniforms: leaves (larger) roundish or reniform-cordate, sinuate-toothed or angulate, or alightly lobed.—S. clanum, Paraly I. c. (ex. deser.) S. terebluthinaceam, Elk. sk. 2. p. 463, not of Linn. S. reniforme, Raf. med. A. 2. p. 283; Nutl. J. in travs. Amer. pill. voc. I. c. p. 392.

SILPHIUM.

COMPOSITÆ.

y, orgatifolium; leaves ovate, subcordate, unequally and doubly toothed, Dry nine harrens and open sandy woods, North Camlina ! to Florida ! the var. a, prevalent in the low country ; 3, more common towards the monntains, y. Florida, Mr. Croom! Dr. Chapman! Juno-Aug .- Stem 2-6 feet high, slender, simple, paniculate or corymbose at the summit, with a few scattered bracts or competimer 3 or 4 small neticlate leaves towards the base Leaves 4-8 inches long (in \$. usually broader than long); the scattered hairs of the lower surface not arising from nanilla, as in S, terebinthinaceum, Heads much more numerous, more corymbose or rather cymose, and smaller than in the last named species. Scales of the involucre rather loose, alightly ciliate. Chaff of the receptacle with slightly dilated and heiry tips. Wing of the large orbicular achenia united with, or when old partly separating from, the subulate or aristate teeth .- This species, well-marked in habit and character, although polymorphous in foliage, is confined to the Southern Atlantic States; while S. terabinthinacoum, for which Elliott mistook the en-tire-leaved form, is almost exclusively a western plant. From long observation. Mr. Curtis is convinced that our a, and d, are only varieties of the same species, widely as their extreme forms differ in foliage; and our own observations confirm this view.

Stem terete or obscorely angled, leafy i leaves undivided, alternate, opposite, or 3-4notely verticillate, not unfroquently presenting all these variations in the same plant.

5. S. trifoliatures (Linn.) : stem smooth and glabrous, often glaucous; cauline leaves lanceolate, usually narrow, acute or acuminate, remotely denticulate, scabrous, especially the upper surface, on very short hispidly ciliate petioles, ternately or quaternately verticillate, the uppermost opposite; heads in a loose compound corvinb or panicle ; scales of the involucre cllinte, glabroust the exterior ovate, rather acute; the interior broadly oval, obtuse; achenia oboyate-oyal : the rather broad wings produced at the summit into 2 acute triangular lobes, which are confluent with (when old often more or less separating from) the subulate teeth or awns .- Linn. spec. 2. p. 920 (excl. Typ. Moria.) ; Deaf. out ; Heal, but may, t. 3355. S. trifoliatum, ternatam, & atropurpureum, Retz, in Willd. apec. 3. p. 2333; Parsh, I. c.; Ell. sk. 2. p. 466. S. ternatum & S. trifoliatum (at least in part) DC.! Le. S. ternifolium, Michr. / f. 2. p. 146, chiefly, Chrysanthemum Virginianum, folis aareris, &c., Morie, hist, 1, 3, 7, 68 .- Varies with the leaves nearly all verticillate, or the upper opposite and alternate, entire, or irregularly serrate, lanceolate or ovate-lanceolate, senbrous or nearly smooth on both sides; the short neticles ciliate or glabrous; the stem sometimes pale, but commonly purple and glaucous

Dry works and plains, Ohiof. Marghandl and throughout the mountainness perime of the Sourheary Strates, Taily-OCL - Stram, 4-6 forth high, straiter, alightly noticel. Leaves 4-6 incides long, frequently less than an inch broad. Head's rather small; the rays, 13-18. The sourdiste aways of the schemis spatialized and the matter three of the wings, with the edges of which they are confinent, buy when mattere they of the break away.

6. 8. Journa (EI); r semisurity model and ightmax of Brenstenia Brenstenia (L. 1997), r semisurity in the semistry of Brenstenia Bilaty and cosmoly motion, earlow a hore but energy to benearly the physe distance or accured Journeha Jourdia ensuits the hore opposite of terminally versicilitate, on rather dender histogenetication, which we have physical semistry of the induced transformation of the semistry of physical semistry of the induced transformation of the semistry o

B. lower leaves opposite; the upper alternate but approximate in pairs, on short petioles; all ovate-lanceolate and entire.

y. stem somewhat hirsute or hispid; lower leaves opposite or alternate, petioled, coarsely sinuate-toothed or incised.—S. quercifolium, DC.! prodr. 5, 9, 513. S. jancedatum, Natt, in trans. Amer. phil. soc. L c.

Dry wood and fields, we even part of N. Cardina, W. C. Weit's to Born one 24-56 (m) Mercure 14-58 (m) Mercure 14-58 (m) Mercure protose 1-2-56 (m) Mercure 14-58 (m) Mercure 14-58 (m) Mercure protose 1-2-58 (m) Mercure 14-58 (m) Mercure 14-58 (m) Mercure Mercure 14-58 (m) Mercure 1

1.8. A distribute (Loin.) a star (sprar, Eugl-1) haves ablong a covability conduct, negative in observe only ensures with a startestic their, and there are a start of the start of the start of the start of the start along of the transity versicility i. the linear conduct for garanting investment for the start of the start main is down transport starts to be start of the start of

p. levicenic (DC. 1 i. c.): seem and sometimes the poduncles smooth and glabrous or nearly so; lower leaves alongated, often coarsely toothed or sinutate-incised, tapering into petiodes.—S. scabrum, Walt. Car. p. 217. S. Asteriacus *di*, scabrum, Nutl. cor. 2, p. 1817

Dry smaly sail, Virginal to Férélal and Lookianat common. June-Jang-Stein A-fee high. Learners very sachness altori, less iso benetilsvarying from broadly lancolate-oblege to rather narrowiy lanceolate, from nearly eaties to sery conserve tooshed. Hands large, with 12-16 congard rays. A chemis moletrately winged i, the subalate tesh often breaking may better.

B. S. Larrigations (Pgm)1 S(h)) smooth and glabrous; stem terrets: slightly angled above; leaves calaroosco, populos, lancolate about, particulars; the lance to the stem terret is the stem terret is step of the step of the stem terret is step of the step

Prairies & e. of the western part of Georgia (Elliott, & e.) and Albama, Mr. Buckley / July-Sept.-Stem, 3-3 feet high, stout. Leaves very smooth, accept the margings; the lower 6-8 iteless long and 2 in width; the uppermost much smaller. Resembles S. scaberrinum, except that it is smooth, with smaller. Bud the achievin not more than half the site.

SILPHIUM.

COMPOSITÆ.

bready emarginates, and with very narrow wings—Dursh's character of S. Briegriffolium 1 yet Berigatum in more applicable to a common variety of S. Integriffolium 1 yet die latter aurely is not found in the low or middle country of Georgin (albage) there is assume reason to augmone it a naries of the western Allaghaties) is but the plant may have been doscribed from the mere summit of the realized mere and the start of the start of the start of the version of the mere. The start is is certainly filterity plant, we are the realized the mere. The start of t

9. S. conderviews (Ell.): a tern somewhat angled, hinpid, nearly gibburg when did (somicing somoth when young): I cave opposite, oral, acute or somewhat accuminate, rigid, hapid-scabrows on both usies; the uppermote and the probability of the acute of the sector of

B. very hispid, at least when young; leaves occasionally alternate; the uppermost sessile, the lower petioled; heads often solitary.

¹, hispid and acabrous; leaves oblong and lasocolate-ovate, opposite and alterants, nearly all aessile; heads somewhat panieled.—S. aspertimum, Hock. compan. to bot. mag. 1, p. 99. S. Radula, Natt.! in trans. Amer. phil. soc. 1, c. p. 341.

Western distriction (Googla, Ellisti" and Alabama, Mr. Buckley J. & D. Jonsiana, (Dr.woord, J.D. Hale's Astanas, Nathell T. Teas, Dress 8004] Aug-Sepa-Ston toot, 3-4 feet high. Leaves very rough the lain, particulary of the upper surface, aving from howed papills. Heaves as large or larger than these of S. Astricaeux the ways numerous. Manue differe radia to how, the wire is an important papille. The disdifference of the structure of the structure of the structure of the larger tool and the structure of the structure of the structure of the larger tool and the structure of the structure of the structure of the larger tool and the structure of the structure of the structure of the larger tool and the structure of the str

1.9. S. *Biographical* (Blicks), 1 tem quadrangular and trains, subward have first parameters appearing increasing several se

B love ; atem (striate-angled), lower surface of the leaves, and sometimes even the peduncies and involvere smooth-S. levigutum, Parsh, L.e.7 S. speciesum, Nett. in trans. Amer. Spit. soc. L. c.

Plants, Ace, Wassenini (Mr. Zarpianz, Illinois) Historical and Arkanasi Illinois Marcine and antico of Georgies. We have been full from of Arkanatik Waters and anticogen of the starts of the starts of the start of the Borly branched and dichotomore. Leaves 3–4 there is no starts and the the interpret block in the manify the form of the start of the sta

COMPOSITE.

 * * Steve square, at least below: leaves all opposite, connate, either directly or by usinged petioles.

11. S. perfoliatum (Linn.) : stem stout, square, the branches often nearly terete : leaves large, ovate or ovate-oblong, thin ; the lower ovate-deltoid. coarsely toothed, on winged connate petioles ; the upper often nearly entire, connate-perfoliate and forming a concave disk ; heads trichotomous-corymbose, the central on a long peduncle; scales of the involucre ovate, obtuse, squarrose-spreading; achenia broadly obovate, winged, emarginate - Lina.! spec. (ed. 2) 2. p. 1301; Gouan, hort. Monsp. p. 462; Hook. bot. mag. t. 3354. S. tetrasonum & S. scabrum, Manch, S. connatum, Michz. / fl. 2. p. 146 .- Varies with the stem, branches, involucre, &c. smooth and glabrous, the leaves somewhat scabrous (S. perfoliatum of authors) ; sometimes very scabrous above, and minutely and softly publication beneath; or with the stem hirsute or hispid, at least above, with deflexed hairs, and the leaves often hairy (S. connatum, Linn. mant. p. 574; Willd. sper. 3. p. 2332; Purch, f. 2. p. 578; DC.! prodr. 5. p. 514): a state with the exterior scales of the involucre larger and more foliaceous is S. conjunctum, Willd. enum. p. 933. As to the achenia, these are frequently obcordate-emarginate, the extremities of the wings being rounded and not at all produced (S. perfoliatum, DC. ! l. c.); or these are produced into 2 short acute or triangular diate between S, perfolintum & S, connatum of authors), or into sharp lobes producing a deep narrow notch, as is represented in Schkuhr, handb. t. 262. But all these forms are so variable as scarcely to admit of being distinguished as varieties, much less as species,

Banks of wronns, &c. Michigan I Illinais I and Ohio! to Kentubly! Tennessee! and the mountanous portion of the Southern States! July-Sept.—Stem 4-6 fest high. Leaves 6-12 inches long, 4-eb braad; the raftcal somewhat contact, on margined petioles; the upper connate either by a very braad or somewhat narrowed base; those of the branches sometimes displaced. Heads large; the ray 16-50-CP/Raft.

S. ergthrozados (Bernh. in Spreng. zpt. 3. p. 630)): "stem 4-angled, glabrous; leaves opposite, cordite-inaccolate, acute, unequally toothed, very solutions; the winged petioles perfolince; scales of the involuces oblong, rather acute," also seems to be a variety of S. perfolintum.

74. BERLANDIERA. DC. prodr. 5. p. 517 ; De Less. ic. sel. 4. t. 26.

Species of Silphium, DC. & authors.

Beak many-forwards, the ray-drower picilites (galaris, equal in number to the inner need of Hovitzenic a lenge (-54, ray (21), 20 and stands for their axis) takes of the disk tabular, startic party earboad by the same what followers and scalaring party linked and observed for the same lange of the respectate, two of which are addressed to the lange of earboard memory of the anall momeritary instants exception (+4, eccurs). And dynamic memory of the anally momeritary instant exception (+4, eccurs), and dynamic memory of the anally momeritary instant exception (+4, eccurs), and dynamic memory of the anally momeritary instants exception (+4, eccurs), and dynamic memory in the anally momeritary instants exception (+4, eccurs), and dynamic memory instants in the same of the end of the end of the end of the same end of the same of the end of the end of the end of the end memory of the end end of the end of the

BERLANDIERA.

COMPOSITÆ.

Corolla of the ray with an oblong subsessile spreading ligule ; of the disk cylindraceous, 5-toothed; the teeth hairy externally. Style in the sterile flowers undivided, elongated and hispid above. Achenia of the ray in a single series, flat, obcompressed, oboyate, wingless, not toothed or notched at the summit, one-nerved on the outer, one-ridged and canescently publication the inner surface, each more or less strongly coherent with the flat involucral scale to which it corresponds and falling away with it, partly covered by the chaff of the two attached sterile flowers : the pappus of 2 minute and cadacous setose teeth or short awns ; the abortive achenia of the disk linear or filiform, with an obscure coroniform pappus .- Perennial canescent or velvety-tomentose herbs or suffrutescent plants (nutives of the Southern United States, Texas, and Northern Mexico), not resiniferous ; with mostly solltary (middlesized) pedunculate heads terminating the terete stem or paniculate-corymbose branches; the involucre and summit of the chaff usually casescently pubescent. Leaves alternate, cordate, ovate or oblong, and crenate, sinuate, or pinnatifid, thin, veiny. Rays yellow, pubescent externally. Corolla of the disk and authers sprinkled with reddish resinous globules.

This proves ablowed well searched in holds, investibly distinguished from Shipkane by many beyone, the whether a solution, alternation of the lines provide the start of the search of the lines and an error barrier fulfields in hadra and sharaver. It is suggested to the S-issue of the search and the search of the s

1. B. Tzzana (DC, 1, 1, c, 1) herbarenes (sufficiences) DC(1) branches and redunctes hitrary with joined of home parylish hairs i leaves oblegareants cordue, simply or doubly creants, minutely hisple-earlows above, cancecantly polyecent or hairly beneath, the lowermost patiolical is no direct leavely sesiler. I heads some viat corymbose.—B. longifolin, Nutl. / in trans. Jane. Pdf. oc. 1, c, n. 302.

B. bitoinegoliar leaves all perioled, cordate-ovate, deeply and conrectly trenar : pedanetes clobed with joined purplish here.—Silphium betonicilium, Hoak: I company, to bot, mag. 1, p. 99. In woods, Texas, Berlandter ! Western Louisiana, Dr. Hale ! Western

In wood, Texas, Balanciet V. Woster, Luziann, Dr. Haldt. Wester, Mannes, Naulit, J., acces Glensen T. Fransmand—More the germann program of 1246 testics, da not appear adiritation between between the program of 1246 testics, da not appear adiritation between by the agreement program of 1246 testics, and the source of the source of the agreement for the appearance at the source of the adirection of the appearance for the appearance of the adirection of the appearance for the appearance of the adirection of the appearance of the form were the source of a Bosenica detaily and indiced y creater, on peckete and a nucleon of the Bosenica detaily and indiced y creater, on peckete address and the source of the Bosenica detaily and indiced y creater, on peckete address and the source of the Bosenica detaily and indiced y creater, on peckete address and the source of the Bosenica detaily and indiced y creater, or peckete address and the source of the Bosenica detaily and indiced y creater, or peckete address and the source of the Bosenica detaily and indiced y creater, or peckete address and the source of the Bosenica detaily and indiced y creater, or pecketer address and the source of the Bosenica detaily and indiced y creater, or pecketer address and the source of the Bosenica detaily and indiced y creater, or pecketer address and the source of the Bosenica detaily and indiced y creater of the Bosenica detaily and the source of the Bosenica deta

2. B. towardstar: herbaceous, stem softly consecutivith closely appressed wolly tomestum, impipe or branched; is neve over or oblong-over, green and minutely polysecent above, while and finally tomentous breach, created the apperment organization and an interface and a second to the second se

a, stem crect or ascending, simple or sparingly branched; heads few on clongated naked pedicels; leaves mostly obuse; the lower oblong, often acute and somewhat irregularly toothed at the base.—Silphium pumilum, Michiz, I, S, p, 146 (a dwarf state); Ell./s, 2, p, 469; DC.I proof, S, p, 512. Bertandiera tomericas, Natz, I, c.

² β. (dcalbata) stem mostly branched, and, with the lower surface of the more numerous cordate-ovate often actish leaves clothed with a very white fine tomentum : heads more numerous, corymbose, on shorter pedundes.— B. oumits, Nutl.! 4. c.

y. stem taller, branched, at length scarcely tomentose; upper surface of the lenves scabrous.

3. B. indica: brokecous, minucity velovity,cancecast throughout, atom (kort) branching i leaves innecodate-coloreg, mostly printede, coarsely and very irregularly incised and toofhed, deeply sinuate and pinnally ositary terminating the branches, or a horgened pedrocles. Silphiorn Nutablamm, Form the principal of the second second second second second second on the Floring hard of Nutable. Also principal of the principal of the second second on the Floring hard of Nutable.

On the Ariamaso or Plane, *Dr. Januel*. --The specimen is only the upper portion of a sterm, or perhaps a monch, clobed functionation waves fine and close whilid's velvey interaction; but the upper surface of the leaves [2] inclusion or more in length] loss consector. Exercise that the sterm is leady, it considerably resembles B. lyrans, *Renth.*? *pl. Hortso.*, which is, however, quite datiset from this or the following mechan:

4. B. robocculi (\U11): minutely arignes-conserve, at firs non-detectivit leaves fielded) decply simular simulation, other hyperbolic the lobes toolhed or evenue; publicate (sequen) characted, nalced, beautig a single bend—B. B. subsculin, b. Matt. 16, c. Sittlehum subsculen, Natt. 16 Sittle jour. 5, p. 301; DC.1 prodr. 3, p. 512. S. Nuttallianum, Torr. 1, b.6 So to the scu.

3. stems short, at length branching, leafy below; radical leaves oblow; if the cauline oblong-spectrate, somewhat perioled; all obtuse, lyrate, or sparsingly sinuate, or nearly undivided : neduneles terminal, very long.

East Florida, Mr. Worn! (Nuttall), Dr. Burrows! Dr. Learoncorth! Georgia, Le Contes! p. Florida, Dr. Learonnorth.] May-Aug.?-Radical leaves about 3 inches long, clustered, rather rough, particularly the upper surface, mostly alternately signate-primatifie, dren with an oblong undi-

BERLANDIERA.

COMPOSITÆ.

vided terminal lobe. Scapes, or peduncles, slender, 6-8 inches long. Head as large as in B. tomentosu.

ENGELMANNIA. Torr. & Gray, mes., in Nutt. trans. Amer. phil. soc. (n. ser.) 7. p. 343.

Heads many-flowered; the ray-flowers equal in number to the inner scales of the involucre (8-10), and situated in their axils, ligulate, pistillate; those of the disk tubular, sterile. Scales of the involucre imbricated in about 3 series, coriaceo-chartaceous, broadly oval or obovate, appressed, the exterior shortest; all abruptly narrowed into a foliaceous lanceolate or linear spreading appendage, the exterior exceeding the scale itself in length. Receptacle flat ; the chaff persistent, chartaceous, with foliaceous and bairy tips, partly involute and enclosing the sterile flowers; the outer series lanceolate, acute, two firmly adherent to the base of each inner involuent scale; the others very narrowly linear, rather obtuse. Corolla of the ray with an oblong exserted sessile ligule; of the disk dilated upwards, 5-toothed, the teeth somewhat hairy. Style in the sterile flowers undivided, hlapid, Achenia of the ray equal in size to the concave inner involucral scales to which they are applied, oval-obovate, obcompressed, convex and carinate externally, flat or concave and one-ridged on the inside, seabrous-pubescent, not winged or toothed, crowned with two small scarious lanceolate concave marcescent squamelle, which are more or less united at the base, hispid and fringed ; those of the disk filiform, abortive, with a minute coroniform pappus,-A perennial branching rough and hirsute herb, with branching stems, corymbosepaniculate at the summit, and bearing several rather small heads on slender peduncies. Leaves alternate, strigose, oblong or ovate-lanceolate, irregularly pinnatifid, with the segments lauceolate or linear (the lower longest and divaricate), sessile ; the radical petioled and bipinnatifid. Rays yellow, tardily decidnous, nubescent externally,

E. pinnatifida (Torr. & Gray, l. c.)-Silphium, n. sp. (Natt.) Torr. in ann. lyc. New York, 2. p. 215.

On the Causting, D_{ℓ} Langel (Red River, Arkanna, Natidli 2, Dr. Langeventier, Texas, Donamodo – Pillar La Tole Label, Langeventier, Texas, Donamodo – Pillar Label 1, De Label, Label Label 1, De Label 1, De

Div. 4. PARTMENTER, DC.—Fertile and sterile flowers in the same brads; the former (several) ligulate, the rayspersistent or marcescent; the litter central, includes: Fertile achenia obcompressed, not corticate or winged, usually with a callous margin. Pappas none, or 2-squamellate. Anthers searcely unice.

76. PARTHENIUM. Linn. ; Garta. fr. t. 168 ; DC. prodr. 5. p. 531.

Heads many-flowered : the ray-flowers 5, pistillate, fertile, somewhat obscurely ligulates one in the axil of each inner scale of the involucre ; those of the disk tubular, sterile by the abortion of the style. Involucre hemispherical, in a double series ; the exterior ovate ; the interior nearly orbicular. Receptacle conical or somewhat cylindrical, covered with membranaceous chaffy scales, which are dilated above and somewhat cucullate, partly sheathing the flowers of the disk, tomentose at the summit. Corolla of the ray very short, obcordate, persistent or marcescent ; of the disk tubular, somewhat dilated above. Stamens inserted towards the base of the corolla; anthers slightly united. Style of the sterile flowers undivided : the branches of the fertile style semiterete, obtuse. Achenia (of the ray) compressed, oval or obovate, smooth, surrounded by a filiform callous margin, which is firmly coherent at the base with the involucral scale and with a contiguous chaffy scale of the receptacle on each side, at length tearing away from the achenium. Panous 2-souamellate, or somewhat aristate, sometimes nearly obsolete .- Herbs or suffrutescent (American) plants, somewhat various in habit, cancecent or hirsute-scabrous, with alternate undivided or 1-2-pinnately cleft leaves. Heads corymbose-cymose or panicled, rarely solitary. Flowers whitish.

§ 1. Pappus of 2 very small and slender or aun-like squamella, sometimes obsolete : perennial or suffratescent : leaves toothed or somewhat incised, undivided.—PARTHENIATRUM, Dill., DC.

1. P. integrabilism (Linux) 1 stem herbaceness, hirmstepabescent 1 terver hispilesakoros, oractedinos of anconismic-abolas, dashigi yernatic arcentatitosthad, or sametipues incised ; the upper ones seasile or party classifier; the lower patields, double deeply incised at the base 1; hadsa nucceos, ionumisor, commission of the involverse somewhat arctice—Linux 1 are A_{2} , passing Linux 16, 756 M Micz, 75 A_{2} , p. 117 M Midd, bast. Brief, 2 A_{2} , passing Linux 16, 756 M Micz, 75 A_{2} , p. 117 M Midd, bast. Brief, 2 A_{2} , passing Linux 2, p. 128 A_{2} , p. 128 M Midd, bast. Brief, 2 A_{2} , p. 200 A_{2} , p. 200

Dry soil, Maryland Virginial to Alabarnal and west to Missouri! Louisinaal and Texas! July-Sept.—Sten 1-2 feet high. Lower leaves 3-5 inches long. Heads crowded, about 4 lines in diameter; the scales closely appressed. Ray inconspicuous.

§ 2. Pappus of 2 oblong obluse membranaccous squamelle: root annual: leaves bipinnatifid.—Anovnocuman. Cav., DC.

2. P. Hydrophores (Linn.): hirests-pulperulent and somewhat concerted, fillinely branched or decumbers! I serves variously bipmantifild, the upper-most linear and undivided, heads (revy small) panicular, exterior scales of the involvers moved as courter. *Journal of the starter of the st*

Banks of streams, New Orleans, Drummond, Dr. Ingalls ! Texas, Berlandier ! St. Augustine, Florida, Baldurin ! Key West, Mr. Blodgett !

PARTHENIUM.

COMPOSITÆ.

Also a native of Mexico and the West Indies .- Leaves resembling those of Ambrosia artimesiziolia.

§ 3. Pappins of 2 oblong-lanceolate membranaceous squamellar, nearly the length of the short transact tybular corolla; cospitous, dwarf; heads solitary and nearly sessile among the spatulate-linear cancenent leaves at the moment of cadd division of the ligncous caudez (-BOLOPENTA, Nutt.

3. P. alpinum: acadescent; caudes branched, densely caspitose, and crowned with the vestiges of former leaves and with a tuft of while hairs; leaves densely tufted, entire, silvery-cancescent; corolla of the ray scarcely essentia, truncate, slightly 2-cremulate.—Bolophyta alpina, Nutl.? in trans. Amer. phil. soc. (n. ster.) 7, n. 947.

In the Recty Meanzing towards the sources of the Plants, in along the figure on shoring over site the source of table plant, gate the plants of table plant, gate the plant of table plant, gate plants and plant of the source o

Div. 5. IVEN, DC.-Ferile and sterile flowers in the same heads, all . tabular, or the former rarely apetalous. Pappas coroniform, 4-awned, or none. Anthers approximate but distinct: filaments inserted towards the base of the corolla. Style of the fartile flowers mostly 2-parted.

CYCLACH/ENA. Freeenius, ind. sem. hort. Franc. 1836, p. 4, & in Linnen, 12, suppl. p. 78.

Designmenutodecinas: the harms plant' similar we the firthle, but no fording its oracle). Pertite and arrive flowers in the same basis; the former 5, in the scale of the inner scales of the inputers, with no constitut on the maliness (in the inter (i-6.5, with index) and the inputers. The input of the input of paper table); the table is a bootsmile if boother of the scale of paper table); the table is the inner distributed were the commands, include, hereinsones (in the activity of the activity the commands, include, hereinsones (in the activity of the activity the commands, include, hereinsones (in the activity of the activity the commands, include) and intervent the table of the activity of etc. of the first flower despite scale, limit, a wind in the state herein value of the intervent table scale of the intervent the comtor. Another algority using (ipped with an influence in moments appending, of etc. of the first flower despite scale, limit, a wind in the state herein value of the intervent table scale of the intervent table of the intervent intervent table scale and the intervent table of the intervent intervent table in the state of the intervent table of the intervent intervent table are intervent of contines – A paper 10 the manimum herein tables in the state of the intervent table of the intervent intervent table are intervent of contines – A and and the state of the intervent intervent of the state of the intervent inter

CYCLACHENA.

annual; the isom ginple and more or less branched at the summit, the leaves opposite courted or subordant, acuminate, doubly or ensemptly sertents 3-nerved, hierance-nencement or palsecent hementh, somewhat exatance, or long petioles. Heads small, greenable, elivrecture, screiche and often giomeate, singesei in compound terminal and axillary spikes, forming a pyramidat namice.

C. stanthifolia (Fresenius, I. c.)—Iva xanthifolia, Nutl. ! gen. 2. p. 185. L. (Pierotus) xanthifolia & paniculata, Nutl. ! in trans. Amer. phil. soc. (n. scr.) 7. p. 347.

In alluvial soil, Upper Missouri near Fort Mandan &c., Nuttall ! Printer New-wired (seeds from which the plant was raised in the Frankfort Botanic Garden) to the Rocky Mountains, Nuttall !-Scales of the involucre somewhat halry externally and clilate, distinct, as long as the disk. Ovaries minutely somewhat hairy at the summit when young, at length glabrous; the corolla reduced to a minute ring surrouteding the base of the style .-- We are not sure that the plant is truly polygamo-directous, since the styles, in what Mr. Nuttall considers the sterile plant, are apparently perfects the fertile ovaries of Iva ciliata are at first very small likewise : but in this plant the inner involucral scales are also proportionally reduced in size, so as to be readily overlooked, as indeed they have been by Mr. Nuttall. We have a specimen from a plant cultivated in Mr. Lambert's garden, exhibiting the heads in a somewhat monstrous state ; the styles of the fertile flowers from quently 3 or 4, and those of the exterior sterile 2-cleft t the former showing an evident corolla ; the corolla of the disk-flowers 10-nerved ; the receptacle towards the margin furnished with dilated and somewhat cucullate chaff; while in the wild plant the chaff is often nearly or quite wanting .- Excepting its entire opposite leaves, this plant has the habit as well as the inflor-28); of which, indeed, it might be deemed a section, should that genus prove to have an inner series of involucral scales, similar to that which is represented in the figure as one of the pales of the receptacie.

78. IVA. Lian. ; Gastn. fr. t. 164 ; DC. prodr. 5. p. 529.

Fertile and sterile flowers in the same heads ; the former few (1-5), marginal, with a small tubular corolla : the latter several (7-20, rarely only 2 on 3), with a tubular-campanulate or infundibuliform 5-toothed corolla. Scales of the campanulate or hemispherical involuere 3-5 in a single series, and often more or less united, or 6-9 and imbricated, usually ovate or orbiculat and somewhat fleshy. Receptacle small, chaffy : the chaff linear or spatelate. Anthers sometimes with a mucronate inflexed appendage, distinct of nearly so. Style in the fertile flowers deeply 2-cleft ; the branches linear or linear-subulate, one of them often imperfect ; in the sterile flowers undivided, usually with the apex radiate-penicillate. Achenia obovoid, somewhat obcompressed, wholly destitute of pappus; the sterile flowers with rudimentary ovaries .- Herbaceous or shrubby commonly maritime (American) plants. Leaves opposite or the upper alternate, often thick or fleshy, 1-3nerved. Heads solitary or ternate in the axils of the upper leaves, or of folineeous bracts, forming spikes or spicate ratemes, deflexed. Corolla greenish-white. Anthers vellow.

§ 1. Involvere several-flowered, composed of 3-5 distinct and nearly 1-seriate, or partly united scales.

1. Le dinine (Wilds); a manual, hiranto en biayd, henrached; Bavess opposite on solution brains of the efficiency of the solution of the solu

3, bracts linear and much elongated, ciliate only near the base.—Ambrosia Pitcheri 3., Hook. I. c.

Swamp and most places, illinois 1 and Missouri's to Louisiant A chansed and Texas's common. Agg-Cott-Plant 3-6 for high, corare and weel-like in appearance, with much the habit of an Ambrais. Lawyes 3-4 linets long, "spins 3-6 ignets being numerout: the burness longer (in Amuty times longer) than the defected almost usself heads. Scales of the 4-west, iso, ranky of a 5-wey storess, uncequit. Futther lowers sometime to the size of the store of the store of the store of the 4-west, iso, ranky of a 5-wey stores, uncequit. Futther lowers sometimes obstrate, headman. Sterile flowers 10-15, greenish ; the style publicities at the apex.

b. Letteress (Line): tarbady, must glaboux, much branchel; Lenve, reprint our hoy produces the product set of the lenky over all entropies, and produces and produces, all lenky over all entropies, and the product set of the s

Searcoma, and makely shores of large rivers near the ocean, Manachur etat to Florida i and Louisians common. July-Septo-Shrub S-a feet high the stems annually dying down to near the ground in the Northern States. Leaves of a grayh the scottering termine. Hand recarred, gravitatis. Corolla of the ferther thorses very main. Schewarden, Activity Bellow, States and States and States and States and States. Market Eddor.

3. J. carillaris (Pursh): much intrached from the softwerkst Ignosos hase, low, covered with immine appresent high or energy fabric software fabric software must on the lower coponing fashy. Introduktion there, obligation of the base, resident blockbarg, and the axile of the lawyers, on short received policities packs of the companying increases ways and the software software fabric fabric software interaction of the lawyers, or short received policities packs of the companying increases ways and the software software fabric software particular software and packs (Interaction and Statements), and and software a software and a software software software and a software particular software and packs (Interaction and Statements).

Dry study and adius soli, Upper Missoffi, Berdberg! Nethall: Mr. Norder, Sakatcharon, Dieler de Sc. and on the Orgon from the Boolet, Sakatcharon, Dieler de Sc. and on the Orgon from the Boolet, Sakatcharon, Dieler de Boolet, Parental & berdgereet, Natali, certainty permitted and the Boolet, presental & berdgereet, Natali, certainty permitted and sense the Boolet, presentation of the Boolet, Sakatcharo Notelle, Same ascending, a sense to a Sol Sight the plant with much the

IVA.

bable of Gaux matrixes. Levers about an includence, varying from 2 lines to that an include in the bencht, rules the close stringser publications: (traces of which an animot always visible with a lens) accurately perceptible to the interverty of prediction of the stringser publication. It is also a string of the string of

4. I. microcephala (Nutt.): seem stender, glabrous, virgately branched; heads very small, nearly sessile in the axile of the narrowly linear and fleshy sessile entire alternate leaves, nodding; scales of the involuce 4-5, distinct; flowers shout 6, three of them bistillate.—Nutt. / in trans. Amer. while sec. Ic.

Florida, Dr. Baldwint-Leaves about half an inch long and half a line wide : the capitula not larger than an ordinary pin's head. Natt.

2. Scales of the many-flowered involucre 6-9, imbricated in 2-1 series.

6. 6. Individual (Walks): presential, behaviora or gardy so, monty platborsy hunches associating i leaves commonly alternative, facility andiante, interesting individual solution of the solution of the solution of the problem, formation of the solution of the solution of the involvement of the solution of the solution of the solution of the resonance in the solution of the solution of the solution of the resonance in the solution of the solution of the solution of the resonance in the solution of the solution of the solution of the involvement, the solution of the solution of the solution of the solution of the first solution of the solution of the solution of the solution of the the resonance in the solution of the sol

Sandry trenshow, N. Cambian the Fleridal and Louisienst. Mor. Key Wen, Mr. Bolgerill, Jauly-Ott--Pann 1-94 for high-aufloressent at the base. Larses about an including, Corolla of the fortile flowers rever small and hears, Sparath or irregulative picture. Perints syste should notively or guided to the base picture numerous. Achieval adaptive question and your ties. Sterilio Borrens numerous. Achieval adaptive question and your trate-corologic the pinet has an extremely reveng oder of homey." M. A. Corrist, san.

§ 3. Involuce turbinate, composed of 3 scales united nearly to the summit, 3-6 flowered, the fertile flowers solitary.-Monachuna.

6. L anguitifield (Nutt); annual, arigos-publicarent istem create of obcambent at the base, much branched; l lavase narrow iy linear of inacedatelinear, 1-3-nerved, tapering at the base or somewhat pediod, entity, the lower often devicalistic ineads, (small) subscientific, defixed, forming unrow virgate leafy spikes chaff of the receptucle fillform, minute.—Nutl.1 in DC, proof. 5, 029, Nit itranse, Aner, phil, see, 1 er

Princes Atlances, Netatil 1: Dr. Lorenzowich 1: Weterra Louisnan, Dr. Hale 1: Tens, Dramsond J. Dr. Lorenzowich 1: Ang.-Styrz.-Sten 1-5 feet high. Leaves & c. minutely puberes and somewhat cances or wide appressive trigoscharists; the lower 1-fe gather korg and 1-5 lines wide': the Upper much immewer; the braceael one atmost accessors. Splice very asvently with only 2 flowers, new of them seemines. Savide stork above tive, short, glabrous, not thickened at the summit. Achenium somewhat

79. PICROTHAMNUS. Nutt. in trans. Amer. phil. soc. (n. scr.) 7. p. 417.

Fergle and sarrile flowers in the same horizes the denser 2-8-5, marginal, whita very small obligately transme and lowershy 3-55, download coefficients have about 0, with an information of a source of the same state of the district. Recepted for the same state of the same state of the same anthern signation of the same state of the same state of the same state markers signation of the same state of the foregoint of the same state of the same behavior of the same state of the same state of the same state state of the same state of the same state of the same state of the same behavior of the same state spin scatter of the same state state of the same state of the same state spin scatter of the same behavior of the same state spin scatter of the same state state of the same state spin scatter of the same state state of the same behavior of the same state spin scatter of the same state state of the same state state. The same state spin scatter of the same state state

P. desertorum (Nutt. !]. c.)

Iva.

Arid deners in the Rocky Mountains, towards the north sources of the Plate, Nuttail I-=Plant bifter to the tests (whence the name), 4-18 inchess high--Mr. Nuttail doubfilling refers it to Militerea, next to Elhadium : but the heads and flowers eatirely accord with Via, except in the naked receptacle, and the would) kains of the achemia and corolla.

Dr. ϕ_{i} A μ as ν or i = 2, DC—Perific and such for specificary in the latter tabelong the same individual; it for former (1-4) often apetalous; the latter tabular. Scales of the involver in the fortile heads united into an ovare or doing persistent covering, including or closely investigative fin forwares and frait, then prickly or spinose. Pappas none. Anthere approximate, but distinct or Yeary lightly united; it filments inserted at the base of the corella.

AMBROSIA. Tourn.; Linn.; Gartn. fr. t. 164; Schkuhr, handb. t. 292; DC. prodr. 5. p. 524.

Such assists energying the apper profess, the fortilizat the base of there are not place, as in the sail of due purper levers. First, the PL Involved et al. (1998) and the profession of the place of

cles or human in a single steries, 1-diowerd. Corolla notes. Stamma none. Branches of the apple filtions, capacital. Achenium word or downda-Herhaecons or narely suffratescent weed-like plants (chiefly American), with opposite or alternate mostly islead leaves. Himothes terminaling in motions or spikes, which are simple and accent above. Surface heads detecture. Ferrile heads characed at the base of the sterile apikes and bractenes, or sensible in the axis of the norse leaves. Corolla whithink

Lessing Di Cacholie de distinguio Prannes from Antoresis per la diversi o per devalue offici tenti deven, die pressone of an dorres weig, and the schault field encade offici tenti deven, die pressone officiale and the schault field devalue devalue devalue devalue devalue devalue devalue devalue devalue de devalue devalue devalue devalue devalue devalue devalue devalue de devalue devalue devalue devalue devalue devalue devalue devalue de devalue deva

- § 1. Sterile heads more or less pedicellate; the involucre regular, with the margin eremate or nearly entire; fruit (fertile involucre) subglobose or obowoid.—ECAMBROMA.
- Involvere of the sterile hands 3-ribbed : receptante maked : fortile heads glomerate at the base of the sterile spiciform racenes; the clusters somewhat involverate : leaves spportle, undivided or patienticly 3-5-lobet.

1. As rigida (Liam): term tall and store, having, marke hereves asshered and hairy, deepy 2-dobed the block our all-more one, a common section the lower lavyes often 5-block the block our all-more one, a common section doing pain-childre 5. This (first line involve) training our of the section of the constant pointed apex, 6-thbot, the risk terminating in as many cristent unberconstant pointed apex, 6-thbot, the risk terminating in as many cristent unberconstant pointed apex, 6-thbot, the risk termination is a many cristent unberconstant pointed apex, 6-thbot, the risk termination is a section of the risk of the risk of the more risk of the risk of th

β. integrifolia: leaves ovate or oval-oblong, acuminate, sometimes the upper, and often the lower ones 3-lobed.—A. integrifolia, Muhl. in Willd. 1. e.: Pureh, R. 2. p. 509; 10C, l. c.

Low previous not along arrayses, Canada to Georgia 1 and was to Louismannad Arkanassi 1. Aug-Sept. - O Stept 4-side, 4-0 feet high (corretions 20 feet or more' according to Dr. Boykin). Introduce above, Leaves arge, Involuces of the scrib leader swith 3 strong data partle reliate this, occupying the different from the axis of the reacture. Corella in this method, and the scription of the reacture of the reacture. The reliate the lines for_3-A core unsightly leader.

 Envolver of the sterile heads as ribbed : receptuale usually chafty: the old fulferen, or works distance of the suscends rather states the avails for the bands solution; or glowers the source is the sense of the sterile types, or rates, or, or is the sense of the sense per lowers the charter sourceshad involverates langes 1-8 pointedby deft or parted, ab ternate, the bare regeorder.

2. A. crithmifolia (DC.) : suffruticose and prostrate at the base; the flow-

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ering stems erect or ascending, velvety-binute at the summit, i leaves nearly all opposite, perioded, rather thick, bijnanniff, when young hirsus-tomorntuse on both sides; spikes few, the terminal one much longest; re-eptacle of the stells flowers clarify; frair (fertile involution) doubled will block when young, unarmind—*DCI*, proder, 5, p. 526. Sinsishner, Key Wesh, *Mr. Samatti 1 Mr. Blodgett* (=) Whole plint come-

Snashore, Key Wesi, M. Brandt! Mr. Blodgett [--Whole plant somewhat hinute-canescent, 12-15 inches high. Lower leaves bipinnatifid; the ultimate exgressis short; the uppermost occasionally alternate, often simply pinnatifid; the segments linear, entire or 1-26-toolhed; Fertile involucre with about obscurm inflexed tech near the sammit.

3. A creating/defa (Linn); annul; arom parsety or rulter density models, as pables as paintically blenchical is new bigmannia difficult in the second is the second difficult in the second difficult in the second difficult is the second difficult in the second difficult

A. cauline leaves 1-2-pinnatifid; those of the branches nearly seasile; the uppermont lanceolate, undivided, or somewhat lobed at the base-A. heterophylin, Mahl. in Willal, 1 spec. 4, p. 378; 1 Parsh, i. c. & DC, L. c.

2. fertile heads glomerate in the axils of the leaves and on short axillary branchiets or spikes, and more or loss race more or paniculate; the sterile racemes very short.

d. less pubescent; frait (usually rather smaller) with the spines of teeth very short or obsolete.—A. paniculata, Michz. I. R. 2. p. 183; Wild. I. Les; Ell. I. c.; DC.! Le.; Hook, i.e. partly I. Iva monophylla, Walt. I Car, p. 322.

Dry fields and passines, nonlokles, and wave places, Canada I to Fields I Catilianta and Grand other a subleviour work of the cultivated grands, for the subleviour state of the cultivated provides and feel high a brief househ brought is the plant variable as to plaveerees. Re-Port in fine to a line and a half in length is the spinse of test horizontally variable and sometimes incomprises or a strong to many of the Linearchi Magnetic Linearchi is the transfer the spinse of test horizontally variable and sometimes incomprises or a strong the spin structure of the Linearchi Magnetic Linearchi and the spin structure of the spin s

4. A company/off a company company

Prairies of Illinois Valleson's (nonli to Daville Lake, *Mr. Neukell.*) Louisnay: and *Prast. Assoc-Spec-Stame revel.* - Jofen high done mogh w almost highd. Leaves very isomerena, sanstnimes nearly all opposite, *Sci Babba Solog*, clabel with very classic particular statistical and *Sci Babba Solog*, clabel with very classic particular statistical sci Babba Sologa, and and an anti-sci Babba Sologa, and and with a special sci Babba Sologa, and an antiwer statistical sci Babba Sologa, and and an antiwer sci Babba Sologa, and an anti-sci Babba Sologa, and and with an antiper lanent, speciality, obligg at lancebab. Science in the sci Babba Sologa, and antiper sci Babba Sologa, and antiper sci Babba Sologa, and with an antiper lanent, speciality, and and antiper sci Babba Sologa, and with an antiper sci Babba Sologa, and antiper sci Babba Sologa, and with an antiper sci Babba Sologa, and antiper sci Babba Sologa, larger : involucre minutely hispid. Chaff of the receptacle filiform. Mature fruit twice as large as in A. arternisisfolia, pubescent towards the summit, obscurely triangular at the base, entirely destitute of teeth or horns.

5. A. Longistylis (Nut.): nonal, scabroas; stem (apparently) simple; elsevs plnnatific) the segments oblog-flacent places plnnatific) the segments oblog-flacent places plnnatific places and the summit; scale flavour should be an about 30, in a slightly condend involuent; the receptacle fillformly paleaccose; curps of the anthers fillform. Nutl.1 is Draw, Amer. Will, see V. c. 9.344.

Rocky Mountains : allied to Franseria, Nuttall !-- Plant strigose-hispid.

6. A Advisation (Methol): a manual; atem hirates with spreading limits; the branches simple; larves very numerous, motivy alternates, limites of highly, partly classing, commonly with a short spreading lobe or tirend total on with sights and a spreading or the limit of the structure of the spread spread of the structure of the spread spread of the structure of the spread spread spread of the spread spread spread of the spread spr

Parities of Ulinaist Missouril Ariansasi and Louisianni. Juty-Sept-Sem 1-54 feet high. Leaves 1-52 induces long. Strong applies very dener the appendages of the involucres, which are twice or thrice the length of the involucre isoff appending like recurved hereas. For the length and more way, minutely plabacent, when matter about 4 lines long, to folding the fight involucre, soft and here or early. Achesian contention to the early of bis involucre.

\$ Doubtful Species.

 A. hispida (Pursh): canescent-hispid throughout; leaves bipinnatifid, the segments incised; racemes terminal, somewhat paniculate. Pursh, Jl. (upph) 2, p. 743.

South Carolina, Catesby (Herb. Sherard.) About a foot high: flowers larger than in A. trifida. Pureh.

8. A. tomentoon (Nutt.): perennial; stem low; leaves bipinnatifid, the lower side white and tomentose; spikes solitary. Nutt. gen. 2. p. 186

Upper Missouri ; rare ; 1-2 feet high, Nuttall.

81. FRANSERIA. Can. ic. 2. t. 200 ; Willd. hort. Berol. t. 2; DC.

Sterile heids occupying the upper portion, the further the hand of the recenters or spikes. STRALE FL: Involuter hemispherical, composed of 8-12 united scales, 15-20-dowered. Receptacle flattish, chaffy the chaff, fildorm. Gerolin infandibaliorm, 4-5-tothed. Asthers tipped with a mucontate-sufference infaced appendage. Overy moses i advite scille includely.

FRANSERIA.

COMPOSITÆ.

relation-possibilities and the summit. Parsyng P.E. Levelson: orbid or oblace, observed with uncleast or spin-sector pricels (compared darafaes of numerous plantierians united walls, such typed with a predict), 144-etida, base of the cryfts. Summars nove. Thereaches of the type limit, shares at the summits. Achenia oblace—Herkaresea or additateseria (Lancrido a) plane, with alternets country toolfor of base of the observable barres in the fortile heads outerbart aggregated at the lane of the origin barles between the observables of the lane transformativy particutive states of the origin barles outerbart aggregated at the lane of the origin barles between the observables of the latter transformativy particutive states.

§ Pertile involucre (1-celled) armed with straight spines .- CENTROLENA, DC.

+ Perennial or suffrations.

 F. Chamissonis (Less.): hirute-canescant; stems decumbent, stant; leaves roundish-elliptical, create-toothed, abruptly marrowed into a long pedicie; involuter of the density spicient sterific heads 0-0-12-bonded, libraule spikes of the fractiferous involuce: short and very stort; achemic large— F. Chamissonis a. malvafolia, Less. in Linners, 5, 9, 807; D.C. I. c.

B. cuncifolia: leaves oval or elliptical, tapering by a cuncate 3-nerved bias into a long peciole; the upper often incisely touhed,—F. cuncifolia, Nutl. ! in trans. Amer. phil. soc. (n. sr.) 7. p. 345. Coast of California, Chamizes. B. Mouth of the Oregon, Nutlal! !-Stern

Coast of California, Chamizeo. 11. Mouth of the Oregon, Natali (---sitem (Igorous at the base, Less t succulent, NatA) 1-26 feet long.--Lessing remarks that one of his specimens has the uppermost leaves bipinustely divided; and in Nuttall's specimens they are sourceimes incised 1 so that the following different as it appears, may not be dismet.

3. F. isigmanified (Nitt): Inclusions: a torus documbent, villandification is a second strain of the second str

Coust of California, very common, Chamisso, Douglas! Nuttall! Nootka, Dr. Scouler !

3. F. pumila (Nutt. 1 1. c.): milky-canescent; leaves on long petioles d-pinnatifd; the ultimate segments linear-oblong, crowded; sterile involucres 5-7,torthod about 10 demond.

St. Diego, California, Nuttall t-Plant 4-6 inches high. Spike not exserted beyond the leaves. We have not seen the fruit.

4. F. disador (Nutt. 1 h.c.): not creeping: leaves interruptedly bipinmatifid, nearly smooth above, closely canescat-tomentoic beneath; segments subovate, acute, confluent on the wide rachs; stem short, with the lateral branches decombent; steril involucres about 5-6-notated. Nutt.

Rocky Montanians near the Colorado of the West. A very remarkable and diatnet species. Stems about a span long, sliphily pubescent. Leaves with a lancedate outline, about 6 inches long. Fertile flowers few: fruit piny. Nutatl.-We have not seen the fully developed flowers, nor the

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P RANSERIA.

* * Annual. (Ambrosidium, Nutt.)

5.7 F. Hoskerdana (Nutt.): much branched, pariculate stem seducats and more or less hitting: Flavos biofantifid, with few oblong or somewhat filters segments, attigne-cancesent; racenes pariculate; sterile involuces 5-4eldt, 10-20-theored; it for furthfrom involuces covered with (12 or more) long and slender distribution spreading spiros...-P. Hoskerinan & F. montans, Natl. I. e. Ambresia acquiding up, Hook J. B. Bor-Ans. 1, p. 309.

Seskatchawan to the Oregon River, Douglas ! Drummond ! and near the sources of the Colorado of the West, Natial! - Fertile portion of the racemes often as long as the sterile, frequently leady at the base and partly compound. Sterile heads small, on fillowm pedicels.

XANTHIUM. Town. inst. t. 252; Lins.; Garts. fr. & 164; Schkuhr, handb. t. 291; DC. l. c.

Heads dimension-opicate the update attribute at the summit. STRING FM memory in applications leads, the scalar of the involution distribution, in 4 stargle action. However, the structure of the involution of the structure of the structure methods of the structure of the structure of the structure of the structure methods in a face-tile law of a structure of the failborn. Structure and the structure of the str

§ 1. Leaves cordate, labed, incised, or toothed, with no spines at their base: fructiferons involvere with 2 heads, -Euxanthium, DC.

 X. strymarius (Lion.): fructiferons involucre oval, somewhat pubmcent; the basis straight (appressed or spreading); leaves 3-5-bobd incise ly-toolided; the bloss acute. —Lion. spc. (ed. 2); p. 1400; FL Dan. t. 2707; Low, ill. t. 765, f. 1; Engl. bot, t. 2544; J. D.C. / prodr. 5. p. 593.

β. Comutane i, freedimons involves pulsesentisestoos, or at langh globrons the biots satisfit or alight incurvely assomabily spatial --X: maja: Canadons, *Berns, Longi* p. 633; -X: elitios Antérna, ante ma 24. Hook & Arne Ion. Barbary, p. 248; -X. Centh instrum, Dill, Barbar 6 437; Acad, jos La-loi, X. Americanum, Wolf, Car. p. 2317; -Xinanempon, I. gladaram, D.C.L. e X: animanium, Michi, F. & E. 1993.

Water places, around barryuche, Ace, apparently introduced. Also Key Wee, Florida, K. Bodgardi (with three in his employment) plant, the back approach, J. & Fields, Keo, Camida I. Northern and Western State 1 and probably in the Spatianer States. Also a California, Ibody A. An. July-Seque.—The true X. strumarium is more or less manufacté the with A. Is probably indicerosan, and periopan a diamic sequence basis in general a dirthe larget manufacture discussion in a structure of the structure of the provide a dirthe larget disaminate European discussed the larget period microsoft. Colorador, C. Oktoberro, Todoshor,

2. X. echination (Murray): fructiferous involucre oval, very densely clothed with rigid slender prickles, which are strongly hispid, as well as the

XANTHIDM.

COMPOSITÆ.

more or loss incurved beaks; seem and periodas rough and attigors, speced; leaves subnown, broadly subcontrate, obtass, irregularly reparad-coched, obwardty lobed — *Macr.* comm. *Gail.*, 6 (1764-84) p. 36, 4-6 (1964) freq: 9, 1974 [2014] (1974) [2014] [2014] [2014] [2014] [2014] [2014] [2014] [2014] Wild proc. 64, 9-354. X. matericarjon, *DG.1 gradu.* δ_{1} , δ_{2} , δ_{2} , δ_{3} , in part; *Boch*, boch, p. 200.

β. prickles of the oval-oblong fructiferous involuere stouter and less crowded: leaves incisely lobed.

Wate plates near arise starts. Manuschausers and New Yerk In Camel , Basker Shynrif Jack, Basker Shynrif Jack, Basker Shynrif Bask, Basker Jack, Basker Shu, Basker Shu, Basker Shu, Marane Fugi alson an inch and, artenilip line alsonic har million fragments and an annual start and a starter line, inch and arteria line start and an annual start and a starter line, inch and a starter line, inch and an annual start and a starter line, inch and an annual starter line. Marane fragments and the starter line inch and a starter line in the starter line starter line in the starter line li

§ 2. Leaves narrowed into the petiole, furnished with spines at their base : fractiferous involvery with a single beak.—Acanthoxanthium, DC.

3. A spinsors (Lin): 1 spins at the base of the leaves 3-partest skindler; much barachel i gaves overheadenolar, content at the base, entire or monehar 3-lobed, with the middle lobe prolonged, acuminate, the lower synthese and the visio of the upper consecutii involvers (vinitability), with an inconspicator heat; the patches therein-Linn, spec (eds. 2) 2-p. 1400; Linn, itl, eds. 7, 4472; Link & p. 1479; Link (Link CS, 7, 442; Link & p. 1479; Link (Link CS, 7, 442; Link & p. 1479; Link (Link CS, 7, 442; Link & p. 1479; Link (Link CS, 7, 442; L

Subtrip 2: H_LIATVER_L_Lord-Heads heterogenous and mainter, trainly homogenous and discuid c the disk-dowers prefet. Receptedchargy Lokes of the could is in the prefet flowers often somewhat thickneed and papillose. Anthere blacklink, not caudate at the bars, Pappen either Watting, or conversion, or downs which are sometime charged or with charge Watting, or conversion, or downs which are sometime charged or with charge watting, or the conversion of the sometime charged or sometime to the charge organized paper of several uniform shid disticute charge organized. Lawree commonly oppoints.

CONSPECTUS OF THE GENERA.

Die, 1. HELIOFSIDER .- Rays fertile, rarely none. Achemis with a thick outer integument, not obcompressed.

MELANTHERA. Rays none. Pappas of few rigid caluoous bristles.
 ZINWIA. Rays persistent. Pappas 1-2-awned, persistent.
 W YETHA. Rays momentum. Pappus coroniform-toothed and 1-3-awned.

XANTHIUM.

- 86. BALSAMORHIZA. Rays numerous. Pappus none. Receptacle fist.
- 87, HELIOPSIS. Rays 10-15. Pappus none. Receptacle conical.
- 88. TETRAGONOTHECA. Rays G-9. Pappus none. Scales of the exterior involuces 4. follaceous, united towards the base.
- 89. Hates, Rays 6-12. Pappus of numerous distinct, small and rigid scales. Exterior involucre of 4-5 foliaceous scales united below.

305 Dir. 2. EURELIANTREE.-Rays sterile. Achenia never obcompressed.

· Pappus coroniform, somewhat 2-toothed, or none.

+ Receptacle conical or columnar.

- 90. ECHINACEA. Achenia quadrangular. Chaff with a cartilaginous cusp.
- 91. RUDBECKIA. Achenia quadrangular. Chaff navicular or conceive.
- 92. LEFACHYS. Achenia compressed, somewhat 1-2-winged, 1-2-toothed. Chaff

93. DRACOPIS. Achenia terete. Chaff linear.

296

+ + Receptacle flat or convex.

GYMNOFSIE. Pappus coroniform. Achenia enclosed in the chaff.
 ENCELLA. Pappus none. Margins of the compressed achenia villous.

. . Pappus aristiform or squamiliform.

- 96. VICTUREA. Poppus of 4 squamelle and 2 awns. Involuce scarcely imbricated.
- 97. HELIANTHUS. Pappas of 2 chaffy awas and often 2-4 squamelle, caducous. Involuce imbricated. Achenia wingless.
- 98. HELLINTWELLA. Pappus laserate-toothed or award at the angles. Achenia alightly winged or margined.

99. ACTINOMERIA, Pappus of 2 persistent awns. Achenia winged.

35] Die, 3. Concorston.s.-Rays sterile. Achenia obcompressed, not rostrate. Awas not retrorsely hispid.

100. AGARISTA. Achenia villous. Pappus of 2 long chaffy scales. 101. Concorsts. Achenia mostly glabrous.

341 Div. 4. BIDENTIDEE.-Rays sterile. Achenia either obcompressed or rostrate. Awna retroryely hispid.

- COSMON. Achemia notrostrate. Awma decidnous. Chaff sheader.
 COSMONY. Achemia not rostrate. Awma persistent. Chaff short and obtuate. Disk-corolla deeply cife.
- 104. Bingws, Achenia rostrate or erostrate. Awns persistent. Dick-corolla 5-toothed.
- 36* Div. 5. VEREFRINE .- Rays Seruile, rarely none. Achenia mostly compressed on obcompressed, with a thin exterior integrament.
 - Ackenia all obcompressed. Disk-corolla with a barbellete ring. Involuce double.
 105. LEPTOSYME. Pappas minute and cap-shaped. Rays 8-15.
 106. TEGEREMANNA. Pappas none. Rays 15-20.

. Achenia, at least those of the disk, compressed,

107. SPILANTURS. Receptacle conical. Appendages of the style truncate. Rays detiduous, often none.

 LIPOCHETA. Receptacle flattish. Achenia awned from the angles, and with chaffy or equiamellate teeth between the awns.

 VERNESSA. Receptacle flattish. Achenia 2-awned. Rays few or none.
 XIMENERIA. Receptacle courses. Achenia of the disk 2-awned and winged, of the raw window. Raw memory and a set of the raw of the

111. SANUTTALIA. Receptacle convex. Achenia of the ray 3 eided and 3-awned, of the disk compressed, scarcely awned. Rays permittent.

Div. 1. H **x**.10**x**.10**x**, *DC*—Rays picilize and fertile (in Melnaw team cosci, liquidate. Alterian aver decompressed (that is, flattereal) parallel with the acales of this involuces or chaif of the receptacies the exterior infragments ((a))-trubb, thick, and frem, dense specially form the hierior. Papeas none, or coroniform, frequently toothed or with one or more rigid avera.

MELANTHERA. "Rohr, in Kinh. nat. hist. selsk. 2. (1792) p. 213"; Cass., in jour. phys. 1823, DC. prodr. 5. p. 544.

Melananthera, Michz, dec.

Head flocal, may downed the flowers all table in all prefix. Solar of the involves in a stude neight northy cases. Receptate covers at the Philitest table and the prefix downed in the stude of the student of the student in the student student student students. The Winnerski students are also being a student student student 24.9 where students are also being a student plant, which students with sufficience in the student. In the student students with sufficience the student student students plant, which students with sufficience the student student students with students and with sufficience the student student student students and with students and the student student students and students with students and the student student student students and with student student students and student student students with students and the student student student student students with student student students and student student students with students student students and student student students with student student students and student student student students with student student student student student student student student with student with student stude

1. M. Anatola (Michae). Leaves appoint, very scalewas, mostly havanefeebed; scales of the involves in inconstance that for the reception semunate-curpating : awas of the paping 3c3−-*BC1*, grant, 5, p. 546. M. trabilla, & praditionormis, Gause in solit. c. soli, p. 456. M. Alexandor and a scale of the state of the scale of the scale of the scale of the Bielem nives, p. 3, S. P. Linne (n. syn. *PHL Eth.*, L 49 §49). Walls. Car. P. 2017. Attanamic phasmin, Wall. J. 6.

Dry successing matter, which is a Louisant (Also in Cubs, Le Sarger, et al., Cardinin to Friend Louisant) (Also in Cubs, Le Sarger, et al., Cardinin to Friend Logic the Cub, clear to stuffing markled or spotted. Les suightly mattered solutions and the Cubs, and these usefue variables in form, between inscelate and deloid-outer, south of the Cubs, and the Cubs, and the Cubs, and the Pictures, sheatman the base of the sylo.

. Transactions of the Natural History Society of Copenhagen.

YOL. 11.-38

MELANTHEBA.

2. M. Adhibida (Michy): laves appoint, ovata-deloid, unlivided, or observely apparent-bold, concernis-achrons; scales of the involutor ovate: chaff of the receptacle somewhat membranecous, obtuse, mucromulato-DC, i.e. M. universitä, Core, Melananher deleidoa, Micha, i.e. (note). M. Linnei, H. B. & K. Bitens nives, Linn, i.e. (n. excl. syn. Dill.); Surett, obs. p. 296. Calta appent, Acquis, ic. rol. 1683.

Key West, Florida, Mr. Blodgett !- A common species in the West Indies.

84. ZINNIA. Linn.; Gartn. fr. t. 172; Schkuhr, handb. t. 252; DC.

Heads many-flowered the ny-descens platillate these of the disk tabilary perfect. Involves normalized and an angular data and angular. Beeptates onical or samewina trylindical, coverd with oblag conductivate contactors, reticulated, periotecat, continuous with the summit of the above or nervy source shart antituintal. Locate of the conduct of the disk density velvery-veltions at the summit with oblaced lairs. Have observed and the disk denserve transmitted by a thray mound and quark contacts. As a summary of the summit with oblaced lairs. Branches of the try but the disk denserve transmitted by a thray mound acquark contact. As a summary of the disk compression of a transmitted regulator there. Mound part of the disk compression of a transmitted regulator there. Heads within the barry structure of the structure of the structure of summary structure within the summit structure of the structure of structure of presentate within the structure of the structure. Heads sufficient expression with with oblaced the structure. Heads structure of presentate within the structure of the structure of the structure within structure of presentate within the structure of the structure of the structure of the structure within the structure of presentate within the structure of the structure of

1. Z. multiples (Linn.): testen ever, binaching, somewhat himster: leaves somerly somewhat periods (or cloudy usin) of varies concentre pointies longer than the leaves; the spec (particularly of the control non-billow and initiated or obsciencial, writter, stable of the companyiate inclusions personal limited overs, obustor or emarginate; chalf of the receptace bitwe, emire is deniend of the disk, writte is might area. Dec.-Linn., spec. (ed. 9). 20, 1000; Linn., f. dot. t. 12; Larn. ills. t. 085; Willd, spec. 3, p. 8330) DG-I prefr. 5, p. 655.

Lovisians, Wildcass, Corolins, Bae' A Mahama, D., Totat Key Weit, M., Biofgetti Tesas, Dramonad, Sept. – Thin is doubleton n nuive pint, at least in nome of the above-cited localities. The specimens accord with the aditivated pints, in which also the leaves are of ene closely stealing, and the aditivated pints. *Less*, *M. Consolie*, suspects, not and our government from Z, passedfrom, *Less*, *M. Consolie*, suspects, not and our government while in that of Bac(in horb, D.C.) (by apprete to have been yieldow.

 Z. grandiforn (Nut.): perennial I dwarf; stem much branched from the base; leaves linear-lancedate, commate, with sectrous margins; scales of the involutor roundel; rays (yellow) yeary large, orbicaline-oval; paket finabriate; anchenia of the diak with a single awn. Nutt. in from Amer. phil. scc. (n. scr.), p. 348.

Bocky Mountains, Dr. James I-A very distinct and splendid species. Stem somewhat hirstets, searcely more than 5 inches high. Leaves about an inch long. 2-3 lines wide. Rays three-fourths of an inch wide, appearing conduct at the base : disk apparently orange. Nett.—The plant is minutely stratogoes, and the convoled leaves are improved-nunctate.

WYETBIA-

COMPOSITÆ.

WYETHIA. Nutt. in jour. acad. Philad. 7. p. 39, t. 5, (1834), & in trans. Amer. phil. soc. l. c. (n. sor.) 7. p. 351.

Alarconia, DC, 1836.

Heads many-flowered ; the ray-flowers numerous, pistillate, and sometimes with sterile filaments. Scales of the campanulate involucre loosely and irregularly imbricated in 2 or 3 series, somewhat equal, foliaceous, as long as the disk ; the innermost smaller and resembling the chaff. Receptacle alightly convex ; the chaff lanceolate, carinate, acute, as long as the flowers and partly embracing them. Rays large, Corolla of the disk cylindrical, elongated, with a short proper tube, 5-toothed ; the teeth nearly glabrous. Branches of the style in the ray-flowers glabrous; in the disk clongated, linear-filiform, revolute, strongly hispid, nearly smooth on the back. Achenia stout, elongated, 4-5-angled, prismatic, terminated with a rigid coroniform or calveifurm 5-10-toothed or laciniste nannas, one or more of the teeth usually prolonged into a rigid persistent awn .- Perennial herbs (natives of Oregon and California), with somewhat the habit of Helianthus or Inula Helenium, furnished with long tap-roots, usually simple stems, with alternate mostly entire veiny leaves, and large solitary heads. Flowers of the ray and disk yellow.

 Scales of the involuces linear-lanceolate, numerous, more or less hirmite, as well as elem and leaves r can 12-20.

"In the Kamas plains pear the Fina Haad Hiver forwards the secrets of the Over Neural Constraints and the Hamiltonian Constants of Organy," Mr. Worky, 'Writed' constant a span high. Rays pale yellow. Summit of the abelianian and the variable considering page minutely pubsecent—We have not the means of satisfying carefules whether this species is sufficiently distinct from the following.

9. W. robusta (Nuti.): norm and midth of the barver villan-birant, bearing a single head; casiline lerver historians, and/or puberent, entire largering to the bars, the lower public weaks of the involver lanceline, period, often sparingly surging, purpose of 5-10 (require same tools very finante, expendity on the virla start surging to the same tools very finance, expendition that we show the same tools very limit, period. and mostly equipies, purpose of 5-10 (require same tools very finance, expension) and mostly equipies, purpose of 5-10 (require same tools very finance, expension). Suppose the same tools were seen to be the very finance of the same tools and the same tools of the same tools were associated and the same tools of the same tools and were tools and the same tools of the same tools and the same tools were associated and the same tools and the same tools and the same tools are same tools

B. leaves appearing somewhat glatinous; the lower elongated lanceolate, tapering into sleader petioles.—Helianthus longibilius, Hook. / fl. Bor.-Am. I. p. 312, & bot. Beechey, suppl. p. 353, as to the Oregon plant. H. Hookerinnus, DC. worder, 5, n. 590.

erianus, D.C. prodr. 5. p. 200. "Plains of the Oregon near the confluence of the Wahlamet, common, in "Plains of the Oregon near the confluence of the Wahlamet, common, in we places," *Nutall 1 & Common in low moint* soil on the plains of the Wathameter of the Common in the State of the Common sector of the State for the Rocky Mountains," *Douglast 1 in heb. Hook.* June—Stem mout, 14-3

feet high, usually naked at the summit. Radical leaves a foot or more in length, 1 to 2) inches wide,—In Mr. Nuttall's specimens, we observe traces of the clammy variable which is so apparent on the leaves of the var. β .

 Scales of the involuer: fewer, subspatulate-oblong: stem sometimes branching: rays soldow 12.

Collisionia, Brocky' Danglast Nuthall (--Storm, varying from 8 to 20 inches in height with a wey large head, terminating the stem or branches. Lower leaves sometimes more than an inch leoad, wider indeed in propertion to their length than in the presenting, after obtawer. Scales of the involution to their length than in the presenting, after obtawer. Scales of the involution of their start and the start of the start of the start of the result of the start of the start of the start of the start of the result of the start of the start of the start of the start of the other of the start of this, or the presenting species.

4. We amplecientia (Nutr.): encode and gladrous throughout, enterwhat shining or pulpous i levers lance-test-flip(ed), rather connectors, vacuus the radical on short petioles, sometimes serminate; the lower entities user rowed at the base, nearly sensit; its houper partly classing, basis solitary or offers two or more from the axis of the upper partly classic, gladrous types states of the invitors interosition-environment or doing, appressed, gladrous types attention of the state of the waves—Nutr. I.e. Expelsion ampleticantis, Nutr.I is jour, acad. Philoid 7, p. 38.

7. p. 38. In the Booky Monntains, on Flats-Head River &c., Mr. Wurdt! Nuttail! Junc.--Root large and thick, used for food by the Indians. Stem 8 inches to 2 feet high. Lower larges of 6-12 inches long. 1-2 wind, often obtains and somewhat oborate. Heads smaller than in the preceding; the broad scales of the involater few, hardy in a double series.

BALSAMORHIZA. Hook, f. Bor.-Am. 1. p. 310; (under Heliopsis); Nutt. in trans. Amer. phil. soc. (n. scr.) 7. p. 349

Holds many-descreted the any-descense picilitates, in a single sectors these of the dist building prefers. Sectors of the increduces inplateation if 2 to 3 or more series; the actroice following on the increduces inplateation is 2 to 3 or more series; the actroice following of the dist of the increment of the followings, with a single dist dist of the dist cylindricat, distances, assumely embraring the flowers. Corolla of the disk cylindricat, distances, assumely embraring the flowers. Corolla of the disk cylindricat, distances, assumely embraring the flowers. Corolla of the disk cylindricat, distances, and any one of the disk-distances filters, very height distances, and any section of the disk distances filters, very height distances, and the disk distances of the section of the distances distances distances and the disk distances filters and the distances distances distances and any distance distance distances and distances distances. Rear and distances without the distances of the section distance distances and any distance distances and distances of the distances. Rear and distances and sections the distances of the distances of the section distances and distances and distances of the distances. Rear and distances and distances and distances and distances of the distances of the section distances and distances and distances distances and distances and distances and distances and distances of the distances of distances and distances and distances and distances distances and distances and distances and distances and distances distances and distances and distances and distances and distances distances and distances and distances and distances and distances distances and distances and distances and distances and distances and distances distances and distances and distances and distances and distances distances and dis

••• 300

BALSAMORHIZA.

The large roots of all the species, especially those of the second section, are employed by the Indians for food: when cooked upon hot stones, or otherwise, they secture a sweet and rather agreeable tasts. National, 4-c.

§ 1. Leaves pinnatifid : scapes bearing a single head.

 B. Hoskert (Nurt. 1. c.): silky-publicent or cancerent: leaves with a lanceolare outline, pinnarely parted; it is eggeness very numeros, crowded, linear, sparingly toobled or incised, or the lower pinnatifield, and he uppermost confluent: scepes several from the same root; acutes of the involucre narrowly lanceolate, acute, numerous, the exterior somewhat spreading. –Heliopist' biasimentring, *Hock 'f. B. Ros-Aut. 1.*, p. 310.

3. leaves ovate-lanceolate, sinuate-pinnatifid and crenste-serrate.—Heliopiis (Balsamorniza) terebinthacea, Hook, L. c.? (A state with the segments more or less confluent, which often occurs in a protion of the leaves.)

Plains of the Oregon, common, *Dorglar! Nutfall (--Stem at first 6-5)* index, in first 13-81 increds high model, or with one or two radiometary or small pinantifiid layes. Kays 12-18. Root exading a copioso limpid rent when wanded, with a strong trapende odos.-Bay an error of the press, in when would with a strong trapende of the involutory, instead at the radial layes, are said to compare the structure, instead at the radial distance are particle or the involutory, increased at the distance of paper, but induct the scene is much longer.

2. B. kirata (Nutt. 1, c.); somewhat hirste, not cancecen; leaves with an elongated lanceolate cincumerrition, pinanety divided, the divisious lanceolate-oblogy or cursiform, pinanetid, elves 2-3-partel, with rough hirsta-cillate margins; probles divided and very woolly at the base; raches of the involuce broadly lanceolate, langinous-cillate, closely individend in 4 or 5 series.

Dry plains near the Blue Mountains of Oregon, and in the Grande Ronde prairie, Nuttall !- Leaves about a foot long. Scape often entirely nnked.

3. B. incasa (Nutt.! 1. c.): densely consecent-tomentose throughout; leaves with an oblogg or deltoid-lanceolate circumscription, pinnately divided; the divisions oval or oblogg, epitre, or with the lower margin somewhat touched, the uppermost confluent; scales of the involuce imbricated in 2-3 scripts; conflict on the assumatic much shorter than the flowers.

In the Rocky Mountains, Natural ?-Scape 6-8 inches high, bearing a very showy head; the rays 12-14, more than an inch long, deep yellow, sometimes with infertie finaments, as also in the other species.

4. B. macrophylla (Nutt. ! 1. c.): nearly glabrous: leaves oblong or oval, pinntely parted; the divisions lanceolate-oblong, entire, sometimes slightly lobed or toxholed at the base, with somewhat cillate and ackbrous margins; the uppermost confluent; scales of the involucre in about 3 series, lanceolate, the actions Giuneau and reflered.

Rocky Mountains, near the sources of the Colorado of the West, Nuttall ! —Leaves and stem sprinkled with minute glaudular atoms; the segments of the latter 2-3 inches long, sometimes nearly an inch wide.

§ 2. Leaves entire or crenate, hastate-cordate, or the few cauline tapering at the base, all on long petioles : scapes bearing 1 to 3 heads : receptacle broad and flat.—Astronutzs, Nut. (Expeletin. Nutl., not of H. B. & K.)

5. B. sagittata (Nutt.! 1. c.): canescently tomentose; radical leaves cordata-basate or contace-ovate, entire, source, somewhat 3-nerved at the base; the cauline linear, attenuate below; exterior scales of the involuere looger than the inner, spreading, innecolate, densely tomentose; rays 20-24.— Baphthalmum sagittatum, Puroh, fl. 2. p. 564, ex Nutl. Espeletia sagittatu, Nutl. 1 in jour. acad. Philad. 7. p. 38, t. 4. In the Rocky Mountains by Flat-Ilean River, &c., Lewis, Mr. Wych?

In the Rocky Mountains by Flat-Head River, &c., Lewis, Mr. Wych? —Head large and showy, 3 to 4 inches in diameter, while the scapoid stem is not more than a span high. Nutt.

6. B. kelianthoides (Nutl. 11: c.): leaves densely tomentow-enangement the radical on very long petioles, oblong, cordate-hastate, entire, acuitab, the radiulo lacocolate; scales of the tomentoe involuce lanceolate, acuminate, appressed; rays about 15.—Espeletia helianthoides, Nutl.! is jour acad. Philad. 1.c.

Rocky Mountains, with the preceding, (Mr. Wyeth I) to which it is very similar; but differs, according to Mr. Nutall, in having a smaller and more imbridged injustorer, &c. We should have calcer this species for the Buphthalmum sagitatam of Parels, except that that author states that the exterior scales of the involuter are longer than the disk.

7. B. deltoidea (Nutt. ! 1. c.): hirsute-publisherent; radical leaves on very long petioles, deltoid-contate, acute, with undulate or eventse margins; the easilies 1-3, semil, vorte or spatialist; involutioner woolly or nomenous at the basis; the scales in about 2 series; the exterior largest, linear-lanceolate, foliaccous, spreading, longer than the disk; rays 13-90.

Oregon, at Fort Vancouver, Dr. Scouler 1 and in wet open places on the Wahlamet, Nutlal! June,-Beapes a foot or more in height. Rays about an inch long.

87. HELIOPSIS. Pers. syn. 2. p. 473 ; DC. prodr. 5. p. 550, excl. § 3.

Heads many-downered its ray-downer (10 or more) picifilizes, in a single effects these of the disk trahular, periods. Sechas of the investor in 3-3 streits, the centre's followcows and somewhat specaffing; the innerer always eminating the schemas. Branches of the style in the disk-theware Mary work the spec, which is obcass and integration of the disk-theware market and the schemas. Branches of the style in the disk-theware Mary Atsemin gluones, upottengial days in the ray 3-added and covers (assumed and the schemas). The schema events are strengthen provide the schema of the schema schema events. The schema provides, the schema schema events events are schemaber and the schema schema events are schema are schemaber and the schema schema events are schema are burkers. Leaves opposite, pinished, teiphneyend, sermes. Floreer yellow.

§ 1. Rays articulated with the ovary, and at length deciduous: achenia smooth.-EURELIGENES, DC.

1. If level (Perc), is only anoth our planmar, here order labor in or discovered somewing transmis at the base or independent limits for independent somewing transmis at the base or independent Defined J. Rev. p 47: 17. Deadle Some mark & 4, 3, 40, and 18, and 19, and

HEMOPSIS.

β. gracilis: much smaller in all its parts; stem very alender, minutely pubsicent towards the summit; leaves lanceolate or ovaté-lanceolate, neute at the base, scabrous,--H. lewis β., Hook: l compan. to bot. mag. 1. p. 98. H. gracifis, Nutl. in trans. Amer. ploi. noc. l. c.

7. scabra: stem and oblong-ovate leaves scabrous; involucre pubescent of somewhat downy.-H. scabra, Danal! in mem. mus. 5. p. 56, t. 4; Hoole, fl. Bor.-Am. 1, p. 310.

Bailed of reasons, and it is dynamic the model of the United States 1, a. Low $(M_{\rm eff})$, $M_{\rm eff}$, M_{\rm

TETRAGONOTHECA. Dill. Elth. p. 378, t. 283; Linn.; DC. prodr. 5. p. 552.

Heads many-flowered ; the ray-flowers (6-9) pistillate ; those of the disk tubular, perfect. Involucre double: the exterior composed of 4 large and broadly ovate foliaceous acuminate scales, united towards the base into a 4-angled or 4-winged cup, valvate and reduplicate in astivation ; the interior of about 8 very small oval-lanceolate scales, resembling the chaff of the receptacle, partly clasping the achenia of the ray. Receptacle convex-conical ; the chaffy scales membranaceous, lanceolate, acuminate, nerved. Corolla hairy at the base ; the ray with a manifest tube ; the ligules large and broad, coarsely about 3-toothed at the apex, many-nerved; of the disk deeply 5-toothed (10- or mostly 15-nerved) ; the teeth crect, glabrous. Style, in the disk-flowers, bulbous at the base (above the annular epigynous disk); the branches linear, hispid, tipped with an acuminate appendage. Achenia oboveid, nearly terete, thick, smooth, flat at the summit, destitute of pappus .-A perennial herb, somewhat viscidly hairy, and sprinkled with minute resinous globules. Leaves opposite, coarsely toothed, bval or ovate-oblong, narrowed at the base, closely seasile, and often slightly connate. Heads large, pedunculate, terminating the branches. Flowers pale yellow.

T. helianthoides (Linn.!)—Willd. spec. 3. p. 2116; L'Her. stirp. p. 177; Parah, f. 2. p. 563; El. sk. 2. p. 407; DC. i.e. Polymnin Tetragonotheca, Linn.! syst. p. 658; Abbet, insects of Georgine, 66; Sakkube, handb.t. 263. Sliphium Tetragonotheca, Gartm. fr.t. 171.

Dry sandy soil, Virginia! to Florida! and Alabama! May-June, often Bowering again in Sept-Root thick. Stem 2-3 feet high, terete. Leaves 3-6 inches in length, feather-veined, nometimes also triplinarved, either repanily and unoquality toolsel, or with come and alway saliest tech. Increlance, when expanded, we incluse a crossing informer. Crossing of the disk with the proper table short (the standard interface) are the lased, againstituter and the standard interface and the standard interface and the disk matrix standard interface and the standard interface and neutry corresponding to marks standard in the standard interface and neutry correspondent the allocated standard interface and the standard interface and the standard interface the allocated standard interface and the standard interface the allocated stands, in the colling memory. Very frequently there and 2 often variables of the standard interface and the standard interface often variables are colling in the standard interface and the standard often variables of the standard interface and the standard interface and the table and the standard interface and the standard interface of the standard interface and the standard interface and the standard often variables are collected with the standard interface and the standard standard and the standard interface and the standard interface and the standard interface the standard interface and the standard interface and the standard interface and the standard interface standard interface and the standard interface and the standard interface and the standard interface and the standard interface standard interface and the standard interface and

89. HALEA.

Heads many-flowered; the ray-flowers (10-12) pistillate; those of the disk tubular, perfect. Involucre double ; the exterior of 4 or 5 ovate foliaceous scales, united below the middle, valvate in astivation, at length shorter than the disk ; the interior of numerous (about 15) obovate or oval-lanccolate scaminate erect chaffy scales, more or less imbricated, nearly flat, manynerved, similar to the chaff of the large conical recentacle. Corolla glabrous or nearly so; the rays broadly oval, slightly 3-toothed, tanering and involute at the base, but not tubular ; of the disk deeply 5-toothed, 10-nersed. Style as in Tetragonotheca. Achenia 4-sided, pubescent, with a broad and flat summit, crowned with a short pappus, composed of about 20 thick and oral distinct and entire scales .- A tall and stout branching perennial herb, somewhat pubescent when young, with much the aspect and foliage of Tetragonotheca. Stem striate, quadrangular below. Leaves opposite, or rarely ternately verticillate, rather large, veiny, the margin thickly set with sharp unequal salient or laciniate teeth, all sessile ; the lowermost oval-oblong tapering into a narrowed base, more or less connate; the upper ovate or ovate-oblong, commate-perfoliate. Heads (rather large) on naked pedancles terminating the stem or branches. Flowers yellow-

H. Ludoviciana.

Dys usely soil, Western Louisiana, Dr. Lazensmerk / Dr. Held' Tess-Dysamined' Dr. Leromental / Jane-Kang-Bern fed for high method in the start of the sensity of the start of the start of the start of the start of the sensity and at length downs, the start of the start of the think with a very short contenues proper tale (as in Tengewherber) the charged theory of the start of the start of the start of the think with a very short contenues proper tale (as in Tengewherber) where the charged theory of the start of the start of the start of the think with a very short contenues proper tale (as in Tengewherber) where the charged theory of the start of the start of the start of the think of the start of the start of the start of the start where the groups and the stark. Attract one publicult, External start with yes the scales chaines have very highly well, always, necessity, of mitty the same man in the start of the sta

HALES-

COMPOSITÆ.

would probably be referred to the division Galinogen of the aubrith Elicitority of in terms and finity is molocated with the present aubriths, and paricelarly with Terragenotheres. It forms, however, a distinct and very reminishable genus, which we have smalled in biology of one of its discoverent, has fivened us with extrastwork collections and important observations, illustrative of the battary of that region.

Div. 2. EURELIANTHEE.-Rays (neutral or imperfectly styliforous) startile, lignilate. Achemia often compressed, but never obcompressed. Pappus corosiform, touthed, or of 1-4 awars, chaffy scales, or squamelike, often more. (Rodbeckies & a part of Corospides, DC.)

90. ECHINACEA. Manch, meth. p. 591; Cass. dict.; DC. prodr. 5. p. 554.

Heads many-downersh in the syn-downer much icomycel, ju a tinjes series, stewnersh a sylfness her arefres these of the data balance preferst. Scales of the involutions introduced, endiness, and the synthesis of the stewnershift of the stewner and the stewnershift of the stewner stewnershift of the stewnershift of the stewnershift of the stewnershift of the stewner stewnershift of the stewnershift of the stewner stewnershift of the stewnershif

The property of a separating these plants from Rodbeckis was sugrested by Growins, in 1764 and second by Billion, who was not server of its evaluationment by Manch in 1764 — The long and thick blacking roots are very unigent to the state of after employed in popular matching, and for the over of s = -The disk in all the species in with gas and are observed in the state of the s

1. Expressions of Montelly, a seem mucch and philoma, strate ; howes scaling scalings, and more restric the relation lense south, about Strategies an margine models of the strategies of strategies and strategies and strategies of the strategies of the strategies of Barbachi, a 200° (strategies, 20, a, 200°). Strate gave, 20 Strategies, 20

B. stem glabrous or slightly hispid near the summit; loaves hispid-scabrous, the upper ones sometimes opposite.

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γ, stem and leaves hispid or bispidly scabrous; rays usually shorter and rather breader—E. scrotins, DC.I.I.c., Rodbockis purpares β, serotins, Natl. I. c. R. serotins, Societ, Bris, β, gards, L 4; Lodd, bot est to 1899. R, hispida, Hoffm, ex DC. R. speciosa, Link. cauth. 2, p. 382, ex DC.

d. stem and leaves hispid-scabrous; rays nearly white.

Vergenial to General deal Abbanat, how ty in the Western districts and Ohin to Louissiant & Allinov, Jr. S. & Model / July-Oct.-Sense 2-5 feet high. Rays 13-90. It to more than 2 inches long dull purples—The hort paynes appears to be permission, and decidations as described by De Candolle. The horizontal root, which is said to distinguish E, seroting, is some time solverval in the smooth plant.

2. E. angunizioni (DC, 1.e.): them highly months simple, nucleo shows leaves all increases and linear-increasing and pression of mitigas-highly entry. *Bourser's* in bourds of series—*V*, indication, Nucleo for some Asser, point and valuers' in the series—*V*, indication, Nucleo for some Asser, point and series and series and the series of the point of the series of the series of the series of the series of the point of the series of the increase long dependent, varying into in high particle to pair consecutor).

β. leaves crowded towards the base of the short stout stem, oblong-lanceolate, on short petioles, strongly strigose-hispid; rays 20 or more, pale rosecolor or white.

y. leaves hissite; the lowest lanceolate-oblong, the upper narrowly lanceolate; stem often glabrons below; rays about 15, dark red.-E. sanguines, *Nutl.1 in trans. Amer. phil. soc. l. c.* (Varies with the leaves almost glabrons)

Prairies and hew barrens, from Illinoid and Miasandi to Alahamid Ar-Manasi Western Louisining and Texagi it. Upper Missouri, *Ne. Note* 647 May-July — A common plant heyrond the Masalapia, armible in see (454 for high), would yieldeder, and hearity naked above the widdle it the leaves the 2- incluse long, one-fourth to more thing half as just wide, on perforglishermer and usually with discuss cause to the duality. Root perpendicular, plishermer and usually with discuss cause to the duality. Root perpendicular,

 E.7 atrovelens (Nutt. 1. c.): glabrons; stem elongated, terete; leaves parrowly linear-ianceolate, entire, tapering into long petioks, the manjins scatnows; chaff exserted. Ianceolate, acute; rays very dark red. Nutl-Rudbeckia atronabers, Nutl. is jour, card. Philod. 7, p. 80.

B.7 grammingfales atom sinders similar formation of the second second

Plane of Arasimov, and also be usingle (*De*, Hrup), Nande, as bebeen assessed to briefly, *De*, Sharper, Sharper, J., Mark, and J., Sharper, M. (1999), and the state of the state of the state of the state of the preferst y dimension in a figurate association, very interess eath leaves and the record, means the very data y data for the state of the Herner state of the Herner state of the Herner state of the Herner state of the Herner state of the state o

91. RUDBECKIA, Linn. (excl. spec.); Garta. fr. t. 172; Cass.; DC.

Hode many-dowered; the sys-flowers neural, in a single exists theo of the dist tubules, protect. School of the involution following, in a host 2 writes, spreading. Receptorle content or often more a loss designed and splicitemy the dual for energy on a writes of the splice of the splice involves of the energy of the splice of the splice of the splice between spherodays. Actionating quadrangials, dynamical or primatical between spherodays. Actionating quadrangials of splice and committees, with the smaller. Response of the splice of the splice of the splice of mandes. Response of the splice of the splice of the splice of mandes. Response of the splice of the splice of the splice of mandes. Response of the splice of the sp

- Disk conical or subglobase: pappus very short and coroniform, or often none.--RUDBECKIA proper. (Centrocarpha, Don, partly.)
- Disk dark purplish-brown, subgishese or broadly conical: appendages of the style lancostate or broadly subulate.

 R. biolog (Nucl.): annual, hirate; stem mostly simple, naked at the summit; laws oblog, assist, observing versate, arbite obtave; the lowermost pecialed; head (rather simil) solitary; scales of the involver hinary obligs, lissign, induce short similar the oblog (yellow and hownish-surple) particulated rays; disk coalied; chaff of the receptate rather notes, himar Prive summit; as long as the containt; papura none. Nucl. 's isor, cond.' Prive summit; as long as the containt; papura none. Nucl.'s isor, cond.'

Arkaness and on Red River, Natlall / Texas, Drawmond !--Stern 1-2 feet high. Rays about 10, half an inch long; the lower half "intense blackihb brown, with the gloss of velvet" (Natl.) or dark purple; the upper part yellow. Branches of the style innecelste, barballate.

3. A Even (Large), very haven or highl drevelout room highple or highly hynolog, which at the manual refield at down called some products on a solution of the second solution of the paper rooms and the second solution of the large solution of the second solution of the second solution of the large solution of the second solution of the second solution of the large solution of the second solution of the second solution of the large solution of the second solution of the second solution of the large solution of the second solution of the second solution of the large solution of the second solution of the second solution of the large solution of the second solution of the second solution of the large solution of the second solution of the second solution of the large solution of the second solution of the second solution of the large solution of the second solution of the second solution of the large solution of the second solut

 heads large; rays nearly twice the length of the involucre.-Obeliscotheca integribita &c., Dill. Etth. t. 218, f. 285.

B. heads smaller; rays searcely exceeding the involuce; leaves mostly narrow.-R. strigges Nutl.1 in trans. Amer. phil. soc. I. c.

Dry soil, Opper Canadal and Western part of the State of New York ! Michigan! &c. to Florida! Western Leuisinal and Texna! (2) or 4 ? July-Sept. Stem 1-2 or 3 feet high, very rough. Rays bright yellow,

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RUDBECKIA.

1-11 inch long; the disk dark purplish-brown. Pappus a minute margin. Appendages of the style lanceolate or linear-subulate.

 Disk dark purple or brown, subglobuse or broadly conical: appendages of the style very short and obuse, or somewhat conitate.

* Chaff glabrous and very dark purple at the summit, as well as the corolla.

b. R. Bytefack (Mo): demainstrate or ringsmechingly, immediate the bit models indicated in the annumality layers arguing support and the state of the state of

β. slender ; leaves narrowly spatulate-oblong or lanceolate; heads small; rays seldom exceeding the disk.—R. graciis, Nutl.; gen. 2, p. 178, (& R. spatulata, where, acad, Philad). K. discotor, Eli, et z. p. 454. (In line note, instend of "to the preceding species," to R. fulgida, should doubtless be read.)

y. slender; upper part of the stem and the leaves minutely strigonerprobescent; the latter spatialate, acuts, mostly entire, much attenuate at the base, only the lowest somewhat classing; involuces shorter than the mys--R, spatialata, Micks.¹, fl. 2, p. 144; not of Parsh, nor of Nutl. gen., exspec: in Arch. Nubl. (* which appears to be Drancois.

A stem stour, often simple; leaves hancedate or linear-lancedate, morthy perifer, obtained with loss or expending (and a length one what decideous) binste or hispid hairs. (Pubescence concevent stringer tray about the length of the involucer.—It discoler, *Parel V, B. 2*, p. 574.–Illisi often stender from a parillose base; heads large; rays exceeding the involucer.—It discoler, *Parel V, B. 2*, p. 574.–Illisi often stender...

Dry set, Premsynanis to Georgia's and Fundari (a. s. 4).). More than of Cassing, Mohard Z. Lacobian, N. Carellas, M. Cortella, B. Martin, C. Lacobian, M. Carellas, M. Cortella, B. Martin, C. Lacobian, M. Carellas, M. Martin, J. S. Martin, M. Bart, and M. Bart, and M. Sara, an

4. B. cpreizar (Wender) trees himste er hinglich, basely branched rie Banches elengated, hande allever (a herne magnihell branch or placetter, searning and irregularity southed or insister) the upper lanceolate, seathy the herner event or variation search of the search or the search of the herner event or variation search of the search or the search linear-innocolase, integral, about half the length of the numerous president degrade events and the search of the search of

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RUDBECEIA.

COMPOSITÆ.

the upper leaves elongated lanceolate, closely assails, with one or two large langinate tesh or lobes on each side near the middle, the uppermost entire; as in the cultivated plant, and in specimens from the valley of the Susquehannah, Penneylvania, Dr. Sarkeell 7: or with the upper leaves shorter and ovare-lanceolate or oblong, all but the uppermost narrowed at the base or petioled.)

Momentain of Pennsylvanih 1 to Oña, Dr. Paddorki Mr. Salimari Mr. Lat vhore it spaces to take the phone of R. fulgida, N. Salimari Mr. Lat vhore it spaces to take the phone of R. fulgida, N. Stanovannoni in knowpens gardens. Aug-Ou-2-This is a larger plant than R. fulgida, with above brais tormining the long maked commit of the branckets; the blackparghe disk conside plakes in first and two-hights of an inch long the oblonglinear rays hight yellow, an ineth to an inch and a staff long; the thus lawers 30 a Sinchen in length; the radical less tosthed, and semewhat resubling these of the common Plantain.

5. R. Dielle, (Lim.): kirpus, puriodulty branched; the branched proving calibration terms are also prove to mainty: be supramation over-block methods, and the supervised several s

3. pinnatiloba: sheder: earliest radical leaves mundish-oval (small), cremate, sometimes lobed; the others irregularly pinnatilid with the lobes short and obtase: lower cauline leaves pinnately 5-7-lobed or parted; the traces 3-back agail_set_ binning. Charman 1 sats.

Dry well, Virginia is a Mahamat and Ohle Illusiai k_{∞} , to Louisant 0. Line rock, Miller Fairla, D. Chapmer 1 July-Seq.—Plant 3-5 feet high probaby bienniai η , the conical receptcle exhains a faint arometric olor when which D high hard-purple, or dark chema, fees than half an inclus in diameter, at first depressed-phone, when old somewhat works. Rays deery effect, in during hereiteness under (reing ingravity), and the source of the source of the matter of the Physica is and to a wavel.

† † Chaff pale and often bearded or cancescent at the summit, mostly shorter than the expanded corolls; the disk therefore at first fuscous, at length brownish or dull norms.

6. Remainscription (Paparl): stem henceing commune-publication heaves most product hashed scatteres where and the fluctuation of the stem of the stem in the stem of the stem

7. R. wolfsi (E01); stem literate-villags, branching; leaves assule and party classing, objour, downey by entry, towney to ensemble and the literate transfer of the literate runnerson. International the literate runnerson, literation and the literate the runner literate runnerson, literation and the literate runnerson, literation and the literate runnerson in the literate runnerson in the literate runnerson in the summittain of the literate runnerson in the literate runnerson in the summittain of the literate runnerson in the summittain of the literate runnerson in the summittain of the summittain of the summation of th

We stern districts of Georgia, Bartrant, Baldwint Elliott I &c. Aug-Get-Plant 8-5 for high, cancersent throughout the branches imple and terminated by a single nead. Leaves 18-15 lines long, och. Rays 15-50, unally an inch long, pale yellow, but deep yellow at the base. Ackenta searcely haff the length of the narrow chall, exactly 4-sided; the angles produced line indicates and minute obtate tesh).

6. R. Holigadeits' stem single from a prostate historea, somewat piebener with appressed hints, neret, locating of deviced angle of the state of the steme bener with appressed hints, neret, locating of deviced angle of the state of the person and of the steme pairs of the state of the

 almost glabrous; leaves more or less serrate, sometimes acute; invotucre much shorter than the disk.

B. atem stouter, pubescent below with spreading, above with appressed bairs; leaves nearly entire, obtuse.

The woods, e.e. a Columbus, Georgia, Dr. Boylor 1, & Chenske meansy of Alshama. In were places, Mr. Booking? Aug-schengen-Span-Ser and the state of the index long, which are which we do the state of the state. However, Have scattered an inching, path without in A presenting an Abarity aspir. Have index east disc exactly resembling some form of Heliophi havis, accept that the later is brownish-parallely the schemist of the rays perfectly formed, and often larger than the fertificity. Bar and confilterant.

9. Be dissophilar glaboursy sum simple or sourchnes burnded, anglek, and and start effects of source of an and start effects of source of sourc

RUDBECKIA.

COMPOSITÆ.

10. Be creatifiers (Gauch, DC): a calrona-lingth throughout; stern spinples of materings retrievanglei the branchen andeal alows, and terminated by solitary (vary large) heads; lawase rigid, vary rough; the radieal and hardwords and the spin sternard sternards and the spin sternards distribution of the spin sternards and the spin sternards and demittance-arrange, accuming and a sternard products that the appearance sensite; a standor of the involvements, littless, about that the spin sternards and the spin sternards and the spin sternards and water tensecut at the summits, short the the counting spin symmetry terms are summarized as the involvement of the reception ratio arouns, some water tensecut at the summits, short the the counting spin symmetry terms are summarized by the sternard products of the spin symmetry terms are summarized by the sternard products of the spin symmetry of the spin symmetry of the spin symmetry is the spin symmetry of the spin symmetry of the spin symmetry is the spin symmetry of the spin symmetry of the spin symmetry is the spin symmetry of the spin symmetry of the spin symmetry of the spin symmetry is spin symmetry of the spin symmet

Dye pinne, Ken, Fier Hiver, Achannas, Nathill De, Pikhorf JD, Laowowski J alsysteps—Serma and, 25 der hägh, hichly beholds, Bar hu boh surface of the inarcs, with abort and very rough halpid halir. Leaves the structure of the inarcs, with abort and very rough halpid halir. Leaves of the structure of the inarcs of the structure of the structure of structure of the structure of the structure of the structure of structure of the structure of the structure of the structure structure of the structure of the structure of the structure of structure of the structure

 Disk greenial-yellow, conical, sourcedat prolonged when mature j the receptule at length echanness or spicifares is chaft nanisular, travents, sourcested boarded at the teamit, not lenger than the priseatic actionia i branches of the style transate, slightly blickness do abcords at the sourcest.

1). He derivation (Line), je platovari stem till branching; letver minutely platovari stendovar, parkovari kontektor, platovari kontektor, platovari kontektor, kont

7. divisions of the radical and lower leaves pinnatifid .- R. digitata, Mill.

dict.; Ait. Kew. (ed. 1) 3. p. 251; Willd. ! enom. 2. p. 321; Purel ! 1. c.; Ell. i. c.; DC. ! 1. c. R. lacinista β. angustifolia, Pers. syn. 2. p. 476. R. lavia, Hoffm., ex DC.

Most the cry, Cambal to Alabana ! Western Louissianal and to peer the sources of the Missouri ! July-Sept.—Sem. 4–8 if al. 3–9.1 for high Rays tripht light value, oblanced at, 1–2 incluse long. Radical leaves are boost on both values 1, the divisions and segments often long and very neurosy, sourcimes thamble-overa.—The var. β , is common in the mountains of North Carolina.

13. R. kterophyllar : chierrous-pubescent; learces minutely unrestoute been multi-seltrowardshow : the lower periods, pinnets? 36-5-ported or divided, the obsent divided is a series of the self o

Middle Florida, Dr. Chapsen, --Plant smaller in all its parts than R. laschinata, with the upper leaves evenly dentate-serrate throughout. Disk globose, and the receptical conical, perhaps elongated when old. Chaff curriform-obloar, minutely canescent at the summit, slightly pointed. Pappas shorter than in R. lachinata.

§ 2. Solar of the involvers face the exterior operating, the invariant end, minitar to the adapt of the spinjerime damgated receptate t (we disk at langh cohomon r rays with abortive atorias transition of the spit transition of a way that and obtains ones, abortion of the disk as long as the obtaine the advective f-side to the papers accurations with its manual, instanting the longer proton of the contlet, irregularly touched og locents-defined are small with a dust correspondent proton of the disk to the spit transition of the spit transition.

13. R. sagring (Notic): very smooth and glabrane throughout, semewhat glaccons: levers large, membranagoos, houly voi ar or varie-obleng, eremand-denicalate or entire, featherworked and resientard, the radical and lower cauling netholed; the upper classing, a chieft rapering at the base or conduct head usually solitary on a long peduacie; rays large, drooping? Calif pubsector at the summir Notic, if narrow, large, drooping?

Plains of Red River, Nuttall ! Moist pine woods and along shady streams, Western Louisiana, Arkansas, and Texas, Dr. Leavenuorth ! and near Alexandrin, Louisiana, Dr. Hale ! Junc-Aug.-Stems 4-9 feet high "growing in extensive masses" (Nutl.), stout, strinte. Leaves 8-10 or 12 inches long, and 4-6 broad, " but little inferior in size to those of the Cabbage" (Nutt.), obtuse or slightly acuminate ; the numerous veins diverging from the strong midrib, reticulated, the upper ones usually converging to the apex. Rays 10-15, usually 2 inches in length, oblong-linear, bright yellow, much longer than the linear scales of the involucre. Disk fuscous, at length frequently 14 to 2 inches in length, and columnar, 9 to 10 lines in diameter ; the receptacle a narrow cylindrical and pointed rachis. Corolla of the disk brownish-purple; the teeth erect. Style with a large bulb at the base-Achenia 3 lines long, usually somewhat compressed ; the pappus perfectly continuous with the summit of the achenium and of the same texture, becoming scarious at the summit, sometimes nearly half as long as the imminture achenium itself and including the lower half of the corolla, but dien shorter .- This and the following species might be considered as a separate in their receptacie, involucre, &c. : but as to the pappus they do not greatly

RUDBECKIA.

COMPOSITÆ.

differ from Rudbeckia alismatolia ; and R. laciniata has a similar, although less elongated receptacle.

14. R. nilial (Nut.): very smboth and somewhat shining: nem ainple opaningly branched above; leaves coriaceon, overlobbeng and linecolate, nervoes and reticulated, resmal-denticulate or entire, mostly array at each each; the meldea and lower evaluation tapping into abother usingly margined droughing; charl mulsecent at the summit—Nutr.' as jours and. Philad. 7. p. 76, (1654), R. glahars, D.C. yards. 5. p. 5804

⁶ Goorgia and Florida, as the finite function of swearopy ongo the local, "testing localization of the procession of the Computer of of the Computer

5 a Jovolnere and chaff as in Macroeline v rays must l (always 1): corolla of the omical-oblang disk nearly destined of proper table (the stanmas innerted is the very basis): branches of the sigle algibility distant opioned, transastcapitate: activity primatic: pappus coroniform and somethat toobed, northy as in R. Incinatus-Actomotism, Nats.

15. R. accidentatis (Nut.): semech and glabrous: stem stort: backwork work-backworks, and the margin 3-backwork (Nut.) works larly block, evaluates an the margin 3-backwork (Nut.) works semiclike, lancelardy block, evaluates and the margin 3-backwork (Nut.) works and series hancelane, accuming particular semiclike series. Nutl.] in trans. Amer. Phil. soc. (n. er.) 7, p. 355.

Rocky Mountains, and woods of Oregeo, particularly in the Blue Mountain range, by small streams, Nattall-Plant about 5 feet high. Leaves ample, somewhat reticulated as in the preceding. Disk purplish-brown, probably clongated in fruit.—Apparently the only species west of the Rocky Mountains.

R. asperrista, Hornem. (Lond. kort. Bril.) R. cicutafolia, Spreng. is founded on Heliopthalmum cieutarfolium, Raf. f. Londor.

LEPACHYS. Raf. in jour. phys. 1819, p. 100; Less. syn. p. 225.
 Lepachys & Ratibila, Raf. l. c. Obelinearia, Cass. (1885), DC.

Heilst many-theorem (the my-theorem few, in a single series, naturally show of the inde small, tability perfects. Scalar of the indexnet few, linear wholing, specific ge sensetimes with an inner series of small denses that similar to the child of the recepturels. Recepturels indexided, commtants and the sense of the series of the series of the started or while least at the summit, nearly the length of the disk-theory mode started are shown on the senseming the acceless. Could on the side short exploited with the short or embrascing the desceless. Could on the side short exploited and the short of the senseming the scale.

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LEPACHYS.

De Catally, who has by maintaginess the year 1997, justed a (31) and a data of Radiouquis maintaginess (which is also strained series of the s

§1. Achenia quadrangolar compressed : the inner margin very chosenely winged, the summit cosoletely and obtacky 2-tothird, naked : appendixes of the style lanceolate; acute, harballate-bispld:—One.inc.ans., Cam. (Lor pachys, Ref.)

1. Le primete a relations and pulsacego with mining argues laters been paintly divided in the Mining 5.7, incomparison areas or or enables, the end, againful vertual sectors of entries, the upper result and wheeled and a divide on the sector of the Meric & det in C. Sector of the sector of the sector of the sector of the Meric & det in C. Sector of the sector of the sector of the sector of the Meric & det in C. Sector of the sector

Dry pendies wei plains from Weisen New York (Dr. Serfield?) und moneytwise (MASHMORE/) forst all Michigard and herophysic for Weters Statis in Londonisti, the weiters part of Georgie (Matheful Symposium Control and Symposium Control and Symposium Control and Symposium Control Symposium Control and Symposium Control and Symposium Control and Symposium Control Symposium Control and Symposium Contro

§ 2. Achenia much compressed ; the inner margin evidently usinged and elightly ciliate ; the mount somewhat 1-2-toothed, and eronmed with an ob-

scare lacerate fringe: branches of the style flattish, terminated by a very short trancate or obscurely conical barbellate appendage.-RATIBIDA, Raf., Don. (Obeliscaria & Ratibida & Monodonta, DC.)

6. L. columnities with ease-schemest meanly interched from the baser radical (primitality) access multivelow, annualizati-involvate in the cartine primately particle, the uppert-sensing segments linear-lationalite or obtains, neight, mucrotimates, energy, range y consolvant, local of disk, columnas, in full, longe than the 5-8 disking to observate-out recurved yillow rays.— Radbeckin adamsame, Particle Bay, 05:5: Bay, many 6:10037, Yulli, 179, 2. p. 1995. Bay, 2. as 30:1. Observation of the schemestic schemester and bids and the schemester and the schemests, Decky and a schemester bids and acta, Ref. in pure payor1.e. R. columnaris, Den, in Brit, S. gordt, were, 2. as 30:1. Observation (Decky and the schemester).

It problem and Dampi regist shelly see in part tower-sed – Varies. Its way the way may be approximately a set of the part tower-sed – Varies. Its differentiate (Dam, in Berl, J., and L. et al. 2011) ere the annexity linear difset of the set of the se

souri and Mississippi, and on St. Peter's River, Mr. Nicollet I to Saskatchawan, Drummond | extending to the Rocky Mountains, Douglas! 8. With the preceding, Nattall, Mr. Nicollet 7 Upper Arkansas, Dr. James / to Texas, Drammond ! and Berlandier! July-Aug .- Plant 10 inches to 2 feet high. Leaves crowded or somewhat distant ; the segments variable : the tays an inch long, and sometimes pearly as broad. Chaff with woolly tips and mostly ciliate on the margins, scar which is an oblong purple spot. Wing of the achenia (anterior) terminated by a short acute membranaceous tooth, which is sometimes obsolete; the exterior margin obscurely if at all winged, but sometimes very slightly toxhed at the summit .- The snerimens collected in Mr. Nicollet's expedition entirely justify the union of the varieties with red-brown or narticolored rays to the yellow R. columnaris. Both forms vary with the disk an inch or more in length, and in starved specimens reduced to half, or even one-third of an inch, when it is nearly globose. The specimens of Dr. James belong to a dwarf, much branched and leafy plant, with short peduncles.

5.8. Advance much compressed, Quinged and conspicuously 2-tooked or Q-course (the summit and the tech obscurie) bearded): the wings strongly furbriate-ciliate: branches of the style terminated by a Unecodate acute barbellet-shipid appendage-Hornocunsa.

3. Le probacularie: stem simple or branching near the base, leafy and hirsate below; leaves hirsage or stringer, highnately parted; the ulimate segments shore, obtaineds naked, very loagy disk columnate, wice or thrine the length of the mays; chall sparsely ciliate, slightly beathed at the summi:

Texas, Drammond (--Root fusiform. The leafy potion of the same 6-9 indhest the risked polence. 12-16 inches in length. Rahicil leaves unqually ignancy invided ; the division immunous colleage or thousands cased or pinnstilled ; the upper leaves regularly plinastid, with entrow segmens. Disk an inch and a fair of rome on length sylindical. Exterior

LEFACHTS.

scales of the involucre very fave, subditiet, the interior much abover, resumbling the chard for the recepticle. Rays incare-abover, subject of the second second

93. DRACOPIS. Cass. dict. 35. p. 273 ; DC. prodr. 5. p. 558.

Heads many-flowered; the ray-flowers neutral, in a single series; those of the disk tubular, perfect. Scales of the involucre in 2 series : the exterior 6-8, small, linear, spreading; the interior very small, appressed, resembling the chaff of the receptacle. Receptacle cylindrical, pointed ; the chaff linear, somewhat bearded at the summit, abruptly mucronulate, rather shorter than the flowers. Corolla of the disk with a manifest tube ; the throat expanded, 5-toothed, the teath reflexed. Branches of the style terminated by a linearlanceolate barbellate appendage. Achenia terete, narrowed towards the base, with a lateral arcola, minutely striate and granulated. Pappus obsolete (an extremely minute entire crown or border), or none .- An annual branching glabrous herb ; the stem and branches striate-sulcate. Cauline leaves cordate-clasping, oblong or oval, mostly acute, entire, the lower onte serrate, smooth and pale, reticulate-veined; the margins ciliate-scabrous Heads solitary, peduncled, terminating the branches. Rays yellow, often with an orange-brown spot at the base. Disk (at first somewhat conical, at length cylindrical) fuscous.

D. emperatorshift (Case, i.e., ω_{i-1} -Hock, i.e., eq. (, 5716, d_{i-1} -emperatorshift) (99, R. Kubbeck, ampletizanity, A_{i-1} , etc. (Hys.), μ_{i-2} , μ_{i-2} , μ_{i-2} , Soldwir, heards, 3, i. 299, H_{i-2} , H_{i-2} , μ_{i-2} , $\mu_$

94. GYMNOPSIS. DC. prodr. 5. p. 561.

Gymnolomia, H. B. & K .- Aldama, Lollov, 4 Lez. ?

Heads many-flowered; the ray-flowers in a single series, neural; those of the disk tabular, perfect. Scalab of the involver in a doubt series, the scalar of method hills of the scalab of the involver of the series, the scalar of the series of the style with long appendique. Achinia cover with a very about considerationation papen. Hintercoices or emerges shrubby (American) plants, with caposite petioled 3-mered or triplarered leaves. Heads pedarenalise, DC.

1. G. uniserialis (Hook.): stem crect, scabrous, branching, somewhat dichotomous; leaves oblong-ovate, petioled, angulate-toothed, obsoletely

316

GYMNOPSIS.

COMPOSITÆ.

panctate and nearly maked above, strigoue-hairy beneath; scales of the involacre oblong-spatulate, hinsute, in a single scries; chaff of the receptac, leincluding the very glabrous and shining achenia, at length tubercalate and scabrous, tubular; pappus coroniform, fimbriate. Hock.! ic. pl. 4. 145; DC, aradie, 7, longth), p. 299.

Tetas, Drawnowd - Flata ranges-Barner; the acres approxip 2 fee or more in height Lacevis ovarie-honologie, it he upperson allematic Raywanter large, brieht yellow, obong. Dieddowers slowel 20 in the grdift, hythory slidely Maland approxip, for the forthermal and every narrowly hild, hight with a dender lanceolate appendixe. A prendages of the grip were long, and the strength of the strength of the strength of the close stellar denders in a feeging to chart for the strength of the strength of all forthermal points. On the strength is the strength of the dired brongroups paints. On the strength is the strength of the strength of

95. ENCELIA. Adans. ; Cay. ic. 1. t. 61 ; DC. prodr. 5. p. 566.

Beals may-discretely the ny-discrete neutral, in a single series, those of the dist holding, perfect. Involves conservint individual in 6-35 series, equaling the disk. Receptore fart the chaff membranecous, navelunt. Branches of the spite empirical by a cose. Achenic converses, data emargiana, clastimo of pagona, with the margins density world's we tilture. Schweby hands on the Pacific sease of America, more or less cansency; the levers alternang orace or oblogs petiolel, entire or availy sell.

 E. Californica (Natt.), areat, much branched; the branches puberabert-annexed; haves incodunce-ruite, neuto, sometime angularicodud at the obtaines or nonindra have, abruptly petiolds, 3-7-nerved, nearly glabrous, the margine schemes; involvere very villous; chenin mearly glabrous except the margine, which are very densely villous-hireute.—Netl./ in trans. Mare. phil. oc., nevr.) 7, ep. 307.

Dry hills, near St. Barbara [or St. Diego], Nuttall ! April.-A low, rather showy, brittle shrub, with the scent of Calendula or Gaillardia.

VIGUIERA. H. B. & K. non. gen. & spec. 4. p. 224, t. 379; DC. prodr. 5. p. 578.

Hook many-choosen's the argodineem's few, neutral; those of the disk profess. Socials of the hemispherical inducement provides a single areas, waterwater equal, with failureous fays of appendages. Receptacle either cosisted or statistic is provinger charffer dimensional. Appendages of the sign substatis, hapit, Achenia abarrae-countifier, palaeeren. Paprol 4 areault description segmentella en of 2 sparse deliberon-akment or protosained (W. Jaffen, Markens, and Zeisab) herbits with alternate or oppotile factores, and and the sign of th

Viguiera prostrata, DC. is not a North American plant; and is perhaps different from Helianthus prostratus, Willd.

VIGUIERA.

1. F. Taxana: seen hairy, sporingly branched i bares alterime (the lower opposite). Homolodowne, commande, sparing yearna, tripinerved, appressed-pubseccrit, sorres hat exhems a down, abruptly contracted into a sport of the sparing space of the space

"Texp, Dramond (-Rost and has of the stern unknown. Leves 4-5 inches long, 3-2 blood, mentinemecous; the lower prisides 2 inches in length. Appendages of the involveral scales longer than the orate-side approach portion is of thiose of he iong varies, where present, shorter. Unit lacente-finishing is a start of the involveral scale of the involveral lacent act-centralistic port the base. Apparently nor V. Isaa, DC.

HELIANTHUS. Linn.; Schleuhr, handb. t. 258; Less. syn. p. 229-Helianthus & Harpalium, Case, DC. excl. 5 Harpolizia?

Heads many-discord? the exp-discors seven to a mancross, neutral those of the disk prefets. Insolutes indicated in 3 cm may entries the scalar with gr without fulfaceous tips or appendixes. Receptede Bat or course; to persistent chalf endpendix the achients. Coupling the disk commonly the-airved, with a short proper tabs. Branche of the style disk termined by a sublate-scenical gradening, a chale of a style straining from the principal angles of the actions, and other with 2 or new multiple intermedian scales or quantities very declaman—human with 2 or new multiple intermedian scales of quantities very declaman—human times them to a startened, commonly replicated large and these theorem to a startened, promoting replications of the startened or common distributions. Rays yullow the could af the disk yieldow, wondening the dependent a sub-figure of the startened.

The corelia of the disk in Heliamban is generally likeword, the Subdivious economy to corresponding which the gain of the lastics. It is the sense in the lastic there are commonly to others, afterming with the farmer, but they atches economy to other a strength of the sense of the lastic sense of the last

 Annual + heads usually large : rays numerous : receptate flat : involuces spreading : disk brownish-garple : leaves orate or cordate, worky alternate, triplineroid.—Annui.

H. converse, the common Sunforcer, is very generally cultivated, but is no-where naturalized in this country.

 H. argophyllus: densely lanate; leaves alternate, mostly entire: the lower cordate; the upper ovaic, actite, on altor pecholes; heads axillary and terminal, on short peduncles; acales of involuce avate, acaminate, wouly; ackenia compressed, alightly hairy at the summit; pappus of 2 very decidouse chaffy avan.

HELIANTHUS,

Tenson, Drawswood I-Apparently a large plant, but the base of the stimunknown deletes with a very white work, which can the stem is locat and flexibles, or the larvest approach. Lowest larves (radied) 10, 04-bit disk in approximate larvest prevents are a but had in shrite statistic to applaunce which we see the larvest approximate the larvest approximate the statistic statistic statistics and the statistic statistics of the larvest see harvesteen all fields apprinted. Chall of the receipted 3-gift at this statistic statistics of the statistic statistics of the larvest statistics of the statistic statistics of the larvest statistics

2.7 He contractors: (Deng2) reasons haved, branching, stort; here high-bases, alternas, org. vie. restric, obser as the heavy periodic helicower do two collines, the argo-endots and endots and endots and endots of the store of the store

B. corolla of the disk sparsely villous at the base (lower leaves sometimes opposite, and the scales of the involnere narrower).—H. multiflorus, Hock. ! Le. party.

Interior of Oregon, Dougles, Nutefill 2 and from the Platte to Louisianal Assamasi and Privat . It Shanahawan, Doumond 7. Upper Missouri, Mr. Nuclet 1 July-Sirpe-A large plana, resembling H, amazin, with a rough hispid (other spotta)) scars the involver = 1d nelse bronds in the source of the plant start and the start of the start start is a sometimes incluse long and 6-10 lines wide. The stem exults a reals when wonnels. The Indiana temploy the needs for fool.

3. If pairbane (Narc), seen straight as hards humching, leven are born alternate (more or an antiperiodity oppoint), containcentate or waves, name or nearly so, on very long patches i policy in the strained in the beam of the strained of the strained intervention of the beam of beam of the strained of the strained intervention of the beam of beam of the strained of the strained of the strained intervention of the beam of the strained of the strained of the strained intervention of the beam of the strained of the strained of the strained of the beam of beam of the strained of the strained of the strained of the strained particular strained of the strained of the strained of the strained particular strained of the strained of the strained of the strained of the particular strained of the strained of the

Upper Missouri, Varialit Mr. Nicollitt and Arkanass! in and places. Aug.-Stem erect, 1-2 feet high. Heads, including the (12-20) large rays, 3-4 inches broad. Scales of the involver anzweive or broadly lancedate, with a completious acumination, or merely acute. Leaves mostly acute at the base.

4. If conversibility : high-d-scaleness; stem hermoling; herve alternate, or the lower opposite, alternate, attemning, match, courted scales of the divergence of the lower opposite, alternate, attemning, match, herming a single, or 3-d-fource of divergence of the scales of the involvement matching in the lower and posite and matching problems matching (instantaneous) and industry problems matching (instantaneous) at the lower interval of the divergence of the lower interval of t

Tenis, Dramood I. Illy-skepton-Lower part of the stress minore the spearents of a small specific the branches spectra terminating in a stendard protocol at a branches of the spectra spectra terminating in a stendard protocol at a branches of the spectra spectra spectra spectra index in dismonstrations in a spinore of 8-4 at the appet of the protocols Sceles of the improvement is a spinore of 8-4 at the appet of the protocols of the spinore is a stendard spectra spinore of spinore in the protocols of the approxed with a spinore of spinore in the protocols of the middle loops here.

HELIANTHUS.

6. III. doblia (Nutt.): somewhat seaboux; stem lender, deumken, terming; lever alternate (ranky opposite), delobavate, nurromate-acute or assumate, and and the seaboux of the seaboux

8. stem mostly simple, ascending; lower leaves frequently opposite.

Const of East Photha, Bolderil 4. Such this of Western Longium and Texas, D_{-} Locavastoric H_{-} The root of the Formin plant is unknown; but that of β_{+} which scencely differs except in the simple stem (1-2 field loog), and a little more automatic leaves (1) is into in length), is a small. Invalues about half an inch in diameter. Chaff of the receptacle 3-lobed; the middle lobe exception-exception. Rave 10-4.

 Perennial: heads smalls rays 12-34; receptacle convex: scales of the involuce irregularly individual, narrow, at length squarrow, as long as the dark purple disk: lowers opposite, alternate, or scattered, heaver, 1-arcrevia.—Angunitikii.

6. H. angual/bits (Links): stam solves or highly law of lines, obtained with a with regular marging. Instruct, submits a dark gale arc withink, and other palescent or hingu branch the lower hypothysical dark and the palescent or hingu branch and the line of the lower part of the line of the

³Damp jue barrens &c. New Jéney 1 to Florida! Alabama! Kenned? Louisiana! and Texas! common. Aug-oU-sense -66 tek high, alender, simple or branched. Leaves 2-6 inches long, 2-4 lines, or the lower half an inch wide, with a prominent middli. Involutes asymewhat seakoas or histy-Rays 10-20, estriy an inch long. Lobes of the disk-corolla prownish purple. Pappus shorter than the achemia.

7. H. orggulia (DC,): a stam itall, very musch; leaves alternate, weak linear (ivery arrow), flate, accordy demicaniae, herved, alterlaty if at all scattrour; leads 5-7; corputsies, on long pedicules, scalar of the involver line, anomains, ciolater; chain of the receptate lineary subcatalitations of the somewhat ciliate at the gives; acheans; glatoma, 25-3-4 award. Job' Attainass, Mr. Powrlater colument in the Genera Beante Gamba (-Attainass, Mr. Powrlater) colument in the Genera Beante Gamba (and Columna).

Artisms, Mr. Peorlace relevants in the Green Boards Gamma-Bon 18-10 for high Lawres very manners and narrow, 24 hours Snorm 18-10 for high Lawres very manners and marrow, 24 hours Sand Theorem 19-10 for high Lawres very another and the investment of the second second second second second bias areas usually large and learning room, dot in hurr measuring the lawres of the investment of the second second second second lamres. The Harge second second second second second lawres of the second second second second second second lawres of the second second second second second second lawres the second second second second second second lawres the second de Academy of Karaja Sciences.

 Perenaial: rays rarriy none: receptacle convex: scales of the hereispherical inrobuces regularly imbricated, appressed, orate or lancoolate, destilute of foliaccous tips

3:20

HELIANTHUS,

COMPOSITÆ.

or appendages, mostly shorter than the dark purple disk : leaves usually opposite.-Attorubentes. (Discomela, Raf. Harpalium, Cast.)

+ Rays 7-10, slightly exserted, or frequently wanting! (Echinomeria, Nutt.)

6. If Rould a sums simple, effin several from the same now, very like the being maked above, hearing a might heard 1 lowes exposing, embedd at a several term with the same several term with the same several term with the same several term of t

Doup pine barrens of Gorzajat Alakama I and Pinita I. Aug-Sept-Sema erect from a descritedre has performed and the set of the high exploring of the set of the pinit of transmission learners or gates and sets of the set of the set of the consideration and the set of the set of the set of the learners of the set of the set of the set of the set of the learners of the set of the learners of the set of th

t t Rays 19-90, clongated.

b. If heterophylics (Nucl.) stem very dender, simple, spamely hingh, being a ningk-head i lavor smoothin beneutry in the radial and jower's culline oval or elliptical, narrowel at the hane or somewhere periode, descury it rulinered it, the spame marrowly hencedars, efficiency sensitivity action of the involvers harveelasts, ensure elliptical Nucleon from the source period of the involvers harveelasts, and the source elliptic Nucleon from the source period of the involvers harveelasts, and the source elliptic Nucleon from the source period of the involvers harveelasts, and the source elliptic Nucleon from the source period of the source of the source elliptic of the source elliptic Nucleon from the source period of the source of the source elliptic of the source elliptic source elliptic of the source elliptic of the source elliptic of the source elliptic source elliptic of the source elliptic of the source elliptic of the source elliptic source elliptic of the source elliptic of the source elliptic of the source elliptic source elliptic of the source elliptic of the source elliptic of the source elliptic source elliptic of the source elliptic of the source elliptic of the source elliptic source elliptic of the source elliptic of the source elliptic of the source elliptic source elliptic of the source elliptic of the source elliptic of the source elliptic source elliptic of the source elliptic of th

B. lower leaves lanceolate, with a long attenuate base.—H. heterophyllus, Hook. / compran. to bot. mag. 1. p. 98, partly. In dry soil ? North Carolina ! Georgia ! and Alabama ! B. Covington,

In dry weil 7. North, Camilton 4. Georgina and Alashman 1. & Corrington-Manisman, Dermannel 7. Erstehn, Dr. C. Enzuella Evers 1-pice 1. The second s

10. H. atvorubess (Linn.): stem hiraute and scalarous below, tricbuterous or locately corymbose and naked above; leaves mostly opposite, orane, oval, or spatulate-oblog, rough and hispld, triplizered, somewhat serrate, obtaue, sharupity narrowed into margined periodes, the lowest often slightly cordate; excles of the involutero avail or obverso, obtures, minutely cillate; chaff of the

HELIANTHUS.

recepted acuids ; achemia pubsesent at the summit; papers of 2 spannet, line innerolise numeric film, $1, 90, 2, 2, 90, 60, 41, \ell$. Kwu, (ed. 1), 9, 9, 909, Michar, ff. 2, p. 140 (in part only); EU, eb. 2, p. 414; nuc of Lone, of DC, exchara, nor of Hook, 'H. spanishikas, EU, 'L. e. H. sliphioides, Nutr., in trans, Amer. phil. soc. (n. ser.) 7, p. 366. Coroon-solis minor, See, Ddl, Edd. t. 94, (f. 10).

Dry only. Viginal: to Fletchell Louisians I and Arianass J common Reg-Cons-a well large-Constant of the first print in size (from 1) as first print and the size of the first print and the size of t

The Herizoften (Derfs) is store simple as quarkingly hermolosis result is used into favors opposite very thick and right horesofts: or substitutions over an equivalent to each style absorbing the source of the substitution control of the involution events, nonly without a start of the superstantion of the involution events, nonly without a start of the superstantion of the involution events, nonly without a start of the superstantion of the involution events, nonly without a start of the superstantion of the involution events, nonly without a start of the superstantion of the involution events, nonly without a start of the superstantion of the involution events, nonly without a start of the superstantion of the start of the superstant inversion of the start of the superstant inversion of the start of the start

B. branchine or performation imply changened; nestero the involutor overall innovation or overall more more near each (diffures, Stan, bet, may, i, 2000 (post)). H. Misuuricus, "Springe, page, pp. 9, 14' Linke, reason, 2-p. 2592' H. Misuuricus, Achrol, Yanki, in trans. Amer, phil.iou.l.e. H. autorubers, Betr reg. t. 5004 (Heck. I, & Bore-Am. 1, p. 312; DC, predr. 4. e. e. chart, nor of Linn.

Plain and printers, watern gast of Gorega, Ellerit I Illich, Mr. Bobford and St. Como. Downsond it to the Upper Missenity, Notel 7, Note 1999, Nature 1999, N

HELIANTHUS.

COMPOSITÆ.

with the lateral scales, which become dilated and methods or lobed at the base, for $\delta_{\rm ext}$, where we conclude that Harpalinn, Gan. is found upon insufficient and very international characteris. The var, i. diffields the scale of the scale of the scale of the scale of the scale matrix depreties, so that it hardly majits to be distinguished. In some of the Lateva specimene, and in these deefined by North at a 2H-crassibility, the Lateva are more attenuated to each end, more scenario, and the upper surface comparatively smooth—The atom sometimes explor is rule in small cannity.

 * * Perennial: raya 19-24; receptacle convex: scales of the involuer regularity involvated, approxed, or with sourcebat preading acute or aronimate (inappreadoulate) tips, equaling the willow disk i leave opposite, or the uppermast sourcement mate.—Lawford,

19. H. Intelfarma (Penis): reson scalarons and harmsching at the summitties proves and increasing, regularity arcming, services, contrasting services, on scalar scalarons, services, contrasteria et al. 19. Services and the subscription of the apperturbation of the service of the service

N A metrica i too calibration in the P result Gautess. In harrens, 6c, 1 mm, Dr. Cagor, T. Daymon, Ohio, Dr. Satti, " 4. We enter pair of Goorgins, frame, Dr. Kagor, T. Daymon, Ohio, Dr. Satti, " 4. We enter pair of Goorgins, Calibratic and Cali

13. If, and found in (1), then in the start of the sta

β. plantagineus: stem (sometimes branching) and leaves almost smooth; scales of the involucre scarcely ciliate, attenuate-acuminate, as long as the disk.

Dry barrens, &c., from Michigan! Ohio! and Kentucky! to Missouri!

HELIANTHUS.

6. Tenso, Dramood: J. Jaly-Sept.—Stem shorter, h to 3 feet high central factors, except twents the host. Lower levers. So for heat long, 1-26 trans, factors, and the set of th

14. H. cincreas: clothed with a close somewhat scabrous and cincreas pabescence; item somewhat naked above: leaves ovate-oblogs, acuitisk appressed, serrulate, contracted at the base, sessile; the low-ermost narrowed into a winged petiole; peduceles slender; scales of the involver luncedate, cancenet; immature acheenis villous at the summit.

β. 7 Sullivantii : larger and more branched ; stem scabrous-hirsute; leaves obscurely serrate, acute, the uppermost often alternate.

Texns. Drawinsof 1 in. Near Columbias, Ohio, Mr. Sullivart.—Sum 36 fee high, vigness sometimes a little branched, bearing fee kends utelly as large as those of H. mollis. Leaves right, somewhat triplinervel, viety, edding the survoyed base or publics, the upper small, and nears. We indight the survoyed base or publics, the upper small and trends. We indight the survoyed base or publics, the upper small and trends. We middle tabe services the upper small services are services as the middle tabe services to on the angles.

15. He will (Lam.) is sen village (laws over order or larcoidstwein seminar, with assemblin to chain and classical paras verifiate or entities characteristic sense of the control of the second second second second mature schemic reaction of the involvement number of the Second sec

There and try provides from Ohe Landmar, and the vectors part & origing to Mission I Louishant and Lerus 1. App-Spectra 8, vol marked, camerenity vilues species, 3-4 feet high, angles or species descriptions of the spectra spectra and the spectra spectra base, 3 or 6 inclus long, other with bath surface camerenic, or the spectra base, 3 or 6 inclus long, which with a star of the more these cameres of the spectra spectra spectra spectra spectra entities which are spectra spectra spectra spectra entities which are also been been been been been equal. Rays 15-65, as inclus long. Call of the respective learns and spectra spect

••••• Peremital: heads middle-sized: rays 8-84; involuce: irregularly indriveted; the scales loose, or with spacerose-spreading often foliacous summits, as long as the sellow disk (achenia stabroa).—Corron-solis.

† Leaves commonly alternate or scattered, the lower often opposite, feather-veised, sometimes obscurely triplinerved.

16. H. Nattallii : stem smooth ; leaves alternate, the lower opposite, nar rowly lanceolate-linear, acute, mostly entire, scarcely petioled, both sides

HELIANTRUS.

COMPOSITÆ.

scabrons; scales of the involucre lanceolate-subulate, hirsute-cillate towards the base; papers of # fitners-broce-out chaffy news or scales----H. Californicus, Nut.1: in herb, acad. Philad. &c., not of DC.

Plains of Levis River, Nation?—Strong apparently strict and simple-Lawres 4-6 index long, 3-5 lines wink, feather-veniced, obscuriedy utpilnerved pare the base, somewhat cineroous becauth: the lower remotely and alphyly seriars. Reads nearby an iarge as in R. (a gigantens, lawdoner clarked with whith hairs, or gles smoothink. The disk-corolla is desceed, clarked with whith hairs, or gles smoothink. The disk-corolla is desceed, clarked with whith hairs, or gles smoothink. The disk-corolla is desceed, clarked with whith hairs, or gles smoothink. The disk-corolla is downly of the lacing, but not resching the apex.

17: If. Californica (DC): stem tall, smooth, lossely paniculate; upper leaves alterate, remote, elongated lancochete, cuire, attenuate at the hase, acuminate, slightly ciliate, both aides estatuous, triplinervel a pedanetes areatoors; scales of the involver linear-subhancoches, a little longer than the disk, squerose-spreading, roughish-puberulent; achenia glabrois, 2-awned. DC, 1 mode, 5, no 509.

California, Desglais.—We can add little to De Candoll's character, except that the opper leaves (the lower not scen) are slightly petioded, obscursly driplinerved near the base, 3–5 inches long, one-half to an inch wider band larger than in H. giganeses the rigid eacles of the involutioner nearly equal, not cilitate, very acute: papers of 2 broadly-lanceolate somewhat finged noise, toppring into an any wrike point.

19. II. Marisuilini (Schrad.); stein attigoa-calavus, branchel J lever alternate (theo of the branches sometimes opposite). Insteadate, entire, or nearly so, tapering to each end, arguministy, very schwast and often (anseenti-station on the idea, the lower periodel a statistic of the involver languagenerative). The statistic of the involver language and algority internet. The statistic of the involver language algority internet. The statistic of the involver language language and the statistic of the statistic of the involver language and the statistic of the statistic of the statistic language and the statistic of the statistic of the statistic language and the statistic of the statistic of the statistic language and the statistic of the statistic of the statistic language and the statistic of the statistic of the statistic language and the statistic of the statistic of the statistic language and the statistic of the statistic of the statistic language and the statistic of the statistic of the statistic language and the statistic of the statistic of the statistic language and the statistic of the statistic of the statistic language and the statistic of the statistic of the statistic language and the statistic of the statistic of the statistic language and the statistic of the statistic of the statistic language and the statistic of the statistic of the statistic language and the statistic of the statistic of the statistic language and the statistic of the statistic of the statistic language and the statistic of the statistic of the statistic language and the statistic of the statistic of the statistic language and the statistic of the statistic of the statistic of the statistic language and the statistic of the statisti

Printing, Missoni, Prince Neuveled, (v. sp. cult.) Mr. Kouling? In herby Solveine, I. example and the Auto Branching plant, bearing numerous head fully as large as these of He glasstavas; the laware equally many both also is the cancentra and numerican much intranucle scales of the weather structures three-forths of an infrastructure of the distribution was associated and the structure of the structure of the distribution of the could be associated and the structure of the lackness of the lackness.

9. H. gienness (Ling); iam resplit-hierard or sealone; Lores at learners or seatered the lowest parsive in more other senters, orang terms or seatered the lowest parsive in more other indications sentences and the lowest parsive in the lowest parsive in the lowest parsive intervention of the lo

B. ambiguus : leaves nearly all opposite and closely sessile, obtuse or

Thickets and borders of marshes, from Canada 1 and Saskatcharvan 1 to Kentucky 1 and the mountainous partice of the Southern States 1 β . Copies, near Brooklyn, Long Island 1, Nag.-Oce.-Stein 3-10 feet high, branched above, corymbose-passicaliste at the summit, smooth or nearly so towards the base. Leaves 2-5 inches long, half an into to an inch broad, copionally

HELIANTHUS.

feature-vectored, and unsulty slightly triplinerved at the base. Rays 15-59, pair evelow, an inch or more in lengths—This is a common species in the Northern States, and is very variable in the disposition of the leaves. The $N_{\rm III}$ denotes the state of the plant to the intermediate of the plant to the scale base. States of the plant to the intermediate of the plant to the scale base. States of the plant to the scale base of the based set more the scale base. Note is a 1.4 distance to the scale base of the scale base of the scale base.

20. II. gross-servatos (Marcins): stem smooth and glausous; leaves alternate, iological hancolate or ovari-lanceolate, atomica-servininase, sharply (the lawer: coarsely) servato, scalovas above, tomentorie-sameced hemath, mosely observa at the lawer, all on al-neter and of pediotes; redundes scalovase; scalas of the involvere subolate-hanceblate, digitaly clinics; pedsentences; scalas of the involvere subolate-hanceblate, digitaly clinics; pedcoders, 152,06; (the James, murch (i.e., p. 133).

B. leaves less canescent beneath, tapering into the petiole; stem scabrous towards the summit.

y. leaves softly canescent beneath; the lowermost opposite; the upper (more or less serrate) mostly acute at the base, on shorter petioles; stem smooth and glaucous.—H. giganteus, Hook ? compan. to bot. mag. 1. p. 08.

Deep takin See, Su, Landis, Manandi, Mr. Durrichet, (Marton) in Wasse Tentisnikan, Dr., Halet and Texasa (et al.), Downsmerk, S. S. Josh Downsmell, Dr. Barginansei, and St. Pater M. Warr, Mr. Mundi et al. (2019) and the set of the billion of the set of the dense have to be around set of the dense have the granteness of the set of the set of the set of the dense have the set of the dense have the set of the dense have the set of the dense have the set of the dense have the set of the dense have the set of the dense have the set of the dense have the set of the dense have the set of the dense have the set of the dense have the set of the dense have the set of the

31. H. towardawie (Michael): 1 wern stora, friende-publickent: levers (unrepflex-thin) alterna or rively opposite, wall-increducts, or the lower control observed systems, taparing to an acute point, contrasted at the base, scalara above, softly public scenarios. It is lower more usually rightnerved, heads (large) on stora pediancies; scalars of the involution interesting methods and the scalar scalar systems of the storage scalar methods (large) on storage scalar scalar storage scalars methods (minute) for scalar scalars of the involution interesting methods, quinter by foreign scalar scalars of the involution interesting methods, quinter by foreign scalars and the scalar of the scalars of star scalars of the scalar scalar scalars of the involution interesting methods, quinter by foreign scalars of the scalar of the scalar scalars of star scalars of the scalar scalar scalars of the scalar scalars of scalars of the scalar scalars of the scalar scalars of the scalar scalars of scalars of the scalar scalars of the scalar scalars of the scalars of the scalars of the scalar scalars of the scalar scalars of the scalars of the scalars of the scalar scalars of the scalars of the scalars of the scalars methods and scalars of the scalar scalars of the scalar scalars of the scalars of the scalars of scalars of the scalar scalars of the scalars of the scalars of the scalar scalars of the scalars of t

B. heads larger; pediancle leafy at the summit; involucre foliaceons (apparently a monstrous state).—H. squarrosus, Nutl. l in trans. Asser, pell. see, l. c.

7. leaves opposite, oval, acuminate, more distinctly petioled; scales of the involucre less acuminate, not longer than the disk.—H. spathulatus, EU., sk, 2, p. 421. (Leaves not in the slightest spathalet, all opposite in Mr. Ellisu's specimen; in others frequently alternate.)

Dry voil, Illinois, and the weatern portions of North Carolinal Georgial and Alabiama 1. Columbus, Georgial Ang.oct.-Stem 44 feet high Lower leaves often a foot long, 3-6 inches broad, fatten oppolate, the upper 3-6 inches long, capicusly feather-wrined, sometimes triplaterych, but dien not at all set; all contracted at the base into a sort of winged petiols. Incolater as inche of more in dismeters the long paper pointed estabiliste

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villous, especially on the margins. Rays 12-16, or in \$. 20, apparently pale yellow, an inch and a half long. Corolla of the disk pubescent.

* * Leaves opposite, or the uppermost sometimes alternate, 3-nerved or triplinerved.

29. If determined (Lam)) is seen branched, smoch below, subsensagen besent ar bigues have, jalvars opposite or the upper lamonta, oware, or ownet-anceolate, neuminate, serrate, strongly triplicerved, schoos shore, solly pubseese beneath its enprese scale or subservation probability for the offset alphyly version in an argined probability of the involvem frametion of the strong strong scale of the involvement frametion of the strong scale scale strong scale strong scale strong wave the scale scale strong scale strong scale strong scale strong scale scale scale scale scale scale scale scale strong scale scale scale wave the scale scale

3. leaves appressed-serrate, sometimes closely sessile, finally tomentonecanesicent beneath.—H. pubescens, Hock. I bot. mag. t. 2778 (excl. syn.), & compan. to bot. mag. t. p. 98.

 leaves less pubescent beneath; the lower (often a foot long) coarsely serrate-toothed.

Fields an environment of the state of the s

69. H. atromans (Linn.) is ten simple or springly hendled and east contraryobescent at the soundin, smooth leave [larver operations; correstance collarge pathelity summarized, service with shall a patheast with, very way being the strength of the strength of the strength of the strength (patheliteres), appropriate line that shall a strength of the strength the disk, the summarise suggencesses strength (patheliteres), appropriate (larver), appropriate line (larver) strength (larver) in the strength (larver), appropriate line (larver) strength (larver), approximation (larver), approximation (larver), and and a strength (larver), approximation (larver), and a strength (larver), and and other strength (larver), and and a strength (larver), approximation (larver), and and a strength (larver), and and a strength (larver), and a strength (larver), and and and a strength (larver), and a strength (larver), and and a strength (larver), and a strength (larver), and and a strength (larver), and a strength (larver), and and a strength (larver), and a strength (larver), and and a strength (larver), and a strength (larver), and and a strength (larver), and a strength (larver), and and a strength (larver), and a strength (larver), and and a strength (larver), and a strength (larver), and and a strength (larver), and a strength (larver), and and a strength (larver), and a strength (larver), and and a strength (larver), and a strength (larver), and and a strength (larver), and a strengt

 mollis : heaves softly canescent beneath.—H. mollis, Willd, ! spec. 3. p. 2240 (excl. syn. Mickz) : Parsh, fl. 2. p. 572 ; Ell. ! ib. 2. p. 418; Hock ! box, mage. i, 3690 ; not of Low.

7.1 leptophylins: leaves lanceolate, alender, pale but nearly smooth bemeath almost entire.—H. trachelifolius // follis lanceolatis, Hoek. / company. to bot may 1, n. 99.

Conversations, e.g., e.g., canada, and theraphone the Nordeen and Working Status II Goorging in and Antannii ', Conversation, Louisian, Downson, Y. alyc-Sayar, Simo 3-4 ford high. Lawave field inflex long therapy field in and therapy of the state longer surface of a glassous or lead-colord house marriy white but due blower surface of a glassous or lead-colord house marriy white but due blower surface of a glassous or lead-colord house marriy white but due blower surface of a glassous or lead-color house marriy white but due blower surface of a glassous or lead-color house marriy white but due blower surface of the glassous of the state of the state of the state of the blower surface of the glassous of the state of the state

tigs. Rays an iach to an iach and a half long, often half an iach wide, börgh yellow. "Dappas of 2, or correctiones 3, and half early waves, and fer quently with 2 or 3 small intermediane scales, all cilata—The var, 8, edly differs in the degree of the pubscence of the lact, which is inconstantmuta with a different place typesar to have been known. The forwards thus, a tilt a different place typesar to have been known as the forwards of the start of the start place typesar to have been known. The I is result, different place typesar to have been known as the forwards I is result, different place typesar to have been known as the forwards of I is result, different place typesar to have been known as the forwards of I is result, different place typesar to have been known as the forwards of the I is result, different place typesar to have been known as the forwards of the starts, and the which haves runtards.

34 - H. decoyatain (Line), is strip branching, moch below, entouwn is been summit (in serve coponio, et these of the branches, alternation, bline, online, bline, bline, online, bline, online, bline, online, bline, bline,

 Fondosus (Hook, bot. mag. l. c.): exterior scales of the involucre larger and foliaceous, one or more of them often changed to leaves.—H. frondocus, Linn. / waven. acad. 4. p. 290. A super. ed. 2, p. 1277.

Banks of streams, Ke., Crambi i and Nerthern Statist to Ketterky i and the mountains of Gengral: Aug.-Step-resson 2-5 de high, usually purpliab. Leaves 3-6 inches long, 1-5 hroud, obtaue at the base, county use rate or totolet, arbitra pater and often scalenos, hu mercey cubasent basentis de upper surface scalenos with short often scattered hairs they at very links where the plant prove is a hada, and frequenty performance with very high very the plant prove in shada. A substantiation of the stress descent plant proves in shada, so the stress of the stress with very the plant proves in shada. Substantiation of the stress with very the stress of the stress of the stress of the stress links. Rays rather pade y velow, an inche to minch and a half leng and one third of an inche whet. Purpus of a valuation chalf years.

35. If transhiftens (Wilk): stem locarly branching, buly or semiwish schemic revers opposite, or these of the branches internet, this waters haveoning or obligations on built of the correct line stem, this periods, scatters or coupling-patients on built of the correct line stem periods, scatters or coupling-patients on built of the correct line stem periods, scatters or the involvers haveolar-linear, attenuated, clisits, very sources, stemest and the disk, the creation of the bulk of the stema squarknew-preside approximates in the state of the bulk of the squarknew-preside approximation of the bulk of the stema of the bulk squarknew-preside approximation of the bulk of the stema of the bulk squarknew-preside stema of the stema of the stema of the bulk of the stema of the bulk of the stema of the bulk of the stema stema of the bulk of the stema of the bulk of the stema of the stema of the bulk of the stema of the bulk of the stema of the stema of the bulk of the stema of the stema of the bulk of the stema of the stema of the bulk of the stema of the bulk of the stema of the stema

Nordern Suins T to Ohlor and Indiana's Ange-Septer-What we the first Hardenblack on the suitedry of a spectrum pattern of the Back and the Hardenblack on the suitedry of a spectrum pattern of the Back and halt of the Gengentalue, has with harrows and more arguing the Hardenblack end standy of physical and a spectrum back of the Back and halt of the Gengentalue, has with harrows and more arguing the Hardenblack End spectrum back and arguing and harden arakes of the Back and halt of the Gengentalue, has with harrows and more approach and harden arakes that spectrum back and are not any physical stands. The Gengenham with malk end the spectrum back and the spectrum back and harden arakes and spectrum back the spectrum back and harden arakes and harden are setting the spectrum back and the spectrum back and harden are setting the spectrum back and the spectrum back and harden are hardenblack as the first spectrum back and harden arakes and hardenblack as the spectrum back and hardenblack and hardenblack and harakes hardenblack. We are note in that it is hardenblack the hardenblack hardenblack and hardenblack as the first spectrum back and hardenblack and hardenblack and hardenblack as the first spectrum back and hardenblack and hardenblack and hardenblack as the first spectrum back and hardenblack and hardenblack and hardenblack as the first spectrum back and hardenblack and hardenblack and hardenblack as the first spectrum back and hardenblack and hardenblack as the first spectrum back and hardenblack and hardenblack as the first spectrum back and hardenblack and hardenblack as the first spectrum back and hardenblack and hardenblack as the first spectrum back and hardenblack and hardenblack and hardenblack as the first spectrum back and hardenblack and hardenblack and hardenblack as the first spectrum back and hardenblack and hardenblack and hardenblack as the first spectrum back and hardenblack and hard

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COMPOSITÆ.

39. It. hirrarbs (Raf): stem simple, or dichoomoos at the summit, history the superstandard strategies and the superstandard strategies and the state of the superstandard strategies and the strat

3. discrations: cauline leaves broadly ovate-lanceolate; those of the branches oval or ovate, sometimes slightly cordate, nearly entire.—H. diversifulius, E(I, ek. 2, w. 423).

y. trackyployllus z stem hispid; leaves uniform, ovate-lanceolate, mostly subcordate, large (6 inches long, 2 inches wide at the base), very rough on both sides; heads larger; rays 12-15.

 stemphyllus: smaller; stem hispid; leaves narrowly lanceolate, scarcely triplinerved, hispid-scabrous above, roughish-hirsute beneath, the upper entire.

Dry soil, from Ohol 1 and Italiana! to Louissan 1 and the western part of Narth Carolina Georgia 1 and Alabamal 7. A Abamas, Dr. Philder 4. Western Louisiana, Dr. Halel, Dr. Lorenverth, Texes, Dramsand 102)-Ott-A. Dytomerboux species, with larger these than H. divarientus denis of the involves (data existentianes) gaves graphened, but the high additional states of the states of the state of the state of the abbody above, periodice, Tappus of two subulate denisculate awas, longer than then the achieval.

37. H. discriticator (Link), its term aimple, or expressions: discrimination of the investigation of the investig

Henchers of the location of the second strength of the fields of the second strength of the strength of the second strength of the second strength of the property second strength of the second strength of the second strength weak being the second strength of the second strength of the second strength weak being the second strength of the second strength of the being the second strength of the second strength of the being the second strength of the second

•••••• Perennial; keads small: rays 5-8, rarely 10: scales of the involuce few, irregularly indeviated, appressed, shorter than the pollow disk; the exterior with squareou-spreading herbacenes or accurinate tips.—Microcephall.

38: If a minosciphiling is stern smooth and glabouts, with momento kender and spraning 2-choomness branches. Is bares (conscillages all opposite, occasionally with all the upper sons alternate, membranaceous, orner-lanceolars, Breast above, formedose-public-cont benauts 1 heads on science relatives place and policy. In the second science of the second science relatives and policy. In the second science of the second science relatives and policy. In the second science of the second science relatives and the second science of the second science relatives places.

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clinist the exterior with source or a cuminons bachaseous squarese-sprending tigs rays 5-6, papers of 2 small solutions tending wave.—II. diversions, Miokz, f. 2, p. 141; Ell, t. dc, 2, p. 429; not of Lion. H. strumous, we realitions, <math>Ell, t. i. c. p. 430; O. H. parriditorus, Berni, in Sgrage, eqst. 3, p. 617 f but not of H. B. & K., (which apparently has the priority in publication.)

β. leaves more sharply serrate, the soft pubescence of the lower surface turning brownish; heads rather larger.—fit. divaricatus var. ferrugineus, Ell. (1. c.).

y. upper leaves ovate ; heads rather larger ; involucre more squarross.-H. trachelifolius, Hook. ! comp. to bot. mag. 1. p. 98.

Thickets, and in allovial soil, Upper Canada ! (Goldie, in herb. Hook.) Western Pennsylvania! Ohio! Indiana! and Kentucky! to the western part of Georgia ! and to Louisiana! y. Covington, Louisiana, Dramasond ! July-Sept .- Stems growing usually in tufts, 3-6 feet high, 2-3-chotomously branched. Leaves clothed beneath with a soft nubescence, and sprinkled with minute resinous dots, very veiny, and somewhat reticulated, abruptly contracted into distinct petioles an inch or less in length (it is evidently by a misprint or error of the pen, that Elliott describes the petioles as 3 to 6 inches long !) : the lower 6 to 10 inches long, 2-3 broad at the base, tapering to a long acuminate point, the upper similar but smaller and often entire, or frequently elongated innceolate and slightly falcate. Heads somewhat shlong, nearly half an inch long, about one-third of an inch in diameter. Chall Rays nearly an inch long. Throat of the disk-corolla scarcely longer than the lobes, pubescent towards the base, as well as the short tube. Pappus shorter than the nearly glabrous achenia .- Somewhat variable in foliage, &c.; but remarkable for its very few rays, which are large for the size of the head, its smooth much-branched stems, and thin distinctly petioled leaves.

29. II. Solaristicii stem arigos-pulsesent, branching alovel leave opposite or these of the branches alternatio, narrowy buscedate, uppering to a branche arguing point, observely and aparticity servatate, metrowell medand canascern beautif, and a solarity assessment of the solarity of the and canascern beautif, and a solarity cancer and the involver of the solarity of the or water lanceoid enduly using the solarity of the

Note Shirm, North Carolina, Schowiszier, and in Mecklerburg Coury, Mor. M. A. Certi Carolina, Schowiszier, and in Mecklerburg Coury, Mor. M. A. Certi Carolina, Iong and searchy an inclusion of the same it the spin per 3-5 function to phose and searchy an inclusion of the same it the arguer than in H. microcophulus i involuces sources has hierarc-consecut the scalesrather shorter than the disk. Chaff of the receptation more are 3-rooted and hairy at the sammin. Pappus shorter than the glabeous achemism.

30. II. Unrights: i stem platness and planeous, branching: bases opposite, or the uppermost alterator, oblog-alnocolas, acuts, sensite, entre cobscurgey services, with scalaboray through the submost margins, amound and planeous to bade and a submost sensitive sen

Southern States 1-The taket of our specimen having been lost, we are uncertain as to its particular locality. It belongs to a plant 4 or 5 feet bigh beanching after the manner of H. microcephalus; with somewhat consecont smooth leaves, which are less veiny as well as more obcurrely triplinered

HELIANTRUS.

COMPOSITE.

thm in that species, pale hences h, scare at the base, but nearly or quite scale. Heads about view the size of those of H. Imcrocephanic, of the same shape, on stender polymeters, the scatte of the involuces (all shorter than the disk) slightly cliffs. C. Daff of the recreated linear, earlier, shows. Cosollo ef the disk with a long throat, and a very short proper tube. Achenia glabram, or with a few music scattered bairs. Intermediates scales of the paper sometimes confluent with the larger ones, all decideous, as usual in the genus.

10. If *Longibilis* (Purel): very smooth and glaboust, items indeed from numerous from the same rost, haves opposite or result alternate, some start and the same rost, have a special or range of the most and radical morting into sincler marginal priorities, ranky sourcedus of the involver or such accellar; the caterior with Intereductandust and the same start of the start of the same start and the same start in the form of a caterior with Intereductandust mort and number with two intermediate spannels are start and the same start of the same start of the same start of the involver of a cate-hardwork converse duratication of the same start in the same start of the same start of the same start of the involver of a cate-hardwork of the start of the same start is the same start of a cate-hardwork of the start of the same start is the same start of the same start of the same start of the same start is the same start of the same start of the same start of the same start is the same start of the same start of the same start of the same start is the same start of the same start is the same start of the same start of

We sterm part of Georgia 1 in wet cell. Sept.-Det.-An normalized response of the second seco

1 Obscure or little-known species.

 H. paueiflorus (Nutt.): leaves opposite, linear-lanceolate, acuminate, strate, nearly smooth; stem naked, trichotomous, few-flowered; scales of the involucer closely imbricated, ovate. Nutt. gen 2. p. 177. Lower Lousiana...-Plant 4-3 feet high. Leaves sometimes ternately

Lower Louisiana.-Plant 4-5 feet high. Leaves sometimes ternately verticillate, very long, paler beneath and somewhat pubescent. Ray and disk nearly the same color. Nutt.-This species is unknown to us; we find no specimen in the herbarium of the Academy of Natural Sciences.

33. If. pureliss (Nutt.): hirsutely pilote and scabrous; leaves opposite, orace-interced, nuceointe, attenuated below, subprintate, nearly entire, 3-nerved; upper leaves a nuceointe, nicrostate; involutorum hoary, hingh, the scales imbranted, lanceniate, acute, as well as the receptualer pilet: achemism smooth.—Nutt. in trans. Asset, pibl. soc. (ac. rec).7. P. 3065.

B.1 Nicollet: somewhat strigose-canescent: stem simple; leaves (the lowest warning) lanceolate, 1-nerved, npering to the base, sensile, obscurely servlate; the uppernots alternates scales of the involuce? lanceolate or subscale canescently pulsescent; rays 14-20; pappus of 2 oblong-lanceolate collify scales.

Refety Mountains of the Plane, Notatil ; who describes it as a perturbal, many strummed appendix, having a food height to heaves 3-3 indexed loop, about a factoring where the perturbation of the perturbation of the Abouting where the perturbation of the perturbation of the Markowski and the perturbation of the perturbation of the large and perturbation of the perturbation of the perturbation large and perturbation of the perturbation of the perturbation have obligations. The perturbation of the perturbation of the perturbation have obligations of the perturbation of the perturbation of the perturbation have obligations. The perturbation of the perturbation of the perturbation have obligations of the perturbation of t

lected in the same region during Major Long's second expedition; in which all the leaves are opposite and somewhat spatulate, the cauline broader, and nearly spreeing with the character of Mr. Naturll's H. pumilus.

34. H. Douglasii: upper part of the stem and branches achimoshimoter the leaves alternate, rhomboid-loods, scabrong-buscescni, obscuruly triplinetwork, entire or alightly tooched, contracted into winged petioless; pedinoles terminal, naked; scienter scales of the involuter failencess, linear-blong, obscille, houser than the disk, aprending or reflexed; rays 10 or more, small; about a charty wave.

California, Desgina (--The imperfect specimens from which we have ventrated to describe this species (mentioned by Hoker & Arnott in the supplement to Capt. Beschey's Voyaçe, p. 133), consist only of branches, or of the summit of the seem, which appears to have been weak or decumbers: the leaves are 2-3 inches long, including the cuneiform hase or winged petiole.

 H. hispidulus (Ell.): stem scabrous; leaves opposite, sessile, ovstelanceolate, tapering towards the summit, servlate, scabrous on the upper surface, paler underneath and slightly hispid; scales of the involucre ovstelanceolate; clinate; chaff 3-toothed, Ell. ak. 2, p. 419.

The hereas near the lasticity, Georgin, Sept. Gout.—Stein 3-4 field high Learns long, among in pilosirevel, very obviously semilar. Involver as long as the full. Rays '6-10, about an inclut long. $EL \rightarrow 0$, writeful are likely as the full. The second semilarity of the second semilarity of the Harves allowing associated ongoins respectively and the likely full H. divertically equip assist, are constrained at the biase, pilot givneeds, and boost with small and sentenced, rather rigid white hims the givments. The second second second second second second second white we degreently delever in H. stranomes.

39. If waldform (Linns): thisoms tensis, influend : new reck, hendling, earborns : prevent interval, memory hendling, earborns : prevent interval, memory interval, scaboras; the lower contast, the upper overlaw, effective earborns, the control interval and earborns, the scatter interval earborns, effective earborns, the earborn interval earborns, effective earborns, the earborn interval earborns, the earb

Virginia, seconding to autors: Guarcial Autoria, Definition of a second second

1 1 Introduced species.

37. H. Indersona (Linna): root bearing obling tubers stern erect, branching neutrons: here all manue, priode, trippler red, endrouw, arms ; the lower (opposite) conductorates, the only trippler red, endrouw, arms; the stern the bars; scales of the involver himsel-mechane, cilitate. Dic.-Jace, New Tradob. t. 161; Schleubr, handb. t. 258; Beck, hot. p. 203; Darlingt', A. Cate, p. 43.

Naturalized along fence-rows, &c., in many places, where it becomes a troublesome weed. Said to have been derived originally from Brazil:

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cultivated for a very long period for its fleshy tubers .- Rays 12-15. Pappus of 1 to 4 subulate scales or chaffy awas .- Jerusalem Artichoke.

II. neglectar, Hort. Berol. 1840; we have seen no description of this species. In it H. rigidus ?

H. villous, Nutt. is enumerated in Loud. hort. Brit., but no-where described.

98. HELIANTHELLA.

Heads many-flowered 1 the ray-dimense 10-64, neutral 1 these of the dist proferds. Scalar of the involver: lines or a macestatic, in about 2 stories, lossy, somewhat foliaecoux. Chaff of the receptacle persistent, embensing the thereins. Corolla of the dark scylinderist, dengrady, forwards with a very short proper tabs. Branches of the atje very hapingt, more or less obtaus for group compared, which one or hold margin shighly singled and produced at the summal into a short autoclane and host rate persistent approximate from lings, elaboras or cillators. Personal here, with linger or lancecolars mody storied and scale tensities taxes, and solitary slowy heads terminating the stem or thrancels.

§ 1. Receptacle convex : appendages of the style stender, hispid throughout.

b) I. grandfilmer zeros imply, indy, schlossophisozett i tavat inso obtainabless, i constraints and schlass schlass of the implement interollate, Kotte, koncentrain appressed, absort the integrate of the initial schlass i schlassophisozetta i schlassophisoze

Ease Froits, Dr. Lencourde f. Dr. Borread – Senson appendix for high the high the base wavelength, Larvev vision for the first sense of the sense high the base variants, Larvev vision for latches, the separation scarcely an inche long. Chief neurity heigh variants for have been been been finden long. Consider a particular high the sense have the base haves. The wavelength of the strength heigh height have long and the sense of the sense of the sense of the sense historical and sense of the sense of the sense of the sense historical and sense of the particular historical by the protongation of the minimum sense of the sense of the sense of the sense of historical and sense of the particular historical by the protongation of the historical and particular historical by the protongation of the historical and particular historical by the protongation of the historical and the particles.

9. If hompitate a series similar weakness, simple, or humching at the same first leaves are parametry billions. Increased, say schemes a calles of the invidiance innecessare-aubilities, home, hintenes, as long as the disk: rays 10-321. Vidiance innecessare-aubilities the coolida: a theoretical enterpoint and the same state of the same state of the same state of the first line and the same state of the same state of the same state state angles obsciently bottlet.

Sand hills, Middle Florids, Dr. Chapman !- Leaves 2 inches or more in length, less than a line wide. Heads not half the size of the preceding. Disk-corolla short, glabrous; the proper tube very short and indurated.

Style bulbous at the base. Summit of the achenium obscurely coroniform, produced into a short sourcewhat becaute tools at the principal angles (the inner angle strongest), ind very obscurely toolked at the intermediate angles.

§ 2. Respectable flat : the chaff broad, chartances-membranerous, entires cade of the involvers suparrose-preparation is the instri instru-Insociate is the cities rise foliareous, or one of these charged into larges' branches of the style month bolow, terminated by a short diluted or protability approximation of highly margins : both of the corolla denety puberslent externally: somitie fast, with margins.

3. H. Douglasii: seen (the upper portion) hirsute with spreading huin: strinte-angled; leaves oblong-anneolate, acuish, sessile, triphinevred, glabrous, or sparsely hirsute-public scent on the midfi and margings: head solitary, pedunculate; the winded margins of the young achemia lacerate-fringed at the summit, not awagel; interrobidiate sugnatellis obsolet on none.

4. H. Innoclutis: nearly glabrans: term growth, busing 9-3 or near subscelle, heads i leaves inaccelles, acuminate au each etd, petiold, 3-nerved, a little hairy; the upper and lower alternate, the intermediate opposite; achievals abort, obcording, the narrow (not cilluted) wings predention of the start of the start of the length of the orage from dime symmetic obsolves — Leice or thrite the length of the orage. And the sector of the start of the length of the orage from the sector. A start of the start of the sector of the start of the orage. And dime symmetic obsolves — Leice or thrite the length of the orage. And sector of the start of the start of the start of the start of the start. And sector of the start of the start of the start of the start of the start.

Rocky Mountain plains, and Upper California? Nettall.-Having no secimens (except the ovaries), we have drawn the character from Mr. Nutall's description. The stem is said to be 12 to 18 inches high; the lower leaves 6-8 inches long, an inch broad. Ravs 12-14; the cheft retuse.

5. H. wijforz: stem and leaves clothed with a short and activenessis citerous pubsecnes: leaves lanceolate-olong, rainer scutz, triplicrevel intry on a long naised pointed: involvere leaves opposite i many sowings of the young obviest achees alline, each being if the singer interwings of the young obviest achees alline, each being if the singer is 2 noise apparently persistent wave as long as the own; sing if the singer is 2 noise apparently persistent wave as long as the own; sing if the singer is 2 noise apparently persistent wave as long as the own; sing if the singer is 2 noise apparently persistent wave as long as the own; sing if the singer is 2 noise apparently persistent wave as long as the own; sing if the singer is 2 noise apparently persistent wave as long as the own; sing if the singer is 2 noise apparently persistent wave as long as the own; sing if the singer is 2 noise apparently persistent wave as long as the own; sing if the singer is 2 noise apparently persistent wave as long as the own; sing if the singer is a single in the singer is a single in the single is a single in the single interview.

Philad. 7, p. 37. Lexistence mining, Neur. 7 mergers, dance, philat exc. Lex. Reschy Monamises, on the accurate of the Missioner, Mr. Wyeld, J. June-Resemblish the preceding: and like them with the nerves of the leaves comnected by transverse reinculated venimes. Rays, 15–30, more than an inchlong.—This species makes a nearer approach to Leighis than the others, but centalisty in does not belong to that germs.

Leighia? Hosteriana, Nutt 1. c. - Helianthus Hookerianus, DC. - H. longifilius, Host (not of Purst), in Wyethia robusta, Nutt. 1 Leighia debilis, Nutt. 1 c. (in a

HELIANTHELLA.

COMPOSITÆ.

note) from Maldonado, is apparently L. buphthalmiflora S. Host. 4 Arn. ; and L. Balderiniana, Nutt. L c. is Pascalia glauca, Ort., DC.

ACTINOMERIS. Nutt. gen. 2, p. 131 (1818); DC. prodr. 5, p. 675. Pterophyton, Cass. (1818).—Actimeris. Raf.

Hards mary-discretci; the ray-discrets 4-14, douganed, or somitimes wattime. Seates of the involuents findiances, nearby equal, in 1-34 artiss, mostly absorb faster than the disk. Receptance energy or cogical, chaffy; the disformaburing the neutre margin of the schemics. Control of the disk with a more or ises inflated a-bided limb longer than the tube. Branches of the weight neutrinoid by an acture or abulance cone. A chafta compressed, doweight neutrinoid by an acture or abulance cone. A chafta compressed, doweight neutrinoid by the compression of the schematic at annatic and the schematic and the schematic at a schematic at the schematic at a schematic at a schematic at a schematic at the schematic at a schematic at a schematic at a schematic at the schematic at a schematic (schematic at a schematic (schematic at a schematic (schematic at a schematic at a

§ 1. Receptacle very small, subglobuse : scales of the involucre somewhat in a double series, spreading or reflexed, rather shorter than the disk: rays 4-8 or rarely 12, usually few and irregular: achemic broadly winged : disk sparrose in fruit: Rocers yillow.—Acrossens.

1. A. sparroug (Nucl.) is seen more or less pole-cent and hairy and signed above; Less colong-lance-class or the lower over the mession, the signed above; Less colong-lance-class or the lower over the mession is a set both made. Altern aligning protocols, each made above, a

alternifolia: leaves alternate, or the lower frequently opposite; rays
 -A. alternifolia, DC. ! prodr. 5. p. 575.

 oppositifolia: lower leaves generally opposite, sometimes ternately verticilitet (Exgelmann, in litt.); rays 6-12.—A. oppositifolis, Freemus, ind. sem, hort. Franc, 1836, § in Linnaa, 12, suppl. p. 77; starcely of DC. prodr. 7, p. 2007

Dy or different and, throughout the Waters Stars from Medigan to Ar-Mana Waters New York, DR Starkell and in the waters motion of the Southern Atlantic Stars I Ang-Oct.—Stem 4 of the high phonesistion of the stars in watershear from a plant produced by seeds even from Hilmin's VD. Stephenam, who incomes as that the common plant of the rege generally list opposing lawses. Do Candidic's description of A. expediations were been been been as the star of the stars of the stars of the star bar opposing lawses. Do Candidic's description of A. expediations were were were were were associated and the stars of the stars of the stars were stars. The stars of the star of the stars of the stars of the stars were stars as the stars of the star of the stars of the stars of the stars.

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ACTINOMERII.

§ 2. Receptacle very small, subglobose : scales of the involucre few in a single series, at length reflexed : achenia usually broadly winged : rays none : disk equarrose in fruit : the corolla white.—As SCRIMENIS.

2. A. albar isome moroit, and glabroux, or enhous-puberlent at the summit, often slightly winged above: I alwas alternate, narrowly inneroldsts, tapering to each end, slightly petioled, serrate, scabroux i heads in above corputs i scales of the involucer innocodate-sublative: rehenia conversel with 3 decider wave.— A. squaremen, serve alba, Nati, I. etc. Ell, V. Lee, Verie Michael M. Weiter, V. Lee, Vereich, I. etc. Mithieums penichtan, Watt Care, p. 201.

Alfviral soit & c.s. S. Cambian to Western Louisians! Aug-Out-Sten 3-01 fost high. Leaves S-5 inches long : the lower ones very sharply verrate; the upper often decurrent, but frequently not at all so. Heads smaller than in A. squares. Chief or test-issensiolate, abover than the flowers, membranescous. Addenia with a very broad white wing; which is flow dynamic point the transverse dimension of the structure back membranescous. The other structure of the structure back membranescous and the transverse dimension of the structure back membranescous and the transverse dimension of the structure back membranescous and the same longer than in the preceding species, and the corella with a more deeply cells (limb).

§ 3. Receptacle conical: scales of the involucre in 2-3 series, not spreading or reflexed in fruit: rays 8-15, regular: advanta slightly usinged: flavor yellow: stem (and sometimes even the pedancles) complexously usinged with the decurrent alternate leaves.—Princoveryon, Cass. (partly)

3. A. Adianthoides (Nur.): sem hinare-pathesen: leves alternais orate-inncollex, neuts, seriate, icosyle sasie, cancently villaws with set appressed hairs beneath, strigace-scabous above; heads (see in a contrade simple corput), pedunders monthy wingles: rays 10-4, long and rays, an

Thickness and in preferse, Oile' Hunds' and Missou'l to the sector part of Gorgin', Loniana' and Arkanasal 'Luns-July-Serme 3-4 life high. Lawawa shows 3 inclusions (and a sector sector sector with equilations. Response of the sector sector sector sector for a sector sector sector sector sector sector sector for a sector sector sector sector sector sector sector for a sector sector sector sector sector sector sector methods and the sector different from the other N. A sector sector sector sector sector different from the other N. A sector sector sector sector sector different from the other N. A sector different from the other N. A sector different from the other N. A sector sect

§ 4. Receptails at length conical: scales of the involver few, in 9-3 ordinand providing or reflected in finit; the exterior lanceolate, much shorter than the disk; the intermetous recombining the chaig; the rough roug rough actions anally wingless, with short arms : flowers yellow: lances closely sensite, mostly of points, not at all decurrent - Argenon.

4. A. nudicaulis (Nutt.): scabrous-hirsute ; stem wingless, paniculately

ACTINOMERIS.

COMPOSITÆ.

branched at the summit; the branches slender, naked above; heres oral or lanceolate-oblock, sherply and unequally serrate, obtase or rather same, sesnic by a slightly contain base; the appermost alternate or scattered; head irregalarly corrotate base; the appermost alternate or scattered; head irregalarly corrotate base; the appermost alternate or scattered; head casionally winged on one or both sides.—Natt. I in trans. Amer. phil. soc. (n. exr), 7, p. 2014. Helianburg a faistures, BML b 2, p. 263.

Dry sterifie soil, Gengria i Alashami et al Mihlle Florifielt Ang-Nov-Som 3-5 for high often simple. Levere 3-6 index loss (p. 1-4) kond. Heads small, 3-5 on each rest henrik i the critical erginnary on a holt man and the sterifield of the sterifield of the sterifield of the sterifield many sterifield in the sterifield of the sterious – Elliost support due at small single sterifield of the sterifield of

\$ 5? Auns of the winged achenia obsolete : leaves opposite, decurrent on the stem: peduacles naked, elongated : rays 3-4.- ACHETA, Nutt.

 A.7 practifora (Natt.): hirsute; leaves elliptical, obtuse, serulate; pedincles very long, bearing 2 heads; achenia with a shallow cup at the sammit.—Natt. I in Sill. jour. 5, p. 301, & trans. Amer. phil. see, L. e. Ess. Florida. Mr. Marc.—Achenia obvyste-obbone, with a consoliconus

wing, which extends across the summit, and forms a slight cup.

Div. 3. CORDSPICE, DC. (ccl. en.)-Rays neutral, ligalane, or very rarely wanting. Achenia obcompressed (that is, flattened parallel with the scales of the involuce), how rotariate. Papping 3. (rently 4), toothed or awread (sometines obscard) poroinform), or none; the awas or teeth often symardly, but never retrossel whold.

100. AGARISTA. DC. prodr. 5. p. 569; not of Don.

Hads many-downers]; the any-downer (a-10) metral; those of the full billing, perform. The router broadly expansions, double; the exterine of (4, 16-2) metral/y formally over a source late fittice on a state, maintain the low the description of the state of the state of the state of the description of the state of the state of the state of the state description of the state of the state of the state of the description of the state of the state of the state of the description of the state of the state of the state of the state description of the state of the state of the state of the state description of the state of the state of the state of the state description of the state of the state of the state of the state of the description of the state description of the state of t

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the habit of Coreopsis. Leaves alternate, pinnately and bipinnately parted ; the rachis and segments linear. Heads showy, solitary, terminating the terete and naked summit of the stern or branches. Flowers of the (large) ray and of the disk golden vellow.

101. COREOPSIS. Linn. gen. no. 981 (excl. spec.) ; Schkuhr, handb. t. 200.

Corcopais, Chrysostemma, & Calliopais, Less., DC. 4.

Heads many-flowered ; the ray-flowers about 8 (wanting in one or two species), neutral ; those of the disk tubular, perfect. Involucre double, each of about 8 (6-12) scales ; the exterior foliaceous, narrower and sometimes more numerous, usually more or less spreading ; the interior broader and often rather membranaceous. Receptacle flat or somewhat convex, chaffy; the chaff membranaceous, mostly deciduous with the fruit. Corolla of the dish with a slender tube, and an infundibuliform or campanulate 5-toothed limb. Branches of the style hairy at the summit, and terminated with an acute conical or subulate appendage, or truncate, or obtuse. Achenia obcompressed, not rostrate or tapering at the summit, often winged, 2-awned, 2-toethed, or somewhat 2-squamellate, or sometimes naked at the summit; the teeth of awns usually denticulate or hispid upwardly, but never downwardly .---Herbaccous (American) planta, with opposite or sometimes alternate divided or undivided leaves. Heads terminating the branches, solitary or corymbose-Rays (many-nerved) usually yellow : the corolla of the disk yellow or dark purple at the summit. Anthers blackish.

- § 1. Branches of the style terminated by an acute cone, or an abrupt enhalate appendage : corolla of the ray and disk (with one or two exceptions) yellow -Evecomposens.
- Advanta simplete, constantionang, Instiguta en acta tala, and howmeng Da, Corelly paras bands 24-3 totokon en consols, and price consultanti and tala for exterior into subset 24-bits of totokon en actuals, and price conservation and and the constantiant and price constantiants, folicio antis, applica numerosa and elegipatar, reference i reas (resilve actual prisonal actual price constantiants), and and actual prisonal actual prison and prisonal prisonal priority and a tabale prisonalis servatori, very existence - Diodontes, Netti Plabalesti, tile prisonalisti quivide en lobel prisonalis servatori, very existence - Diodontes, Netti

These plants entirely accord with Bidens 4 Platycorpus, except that the awns of teeth of the achenia are not retrorsely barbed, and are often nearly wanting. We do

COREOPSIS.

not find sufficient characters to warrant their separation from Corcopsis; but if this be done, they might with more propriety be joined to Bidens (at least to the broadfruind section), then erected into a distinct group, as proposed by Nutatil.

+ Rays none

1. C. Gioscilar: Jahowa i some nevet or according, diffusely insubely, leaves on long proteinduits, ensmity invited the division some-insuenaise, according to the source of the source insuence of the source of the source insuence of the source of the

⁶ Wei places and wramp, Glamba, Ohn, M. Solfrent I. Felriana, D. Compare, D. Corperter, V. Werter, Lowinan, Dr. Halder, Texan, Dramond I. Virginia, M., Rapel J. July-Sept.--0,1. Sem 1-6 the highlawer leaves non-minemise undivided. Matter heads for 41 lines long, Extrofor involvers sometimes and inch long. Array sometimes cancelorath or even one-hild the length of the achievant, but does very much shorter, even in the same individual...This plant has exactly the appearance and structure of B Belless F J Europeanes, except that the away are highly dipendity.

2. C. Akdenskikar, Natur, under. Diedontij) - dwarf, diffuely branched, negrative sknoedkare-inner, innerely toothed, inpering into a petidose starter involucer of 3 or 4 linear foliaccosis scales often longer than the (small) heads, the inner 6-6, membranceoux, with coherd (yellow) tips; awas akader, upwardly highd, much longer than the (source of the starter starter) and the starter of th

Neur Philadelphia, Natall /- Foundard up change specimen of somewhat moentin origin, with the aspect of a dwarff likely exercising the shower of the spectral the learner of the shower of the the spectral the intermediate angles some fiber dwarfs, the spectral spectral the intermediate angles some described being the somewhat dilated and exerted yellow summits of the imparadome remolerancement chall.

t + Heads radiate.

3. Convert (Ma) is also are early us a simulation is over laws a Gamma 3 and ordering its maps of advances of a maintense maps the disposition of the second secon

a. substgra: upper leaves mostly 3-divided, with the lateral divisions short and small; or the uppermost frequently simple, lancolste, elongated, perioded, sharpy serrate, or entire towards the tapering apart—C, surce, Ait. I tae, not of Lindl. C, argun, Park! / 3.2, p. 567. C. anabigua, Nutl. I in jour. acad. Philad. 7. p. 75.

B. Leptophylla : cauline leaves pinnately 3-5-divided ; the terminal divi-

sions linear, elongated, sparingly toothed ; the lateral shorter, lobed or incised. -Diodonta leptophylla, Nutl. in trans. Amer. phil. soc. l. c.

) is non-lower fewere high-marky parted or divided the upper planately 29–parted, the division incised or total—C. mith, Moltz, J. f. 2, p. 34. Work places throughout the Southern Statest originally described from a specimene collected. In East Forlink by Barbrau (r. e.g. in low-B. Boilon, Aug.-Oc- ± 2). Stem 2–4 feet high, at length much branched, Rays about 9, obverge-out, attheft args. A chemical Solitons to a speciment more than half as large as in C. it-folosperma, and proportionally broukers the summit emanging-terminate, or with very down sourceast Laipt end

6. C. richiopezzat (Micka): glaboux; arm souwhat 4-mgleti [terms on hort quaryi (zin in periods), mining 4-3-mont of addivide the division interdentiane of these interdentianes for horized in the period of the source of the

It achieves unitable of the second s

6. Continue (Michai): minutely palsecent, or rarky glubout: two partnergatar bables (leves pinnate); the low ret binnate): \$2,5-pinnet of dividely predicted; the division bancedata, sharry yearns, instead, of tables, where the second se

Disking actions, Nucl. 1: in Trans. Asser, which we let c. Swarapa, McKingan J Ohiel. Wiscowyl 1: We stern Longitude 1: Aug-Sept.—2]. Stem 3-3 forch high, at length branchistely much branched Rays large. Assert a consentions of linear protects of protects the integratic start of the brancher and flatter, with very hin in any related spectres: the wirse spatially brancher and flatter, with very hin any start of the start of the start of the brancher and flatter, with very hin any start of the start of the

6. C. involventa (Nutr.): minutely polsecret; stem quadragular bergi lavar 3-c-pinnstely 3-prinetral: the dynamics linear-incocolate, incident total of the steeping of the

COREOPSIS.

COMPOSIT/E.

Arkansas, Nuttall ! "Dr. Pitcher !-Fruit unknown. The plant entirely resembles C. aristosa, excepting the outer involucre, and the short teeth of the overv.

 Ackenia obsent-oblong, wingless, obsolidly 2-toothed at the summit : werdure-naarly as in Chrynoseanings: the scale scaledy united; rays entire : appendages of the style orste-oriangular, with a short point : haves opposite, angle, underdod, serate, convisued reduce-sciend — Silohidium.

7. G. Jaifold (Micks): very smooth and glabrous: stem tall; large membraneous, overs do order-bolkog, a communic, irregularly denite-serrate, with the teeth nuccounts, aburyly contracted into short petioles, pade benefat; hands is small trichcomous corymbic; scales of the involuce 4-5 in each series; the exterior linear, sprending.—*Micks*, 1*f*, 92, p. 137. High mountains of Corolina, *Michaul*: Mountains of Corogina and North

High mountains of Carolina, Michauz! Mountains of Georgia and North Carolina, Mr. Buckley! Aug.-Lower leaves often 6 incluse long and 4 broad. Heads small to the size of the plant: anys 5 or 6, large. Chaff obleage-linear. Corolla yellow. Anthers log, black. Mature achenia unhonws 1: the flat ovaries are obscurely margined.

•• Advances displaced, accredul y visiged and senseted interved differenties, neurophate it is a sense of the visite and the memory interplaced in the distribution of the distribution

8. C. cipiteris (Linn.): assoch and Jaharos: sem tall, simple, or exprabes haver, alvisians of the leaves inscellate, acute with vey sentous mergins, and with an obscure marginal nerve kindle on about performanlized. J. Boos Microb, 20, 20, 303 Microb, 20, 2020; 20, Els. M. 2, p. 642. Anness triperies. Edwards: Unspectrum of plants and the sentence of the sentence of the sentence of the sentence of heaves minantly vestore-performation.

Dry wai, and never arcsans, Michigan and Massaul' to Fordal and Louisiant 3. Waters Louisiant, Dr Fordal', Aug Cett--12, Mens 4-8 forthigh. Heads including the spreading rays an lock or more in dimenter—The densicalse riong as the summit of the achieving is smally confired to the wing, so that the payons ran secretly be clim which appears, moreover, the summit of the wing is more of test densitates.

*** deviand addama, accorately an ingred, attended are a titlef inserred, minichy & databate en analyse studie of research add for a ministric chef finance (form, permeterial studie of the statistican inserred addamater) of datas, about the inserts of the instirier, all worlds at the datas region annuality and attend articity channel models, and inserred addamater and pair research and a state-of pixe ja databaters and and annuality and addamater bearenced.—Specificationality dataset and annuality and a state and annuality bearenced.—Specificationality and annuality of the inserred and pixel and annuality.

 C. senifolia (Michr.): softly and minutely puberalent; stem quadrangular below; leaves closely sessile, 3-divided; the divisions oval-lanceolate, membranaceous, 1-nerved, obscurely veined, entire, starcely acuminate;

COMPOSIT/E.

COREOFSES.

rays lanceolate or colocag, rather acute, sometimes touthold disk yellow; a chemia narrowyl elliptical or sightly considering, with 2 minute chem deciduous subulate teeth, the narrow wing slightly servalate towards the sumint—Mickal, β , 2, p. 139; Parrh, β , 2, p. 539; Edl. 1, ds. 2, p. 439; Natl. 1 in jour, acad. Philad, 7, p. 771 DC.1 predr. 5, p. 573. C. major, Wall Care, 214.

β. stillata; glabrous; divisions of the leaves varying from oval-lancoolate (and acute or neuminate at both ends) to rather narrowly lancoolate.-C. stellata (herb Banka); Nutri in jour, acade Philad. 7, P. 76. C. semillia, Hook, bot. mag. t. 3484. (Varies rarely with the middle division of the laware 3-parteria, according to EDilout.)

Dry woods and in sandy soil, a. Virginia to Georgia! in the low and mddle contry, and St. Louis, Drawmod! B. Virginia! to Alabamal Kentucky! Ke. abonding in the upper contry. July-Aug.-H Divisions of the leaves 1-3 inches long, simulating a whorl of 6 leaves; the uppermost often undivided. Rays an inch long.

10. C. dephangidia (Larm); glabrass or minutely puberhetic; lawne clearly senits, 3-divide; the divisors entro et 3-3-partent, he middle est of 6 and primary beam attraction of the minutely beam of the senite divisor forces to work and a senite divisor of the senites of the senite divisor of the senite d

B. rigidas leaves (of the branches often simple) 3-divided; the division varying from narrowly linear to linear-lanceolate, entire, or the central are 3-cloft.--C. rigida, Nutl./ gen. 2. p. 180 (under C. senifolia). A in trans. Marc. phil. ison, 1. c.

Dry soil, and in pine woods, Virginia to Georgia! Alaborna! and Middle Plorida! chiefly along the mountains. Aug. --21 Steen 1-2 feet high distinct species, very variable in the width of the foliage (the divisions from 1 to 3 lines broud, rigid, very commonly undivided), and intermediate between C. vericilitata and C. sonifolia β , stellata.

Th. C. scoredizitat (Linn): publicas: zero. havebd; itsever dealy are fixed, 5-dividely its division pinnately parts in the segmetry strenge branch (zero) of the disc yellow in the section of or analy observed in the section of the disc yellow in the section of order sections of the disc yellow in the section of order sections of the disc yellow in the section of the disc yellow is the section of the disc yellow in the section of the disc yellow is the disc y

Here there is a second second

12. C. palmata (Nutt.) : glabrous or nearly so; stem simple or slightly

COREOPSIS.

COMPOSITÆ.

Plain and prairies, Michigari and on the Musingipi above the Plain 6 S. Anthony, (D. Hongkons), 16 Illions, Wasseril Arkanani and Lowhikana). Tamo-Jaty and 16 first high, rather right. Leaves about provide the second divations to the laster of the block of the block of the block divations of the second second second second second second divations of the second second second second second second divations of the second divations of the second divations of the second second

***** Advance searcy subcalar, bradly uringed and inversed who searcy, given similarly hierarchy, unamity furnishas that learns on the or hierdre's a the inverse that a distribution of the search of the search

Ib: Conversion (Lion): publicent with spreading or norms bains, or longth nonprival glathorins; indicial null lower lowers on states that ypefields, some af them ovel or results in a few spread or divided with the lateral divisions much analysis. The upper conversion of the plathons potentials; a cheata service violation, and and analysis, monty plathons potentials; a cheata service violation of an other with the lower of the straight of the service lawer of the straight monty likent and plathons potentials and the straight in a straight energies. The likent and plathons potentials and the straight in a straight energy and likent and plathons potentials. Senvilly straight and and the likent are submitted and discloser or divided.

So consistent and material indications: a new a new and sources, and provide a strain of the same in the same indication of the same i

3. leave oval-oblong or ovate-oblong, all but the uppermost on slender hairy periotes, mostly obtuse, all entire; rays oval-oblong, rather acute, alightly 2, ached.

7. Stem elongated, and with the leaves mostly softly publicatent, more or less branched; lower leaves 3-divided or parted, the terminal division 3 or 4

COMPOSIT/R.

Congorsis.

times larger than the lateral ones; the upper often entire, oblong-lanceolate, rather acute, slightly petioled; rays oval-cuneiform, toothed at the summin-C. suriculata, Schkuhr, handb. 1. 260; Willd.! spec. 3. p. 2256; DC.! L.c. C. pubescens, (and C. nuriculata?) Ell. ! L. c. Coreopecides lanceo-Inta, Masch, meth. p. 594. Anncia auriculata, Schrank, in acad. Masch. nat. 5. p. 7, ex DC. Leachia trifoliata, Cass. in dict. sci. nat. 25. p. 389. Chrysomelea auriculata, Tausch, hort, Canal., ex DC.

d. stem stout, very pubescent below ; leaves pubescent or nearly glabrous; the lower 3-parted with small lateral segments, or not unfrequently entire; the upper nearly sessile, entire, ample (3-4 inches long, and 1 to nearly 2 inches broad), oval-lanceolate or oblong ; rays laciniate-toothed .- C. auriculata, var., Gray ! in Sill. jour. 42. p. 45.

Dry soil, in rich woods and along streams, Virginia ! and Kentucky ! to Middle Florida ! and Western Louisiana ! more abundant in the mountainous districts. & Mountains of North Carolina! May-Sept .--- 14 Like variations. We have distinguished only the more important, assuming the smaller and vernal form as the type, which is moreover the plant of Plukenet, Clayton, &c. The stoutest and large-leaved var. d. resembles some of the garden states, which have been long in cultivation. Ripe achenis dark brown.

14. C. lanceslata (Linn.) : pubescent or nearly glabrous; stems short, ascending, often branched near the base ; leaves entire, with ciliate or scabrous margins; the radical and lower cauline oblanceolate or spatulate-oblong, tapering into hairy petioles; the upper oblong-lanceolate or linear-lanceolate, mostly solitary, on very long naked peduncles ; scales of the exterior involucre ovate-lanceolate; rays deeply 4-5-toothed or incised at the summit; achenia nearly orbicular, incurved when mature, broadly winged, crowned with 2 very short auriculiform denticulate squamella, which when old become (especially in cultivation) subulate teeth .- Linn, ! spec. 2. p. 908; Michar. / B. 2. p. 136 ; DC. ! prodr. 5. p. 570. Coreopsis, Linn. ! hort. Cliff. p. 420. Leachia lanceolara, (& L. crassiolia !) Cars. I. c. Chryso-

a. succisatiolia (DC.) : leaves glabrous or slightly pubescent, more or less ciliate (the stem often elongated and more branched in cultivation) .- Bideas succisefolio, radio amplo lacioiato, Dill. Eldi. t. 48, f. 56.

B. angustifolia : leaves glabrous, narrow, mostly ciliate ; the cauline ones linear; stem short, or rarely somewhat elongated .- C. lanceolata B. glabella, Michz. ! I. c.; DC. ! I. c. (chiefly.) C. Innceolata, Hook. ! fl. Bor. Are.

y. villosa (Michx. ! I. c.) : very bairy or villous throughout : the prdunches and involucre (and sometimes the surface of the spatulate or oblong-lanceoand involver (and sometimes the surface of the spatialize or obsorptimes) late leaves) becoming glabrones, Persk, 1, c, 2, DG/L, c, C, censidelia, Ad. Kens, (cd. 1) 3, p. 253 (field Pursk, Key); Edl. ek. 2, p. 434. C, Ob boggifolia, Natt, 1 in your, each Philad, 7, p. 76. Rather Jamp and Nigerit, North shore, of Lake Supprior, Dr. Pickler I, and Bianol 1 and Nissenti, North shore, of Lake Supprior, Dr. Pickler I, and

Lake Huron, Dr. Todd, fide Hook. June-Aug.-24 or 21 Heads showy: the rays an inch long, bright yellow. Achenia blackish when mature.

15. C. grandiflora (Nutt.) : glabrous ; stem slender, striate-angled, simple or branching ; leaves on hirsute or somewhat citiate petioles; the radical Innceolate or linear-spatulate, or sometimes divided ; the cauline 1-2-pinnately or ternately 3-5-parted, with the segments or lobes narrowly linear or lanceolate, canaliculate; the uppermost sessile; heads solitary, on long naked peduncies; scales of the exterior involucre lanceolate or ovate-lanceolate,

COREOPSIS.

COMPOSITÆ.

about the length of the inner, acute or acuminate; rays 4-5-cleft at the apex: a chemia orbicular, winged, incurved, crowned with 2 short denticulande-finbriate squamellate tech-Nutl. *it*, in *ther. Barclag, 6 in trans. Amer. phil. soc. l. c. p.* 308; *Hogg, in Smeet, Brit. fl. gard. t.* 175; *DC.1 prodr. b. p.* 572.

3. longipes : heads rather smaller ; exterior involucre shorter than the inner ; radical leaves commonly unlivided.—C. longipes, Hook. ! bot. mag. t. 3566 ; DC. prodr. 7, p. 290.

3360 (DC) producting, adical and lowest cauline leaves narrowly linear or lanceolate, entire; one or more of the upper 3-parted, the lateral segments amaller; exterior involucre usually shorter than the inner.—C. Boykinians, Nut. 1 in trans. Ausr. phil. soc. 1, c.

Plain of Arkarons, Western Leuislann, and Texns, Nettall J. D., Pilok. et Dr. Leagueson/h. Dr. Englanman J. Drasmoul (u. & d.). Also Alabama, Dr. Gatesi y. Plexas, Drasmoul Southern Missouri, Dr. Engedonon (Gengia, LeChael / Dr. Beglein J. July-Septe-21: Plant 8-19 efform high. Heals recentlying those of C. Ianceislan. Chilf automatemiker high. Heals recentlying those of C. Ianceislan. Chilf automatemiker high. Interference of this section. Y utberguite consor as behavior, and nall the species of this section.

16. C. corrotate (Hock), 1 stem alender, erret or diffusely branched, nade and glabross except near the base: Leaves flaced), having, on sheader petioles, spatialize-oval or oblong, doituse, entire, or the lowest 3-6-divided the latent divideo solong, mail, scatta of the certerior involves lancevalue, cliante, and the latent latent and the stemest involves lancevalue, cliante and the latent latent latent latent latent latent latent divideo solong, or the latent latent latent latent divideo solong, or the latent latent latent latent divideo solong latent divideo sol

Texas, Dramsond I. Mr. Lindheimer. [---] Plant 8-15 inches high, either simple or branched near the base; which alone is leafy t the naked portion, or pedoncle, 6-10 inches long. Heads smaller than in C. lanceolata, &c. Limb of the leaves an inch long.—The rays are sometimes entirely yellow.

§ 2. Brancher of the style transactic and a slightly perivillate at the apper a shown in maked at the summair, are with two short or observe teach, more are less invarored, after minutely turbervalute: shaff discidums with the first exterior implances multi-rays mostly 3-colored (yithow with a brownish)-purple upt at the hash), basiched, it disc, glower dark purple or brannish : tennos opposite. (4)-diprimately discloid, the lower of archive_constants, Richeraba, DO.

* Achenia wingless.

17. C. Drawnowli is manual, more or less publicant on hirote with jointed hins; layers annualy 3-5-driving or smortlens simply: the division (or layers) avail or oblong, entire, or with the margin undulate ; seales of the exterior invalues. Incredita-atempticant, a little absort than the interior; ruys menguity 5-model, where the length of the invaluers; at homing observation wingless, arrough interved, naked or annually layer, the stars of bottom, wingless, arrough interved, naked or annually layer, the stars, of the stars, and the interved in the stars of the stars of the stars, and a star of the stars of the stars of the stars of the stars, and a star of the stars of the stars of the stars of the stars of the stars.

 β. leaves mostly pinnately 3-7-divided; the divisions entire, or frequently 3-parted.

Texas, Drummond !-- Stem 6-20 inches high, branched above. Rays with a small purplish spot at the base. Achenia much incurved.

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COREOPEN.

19. C districts (Nutt.): a manual, glabroux; lobus of the largest linear-blogs and lineary radies of the extern involuces very radie, attuel to a strain of the extern involuces very radie, attuel, and strain of home, with the summing, twice the length of the interior involuces; a tachenia de long, wingless, minuely uterestate on both sides, or summings nearby strained to the strain of the summing the strain of the summing the strain of the summing the strain of the summary strained to the strain of the strained to the strained to the straine very strained to the strained tother strained to the strained to the st

Damp printing, from the Upper Misson's (Mr. Nicolist) to Western Atkaness, Natali D. P. Ficher, D. F. Lorenzowski, H. Dr. Kangkonnes, I. Weisern Louisiana, Dr. Hiel: ("Teres, Drawsmod ! Dr. Larenzowski," (Very common in cultivation). J 10/20-061-580m 1-36 fest high. Rays golden yellow, towards the base deep brownish-purple: in cultivation nearly the whole my sometime becomes dark purple, as fayred in Bd. near, 1. Sofiiwhole my sometime becomes dark purple, as fayred in Bd. near, 1. Sofii-

· · Achenia winged.

19. C. Addinassione (Dong): personial, glabraus; lobas dhe lawa linear or linear-pauliate; scales of the acterior involver. Minar-bohm, dbtuse, somewhat scalious : rays obtasely 3-couched, three the length of the is refer involvers: a schenia elliptical, distinctly winged, crewned with 2 wy abort (often decilizon) sublistic tech....Daugi: in Lindl... box, reg. A. 9, 566.

Oregon, near the coast, Douglas ! Dr. Scouler !- This species, now common in the European gardens, appears to be the only one indigenous to Oregon, or any part of the country west of the Rocky Mountains. It greatly resembles C. (incroira, but is a larger plant.

30. C. conducting/dira: unmult_globrau; bokes of the leaves dovating of the upper linear space by linear; scales of the caserior involume very about, rather oftware; rays 3-def at the summit, wise the length of the interior involume; a schemi favoually very, winged, often with 2 short subslate teeth, amound or very minutely tuberculate.—Calliopsis case damine/oils. *PC-1 t. c.*

β. angustiloba : lobes of the leaves all narrowly linear; achenia tuberculate.

Texas, Berlandier ! 3. Western Louisiana, Dr. Hale !- The young achenia are usually crowned with two subulate teeth, which are united with the wing, and sometimes project a little beyond it.

§ 3. Brenches of the style transate or terminated with a very obstance over adverse straight or slightly incurved, ecound with two specerity estudies whighed areas evaluate tests is usinged margin modely fringed or disected, and dividence with the fruit: exercise involvements in superhead on the section of the site of the section of the section haded and dividence only computes at the sammil; leaves opposite a dismate(often in the sense specie), where or paring(1) adved—Councervant and (often in the same specie), where or paring(1) adved—Councervant

· Achenia slightly incurved, surrounded with a bread entire wing .- Calliopsidium.

21. C. Learencowskii : glabrous ; stem terete, slender, dichotomously branched at the summit; leaves opposite, narrowly linear, entire, of frequently with two lateral linear lobes ; the lower ones petioled; scales of the caterior involucre very short, ovrate-innecolate; rays 3-tooshed; achesis (in-

Congorsis.

COMPOSITÆ.

cluding the broad whitish wing) roundish oval, crowned with 2 swn-like teeth, which exceed the wing.

Turnga Bay, and near Fen Drane, Florida, Dr. Lonewowth $(-\overline{-}\overline{0}) \approx t1$. Stern often several from the same cost, 1–2 for high. Lower leaves 3–4 inches long, scarcely a line wide. Rays 5–6 lines in length, bright yellow: the brownise-period. Ackenia stenoch, the wing of each side as broad as been been been broad and the sternard stenoch and the sternard state in the sternard stenation of the sternard sternard state of the sternard sternard sternard sternard sternard sternard sternard sternard state in the more consequences thet, and the entirely yellow rays.

 Achenia not incurred; the wargin servalate, or with a laterate or pertinately dissected wing. (Eubleoharia & Rhabdocaulis, Nutl., excl. spec.)

By Galdaine (Walk) r (always) term torus values, dichosomosti organization at the some simulation of the solution of the some simulation of the solution of the some simulation of the some simulation of the solution of the solution of the solution of the source of the solution of the solution of the solution of the source of the solution of the baseline of the solution of the solution of the solution of the baseline of the solution of the solution of the solution of the baseline of the solution of the solution of the solution of the baseline of the solution of the solution of the solution of the baseline of the solution of the solution of the solution of the baseline of the solution of the solution of the solution of the solution of the baseline of the solution of the solution of the solution of the baseline of the solution of the solutio

Damp pine barrens, Nech Carolini to Goorjal and Fiordal. Aug-Brage. J Nem 2-6 feet high, under lower, 3-5 times discommon at the Sequenci and other barring 2-16-10 lockes lange and the policies. Lower lawses, including the starting 2-16-10 lockes lange annewhat winder the upper 4-5 lockes long, and decreming uppersist, in-strend the uppermute lawses, including a starting and starting particular schemes, about view the length of the award the linear segments of the ringed margin after a lockes and lock and lockes long lockes and lockes as long after a discharge and lockes and lockes and lockes and lockes after a discharge and lockes and lockes and lockes and lockes and lock lockes and lockes and lockes and lockes and lockes and lockes and lockes after a discharge and lockes and lockes and lockes and lockes and lockes after a discharge and lockes and lockes and lockes and lockes and lockes after a discharge and lockes and lockes and lockes and lockes and lockes after a discharge and lockes and lockes and lockes and lockes and lockes after a discharge and lockes and lockes and lockes and lockes and lockes after a discharge and lockes and lockes and lockes and lockes after a discharge and lockes and lockes and lockes and lockes after a discharge and lockes and lockes and lockes and lockes after a discharge and lockes and lockes and lockes and lockes after a discharge and lockes and lockes and lockes and lockes and lockes after a discharge and lockes and lockes and lockes and lockes and lockes after a discharge and lockes and lockes and lockes and lockes and lockes after a discharge and lockes and lockes

B): Comparing/fairs (Alin) a phalowest sum accutely d-angled, virgans, dare for dischormonary harmonic danse are sum of provision of the lower frerementy alternative transmission of the sum of the view of the sum of the sum of the sum of the sum of the view of the sum o

Mean relation to the second se

24. C. integrifelia (Poit.): glabrous; stem terete below, striste-angled and often corymbose above; leaves ovate or oval-lanceolate, entire, with a whithis and somewhat cartifications smooth or cillate-scalarosa margin; the latence cores mouth allocations, not by expecting its in matrical somewite takayang periode, the uppermose much somaller, opposite, sensiler; heads few; scales of the extent in relative colong-linear, colong, sensiler; heads few; scales of the interior; rays narrowly consistion; 3-loked; 3-4 times the length of the isvolver; takeful in (mumator) narrowly cateform-boles; within the first or volver; takeful in (mumator) narrowly cateform-boles; within the first or volver; takeful in (mumator) narrowly cateform-boles; within the state arrow-Peirr angul; 2, p. 322; DC.! proofs; 5, p. 570. C. Genleri, Eli, &, 5, p. 430.

Cordina, Rose I, Goregia, "mose the junction of Droud and Shiteh Kives, Regions," or 2016an, Sever Channess, Pr. Rights? I and the heart PAR Generic ver a Channess, Pr. Rights? I and the heart Neura Science and Barcolater the upper above run of one papeako, molecular profession Barcolater the upper above run of one papeako, molecular profession Barcolater the upper above run of one papeako, molecular profession Barcolater the upper above run of one papeako, molecular profession Barcolater of the style dark particle science and science and Barcolater of the style dark particle science and science and the length of min may have growned.

§ 4. Branches of the style truncate or terminated with a very obtuse costs achenia as in Coreoloms, or naked and wingless setterior involvers smalls rays 3-5-toothed, rose-red : the disk-flowers light yellow : leaves alternate or opposite, undivided, and entire.—Constructs.

35. Grandrán (Nuti), zjahonosy stem terete, dichotomuly brandrá above jevos 60 so alo renzo, elementa, tereto, subinet r the lover rábogadot the upper very short, seales of the exterior involver menh abore than the interior yay (mar-ed) brandly carrieran-boves, eremaily 3-4-storalet jachenia elliptical, surrounded with a narrow lacitativel iterate wing, crowed with two share paralle, factor-aerratic array. Nat. Jens. 2, p. 189, §ri tenus. Amer. phil. soc. L. c. Calliopsis nutlets, Spreng. 29, 5. 011.

Note 6: May's, Worr Frein, Rabiers, Apaberskon, Dr. Chaymer 11 Stern 5: 6b thalp, surveybut corymology transford, and lange without human, priphy chapting at the basis 1: the toose core (8-3) kord for the second structure of the second structure

36. Circust (Nut1): term buff, rough branched; haves opposite, an imperiation of the state of

COREOPSIS.

COMPOSITÆ.

Sandy or grassy swamps, from Plymouth, Massachusetta, Mr. Oakes ! Mr. Russell ! Nantucket, Mr. T. A. Green ! and Rhole Island, Prof. Bailey ! to New Jeney ! and Georgia. July-Acg.— 21 Plant steeleds re-8-15 incbes high. Heads small. Appendages of the style (yellow) slightly capitate and tuncate.

C. trifida (Lam. ill. t. 704) is of unknown origin, and is unlike any North Ameritan species.

C. fleriouslis (Raf.): "stem simple, flexuous; leaves linear, thickened, the lower ones attenuated, the upper ones opposite; flowers terminal, crown-flowered: floscules 4-fid.," Raf. in med. repos. (hcz. 2) 5. p. 361, (South New Jerrey) is not likely to be identified.

C. aspera (Pursh): "leaves lanceolate-linear, rough; the upper alternate, the lower opposite; stem one-flowered," Parsh, $\beta, \lambda, p. 570$, is asid to have been described from a Maryland specimen in the Banksisch herbarium; where, however, we did not recognize the species.

C doud (Pursh, I. c.): "leaves ownte-lanceolate, acute, denticulate, somewhat hairy, alternate; flowers corymbose-pensiculate," which we were also unable to identify in the Brunksian herbaurum, is perhaps A chinomeria segurrose.

C. alate (Pursh, I. c.) is doubtless Verbeaina Sizeesbeckia.

Pressures, Ref.-Under this many Raffmenge founded a genus in his dowald of MAN (1980), which is addred dowalersing and the scalar of the involved matter product the scalar of the involved matter and the involved mat

Div. 4. BIDESTIBEE, Letter, DC.-Rays neutral, ligulate, or sometimes wanting. Achenia obcompressed, or often tetragonal or terete, and rostrate. Pappus of 2-4 (rarely 5-6) retrorsely barbed or scabrous hispid awas.

102. COSMOS. Cav. ic. 1. p. 9, t. 14 & 79; DC. prodr. 5. p. 606.

Heat manydowcari, the représent (bott 0) neutral, thou et due that thating, présent levaluer doubles, clead of b-10 auxes or seminant within, more elemant. Coulta de due hist, where the due the seminante many seminant. Coulta de due hist, where the seminante energy and the seminante clean de la due that the seminante energy and the seminante seminante elemants and the seminante material seminante elemants and the seminante energy and the seminante elemants and the seminante energy and the seminante elemants and the seminante term elemants and the seminante elemants and the seminante term elemants and the seminante elemants and the seminante term elemants and the seminante elemants and the seminante term elemants and the seminante elemants and the seminante term elemants and the seminante elemants and the seminante term elemants and the seminante elemants and the seminante term elemants and the seminante elemants and the seminante elemants and the seminante term elemants and the seminante elemants and the seminante elemants and the seminante elemants and the seminante term elemants and the seminante elemants

1. C. crudatus (H. B. & K.): glabrous or slightly hairy; leaves petioled, bipinnately parted; the segments lanceolate, feather-veined, cilinte-scabrous,

coupling a scalar of the involuces exceedy unified; the exterior linear-harmonic couplant, a diffuse, specular, a work y coupling the excitons at could for terior series; chall obtase; exceeded with 5 aprending washesseries; the K was specify a scalar to the formation of the f

Key West, Mr. Blodgett! A common West Indian species; also unteralized in the East Indias.-21 Rays rose-color, 3-cleft at the summit, scarcely longer than the involuce. Achenia (about 20) nearly an inch long.

103. COSMIDIUM. Torr. & Gray, mss.; Nutt, in trans. Amer. phil. soc. (n. ser.) 7. p. 361.

Heads many-flowered ; the ray-flowers about 8, neutral, or sometimes wanting; those of the disk tubular, perfect. Involucre double, each of 8 scales; the interior oblong-ovate, somewhat membranaceous, united to the middle, much larger than the exterior. Receptacle flat ; the chaff scarious, oblong, obtuse, with 2 approximate colored nerves, shorter than the flowers, partly investing the achenia, and deciduous with them. Corolla of the disk with a very slender tube, and a deeply 5-cleft limb; the segments long and linear, recurved. Anthers and style as in Cosmos (the base of the latter dilated into a conspicuous bulb.) Achenia linear-oblong (obscurely angled when young), terete or slightly obcompressed, a little incurved and tubercalate on the back when mature, not rostrate, the abrupt summit crowned with 2 dentiform retrorsely pectinate-ciliate (persistent ?) awns .- Annual and perennial dichotomous or brachiate glabrous herbs, with slender branches naked at the summit, and terminated by rather small heads. Leaves opposite, somewhat fleshy (the lower petioled, the upper nearly sessile), 1-2-pinnately parted ; the divisions or lobes linear-filiform, canaliculate, entire. Rays light vellow ; the disk-flowers purple ; the chaff white,

1. C. difficient (There, & Gray 1, e.): lower-leaves twice termsky or junctify divided its upper simple 32-divided, the upper simple 32-divided, the upper simple scales of the interior involver with base scales more than the interior involver with the scales in the middle, based that the divided scale scale that the linear unper distribution scales; rays obvain, 3-could ; achenia ecoward with 3 minute more that the divident scale areas rates in the scale of the scale scale scale in the scale scale of the scale scale in the scale of the scale scale of the scale of the scale scale of the scale scale of the scale scale scale of the scale scale scale scale of the scale sc

Concepts (160)a, Robel, Jone, and Ladder, D.C. prote, T. p. 209. Diras of Avianos and In Bell Krey, Koo, Nutlil, J. Jone, Koo, W. Koo, J. M. Jone, T. Koo, W. Koo, J. M. Koo, Koo, K. Koo, K.

2. C. gracile (Torr. & Gray ! l. c.) : leaves pinnately or pedately about 5-parted, with narrowly linear rigid lobes; the uppermost nearly simple;

Cosmos.

COSNIDIUM.

COMPOSITÆ.

scales of the inner involucre united above the middle, obtuse, without scarious margins, the exterior owne, obtuse, very short; rays none; ovaries oblong-linear, crowned with 2 subulate retorsely pectinate-hispid (deciduous?) awas-Bildens gracilis, *Therr. 1 in ann.lyc. New York*, 2, p. 215.

Upper Atlansas, on the Canadian River, Dr. Arms 1 - -21. Sermy 5 here birth, branched from the base, dischosmoss and maked at the summi, serine, Chaff & c. as in the preceding. Awns stout, concave, about the length of the table of the corolla--The single specimer brought by Dr. James, theonly one extant, is not very perfect. Perhaps it sometimes beam rayflowers.

104. BIDENS. Linn.; Gartn. fr. t. 167; DC. prodr. 5. p. 593.

Hords many-discovering in the sing-discover, (5-si) accurate, aftern intercomplexage or warding z_1 these of the disk building referse. Involver calculate, the assistandistinility or nearly similar, the exterior frequently large and follows and the similar discovers and the first. Constitution with a similar distinities of the similar discovers with the first. Constitution of the similar discovers of the similar discovers and the similar discovers of the similar discovers and the similar discovers discovers and the summing, envenously of the similar discovers of contrast the summing, envenously and a sometimes prevailed (nontransity) similar discovers of the similar discovers and the similar discovers discovers of the similar discovers and the similar discovers version (to hosts), with expension, include, average, and real similar version (to hosts), with expension, include, average, and the similar discovers version (to hosts), with expension, include, average, and the similar discovers and version (to hosts), with expension, include, the similar principal version (to hosts), which expension (the similar principal or hosts), where of the similar discovers and the similar discovers and the similar discovers discovers discovers and the similar discovers and the similar discovers discovers discovers and the similar discovers and the similar discovers and the similar version (to hosts), which expendent the number of principal discovers and the similar discovers discovers and the similar discovers and the similar discovers and the similar discovers discovers and the similar discovers discovers and the similar discovers and the similar discovers and the similar discovers disc

§ 1. Achenia flat, oval or cunciform, not attenuated at the summit; the margins usually eiliate or hispid mostly in a downward direction.— PLATYCARFEA, DC.

1. B. Powlaw (Linna) + glubena or highly high - lawer haves planate in the powlaw (Linna) + glubena or highly high - the upper commonly 3-divided 1 for division difficient a monitorial model and the state of the

2. B. connata (Muhl.): glabrous; leaves lanceolate or oblong-lanceolate, acute or accuminate, sharply serrate, tapering into margined petioles, slightly connate at the base; the lower ones often ternately divided; the lateral segmeans commute at the base and decurrent on the petider, bends discoid, mostiyo an dary pedier is version of the vector functions involves beyr than the head, hince-bate or oblance-bate, mostly obtained, subelaction narrows (vectority), and the state of the state of the state S=4-(commonly 3-) avantist—Maki, in WHII, $t_{\rm pet}$, $3_{\rm p}$, 1218 (§ $4e^{-1}/t_{\rm p})$ $Petric, t_{\rm ext}$. Else, $2_{\rm p}$, 601 (Field, $t_{\rm ext}$, $t_{\rm ext}$, $t_{\rm p}$, 1218 (§ $4e^{-1}/t_{\rm p})$ $2_{\rm ext}$, $t_{\rm ext}$. Else, $3_{\rm p}$, 601 (Field, $t_{\rm ext}$, $t_{\rm ex$

Swampy generation and margins of parada, Canada and throughout the Neutron Street (a) Gain Kreantry 10 Winnorth and the vacuum part of Neutron Street (a) Gain Kreantry 10 Winnorth and the vacuum part of the street street of the forwards 11 with without do. Zeroffer the street street of the street of the street of the street of the street street of the street street street of the street street of the street with a yelfortion street street street street street street street street marky workstreet. This species is minimized in the Street with the street with the street with the street street

b. B. crews (Liner): glastens, or often hitty tweath the sumML betweendwidth, characteris, the upper considered with the summary law of the start in the summary law of the start in the summary law of th

Swemps and Morkes, Canada and Kakanchawan, Hadar, an Pennythen, Inc. Provis, Maine and Manachawan, Mr., Oakert / Wenner part of a Steen of New York, Dr., Strephell & R., Oregan and Port Vanceart, en-Steen of New York, Dr., Strephell & Natali, Uckilshimi, Zhenkan Marking Chai Yong, Danglan, Dr., Nondrig, Natali, Uckilshimi, Zhenkan Marking Chai Yong, Danglan, Dr., Nondrig, Natali, Uckilshimi, Zhenkan Bergen approprise frame radius form that can be again involvements at more interguishify wirrare, concerty commis, and the start involvements at the transmission of the start of the start involvements of the transmission of the start of the start involvements of the Groupen share in comparison and present the start involvements of the Groupen share in comparison and present the start involvements of the Groupen share in comparison and present the start involvement of the start of the start of the start of the start involvement of the start involvement of the start of the start of the start involvement of the start of the start of the start of the start involvement of the start of the start of the start of the start involvement of the start of the start of the start of the start involvement of the start involvement of the start involvement of the start involvement of the start of

4. B. obrynnihensides (Mielox.): glabrow; stem erector resident at the hast : here: Inncolnte, inpering to exit end, more of less common result of the stem inner of the st

BIDENS-

Walt. Car. p. 215. C. perfoliata, Walt. l. c.? Helianthus lawis, Linn. ! spec. 2. p. 906 (pl. Gronov. !), not of ed. 2.

a. achenia 2-awned, sometimes with two other radimentary awns; rays about twice the length of the inner involuce.-B. chrysanthemoides, Mickar.! J. c. (wholly 1); Ell. sk. 2. p. 430; DC.! prodr. 5. p. 595. J. achena 2-awned : rays 2-3 times the length of the inner (co)ored) in-

B. achenia 2-awned; rays 2-3 times the length of the inper (colored) involucre; exterior involucre not ciliate; lenves remotely serrulate, schredy acute.

y. achenia 3-4-awned: rays 2-4 times the length of the inner involuce. -B. chrysanthemoides, Bigel.! fl. Boat. ed. 2. p. 294; Darlingt.! fl. Cest. p. 485. B. quadriaristata, DC.! I. c.

& achenia 4-awned; rays scarcely longer than the inner involncre, often exceeded by the exterior.

Segments and margins of statistics pools, Canadal and, searly throughout, Wey Wang Shaney, U.W. Weitern Locations, D.B. Lidd, J. Marken, U. H. Wang Shaney, D. W. Weitern Locations, D.B. Lidd, J. Marken, S. H. Shane, S. H. Shaney, S. S. Shaney, S. S. Shaney, S. S. Shaney, Y. S. Shaney, S. Shaney, S. Shaney, S. S. Shaney, S. S. Shaney, S. S. Shaney, S. Shaney

6. B. Detail (Terry) μ glasses is some changend, simple or spartingly probability in the second second

In latera and point, and show drawing streams, next Schneedung I and unversile location drawing streams and the stream of the Schneedung I and unversile location drawing streams and the schneeder binage of Ramaenian I-depination, scenge that he forevas are opposite in the stream energy streams. Relations are optimized as the scenario opposite in the stream energy streams and the location of the scenario opposite in the stream energy streams and the location of the scenario opposite in the stream energy stream of the location of the scenario opposite in the stream energy stream of the location of the scenario opposite in the stream energy stream of the location of the scenario opposite in the stream energy stream of the scenario opposite opposite in the scenario opposite in the scenario opposite in the scenario opposite in the scenario opposite opposite in the scenario opposite in

 Achenia linear-tetragonal, attenuate or rostrate, glabrous or upwardly hairy.-PSILOCARPEA, DC. (Kernerin, Masch.)

6. B. Research (Wills): stem glainers, somewhat 4-engler, leaves where the second s

¥01. IL-45

linear, glabrous or slightly hairy, 2-4-awned.—Willd. spec. 3. p. 1719; DC. prodr. 5. p. 598. Corrospis leucantha, Linn. spec. (ed. 2) 2. p. 1282. C. coronata. Linn. i. or, ext. hab.

Tampa Bay, Florida, Dr. Leavencorth ! Key West, Mr. Blodgett !-(1) A native also of Mexico, the West Indies, &c.

7. B. Colipirator (DC.): stem 4-angle), somewhat probesent at the semimits 1 eaves alight phiny, positod of the lower pinnets by 5, the upper 34vided or particly the division ovara, zeros or accuminate, interistly services 1 milds directly or with even small rays, particulate, somewhat parabatise 1 sada of the involucer nearby equal, harevolate; the evenive ciliate, spreading, all at length reflects; checkin lines, 4-angle, animately and gample hirty towards the summits, 3-4-award.—DC.! prof. 6, p. 509; Nill, in trans. Anner, phile, too I, c.

California, Douglas! Nuttall.-(1) Plant ascending, scarcely a fox high-Heads small. Achenia about 4 lines long, sometimes minutely tuberculatescabrous. Rays white, or yellowish according to Nuttall; who states that the plant is also a native of Chili.

b. B. Bajonata (Linh): 2 talevost; teto qualitarquita, striate ; lews periods, 1-3-optimulty parted the segments harevolater or denote even emutates, unstally narrowed at the base; heads (equal) certained base estates of the physical emission, and the second strike of the survey harevolate interior, goes a talevont in iterat, for the survey harevolate interior, and strike and the strike of the survey harevolate interior, and strike and the strike of the survey harevolate interior, and strike and the strike of the survey harevolate interior, and strike and the strike of the survey harevolate interior, and the strike of the strike of the physical strike of the strike of the strike of the strike D⁽¹⁾ perior, and the strike of the strike of the strike D⁽¹⁾ perior. The physical strike of the strike of the strike D⁽¹⁾ perior. The strike of the strike of the strike of the strike D⁽¹⁾ perior. The strike of the strike of the strike of the strike D⁽¹⁾ perior. The strike of the strike D⁽¹⁾ perior. The strike of the st

Dry soil, and in waste places, Connecticut! New York ! and Pennyives nia! to Arkansas! and Florida! (Key West, Mr. Biodgett!) July-Oc. -() Stem 1-4 feet high, slender, branched. Rays yellow, obovate: diskflowers yellow, about 20. Achenia three-fourths of an inch in length-Spenish Acadles.

By plane [Laim.) in note a surface of North America, and in it and to be by Linking except ongraphic in the Herica (Directions are when the wrat. S. S. s. y. sense to conserve from Verginn, Acc. But all the synonyme of a direct summarized (Direction Verginn), and the synonyme of a direction of the sense of the sens

Div. 5. V KERESINEE, Less., DC.-Rays pistillate and fettile, lignlate, rately none. Achenia compressed or obcompressed, the extenior integment thin. Pappus awned from the angles of the achenium, sometimes with intermediate chafty scales or tech, frequently wanting.

105. LEPTOSYNE. DC. prodr. 5. p. 531.

Head many-flowered; the ray-flowers 10-15, broadly ligulate; those of the disk tubular, perfect. Involucre double, each series of 6-8 acales, as long as the disk; the exterior linear, foliaccous, losse; the interior elliptical,

BIDENS.

LEPTOSTNE.

somewhat membranaceous. Recentacle convex : the chaff membranaceous. 3-nerved, deciduous with the fruit. Rays oblong, coarsely 3-toothed, the base abruptly narrowed into a short slender tube, which is sparsely barbellate at the summit. Corolla of the disk with a slender tube, which is furnished with a bearded ring at the summit, and an obconical throat, deeply 5-toothed. Anthers pale. Branches of the style in the ray flowers accesely exected obtuse; in the disk somewhat capitellate at the apex, and terminated by a very short and abrupt pointed cone. Achenia oval, obcompressed, slightly incurved when mature, sparsely scabrous with short capitate gland-like hairs, surrounded by a narrow, at length somewhat fungous-thickened winglike margin, 1-nerved on the inside, crowned with a minute and entire coroniform or cup-shaped paprus .- An annual (hiennial, Nutt.) clabrous very slender herb, branching from the base; the scapes or peduncles (8-12 inches long) naked, hearing a single head. Leaves alternate, nearly all at the base of the stern, linear-filiform, entire, or sparingly pianately parted. Ray and , disk yellow.

L. Douglasii (DC. | 1. c.)-Hook. & Arn. ! bot. Beechey, suppl. p. 352. L. Californica, Nutt.! in trans. Amer. phil. soc. (n. str.) 7. p. 363.

California, Dasginer (in Bower only) Natiall' May-Juno-Hent, in: Colong the rays, hnore-fourth of an insite in dimensioner-mension of having the disk-flowers sterile, as dascribed from immature specimens by De Candolle, and Hocker & Arrout, hnese about en plan their furnit according to Natial1; but we find perfect achean both in the disk and my. We place the genus as here as possible to Carcopsia, and most to Chrystenthellum in Verbissioner.

106. TUCKERMANNIA. Nutt. in trans. Amer. phil. soc. L. c.

Head many-flowered; the ray-flowers 15-20, ligulate; those of the disk tubular, perfect. Involucre double ; the scales ovate or oval, all slightly united at the base; the exterior 6-8, shorter than the disk, herbaceous; the interior 8-10, membranaceous, somewhat colored (yellowish). Receptacle flat ; the chaff membranaceous and scarious, minutely nerved, linear-lanceolate, flat, apparently deciduous. Corolla of the disk with a slender tube, which at the summit is furnished with a naked or obscurely barbellate ring (as in Leptosyne, except that the jointed hairs are few and short or nearly wanting) t the throat narrowly obconical, 5-toothed. Branches of the style in the disk-flowers slender, somewhat capitellate at the apex, and terminated by an obscure or extremely short cone. Achenia elliptical, obcompressed, smooth. surrounded by a narrow wing or margin, antirely destitute of pappus .--- A somewhat succulent perennial glabrous herb; the alternate or scattered bipinnately-divided leaves with linear entire segments, nearly all borne towards the base of the stem ; which terminates in a naked peduncle (a foot long), bearing a very showy head, more than two inches (or even 3-4 inches, ex Nutt.) in diameter. Flowers golden yellow.

T. maritima (Nutt. ! l. c.)

St. Diego, California, on shelving moks near the sea, Nattall ! May .-

TUCKERMANNIA.

• After the period of flowering, it remains for a month or two in a dormant state, should be a state, should be a state of the state

107. SPILANTHES. Jacq. stirp. Amer. p. 214, 1. 126; DC. L.c.

Spilanthus, Linn. mont.; Garta.; Less. dec .- Spilanthes & Acmella, Richard.

Bashs many-downeral; the ray-dowen liquids, sometimes incomprisons of frequently variation. J Lowekers show then that the data, papersed, it a states the exterior scales somewhat foliaccous the interior membraneous, are bracing the dowers. Corolla of the data framewhat manacous, are bracing the dowers. Corolla of the disk includes information of the stay, while powers, and what are proved to the star interior in the disk lowers, and lower and the star interior and star information of the stay, while powers, somewhat furgineous, or by the disking the star in the st

§ Heads radiate; the rays hairy at the base: achenia of the ray effort 3-angled and 3-award or sometimes awaless, or 2-award, the inner angle naked, or sometimes the inner angle obliterated.—Achenists, (Rich.) DC.

S. response (Michas.): glaberous, or sparsely somewhat hairy; seen simpler or slightly breached, decumbent, rooting at the base; leaves lanceduate produced section could be used to the structure of the base produced section (section source) where the structure of the base of the structure of the st

In we as included places. South Coroline to Florida 1. Sept-OC--UI Dist and fundated places. South Coroline to Florida 1. Sept-OC--UI bit and the construction of the source of the source of the source by papillowershows when matters; the caterior often with ciliate margin--We have a specimen from a plant cultivated in the Jarrite de Plante under this name, which accords with the description as to the foliaget 1 the short involutional scales are over, and the accessinal at storage (slister

2. S. Nitalili: villous-pubescent, or nearly glabrows a sum diffield banched, accending ; leaves outs or obling, accus, cours, because, obling, one production of the second second second second second obling, on terminol or also pointed background and the second obling, on terminol or also pointed background and the second products inscendence on the second second second second products in the second second second second second second products and the second second second second second second products and second second second second second second products and second second

Inundated places, East Florida ! (Dr. Leavenworth !) to Louisiana ! Mis-

SPILANTRES.

COMPOSITÆ.

sippi I Atkansas and Texus! Ang-Oct.—Stems 1-2 for long. Levers 3 Eaches or more in length, one or more wick, weiny. Rays vellow, varying from a fourth to fully half an inch in length, susally 10 or 12. Disk when mature fully half an lench long. Achemia of the rules, the intermed often smooth, at least when young it but all distinctly, allowing in our wy smotph clinate.

S. Pscudo-Acwelle (Linn.) is cived as a Californian species, with a mark of doubt, in the Botany of Becchey's Voyage (p. 150), on the authority of a very imperfect specimen in the collection from California, mode during that voyage.

108. LIPOCHÆTA. DC. prodr. 5. p. 610.

Heads image discored; the ray discore liquidity, in a single series. Insere crusts or expressionality is a besideness, Reise and Sources, Reise Reise Reise and Sources, Reise and Reise and Reise and the Source Source Source Sources and the Source Source Sources and the Source Source Sources and the Source Source Sources and the Source Sources and the Source Source Sources and the Source Source Sources and the Source Source Sources and the Source

Achemia of the ray 3-, of the disk mostly 2-anned (the anno element and upwardly seabrow), with a few intermediate chaffy tech or walks, more or less united with each other and with the base of the anno-CATO-MENIA.

1. L. Taranet: auffusicon: franches terrets: lavars sealls, triplierred, thembiévarat, heupprends varia-incredita, triabre autorità strigose blove, villom-historate, bezaña, padrid y and renotel y serrate, mostly 3-eargiel or editoria e autorità, cuenciora nel teolase i poducini sonitary Mach, deller y caella of the cansosant campanilate involuter in 2 aeris, nearly quella la lengit, the carrier lancostante, someri M-2 aeristeria straves data e autoritaria e autoritaria e anteria e autorita comerci mel 2 aeristeria aeristeria aeristeria aeristeria e aeristeria aeristeria aeristeria e aeristeria aeristeria e aeristeria aeristeria e aeristeria e aeristeria e aeristeria aeristeria e aeristeria e aeristeria aeristeria e aeri

Trans. Dr. Riddell:—Finan hairy and subwart the syong branches between surface of the largest publicable, do consult for constant with hypothese transmissions. Less of the supercentrative strain process of the branchese strains of the supercentrative strains from improved the branchese strains. Less of the supercent strains of the subrest strains, based on the supercent strains of the substantiants. Based and the supercent strains of the substantiants and the supercentrative strain a strainer strain a strainter strain strains. The supercent strain strains are strained to the substraints and supercentrative strain a strainer strain. These strains are strained as a strain strain strain strain and the substraints and strain strains are strained to the substraint strain strains and strain strains of the strain straingular superstances. Therefore, a property strain strain strain strain strain strain strain strain strain straints and the strain strain strain strain straints are strained to the strain straints and straints and straints and straints are strained to the straints and straints and straints and straints are straints and straints are straints and straints and straints and straints are straints and straints are straints and straints and straints and straints are straints and straints are straints and straints and straints are straints are straints are straints are straints and straints are straints ar

LIPOCH.ETA.

disk pubescent, oblong-linear, compressed ; the awns in the latter 2, sometimes 1 or 3, rather shorter than the corolla ; in the former 3, often unequal, shorter than those of the disk. Mature achenia unknown.—Apparently allied to L. strigosa, *DC*.

109. VERBESINA. Linn. (partly); Less. syn. p. 231; DC. prodr.

Species of Verbesina & Sisgesbeckia, Lins.

Beeds averal-many-flowers] the ray-flowers lightlin, smally few many warning. Scales of the isorbust energi, indicated in two or new often mengal series. Recoprised fattor earlier energy in the shall conversion embancing the flowers. Could als of the style with an actus appendix discuss a should limb. Benches of the style with an actus appendix Alexania sensity data (compresed latency) winged or visions, described Alexania sensity data (compresed latency) winged or visions, described actual and the statency of the style sense of the style often description. Flowers with or or visions. Flowers white or visions. Flowers white

§ Heads radiate; the rays in a single series: achenia usually with 2 similar and equal awas.—VERBERNARIA, DC.

* Leaves opposite : Rowers of the disk and very villow.

1. J. C. Siggrabechi, Olicha, J. tem. t-wingoil. Lowes over a controlcolar, sharing versus, accumutar at 10th ends, inclineerer basel, interchonome summittee typesses drawn in the scales of the involver for (600), height accumutation of the scale of the involver for (600), height accumutation of the scale of the involver for (600), height accumutation of the scale over hybrid accumutation. Mathies draw the scale of the scale over the scale over the scale over drawn in the scale over the scale over the scale over the drawn in the scale over the scale over the scale over the drawn in the scale over the scale over the scale over the drawn in the scale over the scale over the scale over the drawn in the scale over the scale over the scale over the drawn in the scale over the scale over the scale over the drawn in the scale over the scale over the scale over the drawn in the scale over the scale over the scale over the drawn in the scale over the scale over the scale over the drawn in the scale over the scale over the scale over the drawn in the scale over the scale over the scale over the drawn in the scale over the scale over the scale over the drawn in the scale over the scale over the scale over the drawn is the scale over the scale over the scale over the drawn in the scale over the scale over the scale over the drawn is the scale over the scale over the scale over the drawn is the scale over the scale over the scale over the drawn is the scale over the scale over the scale over the scale over the drawn is the scale over the scale over the scale over the scale over the drawn is the scale over the drawn is the scale over t

Dye used not been determined by the prime of the set of

. Leaves alternate : Rovers of the disk and ray white.

9. F. Virginiou (Liam.): stem: narowly or interruptedly wingd, homebaceplatesin at the summit; laws a lawcidate or orient-incodute, semial (often observely), feather-venda, scabron alove, pubsicest or wingmate lesneth, scatto or accuminate at accel, each (he lower one obcurrent; heads in compound often unequality wingd; evented with 2 scabron ascilarity, narowly and often unequality wingd; evented with 2 scabron ascifrant www.-Liam.; space 3p, obl. (yd. Grenor.); Walt/ Car. p. 213; unequality. the start of the start of the start of the start of the start main wine-Liam.; space 3p, obl. (yd. Grenor.); Walt/ Car. p. 213; unequality. the start of the start of the start of the start of the start start of the start start of the start start of the start of

3. stem and lower surface of the leaves more tomentose; schenia sometimes wingless.—V. villoss, Nutt.! in trans. Amer. pbil. soc. (n. scr.) 7. p. 370.

Woods and dry soil, Pennsylvania (*Michaus*) and Virginia! to Floridat and Lonisiana! 'i, Kentockyl) to Arkansasi and Louisiana! 'Aug-Sept. --Stem 3-6 foct high. Involuce: very pubescent. Rays very short i the bub hairy, as a sine the (about 16) disk.fowers.-The wrigs of the achenia are variable, even in the same individual, as in Actionentis; and are some times nearly based in the samotoish as well as the most tomescoke forms.

Sandy soil, from the sea-coast of S. Carolina ! to Florida, Dr. Burrows ! Dr. Leavemoorth ! Sept.-Nov.--Stem 4-6 feet high. Leaves moutly acute or acuminate, variously simulate-pinnatified, the uppermost and lowset frequently spatial-ovate and undivided, according to Elliott. Heads, flowers Ge., nearly as in V. Virzinnica; of which perhaps it is only a variety.

V. Inciniata (Walt.), is said to have 3-9 yellow 9-3-toothed sterile mys, 3-awned achenia, and amunt-lasiniate leaves.

110. XIMENESIA. Cav. ic. 2. p. 60, t. 178; DC. prodr. 5. p. 627.

Hosts many-descent; the any-descent lightler, in a single arriers. Note the involves constaint in zerois, more active following, aprending. Receptate convex is the charf lancedate, membraneway, embrained forwars. Table of the conthis highly functions of the single of the second lanced lancedate is the single single single single forware. The of the conthis highly function is the single waves more class unlied with the wire table. The single single single single, measure has larger descent single single single single single avera more class unlied with the wire table single sin

1. X. encelioides (Cav. l. c.): achenia of the diak alightly villous, aurrounded with the wing, emarginate at the summit; of the deeply 3-toothed

XINENESIA.

rays rugose, wingless. DC. ! prodr. l. c. Pallasia serratifolia, Smith, in Rets. cycl. Florida, Dr. Chapman ! Mr. Croom ! Probably introduced.

New Mapier Probably introduced

111. SANVITALIA. Gualt. in Lam. jour. hist. nat. 2. p. 176, t. 33, 4 ill. t. 686; Cav. ic. 4. t. 351; DC. prodr. 5. p. 628.

Heads miny-discreted; the ray-downer liquits, is a single settis, abliquite printiant. Scales of the involveme supervisa infinisment is 93 series, appressol; the innermost rabber longer and equilling the disk. If expresses the involvement of the child oblogs participation of fluctures. "Could of the disk anticulated above the orary, piliteness." Delancies of the asyle terminand by a solet cross. Achieved in the link composed if the statistic case, whereas of the ray, larger, 3-aded, smooth, creward with 3 diverging amond, could areas of the link composed. The statistic case marking the regulation of the system-Kamani (chiefly Maxim) dicharament or inclusions month barries. Leaves equipsion, revise, rejinarced, usually casim, participation a calificate their particles. Heats of diary and terminal, switch hereton the solid constraints, restrict the disk particles.

 S. seymoids (DC.): stem diffuse, rather erect; leaves owner; awns of the ray longer than the ligules; achenia of the disk compressed-tetragonal; the exterior muricate, wingless, slightly 2-awned; the interior smoother, somewhat winged, with rules longer awns. DC.14; c.

Texas, Berlander -- Leaves, including the ciliate petioles, about an isch long, strigose. Plant with wholly the habit of S. procumbens-

Shiribi B. FLATENERS, LEM-MLAR L-fewerk denserd, damly agegred, heresquares with a single picifier sey dowerk the dense prefet or constinue homogamose (nravly with the picilitat forwers in sevent setter with the interment are pirefer to a work). Rareaches of the style analy not appendiculate. Receptate naivel, except when the head is may present. Achenius wingens, anyowith trees, attornate at the base. Pappan sone-Harto, with opposin triplinered or nervoes leaves. Florent yellow.

112. FLAVERIA. Juss. gen. p. 168; DC. prodr. 5. p. 635.

Hoads in giomerate fascicles, few-flowered, either discoid, the flowers ill tabular and perfect, or with a single pixillate my dower. Tarothere oblog: of 4- convirts the my equal sealed, the outernost breader and somewhat concarse. Receptacies small, naked. Achenia solong or silelavito, arains glaforous, naked.-Anound or rarely permits/(aropical and Sonth America) hereis with opposite mostly seasile leaves, toubed or entire. Corolla pair pellow.

1. F. linearis (Lagasca) : suffruticose at the base, somewhat procumbers,

FLAVERIA.

COMPOSITÆ.

glabrons or alightly pubsesent; i leaves scalik, connae, narrowly liner, and inc, nawly necesies, somewhat nelwy, bands in compound cowded corymbs; ray single or alten wanning—Larg, nov. gen, ser. p. 323 DCL, be K markinny, H. B. & K. Ton are, b. genes & p. b285. F: translikin, S. probler and therefore Gymponyerran randown, D.C. proof. S. p. 312, Sast Florido, M. Wirrel M. Proiett: Kay Wein, Mr. Bowetti Mr.

Blodgett !- A maritime species, also a native of Cuba.

Subtrib et. Tageryeze, Canz-Haph many-dowerd, either herenge man, with the ry-dower pictulize and movely lighters, be snotle more or law unitid or in several users, the corein- each screations and distinct, the inter move or law united. Thereafore, if the style terminated by a scene era the law. The several screation of the style terminated by a scene era the law. Payne composed or tensor, quantum, or binding-Harbamatickwork harge glandain pulsied data, and therefore commonly observatations optimize a attenuet.

113. DYSODIA. "(Dyssodin) Car. in ann. sci. mat. 6. (1802) p. 334"; DC, prodr. 5. p. 639.

Heats ratics or anomicus discussity the ray lipitor, joillines. Solar to be proper involved in a single action all more or loss unicel, annuly submited by monitor carries of theme. Respects more what a visuality more discussion of the single sing

§ Receptacle somewhat alvoslate, slightly finibillate, or maked : involuere bractoslate ; the bracts entire or lacininte-primatifid.—BENERA, Willd, (1803.) (Dysolia § Babera & Baberoiden, DC.)

1. D. Reprinders : ghaveness seems corymbose at the summit, lawse alternate or rarely opposing, marrowy linear, spinulos-contrel q senies of the Sylindrical-oblang involutive united nearly to the summit, longer than the Similase-totoke or spiningly pinutalit involutions betwart ray summerous (10 or more), exserted i schemin glaboux; pappas much absended to users, the scale linear-abaliance, and marks, or e mediance nearly write, the scale linear-abaliance, and marks, or e mediance nearly

DISODIA

volucre much longer than the pappus, marked with very large dots. Rays linear-oblong, bright yellow.

b. De objectives of the second sec

114. RIDDELLIA. Nutt. in trans. Amer. phil. soc. (n. ser.) 7. p. 371.

Beech many-phone-sell, endiant phe rays 5-5, liquides allow, forcerte, equily 3-back-persistent, the disclowent tubbing, perfect. Invisione explicited, composed of scalau unied in a single scelle. Resy the install, and the scalar scalar scalar scalar scalar Appendages of the spin subception, obtawn, minosity present. Action in additional scalar scalar scalar scalar scalar scalar and disk similar, of 5-6 introducts accumions territorias tubbing mannes leaves of the backeting comparison. Resymptopared by plotes, turning to reddish-comps. Involves densety with parady spin scalar sca

R. tageting (Nutt. L. c.)

The line anothern maps of the Backy Mountain, neural the neural the theorem of the Hattoo-A verse of participation, which can be a single and the single and the single and the Hattoo A verse of the single and the si

Subtribe 5. HELENIER, Cass., DC.-Heads mostly heterogamous and rediate; the disk-flowers perfect, but sometimes sterile. Receptacle naked or chaffy. Anthers often blackish, the lobes frequently somewhat produced at

HELENIER.

. COMPOSITÆ.

the base, but scarcely caudate. Pappus chaffy, the scarious scales several tor numerous, and distinct, or sometimes none.-Leaves alternate or opposite. (Chiefly American.)

CONSPECTUS OF THE GENERA.

- Div. 1. GAILLARDIE.E .- Receptacle not chaffy, nor deeply favore.
- Subdin, 1. Equationand Subdin, 1. Equation of the style long and filiform, hispid.
- 115. GALLARDIA. Rays ligalate, neutral. Achenia obpyramidal, involucrate with villous hairs. Pappus 1-nerved and awned.
- 116. PALAPOXIS. Rays ligulate, pistillate, or none. Achenis mostly slonder. Pannus Linerred, awnless.
- 117. CRENACTIS. Rays, or exterior disk-flowers tubulose, inflated or palmate. Achemis slender, Pappus nervelass.

Subdie. 9. EUHELENIEE .--- Branches of the style obtuse or truncate.

371

- + Rays ligulate and fertile, or none.
 - + Receptacle flat or flattish.
- HYMENOPAPPUS. Rays none. Achenia turbinate, substipitate, many striate. Scales of the pappars abort and obtuse, 12-30. Involuce somewhat metaloid, according.
- 119. Bants. Rays 5-11. Achtenia prismatic. Scales of the pappus 4-10, oblong. Involuces appressed.
- ACTINGLETS. Rays 3-5. Achenia terete. Pappus of the disk none, in the ray of 10-15 narrow acute scales.

- + Receptacle conical, convex, or oblong.

- 191. LATTRENTA. Scales of the involucre united | Pappus of 5-10 scales, or
- 192. BURRIELIA. Receptacle conical, papillose. Scales of the pappus equal, nar-
- 193. Dicutarya, Receptacle conical, alveolate-toothed. Scales of the pappus 4-8
- 194. HYMENOXYS. Receptacle osnical, siveolate. Scales of the pappus 5-12, oblong or lanceolate, acumente or award, rarely obusse or none to active archive correll nearly calabratis.
- AOTHELLS. Receptacle hemispherical or conicsl, maked. Scales of the involuere oraze or lasecolate, appressed. Lobes of the disk-corolla glandular-brarded. Scales of the pappus 5-12, oraze, 1-nered,
- 196. AMULTOLETIS. Receptacle flattish, alreolate. Scales of the involuce ovate, appenaed. Scales of the pappus 5, obtuse, nervelees.
- 127. HELENDER, Receptable convex or obleng, saked. Scales of the involuces linear or subulase, spreading or reflexed. Lobes of the disk-corolla glandaliar-bearded. Scales of the pappus 5-8, spiculase or award.

. . Rays neutral.

128. Larrorops. Receptuele conical or hemispherical, arcolate. Scales of the Dannus mostly nerveless and availest, denticulate or fambriate.

381 Die. 2. BALDWINERE.-Receptacle very deeply alreolate ; the corneous alreola (united chait !) enclosing the acheria. Rays neutral.

 BALDWINIA. Rays 20-30. Involucer in about 4 series. Alveoli of the receptacle truncate. Head solitary.

 ACTINOSPERMUM. Rays 8-10. Involuces in about 2 series. Alveoli of the receptacle subulats-toothed. Heads corymbose.

370 Dis. 3. GALLNEOGE Receptacle chaffy ; the chaff distinct. Scales of the involucre not enclosing the ray-achenia.

131. MARSHALLIA. Rays none: disk-flowers numerous. Chaff narrow, rigid. Scales of the pappus ovate or triangular-lanceolate, entire:

132. BLEFWARTPAPPUS. Rays and disk-flowers few. Chaff membranaceous. Scales of the pappus pectinate-plumose.

372 Dre. 4. MADIEE.-Reorptacle wholly or partly chaffy. Ray achenia destinute of pappus, eaclosed by the scales of the involucre.

* Ackenia not compressed, but often obcompressed.

+ Heads many-flowered ; the rays infertile ?

 ACHYBACHENA. Pappus of 10 membranaceous obtuse scales in 2 series, the inner large. Achenia striate, attenuate at the base.

+ + Heads many-flowered; the flowers all (or nearly all) fertile.

134. LATIA. Pappus of 10-20 bristly swns, villous-plumose towards the base.

135. CALLICHROA. Pappus of 19-25 subulate scrulate-scabrous awas. Diskacherois somewhat the operation villous.

136. OXYURA. Pappus none. Achemia of the disk and ray glabrous, obovate, obcompressed; the central infertile.

+ + + Heads several-many-flowered; the disk-flowers infertile.

- 137. HEMITONIA. Rays 5-40. Achenia glabrous; those of the ray oboroid, gibbous, somewhat obcompressed, partly succeed by the involveral scales. Pageus none, or of locarate somemelias.
- 138. CALYCADENIA. Rays 3-5. Achemis mouth hair?; of the ray oboroid-triangular, partly enclosed by the involuent scales; of the diak quadrangular obcompressed, with a pappus of 5-10 lanceolate or subulate often award scale.

 LAGOPTIVILLA. Rays and disk-flowers each about 5. Achemis glabrous; those of the disk abortive, destinute of pappus; of the ray obcompressed.

. Achenia compressed, glabrons. Pappus (except in Anisocarpus) none.

140. ANISOCARPOS. Rays about 12: disk fowers numerous, with abortive over rice, and a pappas of 5-8 firshriste-lacente squanelle.

141. MADARIA. Rays 10-15: disk-flowers numerous, with abortive ovaries. Recentacle convex, fimbrillate-hirante.

149. MADEA. Rays 5-12: disk-flowers numerous, fertile. Receptacle glabrous.

143. Amps. Rays 1-2, or none; the dist dowers 2-4, fertile. Achenia com-

144 HARP.RCARPUS. Rays 5-8; the disk-flower solitary, fortile. Ray-athenia obevaits-innate, flat.

Div. 1. GAILLARDIZE, DC. (excl. gen.)-Receptacle not chaffy, nor very deeply alveolate. Rays fertile or neutral, or sometimes none.

Subdiv, L. EUGAILLABDIES. - Branches of the style in the disk-flowers long and fillform (nearly as in Eupatoriacess), hispid or glandulas-publissent.

115. GAILLARDIA. Fougerouz, in mem. acad. sci. Par. (1786) p. 5; DC. prodr. 5. p. 56; Gay, in ann. sci. nat. (ser. 2) 11. p. 57.

Galardia, Lev. (ill. t. 708), Michz., Nutt., & Less.

Heads many-flowered, radiate ; the ray-flowers neutral, in a single series, deciduous. Scales of the involucre in about 3 series, very acute, foliaccous, more or less callous and appressed or erect at the base, above apreading or at length reflexed ; the exterior largest. Receptacle convex or hemispherical, fimbrillate (the fimbrilla rigid or corneous and elongated), or in one snecies nearly naked. Rays cunciform, palmately 3-cleft or bothed at the summit. Corolla of the disk with a short tabe, and an elongated cylindraceess somewhat inflated 5-toothed limb; the teeth usually subulate, and hispid with jointed hairs. Branches of the style terminated with a very long and acuse filiform hispid appendage. Achenia obpyramidal, involucrate with villous hairs. Pappus of 6-10 membranous 1-perved scales, the perves produced into awas about the length of the corolla .- Branching (North American) herbs, with the habit of Scabiosa, more or less pubescent with jointed bairs. Leaves alternate, mostly nunctate with slandular or pellucid dots. entire, sometimes toothed or lobed ; the lower ones often petioled, the upper sessile. Heads on slender naked peduncles terminating the stem or branches. Flowers of the disk violet, or sometimes vellowish. Rays vellow or purple, often 2-colored, dotted with resinous globules, as also the style, Anthers pale yellow.

· Pappus of the ray-flowers around like that of the disk.

1. 6. Introduct (Wichar): Iteratival Tyaberaltott stem usually branched by henrichte ellequeet a levest association of lumor, entire or very neurotycy henrichte ellequeet al levest association of lumor, entire or very neurotycy henrichte ellequeet also and all digity periods, the report estatus in henrichte also and henrichte also and all digity periods and all digits henrichte ellequeet also and all digits periods and all digits and digits

B. rays abortive or none.—Polypteris integrifolis, DC.! prodr. 5. p. 659, excl. all the synonymy.

Dry pine woods and barrens, South Carolina! to Florida! Alabama! Louisiana! Arkansas! and Texas! May-Aug.-Root certainly biennial,

GAILLARDIA. .

and ementions permittal. Seen 1-2 for high. Leaves clobel with a mining sprace place of photometers of the other hash. The fittings the methylic hash and the state of the st

2. G. aristata (Pursh): perennial, villous-pubescent or almost tomentose; stems simple or branched ; radical and lower leaves lanceolate, tapering into slender petioles, sinuate-pinnatifid or toothed (the lobes or teeth 2-4 on each side) ; the uppermost linear or oblong-lanceolate, sessile, usually dilated at the base and partly clasping; involucre very hirsute and callous at the base, equalling or exceeding the disk; corolla of the disk with short broadly subalate teeth ; chaff of the pappus (6-8) broadly lanceolate ; fimbrille of the receptede few, arisificre, sleader, distinct and not dilated at the base, twice or thrice the length of the achenia.—Purela, f. 2. p. 573; Lindl. bot.reg.4. 1186; Hook. bot. mag. t. 2940, § f. Bor.-Am.! 1. p. 315; DC.! great-5. p. 652; Gay! in ann. sci. nat. l. c. p. 57. G. bicolor, Sims, bot. mag. t. 1062 (fide Gau) ; Hook. / fl. Bor.-Am. l. c. (excl. svn.) G. bicolor 3. atistata, Nutl. 1 gen. 2. p. 175. G. rustica, Cass.; Desf. cat. hort. Par. ed. 3, fide Gay. G. lanceolata, DC. I. c. (excl. syn. Michr. & Ell.), fide Gay. Plains and prairies, Missouri ! and Saskatchawan ! to Oregon !-- Plant 12-18 inches high; the stems frequently simple. Head 14-2 inches in diameter. Rays 10-18, crowded, clongated-cuneiform, deep vellow throughout, or sometimes orange or reddish violet at the very basos Achenia scarcely hairy except at the base .- This species presents several forms, which pethaps cannot be limited or defined. That which best accords with Pursh's description (G. aristata, Hook. / f. Bor.-Am., partly.) has all the upper leaves entire, and the exterior scales of the involucre much longer than the diak : another (G. aristata, Hook. Oregon, Dr. Scouler !) has a shorter and more woolly involucre ; while in the G. bicolor, Hook. I. c., nearly all the lower leaves are frequently sinuate or pinnatifid. Gay's description is excellent, except that we never find the setiform fimbrillæ of the receptacle "nearly as long as the corolla," but sometimes about two-thirds its length : they are few and sparse, so as not to circumscribe the areolese, and are somewhat deciduous

3. G. pinnatifida (Torr.): premainle, canescent ; stem. low, branching ; leaves seasile, pinnatific; the rachis and remote lobes linear ; involuter in about 2 series, nearly equal to the disk; chaff of the papers (7-10) know other, white sharer it han the obviously 3-could even locality, interimiting of the receptacle minifierm, shence, sparse, not disted at the base, longer than the schemin-Torr.; in suce, low, New Yee, no. 214.

Western Arkansas or Missouri, (on the Canadian River?) Dr. James -Plant about a span high, perhaps suffuritose, leafy. Heads rather small-Rays deeply 3-cleft, "purple towards the base, yellow at the summit." The aristate portion of the pappes much shorter than the elongated-lanceolate chaff.

4. G. pulchella (Fougeroux): annual, puberulent or slightly hirsute, branching; leaves innocolate; the lower ones tappring at the base and slightly petioded, somewhat toothed (rarely incised or pinnately lobed); the upper entite, parily elssping, apiculate-acuminate; involucer very hirsute

GAILLARDIA.

COMPOSITE.

and callons at the base, larger than the disk; cocalls of the disk with attention the disk of the payment or introduced bases, which was a strain of the disk of the payment of the disk of the payment of the disk of the di

Lowinnis: Advances 1 and Texus! Introduced into the Presch garden fine Lowins in the wey TriVs, and board 1913; a gain meanly introflated by Pornmond,—Head an inch or more in diameter. Rays Liebel, while the soft was introduced by the texus of the texus links in the soft was introduced by the soft was and the soft was introduced by the soft was an end of the link soft was introduced by the soft was and the soft was introduced by the soft was and the soft was been formed by the soft was and the soft was an end of the soft was and the soft was and the soft was and the soft was the two many soft was and the soft was and the first water the following. We have the soft was and the soft was and the first water the following.

5. G. pirca (Don): sufficiences, much hranched | leaves sensit, lingarlamentais, scarcely if at all dilated or classing at the base, entries, or the base conservation is a sensitive correspondent of the base of the Walter equality or exceeding the data, haivy, callons and someworks this: we at the base ; could at the dilat with long valuate sends : bahaf of the Switter the base ; could a set the dilat with long valuate sends : bahaf of the Switter, eight, dilated and triggerout at the base, rather lenger than the Switter, eight, discolor, var. Drammoni, Lado, b. dow, e. 5, 3968.

Rio Brizon, Tonan, Dramasmed & Leaver ruber thick, often with a howmin margin, aschowcilladate. Headed 13-16 lines in diameter. Rays about 19, broadly causelioran, redsida-orange ; the teach yallow. Fimilia state is and within at all the share, --Heavenhole the preveding. The the indipersons, as well within the state of the prevention, the linear isover and frequently that appears medial. Animoto the position, the linear isover and frequently that appears used in a state of the lines an annual root, and the steres novi 3 incluse high base a single head.

. . Poppus of the ray-flowers anniest.

6. G. andyodon (Gay): annual; sem historyphesenti, simple or burching: lever sonik-dentications, androno philesenti fiel levert sonicwhat spatialer; the orders a oblogalizera, somewhat mariculate at the base and classing i traverse himtera, travelse longer than the disk, the neutre callou and appresend for early half their length; corolls of the disk with short timplar rather primus tends i claff of the pappus laterated scatter infinition for neoretate a siniform, sneugal, no dilletel at the base, mostly longer than the rathenium-gauge (i) area, sci. In et al. e.g. 63.

Texts, Drumand (--Stein 10-16 inclus kip). Leaves numerous, stuber dirk, terrate to avoid the samuth. Scales of the involution induction in the Varies, more area and calison at the base than in any other species, the instruction of the samuth. Scales of the involution is a state of the Name of the samuth is a state of the involution of the species of the samuth is a state of the samuth is a state of the samuth with the samuth is a state of the samuth. State of the samuth is a state of the samuth is without a state samuth.

116. PALAFOXIA. Lagazca, nov. gen. h. Madr. (1815) p. 26; DC.

Paleolaria, Cass. (1816), Less .- Polypteria, Natt. (1818); not of Less, nor of DC.

Heads 10-30-flowered : the flowers all perfect and tubular; or the exterior series either imperfectly or manifestly radiate ; the rays 3-cleft, pistillate-Scales of the obconical or campanulate involucre 8-15, membranaceous or herbaceobs with scarious tips, appressed (or spreading in fruit) in 1-2 series, shorter than the disk. Receptacle small, flat, naked or slightly alveolate. Corolla of the disk with a slender tube and an expanded deeply 5-cleft or 5-parted limb; the lobes linear or lanceolate, spreading, glabrous. Branches of the style long and filiform, flattish, glandular-pubescent throughout-Achenia quadrangular, slender, tapering to the base, minutely pubescent-Pappus of 6-12 membranaceous denticulate pinnately striate scales, furnished with a strong midnerve, which is thickened at the base and often somewhat produced at the apex; the pappus of the exterior flowers often much shorter .- Herbaceous or suffruticose (chiefly Mexican and Texan) cinereous or strigose-scabrous plants; the loosely paniculate or corymbose branches and peduncles often glandular. Leaves linear or lanceolate, entire, somewhat petioled, alternate, scattered, or the lower opposite, 1-3-nerved. Flowers white, flesh-colored, or purple,

§ 1. Head radiate, or with some of the marginal flowers palmate or irregelar, and with a smaller pappus than the disk-flowers : scales of the imakeere somewhat herbaceus, qual, in 1-2 series, after somewhat contracting the exterior ordensia (nerves of the labes of the disk-corolla intermarginal)— EURALOVAL.

1. P. Hockerinars Jervel innovators, 1-3-azvel; heads (large) may: forwards, radius; a seals of the involvent 19 or more, very gainabule (search so the polarelies and branches), inhibitetta in 2 series; the exterior large due; the interior obvarie-innovators or obbarg; rays 2-40, exerted, breach by gaussium, deeply 3-delti; inhio 6 the disk-corella 5-delt below the malsize dama and the disk-due and 6-2 merrorly increasing the malse dama and bin-due and 6-2 merrorly increasing the malse dama and bin-due and 6-2 merrorly increasing the malgebra and hears. P. Trasan, Heav, I'e pi 4. 148, not of DG.

β. subradiata: smaller; rays few and inconspicuous, irregular or palmate.—Stevia spacelata, (Nutt. mas.?) Torr.1 in ann. 1gc. New York, 2p. 214.

These, Dreamed 1: A character, Dr., dream 2, Tream, Mr. Galleen 4– Dime apparently 1:26 for high, rather sense. Heads thereforms of an indenit neight the showy rose-pareje rays in Dreamond's plant half an indegraves in length, resembling a Gallenfing the dist-dependent of an indetreament of the sense that the sense of the involvement of the treament of the length of the sense of the involvement of the long--Berevic tase means the sense of the involvement of the long--Berevic tase means of the rays, here is shown as complete greations in the entropy concount scalar of the rays, here is shown as complete greations in the entropy concount scalar of the rays, here is shown as complete greations of the entropy concount scalar of the rays, here is shown as a complete greation of the entropy concount scalar of the rays, here is shown as the sense of the scalar of the sense of the sense which have a the charge to be sense of the sense of the sense of the sense of the sense which have a the scalar of the sense of the sense of the sense which have a the scalar of the sense of the sense of the sense of the sense which have a the scalar of the sense which have a the scalar of the sense of the sense

PALAFOXIA.

COMPOSITÆ.

3

shorter and obtuser pappus.-This is the most showy species of the genus, and would be very ornamental in cultivation.

9. P. Terner (DC): I serve linear-incoders, 1-cerred, or the lower 3mere); heads (rule wall) mays-fuenced, should, e.d. of othe marginal flowers unally palmate or imperfectly realists, to exceed the involves of the involvers -2.1 nancodar, article-underschlering the disk is used to discussion of the lower of the cost of the term of the involvers of discussion of the cost of the cost of the term of the disk is used indicators of the involvers -2 and the cost of the cost of the involvers discussion of the cost of the cost of the cost of the disk is and the obsymmial hairy solvening in the marginal dowers boodly overs, mostly dues, more hotter, -DC). They disk is a solver of the disk of the

Texas, Belandisri Dramond-1-11. A more sheader plant than the preceding, scarcely glandular, with more smaller heads: the flowers apparently fish-folderd; the linear tobes of the corolla rather loager than the almost glabrous tube. Scales of the involucre scarious at the tip, partly embraining the exterior achenia.

§ 2. Heads discoid, with the flowers and pappus all similar; the latter of short and rounded scales (nerves of the tobes of the corolla intramarginal); scales of the involuce nearly in a single series, equal, somewhat herbaceous, partly embracing the exterior achemia—FLOMESTINANA.

3. P. callast: arigose-increast: the diffuse and dichotromus steadorpsbandles glandland; laware narrowly linear, 1-nervel: 1 and (annil) trainiunts (10-12-dowered; scales of the involute: 8-10, oblang, obtrue; line) of the wordin 3-citelt to the have; the oblancy-linear lobes much longer than the title; scales of the pappus 8, roundiab-doverse, about one-fourth the length of the objectmatical municity larger scientism.-Stever and calloss. Mult. 1 jour. and, Philad. 2, p. 121; Bari, A. Aner. Soys. 6. 46. Floresdina callong, D.C.1 proto, 5, p. 655.

§ 3. Heads discoid, with the flowers and pappus all similar; the latter of lancolate pointed scales (hereas of the lobes of the corola merginal); eachs of the involuce somewhat searious or membranecous, flet, in 2-3 series; a free of the extrino maall and broatestate.-POILTERER, Nut.⁴

b. P. singrifidar stem slightly technins, fontigate-cosynhose above larve linear-involution. Lower of the submost brief (under large) manyflowered variable of the involution 10-15 (the inner oblong, obtine i the existtion linear-involution, losser; linh of the occolls 5-cell blow the middler Atels of the pappas is-9 (12-44), Nut.), linear-inneredate, attenuate-scumiflow, about the length of the steeder glightly publecent schwinum.—Polyprins integrifolia, Nut. I, son 2, p. 139; Ell. I de. 2, p. 314, p. or of DG, Patolaria fingingen, DC, prod. 5, p. 166.

* The character of Polypteris in DC, prodr. 5. p. 669, is drawn from a rayless state of Gaillardia Incoolata.

VOL. 11-47

PALAFORIA.

Dry pine woods, Southern Georgia ! and Florida ! Aug.-Oct.-24 Stem 2-5 feet bigh. Heads half an inch or more in length. Corolla, and sometimes the pappos purplish ; the tube slightly pubescent. Achenia 3-4 lines long, blackisk ; the feathery pappus somewhat lacerate-denticulate.

117. CHÆNACTIS. DC. prodr. 5. p. 659 ; Hook. & Arn. bot. Beethey.

Heads many-dowered) the flowers all inhubit rand perfect; the exterior series (ray) more cose loss flasts all allocation in the others, increasive y plamanes. Scales of the companying investment to, linear, newly be adiperioris. Receptual environs. Could galaxies or display glashike and the series of the series of the series of the series of the Southerly of the ray expanded or ventrices always. Scient. Transhor of the angle linear-fifting on series as easies. Scient and the series always and the series of the series of the series of the science of the advectories of the science of the series of the science of the distribution of the science of the science of the science of the Monutality), with address a planately dimensed (arways, and number large hands terminging the simple or expression branches.

§ 1. Flowers mostly yellow; those of the ray irregular or palmate, exerted : achenia minutely strigges : poppus of 4-6 scales ; in the disk oblong-lancelate, acute, in the ray much chorter and obtuse.—Euchannetis.

 C. glabriuscula (DC.): perennial or suffruitcose; stem branching; leaves and involucer nearly glatrous, or with scattered colwebby hairs: the expanded rays pairamilife, evidently longer than the dist; branches maked at the summit; lobes of the leaves 5-6 pairs, rather obuse; the uppermost leaves linear and entire. DC profr. 5, p. 659.

California, Douglar.-We have no specimen of this plant. It is said to be 8 to 16 inches high, arenose-villous in the young state, but glabrous when mature; the peducoles, or naked summit of the branches, 23 inches long-Scales of the pappus 5-6.

2. C. travificia (Nuit): a manual or biennial, nearly glabrous; the involuere and shore pedunetes glandular-vised; leaves 1-2-pinnately parted; the divisions irregular, small, linear; the uppermost leaves linear and 3-5-deft at the apex; ray-flowers funnel-form, expanded, scarcely irregular, rather longer than the fish.-Next.; in trans. Apex. phil. soc. (n; rev[7, 2, p. 375.)

St. Dirgo, California, Watall / My - Alkora for his travely branched. Divisions of the lawes numerous, and a start of the start of the start of the following species. Flowers high yellow. Scales of the levelner numerous on, narrwey linears research for a similar scale as law interprete leveres in our speciment by on mean research for of Hymosoppani foliality, but resears in our of the following species do so. Nerves of the laber of the confla intermant of the following species do so. Nerves of the laber of the confla intermation and the laber of the start of the start

3. C. lances (DC.): annual, clothed with a soft and loose somewhat deciduous white wool; stems branched from the base, simple and naked above; leaves (often glabrous when old) on slender petioles, pinnetely parted; that

CRENACTIS.

COMPOSITÆ.

segments 3-5, narrowly linear, entire; the uppermost leaves linear and entire; ray-flowers tubulose-infundibuliform, somewhat irregular, scarcely exceeding the disk.-*DC1*, proof. 5, p. 653.

California Douglas - Plant 8-12 inches high; the naked summit of the branches often 6 inches long. Involuere very woolly when young. Flowers light yellow. Lobes of the leaves one-half to one inch long.

4. C. attribidas (Hook, & Arn.): anomal, somewhat glabrons : stem coymbody branchol, leaves somewhat woldy when young, pinnstely diwidel; the division linear, obtase, entire, or sometimes pinnatiful involuters glandlar-puberelate, if showes white or fach-color; those of the tray trabalow-infomibilitioner, scenety irregular, about the length of the disk.—Hook, 4/ars. i. b.s. Reckey, suppl., p. 533.

Interior of Oregon, in the Snake Country, Mr. Tokwie !--Plant 3-5 inches high. Heads smaller than the proceeding. Scales of the involuce broadly linear. Papous of 4-5 scales. Peduceles short. Upper leaves entire.

§ 2. Finances pale rose or flesh-color; those of the ray infundibuilform or expanded at the summit, regular, not longer than the others: achesia villousbirntes: payou of 8-13 vacies, in the ditk obsequi-linear, searcing shorter flam the somewhat glandular corolla, in the ray much shorter, obtase.— Macroscopius, Natt.

b. C. availlardykin (Hook. & Arn.) i tomerotos-cancescent; stems how, conymbose at the summit; lavers planstely divided it the divisions conveded, linear or oblong, obtase, mostly pinnatifi, the lobes very small; acsise of the somewina theoremical involver publicents or tomestors; achenia linears; radies of the papers in the thick-flowers linear, acautia, nearly the length of smalles of the papers in the thick-flowers linear, acautia, nearly the length of smallesting, the start, i.e., as the length of the start of the start smallesting, the start, i.e., as the start of the start of the start of the smallesting, the start is a start of the start of the start of the start of the smallesting.

6. C. Douglassi (Hock, & Arm.): I onely tomestore : stem corymbose at few moment: levere innoted divided in divisions exacted, linear colong, obtest, aimatestoritod or planntild; the lobes minute : seeles of the humilativistical towards maintain the lobest minute : seeles of the few moments is seeles of the papera linear-oblicat, transition-Hock, & moments is a set of the papera linear-oblicat, transition-Hock, & moments is a set of the papera linear-oblicat, transition-Hock, & moments is a set of the papera linear-oblicat, transitions is a set of the set of the set of the papera linear oblication of the set of the plane data is a set of the set of the set of the set of the plane data is a set of the set of the set of the set of the plane data is a set of the plane data is a set of the set of the set of the set of the plane data is a set of the set of the set of the set of the plane data is a set of the plane data is a set of the plane data is a set of the set

Dry barren soil, interior of Oregon 1 and Rocky Mountains 1 July-Aug. — 20 Stems 1-3 feet high, fastigiate, somewint glabrous when old. Heads half an inch in diameter. Pappus silvery ; the scales toothed or lacerate at the apex ; in the disk-flower shorter than the corolla.

Subdiv. 9. EXTERNET. 8. -- Branches of the style in the disk-flowers obtuse or truncase, or tipped with a cone, publicate at the apex.

118. HYMENOPAPPUS. L'Her.; Cass.; DC. prodr. 5. p. 658.

Heads many-flowered; the flowers all tubular and perfect, similar and regular. Scales of the involucre 6-12, somewhat in 2 series, oval or ob-

HYMENOPAPPUS.

orate, membranatorous or protoid (white), datase. Receptate anall, maket, Conflaw what a school gradualant trait, and a Shird comparability strange the labor sevelute. Anthere executed. Benaches of the style liberar, with a very barb or datage or consistent approaches, a chair is an antiparticle of the base as if stylents, bread at the semantic, neary-strate, somewint 4-646 when nature. Registers of 12-60 sizes and doeses membranesses, factoring merevises packs, in a single sentes.-Biennial or prostnial (N. Amreileu) with neutron-english tenses, and coopsistence was miny tensis. Lavors there made, pinnately lobed or divided. Flowers whittak, in a single species veloce.

 Scales of the spreading involvere, and often the bracks, petaloid (whithis): corolla with a fillform tabe, and a deeply dift limb (the nerves of the tobes intermediate between the marging and the axis).

Li. acchineme (L'Herc): clubbed with a more or less decideous appresent voci, lesses primately, or ther relation and over, bijmately particulter is segmentin linear or oblong, entire or quaringly nothed; lineals, (arthor large) in nearly simple and losses small corrunts; each of the involvement linear, is realised or the propose versimiliar - BC (*There also*, 0, 2017), DO, profile, 5, p. 653. Relating Cambridge, Law, jour. Int. et al. 1, p. 45.

Dry pine barrens, and around packs. South Carolina 1: a Findia 1 Me Weetern Lawinsman, Dr. Hafel 4 Aprile May-eq. or 2:1 Sourn 1-3 Fet high. Beaves variable, when young often tomentsee, world yor enamested mobilities and the site of the source of the so

9. He arteminipólius (IDC-): seen wolly when young, prainclaisbranchis), lews: densely tonnearce-ancecart bereatin, the residual and lower cantilic petioled, hancedone-oblong, entire, or citee niuntei of with terminal loke largest, the largest levels (in particular with the terminal loke largest, the largest loss of langest largest levels and the largest levels of the largest levels (in the largest level) entire 1 bends (many) numerous, in basic of morphal petiols, enterly extend the links is almost with an enterly entered largest set links is almost without ; eachest from particular conference, set links-bolong—DC, prof. 5, p. 68.

Texns, Berlandier, Drummond / Mr. Lindheimer !- (2) Stem 2-3 fett high. Radical leaves 4-6 inches long. Coryunb large, glandular-tomestose. Heads much smaller than in the proceeding.

9. His commissions: conversion tomentoes when yoongs, at length meetily fastowas: stem much transfericly favors [4-5] pnnetsky divided, the divisions of lobes narrowly linears, often incided or totaled; heads (small) very name divide a stem output hereasers, about this length of the division premotily the base mostly hierasers, about this length of the division premotily and predocent on the angles, scalar of the prepare efficiency.

 Natallii: lower leaves 3-pinnately, the upper 1-2-pinnately divided or paned; the segments very narrowly linear, mostly entire-H. tenuifolies, Nutr. in herb. DC, &c. (pl. Arkans), not of Pural.

HTMENOPAPPUS.

COMPOSITÆ.

 Scales of the appressed involucre with whilish or scarious margins: tube of the corolls not longer than the 5-loathed or cleft limb.

6. H. Homofoliu (Paral): lampinous-canescent stem stora, corymbose the mannit: lawes hipmaneyd dvikad; the dvisions very narrowly make dvison the star storage start and the start of the start and the start of t

Upper Missioni, Brailburg, Vostali U, es, as interk Lands Mr. Note (4): on gravely hill, do. May-Jonese 2): Stem 13-15 terbers high Lerevs sensitivity, do. May-Jonese 2): Stem 13-15 terbers high Derivers sensitivity, do. May-Jonese 2): sensitivity of the division 24biornary of the contrast, a contrast and gravity and the mass formaling and penaloid as in all the proceedings. However greenlike while threat of the contrast, a stempty and the character and the theory hyperbolic division of the stempts and the proper more complexasts whyle Southelt. Achemis more villans, and the proper more complexasts the agare.

Aril plains of the apper Oregon, Douclarl, Nathall.-217, Sorm 10400 micro highs. Lower here a probably the division for one cost might and an indow more in hencels. Heads fully as large as in the preceding. Achenia here applied a transferring as the biasy non-dilated at the heavy: the byinth wills of the pappers nearly concealed among the villow bairs of the achesium, and Januer than the tube of the (which) contain-3 Mr. Numit's printmen, the pappus is more complexions that in those collected by Daughas.

6. II. Initia (Nutr.); dynaf, wodly-conneceiv; stora several from a bick casiek; sevena petidok. Diely radiou, lynnevy-dwirded; the divides rety much, crawdels, small, primatido trifida the lokes very short, mean otsues, heads (small) somewhat paincideare, scales of the involution to biology downers, approach, relater short than the divid radio with the divideare that the start of the sevenal sector is biology of the sevenal sector. If a grant, data, will see the sevenal form a biology of the set short sector of the sevenal sector.

Rocky Mountains near the sources of the Colorado of the West, particular-

HYMENOPAPPUS.

ly on Ham's Fork, Nettall /--24 Stems 4-10 inches high, bearing 3-5 feads. Involuce tomentose, scarious. Pappus nearly as long as in H. teunifolius, but not exserted beyond the very long villous hairs of the achenium. Threat of the corolia campanulate, 5-tookhed; the nerves marginal.—The plan has the aspect of a Chemactic

119. BAHIA. Lagasca, nov. gen., in elench. hort. Madr. p. 28; DC. L. c.

Bahia & Eriophyllum, Lagasca .- Trichophyllum, Nutt.

Heads many-discored ; the my-discore 5-13, Lipiton, pixeline; block the disk tabular prefixed. Scalar of the subplobes, revold, creating matter is a single or converbati tabulas series, equal, approach. Receptible takky, or some-tabular advolated disk titless. This of the consult globalizes hairy. Bennelses of the axyle in the disk-diverse thick-need at the args: doines. Activati Acida (inter, or obsolver) tabular. A first of 4-20 erd of obligs and mostly obme varies mervices small values—d'somethic from Chill in Normal, of Oregon, Marcine, (N-y) with appendix or a distant of me Chill in Normal, of Oregon, Marcine, (N-y) with appendix or a distant of me child in laward, of observa Marcine and the distant of the distant of me child in Normal, of Oregon, Marcine, (N-y) with appendix or distant of me child in Normal, of Oregon, Marcine, (N-y) with appendix or distant of the distant balance or distant of the distant of the distant of the distant of the distant or distant or distant of the distant of the distant of the distant method in the trains-

* Skrubby or mifrutescent : heads corymbose.

1. Be extension of the state o

California, Menzies, Chamisso, Douglas! Nuttall! Sc.-A low shrab-

Heads on distinct pechadron termination (1992) (2017) (2010)) is we survey by measure the bar often somewhat measure hand assume the Witcom runs doubt the B, arcentiatibile B. California of Da Candolle is a state of his B, arcentistrolle B. Dougland: but we have not the means of satisfying curveybar whether the hatter has been correctly united with the B, arcentisticition of Leissing, which is and to have samile or alightly publicitable back, only two and a half thesis in length.

9. B. confirt(form (DC)), is seen and branches downly accesse concellor or workly: Thereas internate, camous with the section of the secti

BAHIA.

California, Douglas ! Nuttall ! April.--Plant shrubby at the base, about a foot high. Lower divisions of the leaves largest. Heads clustered, but on disinct peduancles when in fruit. Involuce about two lines long.

3. B. rigida (Nut.): stem and involute closely aronae-wolly when yong; leaves ulternate, contact-outlong, closely seade and party clasping, keepi tomentoe beneath. S-cleft at the apex; heads (small) in crowda combis scales of the observal torolares. To mostly observe; rays 4-5, headby over, small; a closenia glabros, or alightly lairy slong the anglest beneathy over, so and a scale of the search of the search of the search of the beneathy over, the search of the search of the search of the beneathy over the search of the search of the search of the beneathy of the search of the search of the search of the beneathy of the search of the search of the search of the beneathy of the search of the search of the search of the beneathy of the search of

St. Barbara, California, Nuttall! April.-Growing with the preceding ; the heads about the same size. Leaves very numerous, about half an inch long, nearly glabrous above.

4. Be available did $_{\rm O}(\rm DC)$: would s-tomentoes throughout; leaves elternate, considera, with a long attenuate base, biptontific above; the looks (2-4 pink) small, entire or toorheit, heads (rather large) selfaray, terminating entry how branches or period to the globox every would be applied to the selfaray of the selfaray of

California, Douglas !--Suffruticose, branched from the base. Leaves less than an inch long, laciniate-bipinnatifid. Heads not clustered. Rays 3-4 lines long.

. . Herbaceous : heads solitary on naked simple peduncies,

5. B. Janata (Nutl.): a term monly branched from the desurface has langingeneousnostical interaction monthly branched from the desurface the force properties, planning the upper most often interact and the desurface properties of the properties of the interact interact desurface and the desurface of the desurface of the set of the interaction of the desurface of the desurface of the set of the lange of the desurface of the desurface of the set of the lange of the desurface desurface of the desurface of the desurface of the desurface desurface of the desurface of the desurface of the desurface desurface of the desurface of the desurface of the desurface desurface of the desurface of the desurface of the desurface desurface of the desurface of the desurface of the desurface desurface of the desurface of the desurface of the desurface desurface of the desurface of the desurface of the desurface desurface of the desurface of the desurface of the desurface desurface of the desurface of the desurface of the desurface desurface of the desurface of the desurface of the desurface desurface of the desurface of the desurface of the desurface desurface of the desurface of the desurface of the desurface of the desurface desurface of the desurface of the

B. tensifolia: stem slender and often simple; heads smaller; divisions of the leaves narrowly linear, entire, or often lobed.—B. tenuifolia, DC.! 1. c.; Nut.! 1. c.

Organ, common from the locky Monstatises to be Coast! (The III temp sites, Delvan spontaly collected in Organ status of a Montanies sources the Montanies in the status of the status of the status of the Montanies and the provides. Segments of the layers he pairs. Involvement melaphone, composed, as in the following synchronic status of a value of the status of the which are all clocked with a dense and intrictute work. Sense of the papers Wong and dense, accessing unequal, denticulate at the apex, often a linds with at all clocked on the status of the status of

6. B. Longshidt (DC): Langsions-temestow throughout stems branched from the hang, and above: laws-a internate and somerican copyosite, oblanvotance orolong-symmilum, 3-clieft or lobud at the spest, or somewhat plaming branches; may oblang, rather large; a cleaning glubans-DC/2, prostr. 8, 26, 58, B. Interplati, DC, L. o. Trichophyllum integrilloum, Hook, 8, Ber-Am, 1, p. 316. T. multiflorum, Nutl./ in jour. and. Philad. 7, p. 37.

Rocky Monntains! to the coast of Oregon! and Noxka, &c. July-Siens 5-12 incides high. Leaves an inchor moreal inlength; the ouper linear. Heads 35-35-flowered, as large as in the preceding; the scales about 14, out-lobing. Pappus of mostly 4 oblong or lanceointe scattal scales, and as many alternate smaller scales, the latter often denticulate at the apex. The leaves vary greatly.

7. B. gracitis (Hook, & Ara.): Imaginous-tomentose throughout: etems branched from the base, naked abvec; leaves alternate, attenune, linest, dotuse, entiret, the lower nonewhat spatolate; heads terminating the long simple peduxcles; rays large; achenia glandular-pubescent.—Hook & Ara.! bet. Bereken, appel, p. 353.

Interior of Oregon, Smake Fort, Mr. Tolmic !-Stems slender, 8-10 inches high. Leaves nearly 2 inches long, about a line wide. Scales of the involuce oblong. Rays bright yellow in the dried specimens. Pappus of about 10 small oblog scales.

‡ Species unknown to us.

 B. coppositifelia (Nutt., under Trichophyllum) : decumbent and math branched, canescenty pubescent: leaves opposite, all palmately 3-clefit the segments liquidate, simple, or divariantly subdivided ; positionic fillioms, mostly dichotomal, scarcely longer than the leaves. Nutt.—DC, prodr. 5. p. 657. Trichophyllum oppositiolium, Nutt.genc. 2, p. 167.

Dominated world hills near Fort Mandam on the Niesonri, shutzent July-Auge-at-12. Stern drifting, ad-51 inclusing it. Leaves predistion, came const it the pulsawence very short segments about an inch long, thicking imar, somewhat tokus. Politonie a leavest, 1-24 inclusion, and the same name in the start of the scales Sol, oblog-avents rays about the same name rays short. Pargues minute, of Sol analy obtaine and sumewing histories scales. Activitia nearly smooth. Plant senably bitter, and desition of somes. Nature, it.

120. ACTINOLEPIS. DC. prodr. 5. p. 655; Hook. is. pl. t. 325.

Heads several-flowered ; the ray-flowers 3-5, ligulate, pistillate ; those of the disk tubular, perfect and fertile ! Involucre oblong-campanulate, bractoate at the base, tomentose ; the scales about 5, oblong-obovate, obtuse, connivent after flowering, and involute so as to include the achenia of the ray-Receptacle small, convex, naked. Rays slightly exserted, oval, mostly 2-toothed, raised on a slender tube. Corolla of the disk with a slender tube (pubescent with jointed hairs), and a spreading deeply 5-lobed limb. Branches of the style in the disk-flowers short, rather flat, terminated by a very obtuse puberulent cone, or almost truncate. Achenia slender, terete, striate, tapering to the base ; those of the ray minutely hairy, crowned with a (somewhat deciduous ?) pappus of 10-15 narrow and almost aristiform acute unequal scales, slightly united at the base ; those of the disk similar, but glabrous and destitute of pappus .- A low (2-6 inches) and slender diffusely branched annual herb, clothed with loose somewhat deciduous wool ; the stems corymbosely branched. Leaves alternate (opposite, DC.), very small (2-3 lines long), sessile, cuncate-obovate, deeply and very obtusely 3-toothed at the apex. Heads small, solitary and sessile in the forks of the

ACTINOLEPIS.

COMPOSITE.

stem, and somewhat glomerate at the extremity of the branches; the bracts (1-2) similar to the leaves. Flowers of the disk and ray yellow. Anthers nearly white. Achenia black.

A multicardia (DC: 1: Lo.)—*Hook*, § d'*art.*, *bot*. *Bicelesy*, negrf. p. 523. California, Devalueta (-)–Our description differs considerably from that of De Canoble, who perhaps examined an imperfect specimens. He describes the disk diverse as probably sterify with the style undivided, and does not notice the involution of the havefueral scales on as nearly to enclose the rays world forming.

121. LASTHENIA. Case.; DC. in Lindl. bot. reg. 4. 1780, & prodr. 1. c.

Heah many-flowered is the sty-flowere 5–15, pointline, lighting, obliquely furmer and included, or obling and externel pitton of the disk tabular, prefers. Involveme as long as in fully, comparaility, composed of 5–15 gends wilds, and y on the summity in the eth reintragalar, acture, citiler. Receptale works, papers, and an expension of the disk with a statest global are pointered works, papers, and an expension of about 0 works, and and heaving and a state and a state and a state of the state of the state and a company disk. The property of heaving the state barrier transmission by a short come. Achieving increase bases, compressed, compressed, state and compare and the state of the state of the state Californian berds, proving is see places, with oppingent linear or increasing with prefers, proving is seen places, with oppingent linear or increasing and the increduce jue incorport point sets the state. There is allowed with the hear of the provingent point point of the state of the state of attra the increduce jue increase place in the base. There is a value, the state of the increduce jue increase place in the point point in the state of the state of attra the state of the point point of the state of the state of the state of the state of the increduce place place and the state. There is a value of the state of the increduce place of the state o

Pappus of 9 or 10 (rarely 57) unequal chaffy scales: rays very short, included.—LANTHENIA, Cass. (Rancagua, Papp. & Endl.)

 La glaberrina (DC.): involucre about 15-toothed; pappus as long as the disk-corolla, and nearly equalling the obliquely truncate included mays the scales lanceolate or obloga, the large ones caspidate; plant glabrous throughout..., DC. if your, no of Lindi.
 California, DC, isod, no of Lindi.

California, Douglas !--Plant stender, 6-12 inches high. Leaves 2-3 mehrs long, 1-2 lines wide. Corolla much shorter than the achenia. (Stales of the pappus 5, according to De Catifolie.)

12. Pappus none : rays exerted, conspicuous .- HOLOGYMNE, Bartl. (Lasthenia, Lindl., Eadt.)

 L. glabrais (Lindl): involver 10-15-torbiel; poluroles and young leves alightly and minurely polescent—Lindl.: bot res. 6, 1780; DC.I.L. e.; Nutl.; in trans. Amer. phil. ace. 6: c. L. Californica, Lindl. bet 95: c. (note); 4: 122; Jun to the plant to which this same was original-9 applied by Dc Candolle. Hologymore glabrais, Berli ind. zero. Gent. 1937 J 1839; dpin Linner, 12. zuppl. p. 81; Hock & Arn. be Beechy,

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LASTRENIA.

suppl. p. 354; Hock. bot. mag t. 3730; Fisch., Meyer, & Lallem. ind. sem. St. Petersb. 1840.

California, Douglas! Nutall! Common in cultivation.—Closely resembles the preceding, except in the conspicuous rays, rather larger heads, and entire absence of the pappus; the corolla of the disk is also much longer; the lobes sparsely barbellate. The cultivated specimens are often entirely glabross. We are only acquisited with a single species of Hologymps.

122. BURRIELIA. DC. prodr. 5. p. 663.

Horis mmy-dimension is ray-flowers 3-16, paintine, liquides (mp) every short) these of the data kuulan, parefect. Notes of the upraving of nonner-bit cumpaningles involves 3-16, evel, a cuminant, in 1-4 mp) experimental states of the states of the states of the states of the Genilar of the disk in a subarce trained and an expended incombatel limb Branches of the style terminated by a very short dratae coars. Advant Branches of the style terminated by a very short dratae coars. Advant Branches of the style terminated by a very short dratae coars. Advant Branches of the style terminated by a very short dratae coars. Advant Branches Scholter and Scholter and polyseent annual (California) briefs; with opposite linear entry and statis largers, and other backets and the view of the state of the state of the state of the state of the subarcy video in the state of the state of the state. The state of the state and the video in the state of the sta

Pappus award; that of the ray similar but more slender.—BURNIELIA proper.

. Rays very short a appendages of the style acute : labes of the disk-corolla glabrow.

 B. microglossa (DC.! l. c.): villous-pubescent; scales of the involute and rays 3-4, the included lighter shorter than the styles; disk-flowers 6-12; achenia attenuated, minutely scabrow; pappus 2-4- (or the in rays 1-) awned.

California, Douglas /-Plant resembling a Pectis, 3-4 inches high; the heads appearing discoid. Leaves often an inch long, and a line wide.

. Rays abovate or oblong, exserted : labes of the disk-corolla slightly barbellate.

 B. texerring (DC.! 1. c.): stem simple, filiform, nearly glabron; scales of the involucre and the obovate rays about 5; achenis slender, glabrous; pappus 1-3-awned.

California, Douglas !- Stem 3-4 inches high. Leaves filiform, balf an inch long. Rays short.

 B. pareiflora (Nutt.): much branched, diffuse, almost glabrous; scales of the involucre and the oblong rays about 8; achenia minutely subcrascanescent, linear-obconical; pappus 2-3-awned from a broad base.—Nutt.' in trans. Amer. phil. soc. (. o. p. 381.

St. Barbara, California, Nutall'-Stems 2-3 inches high. Leaves neurly fillorm, half an inch long, pubescent when yoong. Heads many-flowered, 2-3 lines long; involucre turbinate. Rays short. Scales of the pappas triangular-ovate, short, abruptly awred.

4, B. gracilis (DC.): appressed, pubescent or hairy; stem sparingly

BURBIELIA.

COMPOSITÆ.

branched; scales of the invaluers and the oval rays 10-14; achemia famifram, compressed-sieldo; et hunce of the ray obsempressed 1 grapping of 4-5, or in the rays 2-3, innerolate-sublities awas. $-D(C_1) \operatorname{prod} t$, 5, p, field, Benti ind, same, bort, forter, 18-37, A_1 in Lonzea, 12, sample, p, eo; 1 Hook, AArm, löt, Benchey, supple, p, 354; $T \operatorname{Hook}$, bot, mag. t, 3756. B. graciiis & B. Jonnifolia, Net t, t.

Californin, Douglas ! Nuttall !--Plant 5-10 inches high, weak, decumbent. Leaves about 2 inches long, and a line wide, slightly fleshy. Expanded heads half an inch or more in diameter. Rays rather longer than the involuce.

§ 2. Pappus none .- BAERIA, Fisch. & Meyer.

5. B. drymstrong: approximation of balance in the second parameters of the interaction of the interaction

Colliering, Fischer & Mager, Danglott. Notall L-Plant 6-13 index Mark, fabraue biecher, Larves 1 is to infect long. 1–2 or 2 first wide, humerkuist channelle i show and consist at the biese, with the where appelses with their so closely that the yare appearing building closely building closely and with the so closely that they are appearing building closely building closely building for absence of the appears in D. chrysterman. As similar isotrapellous appbances of the source of the source of the source of the source of the biese constrained in the source appearing the source of the source of the source of the spectra of the source of

123. DICHÆTA. Nutt. in trans. Amer. phil. soc. (ser. 2.) 7. p. 383.

Head immy-dowered 1 the ray-dowere 6-12, lighter, pixelinar 1 bases of 6-13, lighter pays, nearly equal md in a single series, events, extension in the field for data. The spectra consist, whereas the airway bases. Consists of the data. The spectra consist, whereas the airway bases of the data the spectra consist, whereas the spectra constant series of the intermed galaxia. In this case, the spectra constant, maintibally bases and the spectra of the spectra constant, and highly. Expanse of the ray and this similar, composed of 4-8 sholing a nerve basedseen along spectra, compating the tasks of the constant, which are firmble intermed and the spectra of 2 (model) 3 or 4) solutions areas about the pixel of the so-constant series (Considering where spectra prebases and the spectra of 2 (model) 3 or 4) solutions areas about the pixel of the so-constant series (Considering where spectra prebases active active areas in the pixel in the spectra pixel of the spectra bases and the spectra pixel inclusive pixel spectra pixel pixels have a density. The spectra method pixel in the spectra pixel pixels are start and enging. The spectra pixel pixels are the spectra pixel pixels are spectra pixels and the spectra pixel pixels areas areas the spectra pixels pixels are and the spectra pixels pixels are the spectra pixels pixels are and the spectra pixels pixel

This genus is, as it were, intermediate between Hymenoxys and Burriella; D. tenella having exactly the labit of the latter, and D. uliginosa nearly that of Hymenoxys (Puloysia) mutica; which, moreover, presents a similar pappus, except that de intermediate even are warning. D. uliginess (Nutt.! l. c.): decumbent, branching; leaves crowded near the base, laciniate-pionatifid; the lobes linear; the rachis broad: rays and scales of the involuer 8-12.

St. Barbara, California, Nuttall ! April.--Plant 4-6 inches high, almost aquatic. Lower leaves 3-3 inches long. Heads one-third to half an inch in diameter, including the short oblong rays. Scales of the pappus often some what united; the awas slightly dilated below, minutely servite scalavors.

 D. tenella (Nutt.! l. c.): stem erect, simple, slender; leaves lines; the upper entire; the lower sparingly lnciniate-pinnatifid towards the bas; rays and scales of the involuce 5-8.

St. Barbara, California, growing with D. uliginosa, Nattall ! April.-Plant 3-4 inches high, resembling Burrielia gracilis. Stem and leaves hairy.

124. HYMENOXYS. Cars. dict. 55. p. 278; DC. prodr. 5. p. 661.

Hords many-discored, discoil, or other radius; the ngo-flowers 18-05 is plusting initiating these of the disk ubshape prefets. Seales of the lowelayers in 1-2 weight, appressed, nearly the length of the dask. Receptate sensitis, formation animality glavability theory of the start of the sensitive formation saminary glavability theory of a regreded beached limit with blows platheous, or alightly benched. Branchas of the asple above, transmitand minority blavelitation at the space. A beacher same start minority blavelitation at the space. A beacher same start without $\beta = 0.25$ are started by a start of the space barrier, the space of energy starting (b) above and the space barrier and show hence, changing the observation of Chemonity, with index starts above plants the transmitty in the transmittion of Chemonity and the start above plants the transmitty in the transmittion of Chemonity, with index starts above plants the transmitty in the transmittion of Chemonity and the starts above plants the transmitty in the transmittion of the start starts and above plants the transmitty in the transmittion of the start starts and starts and the starts instants and the transmittion of the start starts and starts and the starts instants and the transmittion of the start starts and above plants in the results and the starts and above plants in the results and the starts and

 Heads radiate : scales of the pappus (at least in the disk-flowers) award. —OXXFAFFUS, DC. (Pillomeris, Nutt.)

Br. Deep, California, Nettall / April.-O., Branched from the bare, minuty glandular puberolene. Science of the involvement of the second se

HIMENOXYS.

COMPOSITÆ.

§ 2. Heads radiate : pappus aumless, or none !- PTILOTAIS, Nutt. (Pullomeris, ercl. spec, & § Ptilopsis, Nutt.)

 H. mutica: scales of the psppus 6-8, oblong, trancate or obluse, laciniate at the summit, equal, shorter than the propertube of the corolla; that of the ray smaller.—Ptilomeris mutica. Null. t 4, c.
 California, with the preceding. Nutlat.

3. H. calva: pappus of the ray and disk none .- Ptilomeris (Ptilopsis)

California, with the preceding, and in no way distinguishable, apparently, except by the achenium. Nuttall !

ACTINELLA. Pers. syn. 2. p. 469; Nutl. gen. 2. p. 173. Actines, Juss.—Pillepida, Raf.—Picradenia, Hosk.

Both many-flowered in the sy-dowers 6-12, picultars, inguine, construbong, 3-rooted or to held at the apex 1 lines of the disk hubbin, perfect. Scalar of the hemispherical twoltere lancestatus covers, approxed, in 1-3with, many equal, hards - lance that the disk. Recepted hemispherical of conical, and -. Corella of the disk cylindracensus, with the proper tube type lines, to outly the twerth erest gluindracensus, the functions, abare, type lines, and the level of the disk cylindracensus, which are proper tube type lines, the start of the disk cylindracensus, which are proper tube type lines, the start of the disk cylindracensus, the disk of the disk of the disk cylindracensus of the disk of the disk of Line children ends and a sheet starts with distribution or ends of the matrix Line children ends of the disk cylindracensus of the disk of the disk of the disk cylindracensus of the disk of the disk disk of the disk of the disk cylindracensus of the disk disk terr column of holders.

. Caulescent : stems numerous from a thick cauden : loaves sparingly pinnately parted,

 A. Richardsoni (Nun), publicularity leaves probably right dregalarity - Parteel towards the samming the segments glandlary purchase, fillform- Instruments, in the territing at one 3-toothetic scales of the involutive water- restrict and the second state of the second state of the second restrict and the second state of the second state of the restrict and the second state of the second state of the restrict and the second state of the second state of the second state restrict and the second state of the second state of the second state of the restrict and the second state of the second state of the second state of the restrict and the second state of the second state of the second state of the restrict and the second state of the second state of the second state of the restrict and the second state of the second state of the second state of the restrict and the second state of the second state of the second state of the restrict and the second state of the second state of the second state of the restrict and the second state of the second state of the second state of the second state of the restrict and the second state of the second state of the second state of the second state of the restrict and the second state of the second

About Cariton House, on the Saskatchawan, Richardson !-- A span high, rigd, branching above. Heads an inch in diameter, including the (9-10) obveate-oblog vellow rays. Branches of the sayle flat, transcet and beard of at the apex! Achenia clothed with long tawny villous hairs. Pappus thouse than the couple of the disk.

 Caspilose, mostly descrif and acoulescent: leaves crowded or results, usually entire: scapes simple, maked.

 A. acaulis (Nutt.): leaves densely clustered on the flick caudex, linear-spaniate, silky-villous, as well as the scapes when young, and the invoincre: the scales of the latter lanceolast-obloud, in 2 series; scales of the

pappus 5-7, broadly ovate, tipped with slender awas.—Nutt.! gen. 2. p. 173, & in trans. Amer. phils oc. I. c. Actinea acaulis, Spring, syd. 3, p. 574; Torr. ! is ann. lyc. New York, 2. p. 213. Galardia acaulis, Purab! R. 2. p. 743. Cephalophora (Actinella) acaulis, DC. prodr. 5, p. 663.

Dry chalky soil, along the upper part of the Niesson's CPLite Rivers, Bradavay, Natelli Dr., Jonsel - Dun growing in very dense units. Leaves 1-2 inclues long, the silky public-score dense and appresend. Scopes 3-4 inclues long. Head itteres-fourties of an incli in diameter, including the 10-13 consense-bidney yellow rays. Proper tube of the disk-contait almost roomline the occulie of the disk.

3. A. Torreyona (Nut.): densely complete : samples, involvers, and axis of the leaves very tomenose: leaves clustered, narrowly linear, obtuse, sparsely hairy, strongly punctate with blackish dos, usually as long as the samper scales of the involver oblog-ovate, with scarious marries, in about 2 series : scales of the oppose 5-7, ovate, nearly awnless.—Nutl. / is trans. Amer. Juli. set leave i.e. exc.)

Shelving rocks on the lofty hills or mountains of the Upper Platte called the "Three Butes," Nutlal! June.-Plant 2-3 inches high. Leaves a line wide, rigid. Hends rather smaller than is the preceding. Rays rather large, 8-10. Receptate conical.

4. A. landat (Nutt.1 i.e.): densely exceptions, very woolly throughout: leaves clustered, linear-obligneeding, in primary obloggingmitter and somewhat glabrous when old, nearly impuneties; scales of the involuce obloglancelate, in about 3 series it hinner with scanson margings assules of the pappus 6-6, ovnet, tipped with abort awas—Actines integrifolia, Torr, in am. Ivo. New York, 1.e.7, not of Kunh!

With the preceding, which it closely resembles, Nuttall! (Rocky Mountains in about lat. 41°, Dr. Jawes!) June.—The specimen of A. integridllat Torr, L. 6. is an imperfect that we cannot very confidently refer it to the present species; but it certainly is not the same with the foregoing.

6. A. leftbre (Nutr.1). e.p.: derugity-sespitose i lavve aurorely litear or litence-particular, brandy allowed winn del, impressed purcease, the dillated searious haves imbrinated on the simpler branches of the emission and maked or with a single left scales of the involution of states and the about 2 series i scales of the pappus 5, oblog-syntex, lacerase-toched, matty awardes, scaler word the lattice instant of the corolla.

Near the Shawnee villages on the Missouri, Nettall / On the Platte ? Dr. James - Plant 3-6 inches high. Heads smaller than in A. scalls. Pappus shourer than in any of the preceding species.

6. As expose (Nett.1), c.): villous stems heaters, strict, simple bering a single body lowe's radius, linear-innecate, attenuate in the baseentre, or some of them pirmatified with a few scatte lober; exterior scattes of the involuter obtues, apprended, shorter than the disk; scattes of the paptra oral, abruptly avends a little aborter than the corolla. DC—Cephakophon Christella are able to the strict of the stri

6. linearis (Nutt.1 L. c.): cincrous-pubscent, scarcely villous; scapes several from a slender branching caudex, on which the narrowly linear estire and punctue laws are closely imbrinated; scales of the involuce linear arcohone, in about 3 series, silk-villous; achenia searacly villous.

Texas, in the eastern districts, Boilander, B., Texas, Dr. Riddell-The scopes, in the plant described by De Candolle, are 8-12 inches are the leaves 2-3 inches in length and 2-3 lines in breadth, acute, the ray 4-nerved and 3-toobed. Our plant agrees with this description, except that the leaves 2-3 inches in length, Y. & and the involuces is nearly as long

ACTINELLA.

COMPOSITÆ.

as the disk. The heads are rather larger than in the following species; the may 19 or more, bright yellow, elliptical eddoog. The membranaecous scales of the pappus, 5 in number, are roundish-oval, obscurely 1-nerved, and very abruptly awned, the awns short; in the ray similar but gravites.

* * * Annual : stems branching, diffuse : leaves entire.

7. A. lisearjólia: somewhat pubsicaret with slender spreading hairs paralimeter siender, terminating the speeching transches I eaves anrevely linear, the lowermost oblanceolate, attenuate att base; scales of the involucer oblang, totage, naize, entire, tipped with slender awas—Hymenoxys? linearifolia, Hook, is, pl. 4.146; DC, sroot, r. 9, 433.

D.: protect r. p. 243. Ferans. Dramood ! Western Louisiana or Arkaness. Dr. Learenworth ! "Bank abunder, deall includes light. Head one-half to two-thirds of an inchparently place yellow." Receptace control. Achimis villous. The heads what the older of Charmonile when bruised, as in Hyrmenays. Although a gaugal, it is doubless a congregator of the preceding species.

126. AMBLYOLEPIS. DC. prodr. 5. p. 667.

Heads many-digraved, ranking the ray-flowers lightlaw, pintline, for a digital series, Social to the pary time of the disk tabilary refrest. Scalar 6 die investigation and and an et al. (i.e. the interimeted disk of the i

A. seligera (DC. l. c.)

Texas, between Bexar and Austin, Berlandier.—A foot high. Leaves frw; the lower obtase, the upper acuminate, DC.—We have seen this plant cally in the herbarium of De Candolle.

127. HELENIUM. Linn. ; Lam. ill. t. 688 ; DC. prodr. 5. p. 665.

Heads many-flowered, quilate; the ray-flowered n a single series, pixellate, (hypulse, consolving, 3-b-delf at the semanti, nearly for quite destinate of a flow. Scalas of the involutors in it series; the exterior linear or subalate, discuss, specular gor reflexed it in interior forwar and much shorter, chafty, Receptate convex, globon, or oblong, naked. Corolla of the disk with an effectation of the second seco

COMPOSITE.

HELENIUM.

the tesh wey short and obluss, glandular-baserlet. Branches of the type algebry difficat of all obluss at the apex. Achenia obvectuationistan, entire or ribbed, villoms on the ribs. Pappos of 5-s membranos apicalizes award sonewhat Discovel assistence branching (North American and Mexican) heris, with alternate ministry panegas leaves, decurrent on the attract-apical acams of branchis. Heads training the family membrane for the same of the law, and the corroll of the disk derivative spheric towards in the law, and the corroll of the disk derivative spheric towards and with the line shorts.

§ 1. Receptacle Sources or globose : corolla of the disk mostly 5-toothed .-Helenia, Linn., Garta.

1. H. cantinuede (Linn): g tabrous or nigately publicsest; leaves haves have settings of the approximate statics are history, actions of the irreducers interse-unleader is rays that, 3-3-deft at the news, longer than the transformer interse-unleader is rays that, 3-3-deft at the news, longer than the transformer intersection of the proper state of the transformer is the model of the second state of the new state of the new state and the second state of the new state state is a proving of the second state of the new state of the new state state of the new state of the new state of the new state of the new state state of the new state of the new state of the new state of the state of the new state of the new state of the new state state of the new state of the new state of the new state state of the new state of the new state of the new state state of the new state of the new state of the new state state of the new state state of the new state of the new state state of the new state of the new state of the new state of the new state state of the new state of the new state of the new state state of the new state of the new state of the new state state of the new state of the new state of the new state state of the new state of the new state of the new state of the new state state of the new state state of the new state of the n

6. grandiforum: scales of the pappus narrower and more award, one-third to two-thirds the length of the corolla (rays not tubular).—H. autum-nale, Hook. J. L. c., partly. H. grandiflorum, Nutt. J. in trans. Amer. phil. 56: (n. scr.) 7. p. 584. H. montanum, Nutt. J. L.

7. tabeliforum : scales of the pappus innecolate, acuminate-award, helf the length of the corolla ; rays tabelore, unequally 5-cleft.—H. tabeliforum, DC. ! l. c.—Probably an accidental state of var. \$\$; as some of the rays are flat and not at all tabelar in an authentic specimen.

6. canaticulation: scales of the pappus ovate, either acutish, securitate, or slightly awned, about one-bourh the length of the corolls: rays concave cannileculate or 3-sulcate.—H. canaligulatum, Lam. in jour. hirl. nat. 2. F. 213, t. 357

In were allevial soil, easily dimaghout North America, from Fields off Grogat 1 of Horison Bay's Statistical America, and the Origin and Congating 1 of Horison Bay's Statistical America, and and the Statistical American Statistical American Statistical American Research Leaves & bittys at it all the appoints of the grants. Rays doubt and the Statistical American Statistical American Statistical Adelatib Integration and the aughout Statistical American Statistical Adelatib Integration Statistical American Statistical American Adelatib Integration American Statistical American Statistical Adelatib Integration American American Statistical American Find Origon Statistican American Statistical American American Find Origon Statistican American American

2. H. pare/forms (Nut.): a laboratory stem much branched, slightly any gatar; leaves intercolator or obiop-intercolator, here and there subservitations, searchly decurrent; scales of the involutore fillions, shorter than the globes disk; rays fill a schooleh, arrow; is chemin rather smooth p appus awards, half the length of the combins; heads sentered, solitary or in pairs. Netl, if trans. Auer. phil. soc. 1c.

"Georgia .- A very distinct and well-marked species, scarcely at all bitter to the tasta. Flowers scattered, not fastigiate, scarcely half the size of these

HELENIUM.

COMPOSITE.

of H. automnale, to which this species has an affinity; the leaves are also generally entire and scarcely decurrent. Rays slightly pubescent externally." Nattall.-We have only seen cultivated specimens: in these the ribs of the achenium are villous with long scattered hairs.

3. H. towifsliom (Nutt); findigitally much branched, nenty glabrous; leave scowdo and usauly findicield, viry narrowy linear, entir; scales of the involucre subulate; rays rather longer than the globose disk : scales of the papers over, entire, coroward, with algupt awars, nenty equaling the corolla--Nutl. in jour. acad. Philad. 7, p. 68; Hook.! compan. to bet. mag. 1, p. 98.

Fields and road-sides, Mississippi! Louisiana ! and Arkaness ! "A common and troublesome weed, imparting a bitter taste to the milk of cows that feed upon it." Dr. Hale! April-Nov.--24 Plant 8-20 inches high, wey leafy. Disk 3-4 lines in diameter, yellow. Achenia villous.

§ 2. Receptacle oblong or conical: corolla of the disk mostly 4-toothed.— Tetrodus, Cass.

4. H. pubratum (DC.): minutely cheronospherulett; i levere oblog-Baccelan, entire, the upper acute acuminate; the lower oblow, omtimes missel; heads terminating the simple makel branches; rays and insolver very short disk globes; raises of the puppor series, canadizaterminates somewhan demicialize on laterator, rather shorter than the advanta. "OC proofs of SOT." IL publications, Histok, Edv. No. Elsonder, p. 104 "OC proofs of SOT." IL publications, Histok, Edv. No. Elsonder, p. 104 "DC proofs of SOT." IL publications, Histok, Edv. No. Elsonder, p. 104 "DC proofs of SOT." IL publications, Histok, Edv. No. Elsonder, p. 104 "DC proofs of SOT." IL publications in Linkan, ed. acut. Head, Bend 1860" (DC proofs of SOT.") Handle description, DC proofs of SOT. The DC proofs of SOT. The public description, DC proofs of DC proofs of SOT.

5. H. quadridentators (Labil); somewing glaboros, much branched; mikel and lower leaves oblogg-points just project consely 1-2-toothed on each side; the uppermose lanceolane, entire, involuter and rays aborte un the ordeologic glais; scalars of the very stort pappus roundiaboral, where the stort of the set of the set of the pappus stort of the Bas, rays, two is rest, set, and have 200 TDL profers, S. p. 666. Rubbecha stars, Jappin et al. 1990. TDL profers, S. p. 666.

Mois soil and banks of rivers, Louisianal Mississippi! and Arkansas! common. June-Aug.- () Plant 1-3 feet high ; the stems and branches broadly winged. Heads small: the disk yellow. Achenia minutely pubsecent.

 H. microcephalum (DC.): glabrous [or minutely puberulent]; stem ercs; very much branched, bearing many heads; leaves lanceolate, entire, somewhat punctate; involucer very short; rays 3-toobed (yellow) glabrous; Pappus very short, obtuse. DC. prodr. 5. p. 667.

B. bicolor : rays purplish brown towards the base, yellow at the apex ; leaves manifestly emprate - H, cleans, DC, L, c. ?

Ternst have been been and heart. Berkandire. (Heads subscund, 3 lines in diameter, DC) Terns or Adamsa, Mr. Beyrkh (Dr. Lorenwerk), J. Terns, Drawsond !--Plant 2-4 fort high: the minutely puberwerk), J. Terns, Drawsond !--Plant 2-4 fort high: the minutely puberwerk banches beening numerous corynobus beaches: the dobow disk 3 lines in diameter. Rays much longer than the subulate scales of the involuces, when the longth of the disk, glabous or enaily so: the recorderade depressedweat the longth of the disk, glabous or enaily so: the recorderade depressed-

YOL. 11-49

conical. Corolla of the disk brownish-purple at the apex. Achenia minutoly pubescent. Lower leaves oblong, triplinerved, tapering to the base; the upper lanceolate-linear, strongly decurrent.

H. Mexiconoms (H. B. & K.) is said by Nuttall (in trans. Amer. phil. sec. l. a) to have been collected in Louissians by Mr. Teinturier. We have seen no specimens which accord with the Mexican plant.

H. longifolium (Smith): leaves linear-lanesolate, entire, very smooth; pedundes naked, elongated. Swith in Rees, cycl. H. autumnale, Mill. dict. ed. 8, ex Swith.

H. pumilium of Willd. (Eusan. suppl. p. 60.) of unknown origin, is at present not known either in the Berlin Garden or in the herbarium of Willdenow.

H. quadripartitiess (Link, cnum. 2. p. 338) is probably a state of H. quadridentatum.

II. allissimum of Link, in described in the Index Seminum of the Berlin Garden for 1840 (fide Linuxco, 15. suppl. p. 83) from, a plant ruised from seeds sent by Dr. Engelmann of St. Louis: we have not seen the description.

H. commutatum, Link, l. c. is also said to be a new species from North America.

128. LEPTOPODA. Nutt. gen. 2. p. 174; Ell. sk. 2. p. 445.

Heads many-flowered, radiate ; the ray-flowers in one or more series, ligalate, cuneiform, 3-4-cleft at the summit, nearly or quite destitute of tube, neutral. Scales of the involucre in 1-2 series, anreading or reflexed; the exterior numerous, foliaceous, lanceolate-subulate ; the inner very short, chaffy. Receptacle conical or hemispherical, naked, areolate ; the areola becoming fleshy. Corolla with a short narrow tube, and an elongated cylindraceous 4-5-toothed throat; the teeth short and obtuse, glandular-bearded-Branches of the style short, slightly dilated and truncate at the apex. Achenia short, truncate at each end, somewhat cylindrical or turbinate, many-Pappus of 6-12 (rarely 5) membranous and silvery oblong strinte. (mostly nerveless and awnless) scales, denticulate, lacerate, or fimbriate, longer than the achenia .- Perennial (North American) herbs, with the habit &c. of Helenium ; but usually with simple fistulous stems, naked above, and terminated by a solitary large head. Flowers of the ray and disk yellow or sometimes brownish-purple, sprinkled with resinous globules; the former mostly pubescent externally,

The first section of the genus is nomewhat peculiar in habit: the second is only to be distinguished from Lielenium by its neutral rays.

- § 1. Stems mostly simple, naked at the summit, and terminated by a single large head: rays numerous (12-40), spreading : pappus aumless : pedunele commonly dilated or obconical under the head.-LEPTOPODE proper.
- Achenia gladrous, glandular-dotted : scales of the poppus slightly thickened or obscurely merced at the base.

1. L. Heleniam (Nutt.): glabrous, or when young sometimes pubercent at the summit; leaves innceolate or linear-innceolate, elongated, entire, or often denticulate, meally decurrent; the radical and howermost tapering into

LEFTOPODA.

COMPOSITÆ.

petioles; scales of the pappus lacerate, especially near the summit, often somewhat pointed with a central bristle; rays 20-30 in a single series.— Natt. gen. 2. p. 174; DC. i.e. L. Helenium & denicultat, Natt. in trans. Amer. phil. soc. (n. ser.) 7. p. 373. L. decurrens, Macbride, in Ell. i.e.

South Carolina ! and Georgia ! to Florida ! Alabama ! and Louisiana ! in wet soil, like all the species. March-April-Stem 1-2 feet high. Lower cauline leaves 4-7 inches long, 1-nerved ; the primordial small. Heads an linch and a half in diamter, including the rays.

2. Linear platons: have langeolate, rather obtase, sensili, not decurrent, simular pointialitó ar inscied; cales a dthe pappada lacentate calighty finarizate at the summit; rays about 40 (always) 1 in a double or triplesteries. Georgin, Mr. L. L. C. Cast. – Planet with the hain for L. Duebral, and with the inscied or planatified lawars so common in that species; but the achemia prictly platons, stongly straigt cit. Pappan nearly as in L. Hekolam, hardware gluknows, very about. The rays in the oaly specimen we posses with 2 or more weeks.

· · Achenia hairy on the angles : pappus nerveless.

3. L. finibriata: glabrous or nearly so; leaves lanceolate or linear-lanceolate, acute, entire or remotely deniculate, often decurrent; the lower clomgand; the radical oblanceolate; acales of the pappas deeply finibriate-cleft into capillary, segments.—Galardia fimbriata, Miokz, fl. 2, p. 142?

East Fields, De Leonemark (* Texas, Drammal): De Leonemark Private in et al., and in pine harmen hand generatin, black all the other barren and the start of the start of the start of the start field enters. Receptace doing could be start of the start of the distribution of the start of the start of the start of the start of the distribution of the start of the start, all the start of the start of the start of the start of the start, and the start of the start of the start of the start of the start, and the start of the start of the start of the start of the start, and the start of the start of the start of the start of the start, and the start of the start of the start of the start of the start, and the start of the start of the start of the start of the start, and the start of the start of the start of the start of the start, and the start of the start of the start of the start of the start, and the start of the start of the start of the start of the start, and the start of the

4. L. puberula (Machide): arem tomonose-pubescent and somewhat visicit leaves linear-lanceolate (Mickish), often nouted; its equiline not decurrent in radical sometimes obvate-hanceolate, often incited; scales of he poppa obvas, lacerari-deniculate at the summit, or neurity entres-Machrade, in EU. 4k. 2, p. 445, (excl. syn. (Michx?); DC. L. c. Helenium vermale, Wall, the EU.

B. primatifield: radical and lower cauline leaves incisely toothed or pinnalida.—L. pinnatifield, Schwein.! herb.; Nutl.! in trans. Amer. phil. soc. (n. sor.) 7, or 372.

North Carolina! to Georgia! and Florida! April-May.-Stem 1-2 feet high, anally fistulous. Head, including the 20-30 rays, often 2 inches in diameter.

5. L. breeifdia (Nutt.): stem glabrous below, minutely pubescent at the summit; leaves all estime or obscurely denticulate; the lower and radical oblago-gnatulate, oblass; the caline more or less decurrent; the uppermose laccolate, often scure; scales of the pappus obtuse, slightly denticulate or lacerate at the summit-L. puberlah, EML (-, s, parily.)

B. stem stonter and taller; leaves larger; the cauline more strongly decurrent.-L. integrifolia, M. A. Curtis ! mss.

North Carolina ! to Alabama ! common. B. Raleigh, N. Carolina, Mr. Cartis ! May-June.-Stem 1-3 feet high, not unfrequently slightly branched

COMPOSITE.

at the summit, bearing 2 or 3 heads. Primordial radical leaves often sessile, 1-2 inches long; the succeeding sometimes larger; the upper calline also small: but in var. 3. all are larger. Heads 12-18 lines in diameter, including the numerous (12-25) rays. Disk-flowers brown at the summit, or often pale.

§ 2. Sten leafy, corymbose at the summit; the heads on short peduacles : rays 8-12, drooping (very rarely furnished with an abortive style or with sterile filaments).—Parmo-meternum.

6. L. Brockspoldz: minutely publication, and advances holow; stern findigitue conventions at this assuming it evers determine, hanceable or obtain-planeouslik, enders on denicelates; the upper acute; value of the involver linear-hance-lines, shores: than the dolows browning-hange-line linear start and the length of the golden version is a start of the golden version. The start of the start

a. say dark arms of bornisher/right-iII, proprogram, Bell / memory and the Cont may to General and P total at the General may be appreciated on the Distribution of the Distribution of

Div. 2. BALDWINTER.—Receptacle very deeply alveolate; the cartilaginous alveoli consisting of united chaff? enclosing the achenia. Rays neutral.

129. BALDWINIA. (Baldwing.) Nutt. gen. 2, p. 175 (partly); Ell. sk.

Hereich (weightickon in first) many-discreted 1: the ray-discrete 20-30. First tens, neural, in a single series, those of the disk hushing perificie. Introduced remainship, warenely as long as the disk in this period. In the discrete series of the series

BALDWINIA.

COMPOSITÆ.

provides erect chiffy scalar in a single series, as long as the corrects table of the corolla, and about the length of the schemismor. A percential pathemisent body, with a simple or markly somewhat bennohed strikes seem, maked at the summit. Leaves alternater, rather thick, minately practicas, short, linearspannines, sessile, entire. Head large, solitary. Corolls of the disk and ray wildow, practate with realismod short. Authors gellowaids-white.

B. uniflora (Nutt. ! 1. c.)-Ell. ek. 2. p. 147; DC. ! prodr. 5. p. 653. Coranthen, Le Conte ! mss.

Margin do evenues, Virginia, near the cones, S. Condinai Conegai I Pine Rei and Correspondent Cones, and Antonyo Sang-Marshan Sang Cone particular and Conegain and Antonyo Sang Cones and Antonyo distances of the startic Revolution and an analysis of the high distances of the startic Revolution and an analysis. Resignation means and the startic Revolution and an analysis of the startic of the distances of the startic Revolution and an analysis of the startic of the startic revolution of the startic of the startic of the startic startic and the startic of the startic of the startic of the startic of the presence specific and an analysis of the startic of the startic of the distance startic of the distance startic of the distance startic of the distance startic of the distance startic of the distance startic of the distance startic of the distance startic of the distance startic of the distance startic of the distance startic of the st

130. ACTINOSPERMUM. Ell. ak. 2. p. 448, under Baldwinia.

Heads (hemispherical in fruit) many-flowered; the ray-flowers 8-10, ligulate, neutral; those of the disk tubular, perfect. Involucre much shorter than the disk ; the scales imbricated in about 2 series, lanceolate, somewhat foliaceous, squarrose; the interior mucronate-acute. Proper receptacle small, covered with cartilaginous subulate-cusuidate chaff, concreted and forming somewhat hexangular cells, in which the achenia and pappus are deeply immersed. Rays narrowly cuneiform, elongsted, 3-toothed at the apex. Corolla of the disk with a somewhat expanded deeply 5-toothed limb (the teeth glandular-puberulent), becoming indurated at the very base; the proper tube almost none. Style &c. as in Baldwinia. Achenia turbinate, nilky, stipitate, flat and 12-radiate at the summit, and crowned with a short cup-shaped pappus of about 12 orbicular-obovate nerveless scales, which are alightly thickened at the base .- An annual or biennial ? slender corymbosely much branched herb, glabrous, or when young often hirsute with scattered jointed hairs ; the slender branches naked at the summit, and terminated by small but showy heads, with somewhat the aspect of a Corcopsis ; the bright yellow rays 3-4 times the length of the involucre. Disk-corolla and anthers yellow, sprinkled with resinous globules. Leaves very numerous, alternate or irregularly scattered, often much crowded, narrowly linear, obtuse, tapering to the base, sessile, thickish, impressed-punctate, nerveless.

A. angustifolium.—Buphthalmum augustifolium, Banks! herb.; Pursh ! A. 2, p. 564. Baldwina multiflora, Nutl.! gen. 2, p. 176; Ell.! I. c.; DC. Fredr. 5, p. 653.

Sand hills of Goorgia and Florida, Bartram! Baldwin! Mr. L. Le Conte ! Dr. Chapman! Dr. Leavenworth! Aug.-Sept.-Stem 1-3 feet high.

ACTINOSPERMUM.

Leaves less than a line wide, often almost filliorn; those of the branchies scattered. Rays, id-9 lines long. Colls of the recentle deeptr in proportion than is Ballwiniag, the immersed aschaia exhibiting moting but they Madepores, as Ellior remarks. The minute chafty scales of the stary moscous down, from the flat summit of the scatty turbinate achemism.

Div. 3. GALINSOGLE, DC .- Receptacle chaffy throughout; the chaff distinct. Scales of the involucre not enclosing the ray-achenia. Rays fettle or neutral, or none.

Galiasoge percifiers, Cav. is somewhat naturalized near. Boston, having doubless escoped from the Botanic Garden at Cambridge, as it has done from sevenal European gardeness: we have also found it in a waste field near Princeton, New Jerrey.

131. MARSHALLIA. Schreb. gen. 2. p. 810 ; Cass. ; DC. prodr. 5. p. 69).

Persoonia, Michz.-Trattenickia, Pers.-Therolepta, Raf.

Head many-discoversl; the flowers all tablast and similar, prefers Sched of the invitance linear-incosical, foliarcos, in 1-4 artise, erect about the length of the disk. Chaff of the curves or coiseal involuers when mada & parent(occasionally somewhat liabilistic) limits; the lobes long and inform specific predicts of the start of the start of the start at the pare. Achievia turbinance, somewhat it-singled, mostly histy or either around start of the start, somewhat it-singled, mostly histy or either around start of the start of the start of the start of the start membraneous scales—Percential (Merit American) leads; i with aided and the initial start of the start of the start of the start of the start membraneous scales—Percential (Merit American) leads; i with aided and the start of the start of the start of the lower mining the of Scalewal terminating the single term on branches. Flowers pairs parties or somewhere the unders hilos:

1. Metafloin (Parsh): steen simple or spatially inrached above, ledy: how outst-incoming, normanica, scales, Jarved 20, scale of the involvement linear-lancelate, accuse, right; chaff subultation filter and the state of the particular triangular tasks. *Parsch II*, 2, p. 519; Nett, eps. 2, p. 109; Ed. et al. 2, p. 519; Nett, eps. 2, p. 109; Ed. et al. 2, p. 519; D. C. C. M. Schricher, Thurk, and K. K. State, and S. S. State, and Sta

Dry soil, Virginia ! to Alabama ! along or near the mountains. May-Jung A foot high, glabrous. Leaves about 2 inches long, and three-fourtas to one inch broad. Pappus tawny.

MARSHALLIA.

Pine woods, &c., North Carolina! to Florida! Tennessee, and Western Louisiana! June-Aug.—A foot high, somewhat pabescent at the summit. Lowsst leaves 3-6 inches lang, petiold?; the uppermost liner-sentencours all rigid. Involuce shorter than the disk. Scales of the pappus somewhat derivating very obscure! Junerved.

3. M. dostochata (Derivi) 1. 6.) is stem simple, very leafy men the bane, and silvey is eaved hanceolate, movely obuse, triplinerved, apering into periodes, the upper sensitig scales of the involuce oblame, itomations oblaws: is dual finates and source what finates and source what income a star increase of the involuce oblaws in the proper scale oblaws in the properties of the involuce oblaws in the properties of the

Upper districts of North Carolina ! to Middle Florida ! April-June.--Stems 10-20 inches high, a little pubescent near the summit. Pappus tuwny, somewhat denticulate, cuspidate-scuminate.

4. M. complete (Nutl.): stems mostly simple, complete, leafy only at the lass: lawse lancedurations, rather chune, observing 1-36-mergl, somewhat petioled; scales of the involvere obtang-linear, obtuse; chaff linear and bomewhat dinated at the apex; achenias villow, (at least on the nervey); scales of the paperos oxate, scarcely acute.—Nutl. (in DC, profr. 5, p. 699; Hook, level, mag. 1, 3704.

Woods and the provided and the second second

132. BLEPHARIPAPPUS. Hook. f. Bor.-Am. 1. p. 316. (excl. spec.) Pillenelle, Nutt.

Heads few-flowered ; the ray-flowers about 3, ligulate, short, dilated cuneiform, 3-5-lobed, pistillate, and sometimes with rudimentary stamens; those of the disk (7-9) tubular, perfect ; the central ones infertile. Scales of the involucre 6-8, in a single series, oblong, equal, concave, with somewhat involute membranaceous margins. Receptacle small, furnished with a marginal series of membranaceous chaff, partly embracing the fertile disk-flowers. Corolla of the disk glabrous, with a short tube and an expanded throat, 5toothed. Style in the disk-flowers hairy and slightly thickened above the middle; the branches extremely short and obtuse, thick, glabrous, not appendiculate, the stigmatic lines confluent at the summit! Achenia obconical or clavate, villous. Pappus of 12 to 20 membranous pectinate-plumose narrow acales, shorter than the corolla .- An annual slender (aromatic) plant; with bearly glabrous diffusely branched and corymbose stems, narrowly linear totire and scabrous alternate and crowded leaves, and small heads terminating the branchlets: the involucre, branchlets, and upper leaves glandularviscid. Rave and disk flowers white ; anthers brownish-purple.

B. scaber (Hook. 1. c.) DC. prodr. 5. p. 679. Ptilonella scabra, Nutt. !

Prairies and sandy plains of Oregon, east of Wallawallab, Douglas ! Nattall !- About a foot high. Cauline leaves an inch long, half a line wide.

BLEPHARIPAPPUS.

Heads 31 lines long. Buy a servicely longer than the disk, sometimes palants and framided with summer: the thermoders of the style, hence—The style of the disk, lowers is very peculiar, and more like that of the Cynarce that of the present the -D Catalolite startistic of Belghavingpapon, makely combining the description of Hocker's two spectres, is consequently implies better either. The division of the greans was proposed by Armon, the inthe construction of the startistic of the startistic of the startistic the Supplement to Cay.II. Beachary's Voyage (p. 356); retaining the name for the present usersion.

Div. 4. MADIES, DC.-Receptacle chaffy throughout, or only at the margin; the chaff often more or less united. Scales of the involutere convolute or complicate and enclosing the (fertile) achenia of the ray, which are always desitue of pappes. (Natives of Chaff, California, and Oregon)

133. ACHYRACHÆNA. Schauer, del. sem. Vratis, 1837; DC. Le.

Head many-flowered ; the ray-flowers sterile, small, somewhat ligulate, or cleft on one side, retaining the rudiments of stamens and style; those of the disk perfect, 5-cleft. Scales of the involucre in a double series, lanceolate; the exterior foliaceous, somewhat convolute and including the rayflowers; the inner plane, with scarious margins. Receptacle flat, bearing a series of chaffy scales between the ray and disk ; otherwise naked, alveolate and somewhat fimbrillate. Anthers not caudate ; the antheriferous joint rather long. Branches of the style nearly terete, puberulent. Achenis elongated, attenuate at the base, longitudinally striate, scabrous along the nerves; in the ray destitute of pappus; in the disk crowned with an ample pappus of 10 membranaceous obtuse scales in 2 series; the 5 exterior scarcely half the length of the inner; the latter when young convolute around the tube of the corolla .- A villous herb [annual], with somewhat the habit of Hecubica or Scorzonera, rather canescent ; some of the hairs long, others very short and perhaps glandular. Stem nearly simple, naked at the summit and bearing a single head. Leaves alternate, linear, sessile, entire-Corolla with a long tube, in the dried specimens purple. DC.

A. molis (Schauer, I. c.)-Linnaca, 12. suppl. p. 87; DC. prodr. 7, p. 292, Lepidostephanus molicides, Bartl. ind. son. hort. Gatt. 1877, § in Linnaca, L. c. p. 82, § 15, p. 94. Western costs of North America, probably from California, Deuglar, and the source of the so

Werere over 60 Korh America, prohaby term California, Daspare Detricied by De California, Daspare 1990, and the control of the California and the control of the control of the control of the formatic control of the control of the control field of the control of the control of the control of the control of the thera is a start of the control of the start of the control operation of program and the control of the control of

Los Angely, 11.11.

ACHYBACHENA.

COMPOSITÆ.

by 1843

•.* We would here observe, that, since the preceding page was printed, wild specimens of the well-marked ACHITACHERS (California, Desglas!) have fallen under our observation; we having casually misplaced them, as De Candolle had done, in Cichorscese, with specimens of Calais.

LAYIA. Hook. & Arn. bot. Beechey, p. 148 (1833), § 257; not of p. 182.
 Eriopappus, Arn. (1836)-Madaroglossa, DC. (1836)-Blepharipappus, party, Heek.

Heads many-flowered; the ray-flowers 10-15, ligulate, 2-3-toothed or cleft, pistillate; those of the disk tubular, perfect. Scales of the involucre oblong or lanceolate, acute, equal, in a single series, foliaceous above ; the base convolute and enclosing the ray-achenia. Receptacle flat, pubescent, chaffy at the margin ; the chaff in a single series between the ray and disk-flowers, and resembling an inner row of involucral scales ; or rarely in 2-3 series. Corolla of the disk with a short proper tube and an infundibuliform throat, 5-toothed; the teeth and the tube sparsely hairy. Branches of the style in the diak-flowers filiform, very acute, hairy above, at length exserted and recurved. Achenia of the ray glabrous, linear-oblong, attenuate at the base, or subclavate, more or less obcompressed, somewhat incurved, crowned with a small protuberant disk, destitute of pappus; of the disk linear-clavate, angled, appressed-pubescent or villous, with a pappus of 10-20 equal bristly or subulate awns, which are naked and scabrous-serrulate above, and plumose or villous with very long weak hairs towards the base .- Annual or biennial pubescent or hirsute and often glandular herbs (natives of California and Oregon) ; with showy heads terminating the branches, and alternate sessile linear or oblong leaves ; the upper usually entire, and the lowermost incisely toothed or pinnatifid. Rays yellow or white ; the disk-flowers yellow. Anthere brownish or purplish.

Used the name of Layin, this germs was proposed by Hockora & Amadi averal yiera natorice to Maniengicosa, *DC*, to the authors themselves seems to have forguing its a they some time afterwards applied this name to a Chinete Legumings with the deverse proves the the Macrocrospit of De Candolle. In the supplier, which four every proves the the Macrocrospit of De Candolle. In the supstication of the super-strength of the matter and the state (in a note on p. 357) that they while by some indeversed plate.

§ 1. Rays yellow .- Madaroglossa, DC.

1. L. goillardisidar (Hook, & Arm.): decumbent, hispid throughout with Tabler rigid yeareding bristest: laware solong-invocation; the lower incisely wrane, the upper entire; the flower-branchas nonewhat elongated; rays 18-10,00 arms, J. colend at the approximation of the disk; yappin fulvosa. *Hooke & Arm. hot. Bechcy*, p.148 (under Tridax I galarinoides), & wraps. p. 337.

Monterey, California, Mr. Lay; the Naturalist of Capt. Beechey's voy-Mo-This species (which we have not seen) appeara to differ from the others in the more copices linear-oblong chaff of the receptacle, occupying more than one series.

2. L. hicracioides (Hook. & Arn. L.c.) : hispid throughout with spreading figid bristles; leaves oblong-lanceolate, coarsely incised-serrate ; those of the

flower-branches linear and entire; rays about 15, entire, oval-oblong, a little longer than the disk; pappus fuscous. DC .-- Madaroglossa hieracioides, DC. 1. c.

California, Douglas .- Plant a foot high, with the habit of an Echiam ; the bristles arising from a black base. Leaves 2 inches long, 6-7 lines broad-Achenia of the disk a little villous : awns of the pappos villous at the base. DC.

3. L. carnosa (Nutt.) : stem decumbent, hairy towards the summit ; leaves succulent, smooth, linear-oblong, incisely toothed ; head subsessile, solitary; scales of the involucre linear, obtuse, softly pubescent ; rays very small, 2-3toothed ; achenia of the ray and disk pubescent ; pappus of 18-20 loosely plumose awns .- Nutt. 1 in trans. Amer. phil. soc. I. c. p. 393, under Mada-

St. Diego, California, Nuttall ! on the sands of the sea-coast. May-Plant 3-4 inches high. Lower leaves oblong-spatulate, the coarse teeth obtuse. Rays scarcely if at all exserted. Pappus as long as the corolla of the disk, whitish.

4. L. elegans (Nutt.) : stem decumbent, somewhat hirsute, much branched from the base ; leaves sparsely hispid, linear-lanceolate ; the radical pinnatifid ; the cauline laciniste-toothed towards the apex, the uppermost entire ; peduncles and involucre somewhat villous and glandular; rays 10-12, 3-4toothed, longer than the disk ; pappus white .- Nutt. ! I. c., under Madaroglossa

St. Barbara, California, Nuttall !- Awns of the pappus more densely plamose towards the base than in L. heterotricha, the long and very fine woolly hairs crisped and interlaced ; and the yellow rays are smaller than in that species. It appears to differ from L. hieracioides by its larger deeply toothed rays, very woolly white pappus, &c.

§ 2. Rays white, or nearly so .- Eriopappus, Arn.

5. L. glandulosa (Hook. & Arn.) : erect, hispid below with rigid spreading bristles ; leaves broadly linear, entire ; the upper with the peduncles and involucre glandular (some of the glands black and stipitate); rays 12-13, 3-cleft, nearly twice the length of the involucre ; pappus very white. (Charex Hook. & DC.)-Hook. & Arn. bot. Beechey, suppl. p. 358. Blephartpappus glandulosus, Hook, J. Bor. Am. 1. p. 316. Eriopappus glandulosus, Hook, J. Bor. Am. 1. p. 316. Eriopappus glandulosus, Arn. in Lindl. nat. syst. p. 443. Madaroglosus angustifolia, DC. prodr. 5. p. 694, ex Hook, & Arn.

Common on the plains of the Oregon, in sandy soil, under the shade of Purshin and Artemisia, Douglas. Snake Country, Mr. Tolmic. California, [1] Douglas .- Plant 6-8 inches high, vaguely branched ; the heads nearly as large as in Leucanthemum vulgare. Achenia of the ray glabrous; of the disk villous. Hook .- A foot high, with the aspect of Echium. Lower leaves very hispid. Flowers pale yellowish. Achenia of the ray [disk ?] appressed-villous, DC

6. L. Douglasii (Hook. & Arn.) : somewhat decumbent, clothed with bristly whitish hairs, not glandular; lower leaves pinnatifid-toothed; the uppet entire ; rays (white) 3-cleft, nearly twice the length of the disk ; pappus fulvous. Hook. & Arn. bot. Becohey, suppl. p. 358. Gravelly islands of the Oregon, between the Narrows and the Great Falls.

Douglas.

7. L. heterotricka (Hook. & Arn. ! L. c.): stem branching; the upper por-tion, and the oblong-linear obtase entire or denticulate leaves somewhat sca-

LATIA.

LATIA.

COMPOSITÆ.

brows, with a short pubescence, and with stipitate black glands intermixed; rays (while 1) 10-12, large, 3-cleft at the apex, twice the length of the disk; papers very white.—Madaroglossa heterotricha, DC.! l.c.; Hook.! ic. pi.t. 526.

California, Douglas !-- Plant 1-2 feet high. Leaves 1-2 inches long, 2-3 lines wide. Rays nearly an inch long, probably white. Acbenia of the ray glabrous; of the disk appressed villous-padescent. Awas of the pappus 15-17; the long plumose hairs erect.

135. CALLICHROA. Fisch. & Meyer, 2nd ind. sem. St. Petersb. p. 31.

Callichroa & Calliglousa, Hook. & Arn.

Headt many-flowcerel (in enzy-discrete 10:1.5), lighting, 5-3-tenderlap jires alliser times of the disk valuelar, perfect. Scalics of the investment objacent blankoulds, nearly in a single series, folloscours (in base convolute and a scaling the rey-schedules). Respective file, relatify at the margin only or order the scaling of the scaling scaling scaling scaling scaling without mount, 5-iorded. Hencehas of the style solution follows, the without mount, 5-iorded. Hencehas of the style solution follows, the single scale and an expected and recurred. Activation of the style solution, 5-iorded and the style scale scale and the star of the style scale and the star of the style scale scale scale and a scale scale scale scale and a scale scale scale scale and a scale scale scale scale man performance and the star scale scale matching performs and Flowers are style as a match scale scale scale scale and scale scale

The first section is only distinguished from Layis by the naked, instead of plumose awas of the pappus, and might perhaps be combined with it.

§ 1. Receptacle naked and pubescent at the centre, chaffy at the margin in one or more series ; the exterior resembling the scales of the involvere ; achenia narrows : awas of the pappus (20-25) sciiform, equal.—CALLACUMON, Fisch. & Meyer.

1. C. (Auggebase (Fiesh, & Meyer, I. c.): somewhat hirstes with elender with harks, and circorosa with a start probescence, with some all repitter glands internativel, leaves linear-incocolate; the lower inciciely plannillid, docompressed, "Blow, when matter rather longer than the papers circular somewhat puscale and the start of the st

Cationis, at the Russian Colory Ross, *Fields, & Mayer*, and at St. Berwan and Maneerse, *Natotill (~=Hints:* henching from the base, 6–32 inches high. Hends aloney, an inche and a huff in dismoster, including the light With yellow considerations and years the latter within at the tips in the wild With years and the state of the binary line of the state of the stat

CALLICHROA.

§ 2. Receptacle chaffy throughout; the chaff membranaecous, short: achesia of the disk oblong-cunciform: areas of the pappus (about 12) subulate, veryunequal.—CALLIGEDESSA, Hock. & Arn.

2. C. Danglariti's term platrons below, loosely branched and publicate above [laws scabous-clinar; the lower pinnetifie, with the lineat regments entire or spatially incised; the uppermose linear-lancolate, entire is scales of the involves highed on the base with abort and about brailest include of the disk siller visitions; the could glatowan-Calificious Dougland, Haw, default, lot Scabout, apple, p. 2010; Ouyurn curvaneum could be about default of the disk siller visition of the disk siller visition of the disk siller visitions; the could glatowan-Calificious Dougland, Haw, default of the disk siller visition of the disk siller in Linear, 12, napple, p. 1012; Schwer, did, som, Fruital, 1837, p. 3, § W Immen, I, C. angle on of DC.

Californis, Douglas, (v. sp. cult.)-Plant very much resembling Oxyura chrysanhemoides in aspect, but with narrower and less compressed villors achenia. Awnsof the pappus rigid and dilated at the base; 3 or 4 of the longer cual in length to the achenis. Rays whitish at the tips.

136. OXYURA. DC. in Lindl. nat. syst., & prodr. 5. p. 693.

Tollatia, Endl .- Oxyura, Lindl, bot, reg. as to descr. only.

Headmany-downersl (he my, downs 10-12), lipitan, coarsely 2-3-0004 the apex, piniter, those of the disk values, prefers, many of the cutralinfermit. Scalar of the involuers in a angle series, high-clifts, our voluent with base and enclosing the ray valenins, shouppy nurrowed above timo a linear fallineous and a pranning appendage. Receptate flat, chiffy throughout the the algorithm of the start of the start helthcees are coined hairy tips. Corella with a bairy unit, the infindibilities flowers large and linear, very axies, hingle, essented and revolues. Above flower and and the start, were aver, hingle, essented and revolues. Above flowers are also infinitely allowers above revolves the other time and the transformation of the start of the start of the time-above start of the start of the start of the start of the time-above hearing balance above with the habit of Chrysnade tracks and the bandees publicase at the summit, and the habit of Chrysnade relater large bachs. Leaven alternate, framatifi i, the head of spin, address interest interest interping the balance and the start intermined by relater large bachs. Leaven alternater, through the head of the starts of the start and the start and the balance and the starts of the starts of the start and the starts and the balance and the starts of the starts of the starts and the starts and the balance and the starts of the starts of the starts and the starts of the starts and the starts and the starts of t

O. chrysanthemoides (DC. ! 1. c.)-Hook. & Arn. ! bot. Beechey, suppl. F. 356; not of Bot. reg., Fisch. & Meyer, Schauer, Sc.

California, Douglas I — Doo of the corolla somewhat dilated at the base, and embracing the apex of the short and flat achenia.—This plant, we be liver, han avery been cultivated. In the Manissa Composit, (7, p. 28), 16 Candolle has incautiously adduced the ayn. of Lindl. bot. ref., Flick & Meyer, &c., which belongs to Califorhay Collisions Douglasii.

137. HEMIZONIA. DC. prodr. 5. p. 692.

Hemizonia & Hartmannia, DC.

Heads several-many-flowered ; the ray-flowers 5-20, ligulate, 2-3-lobed, pistillate ; those of the disk tubular, perfect, but infertile. Scales of the in-

HENIZONIA.

where is single series, oblog or fancedane, concave or envolute and party isolation, due to avaland by linear structs. Securital Eta, chaff sinker thread pione, or only at the margin and ponetase at the center the chaff of more or ease mixed. Concave linear evolution of the structure of the st

The sterilin of the disk in Haramania functionata and H, corymbosa are certainly which, at least in one specimers, although they contain a realimentary order), and so marky all the species placed by De Candolis in Hamanonia. Hence the former genes in early too faisinguished by the popper, which in earl well described by De Candolis, and which is aske to be party sensing in one, and anticulty so insmucher with the start of the party sensing in one, and the start of the

§ 1. Heads 10-12-flowered, corymbose-fasciculate c chaff of the receptacle of 8 or 8 scales in a single series interposed between the ray and dist-flowers, united to the middle : papping of the disk-flowers chaffy, lacerate-toothed at the apex: laws incicely pinnatifid.

 I.I. functionator a munch, hierance, a term norme, corrymbose shower, is the multi-basic nonrecency, densely functional of the hermitiant basic programment in the strength of the strength of the hermitiant strength of the disclosures on the back when basic output programments; papping of the disclosures on the back when basic output programments; papping of the disclosures of the observation of the strength of the cordisclosures of the strength of the strength of the strength of the cordisclosures of the strength of the disclosures of the strength of the strength of the strength of the disclosures of the strength of the strength of the strength of the collision in the strength of the strength of the strength of the strength of the Collision in the strength of the strength of the strength of the strength of the collision in the strength of the str

California, Douglas I Nutatil I April-May-A spain high. Flowers Philip volvo. Discharese enclosed in a 5-d-sugar to the or cup, formed by the minibranaceous carinate-concave chafty receptacular actians, which are full fullough not very firmly by their edges at last to the middle; the average of the state of the state of the state of the state and all incurved.

12. Heads many-flowered, somewhat solitary: receptacle chaffy throughout: the scales of the outer series united : pappus of the disk-flowers very small, membranous, finbriade-lacerate, nearly obolete (or wanting, DC.) in the exterior flowers: lacere simulfield. 2. H. corynhosz r annah, hirster-pubsecent; heads nearly volitary at he summit of the stem or branches; leaves pinnsetly parted; hippengi site a petiole the lobes 5-9 pairs, linear, cairie; rays 15-90, obleg; rays-sheim; obscuridy 4-sangular, sourceviar raysone or muricase on the loke; papers of about non-fourth the length of the tube of the corolla.—Harmannis corymbos, D.C.I prod. 5, p. 694.

California, Douglas'--Nearly a foot high slender. Chaff scarious; the exterior series united nearly to the acute herbaceous and hairy tips. Achenia stipitate, tipped with a protuberant arcola from the inner margin of the aper. Pappas wanting in the exterior disk-lowers, according to De Candolle.

3. H.J. elikata: nanual, stem soruewhat glabroza, lossely branched at be summik, but scarely cosymbos: leaves pinanely parted, with the enther losses in 5-8 pairs; the lower attenuate into a petiole; the uppet (path) losses in 5-8 pairs; the lower attenuate loss and scare attenues losses in 5-8 pairs; the lower attenues that attenues the star losses in the losses of the losses attenues at payner. DC--Hornow California, DC, predr. Ap. 044.

California, Douglas.—Plant with entirely the habit of the proceeding i su the achenia all destitute of pappus and terminated by an arcoia, and the take of the corolla obcompressed; therefore approaching the following tribs. Heal nearly that of Chrysanthemum Myconis. DC.—This ambiguous plant is unknown to us.

§ 3. Heads many-flowered, solitary or crowded at the summit of the branches: chaff of the receptacle in a single series between the ray and disk-flower, not united : pappus none : leaves undivided.

4. H. anguitfolia (DC) i stem much hranchel, sufficiencent at helbair heb tranches, latwes, and invaluer minurly pubsient; levers and brats narrowly linear, entire i heads bractente, somewhat solitary; chaff of the receptoric narrow, membranaecous; a nohena obvirate, not signiste, the spec mucronate with a short neute conce—DC./ prodr. 5, p. 602. II comgoint Book, A Am. 56. Beeroke, supp. p. 5357

5. H. congreta (DGc): sitem herbaceous, erect, branching: the brandse somewhat hispid with odi glandularand glandles hairs: leaves linear-horor-late, sprarely villous glandular; heads bractene, crowide i chalf of the recty leade somewhat with a strategies on wheth are concess: schemic hororware, obstant at the aper, when mature produced at the base june a rostant sipe, which is introduced with the leader of the concept of the strategies. Black Action 2014; Strategies and Strategies and Strategies and the strategies an

California, Douglas.—Of this we have no specimen, if our H. angustikia be the true plant. The H. multicaulis, $Hook \notin Arn.$, which is doubles the same with one or the other of these species, is said to have an annual or binnial root; the sterms somewhat simple, or corymbosely branched nummit, histons with off spreading hairs; the radical laves linear lance

HENIZONIA.

COMPOSITÆ.

late, serulate, several-nerved; rather glabrous; the cauline somewhat villoos, long and linear, the lower opposite and serulate; the heads bracteste and in clusters of 2-3: the achenic obovate, obtuse, with an inflexed rostelliform stipe; the chaff only a marginal series.

§ 4. Heads many-flowered, nearly solitary: receptacle chaffy throughout; the chaff, with the scales of the involuce and the upper leaves, subulate-spinescent: pappus none.

6. If pangers: herbacors, nonrebul lignoss at the base; stem speriogic transformed in the base is the spectra of the spectr

California, Douglas...." This is a very remarkable plant, more like a apteins of Navaretia among the Polemoniaese than one of the present order. We can find no trace of it in De Cardolle's Prodormus." How, & Arn.

§ 5. Heads few-many-flowered, not bracteate, corymbose: receptacle chaffy throughout; the scales of the outer series united: pappus none: leaves glandless, entire or serrulate: flowers while?

7. H. (Bigar (Hock, & Am.): stem suffusions, erect, simple, bitmut with oth hairs, laces along, entire, 1-evend, somewhat inture with oth hairs, not glacoliter; the lowere elengated, acquirings, with muller cose function in the star site, its the upper mode smaller and herateform, with black glacols; even house; the rather righd branches fillform and glabous; heads solirary of ang pedicise, fave-dwared; establish of the observation of the elencate involution for the pedices, the observation of the base. Hock, 4 Arm, bet, Backey, suppl. p. 356.

8. If imaginful (DG), is seen seed, isomersise-canoscen, ourymbose at the willing in the many sensitive in the second second

California, Douglan.—Perennial? herbaceous, 6-12 inches high. Lower laws 4-5 inches long, 3-4 lines broad, and not unlike those of a Luzula; the appresed sitky pubscence becoming loose and villoa-tomentee on the oil lawse, at length somewhat deciduous: those of the branches or hoose cowith one-fourt to half an inch long. Heads 3-4 lines broad; the scales of

the involutor 6-10, rather shoure than be disk. Exterior series of the obvermembranescore calification and energy to be apper, a period of the input has irregularly united with each other, and with the outer series. Hays 8-10, apparently which is filter longer than the disk, broadly cundiform, deput 3-bold (the middle lole smaller); convenient, with an extremely about the's courd and ghandle which is disk field in the series with an extremely about the state of the series of the the series of the while or yellowish; the chocetate-how and mere tipped (as in other species) with a bead rounds-deloid appendice; the varies aboutvise.

§ 6. Heads many/lowered, consultat willary, bracticit: receptate only throughout: the chaff, as well as the scales of the involver, glandwarlawinste, disinct or writed only at the base: pappus more: leaves entities the uppermost tipped with a large truncate gland: flowers gellowith white?

9. If accordance (DC), it seem suffragiones, much herenched; leaves linear, singht phasing (see well as the innorthe), trickingle, needed, with available rooms often fracticated in their ackits, "the hower spectraply structure is the transcenter of co-phasing data and the second as a second structure of the solution are also a priorities of the solution are also a priorities of the solution are transferred to a second structure of the solution are influence with a calculate adjusted and the second structure and the solution are influence in the solution are priorities of the solution are transmissed by a solution of the solution and the solution of the first solution adjusted and the solution of the data structure adjusted are solution. The solution of the first solution (Table and Solution (

California, Despirat-This singular plane approaches Calyademia in habita ao De Candoni lermañas lus hist serviçõe ya come missible che iti san ato to resemble H. Iteratefolia. We find the activation accord with DA Gardialité description. The heads (haif an iach in diameter are soliary of several, longheré and nearly sensile at or near the summit of the brander in the sand Tard in a che and accord to the sensitivity of the several in complete its sensitivity of the sensitivity of the sensitivity of the activity of the sensitivity of the sensitivity the sand Tard in the long, half a line bread (nation diated in the baby, whit at it manifer come is the axia (in plane the sensitivity and in Calyademistic).

138. CALYCADENIA. DC. prodr. 5. p. 695.

Heads mmy-discretely the step drawn boby particular, 5-bolie of a particle with a storied record graduater might use of the disk triblent, perfect, her modely infertile. Increases the these laws the scales in a single structure or here and a disk-decrees, diskies et union. C. Consilo, a particle diskies of the disk inference diskies or union. C. Consilo, the disk inference diskies of the step is in the disk-decrees, diskies or union. C. Consilo, the disk inference diskies of the step is the disk-decrees with attract the disk-decrees with attract the disk-decrees diskies of the step is in the disk-decrees with attract the disk-decrees with attract the disk-decrees with attract the disk-decrees diskies of the step is the disk decrees diskies decrees diskies of the step is the disk decrees diskies decrees diskies of the disk disk decrees decree

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CALTCADENIA.

COMPOSITE.

on the short branchlets and at the base of the heads, orfascieled in the axils of the cauline leaves) usually terminated by a large, sessile or scipitate, acetabaliform gland. Heads terminal or axillary. Corolla of the disk and ray white : anthers dark brown.

The flowers are apparently while in all the species, not yellow, as stated by De Candolle. The pappus is not mentioned in the generic character of the latter subor: whence kndickber has incationally introduced the phrase " Pappas nullas."

§ 1. Stem simple, strict: floral leaves tipped with a large saucer-shaped or nail-headed gland: rays somewhat consolute, unequally and often deeply 3-eleft: teeth of the disk-corolla short, coate.-EUCASECADENIA.

1. C. transata (DC, 1 L. c.): stem very glabrous; it saves sliphtly seabrous; the upper caulon, as well as the fascicle floral coses, inpled with a nearly ressile gland; heads terminal and axillary, solvessile, solitary, remet; hadf of the recepted runcence, solverson on the back, distinct or nearly so; pappes of 7-10 oblong obtass scales, incisely toched at the apper wereal times shorter than the cocolla or the algebra hardy hairy disk-melonia.

California, Douglas !- Stem reddish, shining. Achenia of the ray glabrous, somewhat rugose.

2. C. villose (DC, 1: c.): stem binate with white hairs; lawne actoabight forwards the base; the ford nones, as well as the scales of the involuent, way villous below, monty tipped with a ariginize gland; theads templand suillary, remote, solitary, nearby scale; c. shall of the receptated with the start of the start of the start of the start of the disconting of the start of the start of the start of the start disconting of the start of the start of the start of the start of the disconting of the start of the start of the start of the start of the disconting of the start disconting of the start of the disconting of the start of the disconting of the start of the disconting of the start of

California, Douglas !- Plant slender, about 10 inches high.

b. C. multiplicadulous (DG: 1, b.-1) stam seatona-puberilett and spraneby bind(z), largest particly atom-bind(z) the upper catinois tripped with a universitie gland; the ford) non-constraints of the back and marples above, as well as the apex, furnished with signizate glands; seales of the synthese multiplication of the significant glands; and the significant function of the significant search of the significant glands; seales of the significant search of the significant glands; seales with significant search of the search of the significant search of the significant search of the search of the significant search of the search of the significant search of search of the significant search of the significant search of the search of the significant search of the significant search of the search of the significant search of the significant search of the search of the significant search of the significant search of the search of the significant search of the significant search of the search of the significant search of the significant search of the search of the significant search of the significant search of the search of the significant search of the significant search of the search of the significant search of the significant search of the search of the significant search of the significant search of the search of the significant search of the significant search of the significant search of the search of the significant search of the significant search of the search of the significant search of the significant search of the search of the significant search of the significant search of the search of the significant search of the significant search of the significant search of the search of the significant search of the sis the

Californin, Douglas !-- Apparently the largest species ; 18 inches or more in height. Cauline leaves 2 inches long. Rays short, very broad, convolute, with a very short tube, deeply 3-lobed; the lobes mucronulate; the middle one much smaller thus the others.

4. C. capitaica (DC. 11.e.): news pubsicant above: the blacks nearly walk in discoved at the summit, and sourceiness solitory in the upper Wills (Inters long and very standard, nearly glaboux, sparsely limited). The source of the source

California, Douglas !-- Plant slender, 6-10 inches high. Leaves linear

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fillform, 2 inches or more in length. Corolla of the disk with a glabrous tube; of the ray with a rather short glandular tube; the ligule very broad, convolute, deeply 3-cleft; the lateral lobes roundish-cunelform; the middle one much smaller.

§ 2. Stem much branched, diffuse, minutely glandular, as well as the involucre and upper leaves ; the cup-shaped glands more: rays 3-parted down to the slender tube ; the oblong lober somewhat equal, spreading : tesh of the disk-corolle, purple in the throat) oblong-linear.—OMMAPERIA, NUL.

5. C. Carolla's stem sourcevalue hairy the branches atomic, diversible, participle leafs, resultant basis, participle leafs, resultant basis, the base at the base atomic atom

St. Diego, California, Natall / May.—Plant 6-12 inches high verst at the bars it the fiftion transfers which y spreading. It tends a line borg the linear-scence bracks, and the sonewhat gluinous involver and chaff fersifield with sample proficiently gluinous. Chaff unlish many finite strain and an significant proficient gluinous for the first sector of the sone scence of the sone profile and the first sector of the sone scence of the sone profile and the disk very agreement is many more the name in proceed by the discoverent.

139. LAGOPHYLLA. Nutt. in trans. Amer. phil. soc. l. c. p. 390.

Heads for-discoverish the rays/showers about 5, pittiliars, liquides, emisming, 3-folded) two of the dia. Jeds, atomismics and pittiliars, but seriels by the aborison of the rayle and cargo. Scalas of the involves 6 a, indiate to the betwee, correct increasing the state of the involves 6 a, indiate to the between the involves of the state of the involves of the state of the discussion of the state of the state of the involves of the state of the discuss. Therefore, the state of the state

L. ramorissima (Nutt. ! l. c.)

LAGOPHYLLA.

COMPOSITÆ.

Plains near Wallawallah, Oregon, Nuttail I-A remarkable plant, 2-3 feet high. We have not seen the cauline leaves, which are apparently cadacous; those of the branches are clottled with long and very of hains, hidtly aprending from the margin, so as almost to resemble the foot of a hare; whence the name.

140. ANISOCARPUS. Nutt. in trans. Amer. phil. soc. l. c. p. 388.

Heads many-flowered ; the ray-flowers about 12, ligulate, pistillate, in a single series; those of the disk tubular, staminate and pistillate, but sterile by the abortion of the ovary. Scales of the subglobose involucre as many as the rays, carinate-complicate, and wholly enclosing their achenia. Receptacle somewhat convex, naked and smooth, except the margin, which is furnished with a single series of more or less united chaffy scales between the ray and disk-flowers. Tube of the corolla nubescent. Rays exserted, cupeiform, 3-cleft at the apex. Branches of the style in the disk-flowers subulate, very acute, minutely hispid. Achenia of the ray oblong, obcompressed, flat, somewhat incurved, glabrous, without lateral angles or nerves, crowned with a small sessile disk, destitute of pappus; of the disk abortive, with a pappus of 5-8 small fimbriate-lacerate membranaceous scales .--A villous-hirsute perennial herb, with the aspect of Madia, or Madaria; the leaves linear, elongated, entire or denticulate, sessile, alternate, or the lower opposite. Heads paniculate-corymbose or racemose ; the involucre, naked peduncles, and upper part of the stem very glandular. Flowers bright yellow.

A genus intermediate between Madaria (with which it accords in aspect, and from which it chiefly differs in the pappus of the disk-flowers), and Hartmannia, DC. (§ of Hemizonia), from which it is distinguished by the flat compressed achrenia, entirely enclosed in the involvement scales.

A. madioides (Nutt. ! L. c.)

Banka of the Oregon, among rocks, in shudy forests, at the outlet of the Wallamet; ruler rare, Nutuall-Seem simple, 1-2 Ges high, histories with long and short hairs. Radical leaves linear-oldong, ternotely servisite, 3-4 fishels in length; the saming gradually rolated in ears. Involute: 3-4 lines in diameter : rays conspicuous, but rather short.—We have not seen the mature fut.

141. MADARIA. DC. mem. soc. Genev. 7. p. 280; Endl. iconogr. 4. 36.

Heads many-discoveral; the ray-flowers 10-16. Equiption, pholines, the observation of the overally of the disc burble constraints and phillithes, burbarrish by the theriton of the overary. Scalas of the subglobes involves are more as the they complicate and enclosing that induces. Exception for the overall the overa

COMPOSITE.

more showy and corymbose. Leaves lanceolate or linear. Flowers yellow; the rays often spotted with purple at the base : anthers brown.

 M. elegans (DC.): stem and leaves hispid with glandless and glanduliferous hinrs intermixed. DC.! not. r. pl. rar. Genes. p. 37, d. profit. 5. p. 692; Hook d. Arn. ! bot Eschery, suppl. p. 255; Hook. bet. mag.t. 3354. Madia elegans, Don, in bot. rcg. b. 1458. M. viscosa, B. Hook. J. Bor.-Am. 2, p. 24.

California ! and Oregon ! Common in cultivation .- Rays linear-cunests, spotted with purple at the base, acutely 3-cleft at the apex.

 M. corymboux (DC.): stem and involuce hispid with glandluss and glandlussers hairs intermixed; leaves linear, villous, somewhat hindd, glandless. (Varies with the glands many, or very few.) DC/l. c. Hokk, Y.Arw. i.e.; Endl. iconogr. 1.36. M. racemoss, Nutl.! in trans. Amer. phil. soc. i.e.

β. I hispida (DC. l. c.): stem, leaves, and involucre hispid with spreading hairs, all of them glandless.

California and Oregon !- Rays sometimes with a brown spot at the base, 3-cleft at the apex.

142. MADIA. Molina, Chil. ; Cav. ic. 3. p. 50, t. 298; DC. L.c.

Madia & Madorella, Nutt.

1. M. anima (Molina): villous and glandular throughout: I tarves inaccelate to obscip-lancedate; heads many-discovered, mould vincemes and polarizeto obscip-lancedate; heads many-discovered, mould vincemes and polarizeforms. A mean accelerator, 7, 2017, 2014; 5, 2017, 1017, 2017,

B. congesta : heads clustered at the summit of the stem and branches.-M. Congesta, Nutl. 1 & c.

Oregon 1 and Californin ! doubtless indigenous. Also a native of Chili, where it is cultivated for the oil yielded by its seeds. M. racewooa: hirsute, the stem and linear mostly acute leaves scarcely glandular; heads racemose, many-flowered; involucre glandular; rayschenia flat, not at all (or obscurely) angled on the sides.—Madorella racemon, Nutl. / in trans. Amer. pbil, soc. 1, c.

indicity of the second seco

 M. dissitifora: atem, as well as the lanceolate-linear leaves, hirautepubsecant; the branches glandular; heads scattered, few-flowered; scales of the involucre 5-8, very glandular; achenia all flat, and scarcely or not at all angled on the aides.—Madorella dissitificar, Nutr. 1. 4.

Blue Mountains and plains of Oregon. Nuttall !-- A slender twiggy plant, 6 to 15 inches high; the heads scarcely 3 lines in diameter, with inconspicuons rays. Diak-flowers 3-6. Style as in M. sativa.

143. AMIDA. Nutt. in trans. Amer. phil. soc. (n. ser.) 7. p. 390.

Heat for ev-(a-c) flow-excit the flowers either all hashins and perfect the solution of the s

These plants are, as it were, singularly robust Madie: it which is the flowers with bits single-robust and scales anyphy for place of the chaff of the resolution. In both species the flower work from \$\exp(\u00e4 here)\$ which were kindle. In both species the flower work from \$\u00e4 here here with an altering excention garden. This group represents the only instance in which bland of the division. Madies has been found sets of the Robit Monstain, or do bland the division. Madies has been found sets of the Robit Monstain, and bland the division. Madies has been found sets of the Robit Monstain, and bland the division. Madies has been found sets of the Robit Monstain, and bland the division. Madies has been found sets of the Robit Monstain, and bland the division. Madies has been found sets of the Robit Monstain of the Bland the division. Madies has been found sets of the Robit Monstain of the Bland the division. Madies has been found sets of the Robit Monstain of the Bland the division. Madies has been found sets of the Robit Monstain of the Bland the division. Madies has been found sets of the Robit Monstain of the species.

1. A. gracilis (Nutt. ! l. c.) : scabrons-hirsute with appressed hairs; leaves narrowly linear, ciliate with a few spreading bristles near the base.

Rocky Mountain plains and prairies of the Oregon, Nutall !- Stem about a foot high, slender, rigid, mostly simple; with the clusters of heads often axillary, and smaller than in the following.

 A. hirsuta (Nutt.! l. c.): hirsute with long spreading hairs and short stipitate glands; stem often corymbose at the summit.—Madia glomerata, Hook.? R. Bor.-Am. 2, p. 24.

Plains of the Saskatchawan, Drummond ! Plains of the Rocky Mountains and of the Oregon, with the preceding species, Nuttall !--A stouter plant than A. graceliks, with broader and more carinate involucral scales.

144. HARPÆCARPUS. Nutt. in trans. Amer. phil. soc. L. c. p. 389.

Heads few-flowered; the ray-flowers 5-8, pistillate, in a single series, each enclosed in one of the carinate-complicate and lunate scales of the involucre ; the disk-flower solitary ! tubular and perfect, fertile, surrounded by a 5-angled and 5-toothed cup, consisting of the united chaff of the receptacle. Corolla glabrous; of the disk-flower infundibuliform, 5-toothed; of the rays scarcely exceeding the involucre, tubular below, cleft above anteriorly ; the very short and broad ligule 2-3-toothed or lobed, about the length of the linear glabrors branches of the style. Branches of the style in the disk-flower short, lanceolate-oblong, with barbellate-hispid margins. Achenia glabrous, much compressed, destitute of pappus ; of the rays gibbous, obovate-lunate, the incurved summit produced into a short ascending beak, when mature deciduous with the scales of the involucre that enclose them ; that of the disk semi-obovate, straight, with a truncate terminal areola, included by the united chaff -A small slender hirsute annual (3-12 inches high), with somewhat the aspect of a Myosotis; the erect simple stem clothed with mostly alternate narrowly linear and entire leaves, corymbose-paniculate at the summit, bearing several small heads on simple and naked peduncles, which are clongated in fruit-Flowers pale vellow, very small.

H. madarioides (Nutt. ! l. c.)-Sclerocarpus exiguus, Smith, in Rece, cyd. (ex char. & descr. Hook. & Arn. bot. Beechcy, rappl. p. 355, under Madaria corymbon.)

Gregori (North West Cosst,' dashtess collected by the venerable Mentisil we are right as the synonymy): common on rockey plain in depression at the outle of the Wahlmert, *Nidall'* May — Leves about in field long less than a line wide. Pedanetic Illiform and other linches long is from beauting a depressed plates had scatterely 2 lines in diamater. Plant score what atomatics

Subtribe 6. ANTRENDER, Cass., DC.-Hends mostly hereagation (gaver discions); the ray-dowers in one or more series, publican erasult subtriat, either lights or tubular; the full-dowers prefere or constituent staminate and infertile. Receptacle nabed or chaffy. Anthen no candida-Banches of the spic truncates and morely bearded at the next. very ravity produced into a short conc. Pappus small and coroniform, or usually more--Leaver monity alternate.

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AMIDA.

COMPOSITE.

CONSPECTUS OF THE GENERA.

Din I. ECANTHEMIDER. -Receptacle chaffy. Rays ligulate, in a single series (or rarely wanting): the disk-flowers perfect. +01

- 145. MARUTA. Rays neutral. Achenia obovoid, ribbed.
- 146. ANTREMIS. Rays pistillate. Achenia terete or quadrangular.
- 147. ACHILLEA. Rays pistillate. Achenia obcompressed, margined.
- Die 2. CHEVEANTHEME.E.-Receptacle naked. Rays ligulate in a single series (rarely none): the diak-flowers perfect.
 - Monoloria. Scales of the cup-shaped involucre 8-10, united below. Reorptacle convex. Achenia of the ray somewhat obcompressed; of the disk compressed. Leaves opposite and alternate.
 - COLNOVYNE. Scales of the involucre few, imbricated, unequal. Receptacle conical. Achenia consimilar, oblong. Leaves opposite.
 VENEGASIA. Scales of the campanulate involucre imbricated in several
 - 450. VENEOASLA. Scales of the campanulate involucre imbricated in several series; the 5 exterior foliaccoss. Receptacle flat. Achenia obscurely quadrangular. Leaves alternate.
 - 151. EGLETES. Scales of the hemispherical involucre imbricated. Receptacle convex. Achenia angled or sibbed, with a thick coroniform papers.
 - 152. LEUCANTIERUM. Scales of the depressed involucre imbricated. Receptacke flat or convex. A chania somewhat terete, striate, destitute of pappus, or those of the ray with an auriculation pappus.
 - 153. MATRICARIA. Scales of the involucre imbricated. Receptable ovate-conical. Achenia angled, wingless : pappus none, obscure, or coroniform.
- Do. 3. COTTREE & ARTRITIC --Receptede naked. Heads discoid, homogamous or heterogramous: the flowers all tubular; those of the disk perfect, but sensetimes infertile. 4473
 - 154. Anoma. Heads beterogramous. Achonia quadrangular, tapering to the base. Pappus of chaffy scales nearly as long as the corolla.
 - 155. TANACETUM. Heads homogamous or heterogamous. Achemis angled or ribbed, with a large epigynous disk. Pappus news, or minute. 414
 - 156. ARTENISIA. Heads heterogamous or homogamous. Achenia obovoid, with a small epigynous diak. Pappus nove. 445
- Die. 4. HIPPIE.e.-Receptatie naked. Heads monucious : the pistillate flowers
 - 157. Sostva. Fertile flowers in several series, apetalous or nearly so; the staminate few. Achenia obcompressed, with winged or callous margins, armod with the persistent style. 426

Div. 1. E UANTREMIDEE, DC .- Receptacle chaffy. Heads mostly radiate; the rays ligulate, in a single series; the disk-flowers perfect.

145. MARUTA. Cass., Less.; DC. prodr. 6. p. 13.

Hends many-flowered; the rays neutral (rarely nearly wanting), continuous with the sterile ovary. Scales of the hemispherical involucre imbricated

COMPOSITE

in few series, shorter than the disk. Receptacle conical, chaffy throughout or only at the summit. Achenia obovoid or obpyramidal, ribbed, glabrous, destitute of pappus .- Annual (European) fetid herbs; with tripinnately divided leaves, and solitary heads terminating the branches. Rays white, often deflexed : the disk vellow.

1. M. Cotala (DC.! l. c.) : scales of the involucre with whitish scarious margins; receptacle conical, chaffy at the summit; the chaff subulate .-Anthemis Cotula, Linn. spc. 2. p. 894; Engl. bot. t. 1772; Nutt. gen. 2. p. 171; Bart. w.g. mat. med. t. 14; Hook. f. Bor.-Am. 2. p. 318; Dor-lingt. Cest. p. 489.

β. rays few and small, or occasionally none. Roadsides, &c., throughout the United States, where it is completely naturalized. B. St. Louis, Missouri, Dr. Engelmann ! June-Nov .- Plant hairy or nearly glabrous, with a strong unpleasant smell, and acrid properties. Achenia more or less tuberculate in lines .- May-weed.

146. ANTHEMIS. Linn. (excl. spec.) ; DC. R. Fr. & prodr. 6. p.4.

Heads many-flowered ; the rays pistillate. Scales of the involucre imbricated in few series. Receptacle convex or conical, with membranaceous chaff among the flowers. Achenia terete or very obtusely quadrangular, striate or smooth, destitute of pappus, or with a minute crown .- European or Oriental odorous herbs, with 1-2-pinnately parted leaves ; the branches terminated by single bractless heads. Rays usually white ; the disk yellow.

1. A. arvensis (Linn.) : diffuse or erect, pubescent ; leaves pinnstely parted, the lobes linear-lanceolate, approximate, and with the teeth very acute; the branches leafless at the summit, bearing solitary heads; scales of the involucre with white scarious margins, obtuse ; chaff of the conical reeeptacle lanceolate, acuminate; achenia crowned with a very short score-what toothed margin. DC. l. c .- Engl. bot. t. 602; Fl. Dan. t. 1173; Darlingt. fl. Cest. p. 488

Sparingly naturalized in the Northern States. June-Aug .- (1) The Wild Chammomile of Europe resembles Maruta Cotula, but is not fetid, with larger heads, fertile rays, &c.

A. nobilis, the officinal Channomile, is said by Nuttall to be naturalized near Lawiston, Delaware.

147. ACHILLEA. Linn. ; Schkuhr, handb. t. 255 ; Less. syn. p. 250.

Heads many-flowered ; the rays few, or 10-20, pistillate, short. Scales of the involucre imbricated. Receptacle fint, or sometimes clongated, chaffy-Achenia oblong, obcompressed, margined, destitute of pappus .- Perential herbs ; with alternate mostly pinnatifid or pinnately divided leaves, and small corymbose heads .- Yarrow.

\$ 1. Involuere campanulate : rays (white) 5-20, flat, longer than the involuere (in A. multiflora very short) : receptacle broad, nearly flat: achenia often with wing-like margins .- PTARMICA. Tourn., DC.

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MABUTA.

ACHILLEA.

 A. Ptarmica (Linn.): leaves glabrous, lanceolate-linear, sharply and equally serrate with appressed teeth; heads locaely corymbose; rays 8-12, much longer than the disk.—Linn. spc. 2. p. 698; Fl. Dan. t. 643; Engl. bot. t. 757; Purzh., fl. 2. p. 552. Ptarmica vulgaria, DC. prodr. 6. p. 23.

Canada to New York, according to Pursh: but it has not since been met with. Introduced in Danvers, Massachusets, Dr. Niebolls ! (Mr. Oakes.) Aug.-Sept.-Disk and ray white.-Snetze-tort.

 A. multiflora (Hook): clothed with villous hairs when young; leaves elongated, linear-lanceolate, closely and sharply pinasified-serrate; the teeth or segments lanceolate, moremate, serrulate, sourwhat appresed theads in dense compound corymbs; rays 10-12, very short.—Hook. / f. Bor.-Anb. 9: 318. A. P. Itranica, Richards. J. appx. Frankl. journ. eds. 2, p. 53.

Woody country of Subarctic America, as far north as Fort Franklin, Riokardson ! Dramsond !-Leaves evenly and deeply pectinate-incised. Ligales roundish, scarcely exceeding the disk; in which respect it differs from all other species of this section.

3. 4. Avoralis (Bongard): stem strike, villows with soft hairs: leaves seen in high pinnately divided; the segments high-nath(d) the holes linear, acute, protected; heads corymbose; the peducites villou-probescent, branched; the involver rate of the other, the lance other other, the lance other, the lance other other other other other other, the lance other other, the lance other other, the lance other other other other other, the lance other other other, the lance other other, the lance other other other other, the lance other other other other other other, the lance other other other other other, the lance other other, the lance other other other other other other other other other, the lance other other

Sucha, Kastalsky, ex Bongard.-The heads are compared with those of A. atrata. Flowers white.

§ 2. Involuce coold-oblong; rays few and short; receptacle small: achenia slightly margined.—MILLEVOLUM, Tourn. (Achilles, DC)

4. d. Mülleförm (Lim.); camine hæres nevny sende, biptenstep Mulleförm i den sender at den sender at den sender sender sender det Mulleförm i den sender at den sender sender at det sender at det den sender at det sender at den sender sender at det sender at det Mulleförm at den sender at det sender at det sender at det sender at Mulleförm at det sender at det sender at det sender at det sender at Mulleförm at det sender at det sender at det sender at det sender at Mulleförm at det sender at det sender at det sender at det sender at Mulleförm at det sender at det sender at det sender at det sender at Mulleförm at det sender at det sender at det sender at det sender at Mulleförm at det sender at det sender at det sender at det sender at Mulleförm at det sender at det sender at det sender at det sender at Mulleförm at det sender at det sender at det sender at det sender at Mulleförm at det sender at det sender at det sender at det sender at Mulleförm at det sender at det sender at det sender at det sender at Mulleförm at det sender at det sender at det sender at det sender at Mulleförm at det sender at det sender at det sender at det sender at Mulleförm at det sender at det sender at det sender at det sender at Mulleförm at det sender at det sender at det sender at det sender at Mulleförm at det sender at det sender at det sender at det sender at Mulleförm at det sender at det sender at det sender at det sender at Mulleförm at det sender at det sender at det sender at det sender at Mulleförm at det sender at de

Throughout North America, from the Arctic regions 1 along the Rocky Mornatory to Mexico, and from NewRoundhard 1 to Oregon's Sticha, and California. Also, doubtens introduced from Europe into pastures, &c. Augcie-The flowers of A. temotons, Park, although yellowish in the dried Specimen, were probably white in the living plant.—Bitter, astringent, and Mornatic—Lyrone.

4. azpleniifdata (Vent. hort. Cels.) with rose-colored rays, is of unknown origin. It is unid to have been raised from seeds brought from Carolina by Bose; but, according to De Candolle, it had been cultivated in the gardens of Europe long before the time of Bose.

Div. 7: CHRYSANTHEMEN, DC.—Receptacle naked. Heads radiate ; the rays ligulate, pistillate, rarely neutral, in a single series (rarely wanting) ; the disk flowers perfect.

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148. MONOLOPIA. DC. prodr. 6. p. 74 ; Hook. ic. pl. t. 343 & 344.

Heads many-downeed i the rays 5-10, juillins : the disk-flowers prefer, but apparently uteries. Scalar of the combined provides 6-10, unied bolow. Receptacle convex or somewhat conical, naked. Disk-could with a closed zeros twice and a dilated link, the short tech betrachel. Achtuit glaboxa, destinute of paynar, those of the ray aboved, slightly abourported j of the disk compresent, infertion ℓ -anomal (California) wouldy hards a with linear-chileng sensitie learnes (clifter apposite or atternest), and dirary heads terminating the branches. Disk and rays vellew.

 M. major (DC: 11. c.): lower lasves somewhat toothed, the upper catters tested so the involutes trait(u) is a single series, united flatonts to the sommit; rays much longer than the disk; the tube furnished with a small toohed appendix go opposite the light; receptules energy consid=-Hole.¹ too pl.: 544, bbd. Holey appl; p. 359, 4bst. mag. too. Holeyet-Bold Constraints (Barrier, 1997). Holeyet-Catifornia, Damelar (=A for the h. Hone shows.^{16,15}) = 0.

 M. minor (DC. ! 1. c.): leaves sparingly lobed; the lobes linear; scales of the involucre somewhat in 2 series, united only at the base; rays short receptacle convex.—Hock.! is p.t. 1. 343, § both. Bacekey, 1. c.

California, Douglas !- Plant 4 or 5 inches high. Tube of the disk-corolla hirsute.

149. COINOGYNE. Less. in Linnaga, 6. p. 521, t. 6; DC. prodr. 6. p. 42.

C. carnesa (Less. ! 1. c.) .- Hook. & Arn. bot. Beechey, p. 150.

California, Chamisso ! Capt. Beechey .- Stems about 4 inches in length. Leaves half an inch to an inch long, 1-2 lines wide.

150. VENEGASIA. DC. prodr. 6. p. 43.

Hands many-flowered i the rays numerous (15), pisuillate. Scales of the compandiate involves: inbinistoni in several series i the 5 ratiotic coulding scattch, foliacous; the intermediate 10 orast-orhicular, very obtains, sourwhat colverit is interment (about 15) small and charfy, inscetable of oblong. Receptache flate, naked. Tabe of the corolla glandular, larger than the orazy. Branches of the style terminated by an obscure once. Achteria

VENEGASIA.

COMPOSITÆ.

oblong, obscurely quadrangular (muricate, DC), destitute of pappar.--A somewhat shrubby and nearly glabrous branching plant; with alternate delted-cordate toothed leaves, on slender petioles, and large nodding heads on what polyanches. Ray and disk yellow.

V. carperioides (DC.! l.c.)—Natt.! in trans. Amer. phil. soc. l.c. p. 395. California, Douglas! Nattall! (In rocky situations around St. Barbara, near the sea.)—Leaves like those of Campanola rhomboidalis. Head, with the conspicous rays. 3 inches in diameter.

EGLETES. Cass. diet.; Less. syn. p. 252; Nutt. I.e. Egleses & Leucopsidium, DC.

Hash many-dowerd i the rays innercos, piutilian. Scalie of the hermihydroid involves: own-incosolos, with scalios marging, indicated in few scies. Recepted corvex, takel. Branches of the argin in the disk. However terminated by a doct cons. Actionic glabors, or worwshala hairy when young oncouvent angled or tibed, samely compressed, with a short inclusted or consoling papers, which is more or last networks of continuous methods of the science of the Atamos phere, with alcourse data to the disk values. Hards

 E. Arbanava (Nut): annual, canseout, erect; cauline lawse, series in hancontac-boing, obtass, entire, or paringly and elightly toothef; the radical topering to the base, simulat-nothef; rays much longer than the inwater; coroll of the disk becoming inicked and order at the base; where it corolls of the disk becompilation and the same it where it corolls and the same it is a simulation of the same it where it corolls and the same it is a simulation of the same it where it with the same it is a simulation of the same it where it with the same it is a simulation of the same it is a simulation of the where it is a simulation of the same it is a simulation of the same it where it is a simulation of the same it is a simulation of the same it where it is a simulation of the same it is a simulation of the same it is a simulation of the same it where it is a simulation of the same it is a simulation of the same it is a simulation of the same it where it is a simulation of the same it is a sinterval a simulation of the same it is a simulation of the s

Arknams1 and Texas? Aug--Head smaller than in Leucanthenoum voltages: the says linear, nearly an inch long. Pappus thickeads and almost voltages at the base, availy deeply cief into sharper segments than is tropresented in Hockey's figure above-rist of that of E. (Leucopsidium, Benk), hamilis is minutely and evenly toothed or cleft, more like that of E. Doming grains.

152. LEUCANTHEMUM. Tourn.; DC. prodr. 6. p. 45.

Bask may-dowerd the ray pintillas, numerous. Scale of the broad inference involves with scarios margine. Recorate fair or cover, midd. Could of the disk with a dealy obcompressed and elightly 2-winged the. Achesia of the disk and ray simulations formiable with an anticolubient pipers, extension of the ray scancelines formiable with a material form (pipers, extension) and the state of the scale of the scale without the scale terminating the stars or branches. Rays while or resinearity redding the disk value or termination of the scale of the scale termination of the

5 Achenia of the ray as well as the disk destitute of pappus : flowers all fertile-PHALACROGLOSSUM, DC. (Chrysanthemum, Less.) L. integrifoliums (DC. 1.c.): dwarf, hairy; leaves apatulate-linear, earing, chiefly crowded at the base of the simple scape-like stem; scales of the involuce obvarte-alliptical, with broad and brown lacerate scalous and gins.—Chrysauthemum integrifolium, Rickards. 7 appr. Franki, journ. 64. 2., p. 33; Hock i, im Parry's and voy. p. 398, §4. Bor.-Am. 1. p. 310.

Shores of Arctic America, and on the Copper Mountains in lat. 57°. Richardson /--Rays elliptical, white.

 La creticism (DC: 1 t.c.); nearly glabrous; stem low, simple, nated past the summit lower laws: coundom, tapenting into a petiodi, incisiod or coaracly toolhed at the apex; the uppermost small, mostly linear and entire; scales of the involucer oval, with backing accions margina.—Chrysnabsthum arcticum, Line. spec. 2. p. 889 ; Pursh, fl. 2. p. 526 ; Hook. ! fl. Bro-Am. 1, p. 313.

Arctic America ! extending south to York Factory, Hudson's Bay ! and to Fort Vancouver ! probably confined to the coast.—Stem 5-10 inches high-Head as large as in L. vulgare.

 Le sulgare (Lam), i stem seed, somewhat branched; Jeaves laciatieincied or primulification of the caulum party changing, the related abovesapatolike, petioled; i enelse of the involute with narrow runy-hown satisfamargine—D2, i profr. 6, p. 46. Chrysanhurmum Leuenhurmum, Linkt, e. F. Dan. 4. 994; Engl. bet 4. 601; Pursh, L.e.; Darlingt.! J. Cat. p. 400.

β. involucral scales bordered with white scarious margins.

Naturalized in fields and meadows throughout the United States; also in Canada and Oregon 1 a very troublesome weed. β . Alexandria, Louisians, Dr. Hale! June-July.-Leaves variable. Achenia ribbed.-White Dairy. Oxsyst Dairy.

153. MATRICARIA. Linn. ; Tourn. ; DC. prodr. 6. p. 50.

Bends many-downerd is de rays pinillare, rarly very small or wardies Schein of the involvement areaty equal, indiractand in few wards. Reseptation ample, or ware-conicell mixed. Cancili of the disk 4-5-stoubelt is the sine or the as-downeed, or many trees. Activatia angled, wingten, blan of the disk and my similar. Pappas none, so obscur, or excationally control form—Smooth can binnehing annuals the pinnetic particle lawes with linear or esticeous segments. Heads solitary or somewhat corpulses. Rays whole, it do in yellow.

 Heads radiate : achenia with a coroniform pappus : corolla of the disk 5-toothed --CRANOMILL, DC.

 M. isodora (Linn.): glabroza; stem branched, diffine or everit i tears hiptimately divided; the lobes linear, acute, flatish, 2-3 pathial for low our lines on the branches scalars of the involver colong, window, neuron to linear, 8, Suer, ed. 2, a, Stri, D.G. prode, 5, -90. Chrysanthenum inobtrum. Linea, spec. P. D. Dan. 160, Schhair, Anath. 1-53. Pyrehum inodourum, Smith, J. Brit. 2: p. 900; Engl. bet. 1, 676; Hock. J. B. Ber-Alm. . p. 209.

β.? nana: stem simple, with a solitary head.—Pyrethrum inodorum β. nanuun, Hook.! L.c., & bot. Beechey, p. 126. P. Caucasicum, Willd. es Less. Chrysanthemum grandiflorum, Hook.! in Parry's 2nd voy. p. 398.

"Lake Huron, Dr. Todd." York Factory, Drummond; and as far north as Bear Lake, Richardson ! B. Shorei and islands of the Arctic sea, Richardson ! Charriso." Hook.-We are not well satisfied that the Amedcin plant is the same as the European W. indorfs, or that it is an annual.

§ 2. Heads discoid, rayless: pappus none, or an obscure entire margin: corolla of the disk 4-toothed, obcompressed, and more or less 2-winged. -ANACTIDEN, DC. (Lepidotheca, Nutt.)

5. M. Giosofer (DC.11-c): transfer from the bass, pitzens, heigr, with Si-5-pinzelly pitcel, the lobes does Illines, acut, bask (mull) on first Si-5 pinzelly pitcel, the lobes does Illines, acut, bask (mull) of pitcelly acuted and the second s

Wetter America from California to Tualmichicki Shinkai and the adverter putter of Ania. Also in harves public more 2014. Shinkai and the adverter putter of Ania. Also in harves public more and the adverter of the adverter

M Chambrills (Linn.), which abounds in watte grounds in Europe, and possessing, to some examt the bitter and aromatic properties of the officinal Chammonile, in Storithms substituted for it, matter the name of Wild Chawronile, has been collotted in Texas (* Bottom land on the Brazor *) by Dr. Lindheimer : doubtless introduced, and prehase very locally naturalized.

Pyrethrum Parthenium (the Preve/ere) has escaped from gardens, and is beginning to be naturalized in some places.

P. strotissus, Linn., which has been in cultivation for a long period, is doubtless net of North American origin.

Chrysenthessen? manases (Hook.): stem somewhat branched, clothed with loose decidnous wool; leaves pinnatifd; the segments linear and entire; leads terminal, wildry; achteria obverts-oblega, minustly paylises (receptual naked, convex; rays 8-10, entire, apparently white; scales of the involuce elliptical.) Host, f. Ber-Am. 1, p. 200.

North West Coast of America, Menzies.- A plant of doubtful genus, 3-5 inches high; the head about the size of a Daisy. Hook.

Div. 3. COTULES & ARTENISIES, DC .- Receptacle naked (not chaffy.) Heads discoid, homogamous or beterogamous; the flowers all tubular; those of the disk perfect, but sometimes infertile.

154. AROMIA. Nutt. in trans. Amer. phil. soc. (n. ser.) 7. p. 395.

Heads discoid, heterogamous; the flowers all tubular; the 4 or 5 marginal pistillars, with the corolla obliquely truncate and 2-3-toothed; the others

ABOMIA.

(10-12) perfect, with the could a-footded, nearly dentitate of proper task Scales of the involution for 4 or 4 and a concern-caritonate, obscurse, nearly has angle series, membranaecous. Receptacle coverse, naked. Branchooff but spit turnets: A checking of the start of the start of the start of the spit turnets: A checking of the start of the start of the start of the second start of the start of the start of the start of the start is de basis. Just almost equaling the very abort could—a-ka aromatic fits and the indefinition of the start of advectors the the start basis and the fits of the start of basis of the start of basis of the start of basis of the start of the st

A. tenuifolia (Nutt. ! 1. c.)

St. Diego, California, near the coast, Nettell / May-Lower leaves 3-3 inches long. Heads turbinarts, 2-3 lines in diameter : the ecolls of the pilllate flowers not longer than the perfect, both very short. A chenia and pages much as in Bahin and Chenneris-Although placed by Nuttali in Andemidee, Dir. Cotulese, this plant should rather find a place in the Subtrib Helenice.

155. TANACETUM. Linn.; Gartn. fr. t. 165; DC. prodr. 6. p. 127.

Hends disoid, homogemous, with the flowers all tabular and parfect or beterogramious; the marginal flowers pistillate, in a single-series, 3-4-works folder of the involucer inductance, dty. Receptacle corres, naked. Achenia angled or ribbed, glabrous, with a large enjayrous dtak. Papper sider none or minner, membranzenoso, controllinger, neutror outched, olen annight. Herbs or suffusiones plants; with alternate variously dissected laws, and solitary or corrupnets (rather large heads. Flowers yieldow.

 Heads (companulate-hemispherical) heterogamous; the terete ray-flowers 3-toothed; the disk-flowers 5-toothed.—EUTANACETUM, DC.

 T. Swijare (Linns): stars herbacon, erect, glabrous, blaren senty glabrous, bljanskip patiel i the scalish and blabe individy series is corymo of numerous hearis; inner scalas of the involutes: exciton at the spect, dotutes; papers about, gaing, blabed, DC-Linn, if t. 606, f. I. Engl. Mt. (1233); Parsh, fl.2, p.522; Hook. J. fl. Bore. Am. 1. p. 327; Durlingh, fl. Cert. p. 4322.

B. crispum (DC.) : leaves more incised and crisped.

Naturalized abundantly in the Northern States ! and Canada ! July-Sept. 24 - Tanacy.

§ 2. Heads (hemispherical, the disk convex in fruit,) heterogamous; the rayflowers obcompressed, 3-5-lobed or toothed, slightly winged at the bass; the disk flowers 5-toothed.—Howarorzs. (Ornalanthus, Less.—Omalutes, DC.—Homotors. Endl).

 T. Haronesse (Nutt.): hgiry or almost tomentose when young; seen stoot, herbacrous, striate-angled; leaves bipinnately divided; the lobes oblong, pinnstitichincised, or often nearly eatire, nucroanse with a callous point; heads (large) corymbose, or rarely nearly solitary, on stout peduacles;

TANACETUM.

COMPOSITÆ.

incre calse of the involutes with brownish scarings margins ray-flowers wardsho, from deeply cleft on the india with the removal liquid slightly 3-bound or 3-bohz, frequently with the limb 3-5-parted; papers abor, toothed—Netl; gene 2, p. 344, § 4th trans. Anter, plate, p. 361, d. e. Le, p. 401, T. T. emphasium, Less, in Linnea, 5 p. 531, T. Douglasii, D.C. typedr, model, s. C. Marinana, complements, D.C. parter, S. B. Scher, C. Maninana, complements, D.C. parter, 5 p. 83. Scher G. Lakes Hurron and Superficient on the York Pattery and Hurron and Appendix of the North Scher Scher Scher Scher Scher American Scher G. Lakes Hurron and Superficient on the York Pattery and Hubbert

§ 3. Heads (obovoid) heterogamous; the ray-flowers (about 5) truncate, 2-3toothed; the diak-flowers 5-toothed; the central apparently infertile.— STREROMERIA, Nut.

3. Trapitation recognitions, suffrate-cent, slipy-canoscont leaves clustered on a branched causes, curvision, 3-5-parted on pedate; those of the sconc-what naked scapes nearly linear, entire or toobled at the aper; heads of the investment, and the scales of the investment of the scales of the scales of the investment of the scales of the scales

Nati, I in Trens, Andrey phil, new Grans, 77, 79, 802. Borky Monnanias on a high hill, easy the Ked Batteo of the Plane, towards its northern sources on the Sweet Water, Natial? / Tune.—Plane growing indense tails, the eaceps 3 or include high, terminated by the spherical cluster of bands. Corolla, especially of the exterior flowers, becoming enlarged and indurated at the bases—Color greesball, like that of Chammonile.

4. T. Nutualiti: a somewhat exceptions, altery-canescent; leaves cancel form, obtained >-lobed or toubled at the apex; i the lower envolved on the branches of the woody candex; the upper scattered on the flowering stemu; beek for (0.3-0) in a terminal expirate cluster; scales of the involvers card-out; pappas very minute, in the disk-flowers obsolete.—Spharromeria Wirtens, Nut. 1 f. c.

Rocky Mountains, near the sources of the Platte and Colorado of the West, Natioll / July -- Shrub 4-5 inches high. Leaves half an inch long-Flowers bright vellow.

t Doubtful Species.

 T. psuciforum (Richards.): stem simple, with a single terminal head, and sconetimes another from the uppermost axil, longer than the bipinates and tripinantife villous seesile leaves; the lobes narrow, rather ohme; Bur-Am. 1, p. 327; not of DC.

Woody country, between lat. 54° and 64°, Richardson .- A foot high.

156. ARTEMISIA. Linn. ; Besser ; DC. prodr. 6. p. 93.

Heads discoid, few-many-flowered, herengamous, with the central flowere prefixet (either fertile, or aterile by the abortion of the ovary.) and 5-tooked, wild the marginal pisilitate in a night series, with a tubular 3-tooked ovarilar, or sometimes homogamous, with the flowers all perfect. Scales of the invalues individual, movidy any and with searious margina. Receptace

ARTEMISIA.

flatuih or convex, naked or villous. Achenia oboroid, with a small epigynous disk, destitute of pappus.—Herbs or shrubby (bitter and mostly aromtic) plants: with alternate, usually pinnately cleft or dissocied leaves, and small spicate or necmose heads; the spikes usually paniculate. Cordia yellow or purplish.

Receptacle naked : heads heterogamous ; the disk-flowers sterile-DRACUNCULUS, Bess. (Oligonporus, Less.)

1. A. puresceptial (DC): suffractores (x Bess); stems ascending or erect; lawas convected, sivery-convectores; the lower infiniantly dividual, with linear lobes; the upper with somewhat ovare lobes: heads square or genera-paralousk, crowed, hemispherical, name/dowers] setules of the involucer elliptical, rather obtues, tilly-villos, with howd scartons margins: settle flowers having at the summit; the fettle globus.-DC, prod. 6, p. 99; Bess, in Linnea, 15, p. 102. Oligaporus pyraccephalis, Lett. is Linnea, 15, p. 304.

St. Francisco, California, Chamisso, fide Besser, I. c. Inadvertently given by De Candolle as a Siberian species.

2. A dramaniadide (Pamh) perminal, month sufficiences, erect, handle de, more or less camesentry parseent when young; casiline leaves mer rowy linear, entries, or the lower, as well as the radical, after 3-deft), hads starily a straight of the linear remediation of the lower of the linear straight of the linear remediation of the linear straight of the lin

a. temifolia: canescent or glabrous; leaves elongated, narrowly linear, attenuate at both ends .-- A. dracunculoides, Pursh ! L. c. (fide spec. cult.)

β. brezifolia : somewhat cincroous, or at length glabrous (either herbaccous or suffruicose); leaves short, narrowly lanceolate-linear, acute; the lower cauline 3-cleft, the radical cometimes 1-2 pinnately parted ?--A. Nuttalliana, Bess. in Hook. 1. c., & in DC. 1. c. p. 96.

y. incana: suffruitcore, silky-canescent throughout when young, but becoming glabrous with age; cauline leaves abort, linear, obtusish, frequently 3-cleft (influencemee and flowers unknown).

Mission? common from Six Law, to the Recky Montalies 1 and both to the Sankachwan 1 (e. 86.) , s. Sandy Lanks of Jacques River, &e., Mr. Nicollet — A somewhat polymorphous species, nearly alled length, seldom more than one or two lines in with...-Both funds to length, seldom more than one or two lines in with...-Both Funds Va-De Candolle.

3. A forcular (Pallar): prevaind, horknown, emptore, ellevelution of more platelet in maniper 1, have a Hi for the upportune platelet in realizing have a marker 1, have a Hi for the upportune platelet in the loss have obtained to the structure of the structure

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ABTEMISIA.

β. Besseri: cincreous-silky; leaves all linear-lanceolate; heads villous externally, the lower pedicellate. Bess.—A. borealis, a. Purshii, Bess. in DC.1.c., excl. syn. Pursh.

 Wormskieldii (Bess. l. c.): canescent and somewhat silky; leaves on short petioles; heads recense; corolla a little hairy at the summit.—A. Greenlandica, Wormas, R. Dan, t. 1885.

6 spithames : either villous or pubsecut when young, at length glabrous; cuinize and foral leaves either 3-ociefl, or intear and entries, heads september treemose. As loorestis β . Advanui (leaves 3-ociefl; polonizes heity), $\delta_{\rm ev}$. Shangdi (cuinitis leaves entries and linear), Boss in D.C. i.e. A spithal foral leaves linear, entries). Artic America I form Greenland (var. γ) and Labrade ($\delta_{\rm ef}$) or the Artic America I form Greenland (var. γ) and Labrade ($\delta_{\rm ef}$) or the

Arctic America! from Greenland ! (var. y.) and Labrador! (d.) to the North West Coast! the Rocky Mountains ! and Oregon ! Also Keweena Point, Lake Superior, Dr. Houghton !-- A span high.

6. A. Comadonis (Mich.s.): prevenial (or biomid) J. glabora or canner seri, radical and lower canine have be giomatry divided, the type 3-divided, senile (the segments lister of inter-biorcebiet) (body the biologie) of the senile (the segments lister of inter-biorcebiet) (body the biologie) of the senile (the segments lister of inter-biorcebiet) (body the biologie) of the senile (the senies marging-mildle), (d. 2, p. 102). Nutl. gas, 2, p. 144. A. comparison, 2005, (d. 2, p. 04). (dotted and proceedings), and a dotted and the biologies of Mich. Sen. A commutiant, Brain, in D. C. A. (a low the a wind biol. Accounting the senies of the senies of the biologies of Mich. Senies, Mich. (d. 1996, Accounting the senies of the biologies).

Shore of the Grant Lakes, from the St. Lawrence River to Lake Septer's and vector Massari I Upper Plate 1 and Oregon I extending control business of the Plate 1 and Oregon I extending control and the Averic Circle—Plant 1=4 or 3 feet high, seet for mending, considerably verable, I all the Water from realing the second sec

5. d. constate (Michay); biennisi I glabrous ; stem erect, paniculate: upper culture laway apimanity, the lower and radical (deten pulsescent) 9-2-pinmately divided; the segments linear-stateous, divariante ; meaned disposed in a trict advanced panicle; heads (anal)) erect, subglobuse ; tactivor sankes of the involume ovate; the inner elliptical, searions—Michay (A. 2, p. 129 ; Nat. 1, eng. 2, n. 144 ; Ed. 145 , p. 3118 ; D. L. 6.

Barren woods and sandy soil. Illinois ! and Missouri, and from the const of New Hampshire ! and New Jersey ! to Georgia ! Aug-Sept.--Plant 2-6 fort high, surjet.

6. d. Lowisii b horknessens leaves on the sterile steme crowded, essails, bipinnately divided, willow the publescence decidents) it is esegurated in the sterile sterile sterile in the sterile sterile in the sterile sterile in the sterile and alterousen. As monitories, *Parent*, *R. 2*, p. 631. A. variabilis y? Americana, *Best.* in *DC*, prodr. 6. p. 94, § in *Linners*, 15, 94 § 111.

Missional Losis (distorts, Medones). Sandy places between Fort Gibson and Fort Soft, Adamsa, D., Sogeionans, J.-The speciment of Dr. Regelmann consists of a yoang hary stem, and a paniele of the former year. The leaves of the formed are not unlike those of A. canada, has villous ; those of the latter are assall, plannaby 3-5-divided, glabrous ; the segments setacooms, low-low-cont, plantary and the inner scales over a will write unlike the avoid contemportal y glabrous; the inner scales over a will write the starson star and the star of the star star of the star star of the star star of the star

 A. filifolia (Torr.): canescent; stems very numerous from a thick woody base, paniculate at the summit; leaves much crowded or fascicled, yet. n.-53 filiform; the lower mostly 3-parted; heads very small, crowded in vignat leafy panieles, tomentose, 3-4-flowered i two of the flowers pistillat and fertile; the other stamilate and sterile; receptuleal slightly finalitate-pileose. Torr. / in ann. iye. New York, 2. p. 211. A. Plattensis, Nutl. / in traus. Amer. phil. occ. (n. erc), 7, n. 307.

Plains of the Platte, very abundant, Dr. James ! Nuttall ! Lieut. Fromont! July-Aug--Plant 1-3 feet high; the branches slender and virgate. Leaves 1-2 inches long, terete (revolute), very slender, white when young, becoming somewhat rabrous when old.

§ 2. Receptacle naked : heads homogamous ; the flowers all perfect and ferfile--SERIPHIDIUM, Bess.

8. A cose (Pirsh): shrubby much branched, densely consecret through our leaves linear-inner-black, science, flat, out of the lowermost quantization of the second second second second second second second turn on both sides; heads obvoid-beningherical, axillary, settile, mostly generate or given parallell, science and the second coses and the second secon

Plain or the Upper Mission and Plane to be Rocky Mountan, Lovit Mattell VM. Noeld Lieter, Present and plains of the Sancharase Neural VM. Noeld Lieter, Present and plains of the Sancharase mathematical structure of the Sancharase and Sancharase and Sancharase and M. Numit we mission in supporting in the development collection of Levies. We show the sancharase for Rocky Mountains and M. Numit we mission in supporting in the Woollins stretch planets the interface of the Gauge of specific name was the more investmentale. The same of Hyd Kage was dealing that the region is question. But the same far years and the same was the more investmentale. The same of Hyd Kage was dealing that the region is question. But the same far years was the same in the A integrificat. Provi (A. Lodwinsm, Nucl., and was postered).

Piano of the Oengon and Lewis River (Rocky Montanias in horb.), Neidiff Wind River Chain of the Rocky Montania, *Lower Fermatic Aug-*Shrub about a foot high much branchad. Lowres an inch or leas in length 3-4 lines wile as the apex, targeting to the base, both sides cancell safetytomenoses the testh or boles either very short, or 2-4 lines long, skidom again toubdd. Headiw very numerous, smaller than in A. cana.

10. A. arbuscula (Nutt.! 1. c.): dwarf, shrubby, tomentose-consects: leaves short, cunciform, 3-cleft; the lobes oblong, obtuse; the lateral dres -3-lobe; it heads globes-covid, 6-10-flowerd, essaile, solitary or somewhat clustered, forming a slender interrupted spike or spicne panicle; scales of the involutor oval; the exterior tomentose, the inner scattore.

Arid plains of Lewis River, Nutall !- Shrub 4-6 inches high ; the flowering branches virgate and rather naked.

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ARTENISIA.

11. A. trifida (Nutt. ! l. c.) : shrubby, silky-canescent ; leaves 3-parted towards the apex ; the segments linear, obtuse ; heads spicate, somewhat glomerate, in a simple paniele, obovoid, 8-flowered ; exterior scales of the involucre ovate, canescent; the inner oblong, glabrous, with scarious margins.

3. rigida (Nutt. ! 1. c.) : leaves rigid, more silky and shining; the segments rather scute.

Plains of the Rocky Mountains and Oregon, Nuttall !- Plant 6-8 inches high.

§ 3. Receptacle naked (not hairy) : heads heterogamous ; the flowers all fertile. -ABROTANUM, (Tourn.) Bess.

· Perennial or shrubby.

12. A. Lindleyana (Bess.): shrubby, canescent towards the summit; leaves nearly linear, canescently tomentose beneath; heads spicate-paniculate, somewhat hemispherical, crect; scales of the involucre canescent, scarious at the apex, the outermost foliaceous; corolla glabrous. Bess. in Hook. L. c., & DC. L. c.

a, legitima (Bess. I. c.): leaves entire, an inch to an inch and a half in length

3. brevifolia (Bess. I. c.) : leaves an inch long, in fascicles ; the primary having probably fallen away.

y. subdentata (Bess, l, c,) ; leaves linear-lanceolate, somewhat toothed at the apex ; involucre white and tomentose.

d. Coronopus (Bess, L. c.) : leaves pinnatifid-toothed towards the apex .--

A. pumila, Nutl. ? "North West Const of America, Douglas, in herb. Lindl.", ex Besser, Probable from the interior of Oregon .- This species is unknown to us : perhaps the following, of which we have only seen an imperfect specimen, is one of its forms.

13. A. pumila (Nutt.) : dwarf, herbaceous, perennial, slightly tomentosepubescent ; leaves scattered, linear, entire, or sparingly laciniate or incised towards the apex; heads sessile, subglobose, few, in a simple somewhat leafy spike; scales of the involucre scarious, slightly tomentose; the exterior ovate, the inner broadly oval; "flowers polygamous."-Nutt.! in trans. Amer. phil. soc. l. c. p. 399.

Lewis River, in the Rocky Mountains .- Stems simple, 6-8 inches high, from a somewhat woody base. Leaves an inch or more in length, scarcely a line wide ; the teeth or lobes (one or two on each side) subulate. Nutt.

14. A. pedatifida (Nutt. ! l. c.) : dwarf, suffruticose, somewhat canescent or cinercous, cuspitose ; leaves 3-parted ; the lateral segments often 2-3-cleft, linear, obtuse ; heads obovoid, sessile, bractente, seldom clustered, few, in a simple spike ; scales of the involucre ovate, pubescent, with shining scarious margins; corolla glabrous

Arid plains of Lewis River, in the Rocky Mountains, Nuttall ! Aug .--"A very distinct and poculiar species, with a atout woody root, sending out tafts of low stems, three or four inches high, terminating in spikes of 4-10 Bowers." Nutt.

15. A. longifolia (Nutt.): herbaceous (frequently woody at the base), tomentose ; flowering stems simple ; leaves narrowly lanceolate-linear, elongated, acute, entire, with revolute margins, tomentose-canescent beneath, at length almost glabrous above ; the lower occasionally 3-5-cleft or laciniate ; the lobes linear ; heads cylindric-ovate, somewhat glomerate, sessile, few-flowered ; involucre tomentose .- Nutt. ! gen. 2. p. 142, & in trans. Amer. phil, soc. L c. ; not of Bess. in Hook. L c. Sc.

ARTENISIA.

Rocky situations on the Missouri from White River to the moustains, Nutlall/ Mouth of Teton River, Mr. Nicollet .-- A low, "very odorous" species; the leaves 3-4 inches long, 2-3 lines wide, tapering to an acute point.

16. A. disolar (Dazgi); suffrations, seet or accending; leaves somewhat biplanatific, canoecarity to prometase hences in the loss morely linear, heats, with revolute margins, few and divergent; heads henrispherical, adding, diaposed in a wirgate racence; seales of the involuers earching, shows the outermost lanceshar; corolla glabroas.—Dozgi, I in herb. Hook; 1 DW, proff. 5, P. 106. A. Ludovinan, Bast. I in Mack. Lee, not of Nati.

Rocky Monutains towards Arctic America, *Reingradout* and insertse of Oregon near the Spokan and Kettis Fails, Douglan.—Plans 1-31 moles high. Involuces at first tomentose, but at length almost glabrous.—Three are two forms; one (from Richardon T) with the upper surface of the haves more tomentose, and more siender lokes; the other, with the leaves almost glabrous above, and with the lokes shorter and bronder.

17. A Londoniciana (NIRL); personial, ensembly increases though cont, branchol; Lowes Innecedias, neuronata, boli autorias wine yang checked with a white tomerum, hencath very density or; the lower dust incided, remotely and sharply service, or sparsingly paramidis[1] to upper time incided, and a sharply service, or sparsingly paramidis[1] to upper colling glatomac-wint, gene, 2, p. 101; Bar. 10; Lansen, 15, p. 104. - A: integridida, Parsh ft 2, p. 500. - A: Parihians Janguestician, Barro, in Roch, Le, p. DC, 1, e.

ii. latiloba (Nutt.): lower leaves dilated, deeply pinnatifid, or the upper trifid; the lobes and the upper leaves broadly inneceitate (publicate of the upper surface decidoos).—*Nutt.* in *trans. Amer. phil. soc.* i.e. *p.* 400.

7. granhalodes : very tomentose-canescent throughout ; leaves elongated lancoolaie, estire, or sharply and irregularly serrate towards the apex.-Agranhalodes, Nutl. J gen. 2. p. 143 ; D.C. / prodr. 6. p. 115.

6. arrata: leaves lanceolate (pretty large), acute or acuminate, sharply but irregularly serrate from the middle to the apox, perfectly glabrous above, at least when old; heads becoming glabrous; otherwise exactly as in var.; -A. serrata, Nutl.; gen. 2, p. 142, (kerb. Lamb.; & herb. acad. Philad.?)

• latifolia : tomentose-causecent throughout : laves short, elitifolia ! anteolate or somewhat causelform-oblong, usually very entire.—A. Pumblass alatifolia, Bes.! in Hook. R. Bor.-Am. 1. p. 323 ; & in DC. I. c. A. intergrifolia, Richards. apps. Frankl. journ. ed. 2. p. 30.

² Palan and dry backs of rivers, Ko., from the above of Lakor Herent and Machan I. dth Sakara and Sakara Kanana. A strangent of the second secon

18. A. Douglasiana (Bess.): suffruitcose ? strict, canescent; leaves ennescent biesesti, the cauline lanceolate, acute, entrie; head spicate panice: late, hemispherical; the panicle somewhat leafy; scales of the involver elliptical; the inner scarious at the apex; corolla glabroas. Bess. in Hock L. e., 4DC.1.e.

Oregon, Douglas .- Differs from A. integrifolis by its wholly entire leaves,

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ARTEMISIA.

COMPOSITÆ.

large panich, with smaller glomerate-spicate heads: from A. Pumbine, (that is A. Ludovisional) in its strist same, neurniate (nor mucroante) leaves, clongated branches of the panicle, larger heads, the involuere not canscenttion of the string of the string of the string of the string of the character, accept that the upper surface of the larger abused as are clubed with a local, wolfly, the upper surface of the larger abused as the string of th

1b. d. endgerie (Linac): presential, erect 1 leaves whith concretates beyond the calling beamful, with the loss of the leavest 1 concerns, and the leavest 1 concerns, and the leavest 1 concerns, and the leavest 1 concerns and the leav

a. vulgatissima (Bess. l. c.) : lobes of the leaves linear-lanceolate, the lowet scarcely incisely toothed ; paniele ample, erect.

β. Kantschatica (Bess. I. c.): cauling leaves bipionatifid, with linear lobas, these of the lower ones toothed : spikes dense, branched at the base; the spike-lets nodding; hends ovate; scales of the involucre with scarious margins, smooth and shiring.

Y. Californica (Bess. in Linness, 15. p. 91), which is said to represent the opposite extreme, and to connect A. integrifolia with this species (the lower leaves being merely unequally 3-cleft.—A. integrifolia, Less. in Linnest, I. e. i Hook?? Arm. bet, Beckey, p. 150.

4. Mexiconar, lower leaves plinatify, the upper triffit (the block, like the yerrows leaves and those of the branches, likeral-anceolate, very scatts, emire, with revolate margins; the upper surface as well as the branches fibers and the analysis and the variang head small, stopenstore conservent; flowers fulders analysis, and the variang head small, stopenstore conservent; flowers fulders analysis, and Americana, Barris in Lanoue, i.e., p. 106, in part (spec-Equipment). A mark and the stopenstore in the stopenstore of the stopenst

Wast places, var. e. (M₂currer) introduced from Europe, and more or less matralized i but naive in Bridish Marcica. From Vermoni (VDr. Roby Nur) we have a state with the leaves all pirantifid, and the lobes lend all mostly citotics e paperschy like the pirat described by Nutall, from se-Contered foreas of North Caralina. J. Unitatechan, &c. - yr. Gaillorens, "Mericed foreas of North Caralina. J. Unitatechan, Ke. - yr. Gaillorens, "Mericed foreas of North Caralina. The Caraleshan Ke. - yr. Gaillorens, "Mericed foreas of the Strain State of The Aray Variant for mowell Dr. Robinson State Dr. Aray Variant, State and State Carao distancing Marcine and State State and State and State States distancing Marcine and State State and State State and State States distancing Marcine and States States and States and States and States States distancing Marcine and States and St

30. A. Tatori (Ludob), paramilal sect1 stem simple; Leaves which immediate hereach, pinnaitifi (Dr triffi) the lobes lancelate, acuminate, score-that touthed i heads racemose-paracelute, crowled, globose, score-what willing i branches of the paniel hours i scales of the invaluer rescinoidbiling is a strategies of the paniel hours i scales of the invaluer lance in the strategies of the paniel hours in the strategies of the lance in the strategies of a paniel hours in the strategies of the lance in the strategies of a paniel hour scale of the strategies of the lance in the strategies of a paniel hour scale of the strategies of the lance in the strategies of a paniel hour scale of the strategies of the lance in the strategies of the lance in the strategies of the strategies

β. arctica (Beas. 1: c.): leaves laciniate-pinnatifid; the lobes entire, short, obtase; involucre pale, scarcely woolly when old.

• Unitoxicre pate, scarcery wonly innum, 1, c.) : heaves mostly deeply trifd; the middle segment vary much larger than the lateral; all lanceolate, acute, slightly and unceously toothed (often entire); flowers purplish-brown.

ABTEMINA-

d. clatior: leaves as in γ_{τ_1} the lobes entire; heads as in β_{τ_1} smoothish, in numerous more or less elengated reacenes, forming an ample virgitepyramidal panicle—A. vulgaris, *Bess.* I, is *Hook.* I.e., in part. A. Iodits, J. Ganadensis, *Bess.* I.e. 17 A. vulgaris $\beta\beta$. Americana (as to the Northern plant), *Bess.* in *Leinnea*, 15, p. 105.

Arctic shores of Asia and America ! to Unalaschka ! & Subarctic America, Richardson !-- A polymorphous plant, with larger (frequently 3 lines in diameter), more globose and racemose heads, and more scarioes involucres than any form of A. vulgaris.

21. A. Hookeriana (Bess.): suffraticose, erect: loaves with their lower surface as well as the stem cancescent; the cauline pinnatified, their lobes for the floral leaves, lanceolate, acute; heads globose, nodding, in a terminal thyrsoid and searcely leafy paniels; scales of the involucer woodly, with acrious margins; the inner rounded. Bess. in Hook, l.c., & D.C. l.c.

Rocky Mountains, Drussmond.—Heads 11-2 lines long. Corolla purplish. Resembles a form of luxuriant A. vulgaris. DC.

22. A. Michauxiana (Bess.): herbaceous, erect; stem simple; here whitish-tomentose beneath, pinnatifid; the lobes of the lower coss insistly toched, of the upper and also the foral leaves linear-inaccodate; head meter mose, globose, nodding; scales of the involuce glatrons, with the sides starious and shining; corolla glatrons. Bess. In Hook, I.e., & DCL I.e.

Rocky Mountains, and on the Oregon, Douglas.-Plant with the aspettf A. valgaris var. Mongolica. Raceme sometimes simple, sometimes branched at the base. DC.

23. A. incompta (Nott); herbaceous glabrons, except the lower surface of the pinnatil lawres, which is cincronost their lobes (3-6) linger-oblingendire (the lateral sometimes toched 1); hends subglobnes, recemeng-mirrelas, crest, on abort pedicels; scales of the involvere glabrons and ability, scarious; the exterior orate; corolla glabrons.—Nutl. ! in trans. Amer. phisec. Lee p. 400.

Central chain of the Rocky Mountains, in Thornberg's Pass (about lat 41°), Nutlail'.--Plani 1-2 feet high. Remarkable for its smoothness : at first sight somewhat resembles some varieties of A. rulgaris, but is very distinct. Naft. --Perhaps the same as the proceeding, which is unknown to us.

94. A perdyntative (DG): in infinitions (hortherease, Math), well-performed thread thread and a los fascielas in the axis, hiptimately divided, or simply planate and a los fascielas de los bases the lower planate scattered, how a the apper created is the appendix the planate scattered by integration scattered, hiptimate scattered and hiptimate scattered scattered and hiptimate scattered scattere

California. Douglas ! Const of Monterey, Nuttall .- The crowded panicle 1-2 feet long, composed of short sessile spikes. Heads 15-20-flowered.

65 A. Rehardsonians (Dows); completes; haves score-shift HM (subsective); the million iong periodes, and with the lower calline pirasity of the upper divided; these noises periodes, pictures, advective, the strateging of the strateging and the strateging of the

From Bear Lake to the shores of the Arctic Sea, Richardson ! Mt. Ranica,

ARTEMISIA.

COMPOSITÆ.

Oregon, Mr. Tolmic !-- Plant 4-6 inches high. The corolla is nearly glabrous in our arctic specimens, but decidedly hairy at the summit in that from Mount Ranier; in which the raceme is loose, the pedicels strict, but the heads a little nodding.

28. A. Presotina (Bess.): soffutions, branched; leaves canescent beneath, with revolute margins, pinnatified or trifid; the divergent lokes and uppermose leaves linear-filicarin heads spicate, globose, nearly prevent; scales of the involucre with searious margins, shining, scarcely pubescent; corolla glabrous. Best, in Hook, Le, a & D.C. Le,

Oregon, Douglas .- Lower leaves 11-2 inches long. DC.

27. A. artice (Less.) herbaccons is seen simple: leaves nearly glabous; the lower bipmanific (petiols) in to be simera-inconstancines; broached; heads large, globose, reservoes, moding it he apex of the potionels and the see of the condition bairy scales of the involucers owice lancedlare, seniors, head of the condition of the involucers owice lancedlare, seniors, here discover and the simulation of the involuce owice lancedlare, seniors, here discover and the simulation of the involuce owice lancedlare, discover here. Booker, p. 1329, and the simulation of the involuce owice lancedlare, then it is the simulation of the involuce owice lancedlare, the simulation of the involuce owice owice lancedlare, the simulation of the involuce owice lancedlare, the simulation of the involuce owice lancedlare involution of the involution owice lancedlare involution of the involution owice lancedlare involution owice lancedlare involution of the involution owice lancedlare in

Arctic coast, Richardson ! to Kotzebue's Sound! and Unalaschka ! Woods in the Rocky Mountains, lat. 52", Drasmond.—According to Hooker, the specimens from the last-named locality are identical with A. Norwegies.

28. A. glowcradz (Lericha); andfruicous, comptions, silly with white hair; lawrs on the simple fund esterns 3-parted and many-solel; the upper caulies and the brack considerm or oblogg, pionalifely laseds corymoscales, uplower, brackets; cashes of the involutive overheadness, spherolates, updimension, and the size of the size of the size of the size of the warmath, which is not have been to outly hairy only a the warmath, which is not size of the lawners, by 2022 (Barch, 19 Hock, to, 5).

Kotzebae's Sound, fide Hook, & Ars. 1 bot. Beceley, p. 126: but we doubt whether the sterile tufts (which alone were collected), with densely imbricated, very villous, cunciform, 3-5 cleft leaves, really belong to this species.

19. A. globularia (Cham. herb.) : suffraticore at the base, exspitose; sterms imple, birante at the sammit; leaves pecioied, sliky beneath, 3-patted; the biols 3-cleft or entire, linear 1 heads racemose-capitate, globoxe; scaled of the larvoluter oblomg-lancoolate, woolly on the back, sphacelate at the apex; corolla glabrour...Base, in DC, gredr. 6, p. 10.

Unalaschia, &c., Chamisso !-Stems 3-5 inches long from a woody caudex. Involucre blackish. Corolla purple. DC.

· · Biennial.

Ohio! Illinois! Tennessee! and Missouri! to the Upper Platte! Saskatchawan! and the Mackenzie River! Aug.-Oct.-Plant 1-3 feet high.

§ 5. Receptacle villous (or naked?): heads as in § Abrotanum: achenia acutely ribbed, crowned with a minute squamelliform pappus !- TANACEUM, Nur.

31. A. Californica (Lews): almibby: pubscent-cancent: lews pinmulty 5-rd/wired with very anrowing linear segments, which are multy 3-rd/wired the uppermast entir; heads in a simple or compound nature, seends, nothing, on short policits, hemispherical is scale of the invitant elliptical, obtaus, with bread sentices margins, almost platous; could glatoma. Less: In Lineare, P. p. 2030 (whence the abased of the invitant or itrad) : Hook & Arm. bet, Bocchey, p. 160: Bars, in Lineare, 15: p. 95 ft 109. An abarmandes. Nett, in Daras, Amer. phil. Jost. 1, c. s. 930, et charatering in Lineare, P. p. 2030 (whence the abare character in b).

California, Chamiano, Capel, Racekay, Ar. Ste. Barbara, Notali vetere ti issiali to be common, to here much the appearance of A. Alsmannam, the branches canneeuit, the hash large, and the receptacle somewhat hully— De Candble has monitor this appear. Benser, who has recently examine the original aperimens (*Linsue*), *i*, *e*), prosonances the plant a compare and user ally of his *A*. Florientani, affiring only in the drivino of the large-He adds that the orany is accurely 45-wilded, one of the ribs winged, and the rather large falls exremely 44.5-4 short memory monoces asymptical

32. A. Fischeriana (Bess.): shrubby, subcancecent; lower leaves bitenately divided; the upper 3-cleft; segments filtiorm; uppermost leaves are tire; beads reamone, second, nodding, hemispherical; scales of the involere ovate-elliptical, with scarious margins; corolla glabrous. Bess. Abvis. § in DC, profer. 6, p. 105.

B. regettor (Bess. L. c.): leaves simply ternately divided; scales of the involuces all nearly glabrous.—A. foliosa, Nutt.! in trans. Amer. phil. scc. Le. p. 397.

§ 6. Receptacle villous or hairy : heads heterogamous ; the flowers all fertile : achenia not ribbed : pappus none.—ABSINTHUM, (Tourn., Garttai) Bom.

33. A. Abrindrins (Linn.): sufficiency, erect, ally consecut: large "3-3 pinnets") parts it he loss lanceolars, other incided, obtue: head hemispherical, nacemose-paniculate, nobling; exterior scalar of the ireline regimers of nacescalars, ally ythe inner bread, rounded, scarbour-Body def. 11203; Davinge ff, Ceit, p. 431; DC, prod., fb, P135; Okbard, F. 194.

Road-sides, naturalized in the Northern States ! Also in Newfoundland, DC.-Bitter and odorous.-Wormwood.

54. A. Aripida (Willd.): suffruitces, alley-encouvert: callies large primarily divided; the segments linear, 5-5-cleft; heads enabled, neuronoprime linear works of solutions reading, activity and the second second interview of the second second second second second second interview of the second second second second second second large second second second second second second second second large second second second second second second second second large second secon

6. Gradinana (Bess. ! 1. c.): branched from the base; lower pinns of the leaves simple and remote from the others, resembling simples; segments marrowly licen-A. frields, Purch / R. 2. p. 501. A. settices. Nucl. / Sim. 2. p. 143. A. virgan, Richards / appr. Frankl, journ. ed. 2. p. 30. Abthiltim incompress for Gaussian of Alexandre and Simon Alexandre and Ale

sinthium incanum, &c., Gmel. f. Sibir. 2. p. 128, t. 62. Dry hills and rocks, Saskstchawan ! and Missouri ! to the Rocky Moun-

ARTEMISIA.

COMPOSITÆ.

tains. (Wind River Chain, at the altitude of 7000 feet, Lieut. Fremont !) and the Soake Country, Mr. Toknie, (Hook. & Arn.) July-Aug.-Stems diffeese, 8-12 inches high.

 Chinessis (or rather A. lagocephala, Fisch.) a plant of Siberia and Kamtachkatca, is probably incorrectly given by Pursh as a native of the North West Coast of America.

Div. 4. HIPPIER, Loss.-Receptacle naked. Heads monocious; the pistillate flowers in the margin, the staminate in the centre. Style of the sterile flowers simple, truncate. Pappus none.

157. SOLIVA. Ruiz & Pav. prodr. p. 113, t. 24; R. Br. in Linn. trans. 12. p. 101; DC. prodr. 6. p. 142.

Heads many-flowered; the furth flowers in several acries, apaulous or sarry so; the saminate few in the centre, with a 3-6-boxhed aroulds. States of the involves 5-10, in a single series. Receptede fits, naked, Arbenia obcompressed, with winged or callous amrgins, armod with the persistent rigid style, destinet of papera-Smill depressed here (hieldly South American); with petioled pinnanty divided leaves, and small sealer or ravity polaronizate heads.

 S. naturifiédia (DC.): very low and depressed ; laves on shot petions pinnately pertect the blocks 3-4 on each side, obuse, entire ; heads weaties a caselform, villows at the apea, the callons marging tubercumentation and the state of the state of the state of the state of the "margine throughout. DC. gravit, 6-1, f.2. G. atolomifers? Natt.! gen. 2, p. 185; Ell., ids. 2, p. 473.

Dump sandy soils, in South Carolina, near the coast: perhaps introduced. This species is a native of Buence Ayres, where it was collected by Commerson-U1 Ell. (Feb.-May.) Angles of the achenium somewhat produced into spreading teeth.

2. S. dauciólia (Natt.): hirsate-pubeacent, diffuse: leaves bipinnately dividel; the divisione crowded, mostly 3-parted; the lobes linear, acute; heads weakler achenis obovate, minutely hairy throughout, slightly margined, even, minutely 2-toothed at the summit; the teeth incurved.—Nutl.! in trans. Amer. phil. po. (n. par.) 7, p. 403.

Amer. phil. soc. (n. ser.) 7. p. 403. Dry grassy downa within the limits, and in the immediate vicinity of St. Barbara, California, Nuttall!--About 2 inches high. Annual, according to Nuttall.

Subtribe 7, GX.xPR.LTER, Lett., DG—Heads homogeneous or heterobennos, discoil; the flowers all tubular; the pistillar model filliors. Anthese conducts at the basel. Style in the prefict flowers with the branches of appendicularies (in the azaminess modely undrived). Papper composed of capillary or setaccous bristles, or sometimes non-Leaver modely alterbase.

VOL. 11.-54

GNAPBALIUM.

CONSPECTUS OF THE GENERA.

· Receptacle not chaffy.

158. GNAPHALUM. Heads heterogamous; the central flowers perfect, the marginal filiform. Pappus all capillary.

159. ANTENNARIA. Heads discious. Pappus of the sterile flowers clavate or thickened at the apex.

. Receptacle chaffy, except in the centre

160. Finance. Heads heterogeneous; the exterior flowers pistillate, fliftorm, subtended by the chaff of the receptacle (which is similar to the scales of the involucre), destitute of pappus; the central furnished with pappus.

158. GNAPHALIUM. Linn. (excl. spec.) ; Don, in trans. Wern. soc. 5. p. 263 ; Endl. gen. p. 447.

Bask many-dissersely, herengamous the flowers all tabular: the ether for platillan, very electron, mostly in several series (in the central print). Scalar of the involuces individual, sponsed, excitous or somewhat hyblic flowers and the series of the series of the series of the series of the or less discontensed. Supple select, Achemic answerschut terre, or most power bindes—Electron, or mely aufficience planar, mostly would be under the selectron of decurrent leaves, and glowerster, or organises, er spints based. Scalar of the involuces matrixing coderd.

Pisfillate flowers in several series, frequently more numerous than the perfect : achenia somewhat terete. -- Even appratum, DC.

. Leaves decurrent a scales of the involuce not yellow.

1. We determine (Irwe): stars users, hronched at the summit, clubed will we dyied publicence; haves it inner-innerones, party: clusing, desurret microare-acute, granular-wised and slightly asahron abov, the burn utraffee like the burnches densets with mission-antonics bedge with we share of the systematic strategies of the stars of the systematic strategies and the strate of the systematic strategies and the strategies of the strategies

Hills and fields, Canada and Northern States, from Masaechusettsl and Vermont! to New Jersey !-- Aug.-Sept.-- 24 Stem about 2 feet high.

2. G. Californicum (DC.): stem herbaccose, erect, arabinoid demession, somewhat glandular below; lawva linear: lancelost, atruminer, onnewhat electrate of the steel of the

β. I scales of the involucre pale purple.-G. Sprengelii β. erubescens, Nutt. L.c.

GNAPBALIUM.

COMPOSITÆ.

California, Chamisso, Douglas ! Nuttall ! &c. April-May .- (1) Nutt. Perhaps too near the preceding

4. G. Sprengelii (Hook. & Arn.) : herbaceous ; leaves clothed with white wool on both sides ; the lower spatulate, the upper linear; those of the branches somewhat decurrent ; corymbs axillary and terminal, glomerate, pedunculate, of few heads : scales of the silvery and slightly brownish involucre oblong, scarcely acute, shining .- Hook. & Arn. bot. Beechey, p. 150. G. Chilense, Spring. syst. 3. p. 480 ; Less. in Linnaa, 6. p. 525. G. docurrens B. Hook. ! R. Bor.-Am. 1. p. 328. G. luteo-album B. occidentale, Nutt. ! in trans. Amer. phil. soc. I.c.

B. smaller ; heads in a simple capitate cluster .- G. luteo-album, Hook, ! f. Boy .- Am. L. C.

California ! and Oregon ! apparently common. (1)-Near G. Vira-vira of Chili. We know not how to distinguish the smaller states of this species from G. luteo-album, except that the heads are larger, and the achenia perfeetly smooth under a lens, instead of minutely tuberculate. The involucre is often slightly yellowish.

100 gr. A. Wryll 1. 124

** Leaves not decurrent : scales of the involucre never yellow : heads corymbose-clustered.

5. G. polycephalam (Michx.) : erect ; leaves linear-oblanceolate, tapering at the base, with undulate margins, mucronate-acute, nearly glabrous or pubescent-scabrous above, woolly-tomentose beneath, as well as the stem ; heads clustered at the extremity of the paniculate-corymbose branches, ovateconical before expansion, then obovate ; scales of the scarious ochroleucous involucre ovate and oblong, rather obtuse ; perfect flowers few .- Michz. / fl. 2. p. 127 ; Pursh, fl. 2. p. 584 ; Ell. sk. 2. p. 325 ; Hook. ! fl. Bor.-Am. 1. p. 328; Darlingt. / fl. Cest. p. 494; DC. / prodr. 6. p. 227. G. obtusifolium, Linn. spec. ed. 2. p. 1198 (pl. Gronov.); Willd. ! spec. 3. p. 1880. G. consideum, Lam. diet. 2. p. 775.

β. stem villous-pubescent with viscid hairs ; leaves varying from lanceolate to narrowly oblong.

Old fields and woods, Canada! to Louisiana! and Texas! common. Aug.-Sept.-(1) Plant fragrant, 1-2 feet high.

6. G. uliginosum (Linn.) : low, woolly, diffusely branched ; leaves lanceolate-linear, tapering at the base, tomentose on both sides, especially the uppermost ; heads in terminal and sessile capitate clusters, subtended by leaves; scales of the involucre oblong, rather obtuse, scarious, often brownith; achenia amooth .- Linn. spec. 2. p. 856; Fl. Dan. t. 859; Engl. bot. t. 1194. Micher, I. S. 2., 127; Parch, I. c.; Hook.! fl. Bor. Am. I. p. 329; Darlingt. I. c.; DC.! profr. 6. p. 230. B. schenis minutely bispid-scaffrons.—G. pilulare, Wohl. fl. Lapp. p.

205, t. 13 ? (Less. in Linnaa, 6. p. 525.)

Common in low grounds throughout the Northern, Middle, and Western States! and Newfoundiand! Canada ! Saskatchawan ! Oregon ! and California. July-Sept .- () Plant 4-6 inches high .- The forms with smooth and scabrous achenia appear to be equally abundant, and are undistinguishable, except by this character. The latter also occurs in Siberia, fide Ledeb. A. Alt. 4. p. 57 .- Marsh Cudweed.

7. G. palastre (Nutt.) : low, very woolly ; stem erect, branching ; leaves spatulate-oblong or nearly linear, acute, tomentose both sides ; heads crowded in terminal capitate very woolly clusters, which are leafy at the base; scales of the involucre whitish or brownish, starious, linear, obtuse; achenia very minutely scabrous .- Nutt. ! in trans. Amer. phil. soc. L.c. p. 403.

B. achenia perfectly smooth and glabrous-

Rocky Mountains, Oregon, California (and Chili), Nuttall ! 3. Sweet Water of the Upper Platte, Lieut. Fromost !- 1) Plant varying from an inch to a span high; allied to G. uliginosum.

 G. gossypinum (Nutt.): white and floecosely woolly; stem nearly simple? erect; radical leaves spatulate-lanceolate, acute; the coaline crowded, linear, acuminate, sessile, nearrower towards the base; heads comglomente, sessile, terminal; senies of the ovate involucr? yellowish, oval or ornal-oblane. Abute. Natt. in trans. Amer. Will, see, i.e., e. 404.

Shores of the Pacific near the mouth of the Oregon; rare, Nuttall.--() Plant 12-18 inches high, heavy scented, with the appearance of Helichtyann erroreolens, somewhat elandular beneath the consons publicence. Natl.

9. G. microcephalum (Nutt.): suffruitcese? white and densely wouldy: stem erect, simple: leaves lanceolate, apiculate, sessile, narrower towards the base, nearly all similar; hends ovate, congionerate in a short spile; scales of the involucer searcous, white and silvery, acute. Nutl. is trans-Amer. phil. or. 1. c. p. 404.

St. Diego, Colifornia: rare.—About a foot high. Leaves 1=13 inch long, 2=3 lines wide, white on both sides, with a blackish spicalate point. Involuers very flocoven at the base : perfect lowers about 5-a.—Allied apparently to G. lanuginosum; but strongly resembling some species from the Care of Groud Hone. Nutlul.

 Leaves not docurrent: scales of the involucre never yellow: heads recently spicate.

10: G. purposes (Lim.), 1 senses mostly aimple or branched from the sky entropy of seconding homenics (). Invest solvap spatialized or defineding the strength of seconding homenics (). Invest solvap spatialized or defined that the strength of the strength or low-solvap disputs at the duration of the strength of the strength or low-solvap disputs at the duration of the strength of the strength or low-solvap disputs at the duration of the strength of the strength or low-solvap disputs at the duration of the strength of the strength or low-solvap disputs at the duration of the strength of the strength or low-solvap disputs at the duration of the strength of the strength or low-solvap disputs at the duration of the strength of strength of the strength of the

6.1 falcatom : lawes nearly equally woolly on both sides, narrowly oblanceolate; the upper nearly linear.—G. falcatum, Lam. Let. DC. Le. G. Americanum &, Hock.! compare. to bot. mar. 1, p. 96.

South or gravelly will, from the cost of New Hamphiret to Lonitania and California, or Natali. A. Louisnant and Texatl. July-Sept. or in the Southern States, March to June-Root apparently anoual, at least inmontern plant the discribed as perennial by Multeherker, Ellins, This lington, doc: which appear to be the case in some southern form of lington, doc: which appear to be the case in some southern form of will be found to the south of the found of the south of the

11. G. sublatum (Nutt.): permining hypotheseous, crest, canneced by momentors stem simple, teretes, floce-sublacescrip: leaves chokenge-publication, devines, aggregated in the suits of the upper cases pervover, availed (nut decarrent)) head bologa, aggregated in the suits of the upper leaves into a continuous short and assess oblage upplications, so that is trans. Access, philos etc. e. p. 465.

GNAPHALIUM.

COMPOSITÆ.

Plains of the Platte towards the Rocky Mountains, and near St. Barbara. California, Nuttall .- Said to be nearly allied to G. spicatum, and therefore perhaps not distinct from G, purpureum

12. G. sulvaticum (Linn.) : stem simple, herbaceous, erect, leafy, tomentose; leaves linear-lanceolate or linear, woolly beneath or on both sides; heads axillary, sessile [forming a leafy spike]. DC. l. c.-Wahl. f. Lapp. p. 203 ; (Fl. Dan, t. 254 & 1229 ;) Schkuhr, handb. t. 243.

Greenland ! and Labrador ! (Herb. Schweinitz !) 21-Pursh is surely mistaken in giving this species as a native of New York and Canada ; in stony woods.

12. Pistillate flowers in a single series ; achenia oboroid, obcompressed .-HOMALOTHECA, Endl. (Omalotheca, Cass., DC.)

13. G. supinum (Villars): caspitose; flowering stems simple, slender, woolly above : leaves linear, woolly : heads oblong, solitary, or few and snicate-racemose; scales of the involucre lanceolate-oblong, acute, brown; achenia minutely hairy .- Vill. Delph. 3. p. 192; Engl. bot. t. 1193; Hosk, S. Bor-Am. 1, p. 329. G. pusillum, Hanke; Schkuhr, handb. t. 207. Ornalotheca aupina, DC. / grodr. 6. p. 245. Labrador, Dr. Morrison. Greenland, Herb. DC. Dry ravine of the Annocoscuek, White Mountains of New Hampshire, Nutlal! (where it has

not since been found.)-24 Plant 2-4 inches high.

159. ANTENNARIA. Gartn. (excl. spec.); R. Br. in Linn. trans. L. c.

Heads many-flowered, directious; the corolla tubular, 5-toothed, in the pistillate flowers filiform. Scales of the involucre imbricated, scarious, colored. Receptacle convex or nearly flat, alveolate. Style in the fertile flowers 2-cleft ; in the staminate simple and undivided, or nearly so. Achenin nearly terete. Pannus a single series of bristles, in the pistillate flowers capillary, in the staminate clavate or barbellate at the apex .- Perennial tomentose-canescent herbs; with alternate entire leaves, and corymbose (or sometimes solitary) heads. Involucre white, rose-color, or brownish, never yellow. Corolla yellowish.

§ 1. Fertile heads mostly with a few imperfect staminate flowers in the centre : pappus in the sterile plant somewhat obscurely clavate: stems creet, not caspitose or stoloniferous .- Margaripes, DC.

1. A. margaritacea (R. Br. l. c.): stem woolly-tomentose, corymbose at the summit ; leaves linear-lanceolate, tapering to an acute point, 1-3-nerved, with revolute margins ; the upper surface at first arenose-woolly ; the lower tomentose; scales of the involucre nearly white, in the fertile plant obtuse, in the sterile rounded at the summit .- Hook. ! fl. Bor.-Am. 1. p. 329 ; DC. ! ¹¹ we sense rounded at the summit—*Hore: ip. Dor. an.* 1, *p.* 339 ; *D.C.* 7, *Prov. 6. p.* 750 ; *Garphalium margaritaceum, Liss., pec. 4, p.* 550 ; *Mick. f.* 2, *p.* 127 ; *Bargl. bol. t.* 2018 ; *Pursh. f. 2, p.* 524 ; *Darlingt. 7. Cat.*, *p.* 43 ; *G. Americanum, Classis, kiel. i. p.* 337 ; *J. C. Darlingt. T. Dry words and fields, Canada Husbor's Bay, and Newbondland I to the mountains of the Southern States! and word to the Rocky Mountains!*

Unalaschka ! and Oregon ! (Also naturalized ? in Europe.) Aug.-Oct.-Stem 1-2 feet high. The sterile plant, which is scarcely known in Europe, is here nearly as abundant as the fertile .- Everlasting.

ANTENNARIA.

§ 3. Heads entirely diacious: pappus of the sterile flowers mostly strongly elavate: stems caspitose, often surculose, or stoloniferous.-Catipes, DC.

2. A. Iurukoides: alky-willows throughout; sterile stems or stolcos none; leaves linear, obscurely 3-merved, tapering to the base; corymb composad, loose; sterile heads small; the exterior scales of the glabrous involute abort and rounded; the inner ones spatulate, with dilated and very obtuse white tips.

Oregoin or Rocky Mountains. (Decremend of Decadera)—Seen B links high statestar, simple, oldbad like tark haves with a close payment hily pulseence. Leaves 8-3 (solve long, 1-2) lines with. Reads attraves the Carpotherin the seenise of the given one seen than hild the sing. Payme and statisticate or scalarons it to traje very much disident and spatializebudge most related to Hocke's utrially we pulsebration due following species yet it has very much smaller and glabous hands, and morrow species the statisticate plate. One was an effective of the blave seen the statisticate plate.

3. A. Corputine (R. Br. 1, 6.): tergit arrays not submitteness; leven ancessite, we trained solutions of the submitteness o

B. pulcherrima (Hook. ! l. e.) : tall (a foot or more high), and silky-tomentose throughout.

Island of Anticoti, Parsh Goldic. On the higher Rocky Mountins, about int, 52°, Drawmodd and Mt. Rainer, Mr. Toivist β . Swamp of the plates among the Rocky Mountains, Drawmond β —Heads 3-de, or in β , 8-15, in a close corymb. Pappas in the sterile flowers desticulates the clavate tips cluber sparulate and obtuse, or Innocolate and neute.

4. A. definit (Garma): I starils items abort and according or room: I lawer Willow-Vencence and Least on the lower suffices the reading spatiality involves results and the starils of the lower lawer will be an according to the starils involves would be added a starility to the starils, but acute or acuminate in the first hand, —R. Br. 1: A. 2. Starily acute and the starils hand, —R. Br. 1: A. 2. Starily the star of the starily of the starily starily of the starily

B. monocephala: heads solitary or rarely geminate.—A. monocephala. DC.1 L.c.

Greenland and Labrador ! Hudson's Bay ! and along the Arctic regions to Kotzebue's Sound ! Unaiaschka ! &c.-Smaller than the preceding. Pappus in the secile plant strongly clavate.

b. A. divides (Germ.): tantie access totacificous; haves silvery temertime-canneced to the lowers or to half index (commonly glaterer show) is the milical spatiality, consensured or taken in a caption corporation is a considered intervalue, presented is basis averain, in a caption corporation state of the invaluence with cross-destination model obtaus (white, echolescons, ross-edites or purple) tips: A chemical particular model, and and a consense of the Hook $l: 0 \le 10 \le l_{-} \le 20$.

ANTENNARIA.

COMPOSITÆ.

9. partifilia: heads glomerate-spints: leaves silvery tomentos-causes cont to tobi haids: scalar of the startic involvers colubolacosca, de famile partifica-A: partifilia, Nat.J. in trans. Amer. phil. acc. (a. arc.) 7. p. 406. Arctic Americal and from Newfoundinal! and Labrardor to the Rocky Mountains? a. Black Hills of the Platte, Nutall! Wind River Chain of the Rocky Mountains, Licat. Front (a. 4g.)

6. As paranginizing (Hock, 1: 1, c.): storils areas notoniforms or the influence of the state with a storing of the state of the state

B. monocephala : stems shorter, bearing a single larger head. Michz. I. e. -Gnaphalium monocephalon, Carpenter 1 mas.

Works and sterils healt, &c. from Hodsmark Ray 1 to Florids 1. Losies final and over the Rocky Monaritani J. Losanian, Perf. Corposter 1. New Fulniciphia, Mr. Los 7 & Co. April-May 1 in the Southern States, Field-Mark, D. Fill and 4-10 inches high. Radial laware often S-5 linckes Mag. and one or two wide. Papparoi the sterile flowers sparsely labellates. Condense, State 1. Stat

7. d., racmong (Hook, I, b.c.): terili term stolonifrous; leaves tomertive benearish the upper arrians and the sage-like serm sarry galations; the radial oval or obvate-spaniate, petiole(a, somewhat 3-mered); the caulies oblog or lanceodars; thends loosely racemons-peniculate; sends of the involuces nearly glabrous, greeniab; those of the strile plant obuve; the inner of the fertile heads arrow and accute; a sheads perfectly smooth.

Alpine woods of the Rocky Mountains (probably about lat. 62°), Drummend — Fortile plant often a foot or more in height; the heads loosely disposed in a long racemose panelle. Pappus in the stelle heads minute ly subrotas, very obscurely thickened above: the style alightly 2-cleft at the appex.

6. d. discopitar empirica, depresed, scorevint stokaliferous; leaves trended on the abox haraches of the sublitations catalox: oblicap-spinitars are birdly linear, sitky-villous; heads solitary, on short pedincies, scorely exwirdle beyood the leaves; reales of the involucer bownish, the exterior Wolly; the inner scarious, increasins, nexte in the sterile, and aruminate is the ferrile heads; pappa of the foremer explicitly, pamely and minutely birdling towards the apex—Gnaphalium (noiper, Ornsledners, J. Hetero-Phania (discoptum, Natl., in trans., Amer. phil. exc. (not.) 7, p. 400.

Buck Himserium Planus, Naturill' May,—Planu 1-Sinches high. Leaves with the set of the foreign in the foreign interval lines, in the storiest secondly all planes of the Weils Rowers, which, although not thickened even in the alight manner of waves a genuines, is your naminativy barbeline (univer a loss) wave the second sec

160. FILAGO. Tourn. inst. t. 259; Gartn. fr. t. 166; DC. L. c. p. 247.

Heads many-discretely, heterogrammany, the central flowers trables, 1-64biothel, priecht, son often infertiles is the others painting, fillioms. Solits of the involvers flow, mostly wolly. Receptede columnar or trabling, anded at the numerican bases, the sensitive column of the guildane flowers, chaffy at the margin or bases; the sensitive chaff seembhing the proper scales of the birthwaves, each barring in its anil a paintime flowers. Achsian party trents, sensorib are in final sail, a paintime flowers. Achsian party trents, sensorib are guines ground - and and momenta before smally trents, which alternate entire leaves, and small mostly ginemes or functional bases.

 F. Gernavise (Linn): veolly-tomestore; stem dichtomores du upper branches artising from the capitale sensing chornels; lavers larevlane, exter, erest, erewidel heads pyramidal; involuental sense and dufi cupidate, the exterior would; it due texterior pinalitate flowers in series series, deniate of pappus_Lines, goes, ed. 2, p. 1311; D.C. product, S. 2027. F. vulgets, Law. Graphican Germanican, Data, et al., and 2027. F. vulgets, Law. Graphican Germanican, Data, et al., and 2028. G. Grava, 2, p. 342.

Old fields and roadsides, New York ! to Virginia ! introduced from Europe-July-Oct.-A span high. Heads aggregated in globose capitate clusters-Herba Impia. Cudweed.

2. F. Chijfornice (Nett.): anochosid-somenose, panicularly branche from the base; lawar, incarange and the source of the source of the linear; heads ovoid, in small capitate clusters; involucral scales and data all obtase; the exterior strongly boats-haped and very wordly; the intermost nearly glabroar; pappins of the exterior pistillate flower(n, source) of the source of the original source of the source of the source of the source of the original source of the source of the source of the source of the original source of the source of the source of the source of the original source of the source of the source of the source of the original source of the source of the source of the source of the original source of the source of the source of the source of the original source of the source of the source of the source of the original source of the source of the source of the source of the original source of the source of the source of the source of the original source of the source of the source of the source of the original source of the source of the source of the source of the original source of the source of the source of the source of the original source of the source of the source of the source of the original source of the source of the source of the source of the original source of the source of the source of the source of the original source of the original source of the original source of the sour

B. tomentosa (Nutt. ! l. c.): leaves and glomerules more crowded; chiff somewhat purplish.

St. Barbara, California, Nuttall :-- A span high. Heads larger and mere giomerate than in F. minima (F. montana, DC.), but smaller than in F. arvensis. Achenia panillose scalarous.

3. F. parrulez: canoscanty wolly: seem erect simpler, calidabil branched at the summit; have a linear-innecediar, capitant: heads outerconical, acute, concerbat clintered i involucaria scales and chaft orsta, acuted, the exterior board-shaped and very wolly: It is isopermost scattore, defend obtaus, nearly glabous (yollowish); pappus of the exterior patients acuted and the scale acuted or acuted acuted acuted acuted acuted provide the scale acuted composed of the scale for the scale of the scale of the scale acuted a

Arm, hot Beeckey, suppl. pp. 359; Nut. (Jay. p. 404. California, Douglas, Nutall - Jayes passing and the second se

ERECHTITES.

Sabtribe 8. SENECIONER, Cass., DC.-Heads homogamous or beterogamous, never diocious, discoid or radiate; the rays ligulate, in a single series. Receptacele scarcely ever chaffy. Anthers not caudate. Pappus capillary.

CONSPECTUS OF THE GENERA.

Din 1. ERECHTTER.-Heads discoid, heterogamous; the flowers all tabular. 433 161. ERECHTTER. Marginal flowers pistillate, very slender, 2-3-toothed.

Div. 2. EUBENECIONEE.-Heads homogamous, or heterogamous and radiate. 434

· Scales of the involucre in one or two series.

+ Leaves alternate,

- 162. CACALIA. Hends discoid, 5-many-flowered. Achenia glabrous. Pappus scabrous. Flowers white or whitish.
- 163. SENECTO. Heads radiate or discoid, many-flowered. Pappas of very alender bristles. Receptacle flat or convex. Flowers mostly yellow.
- 164. TETRADYMIA. Heads discoid, 4 (rarely 5-9.) flowered. Pappus of copious denticulate britles. Achania villous with long denticulate hairs. Receptucle small.
- 165. CROCIDIUM. Heads radiate, many-flowered. Pappus of the disk-flowers barbellate, caducous; of the ray none ! Receptacle conical !

+ + Leaves opposite.

 Annos. Heads radiate, many-flowered. Pappus barbellate or strongly denticulate, rather rigid. Receptuele flat.

* * Involuces imbricated.

167. LESSINGLA. Heads discoid, many-flowered, homogamous; the marginal flowers larger and radiatiform, deeply 5-lobed. Pappus seabrows, rather rigid. Achemia ality-villous.

Div. 1. ERCHTITES, DC .- Flowers discoid, heterogamous; the marginal flowers tubular, mistillate,

ERECHTITES. Raf. (A. Ludov. p. 657 excl. char.); Less. syn. p. 390 ; DC, prodr. 6, p. 294.

Boots many-descreted, sized: the flowers all tubuler; the marginal jupe filler, with a very lacked sensorth 25-boothed coveral; is the others perfect. With the covella 6-4-boothed. Scales of the synthetical involutors in a singlefield, linear, acars, with a few adjustment frameworks. Respective main sensortary applicates. Results of the synthetic with a pelboseten cose, were applied on the synthetic sensort of the synthetic sensort of very flowing single sensors, and corymbios bends. Flowers Within de verification.

VOL. 11-55

ERECETITES.

 E. Korzajólia (Raf.): somewhat hairy or glabrom; item simple or paralitals adverse state-action (1) even interesting the source, unsputfy angingte-matrix-latent and the source of the source of the source outded by wrall source interesting the source of the source binding the source of the source source of the source of the

Moist waste places, Canada ! Saskatchawan ! and throughout the Unite States! &c. : particularly abundant in recent clearings, where the word has been burnt (whence the popular name of *Fire-words*). July-Seyt.-A conve "weed, 1-5 feet high, with the aspect of a Somehus. Pappus copious and very whites. Corolla 10-nerved.

Div. 2. EUSENECIONER, DC .- Heads either homogamous and discoid, or heterogamous and radiate ; the rays pistillate.

162. CACALIA. Linn. (excl. spec.) ; Schkuhr, handb. t. 236 ; DC. L.c.

Heads bermany-flowered; the flowers all miniter and perfect. Sealed in the sylfariteness miniters 4-50, in a single partice, after with for benefities at the base. Receptrate flat, no charfly, sometimes with a conical excellention of the correst. Links of the conical expanded, levely 5-461, the blow smulty farminder with a mid-nerve. Branches of the syste ingrawith a very share ones, or chanse, smulty with a trig of minors him. Achenia shong, glatoron, nor normer. Pappas of numerous explicitly gives mons triations.—Personial harbs, mongle virg glatherax with a laterate after patiolal claves, and oxymbose hands. Flawers white, ochrotenoos, er andy meso-flow.

§ 1. Receptacle flat and maked .- Eucacalia, DC.

 G. rozzoiene (Linn); glabrons; nern strist-engelet; lever stringrlar-inacotato, hanstan, acure, norogally serrate-booled; the caulition on wined patioles is heads in a compound corymin, 92–30-flowered; scales of the involuere about 12; bracts averal; scalescon-linears, parediag—Linn, 1982. 2, P. 835; Michar, J. f. 2, p. 96; Pursh, f. 2, p. 518; Schlwir, hands, I. 2087. DC.11.c. Scalescia suscerola; scales, Ed. & S. 2, 5028.

Woods and along streams, Canada I New York (Avos, B. D. Greenf) and Connecticut, (Milford, Dr. Robbins/) to Virginia! the western part of Georgia I Kerutcky I and Illinois! Ang.-Ot.-Plant 3-5 feet high Radical leaves on long petioles; the large hastate lobes montly obtuse, den 3-lobed. Branches of the ntyle canalicalized, very obtuse.

§ 2. Receptacle usually furnished with a central conical or scale-like appendage : involucre 5-leaved and 5-flowered, naked, or slightly and minutely bracteolate at the base .- Composition. DC.

CACALIA.

COMPOSITÆ.

 C. remiferativ (Muhl); stem substance-angled; Leaves peciaded, green on obta sides, paintately versind (does nightly hairy on the versite strength), repaindly angulate-toothed; the radical remiferant; the canline flabellifera, dialed; the test strongly macromote; cosymb compound, fusigitane ---Muhl.1 in Wild. spec. 3. p. 1735; Puroh, fl. 2. p. 618; Nutt. gen. 2. p. 138; D.C.L.c.

Rich damp woods, Pennsylvania to North Carolina I along the momtism. Also in librois, *Michaw (in a now under the following specie)*, and Italians, *Dr. Cloppi I*. Ang.-Sept.—Stem 4-6 foch high. Leaves ample, diilated , the radiatio often 2 feet wider the margin angularizationis and anguantoohood the upper caultae silver truncate, or more or less causate at the home. Heads before a des redwider theorem of the *M_L* Lanauxt much enters and the structure of the order of the structure of the states of the structure of the structure of the structure of the data-obleme, obtane. Receptate slightly, or not an all produced in the contre.

3. Corriptición (Linn): a tem teres, glassona leaves patioda, very glassona breash, glas

4. C. diversifdia: stem striste-angled; leaves petioled, green on both sides, somewhat tripli-nerved, veiny; the lower ovate, obtuee, slightly cordate, obtuesly anguate-toothed or repand; the upper 3-5-lobed, somewhat hastate; corvenb compound, lower.

River swamps, Middle Florids, Dr. Chapman ! May.—Plant 2-3 feet high, not glaucous. Leaves nearly as large as io C. stripleiöhia; the upper or short but naked perioles; the lateral lobes lanceolate, acute, eavir, or with one or two teeth. Hends, &c. as in the preceding. Receptacle slightly produced in the centre.

Doug words, weatern part of Georgial and Alfonnal to Florida and Weiner, Lasiani Tuly-Augu-Shen - Shen July, given a stress of the high spin stress highly bottom to the stress of the

CACALIA.

6. C. tuberosa (Nutt.): stem sulcate-angled; leaves green on both sides, strongly 5-7-nerved: the radical and lower cauline lanceolate-ovate or oval. obtuse or acutish, entire or repand-denticulate, tapering into very long petiples; the upper ovate or cuncate-oblong, usually toothed towards the apex, on short margined petioles; corymb compound, fastigiate .- Nutt.! gen. 2. p. 138; DC. L. c. C. paniculata, Raf. ann. nat. p. 15. C. pteranthes, Raf. L. c. ?

Marshes and wet prairies, Ohio! Michigan! Illinois! and Upper Mis-souri! to Arkansas! Louisiana! Western Alabama! and Florida! May-July .-. "Root a round tuber, similar to a small turnip," Nuttall, &c. (but some other botanists have not met with the tubers.) Stem 2-6 feet high-Leaves thickish, not at all glaucous; the radical resembling those of the common Plantain; the largest rarely subcordate; the unner either entire, or obtusely toothed, or even incised. Scales of the involucre oblong-linear, obtrue. Recentacle pointed with a short subulate appendage.

7. C. lanccolata (Nutt.) ; stem terete, virgate, slender, somewhat glaucous; leaves glaucescent, 3- (sometimes 5-) nerved, lanceolate or linear-lanceolate, acute, entire, or very sparingly and sharply toothed; the radical and lower tapering into slender petioles; the uppermost sessile; corymb loose .- Nutt.! gen. 2. p. 138; Ell.! sk. 2. p. 311; DC. I. c.

Wet places, Georgia! to Florida and Louisiana !- Stem 2-3 feet high-Leaves thickish, 3-6 inches long, 3-10 lines wide; the cauline often with one or two sharp spreading teeth on each side. Scales of the involucre linear, acutish or acute. Receptacle with a central scale-like appendage.

C. giganles (Hort. Vindob.), Schauer in Linness, 16, suppl. p. 216 (1842), raised from sords received from New Orleans, so far as the description extends, does not differ from C. atripliciblia.

163. SENECIO. Linn.; Less. syn. p. 391; DC. prodr. 6. p. 340.

Heads many-flowered, either discoid with the flowers all tubular and perfect, or radiate ; the rays pistillate. Scales of the involucre in a single series, or calyculate with a few accessory scales. Receptacle not chaffy, naked or alveolate. Branches of the style in the disk-flowers truncate, the apex only minutely penicillate. Achenia not rostrate or winged, often grooved or ribbed-Pappus of numerous very slender capillary bristles .- Herbs or shrubs (occurring in almost every part of the world); with alternate leaves, and solitary, paniculate, or corymbose heads. Flowers for the most part yellow.

In many species of this vast genus (especially in S. coronopus, S. spartioides, S. ampullaceus, and S. filifolius,) the ahort hairs or papilles of the achenas open at the apex when moistened, and emit spiral threads of considerable size, which may be distinctly observed with a simple lens of low power.

· Annual : rous none.

1. S. vulgaris (Linn.) : somewhat woolly or nearly glabrous ; leaves pinnatifid and toothed, clasping ; the lowest tapering into petioles ; heads corymbose, nodding, discoid; the calyculate scales (about 10) appressed, much shorter than the proper scales of the involucre; schenia puberulent.-Lian. spec. 2. p. 867; Fi. Dan. t. 513; Engl. bot. t. 747; Purch, fl. 2. p. 528; Hook. ! fl. Bor.-Am. 1. p. 331; DC. ! prodr. 6. p. 341. Waste and cultivated grounds in the Northern States! introduced from

SENECIO.

COMPOSITÆ.

437

Europe. Also Hudson's Bay, Newfoundland, and Labrador, (Hosk.) June-Oct.-A homely weed, a span to a foot high.-Groundsel.

. . Annual | heads radiate.

- 8. δ. boltar (Pen.): glabora (or alight) factors when young) i com thirt i lows moment flabyly present the shy present monthly or parameterized in the same present of the share of t

Damp soils, rice-fields, &c. North Carolina! to Florida! Missouri! Locaissiana! and Texas! common t flowering through the season.—Stem hollow. Leaves extremely variable is the degree of inclusion, and in the number and size of the segments; the uppermost leaves often surjeulate-clasping and likeinate-inclused; the lowers publiched—Butter-sectd.

⁴. S. Coronopue (Nutr.): glabroas, much branched; i terves all pinantidi, vincitate-clapacity, with a wide reaches and a fore acute segments, those of the upper leaves desciculate; branches fastigiate, bearing free beads or descindent of the deplandent is safely of the dependent is safely of the dependent is safely of the dependent is deplandent in the deplandent is safely of the dependent is deplandent. Safely of the dependent is deplandent is deplandent in the deplandent is deplandent.

St. Barbara, California, Nuttall/--Muy.--Plant not glaucous. Rays bright yellow.--Mr. Nuttall inquires whether it may not be a variety of S. corosopifolius. Desf., introduced by accident ; and it does not differ in any essential points from the description of that species.

4. S. Cultornicus (DC.); glabrous, erect; seem nearly simple, semewhat, and the series of the semewhat is radical leven solving, targeting into a princip, entire; the cantine hancedate, toothed, partly auriculate-dasping; organs harping, tonoweaks covoled; seales of the campotation singhly only-culate involuces 20, accuminate; rays aboat 20, several-nerved; the disk-wreas about 20, acheoin vertex-visitions (11. DC.) aroute 6. p. 426.

B. Larjor (DC.! 1. c.); corymb looser; rays 10-15; disk-flowers about 59; achenia more densely villous [?].

California, Douglas .- The so-called villosity of the achenia, in this spe-

5. S.7. Josepheres (DC): stems angled, glabross, much branched from the base; laws mostly railed; plannet/p parted it. to ovate acutely toothed laws bearing here and there dense tofts of floccose hairs in their stulis; cauling here fore, at the origin of the burnches; heads adultry terminating the starts involvere glabrose, edyncizient in years involved adultry toother dilute. *Internet and the Backet and the Backet*, neurophers, and adverse. *DC*, *Dirich* 6, n. edits. *Induk Advention Backet*, neuroph. p. 300.

California, Douglas. "The flowers are reddish; the ligulate florets appear to be in several rows, and gradually to pass into the tubular ones." Hook & Arm.

. . Biennial : heads radiale, corymbose : involucre not collyculate.

6. S. palustris (Hook.): stem crect, somewhat simple, villous; leaves broadly innecolate, dentate-sinuate [or laciniately subpinnatifid], acute,

SENECIO.

hairy or nearly glabrons; the upper parity classing by a contain base, have corymbose at the summit of the sense or branches; policies not bencholser; scales of the involucer a bout 20, in a single series, linear, scanninger, puy 20-31; scheels all allows, with many narrow scone-with unequal lines—DdI, prime, b = p, dBI [Robert] d, Ber-dm, 1, p, 334. Cincerrais planning, hands, b = 2dB, [Robert] d, Ber-dm, 1, p, 334. Cincerrais planning, hands, b = 2dB, [Robert] d, Ber-dm, 1, p, 334. Cincerrais planning, hands, b = 2dB, [Robert] d, Ber-dm, 1, p, 334. Cincerrais planning, hands, b = 2dB, [Robert] d, Ber-dm, 1, p, 334. Cincerrais planning, hands, b = 2dB, [Robert] d, Ber-dm, 1, p, 334. Cincerrais planning, hands, b = 2dB, [Robert] d, Berding, d,

3. congestus (Hook. ! l. c.): very woolly; stern simple (4 inches to a fox high); leaves linear-ligulate, undulate or sinuate-toothed; heads crowded or capitate.-S. congestus, DC. I. c. Gineraria congesta, R. Br. I in Party's lat voy, appr. p. 279; Hook, & Arn.! tot. Beechay, p. 126.

Subscription [1] (also salise innerby margins of Devil's Lake, N W. Tew irroy, Mr. Nonley's 10 that Arctic Scali Katzabew Sound I do. the work, confined to the arctic regions, and Metville Ialand I July.—Rayp alley splow. Pappas very cookies, at first scarely longer than the tube of the disk that sources and the start of the start of the splow of the splow of the that sources and the start of the splow of the splow of the splow that sources and the start of the splow of the splow of the that sources and the splow of the splow of

7. S. Hocheri i benalal 2 machaol-pubesenta, at length somewhat gib benas atom minghes indexia and dowess cassilos levere ourse or spetibleposition i dowessi and a second some second in the source and and a secontrasted and dowes inputs comparis, seaso of the investiga allowers analy glabous rays 640, obtags, abort (highly yellow 1); and soils glabours analy glabous rays 640, obtags, abort (highly yellow 1); and soils glabours analy glabous rays 640, obtags, abort (highly yellow 1); and soils glabours analy glabous rays 640, obtags, abort (highly yellow 1); and soils glabours and the source of the source of the source of Nutr. Castrast interplotting Related a specific relation of Nutr. Castrast interplotting Related a specific relation of the source of Nutr. Castrast interplotting Related a specific relation of the source of Nutr. Castrast interplotting Related a specific relation of the source of Nutr. Castrast interplotting Related and relation of the source of Nutr. Castrast relation of Nutr. Related a specific relation of Nutr. Castrast relation of Nutr. Relation of Relation of Nutre. Relation of Nutre. Relation of Relation of Nutre. Relation of Nutre. Relation of Relation

Brous roots, clothed when young with loss wolly hairs. Heads smaller than in S. spathalzefolius. Leaves perfectly amouth when the pubescence has fallen.

. . . Perennial : heads corymbose, chiefly radiale.

+ Leaves entire or denticulate.

8. S. sporticides : glabous throughout: steens sufficiences, vey moster from the same ligneous approx, righd, corynness at the samma, leidy' leaves flexiby, narrow'ty linear, preferity entities, rather obtass, sessiels leading and allowy flatigists-corynness, minimus leading, and allowy flatigists-corynness, minimus leader of the rythichle linear element of the rythichle linear element of the rythichle linear element.

Upper Platte; on a steep sand-bank of the Sweet-water River, Livit. Premont! Aug-Sept.-Stems a foot high, forming a deate tuft. Letters 1-3 inches long, about a line wide, very oumerous. Heads half an line in length. Raye golden-yellow. Pappus as long as the disk-corola-A remarkable and handcorne species.

9. S. megazophatia (Nut1): clothed with a decisions word, at length air most pilotoms are near how routs: clover have black catter, entire or observity functionizate: the lowermost tapering into periodes: the upper linear have black catter with the second of 2-5 very linear have black catter w

SENECIO.

Plains of the Platte, near the Rocky Mountains, Nuttall !-- Plant 6-8 inches high. Hends very many-flowered, nearly an inch long.

10. S. Iagens (Richards.): clobel with decilous tomesons hair, or nerry glatowa is en imple, stoned: new galaxies, and the star hardy cannot be an imple stoned: new galaxies, inpering ison hardy cannot be an implemented on the star of the star inple involvement and star of the star of the star hards of the star of the star of the star of the star hards of the star of the star of the star of the star hards of the star of the star of the star of the star hards of the star of the star of the star of the star hards of the star of the star of the star of the star hards of the star of the star of the star of the star hards of the star of the star of the star hards of the star of the star of the star hards of the star of the star of the star hards of the star of the star of the star hards of the star of the star of the star hards of the star of the star of the star hards of the star of the star of the star hards of the star hards of the star of the star hards of the star hards of the star of the star of the star hards of the star of the star of the star hards of the star of the star of the star hards of the star of the star of the star hards of the star of the star of the star of the star hards of the star hards of the star hards of the star of the star of the star of the s

Arctic America from Fort Franklin to the sea-coast, Richardson ! and Kotechue's Sound !-- A foot high. Heads large ; the calyculate bractooles linear-sublate.

11. 5. cruitatus (Nut.): spansly clubel with calculous willows hairs, at proph platnows is seen all and robust, proved, simple, naded dowe; lawers mempinity creanas-denicaluse (the tech screwbrait glubalist), weiny; the heurist of the tech screwbrait glubalist, weiny; the heurist lawer of the tech screwbrait glubalist, weiny; the heurist lawer of the tech screwbrait glubalist, and the upper lawerodus, neuros, parkit glubalist, of very autorous (mail) heads; in-barrier screwbrait, screwbrait, screwbrait, the screwbrait glubalist, and strewbrait, and sightly manufactor of periphical tips; pros 6-5, obling, door; a technic glubanist, weiny, screwbrait, and sightly manufactor of periphical tips; pros 6-5, obling, door; a technic glubanist, weiny, screwbrait, and screwbrai

Plains of the Oregon and of the Platte, Nuttall ! &c.-Stem 3-5 feet high; the umbelliform corymb containing numerous heads, which are smaller than those of S. lugens.

12. Sc. condata (Nath.): more or less hairy, especially towards the base of the tail and sour leavies-angle derm | lower leave conductowards, repeadly straight or nearly entire, obtase, on long petioles; the upper lanceolare, dowing service, heads a neuroscip, in a scarly simple to coryclus; scales of the dowing service is not service and the service of the service service is rays for 6, (ablest); a chemic glubrous.—Natl. in from. Amerphil. soc. 1c. q. 411.

Alluvial situations in Oregon, near the mouth of the Wahlamet. Nuttall. June .- Plant 2-3 feet high, evidently allied to the preceding species.

13. S. futipinar (Nett): a paringly anchorod-tonentoe when young tion dendra, a long halowa simulan anglet: lawer almostar or linear laterolane, mostly obsus and onin, mpering into petioles, tomentese-ranefest, or at length energy globrous. The topper samin linear, randl, abasetitic back (small) numerous in a fastigate (simula compound) coryncly involters energies (sequellar); the collective (reflective) linear-inconduce rays theore, b, linear-oblong; achemia glabrous.—Nist, in trans. Amer. phil. coc. L. e. p. 410.

Plains of the Oregon, near the Wahlamet, Nutlall !-Stem 2 or 3 feet high. Leaves rather thick and rigid, the lower a span long (with the petioles), sometimes sparingly servalate towards the apex, the margins inclined to be revolute. Heads about as large as in S. aureus.

14. S. integerrinus (Nutt.): glabrous throughout; stem simple, striate; laves ensite (rarely obscure) y repard-denticulate), somewhat fleshy; the Tableal and Jowest cauline short, lancedate-bolog, arather obtase, tapering line apticle; the upper small, lanceolate, acute, partly classing; corymb timple or nearly so; involute hemispherica, calyculate with a few loose and slender subulate bracteoles; the scales (15-20) narrowly linear, scale; rays about 8, small; the disk-flower 40-50; achenia striate, nearly glabroas.—Natt. 1 gen. 2, p. 165; DC, prodr. 6, p. 432,

β. cauline leaves very small, except those near the base of the stem, which appears scapiform ; heads very few.--S. integerrimos, Natt. ! in trans. Amer. phil. sco. 1. c. p. 411.

trans. Amer. phil. soc. 1. c. p. 411. Upper Missouri, Natali, Mr. Nicollet ! β. Plains of the Platte towards the Rocky Mountains, Natalil ! May-June.-Stem 12-18 inches high-Radical leaves 3-5 inches iong, and 1-2 wide. Heads 5-20, rather large: the calyculate bracks nearly equaling the involuce.

15. S. Aydrophiku (Nitt); very glabous; stem simple, terest, strikt, attrikt, att

a. stem stout ; the corymbs (not fully developed) thyrsoid-paniculate-S. hydrophilus, Nutt. / in trans. Amer. phil. soc. 1. c.

β. stem slightly striate ; corymbs fastigiate.

Margin of pords, &c., in the Rocky Mournains along Ham's Fork of the Colorado of the West, Nettell J B, Bonders of a lake in the Wind River Chain of the Rocky Mountains, Licut, Permont / Aug.—About 26 feb lighleaves much like those of Solidago sempervises its upper small and seattered. Bracteoles few and very minuta.—Heads smaller than in Sinfegerintus. Achemis not stricts. Receptuel alveolate.

16. S. Lancedatur z glabrosa (steept the base of the stem, which is publiccent) stem tail, vignet, angled, simple or somewhat barnschel above, wry lawfy to the summit; exultion lawes uniform (thic), iancedate, and trafficial and from the axis of the upper lawes, panicular: the analyplanders and policies and the samilla basis aparingly tracticates it the analyglabranes. The summit is a state of the upper lawes, paniculars in the analyglabranes and policies and the samilla sea and the state of the pathemetic state of the cylindrical 15-26-theorem of the state of gabrone.

Along the North Port of the Plane, *Linut, Personal* I-sitem 1 for highsender, include to kranch from the sail of the upper large-screening of the sender, include the branch from the sail of the upper large-screening of the sail of the same strength of the sail of the same screening of an include vision, nucreoultate, the margin somewhere results. How about as large as in S. Sarracenicas; and the attenuated hereits are sender.

17. 8. ampulances (Hock,): very glabrous: stem grooved, branched barre: teaves dehaycohong, obtuse, entire or denitelates, partly cleaning by a contain have: the lowest apaultate: panice corruptoe: the performance in first much instances and turbinate at the base of the heads introducer with a five minimum and turbinate is rays 7-0, presenting: a chiral information of the step of the

Stipsoc-ansecott-Hook of actions i rays 1-2, spranning i science of the start of

SENECIO.

t t Leaves sharply servate-toothed : heads radiate.

18. S. triangularis (Hook.): glabross throughout; stern tall: simple, titats. leafy: invest deltioid-integular-innecolate, acaminate, very sharply and coarsely toothed, petioled i beads (large) in a flastigate compound ovymb i rangetoles and enlyculatie casels fork, integra-subolite; scales of the cylindraccous involuce: about 15, linear, aphacelate at the tip: rays 10-12; achenis glabross. —Hook: J. Rov. Am. 1, p. 322, 1153 (DC Lor, p. 432.

6. smiller; leaves less accuminate, and less derphy and sharphy bothet. Moist praines among the Rocky Montain, between late 56° and 56°. Drassword / 8. Wind River Chain of the Rocky Montains, between late 56° and 56°. It he altitude of 2006 lest, Liste J. Front /-A should handbome precisis the leaves about 3 inches long, unequally and incisity worked, on distance poinces and fram huch long. Achienia not available to accuminate apex-. Heads diff an luch long. Achienia not available.

19. S. Serre (Hook. 1-o.): herbacoos, erect, very glabouat; stem stric its: lavay poincial, bondyl hancolan, narvinnate, strongly and sharply toshal, mostly cordate at the base; the uppermost linear-lancelate, acumnic at both table. It hads numerous in a compound orymb: the involuence most provide the strongly of the strongly of the strongly of the linear strongly of the involuence is about a glaboux. DC (most, 6) lowing name)-p. Stongliventum, DC, roydr, 6, p. 419.

Output to the second se

20. S. Andinus (Nutt.): glabrous; stem angled, very leafy; leaves linear-lancolate, sharply desticulate, acute at both ends, subsessile; heads (small) evilandrecous; forming a compound paniculate orymh; brachecoles and calye talken cales few, subplate-senceous; rays 6-8, the disk-flowers about 20; achenin glabrous. - Nutt. / in trans. Amer. phil. sec. 1, c. p. 409.

Vallies of the higher Rocky Montains [lat. 41°], about 6000 feet above the level of the sea, Nattall! July.—A foot high. Leaves 3-5 inches long, a half to three-fourths of an inch wide. Corymb often irregular. Natt.— May not this be a subalpine form of the preceding ?

+ + + Leaves toothed : rays none.

21. S. rapifolias (Natt.): very glabous throughout; istens angled, panioitately branchel, leavi; le saves thickink, obleng, mongally and very sharply toxhed; the maioial and lowest cauline oral or obvate-oblong, nartweed into a wipper cleation, and offer sparsing in index at the base; its "piper cleaning by a whoerdate base; heads (small) in numerous small or-"piper, on short many brancedate policies, slightly cluster, the environtions, and and any brancedate policies, slightly cluster, the environtion of the state of th

Upper branches of the Plane near the Rocky Monntains, Nettall ! Sweet-Ware River and Neuth Fork of the Plane. Learner, Learner 14, Aug. Plane 6-20 inches high. Casuline leaves 3-4 inches long, 1-2 wise, obtue or scatts, 9 merwinst fieldy. Heads mode smaller than in S. Casulisser. Scales of the involgere thricksh, with hyaline margins, not splacelate. Pappos rather bloret than the yellow corolls. Acclemants arts.

22. S. aronicoides (DC.): stem herbaceous, simple, arenose-hiraute;

lower leaves ovate, tapering into a petiole partly clasping at the base, no equally toothed, glaboros show, arecose benearist, the upper semile, oblerg, acute, partly clasping by the surjeulate somewhat adnate base, cosredy toothed, arecose on both sides; covymb terminal, crowded; the ealyealast involuteral scales about 10, acuminate, arenose; rays none; the tubdat flowers 10-12; is chemical glaborum-DC, proor. 6, p. 426.

California, Douglas.-Herb 8-10 inches high. Lower leaves 5 inches long, including the petiole. DC.

t t t t Radical leaves undivided; the cauline incised or pinnatifid: involuent nearly ecalyculate.

33. So mercuit (Linna) : glatoros, ser montly conceptual anteniosi soutigo without young results of the end of the end

β. obvious realical leaves varying from roundial-obovets to obbagspatialise.—S. obovatas, Makl. in Willd. epse. 3, p. 1999 i Purkl, i. e i Ell. i. e. i. Davingi, i. l. e. i. DC: l. e. S. aurons β, granish, Hock l. e. -A. large state, with heads of unusual size, is S. Balaamitte β, uniye, Hock l. l. e.

y. borealis: radical leaves thickish and somewhat coriaceous, oborts, curoate-spatialse, and oval, mostly creminte-cortised at the apex only of some of them entire; seem short (5-12 inches high); corryshord few of air merous hends.—S. aureus, party, Hook, I. L. c. S. cymbalarioides, Nutl. in trans. Amer. phil. on. L. c. p. 412.

. Delensities platmax or more decryg ratio and according to the second second

C1 Insections (Onkers): them alender, lossely and sparingly corymbos at the summit; leaves thin, lanceolate-oblog; the radical on long petiols, unequaly and sharply series, subcords to consett at the base; the cauline flow, seenic, laciniste-pinnatifd towards the base; rays 6-61; actual glabrous-Outlets? in Horsy's mag. 4; in Thompson's gatter of Fes

SENECIO.

COMPOSITE.

Arctic America! to Lonisians 1 and from Labrador 1 to Oregos 1. α_{10} wamps or meadows; β_{11} offer ploces; ϵ_{1} in offer you be a strained with the strain strained by the strained strained by the strained by numerous transitions into the typical S. aureus.

24. S. Elikottii: at length glabrous; stem simple, often nearly naked; ratical leaves thickish, ovai-bovate or roundish, create-serrat, tapering into a winged petiole which is much abover than the lamins, or nearly sesuite; the calibre few and small, sessie, learning glabrous.—S. obovatus; Ell. eds. 2. 9. 330 (as to the Southern plant described), no of MAM fex.

Pennytymial to Georgical Floridal Plank Maktimus, Maria and Pennytymial to Georgical Floridal Plank Maktimus, Maria and Pennytika Sangara and Sangara Sangara

2. 35. Stammatonus (Michx.): clathed with a more or less decidaous cansectur wool: nickien leaves ablong or our-lanceolase, mostly obtaue at both ends, restance-toolhed, on sketder publes; the upper sessile; corymb faujjater, mys 12-34, sologated; archival articose-publecent on the angles. — Michx? Jb. 2, p. 119; EU. eb. 2, p. 329; DC, prodr. 6, p. 433. S. integriblion, S. hiterophyllon, Nutr. 1, zeo. 3, p. 165.

β. smaller, very canescent; radical leaves obovate-spatulate and oval, tapering into short petioles, slightly toothed; the cauline incisely pinnatifid.— Cimeraria heteronhvila. Paysé, #, 2, 9, 582 ?

Comparing Matter by Jing, Jacky, M. 2, pp. 5081 Virgingia I: to Georgia I: Florida & Avianass I: A. Blue Monntains (of Penasylvania, Parah) of Virginia, Mr. Buckley I. April-ane.-Stem 1-2 fet high, often analy leafness, except at the base. Radical leaves no perioles 3-6 inches long, sometimes nearly entire, often sharply toothed near the base. Heads larger than in S. survess.

26: S. consu (Hook.): tomestose and canoscent throughout; mileial lawrse obligagentations, perpendicional considers, entries cantino linear-innocolars, stealine, parity classings, insuarce-pinnanish, or incrinane-toorbed towards the baset coveryth moustly ample; rays -24, abort; acchesia glatowas—Book, J. B. Ber. Am, 1: p. 333, t. 116; *D.C.L.*. S. integrifolium, *Nutl.*; *qen.* 2. p. 165: S. P. purbingman, *Nutl.*; in thera. Amer. phin. sec. 10, en 277, p. 412. Cineraria integrifolia *β*, minor, *Pursk.*; *β*, 2. p. 528, (excl. sym.) as to the Missionri Joint.

β- upper surface of the leaves becoming concerning labous. Hook, i.e. Upper Missouri, Leavi, Nettall' and Saskatohawan, Drumsmoolf #. Lake Haron, Dr. Todd.—Plant 6-12 inches high, somewhat cospiose, the Neves while with a persistent the meetium.—The achimits is faired by Booker are sparsely hairy along the angles near the summit which is Neve examined. Of the speciments (of Drimmets) does not be seen as (of Drimmets) and the speciment of the speciment of provide a start of the speciment of

+ + + + + Leaves all pinnately parted : involucre calyculate.

27. S. Douglasii (DC.): clothed with a decidous arenoae-cnneacent pabacence; som atraite, leafy: leaves linear, acuto, entire, or mostly furnishel towards the base with 1-3 pairs of small and remote narrowiy linear bles, nearly glabrous when old, the margins revolute; heads few, in a naked ad losse comound corvent; the subulate calivatata scales or bracteclose nearly as long as those of the involucre; "achenia somewhat glabrous."-DC.1 predr. 6. p. 429.

California, Douglas !- Leaves 3 inches long, 2 lines wide. Rays 11-13; the disk-flowers about 60. DC,

98. S. Mijólius (Nuti.): infituícose, much hrasched; the branched Sino, very ledy to the summit: leaves pinnetely 6-paretd the segments very narrowly linear, entire, obtasish often unequal, mostly with revolute migrins : head (intuite large) corymolos, on short peducole, a givulate with a five annel subalate scales; rays about 7, linear, somewhat elongate!

a. Jamesii : densely tomentose-canescent ; the wool evidently more or less deciduous.—S. filifolius, Nutt. ! in trans. Amer. phil. soc. l. c. p. 414. (Described from an imperfect specimen in herb. [Der.]

B. Fremontii : glabrous, or obscurely arachnoid.

On the Upper Missouri or Platte, Dr. James! 3. On the Lower Platte, near the "Chinnes," *Licut. Fremont!* Aug.-Sep.-Segments of the laws an inch or less in length, half a line wide; the rachis about the same width. Heads smaller than in the following species. Rays golden yellow.

30. Sz. czenophise (Richards.): glabrous; szen artais, rall. branchief levers methiranacous, iterzupedij pinanifid, the lower somewhat bijim matifid i the segments inscendate or oblog-linear, unequal, acute, afte totshely i healt is a compound occyrolytic the calculate scales for and internet on the segment inscendence involution; rays (about 9) linear, special networks and a calculated involution; rays (about 9) linear, special linear, internet internet involution; rays (about 9) linear, special linear, internet internet internet internet internet internet linear internet internet internet internet internet linear internet i

Woods of the Saskatchawan (Drussmond) to Fort Franklin on the Mackenzie River, Richardson /- Stem 2-3 feet high. Leaves ample; the kower 5-8 inches long.

+ + + + + + Leaves all bipinnately dissected; involucre nearly ecalyculate.

31. S. Multiphins : Boccase-langinous when young at length glaberari strains, semplose, corryhouses at the summit; leaves chiefly ralichly petiolek hyinomately divided; the segreents often 32-6-parted, linear, obtain gallen leaves flaw, sessile, irregulary 1-2-8-pinness? discussed in the second second second second second second second second second 1-2-benetions involuces about 30, linear; rays 0-12, obbong, short section minutely bisity on the angles; papus expatiling the corella of the disk.

Mountains of North and South Carolina is "Carolina, Frazer," is herb-Lambert! Whiteside Mountain, North Carolina, Mr. Cwrist! Table Mountain, S. Carolina, Mr. Buckley! June-21 A foot or more highleaves rather fleshy; the numerous segments 2-3 lines long. Heads smaller

SENECIO.

than is usual in S. aureus. Scales of the involucre greenish, with scarious margins, not sphacelate.-Were this remarkable plant a northern species, it might be supposed to prove the S. Canadenais; which has never been recognized.

. . . . Percanial: heads radiate, solitary or nearly so.

32. S. readifyling (Less.); 4 starf, glabrars; stems monty simple and turningtor why in signle-bask, lending solver; reliadal taxey reliada; the Witter montel, corease-sinute or lobel; the interior byrate-plaunidit, white the lasses, worthy in the askin, scalared of the only relative simulationer hanceshaft; rays [3-13], doogand; a knoint minutely and sparsely pielewireless [345] Holes, f. Roz-Am. 1: p. 323, (.117); DGI pradit, 6: p. 347, [345] Moles, f. Roz-Am. 1: p. 323, (.117); DGI pradit, 6: p. 347, [345] Holes, f. Roz-Am. 1: p. 323, (.117); DGI pradit, 6: p. 347, [346] Moles, f. Roz-Am. 1: p. 323, (.117); DGI pradit, 6: p. 347, [346] Moles, f. Roz-Am. 1: p. 323, (.117); DGI pradit, 6: p. 347, [346] Moles, f. Roz-Am. 1: p. 323, (.117); DGI pradit, 6: p. 347, [346] Moles, f. Roz-Am. 1: p. 323, (.117); DGI pradit, 6: p. 347, [346] Moles, f. Roz-Am. 1: p. 323, (.117); DGI pradit, 6: p. 347, [346] Moles, f. Roz-Am. 1: p. 333, (.117); DGI pradit, 6: p. 347, [346] Moles, f. Roz-Am. 1: p. 333, (.117); DGI pradit, 6: p. 347, [347] Moles, f. Roz-Am. 1: p. 333, (.117); DGI pradit, 6: p. 347, [347] Moles, f. Roz-Am. 1: p. 343, [347] Moles, f. 348, [348] Moles, f. 348,

Arctic America from Kotzebue's Sound! to Fort Franklin! &c.-Stems 2-6 inches high, sometimes sparingly branched above. Heads rather large. -This is not improbably the S. Cvmbalaria of Purab.

13. S. aubundus (DC.)) revy glabrous throughout i stem aimple, stendary, instruction of the stema is a start of the start of the start of the water, bothed at the apex, on alender periodes ; the exailing forwares dowater, bothed at the apex, on alender periodes; it is easiling the algulping instead or anomaly start of the start of the algulping without any start of the start of DC.1 month, or, bother, bit of the start of DC.1 month, or, bother, bit of the start o

Casada Mannaina on the Oregon, Dr. Gürdner! Deuglas! Wind River Chain of the Rocky Mountains, at the altitude of 7000 feet and upwards, *Lisal, Framoul.* Aug.—Stems often decumbent at the base, 6-10 indersh high, sometimes bearing 2 beads, which are about as large as in S. Sarross. Limb of the radical leaves half an inch in length, occasionally Komewhat Juras.—Altield to the preceding.

34. S. Pressantii: d ward, galaxius: stems ascending, leafy, eller handslight the branches made at the summariant and terminated by a solitary head; heaving another than the second state of the second state of the leaving state of the second state of the second state of the block state of the second state of the second state of the block state of the second state of the block state of the second st

On the Wind River Chain of the Rocky Mountains, just below the limits of perpetual anow. Liest, Fremost? Aug.-Stems 3-6 inches high. Leaves an inch or more in length. Heads about half an inch in length the eylindrical-campanulate involuce many-flowered, subtended by one or two small kneeolate birectoeles.

35. S. Frigdard. (Lems): stem vismit, bearing a mingle local, tablerus, or denders with descinate foccose were also dataking-purple harding leaves, allipditad-oblage, advanse, with also probabe (De caulitie were), and party claspditad-oblage, advances, and the stem of the data is beinging databases in party and long at the three of the disk-offserers. DCdata, is Lonces, e. p. 2021; Lock J, R. Stem of the party leaves, and the stem of the Arctic America, from lat. 64°, to the shores of the Northern Sea! Kotzebue's Sound! &c.-Yarins 1-5 inches high. Head large.-Varies greatly as to pubescence, and the short purplish hairs of the involucre are sometimes nearly wanting.

36. S. Pawio-Arrica (Lem); gibbroux or ancheolistomettes at the summit; seen creat, simple, indy, basing, assenting one or very for (very inter) basis, lower lawars orai-sologa, prand-societa, narroweli nice a short per distribution of the second second the involvem in secret piles integrationary paper sections, equaling the dist-corolla, EOL-matrix Bases, p. 5 at 10 Hole - J. Berc. - 1, p. 33, t. 113 D. D. pade, b. p. 356. Arrise matimum, Line, spice, S. p. 686 (ex. Lon.); Parel / S. p. 597. Clearning seconds and the second second second second p. 507. Clearning seconds p. 2017 (Jerk). Amount production of the second p. 507. Clearning seconds p. 2017 (Jerk).

Labrador : and New Youndland : to Kotzebue's Sound! and Unalaschka!-Stern stout, 2 inches to a foot highmeter.

1 Obscure species.

37. S. Canadensis (Linn.) : pends radiate ; leaves bipinnate, linear. Linn. spec. 2. p. 869.

Canada, Kain.-Stem erect, smooth. Leaves bipinnate, linear, glabrous i the uppermost simply pinnate. Corymb terminal, compound, fastigiate, yellow. Involucre rufecent. Lina.

38. S. Kalmii (Nutt.): heads paniculate; leaves pinnatifid, somewhat villous; the segments sinuate; stem herbaceous. Linn. spec. ed. 2. p. 1244, under the name of Gineeraria Canadensis.

Canada, Kats.--Like Cineraria maritima, but the leaves instead of tomeniose are subvillous, especially beneath. Rays apreading, nor revolute-Stem annual, not perennial. Involucer a little sphaelates at the aprex Lins.--We are inclined to suspect some mistake respecting the habitat of several Linnean spacies said to have been collected in Canada by Kalin.

 S. Cymbalaria (Pursh): radical leaves petioled, subrotund, transcate at the base, with the petioles appendiculate and somewhat lyrate; the cauline sessile, linear, incisely toothed; stem somewhat one-flowered. Pursh, R. 2, p. 530.

North West Coast of America, Nelson, in herb. Banks .- May it not be the same with S. residifolins ?

40. S. pauperculus (Michs.): dwarf; stem very simple, rigidly eret, somewhat naked; ieaves all laoceolate, a few of the radical somewhat artire; the others sparingly incisely toothed or searcle (or autoinnailid); or rymb of few [3-4] heads; involucre nearly glabrous; rays rather small-*Michx. ft.* 2, p. 120.

Canada near the Lakes, Michaux. Newfoundland, Pylais. (V. sp. in kerb, Mich.: & kerb. Pylais.)-Plant 5-7 inches high.-Perbays not diffeent from the remarkable and ambiguous S, aurous ave. Incocolatus.

S. ciliatus, Walt., is most probably Erigeron Canadense. S. opunticafetius, Raf. fl. Ludor.

Cineraria Carolinienzis (Walt. Car. p. 207); heads paniculate; leaves petioled, oblong, denniculate, smooth; atem herbacopus.

164. TETRADYMIA. DC. prodr. 6. p. 440; Deless. ic. 4. t. 60.

Tetradymia & Lagothamnus, Nutt.

Beals 4–cz sometimes 5–6-040-word; the flowers all tubular and parfect fromtiers of 4 or 2 (arrey f) or 30 = 0.000 g and obuse conseco-charatones crimins-concave scalas, nonwhat in two wires. Respecte multidied. Corolit wire a scalar tubu scalar of tubular tubular tubular states. The scalar tubular scalar tubular tubular tubular states and tubular tubular tubular tubular tubular tubular states. The scalar tubular tubular tubular tubular tubular states and a scalar tubular tubular tubular tubular tubular states and tubular tubular tubular tubular tubular tubular states cons. Achieves tubular tubular tubular tubular tubular states constants and tubular given tubular tubular tubular tubular states tubular tubular tubular tubular tubular tubular tubular states tubular tubular tubular tubular tubular tubular tubular tubular states tubular tubular tubular tubular tubular tubular tubular tubular states tubular tubular tubular tubular tubular tubular tubular tubular states tubular tubular tubular tubular tubular tubular tubular tubular states tubular tubular tubular tubular tubular tubular tubular tubular states tubular tubular tubular tubular tubular tubular tubular states tubular tubular tubular tubular tubular tubular tubular states tubular tubular tubular tubular tubular tubular tubular tubular states tubular tubular tubular tubular tubular tubular tubular tubular states tubular tubular tubular tubular tubular tubular tubular tubular tubular states tubular states tubular states tubular states tubular tubular tubular tubular tubular

§ 1. Involuce of 4-5 scales, 4-flowered : the villous hairs of the achenia much shorter than the very copious pappus.—EUTETRADYMA.

 T. canescens (DC.): herbaceous 7 untimed; silvery-tomentose; leaves resistered on the simple stems or branches, narrowly linear, rather rigid, maromate; peducies as long as the racence-corrybose heads; scales of the involucre 4.— DC. in Delsan ic. ed. 4. 6. 69 prodr. i.e.; Hook. 6 Arr. I bot, Becken, ment. o. 300.

Arm. Bot. Beckay, sayi, p. 300. Instrice of Organoir California, Douglat — Lawses an inch and a half long, survey a line wide, none of them facicled or spinseeme. Flowers Relly latf an inch long. Hairs of the achenia, as all the species of liss water is long as a charger than the achenian and strongly despirations water is long as a charger than the achenian and strongly despirations water is long as a charger than the achenian set. The achenian of which the paperse.

2. Tristernini (Nutr.): a brubby, much branched, unarmed, all ergy-canceent: leaves thicking, short, income-lancohate or somewhat apaulatias, obtaus or mucroaniate-acute, sither scattered or fascicled; heads cotymbose-cluptered, on short enduncies; scattered or fascicled; heads cotymboseclup-strend, on short enduncies; and of the involverse mostly 4.--whitt, i trans. Amer. phil. soc. (n. ser.) 7. p. 415. _____Dy harms plains werd of the Rocky Montains, particularly near Lewis

Dry barren plains weist of the Rocky Mountains, particularly near Levis Were, Nutall, Mao seast of the Rocky Mountains on balls of the upper part of the North Fork of the Platte, near Deer Creek; and on the Wind For Chain and the height of 7000 tene, Lord, Arvin, Parket and State Chain and the height of 7000 tene, Lord, Arvin, State and Chain and the height of 7000 tene, Lord, Arvin, State Chain and the height of 7000 tene, Lord, Arvin, State State and State and State and State and State and State with 4 close townstatum. Heads and flowers smaller than in the preceding spatiags to which some states are very closely allied.

5. T. Natalii: almibly, much henched, wolly when young, canastorit, in functional means made concreted into subaltate spinor; the others demany function is the sail, thickish, incar-spatialsto, obtase, the tomeratum sumershale decidours; heads fasticide and in corymbose clusters, on Yeny abort polancies; scalas of the involuce 4-5.—T. spinosa, Nutt. I i. e., Wey diffect. 4 Arr.

COMPOSITE.

TETRADIMIA.

Dry plains of Lewis River, with the preceding, and on Ham's Fork of the Colorado of the West; common, Nutatil! Juiy.--Shrub 2-3 feet high, growing in the like a Fuzz. Spines sharp, spreading or recurved, half an inch or a little more in length, so long as the fascicled leaves. Heads and flowers nearly us in the preceding.

§ 2. Involucre of 5-6 scales, 5-0-flowcred : the soft villous hairs which dense ly clothe the achenia as long as the less copious pappus !- LABOTHAMNUS, Nutt.

4. T. prioras (Hook, & Am., L. c.): alrably, much branched, semibart the branches and entered or rarrows least way weakly: priority provide the strength of the strength of the strength of the strength of the theory and the strength of the strength is the strength of the strength of

165. CROCIDIUM. Hook. fl. Bor .- Am. 1. p. 335, t. 118.

Heads many-flowered, radiate ; the ray-flowers about 12, pistillate ; the disk-flowers tubular, perfect. Scales of the involucre 8-12, oblong-ovate, herbaceous, with somewhat scarious margins, spreading, nearly in a single series. Receptacle oblong-conical, naked, papillose. Rays oblong; the ligule with a short fillform tube : the corolla of the disk with a slender tube and a campanulate 5-cleft limb ; the lobes aprending. Branches of the style short ; those of the ray very obtuse, nearly included in the tube ; of the disk tipped with a flattened triangular appendage. Achenia obovoid-oblong, obscurely 5-angled, canescent with somewhat caducous clavate-papilliform hairs (which when moistened split from the npex into two valves, and emit two attenuated spiral threads); those of the disk furnished with a deciduous pappus of 15-20 strongly barbellate capillary bristles, rather shorter than the corolla ; of the ray similar, but destitute of pappus .-- A small annual, sending up numerous slender and mostly simple stems (a span high) from the same root, which are naked above, and hear solitary heads. Leaves loostly floccose-woolly when very young, at length glabrous except in the axils, which are lanigerous; the radical spatulate, somewhat toothed or incised; the cauline linear, sessile. Corolla of the disk and ray somewhat deciduous bright yellow.

C. multicaule (Hook. ! 1. c.)-Nutt. ! in trans. Amer. phil. soc. (n. str.)* 7. p. 441.

CROCIDIUM.

COMPOSITÆ.

On rocks of the Oregon near Fort Vancouver, Dawglast / Are, and at the mostle of the Wahamet, Netzell – Are elegant tithe plans, allied is several motive to Bismospherma. Hocker's figure and description do not adaptible compressed, these calls, our census metalements and the several energy and the several several several several several several flag ways. When several sev

166. ARNICA. Linn. ; Gartn. fr. t. 173 ; Schkuhr, handb. t. 248 ; DC. I.c.

Hash many-flowered, radiate; the ray-flowers picilian; and outo faitional with article summars, in the disk-flowers tabulas, perfortemportune involution in a strength of the strength of the strength of the temportune involution in the strength of the strength of the strength in the disk-flowers isolated. Stypis in the disk-flowers with long pubsector fluctuations, shorter manager of rights with a stort case, Ashenis unsu, appreticulture, and the strength of the disk-flowers with long pubsector fluctuations and the strength of the strength manager of the strength of the strength of the strength manager of the strength strength on the strength of the strength manager of the strength strength strength strength strength of the strength manager of the strength stren

 A. madically (Ell): a limite i kaves all sensit, 3-5-nerved, very hirsen above, entire o slightly moderly the entire 1-2 prints, small, termote, wrate or oblong; the radical clustered; health waveral, on allowing entire entire the state of the state of the state of the state of the entire the state of the state of the state of the state of the Data of the state of the state of the state of the state of the Data of the state of the state of the state of the state of the Data of the state of the state of the state of the state of the Data of the state of the state of the state of the state of the Data of the state of the state of the state of the state of the Data of the state of the state of the state of the state of the Data of the state of the state of the state of the state of the Data of the state of the state of the state of the state of the Data of the state of the state of the state of the state of the Data of the state of the state of the state of the state of the Data of the state of the state of the state of the state of the Data of the state of the state of the state of the state of the Data of the state of the state of the state of the state of the Data of the state of the state of the state of the Data of the state of the state of the state of the state of the Data of the state of the Data of the state of the state of the state of the state of the Data of the state of the state of the state of the state of the Data of the state of the state of the state of the state of the Data of the state of the state of the state of the state of the Data of the state of the Data of the state of the stat

Damp pine barrens, &c., Virginia' to Florida ! April-May.-Stem 1-3 feet high; the pubescence somewhat viscid. Rays 12-15, twice the length of the involucre, bright yellow. Achenia very slightly and sparsely pubescan when young, at length glabross.

2. A comparificat (Vahi): more or less villous; stem bearing a single built level increasing a single built level increasing a single state of the single state of the single state of the single state of the single single state of the single single state of the single single

Lessingii : acbenia glabroos! (involucre turbinate; anthers blackish.)
 A. alpina, Less. in Linnsen, 6. p. 325. A. angustifolia, Hook. & Ara. bod.
 Beches, p. 126.

3. A. Charwissonis (Less.): hiraute-pubescent; stem simple or sometimes branched above, bearing 3 or more heads, leafy to the summit; leaves (am-

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ple) oblong-hanceolate, source, sparingly desticulate or entire, triple-quintuplinervel, pubsector or somewhat villous; the caults d-1 pairs, nearly equilpartly clasping; the lowest tapering to the base; rays short; nchema minutly hiraue-*Less.*; in *Linameq.* 6, p. 282; *DC.*? 1. c. A. montan e-Hook?, 1. c. A. foliosa, *Natl.*; in *trans. Amer. phil. soc.* (n. ser.) T. *p.*497. Umalaschka, *Ohmsino?* Hocky Montanian on the Colorado the West.

Unalaschka, Chamisso I. Rocky Mountains on the Colorado of the West, Nuttall to the Woody Country of Subarctic America, Richardson I & Stem 1-24 feet high. Leaves 3-5 inches long. Heads on slender prduncles. Pappus plumose-serrate. Achenia (in our original as well as other specimens) izes hissute than in A. montana.

4. A. molin (Hook): villous-pubescent; stem: larfy, bearing 1-5 bealtleaves thin and funcci, viewiny, neurity inductors when add, descinging corrections of the enables 3-5 pairs, somewhat equal; the upper evaluations and folders smaller. It is breast hone-site or public gamerwood as the base, or targeting low smaller, the investment of the state of the state of the state of the state histories; papping atmost purposes—*Hiski*, *IA*, *Bior. Am. E.*, 231. A law constat, *Mich*, *In terms*, *Aster.*, *Mico.*, *IA*, 048.

Algoes rivelses of the (northern), Recky Montanian, Doessond I. Mait places on the White Montanian of New Hampdaire, in the algoest mod which algoins region, Dr. Felderingi Mr. Okker, Natull, Mr. Tachtmerit, 1940; Inches high the interrorber mouthy forger than the lawne. Upper laware algoestrely 3-nerved from the lowest in lower, somewhit trepies laware algoestrely discussed and the laws, and in lawer. Upper laware algoest and denses to lawcohne the laws, and in privity from law related by the law relation of the laws, and in privity algoment to the mailed expension. The monitors the paper starting the second meso to the naked expension.

5. d. taipliful (Bongard) is stem sparingly historie-public entry dishomological statistical stem sparingly historie-public entry disbond based is a statistical statistical statistical statistical statistical weak statistical statistic public statistical statistica

North West Coast, from Sitcha! Observatory Inlet! and Fort Vancouver to the Rocky Mountains—Stems 1-2 fort high. Peduncles slender. Scalar of the campanulate involuce: and the rays usually 11 to 14.1 in the Sitka specimers as well as others; in which also the achenia are not perfectly glabrous, but pubescont with scattered hairs near the summit.

6. A. cordificia (Hook.): stem sparingly villous, bearing 1-5 beabs; laves nearly all cordate, thin, nearly glabroas, veiny, very unequally and offen in solvely and abarphy serrate; the cauline 2-3 pairs, mostly acute that the impremost sessile, the others like the radical on slender periods; scales of woll or voltere acumutate, villous when young a checken is insute-people end. Hock.

Values of the Bits Montainer of Oregon Dengins / Multi and Section of the Spectra of Oregon Dengins / Multi de --Plan 10-80 inclus high, often particulare at the summit, bearing larger beast han the preceding (from which it is perhaps not a multicensity distinct), with about 19 large and long rays. Lower leaves often obtase, and aborer than the hairy peticles. Achenia becoming glabrous towards the bins-

7. A. amplexicaulis (Nutt.): sparingly pubescent, or at length glabrous, somewhat campitose, very lenfy; cauline leaves 5-6 pairs, approximate.

ARNICA.

COMPOSITÆ.

ovate, acute, serrate-toothed, veiny, partly clasping; heads 3-5; scales of the involucre linear-lanceolate, acuminate, sparsely hirsute; achenia hirsute---Nutl.' in trans. Assr. phil.sec. I. c.

Oregon, on rocks at the Falls of the Wahlamet, Nuttall !-About a foot high; the leaves, except the uppermost, much longer than the intermodes, all closely seesile, 1-2 incluse long. Rays small.

1 Species unknown to us (corolla glabrous).

 A. obtasifolia (Less.): radical leaves petioled, subspatulate, obtuse, 5-nerved, scabrous; the cauline elliptical; head solitary; scales of the hirsute involucre exceeding the disk, obloag-elliptical; corolla glabrous. DC. L.c.-Less, in Linner, 6, 9, 258.

Unalaskina, Chamisto-Stem 6-12 inches high, more or less hirsute. Heads as large as in A. montana : rays sulphur-color, short. Anthers blackish. Less.

 A. Unalaschensis (Less. l. c.): radical leaves petioled, subspatulate, obtras, serate towards the apex, very scabrous; the cauline oblog-obovate; head solitary; scales of the hirsute involucre exceeding the disk, linear-lancolute. DC, l. c.

Unalaschka, Chamisso.—Stem 6 inches high, leafless and hirsute-villous at the sommit. Leaves quintupli-nerved. Heads as in the preceding; the tays deeper yellow. Leas.

167. LESSINGIA. Cham. in Linnau, 4. p. 203, t. 2, f. 2; Less. syn. p. 388, f. 17; DC. prodr. 5. p. 351.

Heads many-discored, homogeneous; the marginal flowers larger and radiatifium, absoluted, along babel, along babel, and along babel. Summers and spinlar strain strain strain strain strain strain strain strain strain strains. The strain strain strain strain strain strain strain strain within a distance mediate summers in strain strain strain strain within a distance mediate summers that along strain strain strain strains. The strain strain strain strain strain strain strain strain within a distance mediate summers that along strain strain strain while along any strain strain strain strain strain strain strain strain while along any strain str

L. Germanorum (Cham. 1. c.)-Hook. & Arn. bot. Beechey, suppl. p. 351.

California, Chamisso, Douglas.-Plant with the aspect of an Asterea, but with the style of Seneciones. The specific name ought perhaps to be changed to Californica.

TRIBE V. CYNARE E. Lett.

Heads homogamous or heterogamous, sometimes diacious. Style in the perfect flowers often nodes-thickened near the summit (sometimes pencialite at the node); the branches either distinct or contreted, puberulent externally; the stigmatic lines reaching their apex, "Mare they are conducst."

CONSPECTUS OF THE SUBTRIBES AND GENERA.

Subtribe 1. CARLINER.-Heads discoid, homogamous. Anthers caudate. Pappus mostly plumose. 457

168. SAUSSUREA. Pappus double : the few bristles of the exterior denticulate.

- Subtribe 2. CENTATERE.-Heads discoid; the marginal flowers mostly nutural, usually much larger than the others. Pappus never plumose, sometimes wanting. 155
 - CENTATURIA. Achenia compressed. Pappus of fillform bristles, or none.
 CNICUS. Achenia tores, strongly striate. Pappus triple, the entried 10-toothed, the intermediate of 10 long bristles, the inner of 10 short bristles. Marvinal strift flowers small.
- Subtribe 3. CARDENNER.-Heads discoid, homogamous, sometimes directous. Anthere slightly or not at all caudate. Pappus of plumose or scabrous bristles. 455
 - 171. CIRSIUM. Achenia amooth. Pappus plumose. Receptacle bristly.
 - 172. CARDUUS, Achenia smooth. Pappus scabrous. Receptacle bristly.
 - 173. ONOFONDON. Achenia rugose, 4-angled. Pappus barbellulate, united at the base into a correcous ring. Receptacle alveolate.
 - 174. LAFFA. Achenia rugose. Pappus scabrous, caducous. Receptacle astesso fimbrillate. Scales of the involucre subulate, unclinate at the apex.

Cynere Scolymus, Linn. (the Artichoke) is said by Nuttali (Gen. p. 129) to be somewhat naturalized in some parts of Virginia.

Subtribe 1. CARLINER, Cass.—Heads discoid, many-flowered, homogamous, never discious. Scales of the involucre in several series, often sponese. Anthers caudate: the tails hairy. Pappus usually plumose.

168. SAUSSUREA. DC. in ann. mus. 16. p. 107, & prodr. 6. p. 531.

Heads many-discretel; the flowers all tability, similar and preficts. Solid of the involution: buffictured in several sizes, monity or a properlimitude. Beoppose large, final-billets, or with persistent chart. Corolla with a shafe without static. Atchenis glateness. Pappose double; the exterior of a sevsistent and dencification and pld briefler; the interview of a sevbant and dencification and pld briefler; the interview of a sevtement size of the matcheness brainpolecy); with alternatic harves, and usually ever replanes for the matcheness brainpolecy); with alternatic harves, and usually ever produce sizes.

 S. alpina (DC.): leaves flat, nearly glabrous above, villous-concrossbeosati; the lower orate-lancolate and somewhat tochhel; the uper oblog-lancolate and entire; heads few in a close orymb; scale of the eylindraccous involuces appressed, villous, unarmed; the exterior above. DC! the co-Ledds, is: Alt, 1: 1: 1: Hold, J. B. et al., 1: p. 303.

SAUSSUREA.

COMPOSITÆ.

Serratula alpina, Linn. : Engl. bot. t. 599. Circium montanum humile, bc., Dill. Elth. t. 70. f. 81.

J draw [Hosk: 11, c) i stem sensetia describent; Lavas testy joi homo, davas, andrij al marovi ji hasochicy corput janara lika seksi of the involvent very anal -8.5 atjunt a valuenci ji Lavas i hasochic ji haso and bah haso hasochic ji travitati (DCI-1) lavas membravit jahoroo and bah haso, dangand tem linter scain of the involvers very antic <math>-8.5 atjunt. Has, Lavas, Lav

Artic America: -, from Kotzobue's Soud) and the coast between the Mackenzia and Copperzinic Ericos, nearly to the Sakatabaava, Richardson I, Higher Rocky Mountains, Drivanovad I--The American asom tearly to correspond with the two Siberian varieties as described by De Consolie. The salient teeth of the leaves in Hooker's var, it are sometime retoroge.

Subtidue 2. CENTATABLES, DC.—Heads discoid, many-flowered; the marginal flowers usually neutral, with the corollar irregular, and much larger than the disk-lowers. Scales of the involver imbinated, variously appendiculate. Achenia with a more or less lateral basilar arcola. Pappas pilone, settore, or chafty, never olimones, sometimes wanting.

169. CENTAUREA. Linn. (excl. spec.); Less.; DC. prodr. 6. p. 565.

Hends mmay-diosered; the ray-diosers mostly large and stells, sometimes winning. Involuces individually variants. Receptated scores. Achemia comtreased. Papose consistently wanning or nearly so, but usually composed of subtrast filterm brindes, in one or more series, the inner often smaller and somewhat converse—Herber by varied aspect (chiefly nutives of the Molfierments region and of Middle Asis); with alternate leaves, and williary heads.

§1. Involuce nearly globose or depressed; the exterior sould with a contactterious precinate-fringed appendage the inner longer and various rays much longer than the disk's papping of rigid nearly homogeneous readows brittles, somewhat in a single series, cadacous : advants with a mearly terminal aroad lengives of America [].—PLEXCORTERLEN, Don.

1. C. Americana (Nut.), term erect, artitice-growed, stantingly hanched different under the lassis/ jerora sensitive, following, offers schwarz, the lower diverges article and the stantistic stantistic schwarz and the stantistic schwarz and schw

Western Arkansas, Louisians, &c. Nuttall ! Dr. James! Dr. Pitcher ! Dr. Learemorth ! Texas, Drummond ! Common in cultivation.-] Plant 2-3 fact high, with very large showy heads. Flowers pale purple.

CENTAUBEA-

§ 2. Scales of the oroid-globose involvere appendiculate : the appendages ciliate-fundring the or those of the innerword somewhall accrete-searous and roundish : ray-flowers often none : pappus wanting or nearly so! (corolla purplish or rarely white).—Jacesa, Caso.

 C. sigra (Line): a tem erest, branching; radical leaves petioled; the culture sessile, hancebate, entitie, deniculate, or sparingly angulate-incited towards the base, scabrous; flowers all equal and perfect; papers moth shorter than the achesium.—PFL Dan. 1, 906; Expl. bot. 139; Hook: Jf. Bor.Am. 1, p. 301; DC.? prodr. 6, p. 571; Bigd.? fl. Bost. ed. 9, p. 339.

Newfoundland! (perhaps indigenous.) Naturalized in the eastern parts of Massachusetts! July-Aug.-21 Flowers purple. Scales of the involucre black, with a stiff poctinate fringe.

§3. Scales of the ovoid or subglobase involucre surrounded by a membranaceous servate and ciliate margin: rays larger than the disk: pappas double, often short: heads not bracteate.-CYANUS, Cass.

 C. Cyanus (Linn.): floccose-tomentose; atem erect, branching; leaves linear, assaile, catire; the lower broader, tapering into a kind of petiole, and toothed or pinnutified at the base; pappas shorter than the schenium. DC. prodr. 6. p. 578; Darlingt, fl. Cest. p. 435.

Old fields and roadsides, having escaped from gardens; sparingly naturalized in the Northern and Middle States. July-Aug.- () Flowers blue (varying to purplish or white), or those of the disk violet-Blue Blue Budle.

§ 4. Sould of the enrich involvers corringeous, indexided ; the middle insuments, and providend vitua tange signs, which is analole above the sparsicity pertinator-privator at its bars ; the inverse obtaing and with a virolet giver: the outermost partners r any 3-b-d-dph, above than the disk's paper double ; the exterior right in screenal series ; the inverse above, regular, earn inverse (correlated without). The series regular, when inverse (correlated without).

4. C. Moltowsi (Linn): som erect branched redical leaves pinntly parted, norving into a peikole i the caline descerent, brandly licent toubled heads solitary, ovate choices, somewhat concentee i narranos eales of the involuces a convintent-spinsees. D. C. prost, D. Kok, & Arn. dot. Backey, suppl. p. 300. C. Partibileonsis, D.C. Lee, fide Heak Arn.

California, Douglas ! Probably introduced (as also into South America) with grain from Europe.

§ 5. Involuere ovoid ; the middle scales produced into a spine, which is pirnately spinulose at the base ; the innermost scarious at the aper. roys equalling or exceeding the disk ; pappus short or none (corolla purple)— CALETRAPA, Cass.

5. C. Calcitrapa (Linn.): stem diffusely much branched, hnity: leaves sessile, pionately lobed; the lobes linear, acute, toothed; heads sessile among heuppermost mostly entire leaves; spines of the involucer strong, spreading, grouved above, with 2 or 3 small spinuls on each side at the base; the

lowest involueral scales searious and obtuse : pappus none. DC. prodr. 6. p. 597.

Naturalized in Virginia near Norfolk !- (1) (2)

C. Carstiniana, Walt. is doubtless Stokesis cyanes. L'Her.

170. CNICUS. Vaill.; Gartn. fr. t. 162; DC. diss. & prodr. l. c.

Heats many-thowered i the ray-thowementing hands, nearly equal to the disk. Scales of the word in avoider rootsons, approach guided into a long mel right pinnance upions appendage. Recepture dessely clubbly with wellburk britisk. Achivals in testes amounts, meany straints with a large lateral balant areads. Pappas triple i the exterior, or rather margin of the billow fillow might horizon the inner of 10 short infraints; the three series willing heat the consense tests, the intermediate of 10 short infraints; the three series willing heat the straints; the inner of 10 short infraints; the three series willing heat the disk of the straints and the straints will be approximated willing heat the disk of the straints and the straints in the straints will be additional the disk of the straints and the straints heads. Could pathew

C. beardictus (Linn.)--Centauren benedicta, Linn. spec. ed. 2. p. 1296. Sparingly introduced, but scarcely naturalized in New York, &c. Louisiann. Mr. Learenworkt It has also been found in Mexico and Chili, to which it was probably brought from Southern Europe.

Solvine 5. CARRENEES, Lore, DC-Heads disold, homogemous, many-flowered; the flowers all similar, perfect or discions. Scalar of the Waller individual in several arcies, often spinose at the sport. Corolla wally caved outwards, the scatterior loke often deeper cleft than the others. Andhers slightly or out at all conduct. Achesing allows, with a terminal Work. Pappus composed of dender scalesco or plannse briefles, which as often united puts arises at the base.

171. CIRSIUM. Tourn. ; DC. R. Fran. ed. 3, & prodr. 6. p. 643.

Heats many-discover); the flowers perfect and similar, neuly addition. Scalar of the involver: inhibition if nonenross series, nonly empidite or tipped with a pricitie. Receptach briefly: Corolls regularly or flow angually 2-chick. Andress more one isophysical and hearers at the hair: Altimizet often hairy. Branches of the siyle concerted neuly to the Hypers minerous and somewhat unequals using insufficient of the Hypers minerous and somewhat unequals using insufficient of the Hypers minerous and somewhat unequals using insufficient of the Hypers minerous and somewhat unequals using insufficient of the hypers minerous and somewhat unequals using a minerous and some of the hypersection of the hypersection of the hypersection prime of the hypersection of the hypersection of the hypersection prime of the hypersection prime of the hypersection of the hyp

CIESICH.

§ 1. Scales of the involucre more or less unequal, all but the innermost terminating in subulate and spinose spreading appendages : leaves decurrent. (Englemia, Cass.)

1. C. Gancolation (Scop): stan, branching, somewhat, hairy ; herere idecurrents on the second forming a parameterization of the parameterization of britty hore, somewhat glibbrous or areasos-woolly beneath ; the boles and testih upped with ripses and with parameterization of the parameter

Pastures and road-sides throughout the Northern and Middle States' introduced from Europe. Also Newfoundland, (Hook., DC.) June-Sept.-@ Common Thiatle.

- § 2. Scales of the oroid or globose involuere either mucronate or tipped with a prickle; the innermost always unarmed: filaments hairy. (Onotrophe, Case.)
- Scales of the involvere closely appressed and regularly indericated in numbrus unit, the outermost very short, the others successively clongated, all but the innormal hyped with a spreading or recurred acicular prickle (icases not decurrent, causterily barrietone beneath).

9. C. Pitkhri canescently tomentse hroughout; stem stet, very ledy, simple or sparingly hranched; leveral all pinatchy anched; leveral all pinatchy anched; leveral all pinatchy anched; leveral all pinatchy anched; leveral pinatchy and the state margins, terminated with small pickase subscripts of the axia of the optical pinatchy and the globas involves colong ance and a pinatchy and market and a pinatchy and the state of the optical pinatchy and the state of the state of the optical pinatchy and the state of the state of the optical pinatchy and the optical pinatchy and the state of the optical pinatchy and the optical pinatchy and

On the sand banks of Lake Buperior, Lake Horos, No. D. Paldel Shore of Lake Michigan, Dr. Wright J. Jane-July --21 A factor area with the same the base: the one with a tight attempt in the same transline with it maind at the base: the more with a tight attempt in the long. It lines which it maind at said of the upper bares. Conduce avery regular. Files meets somewhat pubsesent. The longer brints for the public very regular. Files meets somewhat pubsesent. The longer brints for the public same pupper observely tickness of the symmit.

b. C. and/advance (Dprace), is canonearily non-more discuplent; seem low, angled, often lowers the increasion and y, beam lowers and the strange of the s

3. smaller and more alenders, leaves press, 29, 130. Galeancoos Islande of Lnike Huron, and Upper Missouri, Nettall! Hills of the Missouri near Fort Pierre, Mr. Nicollet! (a. & 3.) Orecon. Douglas (probably not California, as given by De Candollo), Nutall! Juno-July-

CIRSIUM.

COMPOSITÆ.

(2)? Plant 1-2 feet high. Radical leaves sinuate and less spinose. Scales of the involucre at length almost glabrous, often glutinous along the midrib.

4. C. Hodovriansus [Nut1]: anachania-toneance throughout; som simple or spaningly branched at the summit; strates; leves a lanceade or linear, simust-pinnutifd, with the toles aften rooted or incised, spinulese, nand-mid above, cancer-catevily theoretice breacht; the caulies ensembly charging; beads (inther small) 3-6, uphensile; scales of the subplotese very work] invitore: nanceadars, exect, tupped with somewhat spensing prickies; the interview of the source of the subplotese very work] invitore inanceadars, exect, tupped with somewhat spensing prickies; the interview of the source of the subplotese very work] invitore inanceadars, exect, tupped with somewhat spensing prickies; the interview of the source of the subplotese very work].

Saskatchawan or Rocky Mountains [Relation or Directory of the Product of Saskatchawan or Rocky Mountains] [Relation or Directory of the specimens are not very complete. The stronger brailes of the papers are somewhat more evidently clavellate or thickened at the apex than in most other species.

b. C. divolor (Spreng.): term crists, hieras, with leafy somewing spreading branches, levers all deeply parameters, seamly, seturely hierary and green divolution, monly 36-3 deepl increasing of the divolution of the divolution, monly 36-3 deepl increasing of the global methods with the strategiest of the strategiest of the global methods with the strategiest of the strategiest of the global methods with a way black deeple with any strategiest of the strategiest of the strategiest height of the strategiest of the strategiest of the strategiest methods, and the strategiest of the strategiest of the strategiest height of the strategiest of the strategiest of the strategiest of the Mod. I will strategiest provide provide the strategiest of the

Fields and along thickers, (Canada Y) Northern and New England States) 10 lines it Kneukey i and the upper district of S. Carolins. July-Ssyte - 30 Stom 3-6 feet high the rather sketcher branches lasty to the summit, indirection of the branch an isolation or more in distance. Leaves of the branchise quite small; the lower cashing 6-12 inches long (the white president feet falses). To food appropriate (the segment more) has a distances. We fully a state of the second of the segment more of how a distances.

6. C. diffusiones (Sprence), near tail, pubescat ce sourcetat wolly, remains a the source constraints of the source of the source large density and the source of the source of the source of the first of the source of the source of the source of the source function of the source of the source of the source of the first of the source of the source of the source of the first of the source of the source of the source of the first of the source of the source of the source of the first of the source of the source of the source of the first of the source of the source of the source of the first of the source of the source of the source of the first of the source of the source of the source of the first of the source of the source of the source of the first of the source of the source of the source of the first of the source of the source of the source of the first of the source of the first of the source of the first of the source o

Paids and thicket, Pennyivanit and Ohiol to Wettern Misouri Paids and thicket, Pennyivanit and Ohiol to Wettern Misouri Hall Alabama Carobia I. & Arg.-Spit-211 Stem 3-10 feet high and the second second second second and the second and when the caroline are pinantific, the lobes are usually few and short, oblog or thingain. Scales of the involver with a bird line or spot near the apex, which is often sourcewhat glatinose. Heads about the inch in diameter.

7. C. Virginianum (Michs.): stem slender, simple or loosely branched above, arachnoid ; the branches or peduncles nearly naked ; leaves sessile,

YOL. 11.--- 58

Introduction or linear-interactions, given and plattern above (or spatially public each when yough), hower-low-mixed weak with the plattern shows that the spatially simulate-block (in the plattern shows the spatial plattern shows the spatial plattern shows the spatial particle, done name plattern shows the when young with a gluinons back more the ages, apprendix the feature when young with a gluinon back more the ages, apprendix the theory of the spatial plattern shows the spatial plattern shows the plattern shows the spatial plattern shows the spatial plattern product $\beta_{\rm eff} = \beta_{\rm eff} = \beta_{\rm$

β. lower cauline and radical leaves all deeply sinuate-pinnatifid, with the segments often 2-3-lobed; the upper very small, linear, entire.

y. stem more leafy, much branched and peniculate above; leaves mostly pinnatifid and more spinescent.—Chicus arvensis, Hook.! in compan. to bot. mag. 1. p. 45.

6.7 stem stouter, sparingly branched, lenfy; leaves all deeply pinnatifid, with the lobes spinescent; heads larger (roots often tuberiferous) —C. filipen-dulum, Engelm, - use.

Pine woods, &c., Virginia to Georgia ! Alahama ! and Kentucky ! $R \circ p.$ Louisma ! Ohio! &c. & Texa, *Dramond ! Dr. Landhamet* ! April-Sept.—14 or @! !—Stem 3-3 feet high. Hends shout half an inchi in diameter, smaller than in any of our specise secrety C. arvense. In wark 4.1 which is not unlikely either a distinct species or a variety of C. altissimum, the beads are nearly as large as in the latter.

 Scales of the involuce appressed, regularly indeiented in several wavput series, unarmed, macronalt, or the exterior cuspidate with a short erect prictic : heads naked, or merely brackeds at the bare.

b. C. motions (Mithe.): seem tail, aristes-angel, somewhat glabrass provides at the source label of the

β. leaves often glabrous or nearly so, more rigid and spineseent; the very ments linear-lanceolate.—Carduus glaber, Nutl. gen. 2. p. 129. Chicus glaber, Ell. sk. 2. p. 2707 Cirsium Nuttallii, DC. prodr. 6. p. 6517

Low which grounds and wearnes, Canada' and Saskachtwwn' to Lowinant and Texas the ware, it (which is not very distort) growing in more exposed places, and prevailing in the Southern and Southwearn States! Ange-Spin-21 or Q1: San 3-8 for this place, Margins of the Intervention of the state of the state of the state of the state of the place states and builty whom it deep shade. Used in this states in the state of the state of the state of the state of the state place states and the state of the state of the state in the states within and the paper saving of or or at all planness.

 C. Lecontei: stem simple, slender, angled, naked at the summit and terminated by a single (rather large) head; leaves linear-lancolate, acute, spinulose-ciliolate, sparingly toothed, the teeth spinose, glabrous above.

CINSTEM.

COMPOSITE. . clothed beneath like the stem with a white and floccose somewhat deciduous wool, more or less decurrent; the lowest narrowed at the base into a kind of petiole ; scales of the ovoid involucre appressed, somewhat arachnoid when young, glandular-carinate towards the apex ; the exterior ovate and lanceoate, cuspidate-mucronate ; the innermost elongated, linear-lanceolate, subulate-acuminate .- Cnicus Virginianus, Hook. / in compan, to bot. may, 1. p. 48, not of authors.

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Pine woods ? Georgia Le Conte! Covington, Louisiana, Drassmond !-24 ? Stem about 2 field high, perfectly simple. Lower leaves 6-8 inches long, half an inch wide, irregularly beset with spinose texth; the margin not revolute. Heads much larger than in C. Virginianum, and nearly or quite equal to C. muticum : exterior scales of the involucre very short, the inner an inch or more in length, very slender; the short points straight. Flowers ochrolescous ?

10. C. repandum (Michx.): arachnoid-woolly when young; stem low, simple, very leafy to the summit, bearing one or two heads ; leaves crowded, oblong-linear, clasping, the margins undulate or repand-sinuate, thickly beset with small prickles; exterior scales of the involucre ovate-lanceolate and somewhat awned : the inner elongated and attenuate-acuminate ; flowers purple.—Michz. ! f. 2. p. 89; DC. pradr. 6. p. 651. Carduus repandus, Pars. sys. 2. p. 366. C. Virginianus, Walt. Car. p. 1957 Cuicus repan-dus, Ell. sk. 2. p. 269.

Dry pine barrens, &c., North Carolina ! to Georgia ! June-July .- 24 ? Stem 1-2 feet high. Leaves 2-4 inches long, scarcely half an inch wide ; the lowest tapering at the base. Heads middle-sized. Filaments slightly hairy towards the base.

11. C. Drummondii ; dwarf, subcaulescent, sparsely hairy ; stem (2-5 inches high) shorter than the leaves, bearing 1-3 large heads ; leaves lancoolate, pinnatifid, green on both sides, ciliate-spinulose, the somewhat incised lobes spinose ; scales of the subglobose naked involucre ovate and ovate-Innceolate, acuminate, appressed ; the exterior mucronate or alightly spinose, the innermost with scarious and erose somewhat dilated tips ; pappus of the marginal flowers slightly plumose near the base, or only denticulate! (flowers red) .- Carduus pumilus, Hock. ! A. Bor.- Am. 1. p. 302, excl. syn.

Banks of the Saskatchawan and prairies of the Rocky Mountains, Drammond !-Heads rather smaller than those of C. pumilum ; the scales of the involuere broader, smoother, and almost unarmed. Leaves chiefly radical, sparsely pubescent on both sides.

12. C. pumilum (Spreng.): stem low, stout, striate, hairy or villous, bearing 1-3 very large heads; leaves lanceolate-oblong, partly clasping, green co both sides, more or less villous, especially on the midrib beneath, pinnatifid, with spinulose margina; the segments short, incised or lobed, very spinose; involucre ovoid-globose, 1-5-bracteate; the exterior scales ovatelauceolate, appressed, acuminate and tipped with a short spine; the innermost lanceolate-linear, with acuminate scarious tips ; flowers reddish-purple--DC. prodr. 6. p. 651. Carduus odoratus, Muhl. cat. p. 70 ; Darlingt. 1 B. Cest. ed. 1, p. 85. C. pumilus (devan. Hysterix), Nutl. J. gen. 2, p. 130; Daringt. / R. Cest. ed. 2, p. 437. Cricus pumilus, Torr. ! compred. p. 282; Bigel. fl. Bost. ed. 2. p. 292.

Dry fields and barders of swamps, Massachusetts to New York near the coast ! New Jersey ! and Pennsylvania ! July --- (2) Stem 1-2 (rarely 3-4) feet high. Hends usually larger than in any other N. American species, often somewhat involucrate with a few spinose bracts. Involucre somewhat arachnoid. Corolla about 2 inches long. Flowers fragrant, sometimes pure white (Mr. Oakes) .-- Muhlenberg's name is the most appropriate, and should have been preserved .-- Pasture Thistle.

 Scales of the involuce rather loosily imbricated in few series, topering to a sublate point : keads complexonally involuceate with a wheel of very spinose bractst

13. Chevriadum (Michar): a medinde-wolly when young at length somewhat galeboxes is ont simple or equivaly handless (in some pathy spinore): heads (handless and handless a

2. Elifotti: I howers pirple—Cipical horidalus, El. & 2. p. 977. Ellis and powers information in the manufacture of the convertent to Piorisi and Lonizana 1. S. Southern States, Ellist, D. Evely, Elizond Locary, N. Cowlins, M. Courti, D. Huster, (Courlis, anters, and apple deeply parple). Jane-Aug, in the Northern, March-May in the Monthern States.—View (2017). Elizon 1. Courlis, anters was bothern States.—View (2017). Elizon 1. Courlis, anter state Mathema 2018.—View (2017). Elizon 1. Courlis, anter state Mathema 2019. Elizon 1. Courlis, anter state state Mathema 2019. Elizon 1. Courlis, Mathema 2019. Elizon 2019. Elizon 2019. Tableto. C. State Mathema 2019. Elizon 2019. Elizon 2019. Elizon 2019. Elizon 2019. Elizon 2019. Elizon 2019. Tableto. C. State Sta

 Scales of the involucre loosely indericated in few series, somewhat unequal in length; the exterior with subalate-spinescent tips: keads not involucrate with bracks.

§ 3. Heads by abortion diacious: exterior seales of the involuere appressed, unaroad, or the outermost tipped with a short prickle or bristle; the innermost with scarious tips : flaments nearly glabrous: roots croeping. (Cephanopion, DC.)

15. C. arvense (Scop.) : rhizoma creeping ; stem striate-angled, panicu-

life: the branché somewhat wodly: Laves oblong of lancohier, essié, gibbres, someines a little wodly breach, simus-frankfi, undiuse, spinore: heads small and numerous; seales of the involuce orazi-hancolin, morconte, a livé of the exterior cought-sophisor (Boser pala pargle, toer merky whiths—DC.! proof. 6, p. 643. Serrania arrensis, Linn; Pl.Dav. 646. (Antunu arrensis, Surih, Dark Iot. 1975; Holes I, B.en-, Aon. 1, p. 301; Daringel, J. Cat. p. 439. Cincis arrensis, Park, J. 2,p. 306; Black ed. 2, p. 231. Breas arrensis, Lexer, spin, J. 2,p. 306; Black ed. 3, p. 241. Breas arrensis, Lexer, spin, p. 3.

Cultivated fields of the Northern and Middle States? Introduced with grain from Europe, and in many places becoming an extremely troublesome weed. Also Canada! to Saskatchawan and NewYoundland; probably indigenous. Jaly-Aug.- 12 Too well known to our farmers, under the name of Canada Thirds, or Curred Thirds.

1 Little-known species.

15. C., Abloisse (DC. 1. c.): a term erect (simple f), robust, attate, somewatt wolly); leaves erect, the upper very numerous and exceeding the basils, flexing it winnist-tochted, unequality ellisies with raisber rigid fines, sparing by a bary about and a machadio-domando barbati. I heads dimensioned to the appearent scale barbatis filters, appressed in paper were so that the following the state of the appearent scale barbatis following the scale of the

17. C. colale (Nutt.): annual or biennial, nearly smooth | leaves lanceoline, clamping, moderately, pinoinfid; the segments obtues, dimoto equally 2bieds, spinoscent and spinolos-ciliate | heads terminal, giomerate, seaile, 5-0 beyther; involuces shalphoose, arachoad-comentose, the seals linearlanceolute, tipped with abort erect spinos. Nutt. in trans. Amer. phil. sec. (6: ser) 7, p. 490.

Common in the plains of the Oregon and the Blue Mountains, Nutall.--A robust plant 3-4 feet high, somewhat successful, with purple flowers, nearly as large as in GC inaccedature. Filtments hairy. The young stems are entern aw by the aborigines. Nut.--Probably the same as the C. foliosum, Hock. An edite this is instantioned by Lewis and Clarke.

18. C. breglófium (Nutri.) stem slender, nearly terete, not as well as however, the sever surface of the levere cance-outly globrons above, simulat-pieros above, discourse of the severe surface of the severe surface of the severe surface and severe states and severe states of the severe surface of the severe surface of the severe surface of the severe surface of the severe severe severe states of the severe surface of the severe surface of the severe severe

Plains of the Rocky Mountains, Nuttall .- Leaves about half an inch wide, 2-3 inches long. Allied to C. Virginianum. Nutt.

19. C. conserens (Nutr.): perennial, dwarf, slender, cansecently tomentose: leaves lanceolate, decurrent, pinnatificit the undulate segments oblogi, 2-selent, enirescent, and with spiny serratures: heads few (3-5), conglericrate, sessile, involucre alightly publecent; the scales lanceolate, with rightetect spines. Nutr. in trans. Jacr. phil. Soc. 1. c. p. 420.

Atid deserts of the Platte, Nuttall .- Root creeping as in C. arvense. Stem 8-10 inches high. Leaves 3-4 inches long, about an inch wide, nearly white on both sides, but most so beneath, decurrent with narrow spiny

margins. Flowers pale rose-color. Nutt .- Not improbably our C. undulatum, var. 8.

172. CARDUUS. Tourn.; Linn. (excl. spec.); Gartn. fr. t. 162; DC. I. c.

Bristles of the pappus scabrous (not plumose) : otherwise as in Cirsium.

5 Bristles of the pappus few and slender-LEPTOCHETA, Nutt.

1. C. occidentalis (Nutt.): perennial, dwarf: leaves deeply pinnatifid, nearly smooth above, canescently tomentose beneath; the segments somewhat palmate : the ultimate lobes lanceolate, tipped with short spines, spinulose-serrulate ; aceles of the subglobose arachnoid-tomentose involucre lanceolate, crect, terminating in straight spines ; the innermost scarious, spincless, acuminsta. Nutt. in trans. Amer. phil. soc. (n. ser.) 7. p. 418.

St. Barbara, California, Nuttall .- Stem tomentose, 6-12 inches high. Leaves 4-5 inches long, about an inch wide, with a lanceolate outline; the cauline clasping. Heads 2-3, subsessile, pale purple. Plant with the habit of Cirsium discolor, Nutt .- We have not seen this plant, the only one of the genus known to inhabit this continent. May it not be some species of South-era Europe, introduced into California ?

C. sychiastus (Linn, mant.), a plant of uncertain origin, said to have been raised from seeds received from Pennsylvanis, is doubtless not a native of this country, and is probably correctly referred by Sprengel to Carduus defloratus.

173. ONOPORDON. Vaill.; Linn.; Gartn. fr. t. 161; Schkuhr, handb. t. 250.

Heads many-flowered ; the flowers perfect. Scales of the ovate-globose involucre imbricated, coriaceous, tipped with a lanceolate apinescent appendage. Receptacle fleshy, deeply alveolate; the alveoli membranaceous, sinuate-toothed. Tube of the corolla incrassated at the summit. Anthers with a linear-subulate appendage, and with short tails ; filaments nearly glabrous Branches of the style concreted nearly to the apex. Achenia obovoid-compressed, 4-angled, rugose transversely. Bristles of the pappus numerous, filiform, barbellulate, united at the base into a corneous ring .-- Coarse branching herbs; the stems winged by the decurrent base of the lobed or toothed leaves; the lobes and teeth spinescent. Corolla purple, rarely varying to white.

1. O. acanthium (Linn.) : stem erect, branching, somewhat woolly ; leaves decurrent, sinuate, spinose-toothed, tomentose on both sides ; scales of the decurrent, anuste, spinose-toothed, tomentose on both sides; scales of the involuce linear-subulate; is exterior sprasofing, worldy at the base. DC. -Engl. bot. 1. 977. Bigds. R. Bott.ed. 2, p. 233. DC, prodr. 6, p. 618. Waste gröuch and dry pastures; introduced from Europe, and natural-ized in the New England States! July-Aug.- (2) A tail control plant. -Bild Cotton Distribution.

called Cotton Thistle.

174. LAPPA. Tourn. inst. t. 156 ; Juss. ; Lam. ill. t. 665 ; DC.

Heads many-flowered; the flowers all perfect and similar. Involucre globose; the imbricated scales coriaceous and appressed at the base, then

LAPPA.

ministra and spreading, with the rigid apex uncitants. Excepted effact some with theiry, exceed-ministration, consults and the base: Efformating peak theore input with fifthering appendixes, catalate at the base: Efformating peak theorem and the strength of the fifthering strength of the strength of the strength of the fifthering strength of the strength of the strength of the fifthering strength of the strength of the strength of the strength of the fifthering strength of the strength of the strength of the strength of the fifthering strength of the strength of the strength of the strength of the fifthering strength of the streng

 L. sujor (Gwetn.): scales of the involuce all subulate and with uncinate tips, either glabross or lossely arachnoid; typer cauline leaves orate; the others (large) cordstar-Gwetn. fr. 2, p. 375, 1, 162. L. major & L. minor, DC prodr. 6, p. 661. Arctium Lapps, Linn.; Darlingt. fl. Cast. p. 435.

Fence-rows and waste-places in rich soil: introduced from Europe.--A troublesome weed, well known under the name of Burdock. Dr. Darlington and Mr. Tuckerman have observed an occasional form, (L. Bardana ?) with pinnatifd leaves.

SUBORDER II. LABIATIFLORÆ. DC.

Corolla of the perfect flowers bilabiate ; the outer lip mostly 3-lobed or 3-toothed, and the inner 2-cleft or 2-toothed. Pollen smooth, globose or elliptical.

TRIBE VI. MUTISIACE E. Less.

Heads heterogamous, or rarely directious; the marginal flowers pistillate or neutral, either ligulate or bilabiate.—Style nearly as in the Cynarces.

175. CHAPTALIA. Vent. hort. Cels. t. 61 ; DC. in ann. mus. 16. p. 66.

Heats many-discoveral, hexcogramion, radiust, the rays picultate and few fin, in 2 arcsis, the disclowers perfect here aren's pick backwise of the data-field of the orary. Could as of the outer series of rays determining high the or rank of the minute interpict of the inner series fulfillers and number than the style, obligative transmiss, the inner the radiust-rays of the disk-field backwise distribution of the start of the style of the start of the style of the start of the start of the start of the start backwise distributions within a strandom start of the ferring backwise start of the start of the start of the start field with the special rightly distribution is extended by the start of the start field with the special rightly distribution. There are related as were the backded with the special rightly distribution. The start of the start of spins, capitally, running the axious are related as were the back-there. Here, the start of the start of

CHAPTALZA.

herbs, with naked scapes bearing solitary heads; the leaves all radical, toméntose beneath. Flowers white or purplish.

1. C. Gomentos (Vent. 1-c.); leaves oblage or nearly incodings, semi-wala petiols, remearly denications (in the over artifice and the alcoder sequence) when the set of the over artifice and the alcoder sequence of the set of the s

Damp pine barrens, &c. North Carolina! to Florida! and Louisinna! March-May. Scape a span to a foot high.

TRIBE VII. NASSAUVIACE E. Less.

Heads homogamous, radiatiform ; the flowers all similar and perfect. Style nearly as in the Senecioneas.

176. ACOURTIA. Don, in trans. Linn. soc. 16. p. 203; DC. prodr. p. 65.

Heads 15:0-0-dimered, discoid, homogeneous in the lowere perfect. Insert nutritistics is the solar indication of neuronal article, ancousts, apprender, distant at the base, articulated with the recking decisions). Receptuality and the solar decision of the solar

1. A. microcophale (DG.): seem bethasecons 1 branching: the branchine angular, someware conductclassing, ovente, acute, sharply toolbod, glandular, somewhat paberaiten beneath): branchine several in a thyraid coryonity, scales of the involuces micromate-acuminates, glandular-puberlieft on the back. DC. 1. 6. California, Dwarkar.—This and the Chanatali are the only North Ameri-

California, Desglas.-This and the Chaptalia are the only North American representatives of a suborder, which is eminently characteristic of the western portion of South America.

SUBORDER III. LIGULIFLOR E. DC.

Flowers all ligulate and perfect, disposed in a homogamous radiatiform head. Pollen scabrous and many-sided, usually dodecahedral.

TRIBE VIII. CICHORACE . Vaill., Juss.

Style cylindraceous above, the summit as well as the rather obtuse branches uniformly pubescent; the stigmatic lines terminating below or near the middle of the branches.—Plants with a milky juice ! Leaves alternate.

CONSPECTUS OF THE GENERA.

Hoo Subtribe 1. LAMPSANE .- Pappus none. Receptacle not chaffy.

LAMFBARA. Achenia obscurely striate. Involucre creet. Heads paniculate.
 Arogon. Achenia many-ribbed. Involucre consiyent in fruit. Heads solitary or umbellate. Cauline leaves often composite.

Subtribe 2. HYOSEREDEAS.—Pappus either wholly or partly chaffy or squamellate. Receptacle not chaffy. 4467

* Involuce simple, equal, searcely in 2 series.

KRIDIA. Pappus of 5 broad chaffy scales and 5 alternate briatles.
 180. CYNTRIA. Pappus of numerous short squamellie and capillary bristles.

· · Involuces double or imbrigated.

SCOREONELLA. Pappus of 10 short chaffy scales, bearing long capillary awns.
 CALAIS. Pappus of 5 elongated and scorious (often bidd) awned scales.
 CICHOREON. Pappus very small, multi-squamellate. Flowers blue !

Subtribe 3. SOGREONERER.-Pappus setone, or plamose. Receptacle not chaffy. 472

184. STEFRANOMERIA: Achenia truncate. Pappus plumom. Heads 3-6-flowered.

185. RAFINESQUIA. Achenia rostrate. Pappus plumose. Heads many-flowered.

186. LEONTODON. Achenia fusiform or slightly rostrate. Pappus plumose. Heads many-flowared.

Subtribe 4. LACTUCE.E. .- Pappus capillary, not plumose. Receptacle not chaffy. 474

· Pappus dirty while or tawny, fragile. Achenia not rostrate.

187. APARetrouw. Pappus barbellate, in a single series. Heads many-flowered.

188. HIRBACEUM. Pappas sosbrous, in a single series. Heads 20-many-flowered (yellow). Achenia oblong or columnar.

 NABALUS. Pappus scabrous, copious. Heads 5-30-flowered (ochrolescous, whitish, or purplish), nodding. Achenia linear-oblong, cylindrical.

190. LYOODERSHIA. Pappul scarcely scabrous, very copious. erod (rose-purple), erect. Achenia linear, elongated.

· · Pappus bright while (except in Pyrrhopappus and a ringle Mulgodiam).

+ Athenia terete or angled, not evidently compressed nor rostrate.

 MALACOTHELE. Pappus in a single series, soft; the bristles sparingly barbellate near the base. Achenan abort, truncate.

192, CREFE. Pappus in two or more series, soft, slightly scabrous. Achtenia columnar, fusiform, or obscurely pointed.

193. TROXINGM. Pappus copious and unequal, in several series, rigid. Achemia oblong-linear, scarcely or not at all restrate. Acaulescent, simple.

+ + Achenia terete, ribbed or angled, with a long filiform beak.

- 194. MACHORNEVECUS. Involuces imbricated. Achemia with about 10 ribs or callous wings, smooth. Acaulescent.
- 195. TARAXACUM. Involucre double, in 2 series. Achenia striate-angled, usually muricate. Acaulescent.
- 196. Ружкиотлячия. Involuce double, in 2 series, the exterior of spreading subulate scales. Achenia scabrous. Caulescent or acaulescent. Pappes roddiah or fulvous.

+ + + Achenia flattened, either compressed or obcompressed.

- 197. LACTUCA. Achenia obcompressed, fint, abruptly produced into a filiform beak. Pappas very soft and white.
- 198. MULARNUM. Achenia compressed, tapering into a short or thick (sombtimes indistinct) beak. Pappus bright white or tawny. Flowers blue.
- Soncuros. Achenia compresent, not rostrate. Pappus exceedingly aoft and delicate, bright white. Involvere becoming tumid at the base. Flowers yellow.

Subtribe 1. LAMPSANES, Less .- Receptacle not chaffy. Pappus none-

177. LAMPSANA. Tourn. ; Juss. gen. p. 168 ; DC. prodr. 7. p. 76.

Lapsana, Linn. | Gertn. fr. t. 157.

Heads h=10-flowered. Scalas of the cylindrical-campanists angled involuces exceeds in a single encir, barcendae with one or two minute scales. Receptories narrow, naked. Arbenia obleag, glabrain, adscarely estais, cadrocos, deviature of paparous.—Sitteder branching berk institutes of the old world), with angulate or toohod leaves, and small loosely panleal attention. Flowers yellow.

Lower Canada, Mrs. Skoppard ! Mrs. Percival ! Probably introduced from Europe.--Mr. Oakes once found this plant by the roadside in Cambridge, Massachusets.

178. APOGON. Ell. sk. 2. p. 267 ; DC. prodr. 7. p. 78.

Heads 10-20-flowered. Scales of the involucre mostly 8, somewhat in two series, ovate, acuminate, nearly as long as the corolla, connivent in full: Receptacle naked. Achenia obovoid-oblong, terete, longitudinally ribbed, and marked with very minute transverse stratures, glabrous. Pappes note:

APODON.

COMPOSITÆ.

(or sometimes very minute and shuffy. DC)—As anoming plateous or comwing planous small, the h_1 +21 (nice the h_1 , branched, from the base, the branches starder, exect or ascending, baseling 1-5 or were?) unabilize altered predicts in the summaria, and also frequent jo the sails of the curlle bises, minuty is that blipped near the summari, terminated by shuffs small basels. The prediction of the summaria, terminated by shuffs a small basels for the start of the information and start of the start bits, near or a summaria.

A. humilis (Ell. ! l. c.)-A. humilis & A. gracilis, DC. ! L. c./

3. lyrata: radical and lower cauline leaves (either some of all of them) variously lyrate-toothed or pinnatifid.—A. lyratum, Nutt. in jour. acad. Philad. 7. p. 71, & in trans. Amer. phil. soc. (n. scr.) 7. p. 424. Serinia Caspitons, Raf. J. Ludov. p. 1497 (DC. predr. 7. p. 261.)

sergences, rag., r., Ladore, p. 1697 (DG, profer 7, p. 261.) South Carolina (Goorgin 1 and Froinfa to Lovinskan Arkanass 1 and Taxas): A. Lonisiana, Drumsond! Dr. Hafet? Pluina of Arkanas, Noidid Dr. Pitcher, Kow. Texas, Dromond! April-lance-We cannod dis-Word the vinimize chally pappars. In an onlyinal speciment of Argenzia, where the vinimize chally pappars in an onlyinal speciment of Argenzia, where the vinimize chally pappars in an onlyinal speciment of Argenzia, where the vinimize chally pappars in an onlyinal speciment of Argenzia Word the vinimize chally pappars in an onlyinal speciment of Argenzia Word the vinimize chally pappars in an onlyinal speciment of Argenzia and Nurally in places and the irregular incision of the leaves in the latter is very inconstant.

Subtribe 2. HYOSERTER, Less.-Receptacle not chaffy. Pappus simple or double, either wholly or partly chaffy, squamellate, or coroniform.

179. KRIGIA. Schreb. gen. p. 532; Willd.; DC. prodt. 7. p. 88.

Heads hield-discored, Scalar of the involute 6-15, somewhat in a boliko esten, square, Receptote match. Achesia turbinstom many-strates, somewhat 5-acquire. Pappon doublet the exterior of 5 loads and consider wires shaft years, the inore (crust) waveling of a many sidned reslives hields attending with the wires, and corresponding with the stude of the achesian—Scalar and Networks and corresponding with the stude of the achesian—Scalar and Networks and corresponding with the stude attending of the students of the students and corresponding with the stude the achesian—Scalar and Networks and corresponding with the stude the achesian of the students of the student students and the students of the students of the student students and the students with the student students and the student students and the student based of the students of the student students and the student students at the student students at the student student student student students at the student st

1. Bristles of the pappus more or less exceeding the chaffy scales, but not longer than the terete achenium, sometimes entirely wanting : scales of the involvere 5-9, with a strong midrib, erect and carinate-navicular in fruit— CYRENA.

 K. accidentalis (Nutt.): scapes very numerous from the same role, diffuse, simple, leafless, highld: | large either entire or]yrrisit the exterior with the lamins or terribal blocoval or roundish; the innermost lanceolate or narrowly linesr; achenia equally many-ribbed, clinkate-scabross on the ribs which correspond with the bristlest of the inner papers, very minutely reticulate-rugose by transverse lines .- Nutl. 1 in jour. acad. Philad. 7. p. 104, & in trans. Amer. phil. soc. l. c. p. 427.

β. matica : bristles of inner pappus altogether wanting !

Arkmans, Nutali / Dr. Lorenververh? Texa, Dramonod / a. & S. under no. 164. – Sencrely a park high. Earlier reliaid leaves is shape tot unlike those of Cardamine belikilishin, sometimes lyrate-innutifid with several divisions i the later ones much more alender. One of two of the involueral senles are usually 2-3-nervel, and 2-3-carinate in fuit.—Except as to the papport, the var. β . Is not distinguishable from the ordinary form.

§ 2. Bristles of the pappus much longer than the pentangular achenium: scales of the involuce 10-18, linear-lanceolate, nearly nerveless, spreading in fruit.-EUXEDIA.

Dry sandy grounds and rocks (rarely in wet places), Canada! to Louisiana! and Texas! May-Aug.—Scapes 1-10 inches high. Flowers deep yellow. Acbenia minutely hispid-scabrous on the angles.—The var. β , is a summer state of the species.—Doard Dandelion.

 K. Cardinima (Nut.): scapes solitary or several, slightly and sparsetly polissest, often somewhat highed at the sommitty primary leven linearlanceolars, acute at each end, onire or with one or two divartante bless on each sider the successful y minimized, remeined, or minimate, or ministed, acute or obtaines—Nut. ! Let Ell, i. c. i DC. I. e. Hysseris Candinians, Walt. Care, p. 194.

3: leptophylla: leaves all linear-lanceolate, acuminate, either entire or with one or two slender divariante lobes on each side.—K. leptophylls, DC. / i.e.

Carolina! to Florida, Alabama! and Texas! Feb .- May .-- Scapes 1-12 inches high. Leaves very variable as to size, incision, &c.

1 Uncertain species.

 K. montana (Nutt. l. c.): very glebrous, procumbent; leaves lanccolate [or somewhat spatulate], entire; pappus double; the exterior minute chaffy scales and the bristles few. *Michz.*-Hyoseris montana, *Michz. A.* 2, p. 87.

On the highest mountains of North Carolina, Michaur.

180. CYNTHIA. Don. in Edinb. phil. jour. 12. p. 305 ; Less. ; DC.

Heads many-flowered. Scales of the involucre 12-15, linear-lanceolate, equal, somewhat in a double series, shorter than the corolla. Receptacle flat, foveolate. Achenia short, obscurely quadrangular, many-striate, not

COMPOSITE.

CINTHIA.

notrate. Pappes double; the exterior of namerous very small chafty symmellar, the inner of numerous capillary and exchoos somewhat decidaous brieles.—Perennial nearly glabrous and somewhat glancous (North American) herts; with very monoh undivided or pinanified leaves' the scepes or pedancies alender, monty glandular-hispid at the sammit, and bearing single mildie-izede heads. Flowerh fight vellow.

 Caulescent, somewhat branched above : root not tuberiferous : peduncles subunbellate : achenia oblong, slightly narrowed towards the base.—Eu-CINTRIA, DC. (excl. char. invol. calycul.) (Luthera, Schultz.)

1. C. Frigrier (Das, 1, c); I aves or 1, spantareolong, or oblogs monother, in metal results of the start structure of the structure of the start structure of

Dry or moist andy soil, &c., New York! Michigan! and from Lake Wrinper (D.- Rogidnor 1) to Kentucky! and the upper part of Carolina! and Georgia! May-July.—Sixem 1-24 free high, sometimes once or twice freed, suggestuant naided. Leaves 2-5 inches long. Pedancies subiended briests. Achemia glabrona. Pappus atrongly scalarona—The state with pinonafilo of ryname radical leaves not at all constant.

§ 2. Acaulescent : roots tuberiferous : scapes naked, simple : achenia tapering to the base, somewhat turbinate.- ADOPOODN, DC, (not of Neck. 7)

3. C. Davalline (DC. 11. 6.): expess smally several from the same root; fromy laws spatialise-about pic the other lines: hencedue, edengated, mostly acase, either enviro, reprod-derificiator, removily simula-colonde, of the statistical exploration (1) for singular between leaf version babe. For each Philad. 7, p. 69. Trapezgen Davdelinn, *Lines, apro.* 66. 2, p. 1111 (pic. Philad. 7, p. 69. Trapezgen Davdelinn, *Lines, apro.* 66. 2, p. 1111 (pic. Philad. 7, p. 69. Trapezgen Davdelinn, *Lines, apro.* 66. 2, p. 1111 (pic. Philad. 7, p. 69. Trapezgen Davdelinn, *Lines, apro.* 66. 2, p. 1111 (pic. Philad. 7, p. 69. Trapezgen Davdelinn, *Lines, apro.* 66. 2, p. 1111 (pic. Philad. 1, p. 69. Trapezgen Davdelinn, *Lines, apro.* 66. 2, p. 1111 (pic. Philad. 1, p. 69. Trapezgen Davdelinn, *Lines, apro.* 66. 2, p. 1111 (pic. Philad. 1, p. 69. Trapezgen Davdelinn, *Lines, apro.* 66. 2, p. 1111 (pic. Philad. 1, p. 69. Trapezgen Davdelinn, *Lines, apro.* 66. 2, p. 1111 (pic. Philad. 1, p. 69. Trapezgen Davdelinn, *Lines, apro.* 66. 2, p. 1111 (pic. Philad. 1, p. 69. Trapezgen Davdelinn, *Lines, apro.* 66. 2, p. 1111 (pic. Philad. 1, p. 69. Trapezgen Davdelinn, *Lines, apro.* 66. 2, p. 1111 (pic. Philad. 1, p. 69. Trapezgen Davdelinn, *Lines, apro.* 66. 2, p. 1111 (pic. Philad. 1, p. 69. Trapezgen Davdelinn, *Lines, apro.* 66. 2, p. 1111 (pic. Philad. 1, p. 69. Trapezgen Davdelinn, *Lines, apro.* 66. 2, p. 1111 (pic. Philad. 1, p. 69. Trapezgen Davdelinn, *Lines, apro.* 66. 2, p. 1111 (pic. Philad. 1, p. 69. Trapezgen Davdelinn, *Lines, apro.* 66. 2, p. 1111 (pic. Philad. 1, p. 69. Trapezgen Davdelinn, *Lines, apro.* 66. 2, p. 1111 (pic. Philad. 1, p. 69. Trapezgen Davdelinn, *Lines, apro.* 66. 2, p. 1111 (pic. Philad. 1, p. 69. Trapezgen Davdelinn, *Lines, apro.* 66. 2, p. 1111 (pic. Philad. 1, p. 69. Trapezgen Davdelinn, *Lines, apro.* 66. 2, p. 1111 (pic. Philad. 1, p. 69. Trapezgen Davdelinn, Philad. 1, p. 69. 3, p. 69. 7, p. 1111 (pic. Philad. 1, p. 69. 3, p. 69. 7, p. 1111 (pic. Philad. 1, p. 69. 3, p. 69. 7, p. 69.

B. leaves very narrowly linear and attenuated, either entire or sparingly laciniate-pinnatifid.—Krigia Caroliniana, Hook. 1 in compan. to bed. mag. 1. p. 100, not of Nutl.

7. often caulescent and decumbent; leaves either remotely sinuate-pinmatified or entire; the upper cauline somewhat opposite-Hyoseria montana, Michz. fl. 2. p. 87?

Low responses to the forward of the second s

CINTHIA.

which has remarkably narrow leaves, passes into the ordinary state, from which C. Bosei, *DC*. is in no way distinguishable. The var. y, is a singular and probably local form.—The leaves in this and the preceding genera are exceedingly variable in their outline, division, &c., upon which no dependence can be placed for specific characters.

181. SCORZONELLA. Nutt. in trans. Amer. phil. soc. (n. ser.)7 p. 426.

Herd many-deverse. Scalar of the cylindraceous-avoid involute inductive readin 5-4 steries, vorte, couprisourch grouninnes, mentimames-chartneceous, neurity as long as the oreadis. Receptate latticity, alveolate. Achival aber, somewhat quadrangular, not antonuose as the nopes, anany (10-14) strikts, month, obscurity publicences of phaloss. The paper of 10 (or rarryly level very similar discontexity and the phaloss. The phalos and higher strikt areas of the strikt strikt strikt strikt strikt strikt strikt (nativities of Oregon); within the halt of *Borzansers* the stensis several from leases of the (unality lineihordy prime) papers in homework strikt indy leases of the (unality lineihordy prime); homework strikt indy lenders, strikt shores, and terminated by asiliary heads. Cordia yellow.

The scales of the pappus are certainly distinct, not united at the base into a cup, as described by Nuttalf.

 S. lacinizata (Nutt. 'l. c.): slightly puberalent; leaves pinnately parted : the segments long and slender, linear-subfilform; scales of the involucerianbricated in 3-4 series, all acuminated from a broad base; scales of the pappa ovato--Hymeconema l lacinistum, Hook.' R. Bor. Am. 1. p. 301;

Plains of the foregon, from the Rocky Montains to the ocean, Desglard Sec. Near the mouth of the Wahlamet, Nutleil (—A foot high : the long naked peducetes familuos. Flowers bright subpuryellow. The isoconspicous squamellate portion of the pappus several times shorter than the achenium 1 the bristles about twice the length of the achenium.

 S. leptosepala (Nutt. 1. c.): leaves pinnately parted; scales of the involucre in two series; the exterior about 5, ovate; the inner 6, lanceolate, accuminate; scales of the pappus obloar-inarceolate.

3. S. glauca (Nutt. l. c.): leaves linear-acuminate, canaliculate, glaucous. -Hymenonema ? glaucum, Hook, l. c.

Oregon, at Fort Vencouver, Mr. Garry, ex Hook .- This is a doubtful plant, only known by the brief character given by Hooker.

182. CALAIS. DC. prodr. 7. p. 85. (excl. syn.)

Uropappus, Nutt.

Head many-flowered. Involucre cylindraceous, double; the scales lanceolate, achminate, membranaceous; the exterior 3-6 more or less calyculate;

CALAIS.

the interface b=20 sources in a series, rather longer than the forware. Bepredicts flat, rather Alerins terest, underfar attenuits are the normin or routing, writes; the minute this scaleware. Papper of 5 linear-hanceshare learned ascrinos scales (which are at testic covolute around the covolly 1 the miltip probabed (into a minutely scaleware are as-hanced nearly glaberary form of the scale or exploring the state of the scale of the scale of the minute scale or exploring the state are as the scale form atoms more, scales or exploring the scale of the scale of the form atoms more, scales and finations above, terminated by a single head. Covolla yellow.

§ 1. Advania scarcely roterate; the exterior (Nutt.) (the inner, ex Hock, & Arn.) hirrute with appressed hairs; the others scalarous; the chafty scales of the pappus dilated at the base, toppring gradually into the long own: innorhave more evidently colloculate.—EVCALAIS, DC. (Uropappus § Brachycarpa, Nutt.)

 G. Douglasii (DC.! 1. c.): scapose, somewhat bairy when young; leaves linear-ianceolate, endice, or remotely pinasitifu, with the lobel linear and short (pappus reddish, DG. or straw-oors, Nutl.)-Holos, & Arn. bot. Becokey, suppl. p. 361. Uropappus (Brachycarpa) heterocarpus, Nutl. in trans. Amer. phil. see, (n. 4:7), 7, p. 425.

California, Douglas, Natull.—Plant 6 inches high. Flowers pale yellow, small. Nutl.—We have only seen this plant in the herbarium of De Candolle. The character given by Hooker & Arnott embraces the phrase t "pappi pales appresse villosis."

§ 2. Advania all vimilar and glabrows, lapering into a short back, the angles minutaly muricate-catorous r olafy scales of the pappus bifd at the apex be midrib produced balence the tech into a sam of variable length: exterior involveral scales unequal—CALOCALASS, DC. (Uropappus § Colocalias, Nut.)

2. C. fissorificia (DC, 1: c.): scaposo or caulescent; leaves linear, elonfasted, cilias with soft hairs when young, often puberlient, as well as the base of the scam, either entire, remotely toothed, or the lower lacinates jinnatifia (pappro either alterey-white or tawny).—Hole, & Arr. I. c. C. linearifolias & C. Lindleyi, DC. 1:c. (excl. sym.) Uropappus grandiforrat. U. linearifolias & W. Lindleyi, Nutl. I. c.

California, Dugglar / Nutall--Plant 10-14 inches high the long scapadi Poluncies very fisulass. The capillary was more scaredy if at large scapadi the paptrast can be out for the transport of the scale of the paptrast can be called the paptrast can be out of the transport of the scale of the paptrast can be paptrast in the scale of the paptrast can be paper of the paper lawing C. insertificiar his U. Lindley is founded merely on the character of De Candolle is hit. II. linear/figure is a stare with rabbe smaller baseds, &cc.

183. CICHORIUM, Town .: Linn.; Gartn. fr. t. 157; DC. prodr. 7. p. 84

Heads chiefly many-flowered. Involucre double; the exterior of about 5 short spreading scales; the inner of 8-10 scales. Achenia somewhat compressed, striate, giabrous. Pappus of numerous very small chaffy squamellee,

Сісповлим.

in 1-2 series.-Branching herbs (natives of the old world), with the radical leaves toothed or runcinate; the heads axillary and nearly sessile, or terminating the branches. Flowers bright blue, sometimes varying to white.

 C. Intybus (Linn.): lower-leaves runcinate, hispid-scabrous on the carinate midrib; the cauline small, oblong or lanceolate, partly classing, simutetoyhed or nearly entire; those of the branches inconspicous; heads mostly 2-3 together, seasile...Engl. bot. t. 559; Schkwir, heads...t 226; Parth, Jr. 2, p. 496; [Idok. Jr. Bar.-An. 1, p. 295; Duringt, Jr. Catt. p. 440.

Old fields and road-sides, naturalized in Canada! and the Northern and Middle States! Aug.-Sept .-- 24 Flowers showy .-- Wild Succery.

Subtribe 3. SCORZONERER, Less .- Receptacle not chaffy. Pappus of chaffy or stout bristles, which are dilated at the base, or else plumose.

184. STEPHANOMERIA. Nutt. in trans. Amer. phil. soc. l. c. 7. p. 427.

Heah 3-d-dowerd. Involves cylindrich, composed of 3-6 oblog-lines concerved equal scales, and of a few hort calcycains each scale Receptule embeddate, and of a few hort calcycains each scale growth, glaboxa, to restrate, scales of it at all attanuals at the test property of the scale process filters bridge (which are gradually be branched ranker right and glacessent herds (natives of the scale philos, which branched ranker right and glacessent herds (natives of the scale philos). We beneface the scale of the scale of the scale philos of the number layers and the scale of the scale of the scale philos. We have been scale source and down remainstry, then of the scale yhead branched minutes and branchike, linear-scalaring, entry. Head smalls, staling the branchike. Flowers reaccoder.

These plants have exactly the habit of Lygodesmia ; from which they chiefly differ in their plantes pappus.

§ 1. Perennial : roots thick and often tortuous : heads 5-6-flowered.

 S. minor (Nutt.! L.c.): branches somewhat striate; heaves linear-subulate, entire: heads 5-flowered.—Prenanthes ! tenuifolia, Torr.! in Ann.lys. New York, 2. p. 210, not of Spreng. Lygodesmia minor, Hook.! ft. Bor.-Am. 1, p. 205, t. 103, A.

Plains and hills of the Oregon, near the Wellawallah, &c. Douglas! Nattal! Plains of the Platte, Dr. Jarses !--Jaly-Aug.--A foot or more in height. Achieving and even when matures. Pappus of 16-24 beauftcully plumose briefles.

 S. runcinate (Nutl. 1. c.): branches Berayns, somewhat strinter radies and lower caulies leaves runcinse, more or lass pubscent when young? these of the fartile branches linear or subulate, the lower often 1-2-conted justals 5-6-diswerd—Percanthes nucleinatum, James, in *Long's copel.* P.1 paueißenz, *Torr. 1* is area. Igo. New York, 2. p. 210. S. runcinsta & S. heterophysik, Nat. 1. L. e.

Plains of the Platte at the base of the Rocky Mountains, Dr. Janes! Lieut. Frement! Also on Big Sandy Creek, one of the sources of the Colorado of the West, Nuttail! July-Aug-Plant 4-8 inches high.

§ 2. Annual: heads 3-5-flowered.

 S. paniculata (Nutt. ! 1. c.): atems stout, erect, striate, virgate, bearing numerous short paniculate flowering branches; cauline leaves linear, the lower often toothed or sagittate at the base; those of the branches minute; mostly 5-flowered.

Pfkins of the Rocky Mountains, near the Colorado of the West, Natall ! —Sten 2 feet or more in height. Heads smaller and more slender than in the preceding, terminal and lateral, and subsessile along the branchlets. Achenia 5-angled, obscurely rugose. Bristles of the pappus 15-20, grayish, at length brownish.

 S. cxigua (Nutt. 1.c.): diffusely much branched, the branches slender; radical leaves runcinate-pinnatifid; those of the branches reduced to minute scales; heads 3-4- (sometimes 5-) flowered.

Plains of the Rocky Mountains, with the preceding, Nuttall !--Heads still smaller than in S. paniculats, scarcely a line in diameter, 3-4 lines in length.

185. RAFINESQUIA. Nutt. in trans. Amer. phil. soc. (n. ser.) 7. p. 429.

Heads mmay-dowersel. Scales of the cylindracova involverse about 35, somewhat in 2 arrivel, Incore-comming from a bouidh base, with earding margins, whended by a few hort and spreading calvalar scales or hearts. Recentale maked, purciculants. Achieving interests, many even, smooth or the exterior minutely sechono-publecent, with the basilar recolds terminal, and fragile phanese briefse, nearly in a stagle series, doubtours.—An smanl engemission ymmeth, thended glabullet, doubtours.—An smanl engemission ymmeth, thended glabullet, doubtours.—An smanl branchese math. Heads rather large, terminasing the frasignite minutely brancese mandlets. However white.

R. Californica (Nutt. ! 1. c.)

St. Diego, California, near the coast.—Stem 2-3 feet high, terete, purplish. Involucers at length enlarging at the base and becoming conical, as in Somchus. Flowers fugacious, built itel easered, externally dark purple in the centre of the ligule. Achenium shorter than the very slender and nearly smooth beak.

res musima

186. LEONTODON. Linn. (excl. spec.); Juss. ; Koch, syn. p. 418.

Heads many-discreted, involvence secretcy individually the extension sciences peak over and heardbooks in 1-25 series. Researcher analopacetas, or sourceastic and individual to the space or sourceastic transfers. Propus persistent, composed of 1 or 8 series of patrones birstless, which may associated and the binas, or the strater of sources birstless, which may associated and the binas, or the strater of sources birstless, which may associated and the binas, or the strater of source ability manufacture personal (clothery European) herbs; with redical, toobed, or pismatidal lawars. Elevene which

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COMPOSIT

§ Scapes usually branched : involucre obconical, many-bractcolate : achenia fusiform : pappus a single series of (dirty white or tawny) equal plumose bristles, which are lanceolate-thickened at the base .- Oroninia, Don, DC.

1. L. autumnale (Linn.): root præmorse, fibrose; leaves more or less innatifid : neduncles naniculate-corymbose, thickened at the summit, and furnished with small scaly bracts; involucre obovoid-oblong, more or less pubescent .- Koch, syn. R. Germ, & Helv, p. 418. Hedyppois automnalis, Huds.; Engl. bot. 1, 830. Apargin autumnalis, Willd.; Schkuhr, handb. Hude, Forgi, Oci, I. Sol. Apargan automatis, Wild.; Scowent, Annel. I. 220; Parkh, J. 2, p. 497; Bigel, J. H. Bott, ed. 2, p. 265; I. Hok, J. H. Bort-Am. 1, p. 296. Upcointing automatis, Daw, in Editob. phil. jour, M. (1989); Heck, for p. 108; P. DC.; grand. 7, p. 108. NewKonaliand, Pyloit! Mr. Cormack! perhaps native. Naturalized in pastures and readiseds throughout the eastern part of. the New English.

States ! Aug .- Oct.

Subtribe 4. LACTUCER, Cass. (Lactucen & Hieraciem, Less., DC.)-Receptacle not chaffy. Pappus capillary ; the bristles mostly soft or fragile, not dilated or thickened at the base, nor plumose,

187. APARGIDIUM.

Head many-flowered. Scales of the campanulate-cylindrical involucro narrowly lanceolate, acuminate, strongly one-nerved ; the inner nearly in a single series; the exterior few, short and subulate-bracteolate. Receptacle naked. Tube of the corolla villous. Immature achenia oblong, slighdy obcompressed, glabrous, not ribbed, nor attenuated at either end. Papput of copious rather rigid and fragile barbellate-denticulate capillary bristles, nearly in a single series, scarcely thickened downwards, brownish .- A slender glabrous acaulescent perennial herb ; with fibrous-fasciculate often tuberiferous roots, and narrowly linear-lanceolate obscurely denticulate lenves. arising from a short caudex. Head solitary, on an elongated naked scape, at first nodding. Flowers light yellow.

A. boreale .- Apargia borealis, Bongard ! veg. Sitcha, in mem. acad. St. Petersb. I. c. p. 146. Leontodon boreale, DC. / prodr. 7. p. 102. Crepis borealis, C. H. Schultz, incd.

Sitcha, Bongard ! Oregon, Mr. Tolmie !- Scape longer than the leaves, slender, 4-12 inches high. Leaves 2-4 lines wide, tapering to both ends, acute, one-nerved, furnished with here and there a slight retrorse tooth, somewhat petioled. Head about as large as in the common Dandelion : scales of the involucre erect. Mature achenia unknown .- The pappus is neither plumose nor white, as described by Bongard, but between barbellate and denticulate, and dull light brown.

188. HIERACIUM. Tourn. ; Linn. ; Garta. fr. t. 158 ; Schkuhr, handb. t. 221 : DC. prodr. 7. p. 202.

Heads many-flowered. Scales of the involucre imbricated, or only in two series, of which the outer is short and somewhat enlyculate-

HIERACIUM.

COMPOSITÆ.

Recepted services that, or slightly alreads-finishillar. Achieve aidlong or columns, often velocityser, reselv fusions, mixine or slided, not not strates. Papers consisting of a single series of persistent but very fingle descinduates achieves the sources in the strates of the leaves, many of the European species anomiconic site is source photoence often settlings the briefly high frequently glandular or descindent. Flowers yellow, very any strate or source of the strates of the

§1. Involver imbricated : achenia usually tapering towards the base, but never towards the summit (heads commonly rather large.)—EUHIERACIUM.

 H. alpinums (Linn.): stem bearing about a single leaf and a solitary ventricose head; leaves oblong-lanceolate, entire or somewhat toothed, bearing both villous and glandular hairs; scales of the involuces rather loose, villous; ligules pabencent externally.—Engl. bot. t. 1119; Fral. 4 in DC. prodr. 7, p. 208.

Greenland! (e. sp. in herb. Greens.)—The H. pusillum, Purch l (f. 2. p. 502), which this author suggests may be only a diminuitive variety of H. Apinum, and which is therefore referred to that species by E. Meyer, &c., proves, on examination of the authentic specimen in herb. Lamb. (from herb. Dickow) to be Erigeron apinum!

2. H. wighting (Fries) seem erect, somewhat flexions, naked above, corryndros et the summit; lavers lancelosa, attenuta et al. both ends, cancelly (or observely) toothed, entire towards the aper, petiolof, villous; involuce obvious, histoise and ginduiliferous pepos nearly while. Frei, in DC.— Prier, nort: Succ. ed. 2, p. 530. (H. sylvaticum, Fi. Dan. & 113, (not of them, Wath (s.g., Bard, H. age, G. B. and H. aurorum et al., Ens, in part field Frield, e.g. H. mille, Parel (J. B. Z. B. and H. aurorum et al., and part for Priot, i.e. [H. mille, Parel (J. B. J. Bord, B. C. B. and H. Burorum (J. B. Starker, Starker, Saleholt, in Lennae, 10, p. 671. Hood, J. Bared, M. 2011).

Greenland, Pries. Labradon, Kohlmeister! Henne, ex Schlecht. Point Levi, Lower Canada, Mrs. Sheppard, ex Hock. (if we have correctly referred the synonym.)—A variable species, allel do H. sylvanicum and H. murorum, with the heads resembling in size and form those of H. molle (Creps hierarchices, Waldkt & Kik), for which Parsh mitstok it.

3. H. presentedied(VIII): a stern simple, strict, leafy, cogymbose at the summit; leaves membranecous, desticulate, clisine, reisculated and glascous beneath; the cashine oblog-innecolate, clasping; the lower narrowed an arricalize at the base; the optication and oblogs heads glaspindiar-hirsute. Frei, in: DC, L. e., VIII. Diefba 3, p. 108, § rosy, p. 58, t. 3, f. 3; Frie, novid, Suce cd. 2, p. 201.

Greenland, Fries. (A stouter variety, not glaucous, and hairy throughout.) -Leaves varying from cordate to ovate-oblong, lanceolate, and lingulate, always acute. Fries.

4. II. Canadrase: (Michay): seen erect, simple or spatiagly branched above, later), leaves, laters, laters,

HIERACIUM.

& mecephyllam, Parsh, J. 2, p. 504. H. Kalmii, Sprong, rupt 3, p. 666; Bigleif, J. Satt. ed. 2, p. 855 [Part]. compound to of Jans, M. Bort, ed. 2, p. 855 [Part]. Compound to of Jans, M. H. Canadense I. Instatum? (but these are described from gation specimems, which probably belong us. H. Sabaddan or H. Ayotern.) belinning base and heradit for the laway. Sci. 1 and distinguishable, but not definitely so, leto the two following form; the first or Northern vesters. Balancing, eds.

a. angust/folium: leaves varying from narrowly to broadly lanceolate.– H. umbellatum, Richards. appz. Frankl. journ. ed. 2, p. 29: Hook.! ft. Bor-Am. 1, p. 300, excl. syn. H. Canadense J. sepbruum, Schweinitz! in Long* 2nd czped. appz. H. senbruueularn, Schweinitz! I. e. H. maeramhum, Nati. In trans. Amer. phil. soc. (n. esr.) 7, p. 446.

3. latificium : leaves varying from oblong-lanceolate to lanceolate-ovate ; the upper frequently somewhat cordate at the base.--H. macrophyllum, Pursh, i.c. H. premanthoides, H. co, k. l. c., excl. svn.

Dry will in open places, from Massachusetal and Western New York Pamannal Lack Swinzeri Za, Geldary M., Ji estording year, a powsk be denominal Lack Swinzeri Za, Geldary M., Ji estording year a powsk be denominal taken structure and the structure and the structure of the

§ 2. Envolver: epiledrical: the inner scales in a single series ; the other for and short, edgestate: achenia columnar or fusiform? (heads small, 20-30flowerd): briefly hairs solven present eachware-arrate or deviated to mider a lean.)—SYENCTHERA, Monnier. (Stenatheon & species of Hieracium, Mannier. Species of Aracium, Noch.7 Less.)

Natives of Eastern North America.

6. If anothem (Micks) is term rather stem, leady, seahness, hirster of high blue's the fiber terminoses, and the stem particle single or composing, all fast randoms black blacks and the stem particle stem particle stem particle stem particle stem (16-5), flowered in avoid the stem of the same of the source of the source

Borders of woods, &co., from Northern Canada to Missouri i Kettucky! and the upper part of Georgia I common in the Northern Statis I-Asy-Sequ--Stem I-3 feet high rough. Upper surface of the laware high of binutus with seatured burly high arring from a tworth dilited base. Heads larger than in H. Gronovil, and with more numerous flowers than any other species of this section. The whole panic is remarkably will those along the dilited of this section. The whole panic is remarkably will binow along an even of the section. The whole panic is remarkably will binow along any well as with a close monetum.

HIRRACIUM.

COMPOSITÆ.

6. If Longrightm (Terr), as new viggate, simple, very ledy townside to easily the hose, made of an ownewing a fabous around the source houring a small retermone publicle ; the lower period, made both affect of the oblog-planeeting with the 30-30-flowered in wavelenge in length makesymmetry length on the strength of the strength of

Positive and open woods, from Michigan Lu Blinois I. Missouff, and Antomas I existence parely to the RASK Monthum, secondly to Naturill, Antomas I existence parely to the RASK Monthum, secondly us Naturill, an implicit least in this second and the second second second second theory of the second second second second second second second frequencies of the second second second second second second frequencies of the second second second second second second frequencies of the second second second second second second frequencies of the second frequencies of the second second second second second second frequencies of the second second second second second second frequencies and second second second second second second second frequencies and second second second second second second second frequencies and second second second second second second second frequencies and second second second second second second second frequencies and second second second second second second frequencies and second second second second second second second frequencies and second second second second second second second frequencies and second second second second second second second frequencies and second s

7. H. Orsnowi (Liku): term virgan, tarky and very hirste below, tender and minute placescort towards the summit, formaging an elegand of the summary of the summit, formaging an elegand of the summary of the summar

B. entonadum: : stem siehder, wan one of two leaves tear the oase, naked and often glabrous above.-H. subbudum, Frail. i. c. 7 (herb. DC.! partly.) Stemothece subbudu, Monnier, i. c. t. 2. f. A. no. 5 (fruit).

7. hirsutissimum : stem (except the summit) and leaves strongly hirsute with very long shaggy hairs, arising from small papillae.

Denotes the set of the

8. H. renorms (Linn.): stem or scape naked or with a single leaf, glabroas, alcoder, several times dicbotomous, forming a diffuse compound coxymb (the divisions subtorded by a subulate brack); radical leaves obovate or spatialise-bolong, entire or obscurely denicular, alightly petiolole, thin and pails, often purple) and glacouse barenth, mostly with purple version, but margins and especially the midrib heneath villos, the surfaces often glabrows; the fillion divations polarized and also of the involucer efflort glaberous or sparsely small minurely hingd with about glandbillicons hint; glaberous or sparsely small minurely a hingd with about glandbillicons hint; glaberous or sparsely small minurely a langer weat as the summit) $-J_{\rm cons}$ defined in the system of the star of the star of the system of the system of the star of the star of the system of the star of the star of the system of the system of the star of the star of the system of the system of the star of the system of the

B. subcaulesceni: sterm more or less leafy near the base; the ésuilor leaves varying from ovate to lancolate scale or slightly clasping.—H. Gronovi, Lian., Irefo., & spec. 2, p. 802, as to clar. (not as to syn. Gronovi); Willd.; i. c.; Michz. fl. 2, p. 87 (var. a.); Monnier, i. c. p. 30; Fral.; in D.C. i. c.

In dry soil, pines woods, dox, Canada Land Sakatchavan I to Mentredy and the upper pointed of Googial dox: non-againshift in the Nevnen and New England Statist May-Alay—Steps 1-27 feet high. Earlier and/on pointed the steps of the steps of the step of the step of the long, height yellow. Hands on principal scales of the involver short step difference of testiny—There is no specimic in the herbrard of Linuxey with this same: we know nor wherea its obtained the distance," wenge with this same: we know nor wherea its obtained the distance, "a sequenders to the line of resonance step of the step of the step of the step of dest to the line of resonance step of the step of the step of the dest to the line of resonance step of the step of the step of the step of the dest to the line of resonance step of the step of

9. H. pariculation (Linn.): stem slender, lerdy paniculatie, villon by wards the base; leaves lanceolse or oral-increolast, acute at each efficient particulation of the stema in the st

Woodlands, Canada ! and Northern States ! to the mountains of Georgie! Aug.-Sept.-Heads smaller than in any other species of the genus : the involuce of fewer scales even than H. venosum ; but the achenia as in the proper Hieracia.

. Natives of Oregon and the North West Coast.

16. H. rivite (Wild). herbit: teem alender, kimple, bearing one or two hereves, and lew or several increasons or puncisation heads, larsen ablorge spannias, entire or obsciencity distanciants, villoss or nearly distances trateging in the indext periods: the upper catalian lencodents: pellowing histories, with long bowennia heins (wink) are selden giandulificeros); acheria heling, are strateging and the DC period. To gradient and the self has detained at the summing-Spreace, J syn 2, p. 640. It for these H index error, Srat & DC Lee, p. 201. H. Lencoter, Scient H. B. Berler, 2753.

Unalaschka, Norfolk Sound, &c. Chamisso! Northern and higher Rocky Monatains, Drawmond !-- A span to a foot or more high. Heads about as large as in H. venouum : the ligules very short. Involucte &c. remarkably clothed with long grayiab-torwan hairs.

11. H. Scouleri (Hook.): stem paniculate-branched, either smooth and glabrous, except the base, or hispid with divaricate-spreading long brisly hairs, leafy below; leaves lanceolate-oblong, acute or mucronate, mostly

HIERACIUM.

COMPOSITÆ.

entire, sessile or nearly so, hispid with spreading hairs; puniele compound; the erect peduncies and the (about 20-flowered) involacre more or less giandular-hispid; achenia columnar, not narrowed at the summit.--Hook.! f. Borr.Am. 1, p. 298.

Notka, and at the mouth of the Oregon, Dr. Scouler? On the Wahlsmer, Natiol.—A. fox high, clothed with Gacous or bowenish britty haim (distinctly denticulate under a lems), like those of H. longipilum, except that due yate much shorter and apreading. Heads annul; the involucer sparingprovinces are strong and the strong of the distinct of a some spectranear new ray glabrane. Wat mostly glabulatificous hairs, or in some spectranear new ray glabrane. Wat mostly glabulatificous hairs, or in some spectranear new ray glabrane. Wat mostly glabulatificous hairs, or in some spectranear new ray glabrane. The source of the distinct of the source of the source

12. H. abid/orem (Hock), 12 stem simple, naked and glabous above, bearing a composed converb, ledy and harping hear the base, this che petioles and midrib of the leaves, with aleader reflexed briefly hairs; leaves lancelaisologa, hives, earning the lower togeting into a short petiols, the togetiness would and sensite; pediastics abort, divisions, minutely fractoolate, sensity scheder briefly abive, culvestais into along the starting of the forward white —Hoke, if A. Bor-Am. 1. p. 2005; Nutl. 16 trans. Amer. Phil. soc. l.c. p. 446;

Alpine woods in the Rocky Mountains, north of Smoking River, lat. 56°, Drawsond ! Also around Fort Vancouver, Oregon, Nuttall.-Stem 1-3 feet high. Heads about as large as in H. venesum.

1 Obscure or little-known species.

13. IL: J. Kalmi (Linn.): stem erect, many-dowerd; leaves inneolate, to tobbi j polunces towneous. Stem erect, smoch narrower than in H. Sabudum. Leaves inneolate, site makes unbessite, small, naked, neuroistic, dentativ with hangrer speciality to the atom, commonly simple semilar, dentativ with half harmonic strength and the stem, commonly simple semilar, charge at half half harmonic strength and the stem, commonly simple semilar, charge at half half harmonic strength and the stem, commonly simple semilar, charge at half half harmonic strength and the stem, commonly simple semilar, charge at half half harmonic strength and the stem, commonly simple semilar, charge at half harmonic strength and the stem of the stem, common strength and the stem of t

Pennsylvania, Kalm. (v. sp. in herb. Linn.)-Heads and flowers about as large as in Erigeron strigosum. Scales of the involucre narrowly linear. glabrous, not rigid, plane, in a single series, with a few exterior and shorter ones. Corolla apparently vellow. Receptacle naked? Ovaries similar in all the flowers, somewhat turbinate, glabrous, not striate, neither rostrate por in the least attenuated at the summit. Pappus a single series of fragile strongly denticulate-acabrous bristles, brownish-white .- It is singular that this plant, if it were really collected in Pennaylvania, has never been met with since the time of Kalm. 'The above particulars, which an inspection of Linnmus, clearly show that this lost species has no affinity whatever with the plant which Monnier (we know not on what grounds) mistook for it, and described under the name of Scierolepis Kalmii (Ess. Hierac. p. 81, 1, 4, f. D.). and which is adopted by Lessing (Sun. Compos. p. 139) and De Candolle (Prodr. 7. p. 98), under the name of Pachylepis. Monnier does not state the source whence his specimens were derived; but we are confident that his plant (which is nearly allied to Zacintha and Pterotheca) is not of North American origin, and therefore have not introduced it into our Flora.

14. H. argutum (Nutt.): leaves and base of the stem clothed with long reflexed hairs; stem smooth, paniculate, the branches divariante, with long maked and smooth pedicels; leaves oblong or oblong-lancolate, all incisely

HIERACIUM.

and sharply toothed, acute; the cauline few and sessile; involucre small, slightly bracteolate, smooth and blackish-green, of few scales in about 2 series; pappus gray and scabrons; achenia not attenuate at the summit; flowers white? Nutl. in trans. Amer. phil. soc. (n. scr.) 7, p. 447.

St. Barbara, Californin, Nuttall .- This plant is unknown to us; and only a single specimen was collected.

189. NABALUS. Cass. diet. 34. p. 94 (1825); Hook. A. Bor.-Am. 1. p. 293.

Harpalyce, Don (1829), not of DC .- Species of Prenanthes, Linn.

Heads several-(5-0.0) flowered. Levolucre cylindrical, ef 0-11 lines reads in a single scient, and calycular with several abut cancency cells. Receptable nakad. Branching of the aryle much castrol. Advanta lines Physical Control (1998) and the several science of the several science of the Physical Control (1998) and the several science of the several science of the what fraging-Terminal (Netth American) hears in calling which some what fraging-Terminal (Netth American) hears in calling which some science of the several science of the several science of physical to the taster. Leaves cattre, or variously lobel. Their memory of the science of the science of the several science of the science of the parallele. The science of the science of the science of the science of the parallele. The science of the science of the science of the science of the parallele.

Heads pendulous: involuere ealyculate, few-several-flowered, glabrows (rarely more or less hairy). (Leaves very variable in the same species.)

1. A. Aller (Hook.) tracting allows highly discuss, stern crystworks, and the second state of the second state of the second state. The second state of the second

 Serpentaria: caniline leaves on slender petioles, deeply sinuate-pinnatifid or 3-parted, the terminal lobe 3-cleft, often sparsely clinate with rough hairs.—Prenanthes Serpentaria, Parsh, R. 2, 9, 439, t. 24. Harpalyce Serpentaria, Don, in Écinha cane, phil. jours. 6, p. 305; Ecck, I. c.

Open grounds and bockers of woods, Newfamiliand I Canadi, and Nothers States I to the Uper Mississippil and the Monattain of the Southern States' Aug-Sept.—A stouter plant than N. Altissiance; the same sometimes spatial Lawaw severy architic, plant hencod; the margins modely somewhat controls. Constant with an ecohomologue in the more in length. Action is a strain of the state of the Constant state of the state of the

2. N. altissimus (Hook.): glabrous or nearly so; stem virgste; leaves (membranaceous) all petioled, either undivided or the lower palmately 3-5-

NABALUS.

COMPOSITÆ.

cheft, parted, or even divided; the lokes or lawres acumizas, regandly combined or distribution; is basilis and mailing and terminal cheers, form ling an objected virgues particle i involutere decade (presently), of 5 agins, particle and the state of the state of the state of the state of the state particle and the state of the state of the state of the state of the state particle and the state of the state of the state of the state of the state part particle region of the state of the state of the state of the state part particle region of the state of the state of the state of the state particle and the state of the state of the state of the state of the state particle and the state of the state of the state of the state of the state particle and the state of the state of the state of the state of the state particle and the state of the state of the state of the state of the state particle and the state of the state of the state of the state of the state state of the state state of the s

B. ovatus : cauline leaves nearly all ovate, abruptly contracted into winged petioles.

y. cordatus : leaves mostly cordate, on alender petioles.—N. cordatus, Hook. i. c. Prenanthes cordats, Willd.! hort. Berol. t. 25 ; Purch, I.c; Ell. i. c.

 deltoideus : leaves deltoid, strongly repand-toothed i the upper often cordate, on margined petioles; the radical and lowest cauline triangularhastate, sometimes 3-parted.—N. deltoideus & N. cordatus! DC. l. c. Presanthes deltoidea, EU, sk. 2, p. 257.

a. diasectus : leaves all 3-parted or divided; the segments either entire or deeply 2-3-cleft; the lobes narrowly lanceolate or linear.

Works, NewFoulland I Canada, and Northern States I to Konney?) and the monitation of Georgia I. Aug-Seyta--Bern 3-6 fort high, rather standsr, either simple or sparingly patientiate at the summits sometimes phenome holes, as well as the miniful and margins of the leaves. Coordiphenome in the summit of the set of the server. Coordination retrements the failings of which we have enumerated the more excising forms.

3. A. Praver (DG, I. L. c.): adhesis or sell-failty thereins is sen cosputsentiations in the semantic lassress morely defauld, unany the conversa to the semantic lassress morely defauld, unany the conversa of marging periadre (the lassr and more) without self-semantic semantic periadress of the semantic lassress more and more primate the problem subsection. Good and the set of the priority of the priority of the period semantic lassress of the set of the period of the period set of the response in a distribution of the period set of the peri

B. integrifolius : leaves thickish, lanceolate-oblong, acute or obtuse, denticulate, or sharply and irregularly toothed ; involucre often somewhat hairy. --N. integrifolius, Cass. I. c. ; DC. ! I. c.

y. barbates: leaves thickish, lanceolate or oblong, mostly sessile; the upper often somewhat auriculate-clasping, sinuate-toxhed or nearly eoline; facemes pasiellate; involuent (12-16-Bowerd) himate when young with long purplish hairs impression creptidines, EU. sk. 2. p. 259, not of Michr.

Dry assells or sandy Avergence and Article and Alabamal to New Tork Connectical and Avergence and Article and Art

* The specimens of Prenanthes altissima and P. alba are evidently transposed in the Linnaran herbarium!

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called Gall-of-the-Earth), resembles N. albus in its mode of growth, number of flowers, &c., but N. altissimus in its papers. The very remarkable var. γ , but appears to pass through var. β , into the ordinary state of the plant.

4. N. soms (DC4): glabora; stern simple, low; larve dolivid-hastist, angulast, or viriality lobel or cleft, on selend periodic; heads in unall analilary and terminal clusters, forming a articr memory paulei; involuers (field or blackshaperen 10-13-dbeeref of about 6 dbanish proper sails; field or starting and terminal clusters, forming a strict memory and terminal clusters and beautions and the strict starting and terminal clusters and the strict starting and the strict starting and terminal clusters and the strict starting and terminal clusters a

Alpine region of the White Monutains of New Histophile 1 and 0 Bears County, New York 1 Ang. Seque-Plant C-10 inches high. Leaves varying in the same manner as those of N. altissimus, Schloelt or either the all instant-training and the second second second second second second lancolates, often somewhat ciliane when young, as well as the tips of the involutes. Heads nearly as large sein N. albas. Followers which.

5. N. Bodtii (DC.): stem simple, dverft pohesent at the summit when young; radial and lowest a units leaves abcolute or lisent-accellate, by many point of the summit of the summation of the

Higher alpine auramits of the White Moustains of New Hamphire! On the extreme summit of Whiteler Moustain, Easer Courty, New Yoler, Mr. Morrau! Ang-Sept-Plant 5-9 incbs high. Scales of the involuces very obtass, publescott-cilitate when young it the calcycaline acades nearly minitar, but shorter and uncount. Flowers whitel,—Neurity alled as it inis species but the presenting you the characters was here indicated they pear to be constant. According to Mr. Tuckerman, the flowers are clorous in this species, but not in N. name.

6. Noticethin (DG.): is follows, somewhat glucows; stem vitgent, very infinite very solution of probability of calling of the step of the lower toolhold or probability of calling of the step of the lower toolhold or probability of the step of the lower toolhold or probability of the step of t

Moist places, in sandy fields and pine barrens, New Jersey ! to Florida! in the low country. Sept-Oct-Stem 2-4 feet high; the naked wand-like raceme 1-2 feet long. Flowers purplish. ('Dr. Witt's Snake-root.' Clayt-)

 Heads nodding or erect: involuere calyculate, 12-35-flowered, hirsuite. (Leaves mostly and inided.)

7. N. racemosus (Hook.): stern virgate, simple, and with the leaves smooth and glabrous; radical and lower cauline leaves oval, oblong, or oblanceolate,

NABALUS

COMPOSITE.

sharply denticulate, tapering into winged petioles; the upper lanceolate or ovate-lanceolate, partly clasping, entire; heads in short racemes or fascicles, scarcely spreading, forming a long and narrow interrupted spicate pamiele; involucre (of 8-10 scales) with the short peduncles very hirsute, about 12flowered; pappus straw-color.-Hook.! A. Bor.-Am. 1. p. 294; DC.! l. c. Prenanthes racemosa, Michz. ! R. 2. p. 84 ; Torr. ! compend, p. 277. Harpalyce racemosa, Don, I. c.; Beck, bot. p. 168.

B. spicate panicles numerous, elongated (6-8 inches), crowded, forming a thyrsiform compound inflorescence.

y. leaves deeply and irregularly laciniate-pinnatifid! Canada ! (Northern Canada, Michaw /) and Saskatchawan ! Wisconsin ! and Michigan! to the plains and prairies of Ohio! Also Hackensack marshes, New Jersey ! B. & y. Hackensack marshes, Mr. J. Carey ! Sept .- Stem 2-5 feet high, strinte. Flowers flesh-color or light purple.

8. N. asper: stem virgate, simple, and with the sessile leaves scabrouspubescent; lower leaves oval-oblong, narrowed at the base, irregularly and sharply toothed; the upper oblong-innceolate, closely sessile, often entire; heads mostly erect, in small fascicles, forming a long and narrow compound raceme; the short peduncles and rachis woolly-hirsute; involucre of 8-9 scales, very hirsute, 12-14-flowered; pappus straw-color.—N. Illinoensis, DC.1.c. Prenanthus aspera, Micks. J. 2. p. 83 (1803). P. Illinoensis, Pers. syn. 2. p. 366. Chondrilla Illinoensis, Pers. syn. 2, p. 331.

Dry barrens and prairies of Ohio! Indiana! Illinois! Kentucky! Western Louisiana! and Upper Missouri! Sept .- Stem 2-4 feet high. Leaves small. Heads larger than in the preceding ; the hairs of the involucre often purple. Flowers sulphur or crea

9. N. crepidineus (DC.! l. c.); somewhat glabrous; stem tall and stout, corymbose-paniculate ; leaves (ample) unequally toothed ; the radical deltoidhastate, the lower cauline triangular-ovate or deltoid-lanceolate, on winged Detioles ; those of the branches ovate-lanceolate or oblong, somewhat petioled ; heads in small paniculate clusters, nodding, on short pubescent peduncles involucre of 12-14 proper scales, birsute, 20-35-flowered; pappus brownish. -Prenanthes crepidines, Mickr. / R. 2. p. 84. P. gigantes, Raf.! in herb. DC. Hieracium crepidineum, Fral. mes.

Borders of thickets and cultivated fields, Ohio! Indiana! and Illinois! to Kentucky ! and the high mountains of Carolina. Aug.-Oct.-Plant 5-8 feet high, Lower leaves sometimes a foot long. Heads campanulate-cylindrical, large. Involucre blackish. Flowers ochroleucous.

§ 3. Heads nearly creet, corymbose : involucre ecalyculate (with one or two inconspicuous bracteolate scales), somewhat pubescent, few-flowsred. (Indigenous to the North West Coust.)

10. N. alatus (Hook.) ; nearly glabrous; stem paniculate-corymbose at the summit ; leaves membranaceous, deltoid, acuminate, sharply or laciniately lanceolate, seasile; heads loosely corymbose; involucre of 7-9 lanceolate somewhat acuminate minutely pubescent scales, 7-9-flowered ; pappus strawcolor .- Hooke. / R. Bor. Am. 1. p. 294, t. 202. Sonchus hastatus, Less. in Linnara, 6. p. 99; Bongard, veg. Sitcha, I. c. p. 146. Mulgedium hastatum, DC.! prodr. 7. p. 250.

Unalaschka, &c. Chamisso! Sitcha (also Kamtschatka), Bongard. Observatory Inlet and Fort Vancouver, Dr. Scouler !- Plant a foot or more high. Root or tuber small, fusiform. Flowers flesh-color. Mertena (Bongard).

COMPOSITE.

LYGODESMIA. Don, in Edinb. phil. jour. 6. p. 305 (excl. spec.); Hook. fl. Bor-Am. 1. p. 295; DC.

Lygodesmia & Erythremia, Null.

Bash 5-10-06 wered. Involve alongand cylindrical, of 6-8 linear scales in a single acries, and calvestate with a for wery short imbificuated breatoltant walks. Receptule aerobicultus. Branches of the aryle much essential challenging and the second state of the second state of the state of the second state of the second state of the second at the space. Pappen of very copies and searcely searces which explains and the second right handhing these (natives of ancient plane state) was when genous right handhing these (natives of ancient plane state) was emire these of the translates rise and more searchs. Record states Hands and states the state of the second state of the second Handbox states of the states of the states of ancient plane states. The second states of the states of states of the states of the

This genus differs from Prenanthes and Nabalus rather in its striking habit than in any marked or important floral characters.

§ 1. Heads 5-flowered: pappus soft: stems very much branched, not spinescent.-EULTGODESHIA.

 L. juncta (Don! I. c.): stems very much branched, striate; lower linear-sublanceolate, rigid; the upper subulate.—Hock.! *A. Bor.-Asn.* 1. p. 295, t. 103; *DC. prodr.* 7. p. 198. Prenanthes juncea, Parih! *J.* 2. p. 498; *Nutl. I gen.* 2, p. 123.

Plains of the Missouri rand Plate to the Rocky Moznatins, Leviel Net-Iall Dr. Janes I Liout, Freenout 1 and of the Statischwarn, Drammadi May-June.--About noch light. Lower leves 1-2 inches long. Flower amples according to Urash, ness-color necording to Nutall, blue according to Heisen. Reprise extendity copyions, at fint early while; the soft also being.

§ 2. Heads 4-5-flowered : pappus rather rigid : stems divaricately much branched : the branchicts spinssent - PLEIACANTHUS, Nuti-

 L. spinesa (Nutt.): stem and branches not striate, rigid; lower leave linear, thickish; those of the branches reduced to minute bracts; proper scales of the rather short cylindracoous involucer about 4, lancoclast; the calyculate senies complexous, ovate.—Nutt.1 in trans. Amer. phil. sec. (n. erc).7, p. 444.

Plains of the Bocky Montrains towards California, Nuttall (-A span to a for thip), dynamicate and spreading; " the base somewhan publication and and producing remarkably large turks of howeniah matter down." Nut-Powers research - Pappua large options and more rigid than in the purceding, by no means barbellates, as described by Nuttall, but appearing very alightly waitrows under a good lens. Matter achenia no seen.

LIGODESMIA.

§ 3. Heads about 10-flowered : pappus rather soft : stems scapiform, sparingly branched : leaves mostly radical, linear and elongated, somewhat fleshy. — Евутияния. Nutt.

 L. grandiflora: dwarf; stems several from the same root (a span high), scarcely longer than the narrowly linear radical leaves.—Erythremia grandiflora, Nutt. / in trans. Amer. phil. soc., Lo. p. 445.

Borders of the Platte, near the Rocky Mountaine, Nattail !--Heads large for the size of the platte, equaling those of the following species. Proper easies of the involuere about § the calyculate scales ovate (initiate. Liquide large and showy, rose-red. Acheria unknown. Pappus sumewhat evidently denticulate-calorous to wards the base.

4. La ophylic (DC, h.c.): stem slender, clongated, strinse-angled, sparingly dielocomes towards the summit, many times longer than the attenuated linear-filliorm chiefly radical leaves i brack minute at the origin of the branches.—Prenantes pumila, Boldwirt max. P., aphylik, Nucl. f. gen. 2, p. 123, dyin Sill, jour. p. 129; EU, f sk. 2, p. 201. Erythremis aphylik, Nucl. f. c., p. 46.

β: Texena : stem atouter : leaves flattish, sparingly and remotely pinnutifiel-lacinizte. (Perhaps a distinct species.) Pine barrens, St. Mary's, Georgie, Baldwin! Florida, Mr. Croom ! Dr.

Pine barrens, St. Mary's, Googla, Biddon's Florida, Mr. Crown' Dr. Chopmon 1 Dr. Lectenwork's Koc. J. Texas, Dremsnood - Serie about 2 feet high, nearly naked. Heads showy the cylindrical involuers nearly an inch long it the callyculate scales very small, citians. Liquides large, rosecolor. Achenia very long and slender. Pappus alightly fawn-colored, searedly sechoos.

191. MALACOTHRIX. DC. prodr. 7. p. 192. (char. imperfect.)

Malacomeria, Leucoscris, & Leptoseris, Nutt.

Horis mary-descret. Involve basely comparative the mary-descret. The solution of the solution of the solution marks of the fore often algorithm. Recepted a solution, Liquids a narrow. Alternia balance for a solution of the solution of the solution of the solution of the fore the solution of the solution of the solution of the solution marks and interpretent equations of the solution of the solution of the resolution of the solution of the solution of the order of the solution of the solut

This genus is most allied to Andryala ; with which the section L-successris nearly grees in habit, and from which the maked receptacle, the different pubescence, &c. thirdy distinguish it.

§ 1. Annual, acaulescent: scales of the involvere narrowly linear, acuminate, in 2-3 series; the exterior shorter and losse: flowers yellow.—EUMALACO-TRNN.

1. M. Californica (DC.! I. c.) : softly and loosely villous when young, at

length somewhat glabrous; leaves all radical, clustered, linear-filiform, entire, or mossly sparingly pinnatcly-parted, much shorter than the naked simple scapes; heads solitary; immature achenia crowned with a minute peotinate border simulating an obscure setulose exterior pappus.

California, Douglas 7-Scapes several from the slender and simple perpendicular root, fistulous, perfoctly leadess, a span or more in height, termimated by a rather large head. Leaves very slender. Mature achemia unknown; the immature linear-oblong (certainly not obovate), obscurely striste. Pappes long, separating womewhat in a ring.

§ 2. Suffruticose and perennial 7 subcaulescents scales of the involvere linear, in about 2 rather unequal series, and with several calyculate bracteoless Rowers yellow.--MALACOMERIS, Nutl.

 M. incoma: cansesonly tomentoes with a somewhat decidious work leaves chiefly radical, clustered, irregularly pinntifid; the block (3-7) remotes, whore, oblong-linear; stem scapaid; bractente, usually somewhat branched, and bearing 2 or 3 bearing that, the barder obsoletes—Malacomeris incana, Nutl. *i* is transt. Amer. phil. scc. (n. str.) 7, p. 435.

St. Diego, California, on an island in the bay, Nutlall !--Low, decumbent, nearly a span high; the radical leaves in close clusters, shorter than the Bowering stems. Heads smaller than in the preceding. Achenia small, brownisk. Pappes exactly as in M. Californica, but more copious.

§ 3. Annual, subcaulescent (heads only 30-40.flowered): scales of the involuere in 2 series; the inner linear-lanceolate, 12-15, equal; the outer short and unequal, calgeulate, appressed: flowers yellow.—LEPTORENS, Nutt.

3. Mc nonloides i dwarf, glabrauxi stems branching, somewhat corymetose lavers incarelylong, runcing the castless result and stateferd i ble radical with short approximate lobes, spinolose-denticulate inclusion of the state of the state

Plains of the River Plante, Nuital! June.-Plant 4-5 inches high, with several stems springing from a slender tap-root, bearing small heads, which resemble those of a Crepis. Exterior acales of the involucre cross-denticulate. Pappus exactly as in the preceding, but shorter, deciduous in a ring-Achenia pale.

§4. Perennial, caulescent, leafy: scales of the involuce numerous; the inner linear, equal, appressed, in about 2 series; the outer short and calyculate, subulate, spreading, copious: flowers white.—LEUCOSERIS, Nutt.

4. M. startilize somewhat pubsecent when young; sterns diffise of demonstric, testy, branching; lessers lensy, linace-blong, obutes, mostly envires the lower occasionally somewhat service or pinautifiel towards the lawer heads for somewhat fastigate; polancelas with names adoubts theremarks and the source of the service of the serv

St. Barbara, California, on shelving rocks near the sea, Nuttafit April— Stems 1-2 feet long. Leaves 2-3 inches in length, half an inch wide, often auriculate at the base, and partly classing. Hends as large as those of the

MALACOTHRIX.

COMPOSITÆ.

Dandelion. Flowers very numerous, pure white. Achenia dark brown. Pappus as in the rest of the genus.

5. M. commutati: behaven, platness, steme renet, families, string, Buffy, mecross-cynthose at the summit Jarvan Lancelen-Toner, seekin award, and the branches earlier, is leads forminating the simple branchest er galocalata scales of the involuent sublation, supermem-general ing, rather anaecous; the proper scales very narrow and acuts—Hierdenin Californian, D. (J. 1996). The scale scale scale scale scale scale scale Arm, both Recoky, suppl. p. 301. Leavoserie Californian, Nucl. Le. Galifornian, Daugiari –Semi 1-4 for high. Leavos eng fleaky, much

California, Dougla's 1-Stem 1-2 feet high. Leaves not flexity, much narrower than in the preceding (to which it is very closely allied); the beads smaller, with the ligules in the dried specimens purplish underneath. Mature achenia unknown: ovaries with no manifest border of crown at the summit. Papposes is in the preceding.

 M. tanujolia: suffraticose, glabrous; stem erect, branching (2-3 feet bigh); leaves sessile, laciniate-pinnsiifid, with long and narrowly linear lobes; the upper entire, fillform; heads few, corymbose. Nutl.—Leucoseris tennifolia, Nutl. I. c.

St. Barbara, California, on the mountains near the town.—The expanded flowers and fruit not seen. Involucre as in M. saxatilis, but the scales narrower and more scuminate. Nuttail.

192. CREPIS. Linn. (excl. spec.); Manch ; DC. A. Fr., & prodr. I. c.

Hosts averal-many-forward. Involver mostly doublet the inner or proper scales in a single series it to coire then at of adjuvitin. Becapted somewhat findefilied-bairy, or takki. Admini terms or talkelity comdensity at the series of the series of the series of the series of energy at measure-arrantic. Papers one), one, rapility, while it the initial basel.)—Branching Bartie (antives of the norders hemisphore), while nearly basel.)—Branching Bartie (antives of the norders hemisphore), while nearly basel.)—Branching Bartie (antives of the norders hemisphore), while nearly vielners.

§ 1. Involuere many-flowered ; the exterior calyculate scales often loose : receptacle naked or somewhat hairy : achenia mostly 10-13-striate.—Eu-CREPS, DC. (Crepidium & Péllochana, Nutt.)

1. Granisatir permitti Tarifari barwa obverta-obbug er obmejime observative observative per se benghi gina pingti teritori per setta per seta per setta per setta per setta per setta per setta per setta per

Saskatchawan, to the prairies of the Rocky Mountains, Drawmond / Lake Huron, Dr. Todd. Borders of woods at Devil's Lake, Mr. Nicolet!

CREPIS.

Grassy plains of the Platte, Nuttall .- Scape 1-2 feet high, 2-4 times dichotomous. Heads fastigiate, resembling those of C. biennis ; from which this species is distinguished by its mostly naked and slightly pubescent scape, narrower and less scarious scales of the involucre, &c., as well as the much more entire leaves. Some states seem to approach the following species, so as only to be distinguished by the larger heads, and more or less pubescent involucre.

2. C. glauca : perennial, glabrous and glaucous throughout; leaves all radical, thickish, spatulate-oblong, or nearly lanceolate, mucronate or somewhat acuminate, tapering to the base, unequally runcinate-toothed or runcinate-pinnatifid, or some of the leaves entire ; scape naked, twice or thrice dichotomous, with minute bracts at the divisions; scales of the proper involucre about 12, linear; the calveulate scales minute; achenia obscurely angled, smooth, slightly attenuated towards the apex, as long as the pappus--Crepidium glaucum, Nutt. ! in trans. Amer. phil. eoc. 1. c.

B. caulescens : not glaucous [?] ; stem with a cauline leaf at the first

division.—Crepidium coulescens, Nutl. i.e. Plains of the Upper Platte, Nutl. ii.e. Scapes about a foot high. Heads much smaller than in C. ronciosta, about 30-flowered. Leaves 3-6 inches long, tapering into an indistinct or winged petiole. Achenia strongly striate-ribbed, smooth.

3. C. occidentalis (Nutt.) : perennial ? dwarf, canescent with a close furfuraceous pubescence; cauline leaves few, sessile, pinnately parted, with the linear or lanceolate lobes often somewhat toothed; the radical lanceolate, acute, runcinate-pinnatifid, tapering into a petiole ; the short lobes toothed ; heads (few) paniculate-corymbose; proper scales of the cylindrical involucre 8-10, linear-lanceolate, canescent, and sparsely hispid with blackish bairs intermixed ; the calyculate scales few and very short ; schenia fusiform, not angled or striate, as long as the pappus .- Nult. ! in jour. acad. Philad. 7. p. 29. Pailochana occidentalia, Nutt. ! in trans. Amer. phil. soc. 1. c.

On the Oregon, near the Rocky Mountains, Mr. Wych ! Plains of the Plate, Nuttall !-- A span high. Heads as large as in C, runcinata, about 20-flowered. Achenia probably all fertile, tapering to the apex, not rostrate. Pappus grayish-white.

§ 2. Involucre few-flowered, cylindrical ; the exterior calyculate scales very short and appressed : receptacle naked : achenia slender, 5-10-striate .-PRECASIUM, Cass., Reichenb. (Crepis & Leptotheca, Nutt.)

4. C. nana (Richards.) : perennial, nearly acaulescent, depressed, very glabrous and glaucous; scapes numerous from the summit of the somewhat fusiform caudex, clustered, bearing one or more about 14-flowered heads, scarcely equalling the elliptical or roundish entire or sinuate-lyrate longpetioled leaves; achenia linear, narrowed at the apex, scarcely rostrate-Richards. ! appr. Frankl. journ. ed. 2. p. 92 ; Hook. ! appr. Party's 2nd wy. p. 397, L. 1, & f. Bor.-Am. 1. p. 297. Hieracium, &c., Gmel. f. Sibir, 2. p. 20, 1. 7, f. 2 d. S. Prenanties pygnma, Leide, in men. acad. St. Pittersb. 5, p. 553. P. polymorpha, Ledeb.! ft. Alt. 4. p. 144. (a. § β.) Barkhausia nama, DC.! predi, 7, p. 156. From the Arctic coast and ialands! to lat 64°, and on the northern Rocky

Mountains! (Also in Arctic Siberia !)-Scapes and leaves an inch or two it height ; the lamina of the inner leaves often oblong-linear. Corolla yellow, turning purplish in drying. Achenia all uniform, or the central perhaps a little longer than the marginal, 10-striate, a little constricted at the apex, and then dilated into a disk that bears the pappus; certainly none of them rostrate as in Barkhausia

CREPIS.

COMPOSITÆ.

5. C. degram (Hock.): presminik, very glabrous and glaucours: stems nonerous from the same fundring nonrous (small) 10-14-flowerd heads radical leaves oval or spatning, periode), nearly or quite entrie; the calific nearwork spatning its description, set allo—Hock. f. Bor.-Am. 1, p. 297; 10C.; prodr. 7, p.172. Barkhausia elegram. Nati, to trans. Amer. phil. sec. 1, c. p. 435.

On the Assiniboin River, Drammond .-- Plant 6 inches high; with rather smaller heads than the preceding; the young schenia similar to those of that species, and not more rowtrate.

6. C. aceminata (Nutt.): perannial; stem: narrly glabous, spatingly flags, baring numerous 81-6160-week heads in an abade and instigutes components of the stem in the standard industry interpretation of the standard industry interaction of the standard industry interaction of the standard standar

Plains of the Platte, Nuttall !--Root long and fusiform. Scapiform stem a foot high. Radical leaves 4-5 inches long. Heads more slender than in C. nana; the young achenia, pappus, &c. similar.

193. TROXIMON. Nutt. in Fras. cat. 1813, & gen. 2. p. 127 ; not of Garta.

Agoseris, Raf. (excl. char.)-Ammogeton, Schrad.

Heat many-descret. Scales of the campanities involves variables coulds, serve or anomination (distinct on morely with) membraneous, somecapacity and anomination (distinct on morely with), membraneous, somesariables and anomination (distinct on morely with a server of the fibers), which is a large bandlar callus, more or less morecord at the aper, but relatively if and interast. Papers large profession from the solution, according of opsima and unreal relatively profession (and the source of the solution) of the solution of the solution of the source of of source and unreal relatively profession (and the source of Sourcement (and solution). Other Massimpli and Massori, the interior of Sourcement (and solution). For period solution of the source of Sourcement (and and the source of the solution) is a solution of the band. Bandlar and the solution of the solution of the source of Sourcement (and and approximation) and the source of the source of sourcement (and and approximation) and the source of the source of sourcement (and approximation) and the source of the source of sourcement (and approximation) and the source of the source of sourcement (and approximation) and the source of the source of sourcement (and approximation) and the source of the source of sourcement (and approximation) and the source of the source of sourcement (and approximation) and the source of the source of sourcement (and approximation) and the source of the source of sourcement (and approximation) and the source of the source of sourcement (and approximation) and approximation (approximation) and approximation) and approximation (approximation) and approximation (approximation) and approximation (approximation) and approximation) and approximation (approximation) and approximation) and approximation (approximation) and approximation (approximation) and approximation) and approx

We find a gradual transition from the typical protein of Travisions to Mesrechyperthem, to which genus many find an existing that Chrysten and the the hardness. The second second second second second second second second transmission of the second for all the hardness of the second seco

1. T. cuspidation (Pursh): somewhat tomentulose when young; leaves parrowly linear-lanceolate, attenuate-acuminate, somewhat nerved, especially

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en the broad midrib; the often undulate margins tomestores scales of the involucer somewast scattors, lanceolats, carginalist-scattor, glabous, in two nearly equal series, errect; bristles of the pappar very numerons, right the inner and stronger series evidently flattened and dilated towards the base.— Pursh, f. 2. p. 742. T. marginatum, Nutl. J gen. 2. p. 128, § in trans-Amer, phil. acc., user), 7. p. 433.

Plains of the Upper Missouri and Platte to the Rocky Mountains Bradbury! Nutail! Mr. Nicollet! Eagle Prairie, Wisconia, Mr. Lepham! April-June-Heads, &ce, apparently rather smaller than in the following: Achenia manifestly obcompressed, obtusely ribbed, a little narrowed at the summit, but not at all rotaries, much shorter than the scioos enapous.

 T. classwam (Natz), somewhat glancous; leave linear-innecedate, sente, earlier, or ranky with one or two small test (the broad midfl boards what services the sentence of the sentence of the sentence of the scatterior (green) overate-innecedate and more or less pubsecent when young initiates of the papers equility, right-matrix, if serves, cat (1813), § §er-49, p. 18; Farsh, f.e. p. +08 § 106 ; Sim, bet, mag. 4, 1697 ; Howk, f. Ber-dm. 1, p. 2008 (serv. f.)

β. διαγορφίαδιακ' involves woolly at least when young, the exterior scales operading large scales and end of the scales operading large scales and end of the scale scale scale scale scale scales and the scale sca

Grassy plains of the Upper Mission; *Bradiony*, Natiall *Dr. Jannel* and Big Storn, River, *M. Nodicki to Saskatchawa*, *Dramosil J. Saskatchawa*, *Dramosil J. Saskatchawa*, *Dramosil J. Saskatchawa*, *Dramosol J. Saskatchawa*, *Dramoso*

3. T: partifiorem (Nut1): glabrous, or somewhat villous-pubescent when young; leaves anrowly lancohari-linear, acurs or acministe, semitimes returnely demiculate towards the base; scales of the glabrous invotorer ovari-lencodans, acuminate, few in 3-3 science, into anor returned searcely half the length of the inner; pappas capillary, rigid.—Nut1 i in terms. Amer. phil. eec. b.c.

Plains of the Platte to the Rocky Mountains, Nuttail I Liest. Frenont I-Scape 4-5 inches high, mostly longer than the leaves: the latter about 2 hines while. Head very much smaller and purrower than in the preceding it the flowers and involuent scales much fewer. Flowers yellow, sometimes changing to rose-color in drying.

4. T. roreum (Nutt.): leaves runcinate-pinnatifid, with short linear lobes, and with the scape sparsely villous-pubsecent when young; scales of the glabros involure lanceolate, acuminate, few. in 2-3 series, the exterior short; pappus copious, capillary, rigid (flowers rose-color).....Nutl.! in trans-Amer. phil., sc. 1, c.

Plains of the Platte, with the preceding, "which it wholly resembles, except the leaves and red [rose-color in spec. char.] flowers," Nuttall'-Acheina with 10 sharp ribs, rather aborter than the pappan, narrowed at the apex

TROXIMON.

COMPOSITÆ.

into a somewhat distinct beak .--- Probably not sufficiently distinct from the foregoing.

‡ Uncertain species.

5. T. tarazacifolium (Nutt.): somewhat hirsate; leaves lanceolate or oval-lanceolate, searcely acuts, incisely runcitate-toothed at the base; scales of the involuce in about 2 series, the inner linear; acheniar i-rotrately attenuated.³ Nutt. in trans. Amer. phil. occ. 1. c. Plains of the Wahlamed, Cregon.—Remarkable for its broad leaves, which

Plains of the Wahlamet, Oregon.—Remarkable for its broad leaves, which are an inch and a quarter wide, by six inches in length, most pubescent on the midrib. Scape rather short. Pappus very long and coarse, minutely scalorus. Nuttall.

T. odoratues, Raf., and the other fictitious species of the Flora Ludoviciana, it would be quite useless to attempt to identify.

194. MACRORHYNCHUS. Less. syn. p. 139 ; Fisch. & Meyer, ind. sem. St. Petersb. 1835. ; DC. prodr. 7. p. 145.

Macrorhynchium, Reichend,-Trochoseris, Papp. & Endl.

Head many-flowered. Statis of the campanning involver imbriends in for series, harcestists: the extration of holicocos, nonvingence al-pulsar. Receptate indust. A chands monty series, or slightly absongereds, lines of the series of the desider of fillions makes. Paypare shorter than the schedules of the desider of fillions and white expliiteration of the series of the selection of the series of the series of the stealassent or subsubasent (Manelan, shield Wasana), here, with tendings with solity backs. For every releva.

- § 1. Perennial : ligules elongated : achenia fusiform, 10-ribbed or 10-nerved, glabrous (the outer series sometimes infertile, ex Nutt.) ; the ribs uniform, not winged or produced.—STEDPAPPUS, Nutt.
- Scales of the campanulate involucre consimilar, in free series; the exterior often spearrose-spreading or calgoulate. (Stylopappus \$ Troximeria, Nutl.)

1. M. rovinsold z. glabrow, at least when old, acculate set [leave and leaved leaved

Alpine prairies of the Rocky Mountains, Drummond! On the Wind River Chain at the elevation of 7000 feet and more, Licut. Fremont! Mount Ranjer, Oregon, Mr. Tokimie (-Scape a span to a foot high. Corolla orange-

COMPOSITE.

color—We have described the finit from the single specimes collected by Litent Fermont's which none exhibits it fully devolved. The shared rester achemism, with the beak, is nearly three-hourts of an inch long; and the apex, as in order species, is abrupy dilated into a find is for the inervident and the species is abrupy dilated into a find is for the inervident is any used as in House's figure—This is possibly the Marcorhypethene aurantizens, Fizek & Mayer ; a species of unknown optics: but it does not sufficiently accord with the three fragment graves by De Gandlein.

2. M. Lacinitativ : nearly glabroos, at least when old, acautescent : Laver morely lices, reprintly licenitative to-obded owards the base, or subjuntified the lobes (1-3 on each side) linear, alonder; scales of the involver interesting, each side of the linear is the outer heteric and somewhat approach line, and the second state of the secon

3. longificius : leaves more publicant, deply divided, alender; exterior scales of the involuere nearly equaling the inner, foliacoous, spreading— Stylopappus lacinitates A. longificius, Nut. l. c.

Plains of the Wahlamet, Oregon, Nutlail Oregon, Dr. Scouler ! (var. β.) —Plant 6-12 or 20 loches high. Heads nearly as large as in M. troximoides. Flowers pale yellow.

3. M. Adaus r at length nearly glabora, acoulescent; leaves springly and unequally jonatifud, glassours, the lobes and rachin arrowly linear-lane, imbraised in 3 of series, the exterior about the involuter hirsteit, lancolane, imbraised in 3 of series, the exterior about the involution of the series of the series of the series of the series and the series of the series of

On the Wahlamet, with the preceding, Nuttall !--Scape 1-2 feet high : sometimes with a single small leaf. Stipe of the achenium filiform.--Nearly allied to M, Inciniatus.

4. M. Leningrij (Hook, & Ar.)): rost perennisij, stem acajform, giv hours, levera gibeno, samovj linas, ripinatili, with negrenesi short und remnte. (Levara either entire, toubel, or subplanatifi, obtane, solongied down war. DC1; stealer of the involuer: rather obtase, with academia mutigith samewhith limitst: schenia, fadiern, daepty (barriareautent, the rather down rad) inter diverse initially: pages of the solution of the solution more rad) inter diverse initially: pages of the solution of the solution Berokyn, pagi-p. 2018. Borthannia Leaningii, Houle, & Arn. let, & J. 148.

California, Chamisso, Capt. Beechey, Douglas .- This plant is unknown to us. Lessing says it has the aspect of Krigia Virginica, or a state of Lesstoden autumnale with a single head.

 Scales of the hemispherical involuces distinilar; the exterior short, foliacenus, desticulate, sources-measling.

5. M. grandifierus r polacento ra length plabras, nonlescent i lavva lancedara, l'unità pinantifici, appresi pina logi appressi pina logi appress

High plains of the Wahlamet, Natial! -Scape a foot high. Head larger than that of the Dandelion; only seen in fruit. Achenia very small for the

MACLORHYNCHUS.

COMPOSITÆ.

size of the head, 2-3 lines long (the exterior abortive, Nutt.); the capillary stipe twice the length of the very white pappus.

§ 2. Annual: ligules clongated: achenia linear-oblong, glabrous, obtue; the outer series inflated and scarcely strike ; the others compressed [obcourpressed]; with 0 acute narrowly winged risk: scales of the involves imbricated in fro arrise, the exterior shorter and calgeulate.—Carpero-FREDER, Nut.

 M. Californicus: dwarf (3-4 inches high), subcaulescent, hirsute: leaves linear-lanceolate, incisity serrate; scales of the involucre in about 3 series; the outer ovar, scatte, hirsute: the inner lanceolate; a choria about half the leagth of the fillform beak.—Cryptopleura Californica, Nutt. is trans. Amer. phil. soc. (e. p. 43).

Near St. Barbasa, California, Nuttall.—The achenia are said to be yellowish-white : the pappas very soft and white. We have not seen the plant, and have derived the character wholly from Nuttall's description.

5.3. Annual: ligules rearrely costeted: achesia (glabrous or navity so) with the risk callout-ority or winged scales of the involvers in few series, appressed, or he caterior following and squarrow-preading—Machanaraence, Lens, Fisch, & Meyer. (Toochoseris, Papp. & Endi. Kymaheurs, Nat.)

7. M. Atrophylics (Not1, 1 dwarf, subcaulescut, villom-pubersent when young; primary leases oblancedate on spatialite, monty entry in the oblance spatiality pinnalitist, with 2-a short linear lobes on each idle; the terminal lobe elongated, oblance linear; each searchy longer than the leaves; sealer of the involutes: lancedates, appressed, is 9 series; the enter rather abover and somewhat pipotenet; a therma with injusty analitation with spatiality. Nat. 7 Most for the ratio of the information of the start search and Most for the ratio of the information of the start search and the result is search and Most for the ratio of the information of the start search and the start search and Most for the ratio of the information of the start search and the start is search and Most for the ratio of the start of the start search and the start search and Most for the ratio of the start search and the start search and the start search and Most for the ratio of the start of the start search and the start search

Plains of Oregon, Nattal! --Plant 4-5 inches high slender. Head small. Corolla pale yellow, purplish externally, fugacious.-This species appears to resemble M. Purpligil. We do not observe any marked difference between the outer and inner achenia, or that either are at all compressed, or more than observely pubsesent, and that only when quite young.

195. TARAXACUM. Haller, enum. Helv. (excl. spec.) ; Juss. ; DC. I.e.

Head many-descered. Involves double; the studies of small scalar, editor approach, appending, or reflected in these of the inner exc., in a single scripe, and form callous-convisible at the spex. Receptate makel, Achebas doug, aristic-tologic or angled, mutications on the rich, has ages thereinly preduced into a long back. Pappos of explose white capillary brinkshanizes at permit large hard, the barre of radional match espenbanizes at miler imply index the barre of radional. Flowers yillowmetric data and the state of radional for the state of the spectrum of the state of radional for the state of the spectrum of the state of radional for the state of the spectrum of the state of the state of the state of the state of the spectrum of the state of the state of the state of the spectrum of the spectrum of the state of the state of the state of the spectrum of the state of the spectrum of the state of the spectrum of the state of the stat

Exterior involuceal scales spreading or squarrosc.

 T. Dent-lowit (Dest): at length (phrows: leaves unequally and acutely rancingent, the lobes touched americity: acutes of the involutor not comiscillate, the exterior reflexed; schemis muricate at the summit-Delt", profer. 7, p. 16. T. efficiance, V. Hill, K. Kode, spr. 4, Gerne, & Hiller, p. 438, p. 497, Ell. eds. 2, p. 250; Hook. 1 ft. Bort-dm. 1, p. 206; Darlingt, 1 ft. Cett. p. 443.

Training, &c., animalized nearly throughout the United States I. Prohiby narve in the Neutrem States, and Autorome. Brields, Amarice on block Movers first expands, their papers is nearly sensitic, as soon as the flower shrine the spinster first of the laveline cosine for a short first, in every finite the states of the laveline cosine for a short first, in every hold the states of the laveline cosine for a short first, in every hold the states of the laveline cosine for a short first, in every hold the states of the laveline cosine for a short first, which we stepp the grounder Tammars, nere not improbably correctly viewed by First, Kohnen offen, every business, and the viewed paper short first for the Cosmo of the states of the states of the states of the states of the the Cosmo of the States of the States of the States of the Cosmo of the States of the States of the States of the Cosmo of the States of the States of the States of the Cosmo of the States of the States of the States of the Cosmo of the States of the States of the States of the Cosmo of the States of the Sta

2. T. latitabum (DC.): I caves runcinste, glabrous above, sparsely hairy (especially on the midrib) beneath; the lobes broadly triangular, toothed aoteniarly, crowded; scape glabrous; scales of the involucer not conriculate 1 the exterior reflexed-spreading; a chemia muricate throughout. DC.1 & 6 Newfounding. Pusid: -Very (too) neur. T. Dens-leonis. DC.

 T. ceratophorum (DC.): leaves glabrous, sinuate-toothed or runcinate: scapes glabrous, when young tomentoes at the apox; scales of the involucer all ercet, furnished with a callous horn below the apox; is obenin mucromate at the apox, as long as the beak. DC. 1. c.—Leontodon ceratophorum.

Ledeb. R. Alt. 4. p. 149, & ic. pl. Ross. Alt. 1. 4. 34. Unalaschka (and Kamtschatka).-Lobes of the leaves various in size ; the larger triangulate. Head twice as large as that of T. Dens-leonis. DC.

· · Exterior involucral scales appressed.

4. T. polastir (DC): a platnowa i leaves inscendare, sincute or somewhat membrane as long and the super scale of the involvem to cornelisate; the interest is a start of the involvem to conscilute; the leaves of the involvem or oriential the interplat of the basis. DC / g. F. ref. yapper 1, c. 2-Decov todin planners. Smith, J. Entri 2, p. 823; Engl, balt. 1533; Hohl. '9. Berg., An J. p. 906; L. Tarasceum montanum, Nutl. ' in trans...dmer. phil. soc. L α p. 430, not of DC.

British America ! from Labrador and Hudson's Bay to the Pacific. Also among the Rocky Mountains, in somewhat saline situations on the Platte, and in the highest vallies of the Colorado of the West. Nuttall !--Varies greatly as to the shape and toothing of the leaves.

5. T. hirsutum (Hook.): hirsute throughout; leaves pinnatifid; the unequal lobes acuminate, remote; scales of the involucre erect, appressed, clothed with fulvous hairs. Hook.! ft. Bor.-Am. 1. p. 296 (under Leontodon); DC. Le. p. 149.

Menzies' Island, and sandy banks of the Oregon, Douglas, Dr. Scouler.

196. PYRRHOPAPPUS. DC. prodr. 7. p. 144.

Heads may-photered. Involver double; the exterior of gauserous linearbuiltuin monty-low and spersfully excited the interior of momenta server. Hence scales, in a single series, often sourcevint correlation may be oblight and the series of the series of the series of the series of the low scales, in a single series, often sourcevint correlation series. As expression of the series of the series of the series of the series of the low scale series of the series of the series of the series of the low scale series of the source trained scale series of the series of the series of the series of the source of the series of the series of the series of the source of the source trained scale series of the series of the source of the source of the source trained scale series of the series of the source of the source of the source of the source of the series of the series of the source of the sou

1. P. Convisions (DC: 1): (a): it emissiple or mostly branched above; where the strength is a second as a single strength is a second as a second the inner trivial second as a single strength is a second as a second the inner trivial second as a second second as a second second as a secon

Fields, &c., Maryland 1 and Virginia 1 to Lovisianal and Arkanasat common. March-July.--Q1 or U1 5 tem other scapitors, with only one or two partly classing leaves, sometimes a little publicent at the base. Flowers above, --De Candolle, describing from immature spectrames, states that the achenium has a short beak ; but when mature it is remarkably long, as described by Eliot.

 P. grandiforms (Nutt.): scape simple, naked, much longer than the deeply pinnatified and cilitate radical leaves, bearing a single bend; involuces algoby consecut; papps fullows, furnished with a villour ring at the base. -Nutl./ in trans. Amer. phil. soc. i.e. P. scapcus, DC, i.e.? Borkhauis grandiform, Nutl. in jour. acad. Philad. 7, p. 69.

Borders of shuled ravines, &c. Avianas, Dr. Picher, Way-Rece sincher, apparanty numal. Keiller mideal laware molicanis-toothood or subpinantifii the succeeding larger (4-6 inclusion in the strength of the second height in the lobel inter-choice, sparring availate-toothed, diversitate or appreciating. Scape a foot high, with a single small heat in the middle. Head larger Orary with a bloot breast.

197. LACTUCA. Tourn. inst. t. 267 ; Linn. ; Gartn. fr. t. 158 ; DC. Le.

Heads several-few-flowered. Scales of the cylindrical calyculate-imbricated involucre in 2-4 series ; the exterior shorter. Receptacle naked.

Achenia docompressed, flat, wingless, glabrous, abruptly produced into a fillform baak. Pappus of copious very soft and white capillary bristles in several series, fogacious.--Caulescent herbs (chiefly of the northern hemisphere); with entire or pinnatifid leaves, and paniculate heads. Flowers yellow, black purple, or white, often variable in the same species.

In all the following species, the heads are about 20-forward; and the advants brownish or blackink, very obscury acadrons-regulation, one-nerved in the middle of each face, and sometimes with two obsolets nerves towards the margin. Numal places them all in the Gatz-margarized; blue we cannot competend how the portion of the proposed genus is to be distinguished from Lactons, nor the remainder from which is exactly incrementiate between Multigrations and Lactons.

 L. granningfalte (Michay): stem simple, virgars | leaves about the spacingly random planning for storbed in the middle, linear and about spacingly random planning for storbed in the middle, linear and about schemakalistical, the storbed in the middle, linear and about schemakalistical, and the leaves that the back, thorewes processive white, or yellow |=-Micha, T, & 2, p. 65; Ed. 46; 2, p. 2023; Howkin, Springe, such 3, p. 640; D. Greendra, Nach 4, et al., Legennings, Springe, such 3, p. 640; C. Garbergan, Nach 4, et al., Legennings, Springe, such 3, p. 640; D. Garbergan, Nach 4, et al., Legennings, Marcel, and A. Bardel, Zhandel, Zhang 4, and a start and a start Marcel in arbs, and Philad.

a. glabrous, or the midrib of the lower leaves often sparingly hirsute.

B. lower leaves and base of the stem hirsute.

Dry soil, South Carolina to Alabama! and Western Louisiana! April-Sept.-- (2) or 24 ? Stem 2-3 feet high, elender. Lower leaves 6-10 inches long, 3-6 lines wide; the radical usually with one or 2 pairs of runcinste lobes.

2. L. clongeta (Muhl.): stem tall and stoat, simple or paniculate at the summit; leaves partly clasping, pale beneath, the upper usually lanceolate and entire; the lower runcinter-innanifol, heads in an clongated leaflest panicle; achemia oval, rather longer than the beak; flowers light vallow, varying to purple.

The imagifility induces or nearly not upper leaves about the intercent and does nearly to the lower randomizent-pinnelid, with the lobes interceived and does nearly the lower randomizent pinnelid, with the lobes interceived and the nearly induced and the lower pinnelid and

3. integrifier e jaktors, Eaves all or nearly all malivided, Introduced nearboard or constantiation of the second or consta

2. sanguinas i sunalier; laaves all or nearly all nuclinate; mortly birsun-publecenci as well as the series alther throughout or on the midfib bementic; the lobes usually shorter and honder, irregularly toxibed, the terminal one not prolocage! i flowers up (lower) uppin (lower). And is not, older, ease, older, ease with vellowish centre (loker, mas), antifon-color, or purple (hunches and introtorers oten purplish)-L. hittouta, Muhl. cai ; Nutt. gen 2. p. 134.

LACTUCA.

COMPOSITÆ.

L. villoss, Muhl. f. Lancastr. ined. L. sanguinea, Bigel. ! f. Bost, ed. 2. p. 134; DC. I. c. Galathenium sanguineum, Nutt. ! in trans. Amer. phil. soc. L. c. G. Floridanum, Nutt.! I. c., fide herb. acad. Philad.

e. albiflora : glabrous, " flowers white" ; otherwise as in var. y.

Bich damp solis, fields and borden of thickets, Canada I and Sackarchawarl to Georgiat and Louisanat 2, Massachusetta I and Upper Misuisingpi to Louisiana *D*. Halan and Teras I in more exposed places and sterils soli. 4. Western Louisiana, *D*. Hale 1 July-Aug- 021 5 stm 2-5 feet high, hollow. Leaves mostly large, very variable all the above varieties passing into each other. *Wild Leaves, Fire-word*.

1 Doubtful species.

 L. Ludoviciana (DC. 1. c.): very smooth (3-6 feet high); leaves all Tuncinate, retrorsely and sharply toothed; the eauline parity clasping; paniels divarianse, the poduncies and involuce naked; pappas conspicuously stipitate; flowers yellow, Nat.—Sonchus Ludovicianus, Nat. gen. 2. p. 125. Galathenium Ludovicianum, Nat. in trans. Amer. phil. soc., and to two.

Moist places in the open plains around Fort Mandan on the Missouri, Nutdil. June.-This is entirely unknown to use. May it not be a stare of the polymorphone Lacture elongatal. But a specimes in the herbarium of the Academy of Natural Sciences at Philadelphia (New Orleans, Mr. Trudest-I) téckend by Mr. Nutail. 'Malgedium Ludovicianum', is Mr. Floridanum, Wanning the lower leaves.

L. Canadensis (Linn. 1, e.), as to the description, and especially as regards the syn. "L. Canadensis atlissims arguntifolia, fore pallide luteo." There, sint, p. 474; (which is pertupate the foundation of the species) probably relates to the common Latence clongata; to which, indeed, the very imperfect specimum in the Linnean herbarium may belong, although it is marked by Smith as a Souchus.

198. MULGEDIUM. Cass. dict. 33 (1824), p. 296 ; Less. syn. p. 142 ; DC.

Agathyrsus, Don (1829).

Heads many-discored. Evolution only-culture-indication of that is, with the energier scalar sum of above that are bodies and norse or the indicational Theoremic makel, flowedate. Addenia flabrone, compressed, attate with a constraint of the state of the state of the state of the state is expanded at the tapes, into a cillant disk. Pappa of copieses somewhat absences expliting builder is once a time write, paths and a devidence, address that with the state of the state of the state of the state states of the state of the state states are strength and a devidence, address that with a travery soft collassent hards (marked of the northin binmagning hards). Forcewards hards (marked of the states of the states of the strength builder with or continuous).

§ 1. Pappus bright white : corolla blue or purple .- EUMULGEDIUM, DC.

* Achenia topering into a slender beak : involuces imbricated.

 M. pulchellum (Nutt.): glabrous, pale or glaucescent; stem simple or sparingly branched; leaves oblong-lanceolate or linear, sessile, mucromate, eatine, or lower runcineate-pionatifid; heads seveni, racemese-corymbose; the erect poduardes furnished with subulate scale-like bracteoles; scales of

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the cond-sylind mesons involves transcolars, imbridged in 3-4 series: achenia minustry teatorona, lancedate-colora, marring ino a comprisono beak—M. packetham & M. heterophyliam, Natl. i in trans. Anex. phil. see, fig. ex. (7, p. 84). Sonchus packetham, Park M. J. ex. 2002. S. Shiritowa, Richards i appez. Frenkl. journe. de 2 p. 30 (Hock: Jf. Bor-Am. 1, p. 493) and L. Bart, et al. and a set of the Biberton planes. J. Lecter and the planes planes and the set of the Biberton planes. J. Lecter and the packetham, D.C. projer, 7, p. 134.

 a. leaves entire, or the lower occasionally 1-2-toothed towards the base, varying from lanceolate-oblong to parrowly linear.

 lower and sometimes nearly all the cauline leaves runcinate-pinnatifid; the lobes oblong-lanceolate, entire.

Alteria south 665, from the Upper Missouri and Plants, Motelli Me, No 1997 Zinzi, Proving and Lakak Harmo (20, 77 Hol), note to note Pankin Berley Linzi, Proving and Lakak Harmo (20, 77 Hol), note to note Pankin Pomglesi M. Thinit (2). Natisfield Jahys-Auge – 21 A do to er more high with the proving the panel of the provincer marking topic of the proving south south of the province marking the province of the province of the province of the province marking the province of the province interface of the province types of the province of the province of the province of the province types of the province of the province of the province of the province types of the province of the province of the province of the province types of the province of the province

. Achenia with a short and thick or obscure beak : involuce calgoulate-imbricated.

b. M. consistents (DC: 1: 1-2) galaxies; a temp parciculas at the source mill; catalline larger, orats or orate-accelants, assuminata, tenderidate or incoded, and an and the source of the source of the matching of the source of the sourc

6. M. Dividiansa (DC.1.1.c.): glabmas, ann gancular alver i heres transmission of the providence of

MULGEDIUM.

COMPOSITÆ.

B. leaves somewhat sessile, or the upper cordste-clasping.—M. multiflorum, DC. I. c. Soncinus racemous, Lam. dict., ex DC. S. multiflorus, Degl. cat. Par. (1829), p. 145. Galsthenium multiflorum, Natt. I. c.

y. achenia very obscurely rostrate; otherwise as in the ordinary plant. 6. lower leaves with one or two narrow and often elongated lobes or each side; the terminal large and triangular-instate, rarely hastately 3-lobed.

The noder with well, Southern and Wennern Strine I. a. Monomism of the Southern Sanses, Ratorayev I. Herk. Soluminist J. & Monomism of the Southern Sanses, Ratorayev I. Herk. Soluminist J. & foliann, Dr. Capy I. A. Olio, M. Laol. Yorth Carolina, M. Cavrit I. Tennesses, Rafonayev Jaly-Segne– 31 or @1 Stom 3-6 fest light the summit and loose brancher often purphis and a little alaroom. Lower leaves large, or rather larger purph. Elsevers blue.

§ 2. Pappus tawny : corolla light blue, or ochroleucous .- AGALMA, DC.

4. M. leucophaum (DC. ! l. c.): glabrous or nearly so; stem tall, very leafy, paniculate at the summit; leaves irregularly subruncinate-pinnatifid or pinnately parted, coarsely and unequally toothed, often sparsely ciliate acuminate; heads in an ample compound panicle; peduncles racemose, subulate-bracteolate; involucre glabrous; flowers bluish-white or ochroleucous, usually changing to a pale dirty blue; achenia slightly rostrate .--Sonchus alpinus, Linn. ! spec., as to spec. char. only; Smith ! ic. pl. var. t. 21. S. Canadensis, Linn. l. c., as to the habitat (the whole char. and descr. relating to the European S. alpinus). S. spicatus, Lam. dict. 3. p. 401. S. leucophæus, Willd. ! sper. 3. p. 1520 (excl. syn. Walt.) ; Pursh, fl. 2. D. Storophese, J. Lat. Par.; Hock. I f. Bor. Ann. 1. p. 203. S. scumi-natus, Bigel, f. Bost. S. Floridanus, Ait. Kw. 3. p. 116; Darlingf. J. f. Cost, p. 445. S. pullidus, (Pure), Torr. 1: compend. p. 279. Lactuae. Canadensis, &c., flore leucophao, Tourn. inst. p. 474. L. Canadensis, Linn. spec, 2. p. 796? Agathyrsus leucophæus, Don ; Beck, bot. p. 170. Mulgedium (Leucomela) leuconhaum, Nutt. ! in trans. Amer. phil. soc. l. c. p. 442. B. integrifolia : leaves obovate-oblong or lanceolate, undivided, or the lower sparingly runcinate-pinpatifid, or incised.

Low provide, Sc., Swatchaward Newsfundland! Cannal Massachaesteis and luroghout the Northern and Western States! to the monthims of Carolina! Also Oregon, Dr. Soular! Aug-Sept.-O Plant 3-12 feet high. Lower leaves of lens a foot forg; the upper senils, and usually party classics. Hasks small, Roppin thry while or harping that of Sociations metrophyllosis of American whether.

t Of uncertain origin.

5. M. mercephyllom (DC.! L.e.): atem strict, hispid at the summity, leaves anphe. coside at the base, somewhat lyrath, lainly beneath, the terminally hispid. DC--Sonchra macrohyllus, Wild. types. 3, p. 1019, [cost.byth. Grosses]. "S. Canadensis, Frak in Ust. cana. 1, p. 20." S. continuing hispid cat. Par. (1990) p. 67.

"North America.-Root tuberous. Stem 4-7 feet high. Flowers blue, as large as in the common Succory." Willd.-This well-marked species was founded on specimens cultivated in the Berlin Botamic Garden; the origin of which is no-where recorded. We have seen nothing like it in this country.

and are somewhat confident that it is not a native of North America. We have no conception what plant (if any) Pursh had in view, under this name, which is said to grow in shady low grounds, near springs, from Pennsylvania to Carolina."

M. alpinawa, Less., should be excluded from the North American Flora; the real Sonchus alpinus, in fact, having never been found in Canada, nor the S. alpiaus, Swith, is. p. J. 21, in Lapland or any part of Europe. The history of the confusion follows. The specimens of the European S. alpinos and of a Canadian plant received from Kalm were transposed in the Linnman herbarium; where the former (which was well described in the Lachesis Lapponica and the Hortus Cliffortianus long before the latter was known to botanists) is ticketed "S. Canadensis (K)," and the latter, (which is S. lencophana, Willd.) "S. alpinus." Not peretiving this mistake, Linnseus, in the Species Plantarum, constructed the specific phrase of S. alpinus from the Canadian plant so ticketed in his herbarium (while all the synonymy and the habitat relate to the alpine European species); and at the same time gave an excellent description of the species he had himself collected in Lapland, under the name of S. Canadensis. Smith, on obtaining possession of the Linnsean herbarium, not duly considering Linnseas's description in the Hortus Cliffortianus, nor his detailed account of the Lapland plant in the then manuscript Lachesis Lapponica, incautiously figured the American specimen as the original Sonchus alpinus; and took the European species (which he afterwards named S. corraleus) to be also a native of Canada. Hence, although the synonymy has long since been rectified, so far as relates to the European S. alpinus, that species also has ever since been erroneously viewed as an American plant.

199. SONCHUS. Linn. (excl. spec.); Cass.; DC. prodr. 7. p. 184.

Heads many-flowered, becoming tumid at the base. Involution uncer or less imbidiated. Receptate naked. Achenia compressed, longitudinally ribbed or strinks, no torate or attenuated at the apex. Papper of copies very white acceedingly will and fine capillary bristes, in averal ascinaficially canisseen weed-like heris (carcedy any of which are naitve of this control). Fourier values. Fourier values, and often carymbos or umbilate heads. Howers values.

· Annual Acros.

1. S. Korerinau (Linna): stem erect, terus, plakpos, or with glandbar bains not the sound list of the sound list of the sound list of the sound list parts i, the base of the involuce tenerators when young or at length maker interim any neuroistic, transversely tubercality classifier of the space 2, p.734; Sidol, J. Green, I. 705; Doins, J. tay, Jose D. S. Bonne, Mark J. The mark and reservoir is not sound list and list and which in themse and mark while not an addition.

St. Diego, California, Nutatali — The plant of Mr. Nuttall is said to grow in shady rawines among rocks, around St. Diego: but as the specimens wholly accord with shader states of S. tenerrinus (with the segments) of the leaves chiefly linear; the involucre at length glabrous, or with a few glanduliferous hairs), we suppose it was introduced from Shain, among other weeds.

2. S. deracase [Linn.): glabross, or the branches glandular hairy near the summit; calline levers encointas-pinnaith of a rardy undivide, subpinnloss-toohted, outdats-chaping, the auricles scate or acominate : involues and unballist ecorymology enducies (woodly when young) at length nearby glabross; achemia straine, transversely ropose [--Kinn. spec. 2, p. 734, war. invis (a. 6); pl); PL Dat. (62); Edgl. Lot. 1643; (Ellivé. 2, p. 264).

500

Bigel, f. Bost. ed. 2. p. 292 ?); Hook. ! f. Bor.-Am. 1. p. 292 (partly); Kooh, f. Germ. & Helv. p. 433. S. ciliatus, Lem. fl. Fr. 2. p. 87; DC, prodr. 7. p. 185. S. asper, Gartis. fr. 2. t. 158; not of Vill. S. lavis, Vill. Deluk, 3. p. 158.

Wasie places, around gradens &c., laterdoreed from Europe, and more or less naturalized in the United Static extension proto to the Saskatchavan I and Newfoundland. Aug.Sept.—Leaves more commonly divided, and the test he as planeds that in the following species. Plowers pale yellow, Achemia roughsh or somewhat murisarely rugoes.—The distinguishing class uncertain which yerowaves no to be the adulted—Seven-Third?.

3.6. Super (VIII): I chickway or ruber glandalexiany at the summity initial network with the submit of the subprantice of th

β. achenia more distinctly margined.—S. oleraceus, Hook, & Arn. bot. Beechey, p. 145; Hook. ! Å. Bor.-Am. I. c., as to Oregon plant. S. fallax I &. Californicus, Nutl. in trans. Amer. phil. soc. L. c. p. 438.

Fields and waste places, in rich damp soil throughout the United States! Probably indipenso to this country, at least in the south: now found in almost every part of the world. A: Oregon, Dr. Scouler! California, Nutali, dr. Aug.-Scopt, or in the Scoultern States, March-Mary-Ulually a smaller and more rigid plant than S. olerneeus. Flowers pale yellow.— Smc.Thitle.

· · Percanial herbs.

 S. areseris (Linn.): not creeping ; sum erect. glabrous ; laws runcians-pinnatial, spaniclose cother, cordate-lasping at the base, the auticles abort and obtase ; panicle unballate-corymose; the pedicels and involutes ruhol; adontia is possible unballate-corymose; the pedicels and involutes ruhol; adontia is possible in the internet reserved regulates. *PC* 1. 6, 1971; Hose, R. Bar-Am, 1, p. 529. S. palartis, Mul. ed. p. 731 Newroundian, Hodere, Essee Courty, Massenheuts, Mr., Odder J.

Newfoundland, Howler, Essex County, Massachusetts, Mr. Oaksel, Shore of Staten Island, New York, and the adjacent part of New Jersey, where it is perfectly naturalized ! Pennsylvania, Purch ; in cultivated grounds and among rubbish; introduced from Europe. Aug.-Sept.-Heads Inree if howers bright yellow.

S. pathdas (Willd. spec.) is a nominal species, wholly founded on the characters of Lactag Canadomis of Limmus and Tournefort, which afford no reason for deeming the plant sitter a Sonchus or a Mulgedium. Wildsnow does not pertend to know the species, and it is mere protono on the part of Pursh to speak of it as a common plant in Canada and New England.

ADDITIONS TO COMPOSIT.E.

LIATRIS, p. 67.

7 (a). L. Chagmanii: minutely cinercour-puberscent or nearly glabouity, sem rigid, very lasty: laseva strongly punctase, incurs, rather obuse, injering to the base; the upper very short, the lowermous-dongatel i splits vigner, nouty s-flowersci scales of the involver (shout) (b), oblong, nearest routy s-flowersci, scales of the involver (shout), b), oblong, nearest or maeronialse, appressed, resisour-punctase, hotter than the papus, the outer very short; the init villowerscencent; papure single, planome-barbellus scales appressed, resisour-punctase, hotter than the papus, the outer very short; the init villowerscencent; papure single, planome-barbellus

Such this of Muldle Florida, Dr. Chapmant (Sept.—A foot or more in buffyit the equilible leaves, except the invest, weldom more than as in the high the equilible leaves, except the invest, weldom more than as in the second material second second second second second second 4-00 intervo longs. Section of the involution of the integral with purple, obtain an environism of each of the material second second second second material second second second second second second second second material second material second second

 L. graminifolia, d. (L. dubin, Barton ! l. c.) Add syn. L. propingus, Hook bot. mag. t. 2823.—If admitted as a species, the anterior name imposed by Barton must be retained.

EUPATORIUM, p. 81.

E. cariifdium, Bartl. (Ind. sem. hort. Gatt. 1840; Linnaa, 15, suppl. p. 93) appears to be only a state of E. cantabium, and to have been mittakenly considered as of American origin.-A form of A. cannabium wascultivated in the Berlin Botanic Garden in the year 1859, under the erroroors name of E. trifoliatum.

E. Engelmannianum, Link, proposed in Ind. sem. hort. Berol. 1840, is founded on a plant raised from seeds sent from this country by Dr. Engelmann : but we have not yet seen the description.

ASTER. p. 103.

10 (c). A cryacifikitur stem simple, hinnet, leaft to the summit, berith olitary or very five hashs: leaver angine, encode allowing, narowly inserhancedata, pungreally acuts, 1-3-nerved, with candinginous margins, sprarely spholos-servers, or rarry carlie, increase, and the simulation of the upper accessively aborter, party classing, scales of the hemispherical involater sumerous, activity equal, increase, failencon, right, with marcandat er dauplate mostly squares that work, p. 845.

As the rays of this plant prove to be white instead of yellow, we now remove it to its proper station next to Aster paludosus, with which it well accords in aspect, in the pappus, &c.; and from which its somewhat spinulose leaves and white rays abundantly distinguish it.

14. A. adscendens (Lindl.)-Wind River Chain of the Rocky Mountains, above 7000 feet, Lieut. Fremont! Var. e. and

ASTER.

6. Fremontic: stem leafy, simple, bearing one or two heads; leaves thin; the cauline mostly oblog-innecolate; exterior herbaneous; scales of the involuce loose (either numerous or few); the inner very narrowly linear, neute; papus white.—A span high; perhaps a distinct species, connecting the Amelli with the Abjagenoas Asters.

 A. ericoides, β. villouss. Add syn. A. pauciflorus. Martens! in bull. acad. Bruz. 8 (1841), p. 67.—The A. ericoides, Schluhr, handb. t. 245, is a good representation of A. multiflorus.

71 (c), A essendar (Engelmann 1 ma): more arlass cincrous-publicator: from simple or teamonsly transcaled above, the branches areat-speeding; leaves ovate of ovate-anceolate, entire, accumiant; the radical and calino collection, and action raiked protoing (ranky ownewhat searches); these of the collection of the second second second second second second large numerous, imbigated in acveral second, approach at the set, with larger enougered and squarose tips; achesing alboves.

On limestone rocks, the brink of precipices, &ce, in Illinois and Missouri, not uncommon, Dr. Engelmann ! Sept-Oct-A most remarkable species, with nearly the foliage of Aster Shoriit with the heads and involucer much resemble those of A. oblogilolius, being equally squarrose, but rather smaller, and scarely glandular og granular.

 A. reticulatus (Pursh) should doubtless be stricken out, and the synonym referred to Diplopappus obovatus, p. 184.

106. A. glasiniu (Nut.)—Defiles of the Wind River Chain of the Rocky Mountains, and also just below the non-vinine, *Kiut. Framesti.*—The Inter specimers are only about two inches high, more pubsecent; the leaves chiefly radical, abort, and spatiolate; and the involvere quite willows in a young state.—With the shows, *Lieux. Frament also* collected a specimen of A. Andman, Nut. A. integritolins, *Nut.*, §4:

107. A. salsuginous (Richards.)-Wind River Chain of the Rocky Mountains, above 7000 fret, Lieut. Fromont! Both var. a. & B. (Leaves varying from linear-lanceolate to spatulate-oblong : rays showy, violetpurole), and.

y scapous : caspitose, dwarf; scape slightly exceeding the obovateoblog radical leaves, naked, or with a few bracts, bearing a single head.— Probably gathered near the snow-line.

110. A. graminifolius (Pursh) .- New Hampshire, Mr. Eddy ! in herb. Tuckerman.

116. A. (Orthomeris) glaucus.—Wind River Chain of the Rocky Mountains, at the elevation of 7000 feet or more, Lieut. Freemat.!--A close congener of A. elegans (of which Lieut. Fremont gathered a single specimen near the same locality 1): rays several small: a chemical single's hirty.

121. A. (Oxytripolium) angustus .- Saline swampy margin of the Lake of the Woods, and of Devil's Lake, Mr. Nicollet !

SOLIDAGO, p. 195.

23. S. humilis, β_i —Abundant in the Notch of the White Mountains of New Hampahire ! (where it was first collected by Mr. Tuckersuan !) Near the Willey house, several specimens of this plant, and also of S. altissima, were collected with greenish-white or cream-colored rays!

24. S. Virga-Aurea, y. multiradiata .- Wind River Chain of the Rocky Mountains, from 7000 feet in elevation to near the snow-line, Lieut. Fre-

COMPOSITE.

SOLIDAGO.

mont !-- Two states were collected ; the one connecting this variety with var. minuta and var. alpina ; the other larger, with a stout glabrous stem.

25. S. dyproide. — Numdan in words from the base of the Netke to the appine region of the White Monstation S New Hampwhies, and also sparingly found on the exposed alpine summits, for above the limit of trees? A list Bildian Pass, and also of Monst Marcy, Northern New York, Mr. Marguet Plana. — A fee, high, analy with an elongated virgues or Hyperiod lear Plana. — S. Virguerse, Parol J. S. 29, 505. (Lisbuesion, Caldwinet, Caldwinet,

26. S. glowarzate (Michx.).-Our plant is certainly the species of Michaux, the specimen of his herbarium having been compared with ours by Mr. Decaine. The state with a strict glomerate inflorescene, as described by Michaux, has recently been collected on the Black Mountain, North Carolina, by Mr. Buckley.

 S. Riddellii.-Add syn. S. amplexicaulis, Martens ! in bull. acad. Brax. 8 (1841), p. 66.

 S. neglecta, is not found in N. Carolina; the specimens received from thence prove to have been collected in Mussachusetts. It extends northward to Montreal, Mr. Macrae /

40. S. patula .- The phrase 'leaves very scabrous above,' was accidentally omitted in the specific character.

 S. amplexicaulis.—The reference to Martens under this remarkable species must be erased, his S. amplexicaulis being S. Riddellii, as above noted.

SILPHIUM, p. 274.

3. S. pinnatifidum (EII.) must be reduced to a variety (β. pinnatifidum) of S. terebiathinaceum; Mr. Sullivant having noticed that they pass into Sch other, as we asspected, like the varying forms of S. composition. In specimens from Alabama, collected by Mr. Buckley, the leaves vary from sanate-toothot to somewhat biojonnithd.

IVA, p. 286.

4. I. wierocephala.—Middle Florida, Dr. Chapman !—Heads larger than in the original description, 6-8-Bowered. Leaves filiform-linear, often an inch long, with smaller ones fascicled in their axils, punctate, and, like the branches, &c., sparsely stringes with minute hairs.

HELIANTHUS, p. 318.

13. H. occidentalis (Riddell) .- Add var.

y. Douellianus ; nearly smooth and glabrous; stem often stout (2-5 feet high) and more leafy, simple or corymbose-paniculate at the summit; leaves larger, varying from broadly ovate, or even slightly cordate, to oval-oblong.— B. Dowellianus, M. 4. Corrier in Still into A. 4. 82.

H. Dowellance, M. A. Ceriat' in Sill, jeur. 44, p. 82. Awand Frankin, Macon Courty, North Carnina, Mr. Ceriat Mr. Backley' with var. 3, which concerts it to the ordinary state of the species--limb of the lower leaves 2-6 inches in length, 2-5 brodi, Inster colinrecous, in outline, &co., resembling these of some forms of H. attornbers-Heads and Bower as in the outlinary form of the species.

Index of Genera, Contained in the 2° . Volume of Forrey & Gray's. Flora of north America made out by le. W. Short, and prevented with grateful acknowledgements , and Sincere regard, Lorge Engelmann, M.D. S. Souis, Ded. 12." 1850.

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